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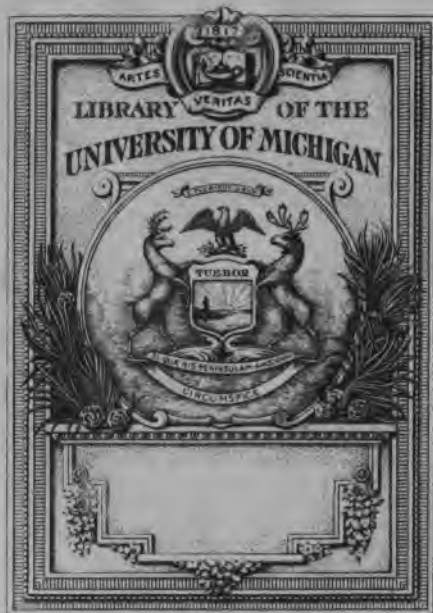
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A LEXICON ^{3/17/1892} _{2.337.}

ABRIDGED FROM

Liddell & Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

THE TWENTY-FOURTH EDITION

CAREFULLY REVISED THROUGHOUT

WITH AN

APPENDIX OF PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES

PREPARED BY THE

REV. JAMES M. WHITON, PH.D.



NEW YORK

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ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἐφ-ίημι, ἄ-βατος, ἐφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομονσέω under φιλό-μονσος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

OXFORD, October, 1871.

329088

For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used :—

= means *equal or equivalent to*
 absol. = absolute, absolutely
 acc. = accusative : acc. to = according to
 Act. = active voice
 act. = active signification
 Adj. = adjective
 Adv. = adverb
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect
 aor. = aorist tense
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek
 c. = cum (with)
 c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a Subst. which has the same or a similar signification with the Verb
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae
 cf. = confer (compare)
 collat. = collateral
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative
 Conjunct. = conjunction
 contr. = contracted, contraction
 cp. = compare
 dat. = dative
 Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or Passive forms with Active sense
 deriv. = derived, derivation
 dissyll. = dissyllable
 Dor. = in Doric Greek
 e. g. = exempli gratia
 Ep. = in Epic Greek
 esp. = especially
 etc. = et cetera
 f. or fut. = future tense
 fem. = feminine
 fin. = ad finem or fine
 freq. = frequent, frequently
 gen. or genit. = genitive
 Hom. = Homer
 i. e. = id est
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense
 impers. = impersonal
 indic. = indicative mood
 inf. = infinitive mood
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin
 lengthd. = lengthened
 masc. = masculine
 Med. = medial or middle voice
 med. = medial or middle signification
 metaph. = metaphorically
 metri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the me)
 n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name)
 N. T. = New Testament
 negat. = negativum (negative)
 neut. = neuter
 nom. = nominative
 opp. to = opposed to
 opt. or optat. = optative mood
 orig. = originally
 part. = participle
 Pass. = passive voice
 pass. = passive signification
 pecul. = peculiar
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense
 pl. or plur. = plural
 plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect)
 poet. = poetically
 Prep. = preposition
 pres. = present tense
 priv. or privat. = privativum
 q. v. = quod vide
 qq. v. quae vide
 radic. = radical
 regul. = regular, regularly
 shortd. = shortened
 signif. = signification
 sing. = singular
 sq. = sequens (the following word)
 sub. = subaudi, subaudito
 subj. = subjunctive mood
 Subst. = Substantive
 syll. = syllable
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek
 trans. = transitive
 trisyll. = trisyllable
 usu. = usually
 v. = vide
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective
 voc. = voce, vocem
 vocat. = vocative

A

A—ἀβληχής.

α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρῶτος, τ α' = 1000.

In Ion. Greek α becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. Dor. Greek α is used instead of η, as, ἄδης for ἡς: but the verbal term. ατο is changed into ἦτο, ἐκνυζατο into ἐκνυζῆτο.

, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as φῶς wise, ἀ-σοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, *zeiber*, as in ἀ-τάλαντος, ἀ-κόλουθος. III. a iuvativum, *very much*, as in ἀ-τενής, ἀ-σπερχές, though is is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting sound only, not the sense, as ἀ-βληχρός for βλη-ός, ἀ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἀ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

, α̅ or α̅α̅, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ab!*

, α̅, to express laughter, like our *ha ha*.

, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. α̅, Dor. for relat. pron.

3. α̅ Dor. for ἦ, dat. of ὅς.

-ἄατος, ov, (α privat., ἀάω) not to be hurt, inviolable, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ὅλος ἀ-ἄατος a dangerous or difficult task.

-ἄγής, és, (α privat., ἀγνυμι) unbroke, not to be broken, hard, strong.

-απτος, ov, (α privat., ἀπτομαι) not to be touched: incombible.

ασα, ἀσάμην, ἀάσθην, v. 'ΑΑ'Ω.

-άσχετος, ov, lengthd. poet. for ἀ-σχετος.

ἄτος, contr. ἄτος, ov, (α privat., ἀω, ἄσαι to satiate) insatiate, ἄτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle.

ΛΑ'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. I act. τα contr. ἄσα, med. ἀσάμην, contr. ἀσάμην, and ι. ἀάσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of ἄδ., ἄδεται—all in Hom.:—to hurt, damage, esp. hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., ἡ ἅ πάντας ἄδεται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. ve an intr. sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or be-dered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly. [Hom. has τας, ἄδσεν, ἄδσαν: so too ἄσάμην, but ἄσάτο.]

ἄω, = ἄω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. ἄδεται.

βα, Dor. for ἦβη.

βᾶκίω, (δβακῆς) to be speechless.

ἀβακῆς, és, (α privat., βᾶζω) speechless.

ἀ-βάκχευτος, ov, (α privat., βακχεύω) without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless.

ἀ-βάπτιστος, ov, (α privat., βαπτίζω) not to be dipped, that will not sink, Lat. *immersabilis*. II. unbaptized.

ἀ-βάρης, és, (α privat., βάρος) not heavy: not burdensome.

ἀ-βασάνιστος, ov, (α privat., βασανίζω) not examined by torture, unquestioned. Adv. -τως, without question or trial.

ἀ-βασίλευτος, ov, (α privat., βασιλεύω) not ruled by a king. [r]

ἀ-βάσκαντος, ov, (α privat., βασκαίνω) unenvied. Adv. -τως, without envy.

ἀ-βάτος, ov, also η, ov, (α privat., βαίνω) untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste.

ἀ-βέβαιος, ov, (α privat., βέβαιος) unsteady, wavering, fickle.

ἀ-βέβηλος, ov, (α privat., βέβηλος) not profane, inviolable.

ἄβελτερία, ἦ, stupidity: from

ἀ-βέλτερος, ov, (α privat., βέλτερος) good-for-nothing, silly, stupid.

ἀ-βίαστος, ov, (α privat., βιάζομαι) unforced.

ἀ-βιος, ov, (α privat., βιος) not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βιος ἄβιος. II. without subsistence, poor.

ἀ-βιοτος, ov, (α privat., βιοτος) = ἄβιος.

ἀ-βίωτος, ov, (α privat., βιώω) = ἄβιος.

ἀβλάβεια, ἦ, freedom from harm: security: from

ἀ-βλάβης, és, (α privat., βλάβη) without harm: I. pass. unarmed, unhurt. II. act. harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βῶς, Ep. -βέως, without harming, without infringement.

ἀ-βλάβια, ἦ, poet. for ἀβλάβεια.

ἀ-βληξ, ἦτος, ὅ, ἦ, (α privat., βάλλω) not thrown or shot, of an arrow.

ἀ-βληγος, ov, (α privat., βάλλω) not hit by a dart or arrow.

ἀ-βληχής, és, (α privat., βλήχη) without bleedings.

ἀλγῆλος—ἀγαλμα

ἀλγῆλος. ἄ. ὄν. (α εὐφρων. ἀλγῆλος) weak, feeble, defenceless:—of death, easy, light.

ἀλγῆλως. ἐκ. = ἀλγῆλος.

ἀ-βοῆτι. Doc. for ἀ-βοήτι.

ἀ-βοήτος. σ. Doc. for ἀ-βοήτος.

ἀ-βοήτης. σ. (α πρίναι, βοήτης) beiriness.

ἀ-βοήτι. Doc. -ῆτι. Ἀδν. (α πρίναι, βοῶν) κενώσας, κενώσας κενώσας.

ἀ-βότης. Doc. -ῆτος. σ. (α πρίναι, βοῶν) κενώσας. II. κενώσας.

ἀβόλος. = ἀντιβόλος. το παρ.

ἀ-βόλος. σ. (α πρίναι, βόλος) κενώσας.

ἀ-βουκαλός. σ. (α πρίναι, βουκαλός) κενώσας. κενώσας.

ἀ-βουλος. ἦσα. = αὐ βουλομαι. το ἡ κενώσας.

ἀ-βουλήτος. σ. (α πρίναι, βουλή) κενώσας, κενώσας. Ἀδν. -τος.

ἀ-βουλή. ἦ. II. κενώσας. κενώσας: from

ἀ-βουλος. σ. (α πρίναι, βουλή) κενώσας, κενώσας. Ἀδν. -τος. κενώσας.

ἀ-βότης. σ. ἦ. (α πρίναι, βοῶν) κενώσας κενώσας: hence poor.

ἀ-βότης. σ. (α πρίναι, βόλος) κενώσας.

ἀ-βότης. ἐκ. (α πρίναι, βόλος) κενώσας κενώσας.

ἀ-βότης. σ. ἦ. (ἀβότης, βόλος) κενώσας κενώσας: κενώσας κενώσας. II.

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ἀ-βότης. σ. (ἀβότης, βόλος) κενώσας κενώσας: κενώσας κενώσας: το ἀβότης κενώσας.

thomed: generally. κενώσας. κενώσας. II.

is Subst. ἡ ἀβότης. the abyss, bottomless pit.

ἀγάσθαι. ἀγάσθαι. τ. sub ἀγαλμα.

ἀγαλμα. ἀγαλμα. acc. 2 ind. of ἀγαλμα: ἀγαλμα. Ep. for ἀγαλμα. acc. 2 ind.

ἀγαλμα. Ep. for ἀγαλμα. acc. 2 sub. of ἀγαλμα.

ἀγαλμα. ποτ. form of ἀγαλμα. το ἀγαλμα.

ἀγαλμα. ἐκ. ἀγαλμα. εἰδος setting good.

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of a god as an object of worship. 3. *any statue or image.*

ἀγαματοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγαλμα, ποιέω) *a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.*

ἌΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἀγάσθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγασθαι Ep. ἀγάσθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγασάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἡγασάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: I. *to wonder*: more freq. *to wonder at* or *admire* a person or thing, *τινά*, but also *τινί*, Lat. *admirari*. II. in bad sense, *to envy, be angry at*, *τί, τινί, περί τινος*.—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάομαι or ἀγαλομαι.

ἀγαμία, ἡ, *celibacy*. From ἀ-γάμος, *on*, (α privat., γάμος) *unmarried, unwedded, single*, Lat. *coelebs*:—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀγάμος *a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.*

ἌΓΑΝ, Adv. *very, much, very much*: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. *too, too much*, Lat. *nimis*, as in the proverb μηδὲν ἄγαν, Lat. *ne quid nimis*, *not too much* of any thing. [ἄγᾱν, but later sometimes ἄγᾱν.]

ἀγανᾶκτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀγαν) *to feel irritation*:—*to be vexed, displeased, or angry at* a thing. Hence ἀγανᾶκτησις, *ews, ἡ, irritation, vexation.*

ἀγανᾶκτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανᾶκτέω) *irritable.*

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανᾶκτέω, *irritating, vexatious.*

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *irritable*, = ἀγανᾶκτικός. Adv. —κῶς.

ἀγανῆσι, poet. for ἀγανᾶσι, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγαν-νίφος, *on*, (ἀγαν, νίφω) *much snowed upon*, *snow-capt*, Ὀλυμπος.

ἀγανόρειος, α, *on*, Dor. for ἀγανόρειος.

ἀ-γάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (α copul., γάνος, γάνυμαι) *mild, gentle, kindly*: esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανοφροσύνη, ἡ, *gentleness, kindness*. From ἀγανό-φρων, *on*, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) *kindly disposed*: *benign*.

ἀγανῶπις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) *mild-eyed*.

ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀγάομαι, Ep. form of ἀγαμαι, only found in part. ἀγῶμενος, in act. sense *admiring*.

ἀγαπάζω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπάτός, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπητός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἡσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγαμαι, ἀγάσομαι):—of persons, *to welcome, entertain*, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπάσομαι are used by Homer:—also *to take leave of*:

—generally, *to be fond of, to love dearly*. II. of things, *to be well pleased, to be contented at or with* a thing: c. inf. *to be wont to do*, like φιλέω. [ἄγᾱ] Hence

ἀγαπεύντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) *brotherly love: charity*. [ἄγᾱ] ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) *an object of love*, Lat. *deliciae*.

ἀγαπ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἄνθρωπος) = ἡνωρὲν ἀγᾱπῶν, *loving manliness, manly*.

ἀγάπησις, *ews, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.*

ἀγάπητός, *on*, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *to be loved, acquiesced in*.

ἀγάπητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) *disposed to love, affectionate*. Adv. —κῶς.

ἀγάπητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love*. 2. *to be acquiesced in*, as the least evil. II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, *cheerfully, contentedly*; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν *to be contented*, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.

ἀγάρ-ροος, *on*, contr. ἀγάρ-ρους, *oun*, (ἀγαν, ῥέω) *strong or swift-flowing*.

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαμαι) *that which is admired, a wonder, marvel*.

ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγάσομαι, fut. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγάσαστο, poet. for ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, *on*, (ἀγαν, στένω) *much groaning, howling*, of the waves, *loud-wailing*.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) *admirable*. Adv. —τῶς.

ἀγᾱτός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) *illustrious, noble*.

ἀγανρός, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, *stately, proud*: sup. Adv. ἀγανρότατα.

ἀγᾱ-φθεγκτος, *on*, (ἀγαν, φθέγγομαι) *loud-sounding*.

ἀγγᾱρεύω, f. σω, (ἀγγαρος) *to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier*.

ἀγγαρήτις, ὁ, Ion. form = ἀγγαρος:—τὸ ἀγγαρήτιον *the business of an ἀγγαρος*.

ἀγγᾱρος, ὁ, Persian word, *a mounted courier*, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

ἀγγεῖον, Ion. —ήτιον, τό, (ἀγγος) *a vessel, pail: a reservoir*.

ἀγγελία, Ion. —λη, ἡ, (ἀγγελος) *a message, tidings, news*, ἀγγελη ἐμὴ *a message concerning me*; ἀγγελίης ἐλθεῖν *to come on account of a message*. 2. *a proclamation: a command, order*.

ἀγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ὁ, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) *a messenger*.

ἀγγελιώτης, *on*, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) *a messenger*.

ἀγγέλλω: f. ἀγγελῶ, Ep. ἀγγελέω: aor. I ἡγγεῖλα: pf. ἡγγεῖλκα, pass. ἡγγέλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγέλεθην: (ἀγῶ):—*to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell*:—Med. *to announce oneself*:—Pass. *to be reported of*. Hence

ἀγγελα, τό, *a message, tidings, news*.

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἄγγιον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.

ἄιτος, εὐα, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἄγω, Adv. (ἀγω) by carrying.

ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἀγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἀγείρω: aor. I ἤγειρα: pf. ἀγγήρεαι: (ἀγω):—to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass.

ἀγείρομαι: aor. I ἤγέρην, Ep. 3 pl. ἤγερον: pf. ἀγγήρεμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγγήρεται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀγγήρετο:—to come together, assemble: in which

sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγείρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ὡ, assembled, gathered together.

ἀγέτις, ὡ, gen. ὄνος, (a privat, γέτις) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἀγελᾶδον, Dor. for ἀγελῆδον.

ἀγελῶμαι, Pass. (ἀγέλω) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελῆσις, α, ὡ, (ἀγέλω) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἀγελάρχης, ὡ, ὁ, (ἀγέλω, ἀρχω) the leader of a company.

ἀγέλαστί, Adv. (a privat, γελῶ) without laughing.

ἀγέλαστος, ὡ, (a privat, γελῶ) not laughing, grave, silent. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἀγελεία, ἡ, (ἀγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληΐτις, λεία ἀγούσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἀγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.

ἀγελῆδον, Adv. (ἀγέλω) in herds or companies. Also ἀγελῆδα.

ἀγελθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλω) from a herd.

ἀγελήθη, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλω.

ἀγεμονεῖα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.

ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἀγνυμι: [ἀ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἤγεν, imperf. from ἀγω to lead.

ἀγενεαλόγητος, ὡ, (a privat, γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἀγένεια, ἡ, (ἀγένης) low birth: meanness.

ἀγένεος, ὡ, (a privat, γένειος) beardless, boyish.

ἀγενής, εἰς, (a privat, γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἀγένητος, ὡ, (a privat, γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἀγενής, εἰς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -ῶς.

ἀγέννητος, ὡ, (a privat, γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι.

ἀγέραςτος, ὡ, (a privat, γέρας) without a gift of honour, uncompensated, unrewarded.

ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέρθεν, Ep. for ἡγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροχος, ὡ, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἀγέροις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἀγέρωχος, ὡ, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce.

Adv. -χος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀγεσκον, Ion. imperf. of ἀγω.

ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.

ἀγευστος, ὡ, (a privat, γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἄγη [ἀ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἄγη [ἀ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ἄγη, Ep. for ἔαγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἀγγήρεται, ἀγγήρετο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγήρεαι, -εμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγέλω, aor. I inf. of ἀγέλω.

ἀγ-ηλατίω, ἡσσι, (ἀγος, ἐλατίω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατίω.

ἀγνῆμα, τό, (ἀγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἀγ-ηρόρεος, Dor. ἀγνός, -α, ὡ, = ἀγνός.

ἀγ-ηρόρια, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἀγ-ήνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, ὡρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγαν, ἀνήρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἀγήνοχα, pf. act. of ἀγω to lead.

ἀγήραντος, ὡ, = sq.

ἀγῆρατος, ὡ, (a privat, γῆρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying.

Contr. ἀγῆρας, ὡ: acc. sing. ἀγῆραν or ἀγῆρω: nom. dual. ἀγῆρας, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγῆρας.

ἀγῆρατος, ὡ, = ἀγῆρας.

ἀγῆρας, ὡ, contr. for ἀγῆρας.

ἀγῆσι-χορος, ὡ, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέομαι. χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἀγῆτηρ, ἡρος, Dor. for ἡγῆτηρ. [ἀ]

ἀγῆτός, ἡ, ὡ, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wonderful. [ἀ]

ἀγιάζω, (ἀγίος) to ballow, consecrate.

ἀγιασθῆναι, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω.

ἀγίασμα, ἄγιος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that wh. ch. is ballowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

ἀγιασμός, ὡ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.

ἀγιαστήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.

ἀγίλω, f. Att. ἰω, (ἀγίος) to ballow, make sacred,

—: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγνέμεναι: imperf. ἔσταν: lengthd. Ion. form of ἀγω,

; bring :—Med. to have brought one. II. fruit.

γράφος, ον, (ἄγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration ἀγιογράφος (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and oaks of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Prophets.

α, ον, (ἄγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἅγιον, sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, i.—In old Att. ἁγνός is used instead. [ἄγ]

ης, ητος, ἡ, (ἄγιος) sanctity, holiness. εἰα, ἡ, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the or sanctuary. From

εὔω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: to be pious, live piously.

ῶνη, ἡ, (ἅγιος) = ἁγιότης. ποῖτ. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the ἁ with words beginning with κ, e.g. ἀγκει- ἀνακείσθαι.

ομαι, f. ἀσμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκας, ἀγκη):—to lift up in the arms.

εν, Adv. for ἀγκάς, on the arm, i.e. resting on cubito presso: also in the arms.

λέω, ποῖτ. for ἀνακαλέω.

η, ἡ, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in II. metaph. anything closely enfolding,

arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ] ἰζομαι, f. Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I ἡγκηλίσαμην: ἄλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):= ἀγκάζομαι, to be arms.

ἰς, ἰδος, ἡ, in plur. = ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. ε, Lat. manipulus.

ισμα, τό, (ἀγκαλίζομαι) that which is em-

os, ὁ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle. Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

μαι, ποῖτ. for ἀνάκειμαι.

Η, ἡ, = ἀγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm. νίσσω, ποῖτ. for ἀνακρίσσω.

γρεία, ἡ, (ἀγκιστρον) angling. ρεντυκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγκιστρον) of or for: τὸ ἀγκιστρειτικόν, angling.

ριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκιστρον, a small book. ρό-δετος, ον, (ἀγκιστρον, δέω) with a book it, of a fishing-rod.

ρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀγκιστρον, εἶδος) book-shaped. ρον, τό, (akin to ἀγκος, ἀγκύλος) a fish-book.

νω and ἀγ-κλιμα, τό, ποῖτ. for ἀνακλίνω, ια.

η, ἡ, (ἀγκών) ποῖτ. for ἀγκάλη, used only in bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely

g: cf. ἀγκάλη. ἰζω, ποῖτ. for ἀνακομίζω.

ῖω, for ἀνακομία, to baste.

ΟΞ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the once a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

μάσας, ποῖτ. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀννυμι.

ἀγ-κρίσις, ποῖτ. for ἀνά-κρισις.

ἀγ-κρούομαι, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῦ], ἡ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the ibong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself.

2. any ibong or string, e.g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλο-γλῶχιν, ἔνος, ὁ, (ἀγκυλος, γλῶχis) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλ-όδους, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, ὁδός) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκυλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκυλος, πούς) with curved feet, δίφρος ἀγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκύλος, η, ον, (ἀγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῦ]

ἀγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow. ἀγκυλο-χείλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χεῖλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλο-χήλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χήλη) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλόω, f. ὥσω: pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἀγκυλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, of javelins, furnished with a ibong, ibonged.

ἀγκῦρα, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εὔναι, i.e. stones used as anchors.

ἀγκῦρίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγκῦρισα: (ἀγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-book.

ἀγκῦριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἀγκῦρ-ουχία, ἡ, (ἀγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor; ἐν ἀγκυρουχίαις when safe at anchor.

ἈΓΚΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἀγλα-θεῖρος, ον, (ἀγλαός, θείρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαεῖσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐζω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλαΐα, ἡ, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament: cf. ἀγαλμα.

ly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the *βουλή*).

II. the place of Assembly, not only for public debating, elections, and out also for buying and selling, and all kinds iness, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-
III. a speech made in the forum, speaking of speaking, Lat. *concio*. IV. things of the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annonae*: *παρέχειν*, to hold a market. V. as a of time, ἀγορὰ πλήθουσα, or ἀγορῆς πλήθωρη, noon, when the market-place was full: opp. ρῆς διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when ent home from market.

ἴασθε, Ep. for ἀγοράσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of *μαί*. [*ἀγοράσασθε*] ἴσω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:— aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγοράσμαι: (ἀγορά):—to e market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to ness there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for one- 3. of idle people, to baunt the market-place, there, cf. sq.

ἴσιος, ov, in, of, or belonging to the market- in epith. of several gods. II. frequenting rket-place:—of ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἀν-):

1. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail- . 2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subros*— in so generally the common sort:—hence the used of things, low, mean, vulgar. III.

ly, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic g, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a ay.

ἰνομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or ce, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἰνόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἱ-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, gulated the buying and selling there, like the *Aedilis*.

ἵομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορησάμην: Dep.: (ἀγορά): zet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak Assembly, Lat. *concionari*.

ἴσσω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἴσως, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἴσωμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἰσότης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to ovisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἰστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking e: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἴσω, impf. ἡγούρεον, Ep. ἀγούρεον: fut. e: aor. ἡγούρεσα, Ep. ἄγ-: pf. ἡγούρεκα: Med., ορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορεύθην: pf. ἡγούρευ- but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. εἴρηκα, (πον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to !:—generally to speak: κακὸν or κακῶς ἀγο- τινά to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, de- Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence

ἡθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market: and

ἀγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἡγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητὺς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἀγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἀγορος, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἄγος, εος, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of reli- gious awe: hence 1. pollution, guilt, Lat. *riaculum*: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἀγοστός, ὁ, the flat of the hand. II. the bent arm, like ἀγκών, ἀγκοῖνη. (Akin to ἀγκών, ἀγκυμ.) [ἄ] "ΑΓΡΑ, Ion. ἀγρη, ἡ, a catching, hunting: ἀγραν ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catch- ing. II. that which is taken in hunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἀγραμμία, ἡ, want of learning: from ἀ-γράμμιος, ov, (a privat., γράμμα) without learn- ing (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. un- able to read or write. II. = ἀγραφος, unwritten.

ἀ-γραπτος, ov, (a privat., γράφα) unwritten: ἀγρ. νόμωμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἀγραφος.

ἀγραυλέω, f. ἴσω, to be an ἀγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἀγρ-αυλος, ov, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἀ-γρᾶφος, ov, = ἀγραπτος, unwritten: ἀγραφοὶ νό- μοι, unwritten laws, which are 1. the laws of na- ture, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

ἀγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρείος, α, ov, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγροικος. Hence

ἀγρειοσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

"ΑΓΡΕΙΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρέμιος, ov, (ἀγρᾶ) taken in hunting.

ἀγρεσία, ἡ, = ἀγρᾶ, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in hunting or fishing: ἀγρ. κύνες, bounds; ἀγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for, skilled in hunting. From ἀγρεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγρᾶ) to hunt, take by hunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἀγρει, ἀγρεῖτε.

ἀγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀγρᾶ.

ἀγρίαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. ἡγρίᾶνα: (ἀγριος):—I. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry.

2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρί-ελαίος, *ον*, (ἀγρίος, ελαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγρίελαιος, *ῆ*, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀγριος, δάσνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, *ον*, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence

I. of animals, opp. to τιθασός, wild, savage, Lat. *ferus*; *σὺς ἀγριος* a wild boar.

2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed.

II. of men and animals, 1. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. *ferus, ferus*.

2. in Att. also opp. to δαστεῖος, (as Lat. *rusticus* to *urbanus*) boorish, rude.

3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious. III. Adv. *-ῶς*, also neut. pl. *ἀγρια*, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, *ητος*, *ῆ*, wildness, fierceness, Lat. *feritas*. ἀγριό-φωνος, *ον*, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριώω, *ῖ* *ῶσω*: aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἡγρίωθην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος) —to make wild or savage.

II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. *efferrari*.

ἀγρίφη, *ῆ*, = ἀγρίφωνα. [Ὶ]

ἀγρι-ώδης, *ες*, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.

ἀγρι-ώπός, *ον*, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀγρος, βόσκει) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, *ονος*, *δ*, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, *ῆ*, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, *ῖ* Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρο-οικος, *ον*, (ἀγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence

2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to δαστεῖος. 3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναῖος: but also

4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence ἀγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγροιώτης, *ον*, *δ*, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρό-κομος, *δ*, (ἀγρος, κομέω) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, *η*, *ον*, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, *ον*, and in Anth. *η*, *ον*, (ἀγρός, νέμωμαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἌΓΡΟΣ, *οὔ*, *δ*, Lat. *AGER*, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, *α*, *ον*, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρα) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγοτέρα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, *ῆρος*, *δ*, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, *ον*, *δ*, fem. ἀγρότις, *ιδος*, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *δ*, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, *ῖ* *ῆσω*, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνέειν τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. *invigilare rei*. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, *ῆ*, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, *ον*, (ἀγρέω, ὕπνος) = ἄυπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρώσσω, = δαγρέω, to catch.

ἀγρώστης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρα) a hunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, a huntress.

ἀγρωστis, *ιος* and *εως*, *ῆ*, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, *ον*, *δ*, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυῖά, *ῆ*, (ἀγω) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυῖά] Hence

ἀγυιάτης, *ον*, *δ*, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυῖά]

ἀγυιάτης, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἀγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἀγυεύς, *έως*, *δ*, (ἀγυῖά) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσια, *ῆ*, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γυμναστος, *ον*, (α privat., γυμνάω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγυμναστός τινος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed.

II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστας ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγῦρις, *ιος*, *ῆ*, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ᾱ]

ἀγυρμός, *οὔ*, *δ*, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ᾱ]

ἀγύρτης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, *ῆ*, *ον*, like a mountebank.

ἀγύρτρια, *ῆ*, fem. of ἀγύρτηρ.

ἀγχι-μαχος, *ον*, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting hand to hand; ἀγχι. ὅπλα arms for close fight.

ἌΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγχιον and ἄσσον: Sup.

ἀγχιστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἀγχιστος. [Ὶ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (ἀγχι, ἄλς) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, seagirt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

ἀγχι-βάθης, *ές*, (ἀγχι, βαθύς) deep close to shore.

ἀγχι-γείτων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, *ον*, (ἀγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγχι-θεός, *ον*, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. with gods or dwelling with the gods.

θύρος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, θύρα) *near the door, neighb-*
[X]

ἰαχτηγής, *οὔ*, δ, = ἀγχιέμαχος.

ἰολος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, μολεῖν) *coming near*: al-
l neut. as Adv. ἀγχιμόλον ἐλθεῖν or στήναι
: or stand near; ἐξ ἀγχιμόλοιο from nigh at

νεφῆς, *ἐς*, (ἀγχι, νέφος) *near the clouds.*

ροία, *ῆ*, (ἀγχι, νοέω) *a ready wit, sbrewdness,*
facitias.

ροος, *ov*, contr. ἀγγι-l-vous, *ov*, (ἀγχι, νοῦς)
f mind, sbrewd, Lat. sagax.

v. Comp. Adv. of ἀγχι, *nearer.*

πλοος, *ov*, contr. ἀγγι-l-πλους, *ov*, (ἀγχι,
near by sea; ἀγγ. πῶρος *a short voyage.*

πολις, poet. ἀγγι-l-πολις, *εως*, δ, ῆ, (ἀγχι,
near the city, dwelling in the land.

πορος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, πορεύομαι) *passing near*;
: ἀγγίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

πτολις, poet. for ἀγγι-l-πολις.

τα, v. ἀγγιστος.

τεία, *ῆ*, (ἀγγιστεύω) *nearness of kin.* II.
f kin, right of inheritance.

τεία, *τά*, = ἀγγιστεία.

τεῦς, *εως*, δ, (ἀγγιστα) *the next of kin*: *the*
law.

τεῦω, f. εἶω, (ἀγγιστος) *to be near to one,*
: esp. *to be next of kin, to be heir at law.*

τήρ, ῆρος, δ, poet. for ἀγγιστεύς, ἀγγιστήρ
thous immediate author of the suffering.

τίως, *η*, *ov*, poet. lengthd. form of ἀγγιστος,
icked, in a bear.

τος, *ov*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) *next or nearest*;
: *os γένει nearest of kin*: neut. ἀγγιστον, or
α, as Sup. Adv. *most nearly*, ἀγγιστα εἰκας

early like; οἱ ἀγγιστα *the next of kin*: freq.
as ἀγγιστά τις, *nearest to him.* II. of

1st, Lat. *proximus.*

στροφος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, στρέφω) *turning near,*
heeling, of a bird. 2. *quick-changing,*

able, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγγιστροφα as Adv.
ly.

τέρμων, *ov*, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, τέρμα) *near the*
: *neighbouring.*

τοκος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, τόκος) *near the birth.*

θεν, Adv. (ἀγχοῦ) *from nigh at band.*

θ, Adv. = ἀγχοῦ, *nigh at band*, c. gen.

η, ῆ, (ἀγχω) *throttling, strangling, banging*;
: *ov ἀγχώνης worse than banging*; ἀγχώνης

as bad as *banging*; ἀγχόνη καὶ λύπη anguish
cf. 2. *a rope for banging, balter.*

νος, *α*, *ov*, (ἀγχόνη) *fit for strangling* or
g-

πρεῦω, poet. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ρατος, *η*, *ov*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) *nearest, next*;
: as Adv. ἀγγιστάτω, like ἀγγιστα, c. gen.; οἱ

ἴτω προσήκοντες *the nearest of kin.*

ρερος, *α*, *ov*, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) *nearer.*

ἄΓΧΟΥ = ἀγχι, *near, nigh at band*: absol. or
c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγχι.

ἄΓΧΩ, impf. ἤγchon: f. ἀγέω: aor. ἤγα:—Lat.
ANGO, *to press nigh, esp. the throat*: *to strangle,*
throttle, bang.

ἀγγ-ώμαλος, *ov*, (ἀγχι, ὁμαλός) *nearly equal*; ἀγγ-
ώματος μάχη *a doubtful battle.* Adv. ἀγγωμάλας,
also ἀγγωμάλα, *doubtfully*, Lat. *aequo Marte.*

ἄΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ἤγον, Ep. ἀγον, Ion.
ἀγεσκον: fut. ἄξω: aor. 2 ἤγαγον, inf. ἀγαγεῖν;
less freq. aor. I ἤξα, inf. ἄξαι Ep. ἀξέμεν or ἀξέ-
μεναι: pf. ἤχα, redupl. ἀγήγοχα.—Med., fut. ἀξομαι:
aor. I ἤξάμην, aor. 2 ἤγατόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθή-
σομαι, but also fut. med. ἀξομαι, with pass. signf.:
aor. I pass. ἤχθην: pf. ἤμμαι: verb. Adj. ἀκτεῖον:—
Lat. AGO: I. Act. *to lead, lead away*, of

persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἀγεῖν καὶ φέ-
ρειν *to carry off the spoil of a land*, both cattle and
movables, like Lat. *agere et ferre*: ἀγεῖν εἰς δίκην
or δικαστήριον, or ἀγεῖν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, *to carry*
before a court of justice, Lat. *rapere in jus.* 2.

to lead on, lead towards; ἀγεῖν θανάτοιο τέλοσδε *led*
on to death; c. inf., ἀγεῖν θανεῖν *it leads to death*;
hence *to lead*, as a general; *to guide*, as the gods,

etc. 3. *to bring up, train, educate*, καλῶς or κα-
κῶς ἡχθῆναι. 4. *to draw out in length*; τεῖχος

ἀγεῖν, Lat. *murum ducere*, *to build a wall.*

like Lat. *agere*, *to bold, celebrate, εορτήν*, etc.: also
to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἀγεῖν

βίον, Lat. *agere vitam*, *to lead a life, live.* 6. like
Lat. *ducere*, *to bold, consider*; ἐν τιμῇ ἀγεῖν or ἀγε-

σθαι, *to bold in honour*, etc. 7. like ἔλκειν, *to*
weigh so much, e. g. ἀγεῖν μῶν, τριακοντίους δαρεῖ-

κους, etc., *to weigh a mina, 300 darics*, etc. II.
Med. ἀγομαι, *to lead away for oneself, carry off*, as

χρυσὸν τε καὶ ἀργυρον οἰσάδ ἀγεσθαι. 2. ἀγεσθαι

γυναικα, Lat. *uxorem ducere*, *to take to oneself*;
a wife; absol. ἀγεσθαι, *to marry*; but also of the father,

to choose a wife for his son. 3. διὰ στόμα ἀγε-
σθαι μῦθον *to let pass through the mouth*, i. e. to

utter. 4. ἀγεσθαι τι ἐς χεῖρας, *to take a thing*
into one's hands.

ἀγωγαῖος, *ov*, (ἀγωγή) *fit for leading by*, of a dog's
collar or leash.

ἀγωγεύς, *εως*, δ, (ἀγω *to lead*) *a leader, one that*
draws or drags. II. *that by which one leads, a*

rein, leash.

ἀγωγή, ῆ, (ἀγω) *a leading away, a carrying away*
or off: also in intrans. sense, *a going away.* 2. *a*

bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly. 3.
a leading towards a point, guiding: *the leading of*

an army, guiding a state. 4. *a training, educa-*
ting: and intrans. *conduct, mode of life.*

ἀγώγιμος, *ov*, (ἀγω) *easy to be carried*: τὰ ἀγώ-
γιμα, *things portable, a cargo of wares.* II.

that may be carried away: of persons, *outlawed*, or
delivered into bondage. III. *easily led, com-*
plaisant.

ἀγώνιον, τό, (ἀγών) *the load of a wagon*.
ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἀγών) *leading, guiding*: as Subst.,
ἀγωγός, ὁ, *a guide*; ἀγωγοί *an escort*. II.
leading towards.

III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting*, c. gen.: *attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness*.

ἌΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, *an assembly, like ἀγορά*: esp. *an assembly met to see games*. 2. *a place of assembly*: *a place of contest, the arena or stadium*.

II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games*, as, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπιάς, etc.: hence *the contest for a prize at their games*. 2. generally, *any struggle or contest*, ἀγὼν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς. 3. *a battle*. 4. *an action at law, trial*.

5. metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν λόγων, μάχης, etc., *now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἀγων-ἀρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγών, ἀρχω) *a president or judge of a contest*.

ἀγωνία, ἡ, *a struggle for victory*. 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling*. 3. *of the mind, agony, anguish*.

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἡγωνιῶν: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἡγωνίασα: pf. ἡγωνίακα—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι*. III. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing*.

ἀγωνιᾶσθαι, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσονται, Att. ἰούμαι, aor. I ἡγωνίσαι: for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2: (ἀγών):—*to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games*; ἀγωνι(ε)σθαι στάδιον *to contend in the foot-race*; ἀγ. περὶ τινοῦ *to contend for a prize*; ἀγ. τινι or πρὸς τινα *to contend with one*. 2. *to fight*. 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act*. II. *to contend against in a law-suit*; ἀγ. δικήν, γραφήν, *to fight a cause to the last*; ἀγ. φόνον *to fight against a charge of murder*. 2. in Pass. *to be won by a bard*.

contest, but rarely save in pf., e.g. πολλοὶ ἄγῶνες ἀγωνιᾶται (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσί), *many battles have been fought*; so also in aor. I ἡγωνίσθην.

ἀγώνιος, ου, (ἀγών) *presiding over the contest or the games*, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολὴ ἀγώνιος *cessation from combat*. [ᾶ]

ἀγώνιος, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize*.

ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize, generally, a contest*: in plur. *achievements, exploits*.

II. *an object to strive for*; *the prize of contest, distinction*. III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation*.

ἀγωνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry*.

ἀγωνιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend*.

ἀγωνιστής, ου, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival, esp. at the games*; *an advocate*: also *an actor*; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc. 2. *a champion*.

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving*: also *fitted for winning*:—ἡ ἀγωνιστική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of winning or prevailing*.

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat*.

ἀγωνοθετῶν, f. ἥσω, *to be a judge or director of games*: generally, *to direct, promote, judge, decide*. From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγών, τίθημι) *a president of the games*: *a judge*.

ἀδαγμός, ὁ, Ion. for ὀδαγμός, *an itching, sting*.

ἀδῆμονία or ἀδαημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, unskilfulness in doing*. From

ἀ-δάημων, ου, (α privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing, ignorant of*, c. gen. μάχης ἀδαήμων: but, ἀδ. κακῶς *beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill*.

ἀδῆς, ἐς, (α privat., δαῖναι) = *foreg. unknowing ignorant of*, c. gen. also c. inf. *unknowing how to*.

ἀ-δάητος, ου, (α privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing*.

ἀ-δαίος, ου, (α privat., δαίος) Dor. for ἀδήιος.

ἀ-δαίτος, ου, (α privat., δαίνυμαι) *not to be eaten unlawful to eat*.

ἀ-δακρύς, υ, gen. vos, (α privat., δάκρυ) = *ἀδάκρυτος* I. II. = *ἀδάκρυτος* II.

ἀ-δακρῦντι, Adv. *without tears*. From

ἀ-δακρύτος, ου, (α privat., δακρύνω) *without tear* hence I. act. *not weeping, tearless*.

pass. *unwept*.

ἀ-δάλής, ἐς, Dor. for ἀ-δήλητος.

ἀδαμαντίνος, ου, (ἀδάμας) *adamantine, of steel* hence, *hard as adamant, stubborn*. Adv. -νως.

ἀδμαντῶ-δερος, ου, (ἀδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound*.

ἀ-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (α privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable*: hence I. as Subst. *adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel*: also *the diamond*.

as Adj. *inexorable*.

ἀ-δάμαστος, ου, (α privat., δαμάω) properly *horses, unbroken, untamable*:—metaph. *inexorable*.

ἀ-δάματος, ου, Trag. form of foreg.: also of males, *unwedded*. [ᾶδᾶ: but also ᾶδ- as in ᾶ-θῶτος.]

ἀ-δάπανος, ου, (α privat., δαπάνη) *without expense costing nothing*. Adv. -νως.

ἀ-δασμος, ου, *tribute-free*.

ἀ-δαστος, ου, (α privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δαίνομαι) *undivided*.

ᾶδδεις, Ep. vocat. of ᾶδής.

ᾶδδηκότες, poet. for ᾶδηκότες, pf. part. of ᾶδέω.

ᾶδδην, poet. for ᾶδην.

ᾶδδῃσειε, aor. I opt. of ᾶδέω.

ᾶδδῃ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ᾶδῃφ-.

ᾶδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ᾶδάναι. [ᾶ]

ᾶδέα, Dor. poet. for ἡδέα, fem. of ἡδύς: also Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ἀ-δεής, Ep. ἀ-δεής, ἐς, Ep. voc. ᾶδδεις, (α privat. δέος) *fearless, shameless*. 2. *fearless, secure*:

ᾶδεις, security:—Adv. ᾶδῶς, *without fear or scruple confidently, abundantly*. II. *causing no fear not formidable*.

ᾶδεια, ἡ, (ᾶδής) *freedom from fear, safety, security*; ᾶδειαν δίδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., *to grant an*

nesty; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δεΐης, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δέης.

ἀ-δειμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted:

c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δεῖπνον) without food, unfed.

ἀ-δέκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) unbribed. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or

believed. II. act. not receiving, not capable of, τινός.

ἀδελφεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφίδεος, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδεύς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδή, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδέη, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ἰω, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός):

I. as Subst. ἀδελφός, Ion. -φεός, Ep. -φεός, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters.

II. as Adj. ἀδελφός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. *geminus*, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness.

2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

ἀ-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ἀ-δερκής, ἐς, (a privat., δερκομαι) unseen, invisible.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δερκομαι) not seeing, sightless, ὁμματα. Adv. -τως, without looking.

ἀ-δεσμιος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) unfettered, unbound; ἀδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. *libera custodia*, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσποτής) without a master:—of writings, anonymous.

ἀ-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound: free.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεύκος) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. *acerbus*.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) untanned.

*ἈΔΕΨΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*ἈΔΕΨΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. ἀδῆσαι or ἀθήσαι, may be sated; and pf. part. ἀδῆκότες or ἀθηκότες, sated. Cf. *δω, satia*.

ἀ-δήϊος, contr. ἀ-δήος, Dor. ἀ-δάϊος, ον, (a privat., δῆϊος) unassailed.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

ἀδηλίω, (ἀδηλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δηλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλόμαι) unburt.

ἀδηλία, (ἀδηλος) uncertainty.

ἀ-δηλος, ον, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown, unseen, secret; ἀηλόν ἐστιν εἰ... or ὅτι..., it is uncertain whether... Adv. -ως, secretly: Sup. ἀηλότατα.

ἀδηλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδηλος) uncertainty.

ἀδημονέω, f. ῥσω, to be in great distress or anguish at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδημονία, ἡ, great distress or anguish.

ἀδην, Ep. ἀδην, Att. ἔδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. *SATIS*, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἀδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἀδην πολέμοιο enough of war; ἀδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δηρις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) without strife.

ἀ-δηρίτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) without strife or battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

ἀδήσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδήσω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδης or *Ἀιδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also *Ἀιδης [υ υ -], ao and εω:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. *Pluto*: εἰν and εἰς *Ἀἰδαο, Attic εἰν and εἰς *Ἀιδου (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of Hades. II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδη-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

ἀ-δηῶτος, ον, (a privat., δηῶω) not wasted.

ἀ-διάβητος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be crossed, impassable.

ἀ-διάκριτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) undistinguishable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ἀ-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: indissoluble. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incomprehensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) unwetted:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπυστος, ον, (a privat., διαπύω) not to be stilled, incessant, violent.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) immovable, headstrong. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, immovableness, obstinacy.

ἀ-διάφθατος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From
ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (α privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀ-διάφορος, ον, (α privat., διαφέρω) *not different; indifferent*.

ἀ-διδάκτος, ον, (α privat., διδάσκω) of persons, *untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not learnt*: also, *learned without teaching*.

ἀ-διεργάστος, ον, (α privat., διεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀ-διέξοδος, ον, (α privat., διέξοδος) *without outlet*. II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀ-διεργάστος, ον, (α privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀ-διερεύνητος, ον, (α privat., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀ-διήγητος, ον, (α privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀ-δίκαστος, ον, (α privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικεμένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: impf. ἡδίκεον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II. trans. c. acc. pers. *to do one wrong, to wrong, injure*: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι *to wrong one in a thing*:—Pass. *to be wronged or injured*.

ἀδίκημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence*, = ἀδίκημα. II. *injustice*.

ἀδικιον, τό, = ἀδίκημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀδικος, ον, (α privat., δίκη) of persons and things, *doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust*: ἀδικος εἰς τι *unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person*: ἀδικος λόγος *a plea of injustice*: ἀδικων χειρῶν ἄρται *to begin lawless acts of violence*: ἀδικος πλοῦτος *unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched*, as horses. III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. *ἀνευ δικῶν*, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδίκως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδην) *close, thick*: hence I. *crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehement, loud*, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*; Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [α]

ἀ-διοίκητος, ον, (α privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἀ-διόρθωτος, ον, (α privat., διορθόω) *not corrected; incorrigible*.

ἀ-δίστακτος, ον, (α privat., διστάζω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διψος, ον, (α privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀ-δμήτης, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἄδμητος.

ἀδμήτης, ἴδος, acc. ἀδμήτην, fem. of ἀδμήτης.

ἀ-δμητος, ἡ, ον, (α privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδάματος, *untamed*: of cattle, *unbroken, wild*; of maidens, *unmarried*.

ἄδο-βάτης, ον, ὅ, (ἄξω, βαίνω) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδιον, Dor. for ἥδιον, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς.

ἄδοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (α privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκήτου.

ἀ-δοκιμαστος, ον, (α privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [τ]

ἀ-δοκίμος, ον, (α privat., δόκιμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολεσχέω, fut. ἦσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [α]

From

ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὅ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. in good sense, *a keen, subtle reasoner*. [α] Hence

ἀδολεσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [α] Hence

ἀδολεσχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [α]

ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless*: in Att. esp. of treaties, *without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (α privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἀδονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀηδονίς. [α]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (α privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. e. certain*.

ἀδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand in ill repute*. II. trans. *to hold in no esteem*. Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, dishonour*.

ἀ-δοξος, ον, (α privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

*ΑΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἦδος, *joy*.

ἀ-δοτος, ον, (α privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (α privat., δούλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἀ-δούλωτος, ον, (α privat., δουλῶ) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δούπητος, ον, (α privat., δονπέω) *noiseless*.

ἀδράνεια, Ep. ἀδρανίη, ἡ, *inactivity*. From ἀ-δράνης or ἀ-δρανής, ἑς, (α privat., δρᾶναι) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

*Αδράστεια, Ion. *Αδρήστεια, ἡ, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if from διδράσκω, cf. sq.

ἀ-δραστος, Ion. ἀ-δρηστος, ον, (α privat., διδράσκω) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (α privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

*Αδρία, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

*Αδρία, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

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*Αδρία, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

Ἀδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic.

ἀ-δρίμυς, υ, (a privat., δρίμυς) not tart or pungent.

ἄΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

ἀδρυσίνη, ἡ, = sq.

ἀδρότης, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fullness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

ἀδρῶμαι, Pass. (ἀδρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

ἀδρύνω, (ἀδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.

ἀδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.

ἀ-δύνᾱμία, ἡ, (a privat., δύνᾱμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

ἀ-δυνάστια, ἡ, = δυνάμια.

ἀδυνάττω, f. ἡσῶ, (ἀδύνᾱτος) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

ἀδυνάτεια, ἡ, = δυνάμια.

ἀ-δυνάτος, ον, (a privat., δύνω) unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2.

absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossibility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

ἀδύς, ἐα, ὅ, Dor. for ἡδύς.

ἀ-δύτος, ον, (a privat., δύνω) not to be entered:—hence as Subst. ἀδύτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or shrine, Lat. *adytum*: also ἀδύτος, ὁ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for ἀείδω, q. v.

ἀδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀηδών, the nightingale. [α]

Ἀδωνία, τά, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἀδωνιασμός, οὐ, ὅ, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδωνίς, ἰδος, ὁ, Adonis. 2. Ἀδωνίδος κήποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [α]

ἀ-δώρητος, ον, (a privat., δωρέομαι) = ἀ-δωρος.

ἀ-δωροδόκητος, ον, (a privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δωροδόκος, ον, unbribed, incorruptible.

ἀ-δωρος, ον, (a privat., δῶρον) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—ἄδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἀ-δωτής, ον, ὁ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives nothing.

ἀέ, Dor. for ἀεί. [α]

ἀ-ένος, ον, (a privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

ἀεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἀεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον.

ἀεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἀέθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον: properly neut. from

ἀέθλιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἀέθλον) running for the prize: ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse: ἀέθλιον μῆλον the apple of discord.

ἀέθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλον.

ἀέθλος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλος.

ἀέθλο-φόρος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλο-φόρος.

ἀεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' ἀεί ever up to this time: also εἰς ἀεί or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὁ ἀεὶ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is ruler; ὁ ἀεὶ βασιλεὺς the reigning king. Besides ἀεὶ the Ion. and poet. forms αἰεὶ and αἰέν are very common: in Dor. also αἰές, ἀές, and ἀέ.

ἀεί-βολος, ον, (ἀεί, βάλλω) continually thrown.

ἀει-γενέτης, poet. αἰει-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀεί, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἔντες, ever existing, immortal.

ἀει-γενής, ἐς, Att. for αἰει-γενέτης.

αἶδε, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰδῶ.

ἀ-εἰδελος, ον, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.

ἀ-εἰδής, ἐς, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily form. II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.

ἀει-δίνητος, ον, (ἀεί, δινῶ) ever revolving. [ῖ]

ἈΕΙΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄδω: impf. ἤειδον, Ep. αἶδον,

Att. ᾄδον: fut. αἰέσομαι, Att. ᾄσομαι, Dor. ᾄσευμαι; rarely αἰέσω, Att. ᾄσω, Dor. ᾄσῶ: aor. 1 ἤεισα, Ep. αἶισα, Att. ᾄσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ᾄσθην: pf. ᾄσμαι:—

to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string

to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. II. trans:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt,

descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

ἀεί-ζωος, ον, Att. contr. ἀεί-ζως, ον, (ἀεί, ζῶῃ) everliving, everlasting.

ἀει-θάλης, ἐς, (ἀεί, θάλλω) ever-green.

ἀ-εκεῖη, ον, -λή [ῖ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῖ], ἡ, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ἀ-εκεῖλος, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκέλος. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-εκής, ἐς, Att. contr. αἰκής, ἐς, (a privat., εἶκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες as Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἀ-εκία, ἡ, = ἀεκεῖη.

ἀεκίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ιώ: aor. 1 ἤεκισα, Ep. αἰέκισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. αἰεκισθῆναι: (αἰκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

ἀει-κίνητος, ον, (ἀεί, κινῶ) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [ῖ]

ἀεικιστήμεναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰεκίζω.

ἀεκισσα, ἀεκισσάμη, Ep. aor. 1 act. and med. of αἰεκίζω.

ἀεκιῶ, Att. fut. of αἰεκίζω.

ἀεκιῶς, Ion. ἀεκέως, Adv. of αἰκής, shamefully.

ἀεί-λαλος, ον, (ἀεί, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

ἀειλογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν ἀειλογίαν παρέχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From

ἀει-λόγος, ον, (ἀεί, λέγω) always talking.

ἀει-μνηστος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀεί, μνησσκομαι) had in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τως.

ἀεί-ναος, ον, contr. ἀεί-νωος, ον, (ἀεί, νάω) = ἀέναος, ever-flowing.

ἀει-νηστis, ios, ὁ, ἡ, ever-fasting.

ἀεί-πλᾱνος, ον, (ἀεί, πλανᾶμαι) ever-wandering.

ἀείρα, Ep. for ἤειρα, aor. 1 of ἀείρω.

ἀείραι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀείρω.

ἀεί-ροος, *ον*, contr. **ἀεί-ρους**, *ον*, = sq.
ἀεί-πυτος, *ον*, (**ἀεί**, **πέω**) *ever-flowing*.
ἈΕΙΨΩ, Att. **αἶψω** : fut. **ἀρῶ** [**ᾶ**], contr. from **ἀερῶ** : aor. I act. **ἤερα**, Ep. **ἄερα**.—Med., fut. **ἀρῶμαι** [**ᾶ**], contr. from **ἀερούμαι** : aor. I **ἤεράμην**.—Pass., aor. **ἤερθην**, Ep. **ἀερθην** : pf. **ἤερμαι** : Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. **ἄωρτο** for the Att. forms, v. **αἶρω** :—*to lift, heave, raise up*, hence *to bear, carry to carry off as plunder* : but also, *to band, offer* :—Med. *to lift up for oneself*, i. e. *bear off, win, take for oneself* :—Pass. *to be hung up, to hang* : **μάχαιρα παρὰ ξίφους κουλεῖν ἄωρτο** the dagger *hung* beside the sword sheath. 2. *to raise or stir up* : **ἀείρασθαι τὰ ἱστία** to *hoist* sail : Pass. *to raise up, arise*.
ἄεσα, Ep. aor. I of **αἰδῶ**.
αἰῶσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of **ἀημι**.
αἰσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for **δσμα**, as **αἰδῶ** for **ᾷδω**.
αἰσι, 3 pl. of **ἀημι**.
αἰείσομαι, fut. of **αἰδῶ**.
αἰ-φάνης, *ἐς*, (**ἀεί**, **φανῆναι**) *ever-shining* or *appearing*.
ἀεί-φρουπος, *ον*, (**ἀεί**, **φρουρά**) *ever-watched* or *ever-watching, ever-wakeful*.
ἀει-φυγία, *ῆ*, (**ἀεί**, **φυγή**) *exile for life*.
ἀει-χρόνιος, *ον*, (**ἀεί**, **χρόνιος**) *everlasting*.
ἀεκαζόμενος, *η, ον*, (**ἀέκω**) *unwilling, resisting* ; πῶλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's *multa reluctans*.
ἀ-εκήλιος, *ον*, for **ἀεικέλιος**.
ἀέκτηι or **ἀεκτηί**, (**ἀέκω**) Ep. Adv. *against the will*, often in Homer c. gen. ; **σεῦ ἀέκτηι**, Lat. *te invito* ; **θεῶν ἀέκτηι**, Lat. *Diis non propitiis*.
ἀ-εκούσιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, Att. contr. **ἀκούσιος**, *ον*, (a privat., **ἐκούσιος**) *against the will, forced, involuntary*.
ἀ-έκων, Att. contr. **ᾄκων** [**ᾶ**], *ουσα, ον*, (a privat., **ἐκῶν**) *against the will, unwilling : without design or purpose*.
ἄελιος, Dor. for **ἥελιος**, **ἥλιος**.
ἄελλα, Ep. **ἄελλη**, *ης, ῆ*, (**ᾄω**, **ἄημι**) *a stormy wind, a whirlingwind*. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion. [**ᾄε**]
ἄελλαῖος, *α, ον*, (**ἄελλα**) *stormy, swift as the storm*.
ἄελλάς, *ἄδος, ῆ*, = **ἄελλαῖος**.
ἄελλής, *ἐς*, (**ἄελλα**) *adying*.
ἄελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (**ἄελλα**, **μάχομαι**) *struggling with the storm*. [**ᾶ**]
ἄελλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.
ἄελλό-πους, *ὁ, ῆ, πουν, τό*, gen. **ποδος**, (**ἄελλα**, **πούς**) *storm-footed, swift as the storm*, only found in Ep. form **ἄελλό-πος**, like **ἀρτί-πος**, **πουλύ-πος**, etc. : dat. pl. **ἄελλοπόδεσσιν**.
ἄελλπτεύω, (**ἄελλπτος**) *to be without hope, to despair*.
ἄ-ελλπτής, *ἐς*, (a privat., **ἐλπῶμαι**) *unhoped for, unexpected*.
ἄελλπτία, *ῆ*, *an unlooked for event* : **ἐξ ἀελλπτίας**, Lat. *ex insperato, unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*. From
ἄ-ελλπτος, *ον*, (a privat., **ἐλπῶμαι**) *unlooked for, un-*

expected : to be despaired of : **ἄελλπτα**, neut. pl. Adv. *unexpectedly*. II. act. *hopeless, despaired*.
ἄελλπτός, Adv. of **ἄελλπτής**, *unexpectedly*.
ἀέ-νωος, *ον*, also Ep. **ἀεί-νωος**, contr. **ἀεί-νωος**, (**ἀεί**, **νώω**) *ever-flowing : generally, everlasting, never failing*. Adv. **-ᾠος**.
ἀε-νώων, *ουσα, ον*, **ἄενας**.
ἀέντες, part. pl. of **ἀημι**.
ἀεζί-γυιος, *ον*, (**ἀέζω**, **γυῖος**) *strengthening the lin*
ἀεζί-νοος, *ον*, contr. **ἀεζί-νους**, *ον*, (**ἀέζω**, **νί**) *strengthening the mind*.
ἀεζί-φύλλος, *ον*, (**ἀέζω**, **φύλλον**) *making leaves grow, leafy*.
ἀεζί-φύτων, *ον*, (**ἀέζω**, **φύτων**) *making plants grow*.
ἈΕΨΩ, Ion. and poet. for **ΑΨΩ**, **αἰψάω**, I **AUGEO** : used by the old poets only in pres. : impf. : later poets have a fut. **ἀεξήσω**, aor. I **ἡέξημι** fut. med. **ἀεξήσομαι**, pf. pass. **ἡέξημαι** :—*to make grow, increase, foster, strengthen : to beighiten, multiply* :—Pass. and Med. *to increase, wax, grow, prosper*.
ἀεργείη or **-λή** [**ῆ**], Ion. for **ἀεργία**.
ἀ-εργής, *ἐς*, = **ἀ-εργός**.
ἀεργία, Ion. **-λή** [**ῆ**], *ῆ*, *a not working, idleness*. 2. of a field, *a lying fallow or waste*. From **ἀ-εργός**, contr. **ἀργός**, *ὦν*, (a privat., ***ἐργω**) *working, idle*. Adv. **-γῶς**.
ἀέρδην, contr. **ᾠρδην**, Adv. (**αἶρω**) *lifting up*.
ἀερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of **αἶρω**.
ἀερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for **ἡέρθησαν**, 3 pl. aor. I pr of **αἶρω** : **ἀέρθη**, 3 sing. of same tense.
ἀέριος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, Ion. **ἡέριος**, *η, ον*, (**ἀήρ**, **ἡρι**) *in mist, or thick air : cloudy*. II. *in the c high in air*.
ἀ-ερκτος, *ον*, (a privat., **ἐργω**) *unfenced, open*.
ἀεροβᾶτέω, *ι, ῆσω*, *to tread in air, walk the c* From
ἀερο-βάτης, *ου, ὁ*, (**ἀήρ**, **βαίνω**) *one who treads in c*
ἀερο-δινής, Ion. **ἡερο-δινής**, *ἐς*, (**ἀήρ**, **δινέω**) *wbi ing in air*.
ἀερο-δόνητος, *ον*, (**ἀήρ**, **δονέω**) *tossed in mid c soaring*.
ἀεροδρομέω, *ι, ῆσω*, *to traverse air*. From
ἀερο-δρόμος, *ον*, *traversing air*.
ἀερο-εἰδής, *ἐς*, (**ἀήρ**, **εἶδος**) *like the sky or air, mis see ἡεροειδής*.
ἀερο-κόραξ, *ἄκος, ὁ*, *an air-raven*.
ἀερο-κύνωψ, *ᾠπος, ὁ*, *an air-gnat*.
ἀερο-μάχια, *ῆ*, (**ἀήρ**, **μάχη**) *a battle in the air*.
ἀερο-μετρέω, *ι, ῆσω*, (**ἀήρ**, **μετρέω**) *to measure air : to lose oneself in vague speculation*.
ἀερο-νηχής, *ἐς*, (**ἀήρ**, **νήχομαι**) *floating in air, the clouds*.
ἄέρω, Aeol. for **αἶρω**.
ἀερο-κάρηνος, *ον*, (**αἶρω**, **κάρηνον**) *carrying head high*. [**κᾶ**]
ἀεροσι-πότης, *ου, ὁ*, and **ἀεροσι-πότητος**, *ον*, (**ἀεί** **ποτάομαι**) *boozing on high*.

-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς) *up the feet, brisk-trotting.*

ζω, poet. form of ἀείρω, *to lift up*: impf. ἔω.

ω, = ἀερτάω:—aor. I ἤερτησα: pf. pass. ἤερον.

lor. for ἀεί. [ἀ]

I pl. δέσμεν and ἄσμεν, 3 pl. δέσαν, inf. aor. I prob. from an obsol. root δέω, = εὐδω, ∴ no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄμω, λαῶω,

ροσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. δεσιφο-
From

ῥων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) *injured in witless, silly, infatuated.* [ἀ]

ΟΨ or αἰετός, also poet. αἰητός, οὐ, ὁ, an Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a stan-

α] δης, es, (αερός, εἶδος) *eagle-like.* [ἀ]

Ω, *to sleep*, v. ἀεσα.

, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub

os, α, ov, (ἀζω) pass. *dry, parched*: hence ruel. II. act. *parching, scorching.*

, (ἀζω) *to dry or parch up.*

α, ἡ, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From os, ov, like ἀζήλωτος, *unenviable, miserable*: *terrible, mean.*

ατος, ov, (α privat., ζηλώω) *not to be envied.*

ος, ov, (α privat., ζημία) *without loss, scot-*
not deserving punishment:—Adv. -ως, *with*

y. 2. *not amounting to punishment*, s.

ε, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ἀζω.

ητος, ov, (α privat., ζητέω) *unexamined.*

ς, es, *unceasing, excessive*: more freq. as Adv. *unceasingly, beyond measure.* II. *bard*,

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ς, ov, = ἀ-υξ, *ill-matched*: *unmarried.*

ς, ov, (α privat., ζύμη) *unleavened*: τὰ ἄζυμα, *of unleavened bread.*

υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ὑγῆναι) *unyoked, un-*
unmarried, unwedded.

, *to dry, dry up, parch*:—Pass. *to be parched*
away through grief.

, mostly used as Dep. ἔξομαι, and only in d impf.: *to stand in awe of, dread* the gods

: parents: also followed by inf. *to be afraid of*
or μή . . . , to fear lest:—absol. *to be awe-*

—Cf. σέβω.

τος, ov, (α privat., ἰώνυμι) *ungirt* from
generally, *not girded.*

sing. impf. of ἄμω.

ς, es, (α privat., ἡδός) *unpleasant, annoying*:
ms, *unfriendly, morose.* Hence

, ἡ, (ἀηδής) *a being displeased, disgust, dis-*
II. *unpleasantness, odiousness.*

ιδεύς, εως, Ep. gen. ἦος, ἡ, *a young nightingale.*

ἀηδόνιος, ov, (ἀηδών) *of or belonging to a nightingale.*
ἀηδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀηδών, *a nightingale.*

ἀηδῶ, οὐς, ἡ, = ἀηδών, *a nightingale.*

ἀηδών, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἀηδῶνος or ἀηδῶνς, (ἀείδω)
a nightingale; properly *the songstress.*

ἀηδῶς, Adv. of ἀηδής, ἀηδῶς ἔχειν *to be unfriendly.*
ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθία [τ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) *unaccustomed-*

ness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ-
τινός *inexperience of a thing.*

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθέω, *to be unaccustomed to a*
thing, c. gen.: impf. ἀηθέσσω.

ἀ-ήθης, es, (α privat., ἡθος) *unwonted, unusual,*
strange:—Adv. -θως. 2. *unused to a thing*, c.

gen. II. *without ἡθος or character.*

ἀηθία, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἀηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) *to be unaccustomed.*

ἀηθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, *unexpectedly.*

ἄημα, τό, (ἄμω) *a blast, wind.*

ἀήμεναι, Ep. for ἀήναι, inf. of ἄμω.

*AHMI, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητον (not ἄετον), 3 pl.
δεῖσι; imper. 3 sing. ἄητω; inf. ἄηναι, Ep. ἀήμεναι;

part. δείς: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄη, 3 pl. ἄεσαν:—Pass.
ἄημα, part. ἀήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄητο:—*to*

breathe *bard, blow, of the wind*: the pass. ὄρμος
sometimes mean *to be beaten by the wind*, but more

often *to toss or wave about as if in the wind*; hence
to be spread abroad.

ἀήναι, inf. of ἄμω.

ἄηρ, ἀέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἄηρ or ἡήρ,
ἡέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. *the lower air, the at-*

mosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp.
to αἰθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. II. 14. 288: hence

misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally *air*.
(From *ἄω, ἄμω.) [ἀ]

ἄησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄμω) = ἄημα, *a blowing.* [ἀ]

ἀ-ήσσητος, Att. ἀ-ήττητος, ov, (α privat., ἡσά-
ομαι) *unconquered, not beaten*: *unconquerable.*

ἄησῦλος, for αἰσῦλος, *wicked.*

ἄησῦρος, ov, (*ἄω, ἄμω) *light as air*: *little.*

ἄητη, ἡ, = ἀήτης.

ἄητης, ov, ὁ, (ἄω, ἄμω) *a blast, gale, wind.*

ἄητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄμω.

ἄητον, 3 dual pres. of ἄμω.

ἄητος, ov, an old word, only in II. 21. 395, prob.
from ἄμω, hence orig. *stormy*, and so *violent, terrible*;

cp. αἰήτος.

ἄητω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἄμω.

ἀ-θάλαστος, Att. -ττος, ov, (α privat., θάλασσα)
without sea, inland.

ἀ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ov, (α privat., θα-
λασσώω) *never having been at sea.*

ἀ-θαλής, es, (α privat., θάλος) *not verdant.*

ἀ-θαλπής, es, (α privat., θάλπος) *without warmth.*

ἀ-θαμβής, es, (α privat., θάμβος) *fearless.*

ἀθάνατος, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) *immortality.*

ἀθανατίσω, (ἀθάνατος) *to make immortal*:—Pass.
to become or be immortal. II. *to bold oneself*
immortal.

ἀθάνατος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to θνητός and βροτός:—hence ἀθάνατοι, *oi*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀθαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θάπτω) unburied. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθήρη, also ἀθήρη, *η*, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [ἀθᾶ—]

ἀθαροτής, *ēs*, (a privat., θάρσος) discouraged.

ἀθαύμαστος, *ov*, (a privat., θαυμά(ω)) not wondering at anything. Adv. —τως. II. not admired.

ἀθεάτος, *ov*, (a privat., θεόμαι) unseen, invisible: secret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

ἀθεεῖ, Adv. (ἀθεος) without the aid of God.

ἀθειαστος, *ov*, (a privat., θειά(ω)) uninspired.

ἀθελκτος, *ov*, (a privat., θέλγω) implacable.

ἀθεμις, *ιτος*, *ὁ*, *η*, lawless.

ἀθεμίσιος, ἀθέμιστος, and ἀθέμιτος, *ov*, (a privat., θέμις) lawless, without law or government, goddess, Lat. nefarius. Adv. —τως. II. not admired.

ἀθεος, *ov*, without God, denying the gods: generally, goddess, ungodly. II. abandoned by the gods. Hence.

ἀθεότης, *ητος*, *η*, godlessness, ungodliness.

ἀθεράπευσία, *η*, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ἀθεράπειντος, *ov*, (a privat., θεράπειν) not attended to, neglected. II. unbealed, incurable.

ἀθερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀθέριξα or —ισσα: (a privat., θέρω = θεραπεύω):—to slight, make light of, Lat. nihil curare, c. acc.

ἀθερμαντος, *ov*, (a privat., θερμαίνω) unbeated; not excited by passion.

ἀθερμος, *ov*, without warmth.

ἀθεσία, *η*, (ἀθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness.

ἀθεσμος, *ov*, lawless.

ἀθεσφάτος, *ov*, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ἀθετέω, *f*. ήσω, (ἀθετος) to set aside, disregard.

ἀθέτησις, *ews*, *η*, (ἀθετέω) abolition, rejection.

ἀθετος, *ov*, (a privat., τίθημι) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv. ἀθετῶς = ἀθέσμως, lawlessly.

ἀθήως, Adv. of ἀθεος, in a godless manner.

ἀθῆλος, *ov*, (a privat., θηλή) unsuckled, weaned.

ἀθῆλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., θηλύνα) not made womanish: masculine.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ās*, *η*, contr. from Ἀθηνᾶ or Ἀθηναία, Ion.

Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθᾶνα, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀθηνᾶ, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἀθήναζε, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Ἀθῆναι, *ων*, *ai*, the city of Athens, used in pl. like Θῆβαι, Μυκῆναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, τό, (Ἀθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α*, *ov*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens.

Ἀθήνηθεν or —θε, Adv. from Athens.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. at Athens.

ἀθηνῶω, to long to be at Athens.

Ἀθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

ἈΘΗΨ, ἔπος, *ὁ*, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica. II. the point or barb of a weapon. [ᾶ]

ἀθῆρατος, *ov*, (a privat., θηράω) not to be caught.

ἀθήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θηρεύω) not hunted.

ἀθηρη-λοιγός, *ὁ*, (ἀθηρ, λοίγος) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. ἀθηρό-βρωτος.

ἀθηρό-βρωτος, *ov*, (ἀθηρ, βιβρώσκω) devouring ears of corn: ἀθηρόβρωτον ὄργανον a winnowing fan.

ἀθηρος, *ov*, (a privat., θήρ) without wild beasts or game.

ἀθησαύριστος, *ov*, (a privat., θησαυρίζω) not fit for boarding up.

ἀθιγής, *ēs*, (a privat., θιγείν) = ἄθικτος.

ἀθικτος, *ov*, (a privat., θιγγάνω) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; κερδῶν ἀθικτος untainted by money; also c. dat. νόστοις ἀθικτος. 2. not to be touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

ἀθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. εὔσω: (ἀθλος):—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle. 2. to struggle, endure, suffer.

ἀθλέω, *f*. ήσω: aor. I ήθλησα: pf. ήθληκα: (ἀθλος):—to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer.

II. to be an athlete.

ἀθλημα, τό, (ἀθλέω) a contest, struggle.

II. an implement of labour.

ἀθλησις, *ews*, *η*, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, hard trial.

ἀθλητήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, older form of ἀθλητής.

ἀθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, οὔ, *ὁ*, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athleta.

II. generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

ἀθλιος, *α*, *ov*, also *ος*, *ov*, contr. from ἀέθλιος, (ἀέθλον, ἀθλον) subject to the toils of conflict: hence generally, wretched, Lat. miser. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος*, *η*, suffering wretchedness.

ἀθλο-θετήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) = ἀθλοθετής.

ἀθλο-θέτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also βραβεύς.

ἈΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also = ἀθλος, a contest, combat.

ἈΘΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλος, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

ἀθλοσύνη, *η*, = ἀθλος.

ἀθλο-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀθλον, φέρω) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

ἀθολος, *ov*, (a privat., θολός) not muddy, clear.

ἀθόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θολώω) not muddied, untrodden.

ἀθορύβητος, *ov*, (a privat., θορυβέω) undisturbed.

ἀθορύβος, *ov*, (a privat., θορύβος) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. —.

ἄθραυστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θραύω*) *unbroken*.

ἄσπετον, Att. ἄσπετος: *f. ἦσω*: aor. 2 ἤσπες:—*to look closely at, gaze at, observe*. 2. later, of the mind, *to consider, think on, ponder*:—esp. in pres. and aor. 1 imperat. ἄσπε, ἄσπρον, *see, look, consider*. ἄσπρετον, verb. Adj. of ἄσπετος, *one must consider*.

ἄσπρον or ἄσπρον: *f. σω*: aor. 1 ἤσπρον:—Pass., aor. 1 ἤσπρον: pf. ἤσπρον: (ἄσπρος):—*to gather together, collect*, esp. *to levy forces*; πνεῦμα ἄσπρον *to collect one's breath*:—Pass. *to be gathered or crowded together*: of armies, *to muster*: φόβος ἤσπρονται *bas gathered*, i. e. *bas arisen*.

ἄσπρον, *ews*, ἡ, (ἄσπρον) *a gathering, levying*.

ἄσπρον, τό, (ἄσπρον) *that which is gathered, a gathering, collection*.

ἄσπρον, verb. Adj. of ἄσπρον, *one must collect*.

ἄσπρος, *a, ov*, old Att. ἄσπρος, *ov*: Comp. ἄσπρον, later ἄσπρον: (ἄμα, ἄσπρος) *assembled in crowds, collected together*: ἄσπρον in crowds. II.

all at once, once for all; τὸ ἄσπρον *the whole body, the mass: collective*; ἄσπρον πάντ' ἀπέτισεν *he paid the penalty of all at once*:—Adv. ἄσπρον and ἄσπρον, *at once, suddenly*. III. *immense, vast*: also *continuous, incessant*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θρήπτω*) *unbroken, imperishable*. II. *not enervated*.

ἄσπρον, *f. ἦσω*, (ἄσπρον) *to be disheartened, to despond at or for a thing*.

ἄσπρον, verb. Adj. of ἄσπρον, *one must lose heart*.

ἄσπρον, ἡ, (ἄσπρος) *want of heart, faintheartedness, despondency*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, *without heart or spirit, spiritless, fainthearted*. Adv., ἄσπρον *to be despondent*.

ἄσπρον, τό, (ἄσπρον) *a plaything or toy: a delight*.

ἄσπρον, τό, Dim. of *foreg.*, *a little toy, a pet*.

ἄσπρον-γλωττος, *ov*, (ἄσπρος, γλωττα) *unable to keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θύρα*) *without a door*.

ἄσπρον-στόμος, *ov*, (ἄσπρος, στόμα) = ἄσπρον-γλωττος, *babbling, of Echo*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θύρσος*) *without thyrsus*.

ἄσπρον, *to play, amuse oneself*. II. c. acc. *to play at a thing, do it in play*. [ἄσπρον]

ἄσπρον, *ov*, (a privat., *θύρσος*) *not closed by a door*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θύω*) *not offered, not to be offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbalanced*. II. act. *without sacrificing*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θνή*) *unpunished, scot-free*. 2. c. gen. *free from the penalty of, ἀσπρος πηλῶν*. II. act. *harmless*.

ἄσπρον, *ov*, (a privat., *θνή*) *without flatery: hence, rough, rude*.

ἄσπρον-στόμος, *ov*, (a privat., *θνή*) *without breastplate*.

ἄσπρος, *ov*, Ep. ἄσπρος, *ov*, δ, Mount Aibos. Conj., Ep. and Dor. for *ei*, *if*.

αἶ, Exclam. of strong desire, *O that! would that!* Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always *αἶ γάρ*. See *αἶθε*.

Αἶτῃ, ἡ, gen. αἶτῃ, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, *earth, land*. αἶτμα, τό, *a wailing cry, lament*. From αἶτμα, *f. ζω*, *to cry aloud or ab! to wail*, and c. acc. *to bewail*.

αἶτμα, Exclam. *alas!* Lat. *vae*.

αἶτμος, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of αἶτμα, *lamentable*.

αἶτμος, Ion. αἶτμος, *és*, prob. from αἶτμα, and so properly, *everlasting, never-ending*: hence *wearisome, irksome*: then generally, *dismal, horrible*.

Αἶτμος, *ov*, δ, (Αἶτμα, gen. -αντος) son of Ajax.

II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe Αἶτμος, named after the Hero.

αἶτμος, Adv. (αἶτμος) *for ever*.

Αἶτμα, *avtos*, δ, Ep. voc. Αἶτμα, Ajax.

αἶτμοι, *faugh!* exclam. of disgust or astonishment.

αἶτμος, δ, (αἶτμα, ἄγρος) *a wild goat*.

Αἶτμος, *ov*, Αἶτμος: Αἶτμος πῆλαγος *the Aegean sea*, also called Αἶτμος, *avtos*, δ.

αἶτμος, ἡ, (αἶτμα) *a hunting-spear, javelin*.

αἶτμος, a Ion. *η*, *ov*, (αἶτμα) lengthd. for αἶτμος, of a goat or goats, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. αἶτμος (sub. ὁρά), ἡ, *a goat's skin*.

Αἶτμος, ἡ, the black poplar, Lat. *pōpulus*: cf. λείκη.

αἶτμος-εἰλῆς, *ov*, δ, (αἶτμα, εἰλῆς) *a goatberd*. [ἄ]

αἶτμος, *a, ov*, = αἶτμος.

αἶτμος-εἰλῆς, *ov*, δ, fem. εἰλῆς, *idos*, on the shore. From αἶτμος-εἰλῆς, δ, (αἶτμος, εἰλῆς) *the sea-shore, beach, strand*.

αἶτμος-βόσκος, *ews*, ἡ, (αἶτμα, βόσκω) *a goat-pasture*.

αἶτμος-βόττης, *ov*, δ, (αἶτμα, βοτῆς) *feeding goats*.

αἶτμος-βοσκός, *ov*, (αἶτμα, βόσκω) *browsed by goats*.

αἶτμος-βαλλός, ἡ, *a bird, the tit*, Lat. *parus*.

αἶτμος-κνήμις, *ov*, (αἶτμα, κνήμη) *goat-skanked*.

αἶτμος-κορεῖς, *ewon*, οἱ, (αἶτμα, κοριννυμι) *feeders of goats, goatberds*.

αἶτμος-λίψ, ἦρος, δ, ἡ, (αἶτμα, λιπεῖν) properly, *deserted even by goats*: hence *steep, sheer*. [γ]

αἶτμος, ἡ, (αἶτμα) *an herb of which goats are fond*.

αἶτμος-νόμος, *ov*, (αἶτμα, νέμω) *browsed by goats*. 2.

as Subst., αἶτμος-νόμος, δ, *a goatberd*.

αἶτμος-οχος, *ov*, (αἶτμα, ἔχω) *aegis-bearing*.

αἶτμος-πόδης, *ov*, δ, (αἶτμα, ποῖς) *goat-footed*.

αἶτμος-πους, δ, ἡ, *πονν*, τό, gen. ποδός, = αἶτμος-πόδης.

αἶτμος-πύρος, δ, (αἶτμα) *a plant with a red flower, of which goats were fond*.

αἶτμος, *idos*, ἡ, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described in II. 5. 738; (from αἶτμος, *to rush or move violently*): hence 2. later *a rushing storm, hurricane*, terrible as the shaken aegis. II. from αἶτμα, *a goat-skin coat*.

αἶτμος-σκός, δ, Dim. of αἶτμα, *a little goat*.

αἶτμος-εἰλῆς, Dor. for αἶτμος-εἰλῆς.

αἶτμος, *avtos*, contr. for αἶτμος-εἰλῆς.

Αἶτμα, ἡ, the light of the sun, daylight: any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal. 2. metaph. *splendour, glory*. Hence

the upper, purer air, opp. to ἀήρ (the lower atmosphere):—hence the clear sky or heaven, bode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

πῆας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθιοπῆ.

ψ, σπος, δ, fem. Αἰθιοπῆς, ἰδος, (αἰθω, ὄψ) op, negro, properly Burnt-face.

τό, and δ, (αἰθω) burning heat, fire.

ή, όν, (αἰθω) burnt:—fire-coloured, fiery.

ρα (sc. στοά), ή, (αἰθω) the corridor or vestibule; mostly looking East or South, to the sun,—whence the name.

ι, σπος, (αἰθός, ὄψ) fiery-looking, of metal, of wine, sparkling. II. metaph. fiery, n.

later αἶθρα, ή, (αἰθήρ) clear sky, fair weather, ium.

γενέτης, ου, δ, = αἰθηγενής.

γενής, ές, (αἰθήρ, γενέσθαι) born from ether.

ι, ή, = αἰθήρ: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. in fine weather, Lat. per purum. II. the

υ.

ἰω or —ἰάω, to be clear, of the sky.

κουντέω, f. ήσω, (αἰθρία, κοῖτη) to sleep in the

r.

ις, ου, (αἰθήρ) clear, bright, fair.

II. in

air: hence cold, chill.

ς, δ, = αἰθήρ: esp. the clear chill air of morn.

ΥΙΑ, ή, a sea-gull or diver, Lat. mergus.

ήρη, ήρος, δ, (αἰδύσσω) one that darts rapidly.

σω, f. ὕξω, (αἰθω) to put in rapid motion; to

—Pass. to move rapidly, quiver.

Ω, only found in pres. and impf. ήθον, to light

it:—Pass. to burn. 2. rarely intr. to burn

e.

, ανος, δ, (αἰθω) properly fiery, burning. II.

α, flashing, glittering.

III. of animals,

erce; or perh. of their colour, yellow, tawny,

t. fulvus, rufus.

conj., Dor. for εἰ κε, ἐάν, with subj. if

Α'ΔΔΩ, f. αἰκᾶλῶ, properly of a dog, to wag

fawningly: to wheedle, fondle.

αἰκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

ι, ή, = αἰκία, q. v.

ος, ου, = αἰκέλιος.

ή, (αἰσσω) rapid motion, a rush, Lat. im-

[r]

, ές, poet. for αἰεκής, contr. αἰκής, unseemly,

κός, in unseemly fashion.

[r], ή, Att. for the Ion. αἰεκής, injurious

nt, an outrage, insult, affront: oft. also in

ous, stripes.

ο, (αἰκής) to treat injuriously, to affront, out-

sp. by blows, to plague, torment: mostly as

αἰκίζομαι: f. ἰσσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ήκι-

in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ήκι-

pf. ήμισμαι: to be tormented.

μα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) an outrage, torture.

αἰκτος, ου, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) unapproachable.

αἰ-λίνος, ό, a mournful dirge, (from αἰ, λίνος, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. os, ov, plaintive, mournful.

αἰλ-ουπος or αἰέλ-ουπος, ου, ό, ή, (αἰλός, οὐρά) a cat, so called from the wavy motion of the tail.

ΑἷΜΑ, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. streams of blood:—also bloodshed; εἰργασται μητρῶον αἷμα a mother's blood has been shed; αἷμα πράττειν to shed blood; ἐφ' αἵματι φεύγειν to be banished for homicide. II. like Lat. sanguis, blood-relationship, kin.

αἱμᾶ-κορίαι or αἱμα-κουρίαι, ών, αἰ, (αἷμα, κορηνυμι) offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

αἱμακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of αἱμάσσω, stained with blood, bloody.

αἱμᾶλός, α, ου, (αἷμα) bloody, blood-red.

αἱμάς, ἄδος, ή, (αἷμα) a gush or stream of blood.

αἱμᾶσία, ή, a wall of dry stones, Lat. maceria: a fence. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἱμᾶσι-ώδης, es, (αἱμασία, εἶδος) like a fence or bedge.

αἱμάσσω, Att. αἱμάττω: f. ἄξω: aor. I ήμαφα: (αἷμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἱματ-εκχύςια, ή, (αἷμα, ἐκχέω) shedding of blood.

αἱματηρός, ἄ, όν, (αἷμα) bloody, blood-stained, murderous. II. consisting of blood.

αἱματη-φόρος, ου, (αἷμα, φέρω) bringing blood: murderous.

αἱματῶεις, esσα, εν, (αἷμα) bloody, covered with blood. 2. blood-red, or consisting of blood. 3.

bloody, murderous.

αἱματο-λοιχός, όν, (αἷμα, λείχω) licking blood; ἔρας αἷμ. thirst for blood.

αἱματο-πώτης, ου, δ, (αἷμα, πίνω) a blood-drinker, blood-sucker.

αἱματορ-ρόφος, ου, (αἷμα, ροφέω) blood-drinking.

αἱματόρ-ρύτος, ου, (αἷμα, ρέω) blood-streaming.

αἱματο-σταγής, ές, (αἷμα, στάζω) blood-dripping.

αἱματό-φυρτος, ου, (αἷμα, φύρω) blood-stained.

αἱματο-χάρμης, ου, ό, (αἷμα, χαίρω) delighting in blood.

αἱματόω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ήμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ήμάτωμαι: (αἷμα) to make bloody.

αἱματ-ώδης, es, (αἷμα, εἶδος) looking like blood, blood-red.

αἱματ-ώπος, όν, and αἱματ-ώψ, ὠπος, ό, ή, (αἷμα, ὠψ) bloody to behold.

αἱμνιον, τό, (αἷμα) a basin for blood.

αἱμο-βάφης, ές, (αἷμα, βάπτω) bathed in blood.

αἱμο-βόρος, ου, (αἷμα, βορά) greedy for blood.

αἱμό-δυπος, ου, (αἷμα, δύω) bloodthirsty.

αἱμορ-ράγης, ές, (αἷμα, ραγῆναι) bleeding violently.

αἱμόρ-ραντος, ου, (αἷμα, ραίνω) blood-sprinkled.

αἱμορροέω, f. ήσω, (αἱμορροός) to lose blood: to have a discharge of blood. Hence

αἰπήεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for αἰπεινός.

αἰπολλῶ, f. ἡσω, (αἰπόλος) to be a goat-herd:—Pass. to feed, browse.

αἰπολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goat-herds.

αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a herd of goats. II. a goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶξ, πολέω) a goat-herd.

Αἰψος, εος, τό, a height, a steep; πρὸς αἶψος up-hill.

Αἰψῶς, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰψύς, high, lofty, of cities: αἰψά βέεθρα rapid torrents.

αἰψύ-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰψύς, μήτις) with high thoughts.

αἰψύ-νωτος, ον, (αἰψύς, νῶτος) high-backed, on a high ridge. [ῥ]

Αἰπύς, εἰά, ὄ, high and steep, of cities on steep rocks; βρόχος αἰπύς a noose hanging straight down. 2. beadlong; αἰψὸς ἔλεθος sheer, utter destruction; αἰψὸς χόλος towering wrath. 3. metaph. bard, difficult; αἰψὸς οὐ ἐσσεῖται it will be bard work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.

αἶρεσις, εως, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself, choosing, choice; αἶρεσιν διδόναι to give choice; αἶρεσιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan, purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. a heresy.

αἰρετέον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or choose. II. αἰρετός, α, ον, desirable.

αἰρετίω, f. ἴσω, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong to a sect.

αἰρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. heretical.

αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen, preferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

Αἰρεῖν: impf. ἤρεον, Ion. αἶρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: pf. ἤρηκα, Ion. ἀραίρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραιρήκεα.—Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρησάμην.—Pass., fut. αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρησομαι: aor. I ἤρέθην: pf. ἤρημαι: plqpf. ἤρημην.—Also from the root *EΛΩ, aor. 2 εἶλον, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. εἰλεῖν: fut. med. ἐλοῦμαι: aor. 2 εἰλόμην; Ep. 3 sing. γέντρο, for ἔλετρο: rarely aor. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer, overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III. to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer one thing to another: also μάλλον αἰρεῖσθαι to choose in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by vote, elect to an office.

*Αἶρος, ὁ, ἴρος Ἀἶρος, Irus unhappy Irus.

Αἶρῶ, Att. for αἰέρω: f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ἤρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι: pf. ἤρακα.—Med., impf. ἤρόμην: fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἤράμην: aor. ἤρόμην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρθην: pf. ἤρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἶρειν πόδα to walk; αἶρ. σημεῖον to hoist a signal; αἶρειν ναῦς to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans. to get under way, start, set out; αἶρειν ταῖς ναυσὶν to set sail; αἶρειν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἶρειν θυμὸν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a height, increase. III. to lift and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound, αἶρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

Αἶρ'σα, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate, Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῇ αἰσῇ by ill luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; ληϊδὸς αἶσα one's share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν, like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ᾔσθανόμην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι: aor. 2 ᾔσθόμην, later aor. I ᾔσθησάμην: Dep.: (ᾔσθω, αἰσθῶ):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, sometimes to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception. II. in plur. the senses. III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense. αἰσθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

ἀίσθω, (*ᾄω, ἀημι) to breathe forth, Lat. exspiro; θυμὸν ἀίσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring.

αἰσμία, happiness. From

αἰσμος, ον, also η, ον, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, appointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσμον ἦμαρ the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable to fate, meet, right; αἰσμία εἶδω knowing what is right and proper.

αἰσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky, happy: opportune.

αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—ὁ αἴτιος, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τὸ αἴτιον the cause of a thing.

αἰτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιόομαι.

αἰτιόω, αἰτιόωτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιόομαι.

αἰτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίζω.

Αἰτναίος, α, ον, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

ΑἰΨΗΝΗΣ, Adv. = ἄψνω, ἄψνω, on a sudden.

Hence

αἰψήνιδος, ον, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. -δῖως, also -δῖον, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσσω.

αἰχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

αἰχμάω, f. αῶω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμαλώτια, ἡ, (αἰχμαλωτος) captivity. II.

a body of captives.

αἰχμαλωτεύω, f. εἰσω, (αἰχμαλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμαλωτίζω, f. ἴσω, = αἰχμαλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμαλωτίζομαι in same sense: fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλωτισμαι.

αἰχμαλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμαλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αἰχμαλωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From αἰχμ-άλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἀλωτός) taken by the spear or in war; of αἰχμαλωτοι prisoners of war; τὰ αἰχμαλωτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2.

as collective noun a body of spearmen, as δοπίς a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμηεῖς, εσσα, εν, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, δ, Ep. for αἰχμητῆς.

αἰχμητής, οὔ, δ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior. II.

as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητίς, ἴδος.

αἰχμο-φόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

ΑἰΨΑ, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (αἰψηρός, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

αἰψηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἰψα) quick, speedy, sudden.

ΑἰΨΩ, used only in pres. and impf. αἰων, to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

ΑἰΨΩ [αΨ], used only in impf. αἰων [αΨ] = ἀημι, to breathe. 2. = αἰσθα, to breathe out, expire;

φίλον αἰων ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἰών. [αἰ]

Αἰὼν, ὄνος, δ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰω:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period.

space of time, eternity.

of life.

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (αἰέω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs. II. a hovering in air, oscillation.

αἰώρῳ, f. ἦσω, (αἰέω) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving. II. more freq.

in Pass. αἰώρομαι, aor. I ἠωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, hover or flit about. 2.

metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

αἰώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is bung up: a banging cord or halter. II. a being bung up, hovering: a hanging.

αἰώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰώρῳ, hovering.

ἀκά, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκήρ, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδημεία, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [Ὶ], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academics.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀ-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. importunity.

ἀ-καιρος, ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ἐς ἀκαιρα πονεῖν, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv. -πως. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus:

ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, ον, δ, poet. for ἀκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἀκακος, benignant, gracious.

ἀκάκία, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀ-κάκος, ον, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἴδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλαρ-ρέιτης, ον, δ, (ἀκαλός, ῥέω) soft-flowing.

ἈΚΑΛΗΨΗ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as of a nettle. [ἀκά]

ἀ-κάλλης, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (a privat., κάλλος) without charms.

ἀ-καλλιέρητος, ον, (a privat., καλλιερέω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, ον, (a privat., καλλωπίζω) undorned.

ἀ-κάλυπτος, ον, (a privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κάλυφής, ἐς, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγης, ον, δ, (ἀκάμας, λόγῃ) unwearied with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ον, δ, (ἀκάμας, μάχῃ) unwearied in fight.

barred, unravaged, of countries: generally, *unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.*

ἀ-κέρastos, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure from a thing.*

ἀ-κέρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κέρας) *without horns.*

ἀ-κεραύνωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεραυνῶ) *not struck by lightning.*

ἀκέρδεια, *ῆ*, (ἀκέρδης) *want of gain, loss.* From

ἀ-κέρδης, *ῆς*, (a privat., κέρδος) *without gain, bringing loss.* Adv. *-δῶς, gratis.*

ἀκέρκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., κερκίω) *unwoven.*

ἀ-κερσε-κόμης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (a privat., κείρω, κόμη) *with unshorn hair*, epith. of Apollo: also *ever-young*, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀ-κερως, *ov*, gen. *ov*, and ἀ-κέρωτος, *ov*, = ἀκέρastos.

ἀκέσασθε, *aor. I imperat. of ἀκέομαι.*

ἀκεσί-νοσος, *Ep. ἀκεσί-*, *ov*, (ἀκέομαι, νόσος) *bealing disease.*

ἀκεσις, *εως, ῆ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a bealing, cure, remedy.*

ἀκεσμα, *τό*, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy, cure.*

ἀκέομαι, *fut. of ἀκέομαι.*

ἀκεσ-, for words so beginning, *v. sub ἀκεσ-.*

ἀκεστήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a bealer, restorer, physician; ἀκεστήρ χαλινός* the rein that tames the steed.

ἀκεστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, = ἀκεστήρ: *a mender of torn clothes.*

ἀκεστορία, *ῆ*, (ἀκέστω) *the bealing art.*

ἀκεστός, *ῆ, ὁν*, (ἀκέομαι) *curable: easy to be cheered or revived.*

ἀκεστρα, *ῆ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a darning-needle.*

ἀκέστρια, *ῆ*, *fem. of ἀκεστής*, *a sempstress.*

ἀκεστρον, *τό*, (ἀκέομαι) *a remedy.*

ἀκεστὺς, *υός, ῆ*, *Ion. for ἀκεσις.*

ἀκέστωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (ἀκέομαι) *a bealer, saviour.*

ἀκεσ-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀκος, φέρω) *bringing a cure, bealing.*

ἀκεσ-ῶδυνος, *ov*, (ἀκέομαι, ὀδύνη) *allaying pain.*

ἀ-κέφαλος, *ov*, (a privat., κεφαλῆ) *without a head: without beginning.*

ἀκέων, ἀκέουσα, (*ἀκήν*) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. *stilly, softly, silently*: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκέων δαίνυσθε *feast ye in silence*:-the dual ἀκύντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although *fem. ἀκέουσα* is found, yet ἀκέων stands also with the *fem.*, as Ἀθηναίη ἀκέων ἦν.

'AKH', *ῆ*, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: 1. *a point, edge*, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκωχή, ἀκμή, ἀλχμή, ἀκύνη, ἀκρος, and Lat. *acies*, *acuo*). 2. *silence*, (whence ἀκήν, ἀκέων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα). 3. *bealing*, (whence ἀκέομαι).

ἀ-κήδυστος, *ov*, (a privat., κηδῶ) *uncared for, unheeded: without funeral rites, unburied.* Hence ἀκηδέστωρ, Adv. of ἀκήδυστος, but in act. sense, *without heed for any one, remorselessly.*

ἀκηδέω, *f. ῥω*: *aor. I ἡκήδησα*, *Ep. ἀκήδεσα*:-to neglect, slight, c. gen. From

ἀ-κηδής, *ῆς*, (a privat., κηδος) *pass. uncared for*:

unburied.

II. act. *without care or sorrow*, Lat. *securus.* 2. *heedless, careless.*

ἀκήκω, *pf. med. of ἀκούω.*

ἀ-κλήτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηλέω) *to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.*

ἄκημα, *τό*, = ἄκεσμα, *a cure, remedy.*

ἀκήν, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. *stilly, softly, silently.*

ἀ-κηράσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.*

ἀ-κήρᾶτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright*:-c. gen. *pure from, free from taint of* . . . II. *unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.*

ἀ-κήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *unbarmed by the fates, uninjured.* II. act. *unbarring, harmless.*

ἀ-κήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *without heart or soul, lifeless.* II. *without heart or courage, heartless, spiritless, Lat. vecors.*

ἀκηρότατος, *Ep. for ἀκηρατώτατος*, *Sup. of ἀκήρατος.*

ἀκηρυκτεῖ and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. *without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce.* From

ἀ-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρύσσω) *unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκηρυκτος πόλεμος* a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. *inglorious, unknown.* 3. *unheard of, sending no tidings.* Hence ἀκηρυκτως, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κήρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρώ) *not covered with wax, unwaxed.*

ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέαται, *Ep. for ἡκήχηνται*, 3 pl. redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχήμενος, *Ep. for ἀκαχημένος*, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, *ov*, (a privat., κίβδηλος) *unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, bonest.*

ἀκιδνος, *η, ov*, *weak, feeble, faint*, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κιδάρις, *ι, gen. ιος*, (a privat., κιδάρα) *without the barb.*

ἀκίκως, *vos, ὁ, ῆ*, (a privat., κίκως) *powerless, feeble.* ἀκινάκης, *ov*, or *εος, ὁ*, Lat. *acinaces*, a Persian word, *a short sword.*

ἀ-κινδύνος, *ov*, *without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly.* Adv. *-νως.*

ἀ-κίνητος, *ov*, rarely *η, ov*, (a privat., κινέω) *unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish.* 2. *unaltered, settled, steady.* II. *immovable, hard to move.* 2. *not to be stirred or touched, inviolable,*

like Lat. *non movendus: not to be divulged.* [Ὶ]

ἀ-κίως, *ov*, (a privat., κίς) *without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ἀκιώτατος.*

ἀκίρως, *όν*, = ἀκιδνος.

ἀκίς, *ιδος, ῆ*, (*ἀκή*, Lat. *acies*) *a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting: πύθων ἀκίδες* the stings of desires. [ᾶ]

ἀ-κίχτος, ον, (α privat., κίχτω) not to be reached, unattainable: of persons, not to be reached by prayer, inexorable.

ἀκίχτομαι, Dep. (ἀκίω) to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness: generally, to dissemble.

ἀκίω, ἡ, a bugbear: acc. to others a vain woman.

ἀκίλωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀ-κλαστος, ον, (α privat., κλάω) unbroken.

ἀ-κλαυτος or ἀ-κλαυτος, ον, (α privat., κλαίω) pass. unwept: without lamentation. II. act. unweeping, tearless.

ἀ-κλεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῇ, poet. ἀκλεᾶ: (α privat., κλέος):—without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. ingloriously.

ἀ-κλετα, ἡ, (ἀ-κλεής) ingloriousness.

ἀ-κλειής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀ-κλειστος, ον, Ion. ἀ-κλήστος, Att. contr. ἀ-κληστος, (α privat., κλείω): not shut, not bolted or fastened.

ἀκλεῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, ingloriously.

ἀ-κληής, ἐς, poet. for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κληρος, ον, without lot or portion, poor, needy. 2. without lot or share in a thing, c. gen. II. unlotted, without an owner.

ἀ-κληρώτος, ον, (α privat., κληρώω) without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.

ἀκληστος, ον, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλητος, ον, (α privat., καλέω) uncalled, unbidden.

ἀ-κλίνης, ἐς, (α privat., κλίνηναι) bending to neither side: unswerving, steadfast.

ἀ-κλυστος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (α privat., κλύω) unwashed by waves.

ἀκμάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀκμή) to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection: hence to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτῳ, etc.: c. inf. to be strong enough to do; but impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., it is big time to do.

ἀκμαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκμή) in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν in the prime of strength. II. in time, in season, Lat. opportunus.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκῃ, Lat. acies) a point, edge; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆς on the razor's edge, i. e. at the critical moment; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί. 2. the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβης, Lat. flos aetatis; ἀκμή θέρους mid-summer:—generally, strength, vigour. 3. like καιρός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time; ἀκμή [ἔστι], c. inf., 'tis big time to do; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., to be on the point of doing.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. in a moment, directly: even now, still, like ἔτι.

ἀκμηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκμή) full-grown, in full vigour.

ἀκμηνος, ον, fasting from food. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κμής, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, (α privat., κάμνω)=ἀκάμας, untiring, fresh.

ἀ-κμητος, ον, (α privat., κάμνω) unwearyed, untiring.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἀκμων, τίθημι) the anvil-block.

ἌΚΜΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, an anvil, Lat. incus.

ἀ-κνισσος or rather ἀ-κνίσος, ον, (α privat., κνίω) without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice.

ἀκοή, Ep. ἀκονή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) bearing: I. the

sense of bearing: the ear; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέχεσθαι to hear, etc. II. a bearing, listening to; ἀκοῆς ἄξιος worth bearing. III. the thing

heard, a report, saying, fame; ἀκοῇ εἰδέναι τι to know a thing by hearsay.

ἀ-κοίμητος, ον, (α privat., κοιμάομαι) sleepless.

ἀ-κοινωνητος, ον, (α privat., κοινωνέω) not shared in common. II. act. not sharing in, not partaking of: hence unsocial.

ἀ-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (α=ἄμα, κοίτη) a bedfellow, spouse, husband: fem. ἀ-κοίτης, ιος, ἡ, a wife.

ἀ-κολάκευτος, ον, (α privat., κολακέω) not flattered, not won by flattery.

ἀκολᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) licentiousness, intemperance: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκολασταῖνω, (ἀκόλαστος) to be licentious, debauched, intemperate: to live a riotous life.

ἀ-κόλαστος, ον, (α privat., κολάω) Lat. non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled: also uneducated. 2. intemperate, opp. to σώφρων.

Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. intemperately: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως ἔχειν πρὸς τι to be too intemperate in a thing.

ἀ-κόλος, ον, ὁ, (α privat., κόλον) a bit, morsel.

ἀκολουθεῖν, f. ἴσω, (ἀκύνω) to follow, go after or with. II. metaph. to follow or obey one in a thing. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, a following, sequence.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθεῖν, one must follow.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθεῖν) a following, attendance, train. II. agreement or conformity with.

ἀ-κόλουθος, ον, (α copul., κέλευθος) following, attending on:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, ὁ, a follower, attendant; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι the camp followers. II.

following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, c. gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. —θως, in accordance with, c. dat.

ἀ-κόλυμβος, ον, unable to swim.

ἀ-κομιστία, Ep. —τη [ἡ], ἡ, want of tending. From ἀ-κόμιστος, ον, (α privat., κομίζω) untended.

ἀ-κομος, ον, (α privat., κόμη) without hair, bald: of trees, leafless.

ἀ-κόμπαστος, ον, (α privat., κομπάζω) unboastful.

ἀ-κομπος, ον, without boast, unboasting.

ἀ-κομψος, ον, unadorned, simple, plain. Lat. simplex. II. rude in speech.

ἀκονάω, f. ἴσω, (ἀκονή) to sharpen, whet.

ἀ-κόνδυλος, ον, (α privat., κονδύλη) without blows.

ἀκονή, ἡ, (ἀκῃ) a whetstone, bone, Lat. cos.

ἀ-κονίτι, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (α privat., κόνιω) without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil,

οὐ φέρει τὴν ἀκόνιτι.

τον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monksblood.
τ, later form for ἀκόντι.

ρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἤκοντισα, Ep.
σα: (ἀκων):—to hurl a javelin: also to throw,
dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc.
to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and
to be so hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth
of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or

πον, τό, Dim. of ἀκων, a dart, javelin.
ἴσις, ἦ, (ἀκοντίω) the throwing a javelin.
ισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίω) that which is darted, a
; ἐντὸς ἀκοντισμάτων within a dart's throw.
ιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκον-
τῆς, burler of javelins.
ιστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίω) skilled in throwing
t.

ιστύς, ὅς, ἦ, Ion. for ἀκόντις, the game of
t, a contest at throwing the dart.

ο-δόκος, ὄν, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the
e. spinning it.

ος, ὄν, without weariness: I. pass. un-
t, untiring. II. act. not wearying,

2. removing weariness, refreshing.
ιστατος, most shameless, a Sup. either from
= ἀκίρεστος; or shortened for ἀκορεστότα-
p. of ἀκίρεστος, like μέσστος, νέστος.

εστος, ὄν, (a privat., κοπέννυμι) insatiate, un-
: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.

t satiating: not disgusting.
ετος, ὄν, = ἀκίρεστος.

ητος, ὄν, (a privat., κοπέννυμι) insatiate: c.
isated with, ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a
κοπέω) unswept, untrimmed.

ος, ὄν, = ἀκίρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-
it. improbus.

Σ, εος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-
for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to
: a remedy.

λέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-
to be out of order, to offend.

μηςτος, ὄν, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,
rily. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

αία, ἦ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,
From

μος, ὄν, without order, disorderly: in moral
unruly, rebellious:—Adv. -μως, without or-

II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no
like γάμος ἀγάμος, etc.

ῶω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I' part.
ας, well-fed, over-fed. From

ΣΤΗ, ἦ, barley.
ἰομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to hearken to, c.

II. to be called, bidden; δαιτὸς ἀκονάζε-
: are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat.

ῆ, ἦ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατὴρ ἀκονή
of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κουρος, ὄν, (a privat., κούρος) childless, without
male heir. II. (a privat., κούρᾳ) unborn.

ἀκούσειαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I
opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουσέω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.

ἀκουσί-θεος, ὄν, (ἀκούω, θεός) heard of God.

ἀκούσιμος, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀκούω) audible.

ἀκούσιος, ὄν, Att. contr. for ἀκούσιος, unwilling,
under constraint:—Adv. -ίως, unwillingly, or in an
unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-
willingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound,
strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀκουσμάτων, τό, a little tale.

ἀκουστέον, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one
must hear or hearken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

ἀκουστός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible:
that should be heard.

ἌΚΟΥ'Ω, f. ἀκούσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.
ἀκήκοα, Dor. ἀκουκα: plqpf. ἀκηκείην, Att. ἀκηκόη:
—Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἠκούσθην: pf.
ἤκουσμαι:—to bear, used both with gen. and
acc. 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφὲς bear,
O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.

gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to
bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.

or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with
an Adv. εὖ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire.

ἄκρα, Ion. ἀκρη, ἦ, (properly fem. of ἀκρος) the end,
point, esp. the highest point, the top of the hill, peak,
headland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' ἀκρης πέρθειν,
Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e.
utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

ἀκράντος, ὄν, = ἀκραντος, without result, unful-
filled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

ἀ-κράγης, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.

ἀκραῆ, contr. form of ἀκραία, acc. masc. of ἀκραής.

ἀκρ-αῖς, ἐς, (ἀκρος, ἀημι) of certain winds, blowing
strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραϊφνής, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραιο-φανής, (ἀκεί-
ραιος, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.

unbarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἀ-κραντος, ὄν, (a privat., κραινω) unaccomplished,
unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράστια, ἦ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκρατής,
incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἀ-κράτεια, ἦ, earlier form of foregoing. [ᾶ]

ἀκράτεστος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.

ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not
having power or command over a thing; ἀκρατής
ὀργῆς, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense,
without power or command over oneself, incontinent,
Lat. impotens sui.

ἀ-κράτίζομαι, fut. Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to drink pure
wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because

this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ὄν, having breakfasted. [κρά]

ἀκρατοπεία, Ion. ἡ, a drinking of unmixed wine. From

ἀκράτος, πότης, or, Ion. ἀκράτος-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος, εἶναι) a drinker of unmixed wine.

ἀκράτος, Ion. ἀκράτος, or: Comp. and Sup. ἀκράτουτος, ἀκράτος: (a privat., ἀκράτῃμι):—unmixed, pure, sheer, undiluted: esp. of wine, ἀκράτος (sub. οἶνου), a wine without water, sheer wine. Lat. *purum*: metaph., ἀκράτος τοῦς pure intellect. a. unrestrained, unrestrained, excessive: in-
 ἀκράτως, εω, ὁ, — ἀκράτως, without control. [ἀκρά-
 ἀκράτως, Adv. of ἀκράτως, without control: ἀκράτως
 εἶναι to be unrestrained.

ἀκράτῃμι, εω, ὁ, — ἀκράτῃς, without control. [ἀκρά-
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 εἶναι to be unrestrained.

ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος) the end of a branch or
 branch a small branch, sprout, twig.

ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος) at the beginning
 of the year, at the start.

ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος) at
 the end of the year, at the end.

ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, ἀκράτῃς, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος) at
 the end of the year, at the end.

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 the end of the year, at the end.

fused, disorderly: countless. 2. lasting, unceasing:
 of mountains, continuous. II. undecided,
 doubtful.

2. unjudged, untried, of persons
 and things; ἀκράτον τινα κτείνω, to put to death
 without trial, Lat. *indicta causa*:—also not subject to
 trial. III. act. not giving judgment. 2. not
 exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

ἀκρίτο-φύλλον, or, (ἀκρίτος, φύλλον) of blended
 foliage.

ἀκρίτο-φύρτος, or, (ἀκρίτος, φύρτος) undistinguish-
 ably mixed.

ἀκροῶμαι, Dep. = ἀκροῶμαι.

ἀκροῶμαι, τοῖς (ἀκροῶμαι) Lat. *acrouima*, anything
 heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or
 sung: a story or musical piece.

ἈΚΡΟΑΪΩΜΑΙ: imperf. ἤκροαμαι: fut. ἀκροῶμαι
 (ἀ): aor. 1 ἤκροασα: pres. participle ἤκροατος: Dep. — to
 hear or listen to, esp. to hear or attend lectures;
 ἤκροαται a hearer, student. II. to obey.

ἀκροῶται, εω, ὁ, ἀκροῶται: a hearer or lis-
 tener to. a student.

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choice parts : hence the first-fruits of the field, etc., like ἀπαρχαί :—properly a neut. Adj. κροθίνιος, whence θῆη ἀκροθίνια offerings of vits. [θε]

κελαινώω, (ἀκρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. τροκελαινώων, growing black on the surface. κνέφαλος, ov, and ἀκρο-κνεφής, és, (ἀκρος,) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. κομος, ov, (ἀκρος, κόμη) with hair on the

II. with leaves at the top.

κόρινθος, ό, the citadel of Corinth.

κύματώ, f. ὡσα, (ἀκρος, κύμα) to float on the waves.

λίθος, ov, (ἀκρος, λίθος) with the extremities, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, and feet.

λίγιον, τό, (ἀκρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.

λογέω, (ἀκρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

λοφίτης, [ί], ov, ό, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a moun-

λοφος, ό, (ἀκρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

λύττω, (ἀκρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

μάνης, és, (ἀκρος, μάνηται) at the height of s, raving mad.

μόλιβδος, ov, (ἀκρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the pith. of a net.

ου, τό, neut. of ἀκρος, the highest or topmost

I. a mountain-top, peak.

II. metaph.

hest pitch, the height of a thing.

III. pl.

if persons, the chiefs.

νύχι, Adv. (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the

νύχος, ov, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκράνυχος.

νύχος, ov, (ἀκρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

πενθής, és, (ἀκρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ποδητή, Adv. (ἀκρος, πούς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

πολις, εως, ή, (ἀκρος, πόλις) the upper or city, hence the citadel, castle : in Att. esp.ropolis of Athens, which served as the trea-

II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the

point.

πόλος, ov, (ἀκρος, πολέω) high-ranging : ge-high.

πόρος, ov, (ἀκρος, πείρω) boring through, z with the point.

πτερον, τό, (ἀκρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

πόλις, ή, poet. for ἀκρόπολις.

, α, ov, (ἀκή) at the end, i.e. either outermost, trenus, or at the top, Lat. summus ; ἀκρα χείρ,

όδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc. ; κρη = ἀκρόπολις, the citadel ; ὕδωρ ἀκρον the

of the water ; so also, ἐπ' ἀκροῖς (sc. δακτύ- i tiptoe ; οὐκ ἀπ' ἀκρας φρονέω not from the

of the heart, i.e. from the inmost heart ; λαίφους κρασπέδους with the outermost edges

sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time,

πέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III.

ree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent ; ἀκροὶ Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets ; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἀκρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀκρον and ἀκρα, as

Adv. very, exceedingly, highly : v. ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-σίδηρος, ov, (ἀκρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀκρό-σοφος, ov, (ἀκρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀκρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀκρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀκρο-σφάλής, és, (ἀκρος, σφάλῃναι) apt to stumble.

ἀκροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ἀκρος.

ἀκρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἀκρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀκρότης, ητος, ή, (ἀκρος) a summit, height.

ἀκροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From ἀκρό-τομος, ov, (ἀκρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀκρ-ουχέω, (ἀκρον, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀκρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀκρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀκρο-χάνης, és, (ἀκρος, χάνειν) wide-yawning.

ἀκρο-χειρίζομαι, Dep. (ἀκρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀ-κρυπτος, ov, (a privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀ-κρύσταλλος, ov, without ice, unfrozen.

ἀκρ-ωλένιον, τό, (ἀκρος, ὠλένη) the point of the elbow.

ἀκρ-ωνύχια, ή, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail : hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀκρ-ώνυχος, ov, (ἀκρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀκρ-ώρεια, ή, (ἀκρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρως, regul. Adv. of ἀκρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηριάζω, f. σω : aor. I ἠκρωτηρίασα : pf. pass. ἠκρωτηριάσμαι :—to cut off the extremities, esp. the

hands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἀκρος) any topmost or prominent part ; ἀκρ. οὐρεος a mountain-peak ; ἀκρ. νηός a ship's

beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταίνωω, = ἀκταίνω.

ἀκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἀγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, ov, (ἀκτή) on the shore or coast. II.

Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ή, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτή.

ἈΚΤΕΑ, ή, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτέανος, ov, (a privat., κτέανον) without property.

ἀ-κτένιστος, ov, (a privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγω, one must lead : εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must

go or march.

ἀ-κτερεῖστος or ἀ-κτερίστος, ov, (a privat., κτερεῖω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτή, ή, (ἀγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i.e. the beach, sea-shore, strand ; in plur., ἀκταί προ-

βλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

personally, *ἀνὰ τὴν αἰὸν* *phos* or *elph*, like the sea-
mon, Lat. *per*

ἀκτῆ, φ. (τοῦτο) properly term, of *ἀκτῆ* (broken,
to *ἀκτῆ*, broken, Lat. *mola*; groats, meal, bread
made of it

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δρόμος, the bounding race; by others from *ἀλ*, *δρό-*
μος, a race over the sea.

ἀλαφονία, ἡ, (ἀλαφόν) the character of a braggart,
vain-boasting, imposture.

ἀλαφόνευμα, τό, an imposture. From
ἀλαφονεύωμαι, f. εἶσμαι, Dep. to swagger, use
false pretensions. From

ἀλαφόν, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλῃ) a wanderer about the
country, vagabond:—hence, a false pretender, an
impostor.

II. as Adj. making false pretences,
swaggering, braggart. Lat. *gloriosus*:—Sup. ἀλαφο-
νιστάτος or -ιστάτος.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλάθης, Dor. for ἀλήθεια. ἀλήθης.
ἀλάθης, Dor. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀλάσσειν.

ἀλαίω, ἀλαίωμαι, to wander about.
ἀλαίω, φ. Dor. for ἀλασσειν.

ἀλάλα, Dor. for ἀλαλῶ.
ἀλάλα, φ. (ἀλάλα) a shouting.

ἀλάλαγος, f. ἀλάλαγος.
ἀλάλαξω, f. ἀλάλαξω, aor. 1 ἀλάλαξα, poet. ἀλά-
λαξα: (ἀλάλα) to raise the cry: generally,
to shout aloud in sign of joy: *καὶ ἀλάλαξεν* to
shout the shout of victory.

ἀλάλα, Dor. ἀλάλα, f. ἀλάλα: a loud cry: the
shout of victory.

ἀλάλας, a cry of ἀλάλα, but only used in
the sense of a shout or cry, as a beggar.

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ἰάναξα : (α euphon., λαπάω) :—to *emphy*,
make poor : esp. to drain of power and
it, overcome, slay.

ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ῥέω, (ἄλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ῥορος, ον, (ἄλστωρ) under the influence of
anger.

στος, ον, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) not to be for-
sufferable, unceasing : abominable, accursed.

στωρ, ορος, ὁ, (α privat., λανθάνομαι) be who
s not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. *Deus Vindex*,
without δαίμων : then, generally, an avenger,
utor, tormentor ; βουκόλων ἄλστωρ the herds-
plague. II. pass. one who suffers from
vengeance : a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and
ed man.

σος, ὁ, Dor. for ἀήτης.

τεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητεία.

το, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

τύς, ύος, ἡ, (ἀλαύω) a making blind, blinding.

υός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγος) giving pain, painful, griev-
Adv. -νως. II. act. feeling pain, suffering.

ονip. and Sup., v. ἀλγίων.

σί-δωρος, ον, (ἀλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ω, f. ἦσω : aor. I ἤλγησα : (ἀλγος) :—to feel
pain, suffer pain : to be sick. II. metaph.

! pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or dis-
! : to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ιδών, ύνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain,
of body or mind.

μμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

νσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

νσις, εσσα, εν, (ἀλγος) painful, grievous.

ων, ον, gen. ονος, and ἀλγιστος, η, ον, irreg.
and Sup. of ἀλγεινός, formed from Subst.

(as καλλίον, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [τ Ep.,
Att.]

ΓΟΣ, εος, τό, pain, Lat. *dolor*, whether of body
id ; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later,

ng that causes pain. Hence

νω, f. ὕνω : aor. I ἤλγυνυα.—Pass. with f. med.
οῦμαι : aor. I ἤλγυνθην :—to pain, grieve, dis-
—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at

ζ.
ἰνω : aor. 2 ἥλδανον :—to make to grow, nourish,
tben ; ἥλδανε μέλας she filled out his limbs : to
se, multiply. Only poet. (From *ἄλω, Lat. *alo*.)

σκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. =
ω. (From Root *ΑΛ-, as in Lat. *alere*.)

Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλέω) an avoiding, es-
: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

Ε'Α, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, = εἴλη, beat or warmth, of
n, or of fire. Hence

ἰνω, to warm, make warm, sun : intr. to grow
be warm.

σθαι, ἀλίσσθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of
α.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέγω) cf. ἀλγεινός) painful,
grievous, troublesome : c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλγεινοὶ δαμῆ-
μεναι horses hard to break.

ἀλεγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλεγίζον :

(ἀλέγω) :—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care
for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλεγύνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf. : (ἀλέγω) :—
in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal :

generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἀ-λέγω, (α copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble
oneself, have a care, mind, heed ; mostly with the

negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not ; rarely
without negat., Διταδ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are heed-

ful in their course ; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for
a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τισι, to be
regarded or counted among.

ἀλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέα, ἄλω) bot, warm.

ἀλεινω, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλόμαι,
ἀλεύομαι, (ἀλέα, ἄλη) to sun, anoid.

ἀλέη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλέα.

ἄλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλέω) wheaten flour.

ἄλειμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint
with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἀλείπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer : a trainer,
master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἀλείς, εἷσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἶλω.

ἄ-λεισον, τό, (α privat., λείω) an embossed cup,
generally = δέπας.

ἀλείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλη) one who leads or goes astray,
a sinner.

ἄλειφα, τό, = ἄλειφαρ.

ἄλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in
funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for

smearing with, pitch, resin.

ἈΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ψω : aor. I ἤλειψα, Ep. ἄλ- : pf. ἀλή-

λῖφα :—Pass., aor. I ἤλειφθην, also aor. 2 ἤλῖφην [χ] :

pf. ἀλήψιμαι :—to anoint with oil, oil the skin :

Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίω
to anoint with oil (see λίπα) ; esp. of anointing for gym-
nastic exercises ; οἱ ἀλείφόμενοι the athletes. II.

like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear ; οὐατα ἀλείψαι
to stop up the ears. Hence

ἀλειψις, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἀλεκτορίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἀλεκτορίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἀλεκτοριδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἀλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of
a cock : cock-crow.

ἄ-λεκτρος, ον, (α privat., λέκτρον) unwedded ; ἄ-
λεκτρα γάμων ἀμύλληματα an unlawful contest of
marriage ; ἀλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἀλεκτρύαινα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρώων,
by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἀλεκτρώων, ύνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

ἈΛΕΚΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, a cock, Lat. *gallus*.

ἈΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward
off, avert, τινί τι.

ἀλέματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἑάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω:—but ἄλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἄλεῖς.

ἄλέ-ανδρος, ον, (ἄλέω, ἀνῆρ) *defending men*. II. *the usual name of Paris in the Iliad*.

ἄλέ-άνεμος, ον, (ἄλέω, ἄνεμος) *keeping off the wind*.

ἄλέασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἄλέω.

ἄλέμεναι, -μεν, Ep. inf. of ἄλέω.

ἄλέῃσει, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἄλέω.

ἄλέημα, τό, (ἄλέω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλέξινος, εως, ἡ, (ἄλέω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλέξω, fut. of ἄλέω.

ἄλεξητῆρα, ἡ, fem. of ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian; ἄλεξητήρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξητήριος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλεξητωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἄλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξι-άρη, ἡ, (ἄλέω, ἀρά) *she that keeps off a curse; or (from δάλεω, ἄρῃς) she that guards from death and ruin*. [ἀρ]

ἄλεξι-βέλειμος, ον, (ἄλέω, βέλεμον) *keeping off arrows or darts*.

ἄλεξι-κάκος, ον, (ἄλέω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξι-βροτος, ον, (ἄλέω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξι-μυρος, ον, (ἄλέω, μυρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἄΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἄλέω, partly from ἄλέω:—fut. ἄλέξω; 3 sing. aor. 1 act. opt. ἄλεξήσῃ; fut. med. ἄλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἄλέω; aor. 1 ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἄλέομαι; aor. 1 ἤλεξαμεν:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἄλω) ἄλακον, inf. ἄλακεῖν, -ίμεναι, -ίμεν, part. ἄλακων: whence again is formed a fut. ἄλακῶ:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as. ἄλέειν τῷ τοῦτο *to help one; Ζεὺς τὸν ἄλεξήσει may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as. ἄλέειν δαναοὺς κακῶν ἡμῶν to avert the day of evil from the Danaï: cf. ἄλακε:—Med., ἄλέεσθαι τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol. to defend one'self. II. in Med. also, to repulse, repugn, recompense.*

ἄλέομαι, contr. ἄλείμαι, also ἄλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. ἄλείοιτο: part. ἄλείμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἤλειτο or ἄλειτο; imper. ἄλειναι, ἄλέασθε: subj. ἄλείηται or ἄλείνται: opt. ἄλείητο; inf. ἄλείσθαι, ἄλείσασθαι: part. ἄλεινός: Dep.: (ἄλεύω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἄλ βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἄλῶ.

ἄλεισσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 1 of ἄλεω.

ἄλειται, Ep. for ἔλγται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinder; ἄλέτης ὄνος* a mill-stone.

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἄλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλετρεύω, f. εὔσω, longer form of ἄλέω, to grind. [ἄ] ἄλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (ἄλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds a pound, a pestle*.

ἄλετρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἄλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn, Lat. molitrix*. [ἄ]

ἄλεϋ or ἄλευ, prob. shortened for ἄλεον, imper. ἄλέομαι, avoid! cease!

ἄλευάμην, aor. 1 of ἄλέομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἄλέω) *wh beaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (*barley-meal*).

ἄλεύω, f. ἄλεύω, aor. 1 ἤλευσα, used as Act. to ἄλέομαι or ἄλεύομαι (v. ἄλέομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἄΛΕΨΩ: impf. ἤλουν: fut. ἄλεσω: aor. 1 ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα: pf. ἄληλεκα, pass. ἄληλεσμαι or ἄληλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. molere.

ἄλεωρή, Att. ἄλεωρά, ἡ, (ἄλέομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, ὁπλῶν ἀνδρῶν ἄλεωρη:—absol. help, succour.

ἄΛΗ, ἡ, (ἄλῶμαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. a wandering of mind, distraction, madness, Lat. error mentis.

ἀλήθειά, poet. ἀληθεία, ἡ, (ἀλήθης) *truth*. II. *the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity*.

ἀληθιστερον, -ιστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀληθῆς. ἀληθεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀληθῆς) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled:—ἀληθεύων πάντα speak truth in all things.

ἀληθῆς, ἐς, (a privat., λῆθω) *without reserve: of persons, true, sincere; truthful, frank, honest: of things, real, actual*. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signif.: proparox. ἀληθες; itane? indeed? in sooth!

but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. recte.

ἀληθεύομαι. Dep. = ἀληθεύω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ον, (ἀληθῆς) *agreeable to truth: of persons, truthful, honest: of things, real, actual, genuine*. Adv. -νῶς.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀληθῆς, μάντις) *prophecy of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for ἀληθεία.

ἀλήθη, fut. ἡσῶ, = ἄλεω, to grind.

ἀληθῆς, Ion. -έως. Adv. of ἀληθῆς, really, truly; also as ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, most truly.

ἄλῃων πεδίων, τῶ, (ἄλ-) *land of wandering, in Lycia or Cilicia*.

ἄλῃος, ον, (a privat., λῆθω) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄληκτος, Ep. ἀλλεκτος, ον, (a privat., λῆγω) *ceasing, ceasing*. ἄληκτος ὄνος imperishable anger; ἄληκτος γῆ...

κα, ἀλέεσμαι or -μαι, Att. pf. act. and ἀλέω, *to grind*.

φα, ἀλήλῃμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of

, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground*, *r*: metaph. *a wily knave*.

ναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ν, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλόμαι) *a wanderer, rover*.

ι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

τος, ον, (α privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid*, *hard to catch*: Comp. ἀλῆπτότερος, *less le*. 2. *incomprehensible*.

ῥος or ἄλῆς, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἄθροος, *in a mass*, Lat. *confertus*. [ā]

ι, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀλόμαι.

ια, Dor. ἀλῆτελα, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

ύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλῆτης) *to be a wanderer, live* *in life*.

ς, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.

ς, ον, ὁ, (ἀλόμαι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover*, *id*.

2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.

ΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλθύμην: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: *one who* *or sound*: ἀλθετο χεῖρ.

Ion. ἀλίη, ἡ, (ἀλῆς) *an assembly, gathering* *people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκ-

ῆ, (ἄλς) *a salt-cellar*.

ι, ὄν, οἱ, (ἄλς) *seamen*.

τος, poet. ἀλαιοτός, ὁ, (ἄλς, αἰτός) *the sea-spray*.

ις, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἀημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing* *d*.

θής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) *sea-blooming, i.e. purple*.

τος, ον, (α privat., λιά(σ)μαι) *unyielding, un-* *neut. ἀλίσσων* as Adv., *incessantly*.

ίτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.

ιεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.

ιος, α, ον, *resembling, like*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ινος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.

κής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἔρκος) *sea-girt, surrounded by*

ι, gen. ἑως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) *one who* *to with the sea, and so* I. *a fisher*. II. *in, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἀλιῆας *on the sea*.

ικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.

ω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύς) *to be a fisher, to fish*.

, f. ἴσω: aor. ἡλίστα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλίσθην: γμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλῆς):—*to gather together*:—Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [ā]

, f. ἴσω, (ἄλς) *to salt*. [ā]

ινος, ον, (ἄλς, ὠνη) *sea-girt*.

ῆ, Ion. for ἀλία.

ης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.

ωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for ἀλιεύς.

ι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἀλίη.

ἀλίθιος, Dor. for ἡλίθιος.

ἀ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.

ἀλικία, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλικία.

ἀλί-κλυτος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύ(ω) *sea-beaten*.

ἀλί-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κάμνω) *wearied by the sea*.

ἀλίκος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.

ἀλί-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea, of waves*.

ἀλί-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [v]

ἀλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.

ἀ-λίμενος, ον, (α privat., λιμήν) *without harbour, Lat. importuosus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence

ἀ-λιμενότης, ἡ, *the being without harbours*.

ἀλι-μυρήεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλς, μύρω) *flowing into the sea, of rivers*.

ἀλίνδω, aor. I ἡλίστα, inf. ἀλίσσαι: pf. ἡλίστα:—*to make a horse roll*:—Pass. ἀλινδέομαι or ἀλίνδομαι, *to roll like a horse*; also *to wander up and down, roam about*. Hence

ἀλινδήθρα, ἡ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.

ἀλί-νήκτεα, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἀλι-νηκτήρ (ἄλς, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.

ἀλί-νηχής, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλινος, η, ον, (ἄλς) *made of or from salt*.

ἀ-λινος, ον, (α privat., λινον) *without a net, without* *bunting toils*.

ἄλιξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.

ἀλί-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) *worn by the sea*.

ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἥλιος, *the sun*. [ā]

ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) *of, from, or belonging to the sea*, Lat. *marinus*. [ā]

ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [ā] (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄλιο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.

ἀλιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἡλίωσα, Ep. ἀλίωσα: (ἄλιος) 11):—*to make fruitless, disappoint*.

ἀ-λιπάρής, ἐς, *not fit for a suppliant*.

ἀλίπεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) *a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeus*.

ἀλί-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.

ἀλίπλακτος, Dor. for ἀλίπληκτος.

ἀλι-πλανής, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence

ἀλιπλανία, ἡ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.

ἀλί-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλῆσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.

ἀλί-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀλί-πλους, ον, (ἄλς, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.

ἀλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.

ἀλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφύρα) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ράγῃς, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥάγῃναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλιρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραῖνω) *sea-surfing.*

ἀλιρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγής.

ἀλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλιρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλιρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἌΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough*, Lat. *satis*: also c. gen., ἄλις ἀργύρου *silver enough*, Lat. *sat argenti*; ἄλις ἔχω τινός I *have enough of a thing*: rarely *just enough*, = μετρίως.

ἄλισαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἌΛΙΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ἦσα, to *pollute*. Hence

ἀλίσγημα, ατος, τό, a *pollution*.

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἡλίσκωμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ἦλαν, Att. also ἐάλων [~]; subj. ἀλῶ, Ep. δλώω; Ep. ἀλοῖην; Ep. δλόην; inf. δλῶναι [ᾱ]; part. ἄλούς: pf. ἦλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [ᾱ]: plqpf. ἡλώκειν—to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's band.

2. to be caught, seized.

3. to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.

4. rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.

II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; δλώνα κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.

ἀλι-στεφάνος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλι-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλι-στός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλι-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταῖνω, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἤλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. I ἤλιτσα.—Med., aor. 2 ἤλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλίτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἀλη)—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.

ἀλιτάνευτος, ον, (α privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τένω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλιτήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) a *sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταῖνω, with accent and signif. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμ. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time*: hence un^{timely} born.

ἀλιτήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt*: ἀλιτήριος τινος *sinning against him*.

ἀλίτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλιτο-φροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρεῖν) a *wicked mind*.

ἀλιτραῖνω, = ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτρία, ἡ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὄν, syncop. for ἀλιτηρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning*: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, a *sinner, a knave*.

ἀλί-τρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed*:

as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, a *seaman*.

ἀλί-τύπος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) a *salt cheese*.

ἀλίως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain*.

ἀλιφίγειν, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ἡ, *shipwreck*. From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea*:

as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, a *pirate*.

ἀλκαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty*.

ἄλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) a *safeguard, bulwark, defence*.

ἄλκῆς, ἄντος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαῖος, = ἀλκήεις.

ἄλκή, ἡ, (ἀλκακῆν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might*: in plur. ἀλκαί, *seats of strength*. II.

spirit, courage. III. a *safeguard, defence*; and

so help, succour. IV. *battle, fight*.

ἀλκήεις, εσσα: Dor. ἀλκαῖος contr. ἀλκῆς, gen.

ἄλκῆντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty*.

ἄλκί, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἄλκι-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting*.

ἄλκιμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave*.

ἄλκι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-hearted*.

ἀλκτήρι, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλκακῆν) *one who wards off, a protector*.

ἄλκυονίδες, αἱ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἄλκυον) *balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm*.

ἈΛΚΥ'Ω'Ν, ὄνος, ἡ, the *kingfisher, balcyon*.

ἈΛΛΑ, Conjunction, neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a

change of accent:—in another way, otherwise: I.

to oppose single clauses, *but*, Lat. *autem*.

II. to oppose whole sentences, *but, yet*, Lat. *at*:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. *tandem*: ἄλλ' ἔθι, ἄλλ' ἄγε, *well come, come now*.

III. joined with other Particles: I.

ἄλλ' οὐν, *but then, however*. 2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, *Lat. enimvero, but really, certainly*.

ἄλλαγή, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) a *change, exchange, barter*.

ἄλλαγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing*.

ἄλλαντοπωλῆς, ον, to *sell sausages*. From

ἄλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἄλλας, πωλέω) a *sausage-seller*.

ἄλλάζει, ἐλλάζεσθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἄλλαξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλλάσσω) a *changing, interchange*.

ἈΛΛΑΞ, ὁ, a *sausage*.

ἄλλάσει, f. ἄλξω: aor. I ἤλλαξα: pf.

ἤλασμαι, ἄλλαχθῆσθαι, fut. 2 ἄλλαγή

or. 1 ἡλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἡλλάγην: pf. ἡλλαγ-
λος):—to make other than it is, to change.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, re-
2. to change, and so leave, quit.

III. exchange, exchange, τί τινας or ἀντί τινας
3 for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci,
mutare.

IV. Med. to change or alter
n, but oftener to exchange for oneself, ex-
interchange: hence to barter, traffic:—and

1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place,
; ἄλλοτε ἄλλαχῇ at one time in one place,
or in another.

θεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place: by
way.

θεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else.

ισε, Adv. elsewhere, to another place.

ν, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. alibi.
ν, ἄλλεξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v.

Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I.
place: 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat.

2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. alior-
II. Adv. of Manner, in another way,
else, otherwise, Lat. alias.

i. e. ἄλλο ἢ, except.

ορέω, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to im-
than what is said, to express or to interpret

ally.

τος, on, poet. for ἀ-ληκτος.

φάγία, ἡ, an eating one another. From
φάγος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one

another.

φθορία, ἡ, mutual destruction. From
φθόρος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying

ber.

φονία, ἡ, mutual slaughter. From
φόνος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φένω) murdering

ber.

ον, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. ἄλ-
us, ois: acc. ἀλλήλους, as, α: (ἄλλος):—of

ber, to one another, one another. Hence

ως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually.

τος, on, poet. for ἀ-λίστος, (α privat., λίσ-
negotiable.

ίνευτος, on, poet. for ἀ-λιτάνευτος, (α
ιτανεύω) inexorable.

ενής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race: a
r.

λωστος, on, (ἄλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange
foreign.

τοῦ, Ion. aor. I part. ἀλλογνώσας, (ἄλλος,
take one person or thing for another, to mistake.

νωτος, on, (ἄλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for
person or thing, unknown.

ἄπός, ἡ, ὅν, strange, foreign, belonging to an-
other or land: ἄλλοδαπῇ (sc. γῇ) in a strange

Deriv. of -δατος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλλοδοξος) to mistake one thing
for another. Hence

ἄλλοδοξία, ἡ, a mistaking one thing for another.

ἄλλό-δοξος, on, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion.

ἄλλο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form,
looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat.
aliunde.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place,
Lat. alibi.

II. in another way, in another case,
otherwise, Lat. alias.

ἄλλό-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (ἄλλος, θρόος)
speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἄλλοίος, α, on, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, dif-
ferent, other:—Comp. ἄλλοιότερος, different.

ἄλλοιόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἡλλοίωσα:—Pass., pf. ἡλ-
λοίωμαι: (ἄλλοίος):—to make different, to change,
alter:—Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to

be changed for the worse.

ἄλλοίως, Adv. of ἄλλοίος, otherwise.

ἄλλοκα, Accl. for ἄλλοτε.

ἄλλόκοτος, on, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange,
monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ἈΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO: fut. ἀλοῦμαι: aor. I
ἡλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι: aor. 2 ἡλόμην: Ep. syncope,
2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσο, ἄλτο; 3 subj.

ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται; inf. ἄλέσθαι; part. ἀλόμενος, Ep.
ἀλμενος: Dep.:—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρὸς-ἄλλος, ὅ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one
who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ἈΛΛΟΣ, ἡ, ο, Lat. ALIUS, another, other: I.
ἄλλος τις, or τις ἄλλος, any other, some other: εἰ τις

ἄλλος, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else. 2. ἄλλος
is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs

derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says
one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art.,

ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the
others, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat.

cetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest,
besides: οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί. . . all others and especially. . .

so also ἄλλως τε καί. . . both otherwise and. . . i. e.
especially. 4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when

it means yet, still, further, e. c.: πέμπτος ποταμὸς
ἄλλος, yet a fifth river. II. more rarely like

ἄλλοίος, of other sort, different: hence 1. other
than what is common, strange, foreign. 2. other

than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοσε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere,
to foreign lands, Lat. aliosum.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other
times; ἄλλοτε. . . ἄλλοτε. . . at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι; Adv. (ἄλλος, τίς) anything else? Lat.
numquid aliud? when followed by ἡ, the sentence is

elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἡ πεινήσονται; i. e. ἄλλο τι
πείσονται, ἡ πεινήσονται; will they feel aught else

but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but
ἡ is sometimes omitted.

also pf. pass. ἀλαύκτῃμαι, as if from a pres. *ἴω*, το-πέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκος π, πέδη) an indissoluble *τ fetter*.

τος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled.

II. (α privat.,

α, aor. 1 inf. of ἀλύσκω.

ς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκω) an escaping, avoiding.

ητος, ον, (α privat., λυπέω) not pained or *τ*. II. act. not paining or distressing.

τος, ον, (α privat., λυπη) without pain or grief, *ied*. II. act. not paining, causing no pain *if, harmless*.

ος, ον, (α privat., λύρα) without the lyre, un-
danted by it: hence mournful.

ς, εως, ἡ, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ντελής, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence hurt-
adv. -λώς.

κάζω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκω, used only in pres.
pf.

κάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκω.

κω: fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. 1 ἤλυξα,
νξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

σω, f. ἔζω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.

τος, ον, (α privat., λύω) not to be loosed or
, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

νος, ον, without lamp or light.

Γ'Ω, Att. δλύω, used only in pres. and impf.:
δλῶμαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill

ς, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like
ν: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ
n., ῥ in Att.]

ΕΛ'ΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἔλφοι:—
ιγ in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον

ειν to incur envy.

ιν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνει.

σί-βους, α, ον, (ἀλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in
hence of maidens whose parents receive many

s presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ιστής, οὔ, δ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄνδρες
ταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious

esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

τ-ἀμοιβός, δ, (ἀλφίτον, ἀμειβω) a dealer in
meal.

ΕΙΤΩΝ [τ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. po-
sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἀκτῆ, barley-meal:

ere in plur. ἀλφίτα, barley-groats, and the cakes
ridge made of it. 2. metaph. one's daily

one's substance: πατρὶς ἀλφίτα one's patrimony.

τοποιῖα, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From
το-ποιός, δ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

το-στέτω, f. ἤσω, (ἀλφίτον, σιτέω) to eat, live
ley-meal, or bread made of it.

ν, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

acc. of ἄλως.

aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

νός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλως) used on a threshing-floor.

νός, εως, Ep. ἡος, δ, (ἀλως) a thresher, vine-dresser.

ἀλωή, Dor. ἄλωά, poet. for Att. ἔλως:

threshing-floor. II. any levelled plot of ground,
a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἀλώη, Ep. for ἀλῶ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκο-
μαι. II. ἀλῶη, Ep. for ἀλόη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt.

of same verb.

ἀλωήτης, ον, δ, (ἀλως) a busbandman, gardener. [ἄ]

ἀλωμέναι, Ep. for ἀλῶναι, aor. 2 inf. cf ἀλίσκο-
μαι. [ἄ]

ἀλῶμενος, η, ον, part. of ἀλῶμαι.

ἔλων, ανος, ἡ, = ἄλως.

ἀλῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ἄ]

ἀλωπεκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἀλωπεκεῆ (sub.
δορά): (ἀλῶπηξ) a foxskin.

ἀλωπεκίας, ον, δ, (ἀλῶπηξ) branded with a fox.

ἀλωπεκιδεύς, ἐως, δ, (ἀλῶπηξ) a fox's cub.

ἀλωπεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλῶπηξ) to play the fox, Lat.
vulpinari.

ἀλωπέκιον, τό, Dim. of ἀλῶπηξ, a little fox.

ἀλωπεκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλῶπηξ) a mongrel between fox
and dog. II. a fox-skin cap.

ἌΛΩΠΗΞ, εκος, ἡ, a fox, Lat. vulpes: metaph.
of men.

ἌΛΩΞ, ω, ἡ: gen. ἄλω or ἄλωος: acc. ἄλω, ἄλων
or ἄλωα: pl. n. ἄλως:—a threshing-floor. II. the

disk of the sun or moon.

ἀλώσιμος, ον, (ἀλῶναι) easy to take, catch, win, or
conquer. 2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II.

(ἔλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἔλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλῶναι) a taking, capture, con-
quest. II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἀλώσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἀλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀλῶναι, to be taken,
caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἀλῶω, Ep. for ἀλῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐμ, for ἀνά:—but ἐμ, for ἄμα.

ἌΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. simul. II.

Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμα, Dor. for ἄμα.

Ἄμαζών, ἴνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also
Ἄμαζονίδες.

ἀμαθῆναι, (ἀμαθής) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἀ-μαθής, ἐς, (α privat., μαθεῖν) untaught, unlearned,
stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without know-

ledge of a thing. II. pass. not learnt, unknown.
Hence

ἀμαθία, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἀμαθόεις, οεσσα, οεν, contr. ἀμαθοῦς, οὔσσα, οῦν,
(ἀμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθόεις, sandy.

ἈΜΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see
ψάμμος. [ἄμα-]

ἀμαθύνω, (ἀμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly
destroy.

ἀμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθής, ignorantly; ἀμαθῶς ἔχειν
to be ignorant.

ἀ-μαιμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἀμαχος, ir-
resistible, huge, enormous.

ἀμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, ον, (a privat., μετρέω) immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless.

ἀμετρό-βιος, ον, (ἀμέτρος, βίος) of an immeasurable life.

ἀμετρο-επίης, ἐς, (ἀμέτρος, ἔπος) immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.

ἀμετρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀμέτρος, πότης) drinking to excess.

ἀ-μετρος, ον, (a privat., μέτρον) without measure, immense, boundless, incessant. 2. immoderate.

ἀ-μέτρως, Adv. of ἀμέτρος, infinitely.

ἀμευσί-πορος, ον, (ἀμεύω, πόρος) = τριόδος, Lat. trivium, where three paths cross.

ἀμεύω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύσασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.

*ΑΜΗ, ἡ, a shovel or mattock. 2. a water-bucket, pail, Lat. bama. 3. a barrow, rake.

ἀμή, Att. ἀμή, Adv., properly for ἀμῆ, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, in a certain way: ἀμηγέτη, in some way, somehow or other. [ᾶ]

ἀμήν, Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.

ἀ-μῆνιτος, ον, (a privat., μῆνιω) not wrathful.

*ΑΜΗΣ, ητος, ὁ, a kind of milk cake.

ἀμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμητήρ, ητος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer. [ᾶ]

ἀμητος, ὁ, (ἀμάω) a reaping, harvesting: also harvest-time. II. a harvest or crop.

ἀ-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., μήτηρ) without mother, motherless. II. unlike a mother.

ἀμηχάνως: impf. ἡμηχάνουν: fut. ἡσώ: (ἀμήχανος):—to be at a loss or in want. Hence

ἀμηχανία, Ion. -λη, ἡ, want of means, helplessness, distress. II. bardsbip, trouble.

ἀ-μήχανος, ον, (a privat., μηχανή) without means or resource, helpless. II. more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.

ἀμηχανόωσι, ἀμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ἀ-μίαντος, ον, (a privat., μαινώ) undefiled, pure.

ἀμί-θεος, Dor. for ἡμί-θεος.

ἀ-μικτος, ον, (a privat., μίγνυμι) unmixed, pure. II. not mingling with others, unsociable, savage. III. not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμικτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.

*ΑΜΙΛΛΑ, ης, ἡ, a contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀμιλλάομαι, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. I med. ἡμιλλήσασθην and pass. ἡμιλλήθην: pf. ἡμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari. II. generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλήρεον, verb. Adj. one must compete.

ἀμιλλημα, τό, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a contest, conflict.

ἀμιλλητήρ, ητος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival.

ἀμμηγό-βιος, ον, (ἀμίμητος, βίος) inimitable in one's life.

ἀ-μίμητος, ον, (a privat., μιμέομαι) inimitable.

ἀμίξια, Ion. -λη, ἡ, (ἀμικτος) a being unmixed, purity. 2. want of intercourse, unsociableness.

ἀμ-ιππος, ον, (ἄμα, ἵππος) along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse. 2. ἀμπτοι, οί, infantry mixed with cavalry.

*ΑΜΙΣ, ἰδος, a chamber-pot.

ἀμισής, ἐς, (a privat., μίσος) without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμισέστερος.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, without reward.

ἀ-μισθος, ον, (a privat., μισθός) without pay or reward.

ἀ-μισθωτος, ον, (a privat., μισθώω) not let out on hire, not leased.

ἀ-μίτρο-χίτωνες, οί, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτών) wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.

ἀ-μυχθάλεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of ἀμυστα, inaccessible, inhospitable.

ἀμμ-, poet. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἀμμα, ατος, τό, (ἄπτω) anything tied or made to tie: 1. a knot. 2. a noose, halter. 3. a cord, band.

ἀμμε, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμ-μένω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἀμμες, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀμ-μέσον, poet. for ἀνὰ μέσον.

ἀμμέων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἀμμι, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, Adv. poet. for ἀνὰ-μίγα.

ἀμμίξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἀμμνάσει, ἀμμνάσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμνήσει, ἀναμνήσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνησκω.

ἀμμο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄμμος, δύω) sand-burrower, a kind of snake.

ἀμμορία, Ion. -λη, ἡ, (ἄμμορος) ill fortune.

ἄμμορος, ον, poet. for ἀ-μορος, without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy.

*ΑΜΜΟΣ or ἄμμος, ἡ, sand: also a sandy place, race-course. See ψάμμος.

ἀμμό-τροφος, ον, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) growing in sand.

ἀμμο-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

Ἀμμωνιάς, δδος, or Ἀμμωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*Ἀμμων) or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.

ἀμνάμων [ᾶ], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

ἀμναστέω, ἀμναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἀμνείος, α, ον, (ἀμνός) of a lamb.

ἀμνή, ἡ, fem. of ἀμνός, a ewe-lamb.

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, ον, (a privat., μνημονεύω) unmentioned, unheeded.

ἀμνημονέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἡμνημύνησα:—to be unmindful, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.

ἀμνημοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From

ἀ-μνημων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μνήμη) unmindful, forgetful. 2. pass. forgotten, not mentioned.

ἀ-μνήστευτος, ἡ, (a privat., μνηστεύω) unmentioned, not sought in marriage.

ρέω, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget :
to be forgotten.

α, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ρία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From
τος, ov, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no
emembered.

τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was
(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἶδος, ἡ, = ἀνῆ.

ῶν, οὐντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοῶ) sheep-minded,
ple.

Οἶς, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί,
ves, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἴσρος, should be μαννο-φόρος.

τι, Adv. without toil or effort. From

τος, ov, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, un-
tiring.

Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place

or ἀμοθεί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.

Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἰδος, α, ov, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἰδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alternatim.
ἰος, ov, also η, or α, ov, (ἀμοιβή) interchang-
e : of verses, amoebaean, answering one

II. giving like for like, retributive :—
i, in requital.

ἰς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος ; χλαῖνα
a cloak for a change.

ι, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence
at, atonement : revenge. 2. an an-

II. change, exchange, barter.

ῖδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἰς, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II.
in requital or in exchange for.

ω, to have no share in a thing. From

ος, ov, (a privat., μοῖρα) without share in a
: left of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

αῖος, α, ov, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.
εὖς, εἰς, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.

ός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning
ing twilight ; the four hours either before day-
after sunset, and so generally night-time.

πος, ov, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

ός, οὐ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἴνος, ov, made of fine flax. From

ἰς, ἰδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ς, ov, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, de-
f.

II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ια, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

πος, ov, (a privat., μομφή) shapeless, missshapen,
ly, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορφότερος.

ρμός, ἡ, ὤν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.
in Att. Poets for ἡμός.

Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἰς, and so = τις,
used in the Adv. forms ἀμή, ἀμόθεν, ἀμού,

Dor. for ἡμος, as, when.

ἀμοτος, ov, insatiate, ravening, savage : neut. ἀμοτον,
as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμοῦ, Att. ἀμοῦ, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.

ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness,
boorishness. From

ἀ-μουσος, ov, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses,
without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish :
of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεῖ, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθης, ov, (a privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-μοχθος, ov, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or
trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναπ-, under which will be
found many words beginning with ἀμπ-.

ἀμ-πεδίον, ἀμ-πεδιήρης, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be
written ἀμ πεδίον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδίον, etc.

ἀμπεύραντες, Ep. aor. 1 part. of ἀναπεύρω.

ἀμ-πέλαγος, for ἀνὰ πέλαγος.

ἀμπελών, ὦνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελών, a vineyard.

ἀμπελίως, ov, also η, ov, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.

ἀμπελίον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.

ἀμπελῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a

kind of bird.

ἀμπελόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine-
clad.

ἀμπελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελουργός, q. v.

ἀμπελο-μῆξις, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μῆξις) an intermixture
of vines.

*ΑΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From

ἀμπελο-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of
the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπελών, ὦνος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.

ἀμ-πεπαλόν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλόν, redupl. aor. 2
part. of ἀναπάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές,
resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. 1 imper. and part.
of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀμπεχόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχον : fut.
ἀμφέξω : aor. 2 ἡμπισχον, inf. ἡμπισχεῖν, part. ἀμπ-

ισχών :—Med. ἀμπεχόμαι and ἀμπίσχομαι : impf.
ἡμπειχόμεν : fut. ἀμφέξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμπεσχόμεν,

part. ἡμπισχόμενος : (ἀμφί, ἔχω) :—to surround,
cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over,

Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπισχέομαι.

ἀμπήθησε, for ἀνεπήθησε.

ἀμ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-πίπλημι.

ἀμπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.

ἀμπισχνέομαι, = ἀμπέχομαι, to put on, Lat. circum-
induo.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.

ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκτης, ov, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with

guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακίσσω : pf. ἡμπλάκηκα :

αορ. 2 ἡμπλάκων :—Pass., pf. ἡμπλάκημαι :—like ἀμπαράνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.

ἀμ-πνεῖα, ἀμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπν-.

ἀμπνύε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.

ἀμ-πνόνον, for ἀνά πνόνον.

ἀμπντάμενος, ἀμπντάην, v. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀμπνκάω : aor. I pass. ἡμπνκάσθην : (ἀμπνξ) :—to bind the hair with a band : generally, to bind, wreath.

ἀμπνκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = (ἀμπνξ) a band, fillet : also a horse's bridle. Hence

ἀμπνκτῆριος, α, ov, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.

ἀμπνξ, ὕκος, ὁ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood. II. the

bead-band of horses : also a bridle. III. anything rounded, a wheel

ἀμπνως, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ius, shortened from ἀναπνως (ἀναπνέω), a being drunk up : of the sea, the ebb-tide.

ἀμνυδαλέα, contr. -αλη, ἡ, the almond-tree.

ἄμντταᾶ'αἰ, ἡ, an almond. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀμνυδάλινος, η, ov, of almonds.

ἀμννγμ, ατος, τό, (ἀμνύσσω) a tearing, rending : a scar.

ἀμννμός, ὁ, (ἀμνύσσω) a tearing, mangling.

ἀμνδς, Adv. = ᾄμα, of Time, together, at the same time : oftener of Place, together.

ἄμνταροῦς, α, ὄν, akin to ἀμανρός, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρως : also neut. ἀμνδρὺν as Adv.

ἀ-μνῆτος, ov, (α privat., μνέω) uninitiated, profane.

ἀ-μνῆτος, ov, (α privat., μνῆομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.

ἀ-μνκττος, ov, (α privat., μνῆομαι) without lowing or bellowing : of places, where no herds low.

ἄμνκλαῖζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).

ἀ-μνλος, ὁ, (α privat., μνῆα) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.

ἀ-μνμων, ov, gen. ovos, (α privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ᾶμν]

ἀμννθε, ἀμννθεῖν, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of ἀμννθω.

ἀμννδθού, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμννθω.

ἀμνναι, ἀμννασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀμννθω.

Ἀμννίας, ov, ὄν, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμννῶ) on its guard.

ἀμννον, aor. I imper. of ἀμννῶ.

ἀμνντέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμννῶ, one must assist ; so too ἀμνντέα. II. one must repel.

ἀμνντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμννῶ) a defender.

ἀμνντήριος, ov, (ἀμννῶ) fit for defending, defensive ;

ἀμνντήρια θπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμνντήριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμνντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμννῶ) able to defend or avenge. ἀμνντωρ, ερος, ὁ, = ἀμνντήρ, a helper : an avenger.

ἄμντνῶ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμννον : fut. ἀμννῶ, Ion.

ἀμννέω : aor. I ἡμννα, Ep. ἀμννα : poet. aor. 2 ἡμννᾶθον :—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo : to defend, fight for, aid : rarely to requite, repay. II.

Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.

ἀμννεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμνύσσω) a tearing, scratching.

ἄμντ'σςν, Att. -ττω : Ep. impf. ἀμννσον : fut. ἀμννῶ : aor. I ἡμννα :—to tear, scratch, wound : to

tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμὸν ἀμννεις χωμένος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]

ἀ-μνστ, Adv. (α privat., μνῶ) properly without closing the mouth, i.e. at one draught. Hence

ἀμνστίζω, f. σω : pf. ἡμνστικα : to drink deep, tipple. From

ἀ-μνστis, ios and idos, ἡ, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.

ἀμνχη, ἡ, = ἀμννεις.

ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ- ; cf. ἀμν-

ἀμφ-ἀγᾶπῶ, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφ, ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.

ἀμφ-ἀγᾶπῶ, = ἀμφαγαπάω.

ἀμφ-ἀγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερόμην : (ἀμφ, ἀγείρω) :—to collect around :—Med. to gather around.

ἀμφ-ἀγερέσθαι and -ἀγέρομαι, poet. for -ἀγείρομαι. ἀμφᾶδην, Adv. = ἀμφᾶδον.

ἀμφᾶδιος, α, ov, (ἀμφᾶδος) public, known : ἀμφᾶδης as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἀμφᾶδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From

ἀμ-φᾶδος, η, ov, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious. ἀμ-φᾶνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.

ἀμφ-ᾤσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφ, ᾤσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.

ἀμφᾶκής, Dor. for ἀμφηκής.

ἀμ-φανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.

ἀμφᾶνείν, poet. for ἀναφανείν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω. ἀμφ-ᾠρᾶβω, f. ἡσω, (ἀμφ, ᾠραβέω) to rattle or ring

about. ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμφαραβέω.

ἀμ-φᾶσίη, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.

ἀμφᾶφάσθαι, Ep. for ἀμφᾶφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμφᾶφᾶω.

ἀμφ-ᾠφᾶω, and Med. ἀμφ-ᾠφᾶομαι, (ἀμφ, ᾠφᾶω) to touch all round, feel on all sides : to fondle : to band.

ἀμφᾶδόν, -ώσσα, Ep. for ἀμφᾶδόν, ὡσα, pres. part. of ἀμφᾶρᾶω.

ἀμφᾶδόντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμφᾶρᾶω. ἀμφᾶθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφᾶρᾶω.

ἀμφ-ελκτός, ὄν, poet. for ἀμφελ-, coiled round. ἀμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἱζω, poet. for ἀμφελίσσω,

to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφέπω, poet. for ἀμφιέπω.
 ἀμφερέω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέω) to *carry* around.
 ἀμφερχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλυσθον or ἀμφήλθον: Dep.: (ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι):—to *come round one, surround*.
 ἀμφερέω, poet. for ἀναφέρεω.
 ἀμφεστῆσι for ἀμφεστῆκσι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφεύω, poet. for ἀναφεύω.
 ἀμφέσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφέχων, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχάνω.
 ἀμφεχύην [ῡ], aor. 1 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφεχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) *two-edged, double-biting*: of lightning, *forked*. II. metaph. *that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous*.
 ἀμφήλθῃς, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφερχομαι.
 ἀμφηρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) *covered all round, close-covered*.
 ἀμφήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) *having oars on both sides*. 2. (*άρω) *fitted or joined on all sides, well-fitted*. Hence
 ἀμφηρικός, ῆ, ὄν, *worked by sculls, of a boat*.
 ἀμφηριστος, ov, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) *contested on both sides, disputed*. 2. *equal in the contest*.
 ἈΜΦΙ, Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf. *on both sides, around*. I. c. GEN. *about, for, for the sake of a thing*:—*about, concerning a thing, of it*. 2. *rarely of Place, about, around*. II. c. DAT. I. *of Place, about, around, round about*:—*at, by, near, with*. 2. *not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of*: *regarding, concerning*. 3. *by means of*. III. c. ACC., *of Place, about, around, on, at*: *near about*:—*mostly with motion implied*. IV. *WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides*. V. IN COMPOS. *about, on all sides, on both sides*.
 ἀμφιῶλος, ov, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) *sea-girt, esp. having the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris*.
 ἀμφιῶχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) *to sound on all sides*: *to fly about shrieking*, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιῶχως, vta.
 ἀμφιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—*to go about or around*. 2. *to bestride*: hence *to guard, protect*. II. *to surround, encompass, wrap round*.
 ἀμφιβάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβηκα: Med., Ion. fut. -βαλεύμαι: aor. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:—*to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare*:—Med. *to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi*. 2. *esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace*: also *to grasp*. 3. *to surround, encompass*: but also *to strike on all sides*. II. intr. *to go to another place*: so also in Med.
 ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιβαίνω.
 ἀμφιβασία, ῆ, v. ἀμφισβασία.
 ἀμφιβασίς, εως, ῆ, (ἀμφιβαίνω) *a going round, encompassing*.
 ἀμφιβλήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) *something thrown round, an enclosure*. II. *a garment*.
 ἀμφιβλήτρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) *anything thrown*

round: I. *a large fishing-net*. 2. *a garment*. 3. *a fetter, bond*.
 ἀμφιβλήτος, ov, (ἀμφιβάλλω) *put or thrown round*.
 ἀμφιβήτος, ov, (ἀμφί, βοάω) *noised abroad, far-famed*.
 ἀμφιβολία, ῆ, *the state of being attacked on both sides*. II. *uncertainty, doubt*. From
 ἀμφιβολος, ov, (ἀμφιβάλλω) *thrown round*: hence, τὸ ἀμφιβολον *a garment*. II. *struck, attacked on both or all sides*. 2. act. *striking with both ends, double-pointed*. III. *ambiguous, doubtful*.
 ἀμφιβουλος, ov, (ἀμφί, βουλή) *double-minded, doubting*.
 ἀμφιβροτος, ῆ, ov, also os, ov, (ἀμφί, βροτός) *covering the whole man, of a large shield*.
 ἀμφιβροχος, ov, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) *thoroughly soaked*.
 ἀμφιβώμιος, ov, (ἀμφί, βομός) *round the altar*.
 ἀμφιγηθίω, *to rejoice around or exceedingly*.
 ἀμφιγνώω, impf. ἡμφεγνύουν: f. ἀμφιγνώσσω: aor. 1 ἡμφεγνήσα:—Pass., aor. 1 part. ἀμφιγνησθῆς: (ἀμφί, γνῶω Aeol. for γνώω):—*to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it*:—Pass. *to be unknown*.
 ἀμφιγότης, ov, (ἀμφί, γοάω) *battered all round*.
 Ἀμφιγυῖαις, ὀ, (ἀμφί, γυῖαις) *be that balls in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan*.
 ἀμφιγύος, ov, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) *properly having limbs on both sides*:—in Homer of a spear, *double-pointed*: in Sophocles of men, *well-practised*.
 ἀμφιδαίω, *to light up around*:—intrans. in pf. ἀμφιδέδθα, plqpf. -δέδθεν, *to burn around*.
 ἀμφιδάκνω, f. δήσομαι, *to bite all round*.
 ἀμφιδάκρυτος, ov, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) *causing tears on all sides*: *all mournful*.
 ἀμφιδάσως, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) *fringed all round*.
 ἀμφιδέαι, αί, (ἀμφί, δέω) *anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets*.
 ἀμφιδέδθα, -δέδθεν, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαίω.
 ἀμφιδέξις, ov, *with two right hands, very dextrous*, Lat. ambidexter. 2. *ambiguous*, Lat. anceps: *two-edged*. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφοτέρως, ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκαυῆ both hands.
 ἀμφιδέρκομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. *to look round about one*.
 ἀμφιδετος, ov, (ἀμφί, δέω) *bound all round*.
 ἀμφιδήρτος, ov, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) *disputed, doubtful*.
 ἀμφιδιαινώ, *to water around*.
 ἀμφιδινέω, f. ῆσω, *to wind or roll a thing all round*: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίνηναι, *to be fitted close*.
 ἀμφιδοκεύω, f. εἶσω, *to lie in wait for*.
 ἀμφιδονέω, f. ῆσω, *to whirl round, agitate violently*.
 ἀμφιδοξέω, *to be doubtful*:—Pass. *to be disputed*. From
 ἀμφιδόξος, ov, (ἀμφί, δόξα) *of double sense, doubtful*.
 ἀμφιδορος, ov, (ἀμφί, δέρω) *skinned all round, quite flayed*.
 ἀμφιδοχμος, ov, (ἀμφί, δοχή) *as large as can be grasped*.

ἀμφι-δρομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round: encompassing*.

ἀμφι-δρυπτος, *ον*, = ἀμφιδρυπος.

ἀμφι-δρυφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks*.

ἀμφι-δρυφός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torn on both sides*.

ἀμφι-δύμος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) *approachable on both sides*.

ἀμφι-δύω, *φ. δύσω* [ῥ], *to put round or on:—Med. to put on oneself*.

ἀμφιελικτός, *όν*, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving*.

ἀμφιέλυσσα, *φem. Adj.* *rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking*. From

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, *φ. ἔλω*, *to wind round*.

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννύω: *fut.* ἀμφιέσω, *Att. ἀμφιά: aor. I ἡμφίεσα, Ep. ἀμφίεσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡμφιέσθην: pf. ἡμφίεσμαι, poet. ἀμφιείμαι:—to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:—Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.* II.

Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι: aor. I ἡμφιεσάμην, 3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο, imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε:—to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

ἀμφι-έπω, *poët. also ἀμφ-έπω: aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον and ἀμφορον: (ἀμφί, ἔπω):—to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to: esp. to tend, protect.* III. *Med. to follow and crowd round.*

ἀμφιέσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφι-έννυμι.*

ἀμφ-ἰζάνω, (ἀμφί, ἰζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does.* [ἰ]

ἀμφι-ἕκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, ἕγγυμι) *joined from both sides*.

ἀμφι-θάλασσος, *Att. -ττος, ον*, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea*.

ἀμφιθαλής, *ές*, *blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich*. From

ἀμφι-θάλλω, *pf. ἀμφιτέθηλα, to bloom all round, to be in full bloom*.

ἀμφι-θάλπω, *φ. ψω*, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly*.

ἀμφι-θέατρον, *τό*, (ἀμφί, θέατρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre*.

ἀμφιθετός, *ον*, (ἀμφιτίθημι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides*.

ἀμφι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, *to run round about*.

ἀμφι-θηγής, *ές*, = *sq.*

ἀμφι-θηκτός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged*.

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood*.

ἀμφι-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a ball*.

ἀμφι-καλύπτω, *φ. ψω*, *to cover all round, enfold, shroud*. II. *to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in*.

ἀμφι-καίω: *Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικεάσας:—to cleave asunder*.

ἀμφι-καίω, used as *Pass.* of ἀμφιτίθημι, *to lie close upon: to leap on*.

ἀμφι-κείρω, *φ. κερῶ*, *to shear or clip all round*.

ἀμφικέφαλος, *ς*, *Ep. -κέφαλλος, ον*, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-beaded*.

ἀμφι-κίων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (ἀμφί, κίαν) *with pillars all round*. [κί]

ἀμφι-κλαστός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round*.

ἀμφι-κλυστός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλύω) *flooded around*.

ἀμφι-κομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to tend on all sides or carefully*.

ἀμφι-κομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round, thick-haired: of trees, thick-leaved*.

ἀμφικράνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κάρα) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέμαμαι, *Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (ἀμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—to bower or flutter round. Hence ἀμφι-κρεμής, ές, banging round one: banging round the shoulder*.

ἀμφικρημος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κρημός) *with cliffs all round*.

ἀμφικρηνος, *ον*, *Ion. for ἀμφικράνος, surrounding the head*.

ἀμφι-κτίοις, *ον, οί*, (ἀμφί, κτίω) *they that dwell round or near. Hence*

Ἀμφι-κτίονες, *ον, οί, the Amphictyons, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. II. the presidents of the Pythian game. Hence*

Ἀμφικτυονία, *ή, the Amphictyonic League or Council*.

Ἀμφικτυονικός, *ή, όν*, *of or for the Amphictyons or their League*.

Ἀμφικτυονίς, *ίδος, ή, fem. of Ἀμφικτυονικός: I (sub. πόλις), a city or state in the Amphictyonic League. II. a name of Artemis at Antibia, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council*.

ἀμφι-κύλινδω, *φ. -κυλίσω* [ί], *to roll about or προ*.

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) *in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος*. [ῥ]

ἀμφι-λάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λάλος) *chattering everywhere*.

ἀμφι-λαφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, λαβεῖν) *far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent*.

ἀμφι-λαχαίνω, *to dig or hoe round*.

ἀμφι-λέγω, *φ. ἔω*, *to speak on both sides, dispute*. Hence

ἀμφιλεκτός, *ον*, *discussed on all bands, doubtful. II. act. disputing, captious*.

ἀμφιλογία, *ή, dispute, doubt*. From

ἀμφι-λόγος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful. II. act. disputations, contentious*.

ἀμφι-λόφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck*.

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, *ή*, (ἀμφί, λύκη, *Lat. lux*) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning*. [ῥ]

*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) *pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμψ-μασάμην, to wipe or rub all round*.

ἀμφι-μασχάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, μασχάλη) *covering both shoulders*.

.. for ἀμφι-μήτρος.

intended for, contested on both

ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι : Dep. :—to fight round : 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [ἀ]
 ἀμφι-μέλεις, αὐα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.
 ἀμφιμέμικε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μέμικαι.
 ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.
 ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.
 ἀμφι-μυκάομαι, pf. act. μέμικα : Dep. :—to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέμικε the floor echoed all around.
 ἀμφι-νεικτής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, νεῖκος) made an object of contest, eagerly wooed.
 ἀμφι-νεικτος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεικέω) = ἀμφινεῖκος.
 ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, inhabit.
 ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think both ways, doubt.
 ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to smooth or polish all round.
 ἀμφι-ξοος, ον, contr. ἀμφίξους, ουν, (ἀμφιξέω) polishing all round.
 ἀμφι-παλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλλω) echoing.
 ἀμφι-πάτάσσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.
 ἀμφι-πέδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.
 ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around.
 ἀμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay heed to.
 ἀμφι-περκετιόες, ον, the dwellers round about.
 ἀμφι-περιπλέγην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.
 ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.
 ἀμφι-περιστροφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.
 ἀμφι-περιτρούω, to chirp or twitter all round.
 ἀμφι-περι-φθινύω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [ῥ]
 ἀμφι-πεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.
 ἀμφι-πίδω, f. ἄξω, to press all round.
 ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.
 ἀμφι-πίτνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.
 ἀμφι-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwinning.
 ἀμφι-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.
 ἀμφι-πληγῆς, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.
 ἀμφι-πολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant : be busied about, take charge of : of slaves, to serve, to minister to.
 ἀμφιπολέω, = ἀμφιπολεύω.
 ἀμφι-πολις, ποῖτ. ἀμφί-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.
 ἀμφι-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about : generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid, waiting-woman : as masc. an attendant, follower.
 II. as Adj. much frequented.
 ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. I pass. ἀμφοπνήθην :

(ἀμφί, πονέω) :—to bestow labour about, attend to, provide for.
 ἀμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.
 ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.
 ἀμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence ἀμφιπτύχη, ἡ, a clasping round, embrace.
 ἀμφι-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.
 ἀμφι-πύρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.
 ἀμφι-ρύτος, η, ον, ποῖτ. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ῥέω) flowed around, sea-girt.
 ἈΜΦΙΨ, as Adv. 1. on or at both sides : hence 2. apart, asunder; γαῖαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφὶς ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. generally, around, round about. II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around : apart from, far from. 2. rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc. about, around, when it always follows its case.
 ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship at sea.
 ἀμφισ-βαινα, ης, ἡ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.
 ἀμφισ-βασίη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀμφισ-βήτησις.
 ἀμφισ-βητέω : impf. ἡμφισβήτουν, or with double augm. ἡμφισβήτην : so, aor. I ἡμφισβήτησα or ἡμφισβήτησα :—Pass, fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβήτησομαι :—aor. I ἡμφισβήτηθην or ἡμφισβήτησθαι : (ἀμφίς, βῆναι aor. 2 of βαίνω) :—to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue :—Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence
 ἀμφισβήτημα, atos, τό, a point in dispute. And ἀμφισβητήσιμος, ον, debatable, doubtful.
 ἀμφισβήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.
 ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.
 ἀμφ-ιστάμαι, v. ἀμφιστημι.
 ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :—Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.
 ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.
 ἀμφι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.
 ἀμφ-ιστημι, to place around :—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφίστην, pf. ἀμφίστηκα :—to stand around.
 ἀμφι-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening : double.
 ἀμφι-στράταομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφοστράτωντο : Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός) :—to beleague, besiege.
 ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.
 ἀμφι-τάβης, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
 ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.
 ἀμφι-τάνω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.
 ἀμφι-τάρσσω, to trouble all round.
 ἀμφιτεβείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.
 ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τειχῆς, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) encompassing the walls.

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. 1 ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφέθη: aor. 1 pass. ἀμφετέθη:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

ἀμφι-τίνασσω, f. ἀξω, to shake around.

ἀμφι-τιττῶ, to twitter around.

ἀμφι-τόμος, ov, (ἀμφί, ταμεῖν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

ἀμφι-τορνος, ov, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) well-rounded.

ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

ἀμφι-τρής, ἦτος, δ, ἦ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, ov, (ἀμφί, *τρώω Root of τετραῖνω) bored through, with double entrance.

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.

ἀμφι-φάειω, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.

ἀμφι-φάλος, ov, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος.

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηαι) visible all round.

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

ἀμφι-φορεύς, gen. ἐως Ep. ἦτος, δ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or pitcher with two handles.

ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφέχων:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. 1 ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. 1 ἀμφεχύθη [ῥ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

ἀμφι-χρυσος, ov, (ἀμφί, χρυσεῖς) gilded all over.

ἀμφιχύθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχύτος, ov, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

ἀμφι-χωλος, ov, lame in both feet.

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

ἀμφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) a road round, a street.

ἀμ-φορεύς, ἐως, ὁ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεύς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.

ἀμφότερη, as Adv. (ἀμφότερος) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

ἀμφότερος, α, ov, (ἀμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφότερα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐπ' ἀμφότερα towards both sides. Hence

ἀμφότερῳθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

ἀμφότερῳθι, Adv. on both sides.

ἀμφότερως, Adv. in both ways. And

ἀμφότερῳσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

ἀμφ-ουδής, Adv. (ἀμφός, οὐδης) from the ground.

ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

ἀμ-φύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

*ΑΜΦΩ, τώ, τά, τώ, also οί, αἱ, τά, Gen. and Dat. ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

ἀμφώβολος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, ὁβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ῶης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-banded.

ἀμφ-ῶτης, (ῶς, ἡ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-banded pail.

ἀμφ-ῶτος, δς, = ῥεωγ, two-eared, two-banded.

ἀμψεν, for ἀμπίονεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμπίω.

ἀ-μώμητος, ov, (α privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.

ἀμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

ἀ-μωμος, ov, (α privat., μῶμος) without blame, blameless.

ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶς, Adv. from the absol. ἀμός = τίς, esp. in compd. ἀμῶς-γέ-πως, in a certain manner.

'AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle κε, ken.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I.

WITH INDIC.:—with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; ἔλεγεν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαῖ-εσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said. II. WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion.

III. WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself.

IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signif. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἐάν, with subjunctive. [ἀ]

ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ἀ]

ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεστί), be stood up, arose.

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms ἄν-, ἀγ-, ἀμ-: in general signif. opp. to κατά. I.

C. GEN. on board; ἀνά νηὺς on board ship. II.

C. DAT. on, upon. III. C. ACC. the common usage, implying motion upwards. 1. of Place, up:—ibrougbout. 2. of Time, ibrougbout. 3. in numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e. g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. sub κράτος. IV. as Adv. ibereon, ibereupon: ibrougbout, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening.

Also backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ἀνά]

for ἀνάστηθι, *up!* arise!

vocat. of ἀναψ, *king*, only addressed to gods.

ἀ, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.

ᾄδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) *going up, mounting*:

up on high, aloft; opp. to κατα-βάδην. [ᾄ]

αὐμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) *a means of going up, a of steps, stair*.

ζάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) *a ladder*.

ζαίνω, f. -θήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. 1

ἀνεβήσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσεται: pf. ἀνα-

α: I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on

ward, put to sea. II. in aor. 1 ἀνέβησα,

to make to go up, make to go on board ship,

o mount:—Pass., aor. 1 πατα-βάβησις, moun-

o also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένους.

ζακχυζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bac-

chenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.

ζακχιζώω, = ἀναζακχυζώω.

ζάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—to throw or

1. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift up

voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.

off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.

νυ one's cloak around one.

ζαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.

ἄς, ἄσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἄσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνω) *a going up, mount-*

2. *an expedition up from the coast, esp. into*

Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.

ing of a river. II. *a way up, the ascent of*

mountain, etc.

ἄτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) *one*

mounted, a horseman. [ᾄ]

ἄτκος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) *skilled in mounting*.

ἄτκος, poet. ἀμβατὸς, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) *that may*

untied or scaled, easy to be scaled.

ἔβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἐβρύχην, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύζω, to boil or

up.

ἡθι, ἀναβήναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἡβάζω: fut. med. βιβάζομαι, Att. βιβῶμαι:

ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-

to make go up: I. to mount one on horse-

2. to ship up. 3. in Med. to put

rd ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court

ice. Hence

ἡβαστίον, verb. Adj. *one must set on*.

ἡβώ: f. ἀναβιώσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεβίων, inf.

ἵναι, rarely aor. 1 ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—to

o life again, return to life.

ἡβωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβίω) *recovery of life*.

ἡβώσομαι, aor. 1 ἐνεβιόσασμην, Dep. to bring

life.

ἡλαστών, f. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:

boot or grow up again.

λεμμα, ατος, τό, *a look cast upwards*. From

λέπω, f. ψω, to look up. 2. to look back

Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover

ight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) *a seeing again, re-*

covery of sight.

ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀνα-

βάλλομαι) *boiling up:—with sudden bursts*.

ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *a putting off, delay*.

ἀνα-βλύζω, f. ὕσω: aor. 1 ἀνέβλυσα:—to gush forth;

ἀναβλύζειν ἔλαιον to gush out with oil.

ἀνα-βλώσσω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, to go up or back.

ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ἡσομαι: aor. 1 ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf.

ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or shout aloud,

utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to

call on.

ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) *bubbling*

up. II. *as a prelude or beginning of song*.

ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)

thrown up, of earth.

ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *that which*

is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. *that which is*

thrown around one, a cloak. II. *a lifting up of*

the voice, a prelude. 2. *a putting off, delaying*.

ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) *delay*.

ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -πτω: Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεβράσθην:

—to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence.

ἀνά-βραστος, ον, boiled.

*ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνέβράχην,

q. v.

*ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. 1 ἀνέβροξα, gult. ἀναβρόξαις, pf.

ἀναβίβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2

pass. part. ἀνα-βροχέας, εἶσα, ἐν, swallowed back, swal-

lowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχη.

ἀνα-βρνώζω, aor. 1 -εβρνώξα, to shout aloud for joy.

ἀνα-βρῦχάσμαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀνα-

βοάω.

ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνώ-γαιον.

ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—to carry

back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

ἀνα-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾄ]: aor. 1 -εγέλασα: to

laugh aloud.

ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἡσω, to beget anew, regenerate.

ἀν-ᾄγίομαι, Dor. for ἀν-γγίεομαι.

ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste.

ἀνα-γιγνώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγινώσσομαι,

aor. 2 ἀνέγνω: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2.

to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3.

to distinguish, discern: hence to read. II. in

Ion. Greek the aor. 1 ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense

to persuade; and aor. 1 pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-

γνωσμαι, to be persuaded.

ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἡνάγκασα: (ἀνάγκη):—to

force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also

to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. to

prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double

acc. to force a person to do a thing.

ἀναγκαίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.

ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with

force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ἡμαρ

ἀναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2.

forcible, convincing.

3. of things, requiring to be done.

II. pass. forced: hence painful. 2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκαίως, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαίως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαϊότατα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀναγκλή, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀν-ἀγκῇ as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀναγκάπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγκάμην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγκνύειν, ἀναγκνύναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγκνύσκειν.

ἀναγκνός, ον, (a privat., ἀγνός) impure, unchaste, generally unboly, guilty.

ἀναγκνύω: f. ἴω, Att. ἴω: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγκνύσις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀναγκνύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγκνύναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀναγκνύσκειν, ματος, τό, (ἀναγκνύναι) aor. 2 of ἀναγκνύσκειν a passage read aloud.

ἀναγκνύσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἀγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερω, aor. 2 ἀνείπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀναγράφος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγράφεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγράφῃ, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀναγράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γράφ]

ἀναγράφω, strengthened. for γράφω, to mutter.

ἀν-ἀγω, f. ἀνάγω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, ἀγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer=ἀγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate. II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. εαυτόν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, ribband, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-ἀγωγος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroke.

ἀν-ἀγωνιστος, ον, (a privat., ἀγωνίζομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαίω, poet. ἀν-δαίω, = ἀνακαίω, to light up. ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδατέωμαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδατος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατέωμαι, f. -δάσσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδομαι, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεύκνυμι: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-ἀδελφος, ον, (a privat., ἀδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἀνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-δείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a head or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδέξαμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέχμην: pf. ἀναδέχμεν: Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -δέσμι: pf. pass. δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀνάδε τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδῆσαι εαυτοὺς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to its founder.

III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἔλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship to tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἀνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. ἄξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκειν, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δῶσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δικος, ov, (ἀνά, δίκη) tried over again.

ἀνα-διπλῶω, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, διπλούς) to make double.

ἀνάδοτος, ov, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up.

ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδούς, οὔσα, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦνται, ἀναδούμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πόνων the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδράμωμαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνα-δύνω, to come to the top of the water.

ἀνα-δύομαι, f. δύσσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέ-δυν, pf. ἀναδέδυνκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:—

c. acc. to sbun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.

ἀναδύν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-ἀεβνος, ἡ, (a privat., ἔδον) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναείρω, aor. I inf. of ἀναείρω.

ἀν-αείρω, (ἀνά, αείρω) to lift or raise up.

ἀν-ἀελπτος, ov, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) unboped, unlooked for.

ἀν-αερτάω, lengthd. for ἀν-αείρω.

ἀνα-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζῆσω: to return to life.

ἀνα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, νῆας ἀν. to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.) to march off: Hence

ἀνάφευξίς, εως, ἡ, a marching away.

ἀνα-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνα-ζητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*: to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναζητήσις, εως, ἡ, investigation.

ἀνα-ζωγράφω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, to gird up.

ἀνα-ζωτῶ, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλλω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαροστέω, Att. -θαρπέω, to regain one's courage.

ἀνα-θαροσύνη, Att. -θαρρύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαροστέω.

ἀνα-θαίνειν, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or accursed. Hence

ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.

ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or heat again.

ἀναθετίον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θενεσσομαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully; to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θῆλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θῆλυς) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. ἀγαλμα.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press hard.

ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρόσκειν.

ἀνα-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.

ἀνάθρεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursling.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) to look up at: observe closely.

ἀνα-θρόσκειν, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρόσκειν: fut. ἀνα-θοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναίδειδς, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδέη, ἡ, (ἀναιδής) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδεύομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδής) to behave imprudently.

ἀν-αιδής, ἐς, (a privat., αἰδέομαι) shameless, unabashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called

ἄλας ἀναιδής, reckless, ruthless.

ἀν-αιθύσσω, to fan the flame.

ἀν-αίθω, (ἀνά, αἶθω) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αιμακτῆρ, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.

ἀν-αίμακτος, ov, (a privat., αἰμάσσω) bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.

ἀν-αίματος, ov, = ἀναιμος.

ἀν-αιμος, ov, and ἀν-αίμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., αἷμα) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αιμωτί, Adv. like ἀν-αιμακτῆρ. [τῇ]

ἀναίνομαι: impf. ἠνανόμην, Ep. ἀνανόμην: fut. ἀνάνομαι (not in use): aor. I ἠννήμην, inf. ἠνήνασθαι, subj. ἠνήνηται: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn: c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναίξας, aor. I part. of ἀναίσσω.

ἀναίρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀναίρεω.

ἀναίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a taking up of dead bodies: burial. 2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From

ἀν-αίρῶ: f. ἦσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tolle*, and so

I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish. III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer; but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for burial. 3. to take up newborn children, Lat. *tolle*, *suscipere liberos*. 4. to take up money at interest. II. to take upon oneself, undertake. III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνάρω, to raise up.

ἀναίσθησία, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ov, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless. II. pass. *unfelt*.

ἀν-αἰσιμός: impf. ἀναίσμιον: aor. I ἀναίσμωσα: —Pass. aor. I ἀναίσμωθην: pf. ἀναίσμωμαι: (a privat., αἴσιμος, —the simple αἰσιμῶ being never used): —an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναίσμωμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-ᾄσσω, ἀν-ᾄττω (ἀνά, αἰσσω): —to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [anā-]

ἀνασχυντός, (ἀναίχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀνασχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From ἀν-αίσχυντος, ov, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable.

ἀν-αίτητος, η, ov, (a privat., αἰτέω) unasked.

ἀν-αἰτός, ov, (a privat., αἰτία) without cause, groundless. II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly: —Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright: —Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἰσω, Att. ἰω, to renew.

ἀνα-καινοουργέω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καινός, (ἀνά, καινός) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαινώσις, εως, ἡ, renewal, restoration.

ἀνακαῖον, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκαυσα, to kindle, light up: —Med. to light oneself a fire: metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-καλέω, poet. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. ἔσω: —to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. εἰανόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-άκανθος, ov, (a privat., ἀκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

ἀνα-κίπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down.

ἀνακέαται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of ἀνα-κεῖμαι, poet. ἀγ-κεῖμαι: f. -κέισομαι: —used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue. II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἄνακειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, oi, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, ό, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -ύω: f. κεράσω [ᾶ]: —to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφάλαιος, f. ώσα, (ἀνά, κεφαλῇ) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κηκίω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to brood violently. [ἴ Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ὑξω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2. excitement, emotion. [κί]

ἀνα-κίρνυμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάγω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον: —to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλώω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα: —to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθείς, later ἀνακλιθείς, poet. aor. 1 pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, poet. ἀγ-κλίνω [ἴ]: fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινα: —to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ov, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινώω, f. ώσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him. —Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρᾶνέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομίδη, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, poet. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. -ἰσω Att. -ῶ: aor. I ἀνεκόμισα: —to carry up: esp. to carry up a against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover: —Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again: —Pass. to go back.

ἀν-ακοντίζω, f. ἰσω, to dart or sling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back: —Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἰσω, Att. ἰω, to lift or raise up: —Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἰφθις, εως, ἡ, a lifting up, lightning: relief
hing.

ἄζω, f. ἄζομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκρᾶγον:—to cry
up the voice.

ᾄθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακεράννυμι.

ἰσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακεράννυμι) a mixing up.
έκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to
voice.

εμάννυμι, poet. ἄγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor.
έμασα:—to bang up upon a thing:—Pass. to
ing up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. sus-
sse.

ἴνω [ῖ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to exa-
ill, search out. II. to examine before-

Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτούς, to question
another. Hence

ἰσις, poet. ἄγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an examination,

οτώ, f. ἡσω, to lift up and strike together:
clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἡσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a pushing back,
esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἡστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check
σύω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med.

p, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ to put her back
:ds, by backing water. 2. Med. also in o
strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀνα-

θαι.

άομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—
n for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to

erson over, gain his favour.
ισι, Ep. for ἀναξί, dat. pl. of ἀναξ.

ῖριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or
yal: ἀνακτόριον, τό, = sq. a temple.

ρον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace:
mple.

ωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

κάω, f. ἡσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.
κλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve,

und again. Hence
λησις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a cir-
culation.

ἡβδάλιζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμ-
βφορι ἀνεκμυβαλίζον the chariots were over-
with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἰπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύβομαι: aor. I ἀνέ-
f. ἀναέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to

out of the water: hence to rise out of diffi-
to recover, emerge.

οκύω, f. ἰσω, to wail aloud. [ῖ]

ς, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, carefully, ἀνακῶς εἶχειν
look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of
manager.)

χεύω, f. σω, to hold back, stay, esp. of ships,
them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τῶνον τῶν
to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep

2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to keep still. From
χῆ, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκαχῆ.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάβομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἐλάλᾳζω, aor. I ἀνῆλάξα: to raise a war-cry:
to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήβομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf.
ἀνέληφα:—to take up, take into one's hands: gene-
rally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's ser-
vice, to adopt. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon

one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πόλε-
μον. 4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λό-
γον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, re-
pair. III. to pull short up, of a horse. IV.

to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναλγησία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From
ἀν-ἄλγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I.

of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv.
-τως, unfeelingly. II. of things, 1. not pain-
ful. 2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-αλδής, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλδεῖν) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω: Ep. impf. ἀλλεγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I
ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—

Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. II.
to read aloud.

ἀνα-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a
taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, mak-
ing amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθής, ἐς, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not healing.

ἀνάλιπτος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπτος, barefoot.

ἀν-ᾠλίσκω: f. ἀνᾠλίσσω: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνά-
λωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνᾠλω-

θήσομαι: aor. I ἀνήλωθην or ἀνᾠλώθην: pf. ἀνήλω-
μαι or ἀνᾠλώμαι: the pres. ἀν-ᾠλῶ, impf. ἀνᾠλουν

are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to
squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὕπνον to use to the full, i. e.

enjoy, sleep. II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ἰδα or -iv, (a privat., ἄλκη)
without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἄλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think
over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a counting up, calculation, reason-
ing with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-αλος, ον, (a privat., ἄλα) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ᾠλῶ, a rare form of ἀν-ᾠλίσκω.

ἀν-αλτος, ον, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, in-
satiated, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing:
dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [ῖ]: pf.
-ἔλυκα, pass. -ἔλύμαι:—to unloose, undo again:

also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to
stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν,

etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαί, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀνάλω) *that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay: in plur. expenses.*
 ἀνάλωσα, ἀνάλωσαι, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλῶ) *expenditure.* [ἀνῆ]
 ἀν-άλωτος, ον, (α privat., ἀλῶναι) *not taken, not to be taken, impregnable.*
 ἀνα-μαιμάω, to rage through or througbout.
 ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθῃσθαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.
 ἀν-ἀμύευντος, ον, (α privat., ἀματεύω) *impassable for wagons.*
 ἀν-ἀμάρτητος, ον, (α privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) *without missing or failing, unfailling: in a moral sense, faultless.* Adv. -τως, *without fail.*
 ἀνα-μᾶσάομαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. *ruminari.*
 ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάψω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—to wipe up, wipe off; ἔργον, ὃ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξει a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.
 ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσσομαι or -ῆσομαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.
 ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀνάβατος, (α privat., ἀναβαίνειν) of a horse, not to be mounted, unmanageable.
 ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, to begin to sing.
 ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 2. to await, endure. 3. to put off, delay.
 ἀνά-μεσος, ον, in the middle.
 ἀνά-μεστος, ον, filled full. Hence
 ἀναμεστόω, f. ὥσω, to fill up, fill full.
 ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence
 ἀναμέτρησις, εως, ἡ, a measuring out, admeasurement.
 ἀνά-μίγα, poet. ἀμμίγα, also ἀνά-μυγδα, Adv. promiscuously.
 ἀνα-μῖγγμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I ἀνέμιξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to have social intercourse, join company.
 ἀνα-μυμνήσκω: f. ἀναμνήσω, poet. ἀμνήσω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recal to memory, make mention of:—Pass. to remember.
 ἀνα-μίμνω, poet. for ἀνα-μῖνω.
 ἀνα-μίξω, (ἀναμίγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell.
 ἀνάμιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμίγνυμι) social intercourse.
 ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμῖγγμι.
 ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.
 ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.
 ἀνα-μολαίν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλάσσω.
 ἀνα-μορμύρω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [ῶ]
 ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) to lift with a lever: to force open.

ἀν-αμπλάκτης, ον, (α privat., ἀμπλάκτος) *unerring, without wandering.*
 ἀνα-μυγθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.
 ἀν-αμφίλογος, ον, (α privat., ἀμφίλογος) *undisputed, undoubted.*
 ἀν-αμφισβήτητος, ον, (α privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) *undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute.* II. act. without dispute or controversy.
 ἀνανδρία, ἡ, unmanliness, cowardice. From
 ἀν-ανδρος, ον, (α privat., ἀνῆρ), I. = ἀνευ ἀνδρός, without a husband: without men, desolate. II. unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man.
 ἀν-ανδρόω, f. ὥσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence
 ἀνάνδρωτος, ον, widowed.
 ἀνα-νεάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again.
 ἀνα-νέμω, poet. ἀννέμω, to divide or distribute anew. II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse.
 ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise.
 ἀνα-νεόομαι, f. ὥσομαι: aor. I ἀνενοώσασθαι, poet. inf. ἀνενοώσασθαι: Dep.:—to renew, revive.
 ἀνα-νεύω, f. σω, properly to throw the head back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.
 ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανεόομαι) a renewal, revival.
 ἀνα-νήψω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's senses. 2. trans. to make sober again.
 ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, upbill, opp. to κάτωτα.
 ἀν-αντῶνιστος, ον, (α privat., ανταγωνίζομαι) without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed.
 ἀν-άντης, ες, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-bill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης: hence like Lat. *arduous, difficult.*
 ἀν-αντίρρητος, ον, (α privat., ἀντερῶ) not to be gainsaid. Adv. -ως, without contradiction.
 *ANAE, ἀνακτες, ὁ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II. any earthly lord, prince, chief, king: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. *berus.* 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as *κύπης ἀνακτες*: cf. *χειρ-ἀναξ.*
 ἀνα-ἐάλω, to rub or irritate afresh.
 ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀνα-ἐξηράνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I -ἐξήρᾶνα, poet. inf. ἐξηρᾶναι:—to dry up.
 ἀν-ἀξιος, ον, also α, ον, (α privat., ἄξιος) unworthy, not deemed worthy, c. gen.: absol. worthless. 2. undeserving of evil.
 ἀναξί-φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμυξ) lord of the lyre.
 ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, unworthily.
 ἀνα-ἐξύνω, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινωνώ.
 ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, the trowsers worn by eastern nations. (Persian word.)
 ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—to scrape off.
 ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀν-αοίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.
 ἀνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.
 ἀνάπαιστος, ον, (ἀναπαίω) struck back, rebounding:

ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), δ, *an anapaest*, i. e. reversed.

αἰω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἔλιν, Adv. back again.

II. over a-

III. reversely.

ἔλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπᾶλῶ: aor. I 1: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλὼν:—to swing to, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀν- to dart or spring up.

ἄσσω, f. ἄσω, to scatter upon.

ἄλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηγήσθαι to be into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἡσῖς, poet. ἀμπαυῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἡσυχία, Ion. ἡσυχ-, ov, (ἀναπαύω) belonging or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or τήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour also (sub. σημείον), the sound of trumpet for o to rest.

αὔω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω): ike cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest ve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave st from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain

ῖ, εἶθω, f. πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring another opinion, to persuade against one's will: bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

εἰράομαι, f. ἡσέομαι, Dep. to try or attempt to make trial of. II. as a military and arm, to exercise, practise.

εἶρω, f. περῶ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμ- Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾱ]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, υπέπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ιστήριος, α, ov, (ἀναπειθω) persuasive.

εμπάζω and ἀζομαι, to count over again.

μπω, poet. ἀμπέμπω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. :—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from

II. to send back.

παῖδμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

σεῖν, ἀναπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνα-

τεάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: τάω, Att. -πετᾶ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. im- l part. ἀμπετάσων, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀνα- ένος, η, ov, outspread, open.

έτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτόμην or ἀνε-, poet. part. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ν, poet. opt. ἀμπταίνην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up and away.

φῆνα, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ήσομαι: (v. ηγδάω): ip, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' έργον to o to work: of springs, to gush forth. II.

g back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ov, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, bali. ἀνα-πιδύω, f. ύσω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. exple:—to fulfil, accomplish. II. to fill up, appease.

III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀνα-πέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. concidere animo.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνέπλάσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέκω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II. to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεως, ov, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέως=πλέος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρῶω, f. ώσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, δ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-απλώω, f. ώσω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

ἀνα-πνέω, Ion. ἀμπνέω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ov, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνυε, ἀμπνυτο, ἀμπνύνθη v. sub vocc.) II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio.

ἀνάπνυε, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-απόδεικτος, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίζω: f. ίσω, Att. ιῶ: aor. I ἀνεπόδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question; ἀναποδίζειν εαυτόν to correct oneself. II. intrans. to step back.

ἀν-άποινος, ov, (α privat, άποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποινον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολλέω, poet. ἀμπολλέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-ἀπολόγητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀπολογέομαι) *indefensible, inexcusable*. 2. act. *unable to defend oneself, without excuse*.

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμω) *a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures*.

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμω) *one that sends up or back*.

ἀν-ἀπώνυτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀπώνιζω) *unwasben*.

ἀνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. -πράξω, *to exact, levy; ἀν. ὑπόσχεσιν to exact the fulfilment of a promise*.

ἀνα-πρήθω, *φ. σω*, properly *to set on fire, light up; δάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth*.

ἀνα-πετέω, *φ. ὥσω*: aor. I ἀν-ἐπέρωσα: pf. -ἐπέρωκα:—*to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight: generally, to raise, set up*. 2. of the mind, *to set on the wing, excite vehemently*:—Pass. *to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement*. II. *to furnish with new wings*:—Pass. *to get new wings*.

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτέσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, inf. of ἀν-έπτην, ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνεπτόμην, aor. 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὕξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεπτύχθην, aor. 2 ἀνεπτύχην [ῥ]: (v. πτύσσω):—*to unfold, undo*, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. *evolvere*, *to unroll for reading*: hence *to unfold, bring to light*, Lat. *explicare*.

II. as military term, τὴν φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν *to fold back the phalanx*, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν *to open out the wing*, i. e. extend the front, Lat. *explicare*. Hence ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, *an opening, unfolding*: an expanse.

ἀνα-πτύω, *φ. ὥσω* [ῥ], *to spit up or out*: absol. *to sputter*.

ἀν-άπτω, *φ. ψω*: aor. I ἀνῆψα:—*to bang up to, fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῦμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one*:—Med. *to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτειν ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away*:—Pass. *to be fastened or fasten oneself on, cling to*. II. *to light up, light, kindle*: metaph. *to inflame*.

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, *φ. -πεύσομαι*: aor. 2 ἀνεπύθουν: Dep.:—*to search out, inquire into*: also *to learn by inquiry*. Hence

ἀνάπυστος, *ον*, *searched out, ascertained, notorious*. ἀνάπυτος, shortened ἀπυπυτος, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀναπίνω) *a being drunk up*: of the sea, *the ebb-tide, returning of the waters*.

ἀνα-π-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with ρ the ρ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-παίζω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιορκός, Ion. for ἀνρηρκός, pf. part. of ἀναρῶ.

ἀν-ἀργύρος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀργυρος) *without silver: without money*.

ἀν-ἀρθρος, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρθρον) *without joints: disjointed, nerveless*. 2. of sounds, *inarticulate*.

ἀν-ἀριθμέω, *φ. ἡσμαι*, *to count up, enumerate*.

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀριθμητος) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀριθμός) *without number*,

countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρχω) *not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed*.

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, *unsuitableness: discord*. From ἀν-ἀρμοστος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀρμόζω) *unfit, incongruous*: of sound, *inharmonious*: of persons, *absurd*. 2. *unfitted, unprepared*.

ἀναρπᾶγή, ἡ, *recapture*. From ἀν-αρπάξω: fut. ἄξω, Att. ἄσω or ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἀνήρπασα:—*to tear up, snatch up*. II. *to hurry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate*, Lat. *rapere in jus*.

III. *to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence*. Hence

ἀναρπαστός, *ον*, also ἡ, ὅν, *torn away, carried off*, esp. into Persia, *treated with violence*.

ἀναρ-ρέω, *φ. -ρεύσομαι*, (ἀνά, ρέω) *to flow back or to the source*.

ἀναρ-ρήννυμι or -ῦω: *φ. -ρῆξω*: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:—*to break up, break through or open*. II. *to make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔτη, like Lat. rumpere voces*:—Pass. *to burst forth*. III. intr., like Pass. *to burst forth*.

ἀναρ-ρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. of aor. 2 act. ἀνείπειν.

ἀναρρήξας, aor. I part. of ἀναρρήννυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or -έω: *φ. -ρίψω*: aor. I ἀνέρριψα:—*to throw up; ἀναρριπτὲν ἅλα πηδῶ to throw up the sea with the oar*. II. ἀναρρίπτειν κένδυνον *to run the hazard of a thing, run a risk*: also without κένδυνον, *eis ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρρίπτειν to throw for one's all, stake one's all*.

ἀν-ἀρρίχσομαι, impf. ἀνερρίχμην: fut. ἀναρρίχσομαι: aor. I ἀνερρίχσάμην: Dep.:—*to clamber up with the hands and feet, to scramble up*.

ἀνάρροια, ἡ, (ἀναρρέω) *a flowing back, reflux, ebb*.

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, *φ. ῥω*: aor. ἀνῆρρησα:—*to bang up a upon, to attach to, make dependent upon*.—Med. with pf. pass. ἀνῆρρημαι, *to attach to oneself: also to owe due*:—Pass. also with pf. ἀνῆρρημαι, *to be dependent upon*; ὅτ' ἅπαντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνῆρρηται who is everything dependent on himself; but ἀνῆρρηται c. inf. *to be prepared to do*.

ἀν-ἀρτιος, *ον*, also α, *ον*, (α privat., ἀρτιος) *not fitting together: hence hostile, unpropitious, implacable*: of things, *unfavourable, strange, monstrous*.

ἀν-ἀρτάω, *φ. ῥω*: aor. ἀνῆρτησα:—*to bang up a upon, to attach to, make dependent upon*.—Med. with pf. pass. ἀνῆρτημαι, *to attach to oneself: also to owe due*:—Pass. also with pf. ἀνῆρτημαι, *to be dependent upon*; ὅτ' ἅπαντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνῆρτηται who is everything dependent on himself; but ἀνῆρτηται c. inf. *to be prepared to do*.

ἀν-ἀρτιος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀρτιος) *uneven, odd; d. ἀρτιος*.

ἀν-ἀρχαίξω, *φ. σω*, *to make old again*.

ἀναρχία, ἡ, *the state of a people without government, anarchy*. From

ἀν-αρχος, *ov*, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, *f. άωω*, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σειώ, poet. ἀνασειώω, *f. σείσω*, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασεσυρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασύρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσσύμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, *f. άωω*: pf. ἀνεσκεύακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκευάσμαι:—opp. to κατασκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), Lat. *vasa colligere*: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to disfigure, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt: ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, *ov*, (α privat., άσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπιζώ, *f. ίσω*, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκολοπιεῖσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέβομαι: aor. ἀνεσκέψάμην:—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, *f. ξω*, to tear up.

ἀνάσπαστος, *os*, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i.e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάω, poet. ἀνσπάω: *f. -σπάσω* [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέσπασα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II. τὰς ὀφρὺς ἀνσπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λύγους ἀνσπᾶν to utter boastful words.

ἀνασσα, *ή*, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσσυτος, Dor. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασσεύασκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνάσσω, impf. ἥρασον, Ep. ἄρασον: fut. ἀνάξω: aor. I ἥναξα, Ep. ἀνάξα: (ἀνάξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—Med., τρεῖς ἀνάξασθαι γένεια ἀντρῶν to have reigned for three generations:—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀνάσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστᾶδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, *ή*: I. causal

(ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστατήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστατής, *ov, ό*, = ἀναστατήρ.

ἀνάστατος, *ov*, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀνασταδῶ, *f. ώσω*, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, *f. ώσω*, to impale or crucify, like ἀνασκολοπιζώ. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, *f. -στέλλω* (for the tenses, v. στέλλω):—to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check:—Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to withhold.

ἀνα-στενάζω, *f. άξω*, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάζω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ᾶχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, *f. ψω*, to crown, wreath:—Pass., pf. ἀνέστέμμαι κόρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στηρίζω, *f. ξω*, to fix on a firm base.

ἀναστηρέω, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀναστήσομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, *ή*, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομόω, *f. ώσω*, to furnish with a mouth; ἀναστομοῖν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: pf. ἀνέστραμμαι:—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to turn back, return.

III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέβομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. *versari*; γαῖαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be busied in a thing. 3. to revolve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

ἀναστροφή, *ή*, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ἀνα-στρωφώω, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῥ], *f. -σύρῶ*: aor. I ἀνέσυρα:—to draw or pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, *f. -σφᾶλλω*: aor. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to recover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθῆναι, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνσχετός, *όν*, (ἀνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχωῖν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σχίζω, *f. ίσω*, to split up, rip up.

ἀνα-σώζω, *f. -σώσω*: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

ἀνα-ταράσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to pbenry: pf. pass. part. ἀναταραγμένος, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -τιω: f. -τάτω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατέραμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνᾶτρεῖ or ἀνᾶτρε, Adv. οἱ ἀνᾶτρε, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀνείνω: f. -τενῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνείναιεν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένους having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τεχνίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰδῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατεχνισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεila:—to make or let rise up. Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light.

II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτῷ), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατέλλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τέμω: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνᾶτρε, Adv. = ἀνᾶτρε.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀράθῃω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα.

III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from: προσθεῖς ἀναθεῖς τοῦ γε καθάρων adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo.

2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τίσσω, f. ἴσσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τίσσω, f. ἴσσω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήνω, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνα-τλήω in use (ἀνατλήνω being used instead):

fut. -τλήσωμαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατλήφ, poet. ἀντολή, f. (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμία, f. ἴσσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-άτρε, or, (a privat., ἀτρε) without harm, unperished. II. act. without harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέπω: aor. I ἀνέτρεβα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overturn, Lat. evertit.

3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -τρέφω: aor. I ἀνέτρεφα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέγω, fut. ἀνατρέγωμαι and ἀνατρέγωμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέτρεγον:—to turn back.

2. to start up.

3. to go straight up: ἀνατρέγωνται πύργη (pl. with pres. sense) the rock was above x. 4. to turn up, show up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνα-τρέφω, can. f. (ἀνα, τετραγωή) a turning through.

ἀνα-τρέβω, f. ἴσσω, to rub well, rub down. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [2]

ἀνατροπή, f. (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάζω, f. ἴσσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύγητος, or, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αύδητος, Dor. -άτρε, or, (a privat., αὐδή) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδός, or, (a privat., αὐδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλός, or, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

* ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναός, δ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships: ναὶς ἀναες ships that are ships no more, Lat. naves nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίνω, poet. ἀμφαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -έφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, show forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shown forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shown to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφανός, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδῶ, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = τοῦτο.

ἀναφανείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνοίω: aor. I ἀνήνεκα, Ion. ἀνήνεκα, also ἀνέφεα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀναέκασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to bring back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore:

intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φέρω, f. -φέρω, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφύγω, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀν-άφης, es. (a privat., ἀφῆ) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγωμαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθεύωμαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ἴσσω, to light up, rekindle: hence to ignite.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. ἴσσω, to kindle.

ἀνα-φλύω, n. bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φροβή, f. ἴσσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, as. f. (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a going back, respice, remission. 3. intr. a going back: 1

names of remission.

ἀνα-φορέα = ἀναφορά.

ἀναφορῶν, n. (ἀναφέρειν) anything to carry with: 1 under or taken for carrying.

ἀναφροσύνη, f. ἀφροσύνη, Med. to obscure again, to forget.

ἀν-αφροδίτος, or, (a privat., ἀφροδίτη) without beauty of Venus: without beauty.

ἀνα-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.

ἀναφύγῃ, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from.

II. a retreat.

ἀνα-φύρω [ῶ], pf. pass. —πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ἀνα-φυσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

ἀνα-φυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀνα-φύω, f. ὕσω, to make to grow up, to produce.

Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

ἀνα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence

ἀναφώνημα, αὖτος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀνα-χέω, f. ἄσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Ep. aor. 1 ἀνεχασάμην, to draw back, retire.

ἀνα-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχνηα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.

ἀνα-χαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overbrow, upset.

ἀνα-χάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.

ἀνα-χέω, f. χέω, to pour over.

ἀνα-χυνάλομαι, (ἀνά, χυμός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ἀνα-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

ἀνάχυστος, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

ἀνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to bear up.

ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw.

II. to come back, revert to the right owner.

Hence

ἀναχώρησις, εὖς, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀνα-ψηφίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: (ἀνά, ψηφος) to put to the vote again. Hence

ἀναψηφισίς, εὖς, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.

ἀναψύξις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.

ἀναψύχῃ, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing: rest. From

ἀνα-ψύχω, fut. ψύξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεψύχθην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῶ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: vaūs

ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῶ]

ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.

ἀνδάνω: impf. ἤνδανον, Ep. ἔήνδανον, Ion. ἔάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὐάδον and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ᾤδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'AD-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἡδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. place.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.

ἀνδρην, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδρηα, quasi ἀνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or trown up.

ἀνδρῳσάμενος, poet. part. aor. 1 of ἀναδῶ.

ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθός, f. ἦσω, (ἀνδρ-, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδραγαθία, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδραγαθίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.

ἀνδρ-άγρια, εὖ, τό, (ἀνδρ-, ἄγρια) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδράκας, Adv. (ἀνδρ-) man by man, like κατ' ἀνδρας, Lat. viritum: generally, separately, apart.

ἀνδραπόδεσσι, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδράποδον, for ἀνδραπόδους, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.

ἀνδραποδίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. 1 ἤνδραποδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδιοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἤνδραποδίστην: pf. ἤνδραποδισμαι: (ἀνδράποδον):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.

ἀνδραπόδισις, εὖς, ἡ, and ἀνδραποδισμός, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

ἀνδραποδιστής, οὖ, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδραποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνδρ-, a manikin. [ἀρ]

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνδρ.

ἀνδρ-αχθής, ες, (ἀνδρ-, ἀχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.

ἀνδρεία, Ion. —ἡτή, ἡ, (ἀνδρ-) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-εἰκλον, τό, (ἀνδρ-, εἰκλος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.

ἀνδρείος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, (ἀνδρ-) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδίτια. Hence

ἀνδρείότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρει-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (ἀνδρ-, *φένω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρεῖων, ὠνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀνδρέων: see ἀνδράν.

ἀνδρεσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνδρ.

ἀνδρεύμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρῶ.

ἀνδρεύομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.

ἀνδρεῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀνδράν.

ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρῆλατέω, f. ἥσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, ἐλαίνω) be that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ἀ]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιέω, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary. Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντοποιός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀνδριάς, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδριάς, ἀντος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνῆρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνῆρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρο-γύνος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II.

as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δαίκτης, ον, (ἀνῆρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, ἀντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, δαμάω) man-slaying: man-slaying. [ἀ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεία, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ἥτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's bands.

ἀνδρο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men. Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρο-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, ὀλλυμι) a murderess.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ον, (ἀνῆρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. *Andromaché*. [ἀ]

ἀνδρόμοος, α, ον, (ἀνῆρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παις, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, πλῆθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σίνης, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, σίνωμαι) buriful to men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, σφίγγω) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, τύχειν) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφάγεω, f. ἥσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, φάγειν) eating men: οἱ Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, φθείρω) man-destroying. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ον: hence αἷμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ον, (ἀνῆρ, φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρῶ, f. ὤσω, (ἀνῆρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ῶδης, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. -δως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρῶ.

ἀνδρών, ἰον. ἀνδρέων, ὧνος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀνδρῶν.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-ἔβην, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίνειν.

ἀν-εβήσετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίνειν.

ἀνεβρωσάμην, aor. I of ἀναβρωσσομαι.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβασε, ἰον. for ἀνεβόησε, aor. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ον, (a privat., ἐγγύη) not vowed for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα:—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaphor. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ον, (a privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνεδέγμεθα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίημι) let loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρκομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνεδύσετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνέργω, impf. ἀνέργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέζησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθελήτος, ον, (a privat., ἐθέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίημι. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίημι.

ἀνέτην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ελεύθια, ἡ, (a privat., εἰλεῖθια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-ελέω, f. ἥσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνελίγη, ἀνελίγημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνείλον, —όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναίρειν.
 ἀνεμίνως, Adv. of ἀνεμίνος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνέ-
 ημι, *let loose, carelessly: without restraint.*
 ἀν-εμῖ, (ἀνά, εἰμι ibo) to go up: to sail out to sea:
 but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a
 suppliant.
 III. to go back, go home, return.
 ἀν-εἰλῶν, ov, gen. ονος, (α privat., εἰμα) *without*
clothing, unclad.
 ἀν-εἰπεῖν, (ἀνά, εἰπεῖν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use:
 aor. I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-πέω): pf.
 ἀνείρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—*to say aloud, proclaim,*
give notice.
 ἀν-εἰργω, f. ἔω, to keep back, ward off; in poet.
 impf. ἀνέργον.
 ἀνείρημαι, pf. pass., v. ἀνεἰπεῖν.
 ἀν-εἶρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι,
 ἔρομαι):—*to inquire of, inquire about.*
 ἀν-εἰρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-ερύω, to
 draw back.
 ἀν-εἶρω, (for the tenses, v. εἶρω) to fasten on or to:
 to wreath together.
 ἀνέας, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.
 ἀν-ἐκᾶθεν, (ἀνω, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, from above:
 cf. ἀγκάθεν. II. of Time, from the first.
 ἀν-ἐκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) *upwards, on high, Lat.*
sursum.
 ἀν-ἐκβάτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκβαίνω) *without outlet.*
 ἀν-ἐκδιήγητος, ov, (α privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) *inde-*
scribable, extraordinary.
 ἀν-ἐκδρομος, ov, (α privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) *without es-*
cape, inevitable.
 ἀν-ἐκδάλυτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκκαλέω) *unspeakable.*
 ἀν-ἐκλείπτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκλείπω) *unfailing.*
 ἀνεκλήθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀνέκλινα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀν-ἐκπύπλημι, fut. —ἐκπλήσω, to fill up or again.
 ἀν-ἐκπληκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐκπλήσσω) *undaunted:*
 τὸ ἀνέπληκτον *dauntlessness.*
 ἀνέκράγον, aor. 2 of ἀνακράζω.
 ἀν-εκτός, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne.
 ἀνεκτός, ov, later ἥ, ov, (ἀνέχομαι) *bearable, toler-*
able:—Adv. ἀνεκτός, so as to be borne.
 ἀν-ἐκφραστος, ov, (α privat., ἐκφράζω) *unutterable,*
indescribable.
 ἀν-ἐλεγκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐλέγχω) *safe from*
being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.
 ἀν-ελεῖμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλεῖμων) *un-*
merciful.
 ἀνελείν, ἀνελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναίρειν.
 ἀν-έλεος, ov, (α privat., ἔλεος) *unmerciful.*
 ἀνελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀνελευθερος) *illiberality.*
 ἀνελευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνελευθερία. From
 ἀν-ελευθερος, ov, illiberal, slavish, Lat. *illiberalis*:
 in money matters, *niggardly.*
 ἀνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.
 ἀν-έλισσω, Att. —τω, f. ἔω, to unroll, like Lat. *evol-*
vere, of books in rolls, and so *read and explain.* 2.
 metaph. ἀνελίσσων βίον to pass one's life.

ἀν-έλω: f. ἀνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύσω [ῥ], with
 aor. I ἀνελκύσα, pf. pass. ἀνελκύσμαι (as if from
 ἀν-ελκύω):—*to draw up, to bold up: esp. to draw*
up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῦς to haul
up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into
open court:—Med. to draw to oneself: ἀνέλκεσθαι
τρίχας to tear one's own hair. II. to draw back.
 ἀν-ελπίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ἐλπίς) *without hope.*
 ἀν-ἐλπιστος, ov, (α privat., ἐλπίς) *unhoped for,*
unlooked for. II. act. of persons, *having no*
hope, hopeless. 2. of things, *leaving no hope, hope-*
less. III. Adv. —τως, *hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως*
ἔχειν to be in despair.
 ἀν-ἐμβάτος, ov, (α privat., ἐμβαίνω) *inacces-*
sible. II. act. *not going to or into.*
 ἀ-νεμέστος, ov, (α privat., νεμεσάω) *free from*
blame, without offence.
 ἀ-νέμητος, ov, (α privat., νέμω) *not distributed.* II.
having no share.
 ἀνεμῖος, α, ov, (ἀνεμος) *full of wind, windy.*
 ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. *to be driven with the wind.*
 ἀνεμο-δρόμος, ov, (ἀνεμος, δραμεῖν) *swift as the wind.*
 ἀνεμνήσθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.
 ἀνεμῖος, εσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, exposed to the*
wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy. [ᾱ]
 *ANEMOS, ὁ, a wind, Lat. *ventus*; θύελλα ἀνεμοῖο
 a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἐστηκώς the wind
 being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four
 winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and
 Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as
 points of the compass. [ᾱ]
 ἀνεμο-σκεπής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) *sheltering from*
the wind.
 ἀνεμο-τρέφής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) *fed by the wind,*
of a wave; ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree
made tough by the wind.
 ἀνεμῶ, f. ὦσω: pf. pass. ἠνέμομαι: (ἀνεμος):—*to*
expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by
the wind.
 ἀν-εμποδίστος, ov, (α privat., ἐμποδίζω) *unbindered.*
 ἀνεμ-ώκης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, ὠκύς) *swift as the wind.*
 ἀνεμῶλιος, ov, (ἀνεμος) *windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.*
 ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) *the wind-flower, anemone.*
 ἀν-ενδεής, ἐς, *not in want.*
 ἀν-ενδεκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐνδέχομαι) *inadmissible.*
 ἀνέναικα, poet. for ἀνήμεικα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρειν:
 ἀνενέικατο, aor. I med., ἀνενευχθείς aor. I pass. part.
 ἀνενήνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.
 ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀνίημι.
 ἀν-εξάλεπτος, ov, (α privat., ἐξαλείφω) *indclible.*
 ἀν-εξέλεγκτος, ov, (α privat., ἐξελέγχω) *not put to*
the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be
refuted: irreproachable.
 ἀν-εξερεύνητος, ov, (α privat., ἐξερευνάω) *not to be*
searched out, unsearchable.
 ἀν-εξέταστος, ov, (α privat., ἐξετάζω) *not searched*
out, not inquired into. II. βίος ἀνεξέταστος a
 life without inquiry.

ἀν-εξεύρετος, ον, (α privat., ἐξευρίσκω) not to be found out.

ἀνεξι-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) enduring evil: forbearing.

ἀν-εξιχνίαστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξιχνιάζω) not to be traced out.

ἀν-εξόδος, ον, (α privat., ἐξόδος) without outlet, without return, Lat. irremediabilis.

ἀνεοί or ἀνεοί, v. sub ἀνεως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέονται.

ἀν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., ἐορτή) without festival; ἀνεόρτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαισχύνομαι) having no cause for shame.

ἀν-επαλτο, Ep. for ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, he was thrown up, rushed up.

ἀνέπαυσα, aor. I of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against.

ἀν-επιδίκος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδίκος) undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute.

ἀν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) unexpected, unforeseen.

ἀνεπιείκεια, ἡ, unfairness. From

ἀν-επιεικής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπιεικής) unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς.

ἀν-επικλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.

ἀν-επιληπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιξεστος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιξέω) not polished over, not finished off.

ἀν-επιπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.

ἀν-επύρρεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπύρρέζω) not used for sacrifices.

ἀν-επισκοπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκοπτομαι) not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered.

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From

ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing. Adv. -μόνως.

ἀν-επιτάκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτήδειος, ον, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, ἡ, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτήδειος) unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.

ἀν-επιτιμητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) not to be censured.

ἀν-επιφθονος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιφθονος) without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -νως.

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνιπτάμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράσμαι, aor. I ἀνηράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) to love again.

ἀν-εράστος, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.

ἀν-εργος, ον, (α privat., ἐργον) not done; ἔργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta.

ἀν-έργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, f. ἴσω, to provoke again.

*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. I ἀνρείψαντο: to snatch up and carry off.

ἀν-ερευνάω, f. ἴσω, to search out.

ἀν-ερευνήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) not searched out: not to be searched out.

ἀν-έρομαι, Ep. ἀνείρομαι: aor. ἀνηρύμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι): to question, ask.

ἀν-έρπω, aor. I ἀνείρψα (as if from ἀνερπύζω): to creep up.

ἀν-έρρω: aor. I ἀνῆρρησα: to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀν-ερυθρίαώ, f. ἴσω [ᾱ]: to begin to blush.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-εῤῥώ: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: to draw up.

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνῆλθον or ἀνῆλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα: to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. II.

to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2. εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

ἀν-ερωτάω, f. ἴσω, to ask again or repeatedly.

ἀνέσαιμι, Ep. aor. I opt. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνείσα, aor. I of ἀνίξω.

ἀνέσαι, Ep. for ἀνῆσαι, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσς, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσς κακῶν an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.

ἀνέσσυτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνέστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., ἐστία) without hearth or home.

ἀνίσχεθε, ἀνεσχήθεμεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, f. σω, to search thoroughly.

ἀνέταλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀνέτην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτημι.

ἀν-ετος, ον, (ἀνίημι) relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.

ἀνερπάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνευ, Prep. with gen. without; ἀνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἀνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. in

prose, except, besides.

ἀν-εναίξω, to honour with cries of εὐαῖ !

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ): I. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II. Adv. *far away, distant: out of the way*.

ἀν-εὐθετος, ov, (a privat., εὐθετος) *not well placed, inconvenient*.

ἀν-εὐθύνομαι, ov, (a privat., εὐθύνη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless*.

ἀν-ευκτος, ov, (a privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.

ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.

ἀνευρεσις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.

ἀν-ευρετος, ov, (a privat., εὐρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.

ἀν-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω: aor. 2 ἀνεύρον: un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην: aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην:—*to find out, discover*:—Pass. *to be found out or discovered to be*.

ἀν-ευφημέω, f. ἥσω, *to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε: to shout aloud with joy*.

ἀν-εὐχομαι, Dep. *to recall a prayer*.

ἀ-νεφέλος, Ep. ἀννέφελος, ov, (a privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless: un veiled*.

ἀν-εχέγγυος, ov, (a privat., ἐχέγγυος) *unwarranted*.

ἀν-έχησι, v. sub sq.

ἀν-έχω, impf. ἀνείχων: also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων: f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχέσω: aor. 2 ἀνέσχων, poet. ἀνέσχεθον: pf. ἀνέσχηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσχήθην: pf. ἀνέσχημαι:—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι: (ἀνά, έχω)—*to bold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle: to bold up and sbew to one; ἀνέχειν φάος, to bold up a light; esp. in phrase ἀνεχε, παρέχε φῶς, or simply ἀνεχε, παρέχε, bold up and sbew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on*. 2. *to exalt, extol*. 3. of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἀκρὴν *to put forth a headland*. 4. *to uphold, support: to continue to do; c. part., στέρξας ἀνέχει continues to love: of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσὸν to keep constant to the ivy*. II. *to bold in, keep in; Ζεὺς ἀνέχων, opp. to ἵων, holding up, stopping the rain*. III. intrans. *to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun: of events, to happen: c. gen. to rise from, recover from*. 2. *to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea*. 3. *to bold on, keep doing*.

B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι: f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχέσομαι: Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνειχόμεν, ἡνεσχόμεν:—*properly to bold oneself up, and so to bold up against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last: so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with patience*. 2. *ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνους to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them*. II. *to bold up what is one's own; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρας to bold up one's hands to fight*. III. rarely, *to bold on by one another*.

ἀνεψία, ἡ, fem. of ἀνέψιος, *a female cousin*.

ἀνεψιὰδους, οὗ, ὁ, *a first-cousin's son*. From

*ANEΨΙΟΨ, ὁ, *a first cousin, a cousin*. Hence

ἀνεψιότης, ητος, ἡ, *cousinsbip*.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.

ἀνεφ or ἀνεω, see ἀνεως.

ἀνέφρα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεφράς, always intr.

ἀνέφρον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνέφρα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνέονται (not ἀνέονται), for ἀνέινται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-είω), *they have been given up or devoted*.

ἀνεως, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἀναος, ἀνάος (a privat., αὖω to cry), *without a voice, mute: ἀνεφ nom. plur.*

ἀνεφύχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνη, ἡ, (ἀνω) *fulfilment*.

ἀν-ηβιάω, f. ἥσω, *to grow young again, Lat. rejuv-erascere*. Hence

ἀνηβητήριος, α, ov, *making young again*.

ἀν-ηβιος, ov, (a privat., ἡβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.

ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.

ἀν-ηγεμόνευτος, ov, (a privat., ἡγεμονεύω) *without a leader*.

ἀν-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. *to tell as in a narrative, relate*.

ἀν-ἡδυντος, ov, (a privat., ἡδύνω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.

ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνήθινος, η, ov, (ἀνήθω) *made of dill*.

*ANHΘON, τό, dill, anise, Lat. anetum: also ἀν-νηθον; Ion. ἀνηθον or ἀνησον: poet. ἀννητον or ἀνητον.

ἀνήξα, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.

ἀνήιον, Ep. for ἀνίειν, impf. of ἀνέιμι.

ἀνήκα, aor. I of ἀν-ίημι.

ἀν-ἡκεστος, ov, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) *not to be healed, incurable: ἀνῆκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt: ἀνῆκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same*. II. act. *damaging beyond remedy, deadly*:—Adv., ἀν-κίστως διατιθέναι *to treat with shocking cruelty*.

ἀν-ἡκοος, ov, (a privat., ἀκοή) *without bearing: never having heard a thing, ignorant of it*. 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.

ἀνηκουστός, f. ἥσω, *to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient*. From

ἀν-ἡκουστος, ov, (a privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. act. *unwilling to bear, disobedient*.

ἀν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ἡκω) *to reach up to*. 2. *to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνῆκειν: to refer or pertain to a person or thing*.

ἀνῆλάλαζον, ἀνῆλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀνα-λαλάζω.

ἀνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.

ἀν-ήλικος, ov, (a privat., ἡλιξ) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.

ἀν-ήλιος, ov, (a privat., ἡλιος) *sunless, gloomy*.

ἀνήλιπος, Dor. ἀνάλιπος, ov, (a privat., ἡλιψ a kind of shoe) *unshod, barefoot*.

ἀνήλυσις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀνέρχομαι) *a going up*. 2. *a coming back*.

ἀνήλωσα, aor. I of ἀνάλωσκω.

ἀν-ήμελκτος, on, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) un milked.

ἀν-ήμερος, on, (a privat., ἡμερος) not tame, wild, savage: of plants, wild.

ἀνήνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνήντηται 3 sing. subj.

ἀνημεμία, ἡ, a calm. From

ἀν-ήμερος, on, (a privat., ἀνεμος) without wind, calm; ἀνήμερος χειμῶνων for ἀνευ ἀνέμου χειμῶνων, without the blast of storms.

ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres. signif.: Homer has it twice, ἀίμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀπειλῆς blood gushed from forth the wound; κνίσση ἀνήνοθεν steam mounted up. (Formed as if from a Verb *ἀνέθω.)

ἀν-ήνυστος and ἀν-ήνυτος, on, (a privat., ἀνώ) not to be accomplished, endless, aimless.

ἀν-ήνωρ, opos, ὁ, (a privat., ἀνῆρ) unmanly, dastardly, like ἀνανδρός.

ἀνήπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀν-ηπύω, f. σω, to cry aloud.

*ANH'P, ὁ, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἀνδρα, voc. ἀνερ: plur. ἄνδρες, -δρών, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. ἀνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρεσσι:—a man, as opp. to woman, Lat. vir (not homo).

II. a man, as opp. to God, πατήρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. a man, as opp. to a youth.

IV. a man, emphatically, a man indeed, opp. to ἀνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, δλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες. V. a husband; αἰγῶν ἀνῆρ, Virgil's vir gregis.

ἀνῆρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνῆρ.

ἀνηρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀν-ηριθμος, on, poet. for ἀν-ἀριθμος.

ἀνηρόμην, aor. 2 of ἀνιρόμαι.

ἀν-ήροτος, on, (a privat., ἀρώ) unploughed.

ἀνήρτησα, ἀνήρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-ἀρτάω.

ἀνησον or ἀνηντον, τό, Ion. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ήσσητος, Att. ὑ-ήττητος, on, (a privat., ἡσσάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀνήτνις, η, on, Dor. for ἀνήθινος.

ἀνητον or ἀνηντον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ήττητος, on, Att. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀν-ήφαιστος, on, (a privat., ἠφαιστος) without real fire; πῦρ ἀνήφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

ἀνήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνήχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνήψα, aor. I of ἀνέψω.

ἀνθ-αίρωμαι, f. ἡσσομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead.

II. to dispute, lay claim to.

ἀνθ-ἀλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

ἀνθ-ἀμύλλομαι, f. ἡσσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

ἀνθ-ἀμύλλος, on, (ἀντί, ἀμύλλω) rivalling.

ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in.

2. to lay

bold of, seize, attack.

II. to lay bold of in return.

ἀνθειον, τό, (ἀνθος) a blossom.

ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέχω, one must bold to, cleave to: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.

ἀνθ-έλω, f. ζω, to draw or pull against.

ἀνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.

ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἀνθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένους tattooed with flowers.

ἀνθεμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀνθος.

ἀνθεμβείς, εσσα, εν, also εἰς in fem., flowery, flowered: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

ἀνθεμον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἀνθος, a flower.

ἀνθεμόρ-ρῦτος, on, (ἀνθεμον, ῥέω) flowing from flowers.

ἀνθεμ-οουργός, ὢν, (ἀνθεμον, *ἐργω) working in flowers.

ἀνθεμ-ώδης, ες, contr. for ἀνθεμο-ειδής, (ἀνθεμον,

εἶδος) flowery, blooming.

ἀνθέξομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέχω.

ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθειον, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθην.

ἀνθερέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (ἀνθέω) the chin, Lat. mentum.

ἀνθερίκη, ἡ, and ἀνθερίκος, ὁ, = ἀνθέριξ, a stalk.

ἀνθίριξ, ὤκος, ὁ, (ἀθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear.

2. a stalk.

ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθην.

ἀνθ-εστῖω, to feast in return.

*Ανθεστήρια, on, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

*Ανθεστηριών, ἄνος, ὁ, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

*Ανθεσφόρια, on, τά, the Antbesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From

ἀνθεσ-φόρος, on, (ἀνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθην.

ἀνθέω, f. ἡσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease.

ἀνθή, ἡ, = ἀνθος, a blossom.

ἀνθηρός, ἄ, ὢν, (ἀνθέω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:—metaph. in full force, in perfection.

2. bright-coloured.

3. of style, florid.

ἀνθ-ησσάομαι, pf. ἀνθήσσημαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

ἀνθη-φόρος, on, = ἀνθεσφόρος, flower-bringing.

ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθος) to strew with flowers: to dot as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:—Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

ἀνθινος, η, on, (ἀνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh.

ἀνθ-ιππάσομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence

ἀνθιππάστια, ἡ, a sham-fight of horse.

ἀνθ-ιπτεύω, = ἀνθιπάζομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. *componere*. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀντέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From ἀνθό-βολος, ov, (ἀνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθο-δίαιτος, ov, (ἀνθος, διαίτα) living on flowers. ἀνθο-δόκος, ov, (ἀνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers. ἀνθοκομέω, f. ἦσω, to produce flowers. From ἀνθο-κόμος, ov, (ἀνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers. ἀνθο-κρέκος, ov, (ἀνθος, κρέω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a *nosegay*.

ἀνθο-λόγος, ov, (ἀνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers. ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From ἀνθο-νόμος, ov, (ἀνθος, νέμωμαι) feeding on flowers. ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against. ἀνθρε, poet. for ἀνθρε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρᾶσκα. ἀνθ-ορμέω, f. ἦσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout; a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἀνθος οἴνου, Lat. *flos vini*, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἤβη ἀνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ov, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμῇ) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine. ἀνθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀνθος) a flowering, bloom. ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers. ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφόρια. From ἀνθο-φόρος, ov, (ἀνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowery: blooming.

ἀνθο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀνθος, φνῆ) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθράκευς, εως, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ἀνθράκευς, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθράκιά, ᾤς, Ep. ἀνθρακίῃ, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals.

ἀνθράκωμαι, pf. ἡνθράκαμαι: Pass.: (ἀνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or hornet.

*ΑΝΘΡΗΝΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the honeycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπ-ἄρεσκος, ov, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκω) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin.

ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπῇ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ov, Ion. ἀνθρωπήτιος, η, ov, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπήτιος, η, ov, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπιζέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπικός, ἡ, ov, of or for a man, human.

ἀνθρώπινος, η, ov, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, human; πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i.e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. *homuncio*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i.e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ov, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. προπαροχ. ἀνθρωπο-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ov, (ἄνθρωπος, ποίεω) making man.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα or ἡκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἄνθρωπος οὐδότης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. *homo* opp. to *vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἄνθρωπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθρωποφάγος) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ov, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγην) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φνῆ) of man's nature. ἀν-θρᾶσκα, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρᾶσκα.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθύπατέω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ov, proconsular. From

ἀνθ-ύπατος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντί ὑπάτου, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-υπέκω, f. ζω, (ἀντί, ὑπέκω) to yield in turn.

Hence

ἀνθ-υπέκεις, εως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρινούμαι : Dep. : (ἀντί, υποκρίνομαι) :—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [Ῥ]

ἀνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομῶσω, (ἀντί, υπόμνυμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, υποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υπουργέω, (ἀντί, υπουργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργήμα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαιρέω, (ἀντί, υφαιρέω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσομαι : aor. 2 -υπέστην : (ἀντί, υφίστημι) :—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνθ-ὑπλίσσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνθ-ὑπλίζω.

ἌΝΙ'Α, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble : Homer uses it act. of a person, δαυτὸς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάζω, aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [Ῥ]

ἀν-ἰάσμαι, fut. ἄσσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνιάρως, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing : irreg. Comp. ἀνιηρέστερος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ῶς. [In Homer ἀνιηρός, later also ἀνί-]

ἀν-ἰάτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰάσμαι) incurable : of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἄσω [ᾱ], Ion. ἡσω : aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, Dor. ἀνίασα : pf. ἡνιάκα :—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσομαι : aor. 1 ἡνιάσθην : pf. ἡνιάμαι : (ἀνία) :—to grieve, distress :—Pass. to be grieved, etc. ; ἀνιάσθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this :—Homer has Ion. aor. 1 pass. part. ἀνιηθείς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [Ῥ in Homer always, later also Ῥ]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-εἶδω, to look up.

ἀν-ἰδρύτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρύω) unsettled, restless : esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ἰδρωτί, Adv. of ἀνιδρωτος, without sweat : hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ἰδρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδρύω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνίεις, ἀνίει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεις, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεναι, pres. inf. of ἀν-ίημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἀν-εἰμι (εἴμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ἰερός, ὄν, (a privat., ἰερός) unboly, impious. [Ῥ] ἀνίεσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ἰζω, aor. 1 ἀνείσα, (ἀνά, ἰζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθείς, Ion. for ἀνιάθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀνιάω. ἀν-ίημι, impf. ἀνίην ; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνίεις, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνίεις, εἰ ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνίεσκε (as if from ἀνίω) : fut. ἀνέσω, also ἀνέσω : aor. 1 ἀνῆκα, Ion. ἀνέηκα, Ep. also ἀνεσα : aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνῆ for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνέη, inf. ἀνέουαι, part. ἀνέντες :—Pass. ἀνίεμαι : aor. 1 ἀνέθην : pf. ἀνείμαι : (ἀνά, ἰημι) :—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth : esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνίεναι τινί to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui : hence generally, to set on.

3. to let alone, let :—Med. ἀνίεμαι, to loosen, undo :—Pass. to be let go, go free ; part. pf. pass. ἀνιμένος going free, left to one's will and pleasure ; ἀνιμένος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing : hence

IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring : hence to neglect, give over, remit :—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ἀνιηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιαρῶς.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἡνίκα. [Ῥ]

ἀν-ἰκάσος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰκάσος) insufficient.

ἀν-ἰκέτευτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰκέτεύω) not entreated : act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ἰλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ἰλαος, (a privat., ἰλεως) unmerciful. [Ῥ]

ἀν-ἰμάω, f. ἡσμαι : (ἀνά, ἰμάς) :—to draw up water by leather straps : generally to draw or haul up :—Pass. to get up, mount up ; so also intr. (sub. ἐαυτῷ) to mount up.

ἀνίος, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιαρῶς.

ἀν-ἰουλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰουλος) beardless.

ἀν-ἰππεύω, f. σω, to ride on high.

ἀν-ἰππος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback : of countries, unsuited for horse.

ἀν-ἰπτάμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνισπ. ποῦς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνις, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ἰσος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven : metaph. unfair. [Ῥ Ep., Ῥ Att.] Hence

ἀνισῶω, f. ὥσω, to make equal, equalise :—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ἰσθημι, (ἀνά, ἰσθημι) : I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀνασθῆσω and aor. 1 ἀνέσθησα, to stand up, raise up. set up : to raise from sleep.

Lat. excitō, and from the dead : later, to set up, build also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action : to stir up to rebellion.

3. to make people rise to leave their homes : transplant them ; though in Pass. and intr. tenses, it us. means to be unpeopled, laid waste : χώρα ἀνεστηκῖα a wasted land : also to make up pliants rise and leave sanctuary.

4. to raise up for war. II. in aor. 1 med. also trans. ἀνίστασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. —εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἴσω, to make inquiry, ask.
ἀν-ίστω, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνισχεῖ ἥλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσος, unequally.
ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνισόω) an equalising.
ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
ἀνίστατο, Ion. for ἀνιδίοντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιδίωμαι.
ἀν-νέμψι, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνανέμω.
ἀννείται, poet. for ἀνανεῖται, 3 sing. of ἀνανέομαι.
ἀννίφελος, Ep. for ἀνέφελος.

ἀννέωσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of ἀνανέομαι.
ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.
ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, δηγέω) to guide back.
ἀν-οδος, ov, (a privat., ὁδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v̄]
ἀ-νοήμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
ἀ-νόητος, ov, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. *amens*

ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνολίη, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οίγνυμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέφρων, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: aor. I ἀνέφρα, Att. ἡνοίξα, Ion. ἀνοίξα or ἀνφρα; pf. I ἀνέφρα, pf. 2 ἀνέφρα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφίξομαι: aor. I ἀνέφχην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): I. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.
ἀν-οιδάινω, (ἀνά, οιδάινω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνέφθηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.

ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2.

ἀνοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeuple a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, οικοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

ἀν-οικος, ov, (a privat., οίκος) houseless, homeless.
ἀν-οικτίον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.
ἀν-οικτίριμον, ονος, (a privat., οικτίριμον) unpitying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτίστος, ov, (a privat., οικτίζω) unpitied.
ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.
ἀν-οικτος, ov, (a privat., οίκτος) pitiless, ruthless.
ἀν-οιμιάζω, fut. ὀξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτός, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [r̄]

ἀν-οίμωκτος, ov, (a privat., οίμωζω) unmourned.

ἀνοΐζει, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοΐξω, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.

ἀνοιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρειν, one must report.

ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώϊστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναφέρειν) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, οιστρος) to goad to madness.
ἀνολσω, fut. of ἀναφέρειν.

ἀνοϊτο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνω.

ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.

ἀνοκωχή, ἡ, (ἀν-όκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a hindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.

ἀν-όλβιος, ov, = ἀνολβος.

ἀν-όλβος, ov, (a privat., ὄλβος) unblest, wretched.

ἀν-όλεθρος, ov, (a privat., ὄλεθρος) not ruined.

ἀνολκή, ἡ, (ἀνέλωκα) a drawing up.

ἀν-ολολύζω, ἔξω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II.

Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v̄]

ἀν-ομβρος, ov, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.

ἀνομέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.

ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.

ἀν-ομιλήτος, ov, (a privat., ὁμιλέω) having no intercourse with others, unsociable.

ἀν-όμματος, ov, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.

ἀν-όμοιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ὁμοιος) unlike.

ἀνομοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.

ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.

ἀνομοιώσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.

ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: pf. ἀνφμολόγημαι:

Dep.: (ἀνά, ὁμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.
ἀνομολογούμενος, η, ov, (a privat., ὁμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.

ἀν-νομος, ov, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. —μως, without law. II. (νόμος ii) unmusical.

ἀν-όνητος, Dor. ἀν-δνάτος, ov, (a privat., δνύημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀν-voos, ov, contr. ἀνοος, ov, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαΐα, Adv., either (from α privat., ὕψομαι, fut. of ὀπάω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.

ἀν-οπλος, ov, (a privat., ὅπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-οπτος, ov, (a privat., ὕψομαι) unseen.

ἀν-όρατος, ov, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀρώω) = foreg.

ἀν-όργανος, ov, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργιαστος, ov, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνорέα, Ion. ἡνорέα, ἡ, (ἀνήρ) manhood, courage. [ā]
ἀνόρεος, α, ον, (ἀνήρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
δρείος. [ā]

ἀν-ορθόω, f. ὥσω: with double augm., impf., ἡνάρ-
θουν, aor. I ἡνάρθωσα:—to set upright again, restore:
to set straight again, set right.

ἀν-ορμος, ον, (α privat., ὁρμος) without harbour, in-
hospitable.

ἀν-ορούω, f. ούσω: aor. I ἀνόρουσα:—to start up,
leap up: to mount swiftly.

ἀν-όροφος, ον, (α privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀν-ορταλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings
and crow, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω):—
to dig up what has been buried; ἀν. τάφον to break
open a grave.

ἀν-ορχέομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance
about.

ἀν-όσιος, ον, or α, ον, (α privat., ὄσιος) unboly,
wicked, Lat. profanus: ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with
all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ἡτος, ἡ, unholiness.

ἀ-νοσος, Ion. ἀ-νουσος, ον, (α privat., νόσος) with-
out sickness, healthy, sound: of things, free from all
defect, healthy; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀν-όστεος, ον, (α privat., ὄστειον) without bones.

ἀ-νόστιμος, ον, (α privat., νόστιμος) not return-
ing. II. not to be retraced.

ἀν-όστος, ον, (α privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀν-ότοξω, (ἀνά, ὄτοξω) to break out into wailing.

ἀν-ούατος, ον, (α privat., οὖς) without ear: without
bundle.

ἀ-vous, contr. for ἀ-voos.

ἀ-νουσος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-voos.

ἀν-ούατος, ον, (α privat., οὖα) unwounded.

ἀν-ουητί, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ē]

ἀνοχή, ἡ, (ἀνέχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of
hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-
suffering, forbearance.

ἀν-οχμάζω, f. ἴσω, to hold up, lift up.

ἀνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι:
aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀν-
ίστημι.

ἀνσπρέφειαν, for ἀνασπρέφειαν.

ἀνσχεῖν, ἀνσχο, Ep. for ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνάσχω,
aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-σχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντήν) Adv. over against, face to face,
Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against;

ἀντα παρειῶν before the cheeks, of a veil: confronted
with: most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὸς
πολεμίζειν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἴσω, to buy in return.

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to speak against, reply: to con-
tradict.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι: f. ἴσω, Att. ὀδομαι: Dep.:—to
struggle against, vie with, esp. in war: to dispute
with: as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αίρω, = ἀντ-αίρω:—Med., ἀνταίρεσθαι χεῖρας
τινι to raise one's hands against one.

ἀντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἀθλος) struggling against,
rivaling.

ἀντ-αἰδέομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Med. to respect one another.

ἀνταῖος, α, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right oppo-
site: ἀνταλία (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. 2.

bosile. II. besought with prayers; τὰ ἀνταῖα
θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντάρω: aor. I ἀντήρα:—to raise
against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to re-
sist, withstand.

ἀντ-αἰτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἄΝΤΑΚΑΓ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἄκούω, f. οὔσομαι, to bear in turn: to listen in
return.

ἀντ-ἀκροάομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ἀλᾶλίξω, f. ἄξω, to return a shout.

ἀντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken
in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I -ἥλλαξαι;
—to give or take in exchange:—Med. to take one
thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἀμειβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in
exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment in
exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3. to
give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντ-ἀμειψις, εως, ἡ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against an-
other, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out
to sea against: generally to attack. 2. to bring
up instead.

ἀντ-ἀνᾶλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλῶω, to destroy in return.

ἀντ-ἀναμένω, to wait instead.

ἀντ-ἀναμπλημῶ, to fill in turn or in opposition.

ἀντ-ἀναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.

ἀντ-ἀναπληρώω, f. ὥσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἰμι) to go up against.

ἀντ-ἀνίστημι, I. Causal. in pres. and impf.,
fut. and aor. I, to set up against or instead of. II.

intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up
against.

ἀντ-ἄξιος, α, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent
to. Hence

ἀνταξίω, f. ὥσω, to demand as an equivalent or
in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπαίτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-ἀπαμειβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.

ἀντ-ἀπερῶ, to keep off in turn.

ἀντ-ἀποδείκνυμι, f. -ῖ

answer.

οδίδωμι, f. δῶσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to *h. repay*. II. to render, i. e. make, so and

III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. *r in turn*: to explain in turn. Hence ἰδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἰδοις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repay-
eward.

ἰδοῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.

οκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

οκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.

ολαμβάνω, f. -λήβομαι, to receive in return.

ὀλλύμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and
ith perf. 2 act. -ὀλωλα, to perish in turn.

οτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.

οφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.
τομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-ἄπτομαι.

τέω, f. ἔσω, to bold out against: to bold out.

πάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn:
e kindly.

έω, f. ἦσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From
γῆς, ἐς, (ἀντί, ἀγῆ) reflecting light.

ἰάω, f. ἦσω, to speak against, answer.

Ion. ἀντέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἦντησα: (ἀντα,
of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to
to ἀντήσμαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with,
in, partake of.

λησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.

αλέω, f. ἔσω, to accuse in turn.

άζω, f. ἄσομαι: aor. I -ἦκασα:—to compare
i.

ω, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.

ον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak
or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερώ.

ομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.

άγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute.

φέρω, f. -εισίσω, to pay or contribute for
cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing
for.

ἄλπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.

όπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.

τέμνω, f. ψω, to send out in return.

τλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.

τείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence
one with another.

ρέχω, f. -εκδράμομαι, to sally out against.

βόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.

οισα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of
ω.

ω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

τίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to hope instead.

βάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad

ἔβάζω, f. ἄσω, to put on board instead.

ἄγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.

τήννυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.

ἔπρημι, f. -εμπρήσω, to set on fire in return.

ἔδομαι, f. -ενδῶσω, to give way in turn.

ἔγω, f. ἄξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-εξαίτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-έξιμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to march out against.

ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξιμι.

ἀντ-εξτάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of an-
other:—Med. to measure oneself against another.

ἀντ-επιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἐξορμῶ) a sailing out
against.

ἀντ-επάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.

ἀντ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise in return.

ἀντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

ἀντ-έπειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-επεξάγω, f. ξω, to lead or march out against.

ἀντ-επέξιμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξελάνω, f. Att. -εξελῶ, to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξιμι.

ἀντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

ἀντ-επιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.

ἀντ-επιθύμω, f. ἦσω, to desire in turn:—Pass. ἀντ-
επιθυμείσθαι τινος to have a thing desired from one.

ἀντ-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to help in return.

ἀντ-επιμελέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I pass.

-επεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.

ἀντ-επιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.

ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.

ἀντ-επιτεχίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι, Att. ιούμαι: pf.
pass. -τετεχίσμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in
retaliation.

ἀντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.

ἀντ-εράνιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀντί, ἔρανος) to contribute one's
share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.

ἀντεραστής, οὔ, δ, a rival in love. From

ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.

ἀντ-ερείδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant
firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against.

Hence

ἀντέρεις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ἠρόμην: Dep.:
to ask in turn.

ἀντ-ερούομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with:
hence, to value equally with. [ῥ]

ἀντ-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντεί-
ρηκα: (cf. ἀντεῖπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—

fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντειρήσεται no denial shall be
given.

ἀντ-έρως, ατος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.

ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to ask in turn.

ἀντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντ-ευεργετέω, f. ἦσω, to return a kindness.

ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ἦσω, to wish well in return.

ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or
ἴσχω):—to bold against; χεῖρα κρατὺς ἀντέχειν to
bold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II.

intrans. to bold out against, withstand: absol. to bold
out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to

bold out against something: later, with gen. only, to
bold on by, bold to, cleave to.

ἀντ-ήλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

ἰσχυρὴν οὐκ, *not* ἰσχυρὴν ἀντήλκον, statues of gods *not* facing the sun. II. *like the sun*.

ἀντίω, Ion. Ion ἀντήλω.
ἀντήν, Adv. (ἀντί) *against, face to face*. 2. *face to face, openly, before all*. 3. ἀντήν ἐρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντήν πλησσεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντὶ ἄνθρω, ἄνθρω, δ, ἡ (ἀντί, ἀντήρ) *instead of a man*.
ἀντὶ ἡρώδῃ, ὡς, δ, (ἀντί, ἡρόδης) *one who rose against another: personally, a rival*.
ἀντὶ ἡρώδ, ὡς, (ἀντί) *set over against, opposite; πληγὴν ἀντὶ ἡρώδῃς blows aimed straight at the breast*.

ἀντιπρία, ἰδού, ἡ, (ἀντιπρία) *a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock*.

ἀντιπρία, ἰδού, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἀντήρ) *instead of a man*.
ἀντὶ ἡρώδ, ὡς, δ, (ἀντί, ἡρόδης) *one who rose against another: personally, a rival*.

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ἀντιβίην, Adv. *against, with force to force*. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) *opposing force to force: ἀντιβίος ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut. ἀντιβίον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην*.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. ἀντιβλεψία, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to help in turn or mutually. ἀντιβολέω, f. ἦσω: aor. with double augm. ἤντεβόλησα, Ep. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω):—to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle.

II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἦσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωμονέω, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ov. gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγράφειν, έας, δ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγραφή, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant: but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ov. gen. ονος: hence as Subst. ἀντιγραφα, ης, απρος.

ἀντι-γράφω, f. σω, to write against or in answer, as a clerk: Met. with pr. pass. ἀντιγράφωμαι, to be as a rival against: cf. ἀντι-γραφῆ.

ἀντι-διδόναι, f. δέσωμαι: pr. pass. δέδογμαι:—to give as a rival.

ἀντι-διδόναι, Met. to give one another the right hand, to give a sign.

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ἀντί-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δόρα) clothed with something instead of a skin.

ἀντίδοσις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment. 2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

ἀντίδοτος, *ov*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

ἀντί-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουλος, *ov*, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουπος, *ov*, resounding.

ἀντί-δράω, *f. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite.

ἀντί-δωρέομαι, *f. ήσομαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντί-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντί-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντί-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντί-θεος, *η, ov*, godlike, equal to the gods.

ἀντί-θεραπεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντίθεσις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis.

ἀντι-θέω, *f. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντι-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

ἀντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Med.:—to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτῃμαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: *f. -καταστήσω*: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-κἀλέω, *f. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταθνήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, *f. έω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάτῃμαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.

ἀντι-κειμαι, *f. -κείσομαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντι-κέντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad.

ἀντι-κηδεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. ύξω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάζω, *f. -ελάγξω*, to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τιλί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

ἀντι-κολακεύω, *f. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίζω, *f. έσω* Att. *ιω*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, to bold instead.

ἀντίκρουσις, *ews, ῆ*, a striking against: hence, a bindrance, sudden check. From

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, bind.

2. intr. to be a bindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντίκρύ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρύ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντί-

κρύς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυς (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. of Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτόνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *f. ήσω*, to clasp against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [ῶ], *f. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμωδέω, *f. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλάβῃ, ῆ, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a handle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντείλχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάβομαι and -λάβῃμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to bold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *έσω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήβομαι*: pf. ἀντέληφα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn. II. Med. c. gen., to lay bold of: hence, I. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take bold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6. to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to light up in turn. II.

intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέξω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτόν, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντιλεκτός, *ov*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *ov*, δ, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like.

ἀντι-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντιλήψις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

ἀντιλογέω, *f. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ῆ, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, ῆ, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputatious.

ἀντι-λογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *f. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντιλύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύρα) in harmony with the lyre.

ἀντιλύτρον, *ov*, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μάνησομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *f. -μᾶθῃσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μᾶχῃσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλω, to drag to the opposite side.

ἀντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -σθήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.

ἀντι-μελλίζω, to rival in music.

ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against.

ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.

ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.

ἀντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn.

ἀντι-μέτωπος, ov, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.

ἀντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.

ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί]

ἀντί-μιμος, ov, (ἀντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.

ἀντι-μίσέω, f. ήσω, to bate in return.

ἀντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From

ἀντί-μισθος, ov, for or instead of a reward.

ἀντι-μοιρία, as, ή, (ἀντί, μοῖρα) a compensation.

ἀντί-μολπος, ov, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντίμολπον ἄκος ὕπνου song, sleep's substitute.

ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.

ἀντι-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer in turn.

ἀντιξέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From

ἀντί-ξος, ov, Ion. ἀντί-ξους, ov, (ἀντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξουν opposition.

ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.

ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.

ἀντιόομαι, fut. med. ὤσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώθην: Dep.:—to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.

ἀντίος, α, ov, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἄντα, opposite: against, straight at.

2. against one's will.

ἀντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.

ἀντιο-σπάτέω, poet. for ἀντίσπαμαι, to oppose.

ἀντιώω, ἀντιώνω, -ῶσα, ἀντιοώντων, see ἀντιάω.

ἀντι-πάθής, ές, (ἀντί, πάθειν) in return for suffering. II. of opposite feelings or passions.

ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.

ἀντί-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a child.

ἀντίπαλος, ov, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II. fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντίπαλος, ό, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.

ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to bold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.

ἀντι-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.

ἀντι-παράθω, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to outflank.

ἀντι-παρακάλῶ, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.

ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.

ἀντι-παράλῃπῶ, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.

ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.

ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. ὀσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence

ἀντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation.

ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.

ἀντι-παρατίθῃμι, to set side by side against, compare closely.

ἀντι-πάρεμι, (εἰμι ibo) to march parallel to.

ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρεμι.

ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι: pf. πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pl. retaliation.

ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against.

ἀντι-πέμτω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.

ἀντι-πέραλος, α, ov, lying over against, esp. beyond sea. From

ἀντι-περαίνω, f. περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.

ἀντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase 'Ασίαδ' ἀντιπέρην τε, Asia and the opposite coast.

ἀντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence

ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.

ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.

ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace in turn.

ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.

ἀντί-πετρος, ov, (ἀντί, πέτρα) bard as stone, rocky.

ἀντί-πηξ, ηγος, ή, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.

ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to strive against, resist.

ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.

ἀντι-πλήξ, ηγος, ό, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.

ἀντι-πληρώω, f. ὤσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.

ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence

ἀντίπνοος, ov, contr. ἀντίπνοους, ov, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.

ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.

ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι

πάσχω.

II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ποιή) in requital: as Subst.

ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντι-πολεμέω, *f. hsw*, to wage war against one.ἀντι-πολέμιος, *ov*, = ἀντιπόλεμος.ἀντι-πόλεμος, *ov*, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.ἀντι-πολιορκέω, *f. hsw*, to besiege in turn.ἀντι-πορεύομαι, *Pass.*, with *f. med.* -εὔσομαι: *aor. I* *pass.* ἀντεπορεύθην:—to advance against: march to meet another.ἀντι-πορθέω, *f. hsw*, to lay waste in return.ἀντι-πορθμός, *ov*, on the opposite side of the straits.ἀντι-πορος, *ov*, on the opposite coast, over against.ἀντι-πράσσω, *Att. -τω*, *Ion. -πρήσσω*: *fut. f. w*: to act against, oppose.ἀντι-πρεσβεύομαι, *Med.* to send counter-ambassadors.ἀντι-πρήσσω, *Ion.* for ἀντι-πράσσω.ἀντι-πρόεμ, (ἐμ *ibo*) to come forward against.ἀντι-προικα, *Adv.* for next to nothing, cheap.ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, *Med.* to challenge in return.ἀντι-προσδύομαι, *Med.* to heap in turn.ἀντι-πρόσειμ, (ἐμ *ibo*) to go against.ἀντι-προσείπον, *aor. 2* without *pres. in use*, to address in turn: *aor. pass.* ἀντιπροσπερήθην.ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, *Med.* to summon in turn.ἀντι-προσφέρω, *f. προσίσω*, to bring in turn.ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.ἀντι-προτείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, to hold out in turn.ἀντι-πρῶρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.ἀντι-πύλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.ἀντι-πυργός, *ov*, like a tower.ἀντι-πυργόω, *f. ὦσω*, to build a tower over against:

ἀντ. πόλιν to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-ρέπω, *f. ψω*, to counterpoise. Henceἀντιρροπος, *ov*, counterpoising.ἀντι-σηκός, *f. ὦσω*, to weigh against, to compensate. 2. *intr.* to be equal in weight, to counterpoise; δις ἀντισηκῶσαι ῥοπήν to weigh twice as heavy.

Hence

ἀντισήκωσις, *ew* *Ion. ios, ἡ*, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.ἀντι-σιωπάω, *f. ἡσσομαι*, to be silent in turn.ἀντι-σκευάζομαι, *f. ἄσσομαι*, *Dep.* (ἀντί, σκευάζω) to arrange in turn.ἀντι-στέομαι, *Pass.* (ἀντί, στέω) to stand against one on equal terms.ἀντισπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπᾶω) a convulsion.ἀντισπαστος, *ov*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντι-σπαστος, *ὅ*, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. Fromἀντι-σπᾶω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.ἀντι-στάθμος, *ov*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.ἀντι-στυδιάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to form a party against.ἀντιστάσις, *ew*, ἡ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.ἀντι-στυδιότης, *ov*, *δ*, one of the opposite faction.ἀντιστάττω, *f. ἡσω*, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. Fromἀντι-στάτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ᾶ]ἀντι-στημι, *Ion.* for ἀνθίστημι.ἀντιστοιχέω, *f. ἡσω*, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. Fromἀντι-στοιχος, *ov*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.ἀντι-στράτεύομαι, *Dep.* (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.ἀντι-στράτηγος, *ὅ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and *Med.* στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.ἀντι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf.* ἀντέστροφα:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. *intr.* (sub. *ἑαυτόν*, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, ἡ, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus, the antistrophē or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous στροφή, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντιστροφος, *ov*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντιστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. *Adv.* -φως, contrariwise to.ἀντι-συναντάω, *f. ἡσω*, to meet face to face.ἀντι-σφαίριζω, *f. ἰσῶ* *Att. ἰῶ*: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.ἀντισχεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντέχω.ἀντισχεσθε, 2 *pl. aor. 2 med. imperat.* of ἀντέχω.ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, *fut. ἰσῶ* *Att. ἰῶ*, to strengthen against: *Med.* to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.ἀντι-ίσχω, *collat. form* of ἀντέχω.ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *f. εὔσω*, = ἀντισηκῶ.ἀντι-τάμειν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἀντιτέμνω.ἀντίταξις, *ew*, ἡ, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. Fromἀντι-τάσσω, *Att. -τάττω*, *fut. τάξω*, to range in battle against another:—*Pass.* to be ranged against.ἀντι-τελῶ, *f. -τενῶ*, to offer in return, repay. II. *intr.* and *Med.* to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τευχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence

ἀντιτείχισμα, *ατος, τό*, a counter-fortification.ἀντι-τέμνω, *f. -τεμῶ*: *aor. 2* ἀντέταμον:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, *Dep.* to form a counter-plan.ἀντιτέχνης, *ew*, ἡ, counter-manœuvring.ἀντι-τέχνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.ἀντι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—*Pass.* to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in

give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμάω, f. ἦσω, to do honour to in return:—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, εως, ἡ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμωρέω, f. ἦσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τινω, f. τινώ, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντί-τολμος, ov, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ov, (ἀντιτάμειν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ov, (ἀντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, ov, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίνω) requited, revenged; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. τεύχομαι: aor. 2 ἐτύχον:—to meet with in return.

ἀντί-τύπος, ov, (ἀντί, τύπηναι) struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst., ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence

resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Διός the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντιφέρω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντι-φερνος, ov, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dowry.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίω, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντίφθογγος, ov, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεικέω, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμέομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. φω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντι-φονος, ov, in return for slaughter. II.

θάνατοι ἀντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἵσσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. φω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακῃ, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, akos, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [δ]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. φω, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντι-φωνος, ov, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χάρζομαι, fut. ἵσσομαι Att. ἱούμαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choregus. From

ἀντι-χορηγος, ὁ, a rival choregus.

ἀντι-χράω, aor. 1 ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντι-χριστος, ὁ, anticrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. ψάλλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντιψαλμος, ov, responsive.

ἀντι-ψηφος, ov, voting against.

ἀντι-ψυχος, ov, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilge-water, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II.

metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exanillare, exhaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, akos, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the bold of a ship. II. bilge-water, filth.

ἀντλίων, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

*ΑΝΤΑΟΣ, ὁ, the bold of a ship where the bilge-water settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilge-water itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλω εἶργειν Lat. sentinam exhaurire, to pump it out:—

poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντι-οικτεῖω, to pity in return.

ἀντι-οικτιζώ, f. σω, = ἀντοικτεῖω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀντι, ἀντί):—to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιέξω, to

approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντι-δμνυμι, fut. -ομύσω and -ομούμαι: aor. 1 ἀντιμοσα:—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀνταμοσία.

ἀντι-ονομάζω, f. άσω, to call by a new name. II. to speak in tropes.

ἀντι-ορύσσω, f. ύρω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντι-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντι-οφθαλμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, ádos, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave. Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

ἀντροθε, Adv. from a cave. From

*ΑΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern.

*ΑΝΤΥΞ, ὅγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, 1. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in place, the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the

orbit of the planets.

οκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υποκρίνω, Ion. for ἀντ-υπ-
ος, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἀντί) singing in answer to,
'e.

οσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-όμνυμι) an oath taken by one
another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath
the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by
the defendant.

ομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against.

ος, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἄψ) looking straight at, facing,
straight opposite.

ελέω, f. ἥσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to
benefit in turn.

στος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. II.
μι, decorous.

ι, ἡ, want of water, drougth. From

ος, ὄν, (a privat., ὕδωρ) wanting water: ἡ
sub. γῆ, or τὸ ἀνδρὸν (sub. χωρίον), the
about water.

αίος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑμεναῖος) without the
ong, unwedded.

Dor. for ἡνυμεν, I pl. impf. of ἄνυμι.

= ἀνύω:—Pass. ἀνύμαι, impf. ἡνύτο ἔργον the
s finished.

ω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song.

ευτος, ὄν, (a privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;
ον γονὴν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-

ος, ὄν, (a privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-
ἀνυμφα γάμων ἀμύλληματα unballowed em-
II. without bride or mistress.

βλητος, ὄν, (a privat., υπερβάλλω) not to
sed or outdone.

ἴθνιος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπευθύνος) not liable
it, irresponsible, absolute.

ἑσσία, ἡ, ἀνυποδετώ, ἀνυπόδετος, ὄν, are
ns of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ησία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From

ητέω, f. ἥσω, to go barefoot. From

ητος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόδεω) unsbod, bare-
o with old shoes, ill-shod.

ἴκος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to

ερίτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undis-
without dissimulation.

ήτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected:
ed. II. act. unsuspecting.

πτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποπτος) without suspi-
I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. un-

g.

πῆτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be
, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ρακτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made
nuly.

, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνύω.

ργός, ὄν, (ἀνύω, ἔργον) industrious.

ος, ὄν, (ἀνύω) efficacious, effectual.

εως, ἡ, (ἀνύω) accomplishment, end.

, Ep. for ἡνύσα, aor. I of ἀνύω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνύω) to be accomplished, possible;
αιγῇ ὡς ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος,

ἀνύτο, Dor. for ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄνυμι.

ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [ῥ], Att. form of ἀνύω, only used
in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὑφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) to weave anew.

ἀν-ὑψώω, f. ὥσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνύω, Att. ἀνύτω or better ἀνύτω [ῥ], poet. ἄνυμι:

f. ἀνύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡνύσα, Ep. ἄνυσσα: pf. ἡνύκα:

—Pass., aor. I ἡνύσθην: pf. ἡνυσμαι: (ἀνώ):—to
accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἡνυε be
did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own
advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to
grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτειν εἰς...
for ἀνύτειν ὁδὸν εἰς... , to make one's way to a place;
also, ἀνύτειν θάλαμον for ἀνύτειν εἰς θάλαμον, to
arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φθονέουσα I
gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάνω, in the
sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνυε πράττων make
baste about it; but more freq. ἀνύσας, with imper-

rat., make baste and... , as ἀνύσας ἀνοίγε make baste
and open, etc.: also ἀνυε alone, make baste! dis-

patch! III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἡνυσε
περὶν the army succeeded in crossing.

*ΑΝΩ, impf. ἡνυν, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to
come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time,
νύξ ἀνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον
the waning year. [ᾶ]

ἄνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen.,
αἰθέρος ἄνω up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat.
supra.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-
wards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries,
inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;
εἰς τὸ ἄνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἄνω θεοὶ the gods
above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἄνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω
the dead; ἄνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy,
also up and down, to and fro, always in the same
place. II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.

Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ
beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἄνω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι. [ᾶ]

ἄνωγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command,
bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to
do. From ἀνωγα we have I plur. ind. ἀνωγμεν;

imperat. ἀνωγε and ἀνωχθι, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and
ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνωχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν:

plqpf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα.

There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω):
whence we have an impf. ἀνώγεον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I
ἡνώξα.

ἄνω-γαίον, τό, (ἄνω, γαῖα) properly anything above
ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house:
used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἄνωγεν, Ep. for ἀνέργεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀν-
οίγνυμι: but ἀνωγεν 3 sing. of ἀνωγα.

ἀνώγειν, α, τό, and ἀνώγειας, ω, δ, ή, = ἀνώγειον.
ἀνώγειν, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνάγω.
ἀνώγω, see ἀναγα.

ἀν-ώδυνος, ον, (α privat., ὀδύνη) free from pain. II. act. *alloying pain*.

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv. (ἀνω) of place, from above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so οἱ ἀνωθεν, the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε γης above ground. II. of time, from the beginning. ἀν-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλέον (sc. τὴν ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ἀνωϊστί, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῖ]
ἀν-ώιστος, ον, (α privat., οἶσμαι) unlooked for, unforeseen. II. Ion. for ἀν-οιστός, (ἀναφέρειν) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεστος, ον, (α privat., ὀλεστος) indestructible.
ἀν-ώμαλος, ον, (α privat., ὀμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀν-ωμοῖ, Adv. of ἀνώματος, without oath.
ἀν-ώματος, ον, (α privat., ὀμνυμι) unsworn, not bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀν-ωνόμαστος, ον, (α privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

ἀν-ωνύμη and ἀνωνυμή, Adv. of ἀνώνυμος.
ἀν-ώνυμος, ον, (α privat., ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious. ἀνῶξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνῶγω: see ἀναγα.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνῶγω: see ἀναγα.
ἀνωρία, ή, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ ἔτους the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀν-ωρος, ον, (α privat., ὤρα) like ἀ-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀν-ωρύσμαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὠρύσμαι) to bowl aloud.

ἀνῶσαι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνεγέγει, aor. I act. inf. of ἀναφέρειν.

ἀνώσας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of ἀνωθέω.

ἀνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, highest up, at top.

ἀνωτερικός, ή, ὄν, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνω) higher up: above.

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, higher up, above.

ἀν-ωφέλης, ές, (α privat., ὠφέλῳ) useless: also buriful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀν-ωφέλητος, ον, (α privat., ὠφέλῳ) fruitless, unprofitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνωχθι, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἀναγα: ἀνωχθε, 2 plur. same.

ἄξει, aor. I inf. of ἀγγνυμι, to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl. med.

ἄξασθε, aor. I imperat. med. of ἄγω, to lead.

Ἄ-ξενος, ον, Ion. for ἄξενος, II. Ἄξενος (sc. πόντος), ὁ, The Axine or Inhabitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εὐξείνως, the Euxine.

ἄξέμενα, ἄξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξεν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω.

ἄ-ξενος, Ion. ἄ-ξενος, ον, (α privat., ξένος) inhospitable: uninhabitable.

ἄ-ξενος, ον, (α privat., ξένος) inhospitable, uninhabitable.

ἄξην, aor. I subj. of ἀγγνυμι.

ἄξια, ή, properly fem. of ἄξιος, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἄξιν according to his desert, ἐπὶ or παρ' ἄξιν contrary to his desert.

ἄξι-άσαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀγαμαι) worth admiring, admirable. [ἀγ]

ἄξι-ἀκουστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

ἄξι-ακρόατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκροάμαι) worth listening to.

ἄξι-αφήγητος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγέμαι) worth telling.

ἄξι-ἐπαινος, ον, (ἄξιος ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.

ἄξι-ἐραστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαι) worthy of love.

ἄξινη, ή, (ἀγγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [ξ]

ἄξιο-βίωτος, ον, (ἄξιος, βιώω) worth living for.

ἄξιο-εργός, ὄν, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.

ἄξιο-θαύμαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

ἄξιο-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (ἄξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

ἄξιο-θρήνος, ον, (ἄξιος, θρήνος) worthy of lamentation.

ἄξιο-κτητος, ον, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἄξιο-λογος, ον, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξιο-μακάριστος, ον, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

ἄξιο-μάχος, ον, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξιο-μίσης, ές, (ἄξιος, μίσος) worthy of hatred, hateful.

ἄξιο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of mention.

ἄξιο-νίκος, ον, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἄξιο-πενθής, ές, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

ἄξιο-πιστος, ον, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trustworthy.

ἄξιο-πρεπής, ές, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

ἄξι-όρατος, ον, (ἄξιος, ὀράω) worth seeing.

ἄξιος, α, ον, (ἀγω iv, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοὸς ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ ἄξιν worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανεῖν worthy of death, 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap.

II. worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιός εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιος εἰμι οἰκτεῖσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

ἄξιο-σκεπτος, ον, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

ἄξιο-σπουδαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

ἄξιο-στράτηγος, ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξιο-τέκμαρτος, ον, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of evidence, credible.

ἀξιο-φίλητος, *ον*, (ἀξίος, φίλῳ) *worth loving*.
 ἀξιο-χρεος, *ον*, Ion. for *sq*.
 ἀξιο-χρεως, *ων*, gen. *ω*: Ion. ἀξιο-χρεος, *ον*, neut. *pl*. ἀξιοχρεα: (ἀξίος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing*, and so *worth considering, considerable, remarkable*. 2. *serviceable, sufficient*. II. with inf. *able, sufficient to do*. III. like ἀξίος, with gen., *worthy of a thing*.
 ἀξίω, *φ*. ὥσω: *pf*. ἡξίωκα:—*Pass.*, fut. ἀξιώθησομαι, but also in med. form ἀξιώσομαι: *pf*. ἡξίωμαι: (ἀξίος):—*to think or deem worthy of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to esteem, honour*. II. but mostly with inf. *to think one worthy to do or be: hence* 1. of others, *to think fit, expect, require*, Lat. *postulare*: ἀξιώ κομίζεσθαι *I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make a claim*. 2. of oneself, *to think fit to do or be: ἀξιώ θανεῖν I consent to die: ἀξιώ πράσσειν I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., ἀξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for*. 3. *to think, suppose: to lay down, maintain*. Hence
 ἀξίωμα, *ατος*, τό, *that of which one is thought worthy, and so, esteem, reputation, rank*, Lat. *dignitas*. II. *that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose*. 2. in philosophy, *a self-evident proposition, an axiom*.
 ἀξίως, *Adv.* of ἀξίος, *worthily, as becomes*.
 ἀξιώσας, *ων*, Ion. *ιος*, ἡ, (ἀξίω) *a being thought worthy: estimation, reputation, character*. II. (from Med.) *a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, claim*. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim*.
 ἀξιώμαι, fut. med. (with pass sense) of ἀξίω.
 ἀξόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἄξων) *belonging to the axle*.
 ἀξος, *ὁ*, Cretan word for ἀγμός.
 ἀ-εὐκρότης, *ος*, for ἀσυνκ-, (α privat., συγκρο-τέω) *not welded together by the hammer: of towers, not rowing in time*.
 ἀξύλια, ἡ, (ἄξύλος) *want of wood*.
 ἀ-ξύλος, *ον*, (α privat., ξύλον) *unfelled, unbinned, hence thickly wooded*. II. *without wood, ill-wooded*.
 ἀ-ξύμ-, ἀ-ξύμ-, *v*. ἀσυν-, ἀσυν-.
 ἀ-ξύστατος, *ον*, *v*. ἀσύντ-.
 ἀξων, *ονος*, ὁ, (ἄγων) *an axle, Lat. axis: also the whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, the pole*. II. *οἱ ἄξωνες, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis*.
 ἀξος, *ὁ*, *an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a temple*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀοιδή, contr. φδῆ, ἡ, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing: also the subject of song: hence a legend, tale*.
 ἀοιδίω, *ποῦτ.* for ἀείδω.
 ἀοιδίμος, *ον*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song: in bad sense, notorious*.
 ἀοιδο-θέτης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἀοιδῆ, τίθημι) *a lyric poet*.
 ἀοιδο-πῶλος, ὁ, (ἀοιδῆ, πῶλῳ) *one busied with song, a poet*.
 ἀοιδός, ὁ, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, Lat. *vates: fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx*. II. as *Adj.* ἀοιδός, *ων*, *musical*.

ἀοιδο-τόκος, *ον*, *inspiring song*.
 ἀ-οικητος, *ον*, (α privat., οἰκέω) *uninhabited: houseless, without a home*.
 ἀ-οικος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶκος) *bouseless, without home or country*.
 ἀ-οινος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶνος) *without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking no wine, sober: of a place, having none*.
 ἀοῖος, *α*, *ον*, Aeol. and Dor. for ἡοῖος.
 ἀ-οικνος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀκνος) *without fear or hesitation, untiring, restless*. *Adv.* -*ων*.
 ἀολλέα, ἀολλέας, *acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλής*.
 ἀολλήδην, *Adv.* of ἀολλής, *in a body, together*.
 ἀολλής, *ές*, (α copul., εἰλλῶ) *all together, in throngs, shoals or crowds*. Hence
 ἀολλίξω, *φ*. ἴσω, *to gather together:—Pass. to come together, assemble*.
 ἀ-οπλος, *ον*, (α privat., ὅπλον) *without armour, unarmed*.
 ἄορ and ἄορος, ἄορος, τό, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a banger: later, any weapon*.
 ἄορας, *acc. pl* for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τό, *a sword*.
 ἀ-όρατος, *ον*, (α privat., ὁράω) *unseen, invisible*.
 ἀ-όριστος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀρίζω) *without boundaries: indefinite, indeterminate*. II. ὁ ἀόριστος (sub. χρόνος), *the aorist tense*.
 ἀ-ορνος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀρνις) *without birds*.
 ἄορτή, ἡ, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack*. II. *the aorta or great artery*.
 ἄορτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt: but also a knapsack-strap*.
 ἄορτο, *Ion.* for ἦορτο, 3 *sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω: cf.* ἄορτο.
 ἀοσσέω, *φ*. ἡσω, (ἀοσος) *to help, aid*. Hence
 ἀοσσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a helper, aider*.
 ἀ-οῦτος, *ον*, (α privat., οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburied*.
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγέλλας, *aor. I inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω*.
 ἀπαγγελία, ἡ, *a report given in: a narrative, recital*. From
 ἀπ-αγγέλλω, *φ*. -εἰλῶ, *Ion.* -εἰλέω: *aor. I* -ἤγγειλα:—*Pass.*, *aor. I* -ἤγγέλθην, *aor. 2* -ἤγγέλην: *pf.* -ἤγγελμαι:—*to bring tidings, report, announce: to relate, tell:—Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring back tidings*. Hence
 ἀπαγγελλήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a messenger*.
 ἀπ-αγε, *Adv.* away! *be gone! Lat. apage! properly imperat. of ἀπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν)*.
 ἀ-παγής, *ές*, (α privat., παγῆναι) *not firmly fixed: of loose texture*.
 ἀπ-ἀγίνεω, *Ion.* for ἀπ-άγω, *esp. of paying tribute*.
 ἀπ-αγλαῖζω, *φ*. ἴσω *Att.* ἰώ, *to deprive of ornament*.
 ἀπ-ἀγορεύω, *φ*. σω, (the *Att.* fut. *is ἀπείρω*, *pf.* ἀπείρηκα, *aor.* ἀπείπον):—*to forbid: absol. to dissuade*. II. *intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of*. 2. *to*

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα *things worn out*.

ἀπαγριόμαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) *to become wild or savage*.

ἀπαγχνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπαγγχω, f. ἀγγω, *to strangle, throttle*:—Med. *to bang oneself*; *to be ready to choke*.

ἀπαγω, f. ἄγω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—*to lead away, carry off*:—Med. *to take away for oneself*. II. *to take home*. III. *to return what one owes, pay*. IV. as Att. law-term, *to bring before a magistrate and accuse*. 2. *to lead away to death*. V. *to lead away, perplex*: *to divert from a thing*. VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν), *to make off, go away*, esp. in imperat. ἀπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγωγῃ, ἡ, *a leading or dragging away*. II. *a taking home*. III. *payment of tribute*. IV. as Att. law-term, *a bringing before the magistrate*.

ἀπαθεῖν, -εῖν, Ion. for ἀπαθ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπανδάνω.

ἀπαθω, f. -ῆσομαι, *to sing out of tune*: metaph. *to dissent from*: *to wander away from*.

ἀπαείρομαι, Pass. *to depart from*.

ἀπαθανατίζω, *to aim at immortality*.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, *insensibility to suffering, apathy*. From ἀ-πάθης, ἑς, (a privat., πάθος) *without suffering, not suffering*: *insensible, apathetic*. 2. *unwilling to suffer, impatient of*. 3. *not having suffered, un-
dermined*.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπαθής, *without passion*.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαίδευσις, ὁ, *want of education, ignorance*: *coarseness*. II. *want of control over a thing*. From ἀ-παίδευτος, ὄν, (a privat., παιδεύω) *uneducated, ignorant, boorish*. Adv. ἀπαιδεύτως *to be boorish*.

ἀπαίδια, ἡ, (ἀπαις) *childlessness*.

ἀπαιθριάζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) *to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather*.

ἀπαίνυμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αἰνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἰνυμαι):—*to take away, withdraw*: *pluck off*.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαιολάω, *to cheat*: *to perplex, confound*. From ἀπ-αιόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) *cheating, duping, any means of cheating*.

ἀπαιόλημα, ατος, τό, *a knavish trick*.

ἀπαίρεθω, Ion. for ἀφαίρεθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἀφαίρεω.

ἀπαίρεω, Ion. for ἀφ-αίρεω.

ἀπαίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπ-αίρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαρῶ: aor. I ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρα:—*to lift off*: hence *to carry, take away*. II. *to lead away an army or fleet*; hence, as if intr. *to sail away, march away*: generally, *to set out, depart*: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός *to depart from the land*.

ἀ-παις, ἀπαιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) *childless*: c. gen., ἀπαις ἑρσενος γόνου *without male heirs*.

ἀπα-αἰσσω, Att. -ῆσσω, f. ἴσω: Att. aor. I ἀπῆξα:—*to rush down*: generally, *to dart away*.

ἀπα-αἰτώ, f. ἴσω, *to demand back*, or simply *to demand of one*:—Pass. *to have a thing demanded of one*. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, *a demanding back, demand*.

ἀπα-αἰτίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαυτῶ, *to demand back*.

ἀπα-αἰρώ, f. ἴσω, *to make to bang down, suspend*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, *to bang down from, bower about*.

ἀπα-ακρίβισμαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβισμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβής):—*to be finished off, carefully finished*: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκρίβισμένος, *bigly wrought or finished*.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαιω) *not thrown in wrestling*: generally, *unconquerable*.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαιστρον) *not trained in the palaestra, awkward*. II. *not customary on the palaestra*.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλέξω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλακω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλαλέμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμνος, ὄν, = ἀπάλαμος, *helpless, silly*. II. *unmanageable, lawless*.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ὄν, (a privat., πάλαιον) *without hands or without the use of them*: *helpless, lazy*. II. *which cannot be helped, unmanageable*.

ἀπα-ἀλάομαι, Pass. *to go astray, wander*.

ἀπα-αλγέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) *to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling*.

ἀπα-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπα-αλήφιφα:—*to wipe off, expunge*, esp. from a register.

ἀπα-αλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): *to ward off from another*, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.; ἀπαλέξεν βέλος τινός *to ward off a dart from a man*: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, *to keep one from*, as ἀπ. τινά κακότητος *to keep a man from evil*:—Med. *to defend oneself against*.

ἀπα-αληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth.

ἀπα-αλθέομαι, f. -ῆσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) *to heal thoroughly*.

ἀπαλθέσθων, 3 dual. fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) *deliverance, release, riddance from a thing*. II. *a removal, a divorce*. III. (from Pass.) *a going away, escape, departure*.

ἀπα-αλλάξεω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, *to wish to be rid of*.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγῇ.

ἀπα-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ἴσω: aor. I -ῆλλαξα: pf. -ῆλλαχα:—*to set free, release, rid of a thing*. 2. *to put away from, remove from*: also *to get rid of*.

II. intrans. *to get off free, escape*, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν: *to go away, depart*.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπηλλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπῆλα-

λαγμαι :—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. **καλῶς**, ἀζήμιος ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted. II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι like Lat. *e pueris excedere*, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπαλλοτριῶ, f. ὤσω. pf. **ηλλοτριώκα**: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος) :—to estrange.

ἀπαλλοῶ, poet. **-αλοῦα**, f. ἤσω, properly to *libresb out*: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, **τριχός**, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. **ἌΠΛΑΔΟΣ**, ἡ, ὅν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, ητος, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλό-τρέφης, ἐς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρον, ον, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπαλό-χροός, ον, contr. **-χρους**, **χρουν**, (ἀπαλός, χροός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., **ἀπαλό-χροος**, dat. **-χροῖ**, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὑνώ, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπαμαλύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπαμάω, f. ἤσω, to cut off.

ἀπαμβάλνω, f. ὑνώ:—Pass., pf. **ἀπήμβλυμαι**. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπαμείβομαι, f. **-αμείβομαι**: aor. I **-ημείβην**: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω) :—to reply to, answer.

ἀπαμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπαμελέω, f. ἤσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμμένος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

ἀπαμπλακίσκω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 **ἀπήμπλακον**, inf. **ἀπαμπλακείν**: = ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπαμύνω, fut. ὑνώ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπαναινομαι: aor. I **ἀπηνηνάμην**: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπααναισχυντέω, f. ἤσω, to be utterly shamed: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπαανάλωσκω, fut. **-ανάλωσω**: pf. **-ανάλωκα**:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπαναστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπανδρόομαι, pf. **ἀπήνδρωμαι**: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνὴρ) :—to become a man.

ἀπανευθε and **-θεν**, strength. for ἀνευθε, Adv. *afar off*, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. *far away from*: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπανησθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπανθέω, f. ἤσω: pf. **ἀπήνθηκα**:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπανθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., **ματαίαν γλῶσσαν ἀπανθίζειν** to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please. **ἀπανθράκίζω**, f. ἴσω Att. **ἰῶ**, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπανθρακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπανθρακῶ, f. ὤσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπανθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From **ἀπ-ἀνθρωπος**, ον, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπανίστημι, fut. **-αναστήσω**: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. **ἀπανίσταμαι**, with intr. aor. 2 act. **-έστην**, pf. **-έστηκα**, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπανταχού, Adv. = **πανταχοῦ**.

ἀπανταχοῦ, Adv. (ἅπας) everywhere.

ἀπαντάω: Att. impf. **ἀπήντων**: f. **ἀπαντήσομαι**: aor. I **ἀπήντησα**: pf. **ἀπήντηκα**:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3. of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἅπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπάντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of **ἀπαντάω**.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπ-αντίκρυ, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίκρυ) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντλέω, f. ἤσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπ-άντομαι, = **ἀπ-αντάω**.

ἀπ-ανύω, f. ὤσω [ῦ], to accomplish or finish entirely: **ἀπανύειν** [sub. **δδύν**] to finish a journey.

ἌΠΛΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. *semel*. II. without any notion of number, after **ἐπεί**, **ὥς**, etc., like Lat. *ut semel*; **ὥς ἅπαξ ἤρξατο** when once he began.

ἅπαξ-ἅπας, ἅσα, ἅν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἅπαξ-ἅπλως, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπ-αξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) unworthiness.

ἀπ-ἀξιος, ον, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπ-αξιόω, f. ὤσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. *dedignari*.

ἀπίορος, ον, Dor. for ἀπόρος.

ἀ-παππος, ον, (a privat., πάππος) with no grand-father or ancestors.

ἀπ-άπτω, Ion. for ἀφ-άπτω.

ἀ-παράβητος, ον, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπ-ἀραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αρέω.

ἀ-παράττητος, ον, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, not to be entreated, inexorable: Adv. -τως, inexorably.

ἀ-παράλυτος, ον, (a privat., παρακάλυπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τως, undisguisedly. [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, ον, (a privat., παρακαλέω) unsuited, without being called upon.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, ον, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ἀ-παράλογιστος, ον, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ἀ-παράμυθτος, ον, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, ον, = ἀπαράμυθτος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπάρᾶ-, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπάραι, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.

ἀπάραξα, Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.

ἀ-παράσκευαστος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευάζω) = sq.

ἀ-παράσκευος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, Att. -τω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπάραια:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

ἀπ-αργμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ἀρέσω, f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to.

2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νεμεσητόν βασιλῆα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπἀρέσσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσχω.

ἀ-παρθένεutos, ον, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-παρθένος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; νύμφην ἀνυμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπαρθένον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

ἀπ-ἀριθμέω, f. ήσω, to count over: to reckon up. II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπἀριθμησις, εως, ή, a counting over.

ἀπ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to suffice, be sufficient. II. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

ἀπ-αρνέομαι, fut. med. ήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπρηθήην: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

ἀπ-αρνος, ον, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἀπαρνός έστι μη νοσείν he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδένος καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. pass. denied, refused.

ἀπ-αράτῶ, f. ήσω: Pass., pf. -ήρημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle. II. to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense. III.

to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away.

ἀπ-αρί, (ἀπό, ἀριος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just.

II. just the reverse, quite the contrary.

III. of time, = ἀπό ἀρί, for ἀπό τού νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.

ἀπ-αρίξω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ή, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

ἀπαρτισμός, ό, (ἀπαρτίω) completion.

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. From ἀπ-ἀρύω, f. ύσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.

ἀπ-αρχή, ή, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. II. c.

gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

ἀπ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπάσα, ἅπαν, (ἅμα, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἅπασι and eis ἅπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

ἀπ-ασπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

ἀπαστία, ή, a fasting, fast. From

ἀ-παστος, ον, (a privat., πάομαι) not having tasted.

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to have no leisure.

ἀπάτῶ, f. ήσω: aor. I ήπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ήπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπάτῶ, Ion. for ἀπατάω.

ἀπάτεών, ὢνος, ό, a cheat, rogue. From

ἅπια"τη, ή, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπάτῆλιος, ον, deceitful, wily.

ἀπάτῆλός, ή, ύν, = ἀπατῆλιος.

ἀπάτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ή, ύν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ἀ-πάτητος, ον, (a privat., πᾶτῶ) untrodten.

ἀπ-ατίμάξω, f. άσω, = ἀπατιμάω.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ήσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dishonour greatly.

Ἀπατούρια, ον, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Πιοβ. derived from πατήρ or φπατρία, with a euphon.)

ἀ-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (a privat., πᾶτήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

ἀπ-αυγάζω, f. σω, to beam with light. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, ατος, τό, a reflection.

ἀπ-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf.

II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπανδῶ τινα μή ποιεῖν I forbid his doing. III. to decline, renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting

παυαί; ἀπαυδῶν φίλῳ, *to fail a friend*: also *to faint, sink*; ἀπαυδῶν κόπῳ *to faint with toil*.

ἀπ-αυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. *to speak or act boldly, speak out*.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) *to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day*.

ἀπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπηύρων, ἀπηύρας, ἀπηύρα, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple is not found):—*to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι*. II. *to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer*: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπηύρα, etc., should be altered into ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ον, (α privat., παύω) *not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending*. II. c. gen. *never ceasing from*.

ἀπ-αυτίκα, Adv. *forthwith, on the spot*.
ἀπ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, *to go of one's own accord, desert*.

ἀπαφρίσκω, fut. ἀπαφρίσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—like ἀπατάω, *to cheat, beguile*.

ἀπ-άχθομαι, Dep. *to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium*.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.
ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβρισα, aor. I of ἀποβρίττω.
ἀπεδανός, ὄν, Dor. for ἡπεδανός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) *unsod, barefoot*.
ἀ-πέδος, ον, (α copul., πέδον) *even, level, flat*.

ἀπεδρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύπτω.
ἀπ-έδω, sec ἀπ-εσθίω.

ἀπέτησιν, Ep. for ἀπῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἀπειμι (εἰμι sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπεῖπον.
ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποείργω.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.
ἀπ-εἶδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use,

serving as aor. *to ἀφοράω*:—*to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at*.

ἀπειθεῖα, ἡ, (ἀπειθή) *disobedience*.
ἀπαθεῖω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθή) *to refuse compliance, to be disobedient*.

ἀπ-εἶθη, ἀπ-εἶθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-εἶθη, ἀφ-εἶθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀρήμι.

ἀ-πειθή, ἐς, (α privat., πειθώμαι) *disobedient: of ships, unmanageable*. II. (πειθω) act. *not persuading*.

ἀπ-εκάλω, f. ἴσω, *to copy, represent, express by a comparison*: hence *to compare with, liken to*. II.

ἀπ-εκτάσσει, *to conjecture, ut licet conjicere*.
ἀπ-απονέλω, (ἀπό, ἐκλάν) *to represent or portray in a statue*.

ἀπεικότης, ἀπ-εικός, sec ἀπεικός.
ἀπειλάω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, *to threaten*.

ἀπ-ελέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἐλέω) *to press hard*: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀνγκαίην *driven into great straits*.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) *to threaten*, Lat. *minari*: c. inf. *to threaten to do*. II. *to make boastful threats*: *to boast, brag*, Lat. *gloriarī*.

III. *to assure, promise, vow*:—Pass. *to be terrified by threats*.

ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, *threats*; also *boasts, braggart words*: in sing. *a threatening*.

(Deriv. uncertain.) [ἀ]
ἀπ-εληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπό, ἐλέω).

ἀπειλημα, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.
ἀπ-ελημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπό, ἐλέω).

ἀπ-ελημμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.
ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἡπειλήτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ἀπειλέω) *a threatener, boaster*. Hence

ἀπειλητήριος, α, ον, *threatening, menacing*.
ἀπειλητής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀπειλητήρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπειλητήριος.
ἀπειληφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμι sum) *to be away from*: absol. *to be away or absent*: of things, *to be wanting*. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπῆν,

3 pl. ἀπεσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσομαι.
ἀπ-εμι, (ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) *to go away, depart*: the pres. mostly as fut. *I will go*: imperat. ἀπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

ἀπειπέμεν, = ἀπειπεῖν, v. sq.
ἀπ-εἶπον: inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποειπεῖν: also aor. I

ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, pf. ἀπέρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—*to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly*. II. *to forbid*, foll. by μή with inf.; ἀπεῖπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν *I forbade him to do*: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, *a forbidden thing*.

III. *to renounce, disown, give up*; ἀπειπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν *to disown his son*; ἀπειπεῖν ὄφιν *to avert a vision by offerings*. IV. *to deny, refuse*. V.

intrans. *to give up, be worn out, fail*: c. dat. pers. *to fail or be wanting to one*; ἀπειρηκένας φίλους *to fail one's friends*; but, ἀπειρηκένας χρήμασι *to be bankrupt*:—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος *to be tired of sitting*.

ἀ-περαντος, ον, (α privat., πέρας) *endless, boundless*.
ἀ-περαστος, ον, (α privat., περάω) *inexperienced*.
ἀ-περῆτος, ον, (α privat., περῶμαι) Dor. for ἀπέρητος, *untried*.

ἀπ-εργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-εργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπείργω.

ἀπ-εργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-εργω: f. ἴω: aor. I ἀπείρξα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀπείργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπείργμαι:—*to keep away or shut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back*: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, *shut out from its old course*. II. *to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc.*

III. *to shut up, confine*.
ἀ-περέσιος, α, ον, and ος, ον, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος.

II. *boundless, endless, countless*.

ἀπ-εἰρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπείπον.
ἀπ-εἰρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπείπον.

ἀ-πείρητος, ov, also η, ov, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος 1, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος 2, πέρas) infinity.

ἀ-περίττος, ov, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.
ἀπειρό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροςος, ov, (ἀπειρος, δρόςος) unbedewed.
ἀπειρό-κάκος, ov, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκάλλια, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, ov, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λως.

ἀπειρο-λεχῆς, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρο-μάχης, ov, Dor. -μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [α]

ἀ-πείρος, ov, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (a privat., πέρas, πέρas) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἀ-πειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.
ἀπειρό-τοκος, ov, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἀ-πείρων, ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρas) = ἀπειρος 2, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος 1, inexperienced.

ἀπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-έημι.

ἀπ-εκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέχομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἀπ-εκδύνω or -δύω, f. δύσω [ῡ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῡ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπέκδυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.
ἀπέκτε, a Dor. aor. I (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέ-βαλε, be lost.

ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλεάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκλεάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκρέμω, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-έκτατο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀ-πέκτητος, ov, (a privat., πκτήω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω: fut. ἀπελάσω, Aet. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελή-λακα:—Pass. aor. I ἀπηλάθην [α]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -μαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple π

ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπήλαον:—to drive

expel.

II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ἀ-πέλεθρος, ov, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλειψα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.

ἀπελίσσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαίρω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ὅν, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. *libertus*, *libertinus*. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὥσω, to set free, emancipate.
ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.
ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλω.
ἀπ-ελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to drive to despair. 2. = ἐλπίζειν ἀπὸ τινος to hope from one.

ἀπέλου, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολούω (formed from ἀπολῶ).

ἀπ-εμέω, f. έσω, to spit up, throw out.
ἀπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομνήσκαω.

ἀπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομόργνυμι.
ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ήσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπὸ, ἐναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.
ἀπ-ενδρίζω, f. ἱζω, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀποναίω.
ἀπενέγκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρειν.

ἀπένευκα, Ep. for ἀπηνευκα or ἀπηνεγκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φέρειν: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενειχθῆναι.

ἀπ-ενέπω, v. ἀπ-εννέπω.
ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀ-πενθητος, ov, (a privat., πένθος) not subject to grief.
ἀπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ήσω, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπὸ, ἐνιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-εννέπω, to forbid: ἀπεννέπω σε μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid thee to do.

II. to order away from: ἀπεννέ-πειν τινα θαλάμων.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.

ἀπεοικώς, Att. ἀπεκώς, vῆα, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπέ-οικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικόςτως.

ἀ-πέπειρος, ov, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.
ἀπεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.
ov, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος
only.

ἀπέπλω, shortd. for ἀπέπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπέπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. I act. of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀποπνέω.

ἀπεπτόμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.

ἀπεπιτος, ov, (a privat., πέσσω, f. πῶω) *uncooked, undigested*.

ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὅπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥσπερ, as, so as.

ἀπέραντος, ov, (a privat., περαιῶω) *boundless, infinite, endless*.

ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἀσομαι: pf. ἀπεργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—to *work off, finish off*; pf. part. ἀπεργασμένος, *completely finished*: of a painter, to *fill up with colour, to represent perfectly*: generally to *form, create*. 2. to *finish a contract*. Hence

ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a *finishing off, completing*: a *creating, causing*.

ἀπέργω, Ion. for ἀπείργω.

ἀπέρδω, f. ξω, to *bring to an end, finish*.

ἀπερ-εἰ, Adv. = ὥσπερ, from ἄπερ.

ἀπερείδω, to *fix firmly*:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισαι:—to *fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing*: to *dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part*: absol. to *lean or bend away*.

ἀπερείσιος, ov, poet., = ἀπειρέσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἀποινα, a *countless ransom*.

ἀπερημόω, f. ὦω, to *make utterly desolate*.

ἀπεριάλητος, ov, (a privat., περιαλέω) *not to be outdone in talking*. [δ]

ἀπεριλήπτος, ov, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) *uncircumscribed*.

ἀπεριμέριμνος, ov, (a privat., περί, μέριμνα) *careless*. Adv. -ως, *carelessly*.

ἀπερίοπος, ov, (a privat., περιύφωμαι) *unregarding, reckless of*.

ἀπερίσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., περισκέπτομαι) *inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless*. Adv. -τως.

ἀπερίσπαστος, ov, (a privat., περισπάω) *undistracted*. Adv. -τως, *without distraction*.

ἀπέριστος, Att. -τος, ov, (a privat., περισσός) *without superfluity, simple*.

ἀπεριστάτος, ov, (a privat., περισταταί) *defenceless*.

ἀπερίτητος, ov, (a privat., περιτέμνω) *uncircumcised*.

ἀπερίτροπος, ov, (a privat., περιτρέπω) *not returning*: also *not beeding*.

ἀπερρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπεργίγασι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀποργίγω, [γ]

ἀπέρρω, to be *gone quite away*: imperat. ἀπερρε, *away, begone*, Lat. *abi in malam rem*.

ἀπερυθρίαω, fut. ἀσω [ᾱ], to *put away blushes, be past blushing*.

ἀπερυκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to *keep off, scare away*:—Med. to *abstain, desist*. [ῶ]

ἀπερύω, f. ὦω [ῶ], to *tear off from*.

ἀπέρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλθον, -ἦλθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—to *go away, depart from*; ἀπέρχεσθαι eis., to *go from one place to another*.

ἀπερῶ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπέρηκα: fut. med. ἀπεροῖμαι: aor. I pass. ἀπερρήθην: (see ἀπείπον):—to *speak plainly out*. II.

to *forbid*; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I *forbid thee to do*. III. to *renounce, disown*. IV. to *deny, refuse*. V. intr. to *give up, sink, fail*: see in ἀπείπον.

ἀπερωεύς, ἔως, ὁ, one who *thwarts*. From ἀπερωέω, f. ἦσω, to *withdraw from*.

ἀπερωή, ἡ, a *drawing back*. II. a *hindrance*. ἀπερωήσεαι, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀπερωέω.

ἀπερωτος, ov, (ἀπό, ἔρως) *unloving*. ἀπες, Ion. for ἀπες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίημι.

ἀπεσθώ, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπεδήδoka: aor. I pass. ἀπηδέσθην: to *eat or gnaw off*: to *eat up*.

ἀπεσκάδασα, aor. I of ἀποσκεδάννυμι. ἀπεσσεύεται, for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπειμι.

ἀπέσσουσα, Lacon. for ἀπεσούνη, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω, *be is gone, i. e. is dead*.

ἀπεσσύμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω. ἀπέστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω. ἀπεστώ, οὖς, ἡ, (ἀπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, a *being away, absence*: see εὐεστώ.

ἀπέτηλος, ov, (a privat., πέτηλον) *leafless*. ἀπέτρηπον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπυθής, ἐς, (a privat., πυθάνομαι) *not inquired into, unknown*, Lat. *ignotus*. II act. *not inquiring, ignorant*, Lat. *ignarus*.

ἀπευθύνω [ῶ], f. ὦνω, to *make straight again*: to *set up again*: metaph. to *restore*: to *guide, rule*; χεῖρας δεσμοῖς ἀπευθύνειν to *guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them*.

ἀπευκτός, όν, (ἀπέυχομαι) to *be deprecated, abominable*.

ἀπευνάζω, f. ἀσω, to *lull to sleep*. ἀπέυχεται, ov, = ἀπευκτός. From

ἀπέυχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to *wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen*, Lat. *deprecari*.

ἀπέφθιτον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίνω. ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.

ἀπεφθος, ov, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έφω) *boiled down, refined*: ἀπ. χρυσός *refined gold*, Lat. *aurum re-coctum*.

ἀπεχθαίρω, f. -ᾶρῶ: aor. I ἀπήχθηρα:—to *hate utterly*. II. to *make utterly hateful*.

ἀπεχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to *be hated*: to *incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred*: οὐτε τί μοι πᾶς δῆμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being *roused to hate against me* distress me.

II. Dep. in causal sense, to *cause hatred*; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that *cause hatred*: c. dat. pers. to *be or become hateful* to one.

ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) *enmity, hatred*; in plur. *enmities*; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθεῖν to *be hated by him*, like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is bated, the object of bate.*

ἀπ-εχθής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἐχθος) *bateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-εχθόμαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἐχθος): —to be bated or bateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέξω and ἀποσχῶν: aor. 2 ἀπέσχον: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχασθαι χεῖράς τινας to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from.

II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci; τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing.

III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθὸν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.

ἀπέεσα, aor. I of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπ-ηγόμαι, ἀπ-ήγμαι, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθέω, f. ἥσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπ-ηλεγώς, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγῶς ἀποσεῖπν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.

ἀπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἡλιαία) one who keeps away from the Ἡλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.

ἀπ-ῆλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ῆλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. άνεμος), ον, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.

ἀ-πήμαντος, ον, (a privat., πημαίνω) unbarmed, without misery.

ἀπ-ῆμβροτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ῆμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφ-μαρτάνω.

ἀπ-ῆμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπειμι (εἰμι, sum).

ἀπημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀπήμων) freedom from harm, safety.

ἀπημπόλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολάω.

ἀ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πῆμα) unbarmed, unhurt: without sorrow or suffering. II. act. doing no harm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπήνεα, ἡ, (ἀπήνης) harshness, roughness.

ἀπήνη, ἡ, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot. II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἐς, harsh, rough. See προσ-ηνής.

ἀπήνηθον, Dor. for ἀπῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-όρος, Ep. ἀπ-ήωρος, ον, (ἀπό, αἶρω) hovering on high, Lat. suspensus.

ἀ-πηρος, ον, (a privat., πῆρα) without a scrip. II. (a privat., πῆρος) untaimed.

ἀπηρύων, ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ηχής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἦχος) discordant, noisy.

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήωρος.

ἀπία γῆ, v. ἀπιος.

ἀπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

ἀπ-ιγμι, Ion. for ἀφίγημι.

ἀ-πίθανος, ον, not winning belief, incredible, unlikely.

II. not persuasive. [Ὶ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, poet. for ἀπειθέω. From

ἀ-πίθης, ἐς, poet. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπῖθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a restorer. From

ἀπ-ιθύνω, = ἀπ-ευθύνω.

ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικνέμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀ-πινύσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) to be without one's wits, to be senseless.

ἀπιξίς, Ion. for ἀφίξις.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) a pear, Lat. pirum.

*ΑΠΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus.

ἀπιος, ἡ, ον, (ἀπό) far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπῆς γαίης Hom.

II. *Απιος, α, ον, Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence *Απία γῆ, or *Αρία alone, the Peloponnese: also *Απῖς, ἴδος, ἡ. [The former sense has ᾤ, the latter ᾠ.]

ἀπ-ιπῶν, f. ῶσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ισῶν, f. ῶσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστέω, f. ἥσω: pf. ἠπίστηκα: (ἀπιστος): —to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be distrusted.

II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ίστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -ιῆ, ἡ, (ἀπιστέω) disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts.

II. want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.

ἀ-πιστος, ον, (a privat., πιστός): I. pass. not to be trusted, and so, 1. of persons, faithless.

2. of things, not credible, beyond belief. II. act. not believing or trusting, mistrustful.

2. not obeying.

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. suspiciously.

II. pass. beyond belief, incredibly.

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἵσσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ισχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπειμι, one must go away.

ἀπλακία, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακία, etc.

ἀ-πλάνης, ἐς, (a privat., πλανάομαι) not wandering: fixed.

ἀ-πλαστος, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) not moulded: hence genuine, sincere.

II. (a privat., πελάζω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλάτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, poet. for πελάζω) shortened for ἀπέλατος, unapproachable, terrible.

ἀ-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) unplaited.

ἀ-πλετος, ον, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπλητος, only used in the sense of immense, extraordinary.

ἀ-πλευστος, ον, (a privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) not navigable, not navigated.

ἀ-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλῆσσω) unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.

ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From **ἀπληστος**, ον, (a privat., *πῖμπλημι*) *not to be filled, insatiate*: c. gen., **ἀπλ. αἵματος** *insatiate of blood*.
ἀπλοια, Ion. **ἀπλοῦ**, ἡ, (ἀπλου) *difficulty of sailing*, from stress of weather.

ἀπλοῖζομαι, Dep. (ἀπλός) *to deal openly or frankly*.
ἀπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *a single garment*.
ἀπλός, ὅς, ον, contr. **ἀπλοῦς**, ἡ, οὖν, Lat. *simplex*, *onefold*, (opp. to **διπλός**, Lat. *duplex*, *twofold*), *single*. II. *single-minded, simple*, and that either (in good sense) *frank, open, sincere*; or (in bad sense) *silly*. III. *simple*, opp. to *compound*: hence, *absolute, sheer*. (Derived from ἅμα, *all in one way*, as is Lat. *simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀπλους, ον, contr. **ἀ-πλους**, ον, (a privat., *πλέω*) *not sailing*: I. of ships, *unfit for sea, not seaworthy*. 2. of men, *never having been at sea*. II. pass., of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὅς, ποët. for ἀπλός, ἀπλοῦς.
ἀπλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) like Lat. *simplicitas*, *simplicity, plainness, frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for ἀπλός.
ἀ-πλους, ον, contr. for ἀ-πλοος.
ἀ-πλουτος, ον, (a privat., *πλούτος*) *without riches*.
ἀπλως, Adv. of ἀπλοῦς, Lat. *simpliciter*, *simply, plainly: absolutely*. II. in a word, Lat. *denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, ον, (a privat., *πνεύσομαι* fut. of *πνέω*) *without breath, breathless: hence lifeless*.

ἀ-πνεος, ον, contr. **ἀ-πνεους**, ον, (a privat., *πνέω*) *without wind, calm*. II. *without breath, lifeless*.

ἌΠΟ, PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY, = Lat. *AB, ABS*, *whether place, time, or any object be denoted*: I.

of Place, implying motion from, *away from*: also *down from*. 2. without motion implied, *far from, at a distance from*. II. later of Time, *from, after, since*; ἀπὸ δείπνου *γενέσθαι* to have done supper.

III. of Origin of all kinds, as, 1. of *descent, birth*; οὐκ ἀπὸ δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπὸ πέτρης *not sprung from oak or rock*; ἀπὸ Σπάρτης of Sparta by birth. 2. of the means or instrument; ἀπὸ βιοῦ *πέφην* with arrow from his bow. 3. of the cause or occasion; ἀπὸ δικαιοσύνης *by reason of*. 4. of the material of which a thing is made; ἀπὸ ξύλου *πεποιημένα* made of wood.

As ADVERB, without cause, *far away*: but almost always with verbs in tmesis.

In Compos., I. *from, asunder*, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαγγέλλω: and hence, *finishing, completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. *back again*, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. *almost*=α πρὶν, as in ἀπανάπα, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτος.

ἀπο, anastrophe. for ἀπό, when it follows its noun. **ἀπο-αἰνῆμαι**, ποët. for ἀ-αἰνῆμαι, *to take away*.

ἀπο-αἰρέομαι, ποët. for ἀφ-αἰρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, Att. for ἀπόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. for ἀποβαίνω.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder* *from*. II. *ding* from a ship, *the gangway*. From ἀβάω as?

ἀπο-βαίνω, f. *βήσομαι*: Ep. 3 sing. *-εστ*. I *ἀπεβή-σετο*: aor. 2 *ἀπέβην*: pf. *ἀποβέβηκα*:—*to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from*. 2. *to go away, depart*.

II. of events, *to issue or result from*: absol. *to turn out, end or issue in a certain way*, Lat. *evenire*; τὸ ἀποβαίνον *the issue, event* τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα *the results*; τὰ ἀπ. *Ἐσθόμενα* *the probable results*: also ἀποβαίνειν *alone*, *to turn out well, succeed*. 2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., *to turn out, prove or be so and so*, Lat. *evadere*; ἀποβαίνειν *κοινοί* *to prove impartial*. 3. of conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to, end in*.

B. Causal, only in aor. I *ἀπέβησα*, *to make to dismount, disembark, land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, f. *-βαλῶ*: aor. 2 *ἀπ:βάλλον*: pf. *ἀποβέβληκα*:—*to throw off from*: c. acc. only, *to throw away*. 2. *to throw away, reject*: also *to throw away, sell too cheap*. 3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, f. *ψω*, *to dip entirely*.
ἀποβάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω.

ἀποβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) *a stepping off, dismounting: a disembarking, landing*: also *a landing-place*.

ἀποβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. *άσομαι*, Dep. *to force away*: aor. I pass. *ἀποβιασθῆναι* in pass. sense, *to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάζω: f. *βιβάζω* Att. *-βιβῶ*:—Causal of ἀποβαίνω, *to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. I pass. *ἀπεβρώθην*:—*to eat off*.
ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. *ψω*, *to ruin utterly*:—aor. I pass. *ἀποβλαφθῆναι*, *to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. *-βλαστήσω*: aor. 2 *ἀπέβλαστον*:—*to shoot forth from, spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, ον, *looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired*. From ἀπο-βλέπω, f. *ψω*, *to look away from* all other objects at one, *to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, Att. *-ττω*, f. *ίσω*; aor. I *ἀπέβλισα*:—*to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey: metaph. to steal*.

ἀπο-βλύζω, f. *σω*, *to spirt out*; ἀποβλύζειν οἶνον *to spirt or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, ης, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away, losing, loss*.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, ον, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to throw away*.

II. pass. *apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. *to eat up*.

ἀπο-βουκόλεω, f. *ήσω*, *to let cattle stray*: hence *to make to lose*. 2. *to soothe, beguile*.

ἀπο-βριζώ, f. *ξω*, *to sleep without waking, go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀποβώμιος—ἀποδιδάσκω.

ἀ. γods. (ἀπὸ, ἀπὸ, βωμός) far from an altar, coming up land.

ἀπο-γεύσθω, to make jut out like a coping or cornice. ἀπο-γεύω, f. σω, to make another taste of a thing:—Med. to taste of it oneself.

ἀπο-γεφύρω, f. ὦσω, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

ἀπο-γηράστω, f. ἄσομαι, to grow old.

ἀπο-γίνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεγενήμην: pf. ἀπογενένημαι:—to be away from, have no part in. II. absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: ol ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.

ἀπο-γινώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέγνω: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not. 2. ὁ despair. II. c. acc. to give up as useless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.

ἀπόγνοια, ἡ, (ἀπογινώσκω) despair.

ἀπόγονος, ον, (ἀπογίνομαι) descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.

ἀπογράφῃ, ἡ, (ἀπογράφω) a copy of an indictment (γραφῇ): a deposition. II. a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

ἀπο-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register:—Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use. II. Att. law-term, 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person. 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.

ἀπο-γυῖω, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.

ἀπο-γυμνάω, f. ὦσω, to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.

ἀπο-γυμνῶ, f. ὦσω, to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stripped bare:—Med. to strip oneself.

ἀπο-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι, to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.

ἀπο-δακρύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to weep much; c. acc. to weep much for, lament.

ἀποδασάμιος, ον, parted off or from. From ἀποδασμός, ὁ, a division, part of a whole. From ἀπο-δατέομαι: f. -δάσομαι [ᾶ], Ep. -δάσσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπεδασάμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδασσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπο-δεῖ, Ion. ἀπο-δέε, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, Dep. to frighten away. ἀπο-δεικνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀπεδείχθην: pf. ἀποδέδειγμα, Ion. -δέδειγμα: 1. to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, 1. bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a

law. 2. to appoint or assign; χῶρος ἀποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. to shew by argument, prove.

II. to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create. 2. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own; ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρεάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δειλιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to be a coward, shrink from danger.

ἀπόδειξις, Ion. -δέξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδείκνυμι) a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration.

II. (from Med.) a display, achievement, performance.

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, ον, (ἀπό, δείπνον) without supper. ἀπο-δειροτομέω, f. ἡσω, to cut off by the neck, behead.

ἀπο-δείρω, Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω. ἀπο-δεκάτω, f. ὦσω, to pray twice of. II. to take twice from, τινά.

ἀπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι. ἀποδεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.

ἀποδεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a taker from, receiver.

ἀποδεκτός, ὄν, (ἀποδέχομαι) acceptable. ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπόδειξις, εως, ἡ, Ion. for ἀπόδειξις. ἀποδέρμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποδέρω) a hide stripped off.

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: f. -δερώ: aor. 1 ἀπέδειρα:—to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp. II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.

ἀποδεχθεῖς, Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέφομαι: aor. ἀπεδέξαμην: pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him. 4. to take or understand in a certain sense. II. to receive back, recover.

ἀπο-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast.

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δήσω:—to be wanting, to lack:—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.

ἀποδημέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀπόδημος) to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence

ἀποδημητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who is abroad.

ἀποδημία, ἡ, a being from home, a going or being abroad. From

ἀπό-δημος, ον, away from home, abroad.

ἀπο-διαιτῶ, f. ἡσω, to decide for a person in an arbitration.

ἀπο-διδάσκω, f. διδάξω, to teach not to do, Lat. docere.

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—*to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealib.* 2. in prose also c. acc., *to flee, shun.*

ἀπο-δίδομι, f. -δῶσω: aor. 1 ἀπέδοκα:—*to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due.* 2. *to render, yield, of land.* 3. *to grant, allow.* 4. *to render or make so and so.* 5. *to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-dere.*

II. intr., εἰ τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδίδοι ἐς αὐξήσιν [sc. ἡ Αἴγυπτος], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:—*Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.*

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, *to acquit*, opp. to καταδικάζω. **ἀποδίδεῖν**, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, *to throw off: to throw down.*

ἀπο-δίκηω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) *to defend oneself on trial.*

ἀπο-δίνεω, f. ἦσω, *to turn or whirl violently about.*

ἀπο-δίνομαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίνω) poet. for ἀποδιδώκω.

ἀπο-διονίζω, f. ἴσω, *to bend off, distinguish.*

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. διώξομαι, *to chase away.*

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀποδοφέ σφι μὴ πράττειν *it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ὡς σφι ἀπέδοξε* when they resolved . . .

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, *to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject.* Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστήων, verb. Adj. *one must reject.*

ἀποδόκιμος, ov, (ἀποδίδωμι) *meet to be restored.*

ἀπ-οδος, Ion. for ἀφ-οδος.

ἀπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδίδωμι) *a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.*

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, *one must give back, refer.*

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ἡ, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις: reception.* II. *praise, approbation.*

ἀπο-δοχμῶω, f. ὠσω, *to bend backwards or sideways.*

ἀποδράθην, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδραθάνω.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀποδράσις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδιδράσκω) *a running away, escape.*

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, *to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.*

ἀποδρήναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέδρυσα: aor. 2 ἀπέδρυσον: aor. 1 pass. ἀπεδρύφην:—*to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.*

ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπο-δύνω, *to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύνω.* [ῥ]

ἀπο-οδύρομαι [ῥ], f. -οδύρομαι, *to lament bitterly.*

ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύνω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, *an undressing room.* From

ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. 1 ἀπέδυσα, *to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.*

to strip another of his arms, etc.

II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀποδύμι), and pf. ἀποδέδυκα:—*to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδύεσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for.* 2. metaph. *to put away.*

ἀπο-είκω, f. ξω, *to withdraw from.*

ἀπό-ειπον, ες, ε, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-έργαθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω, *to keep far away, keep off from.*

ἀποέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. 1 only found in 3 pers., *to hurry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρση, opt. ἀποέρσειε.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζῶω, f. ζήσω, *to live off; ὅσον ἀποζῇν* enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—*to unyoke, part:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δευρ' ἀπέζυγην πόδας* on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, *to boil off, throw off by fermenting.*

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, *to smell of something.* II. impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης *there comes a scent from Arabia.*

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θαλῶ, *to leave off blooming.*

ἀποθάνειν, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθάνουμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρρέω and **ἀπο-θαρσέω**, f. ἦσω, *to take courage, have full confidence.*

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θωμάζω, f. ἄσω, *to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.*

ἀπο-θείομαι, Ep. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποσιθίμην.

ἀπο-θειῶω, f. ὠσω, poet. for ἀποθεύω.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) *from afar.*

ἀπό-θεος, ov, *far from the gods: hence godless.*

ἀπο-θεῖω, f. ὠσω, *to deify.*

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to cut off like ears of corn.*

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποσιθίμην.

ἀπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποσιθίμην) *a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.*

ἀπόθεστος, ov, (ἀποσιθίμην) *despised, abhorred.*

ἀποθεταί, ὦν, αἰ, *a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth.* From **ἀπόθετος**, ov, (ἀποσιθίμην) *laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.*

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θέωσομαι, *to run off or away.*

ἀποθήκη, ἡ, (ἀποσιθίμην) *any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse.* II.

anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, *to treasure or board up.*

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. ψω, *to press hard, crowd upon.* [ῖ]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θναίνομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—*to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.*

ἀποθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθρῶσκω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [ῥ], f. ὕνομαι, *to be very bold.*

ἀπο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i.e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θριάλλω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρώσκω, f. -θροοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθορον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμιος, ov, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ύσω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ov, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ή Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπὸρκεῖτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i.e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

ἀποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπο-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω: Pass., aor. 1 ἀποκίσθην: pf. -φκισμαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of ἀποικος:—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπο-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπο-οικος, ov, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

ἀπο-οικτιζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀ-ποιμάντος, ov, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -οιμῶξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, av, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence

ἀποινάω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to hold to ransom.

ἀποινδ-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀπο-οῖστέω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀπο-οίχομαι, fut. -οίχσομαι: pf. -ύχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -άρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάθημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down.

ἀπο-καθίστάω and ἀπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to reëstablish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀπο-καίριος, ov, = ἀκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-καλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. κάμωμαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, shun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπτω, Ep. aor. 1 -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—to breathe out: ἀποκαπύειν ψυχὴν to give up the ghost.

ἀπο-κᾶρᾶδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence

ἀποκᾶρᾶδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-καρτερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, reëstablishment.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυστις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀποκειται τινι it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κείρω: fut. -κέρω Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδάνω:—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ίω, (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ήσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύσις, εως, ή, the making venturous attempt. [5] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω

veniens :—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost bazard.

ἀπό-κινος, ὁ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance : ἀπόκινον εἶπε find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάξω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-οκλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, οκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾶω] : fut. -κλαύσομαι :—to weep aloud : c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for.

II. to cease to wail.
ἀποκλαίξω, ἀποκλαίξον, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλαίω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κλήρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾶ]

ἀποκλαίσις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀποκλείστος, ον, shut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. κλείσω : Ion. -κλήνω, f. -κλήνω : Att. -κλήνω, f. -κλήνω : Dor. fut. -κλάξω :—to shut off from or out of.

2. to cut off or binder from a thing :—Pass. to be cut off or bindered from. II. c. acc. only, to shut up, close : to cut off, prevent, binder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κλήνω, f. -κλήνω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείσω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρώω, f. ὠσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ] : fut. -κλίνω : aor. I ἀπέκλινω : pf. -κέκλινω, pass. -κέκλινμαι :—to turn off or aside : to turn back.

II. intr. to turn aside : metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλινσις, εως, ἡ, a turning away : of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὠσω [ῖ], to wash away, avert by purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω : f. -κνήσω : (for the tenses, v. κνάω) :—to scrape or rub off ; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death :—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from, hesitate about a thing, c. acc. : absol. to shrink back, hesitate. Hence

ἀπόκνησις, εως, ἡ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνίω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀπόκνησμα, τό, that which is nipped off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἦσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοιτός) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἦσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κοιμῶ, ἡ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κοιμῶ, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to carry or conduct away :—Med. to carry off with one :—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

ἀπο-κομπάω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἡ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off : ἀποκοπή χρεών = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, bew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place.

III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορύφω, f. ὠσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to clear away, so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κρᾶνίζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κρᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ : (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι) :—to let a thing hang down, let hang.

II. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of sq. ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρίνω : Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθη

[ῖ] : pf. -κέκριμαι :—to part, separate, distinguish :—Pass. to be parted or separated one from another ; ἀποκεκρίσθαι εἰς ἐν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name.

II. to choose out, choose. III. Med. to give answer or reply to a question : esp. to answer charges ; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer : so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθη.

Hence ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate.

II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen. :—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off :—Pass. to be beaten or knocked off ; κοτυλίσκιον χῆλος ἀποκεκρομένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide from, keep hidden from : ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to hide or keep back from one.

2. to hide close : to obscure. II. to lose from sight ; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phœacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, hidden ; ἐν ἀποκρύφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ : aor. I ἀπέκτεινα : aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, α, α ; Ep. also in pass. form.

ἀπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτικα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνάνει, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκτείνω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτεῖν, f. ἦσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [ῥ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύντω, f. ψω: pf. -κεκύθα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωκύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a bindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβόν, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. aq. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λαζύμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, in Herodotus -λάμψομαι: pf. ἀπέληφα, pass. ἀπέλημμαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπελήφθην Ion. ἀπελάμψθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2. to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. *accipio*. II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside. IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprehendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπολαύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλανον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπῆλανον, ἀπῆλαυσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολαχέιν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέγεμαι or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολεγεμένοι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλειβα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass.

III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone.

IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink.

2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσάρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits.

3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from.

V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολλὸ τῆς ἀληθείης ἀπολειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπολείψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπολέκτος, ὄν, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ὄν, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible.

III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολεπόμενος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολίσκετο, Ep. for ἀπώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπδλήψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάξω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λιγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πολις, neut. ι: gen. ἰδος, also εως, Ion. ιος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an out-law.

II. πόλις ἀπολις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. 1 -ωλίσθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταργίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to slip off, pack off.

ἀπο-λιχμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-όλλω: impf. ἀπώλλων or ἀπώλυνον: fut. ἀπολέω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολώ, Ion. ἀπολέω: aor. 1 ἀπώλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπώλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste.

II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπώλομην: perf. ἀπώλωκα: plqpf. ἀπώλωειν or ἀπώλωειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone.

II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ανος, ὁ: acc. αἶνα or ω: voc. Ἀπολλων:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἴσονται: aor. I med. ἀπελογήσασθαι, pass. ἀπελογήσθην: pf. ἀπολελογήμαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγος)—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact. 2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολογία, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence. ἀπολογία, ἡ, (ἀπολογία) a speech in defence, defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι: f. ἴσονται Att. Υῶμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ὁ, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίονος proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcinoüs in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολοῖοται, Ion. for ἀπόλοιντο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-ολοῦζω, f. ἴω, to utter a loud cry. ἀπολούμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσι, εω, ἡ, a washing off, ablution. From

ἀπο-λούω, f. λούσω, to wash off:—Med., ἔλμην ὤμοις ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπο-ολοφύρομαι, f. ὕρομαι, to bewail loudly. 2. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λύμαινομαι, f. -μάνομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λῦμα):—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολύμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατὰ τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λύτρόω, f. ὥσω, to release on payment of ransom:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [v]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀωλέλυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αἰτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to acquit. 2. in II. always = ἀπολυτρόω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself, redeem.

2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λῶβόομαι, f. ἴσονται, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴω, (ἀπό, λωτός) = ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδάλια, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μάνησμαι: pf. ἀπομέμνηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. ediscere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μᾶραινομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [v]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεᾶν ὑπομάξαι (sc. χοῖνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγίζω, f. ὥσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαίξω, f. ἴω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχούμαι:—to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχεσθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπομάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

ἀπο-μείρομαι, f. -μερούμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2. Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, to give a share of, distribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἱζω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστῶω, f. ὥσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [v], f. ὑνῶ, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴω [i], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μίμειμαι, f. ἴσονται, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

ἀπο-μυνησκόομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, aor. I ἀπεμνησάμην: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect, remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθῶω, f. ὥσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf., ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μύδομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μυθήσσομαι.
ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. ὦω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind.

2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνησικατέω, f. ἥσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπο-δύνημι or ἀπομύνω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπώμυ: fut. ἀπομούμαι: (v. δύνημι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. 2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath. II. strengthd. for δύνημι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μόνω, f. ὦσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μόργνυμι or ἀπο-ομόργνυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομορξάμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομορξθεῖς: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι or ομόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρείδαι to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of foreg.

ἀπομόσσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπόμυμι.
ἀπό-μοστος, ov, like ἄμοστος, (ἀπό, Μοῦσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομοστώσας γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μυθέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μυκάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ῶω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sberpen his wits; comp. Horace's *vir emunctae naris*:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονήνυμι: and ἀποναίω, 3 pl., for ἀποναίνω.

*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπένᾱσα, Ep. ἀπένᾱσσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπενάσατο, Ep. ἀπενάσσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀπονασθῆναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπένευμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενοημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νόμαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ᾶ Ep.]

ἀπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπονός.

ἀπο-νέω, f. ὦω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω. II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. *abnuere*.

ἀπο-νέω, f. νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονήνυμι.

ἀπονηγί, Adv. of ἀπότητος, without fatigue.

ἀπο-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-όνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονήνυμι.

ἀ-πόνητος, ov, (a privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονητότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

ἀπονία, ἡ, (ἀπονός) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίω, f. -νύω (as if from ἀπο-νίτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself. 2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπο-ονίημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II. mostly in Med., ἀπο-ονίδια: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμη, 2 opt. ἀπόναο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νιπτω, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονεόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense. 1.

of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονενοημένοι, Lat. *perditi*, desperate men. 2. of shame, δ ἀπονενοημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνουα, ἡ, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πονός, ov, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστήω, f. ἥσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόστησις, εως, ἡ, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, shun.

ἀπο-ονύχίζω: f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ: Pass., aor. ἀποονυχίσθη: pf. ἀποονύχισμαι: (ἀπό, ὄνυχίς):—to pare the nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀποονυχισμένος, Horace's *ad unguem factus*, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νοτίω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ov, like ἄξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπό-ξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπο-ξένω, f. ὦσω, to drive from house and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

ἀποξύνω [ῥ], f. ὕνω, to bring to a point, make taper.

ἀπο-ξύρω, Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, to shave clean.

ἀπο-ξύρω, = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ῥ]

ἀποξέω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to shave or scrape off: hence to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-παπταίνω: f. -παπτάνω, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.

ἀποπαπτήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπαύεσθαι, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, to retire from the way.

From

ἀπό-παύω, ὁ or ἡ, a going out of the way: εἰς ἀπό-παυον to ease himself.

ἀποπαύω, εἰς, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπό-πειρα, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπο-πειράζω, f. ἀσώ [ᾱ], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. ἀσώμαι [ᾱ]: aor. I pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ἴθην: Dep.:—to make trial, essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act., ἀποπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἴσω, to bew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss; also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself, get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπαιψις, εἰς, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal, divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. ἀσώ Ion. ἴσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-πέρδομαι: fut. -παρήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. pedo.

ἀποπέτοις, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεπτάμην, part.

ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:—Pass., fut. -πρήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἴσω and ἴσομαι, to leap off from: to turn away from.

ἀπο-πιμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι, -πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up, fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy, fulfil: to appease, Lat. explere.

ἀπο-πίνω [ῖ], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall off from.

ἀποπλάγχεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάξω, to lead astray, lead away from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθη, to stray from, be deprived off: τρυφάλεια ἀποπλάγχεῖσα a helm struck off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἴσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσσομαι [ᾱ], to copy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλευσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ov, (ἀποπλησσω) stricken or disabled by a stroke, 1. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.

in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence ἀποπληξία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρόω, f. ὥσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat. explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I -επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, ὁ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ῥ], f. ὕνω, to wash off or away: Ion. impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέπνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμὸν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν to give up the ghost, Lat. expirare animam. 2. to blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ῖ]: pf. -πέπνιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-ποτολις, i, gen. ιδος and εως, far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμνω) a sending away, getting rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὕνω, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with no pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off. [ῖ]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part., σίτου ἀποπροελών having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροέηκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροΐημι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from afar: far off, far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροΐεις, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προΐημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέηκα:—to throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to remove afar off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut off from; νώτου ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away.
ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀρίπταμαι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀρίπτημι.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀποπτος, ον, (ἀπόφομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτον from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. dimly seen.

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spit out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ψω [ψ], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἄλδα ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πυνθόμαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

ἀπο-οράω and ἀπο-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

ἀπορέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss how to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to have no doubt. II.

Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence

ἀπορήμα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point. ἀπορητικός, ἡ, όν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt.

ἀ-πόρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθεῖν) not sacked or taken.

ἀπο-ορθόω, f. ὥσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a setting upright, restoring.

ἀπορία, ἡ, (ἀπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty. II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with

or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀπορία τινός want of

a thing: absol. need, poverty.

ἀπο-δρνύμαι, (ἀπό, δρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, hard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀποροῖς εἶναι to be in great straits. 2. hard to get, scarce. II. of persons, hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf. ἀπορος προσφέρεσθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

ἀπο-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-ῥαθυμέω, f. ἥσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

ἀπορ-ῥαίνω, f. -ῥαίνω, to spirt or shed about.

ἀπορ-ῥαίω, f. σω, to bereave of; ἡτορ ἀπορῥαίειν τινά to deprive one of life.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) a vessel for holy water.

ἀπορ-ῥάπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

ἀπορ-ῥαψιδέω, f. ἥσω, to utter like a ῥαψῶδης, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

ἀπορ-ῥω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρύησομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρύην:—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, etc. 3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-ῥήγνυμι or ἀπορ-ῥηγνύω: f. -ῥήξω:—to break off, snap asunder:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [ᾶ], to be broken off or severed.

ἀπορρηθέν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπόρρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπ-εῖω) a prohibition. 2. a refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-εῖω) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιεῖσθαι to keep secret. 2. τὰ ἀπόρρητα things unfit to be spoken.

ἀπορ-ρίγνω, f. ἥσω: pf. ἀπέρριγα:—to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπτώ: fut. ἀπορρίψω: aor. 1 ἀπέριψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. II.

to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα at one.

ἀπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ἡ, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ἥσω, to sbrink forth.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ἥσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

ἀπόρρυτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπόρρυτα σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπορ-ρυήναι, aor. 2 pass., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω. ἀπορρώξ, ὠγος, ό, ἡ, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken off

or divided from anything; Στυγὸς ὕδατος ἀπορρώξ an off-stream of the Styx.

ἀπορ-φανίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

ἀπο-ορχέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

ἄπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, weariness.

ἀπο-σάλεύω, f. εὔσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing:—metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-σάφω, f. ἥσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) to make clear.

ἀπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύω: f. -σβέσω:—to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:—Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέσβησεν, pf. act.

ἀπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ἀπο-σείω, f. σω, to shake off:—Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

ἀπο-σεμνύω, to extol pompously:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμαι, to give oneself airs.

ἀπο-σεύω, to chase away:—Pass. to dart away, aor. 1 ἀπεσσύθη [ῥ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο.

ἀπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to allude to him. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscriber.

ἀπο-σῆγω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:—Pass., fut. -σάψομαι, aor. 2 ἀπέσῃην [ᾱ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀπο-σῆμω, f. ὦσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be so. II. ἀποσιμῶν τὰς ναῦς to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock.

ἀπο-σιόομαι, Ion. for ἀρ-σιόομαι.

ἀπο-σιωπάω, f. ἤσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence ἀποσιώπησις, εὖ, ἡ, a becoming silent. 2. a rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. 1. 139.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches.

ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι: f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ] contr. -σκεδῶ:—to scatter abroad:—Pass. to be scattered, straggle away.

ἀπο-σκεύομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀπο-σκευάω, f. ἄσω, to pack and carry away:—Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey.

ἀπο-σκηνέω, f. ἤσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ov, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτει βέλεα ἐς τι to hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forib, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, atos, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

ἀπο-σκιδάνμαι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάννυμι, to be scattered.

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at once, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπος, ov, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark.

ἀπο-σκυδαίνω, to be enraged with.

ἀπο-σκηθίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare.

ἀπο-σκέλευω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

ἀπο-σμήτω, f. ξω, to deceive:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσμεγνέντες, being deceived.

ἀπο-σπείρω, f. ἤσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσπείρεις; be off!

ἀπο-σπάρσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off.

ἀπόσπασμα, atos, τό, that which is torn off, a sbred. From

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάω [ᾱ], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to tear off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:—Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπείσω, to pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἤσω, to rub off, knock off.

ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστῃ, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπο-στιάδω, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. II. intr. to fall in drops; μανίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπόστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy.

ἀποστάσιον, το, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; ἀποστάσιον βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εὖ, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so 1. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἤσω, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. II. absol. to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ἡ, ὄν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς ἔχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

ἀπο-σταυρόω, f. ὦσω, to fence off with pales.

ἀπο-στεγάω, f. ἄσω, to uncover, unroof.

ἀπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστέγει.

ἀπο-στεινώ, poet. for ἀπο-σπένδω.

ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστειχον:—to go away, esp. to go back.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. 1 ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send away from: absol. to send away, banish.

II. to send off, dispatch, on some service.

III. to drive back:—Pass. to be sent off: also, to go away.

IV. intr. to go back.

ἀπο-στενών, poet. -σπένδω: f. ὦσω: to straiten: ἀπεστείναντο 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἀπο-στεργώ, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate.

ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἤσω, to rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withhold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—*to be robbed or in want of.* II. impers., ἀποστερεί με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστέρησις, εὖς, ἡ, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητῆς or -τρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ἡ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητικῆς τῶκος a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστερητρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστερητής.

ἀποστερίσκω, = ἀποστερέω.

ἀποστηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀποστυλβόω, f. ὦσω, to make to shine.

ἀποστίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀποσλεγγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεσλεγγισμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti.

ἀποστολεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

III. the office of an apostle, apostleship.

ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀποστοματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀποστράκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to banish by ostracism.

ἀποστράτοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσω to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστράφω, ἦς, ῆ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of

ἀποστρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I ἀποστρέψακε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφη: pf. ἀπέστραμμαι. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med.

-στρέφομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III. to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. averter; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὑδάτος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπόστροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted.

ἀποστέγω, f. -στέγω: aor. I -εστύγησα and -εστύγεα: aor. 2 -έστυγον; perf. -εστύγηκα:—to baste utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλιζω, f. ξω, to chase away by force.

ἀπο-συκάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, σύκον) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-σύλω, f. ἦσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συναγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συσρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρῶ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινα ἐς ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφάκελλω, f. ἴσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλω, f. -σφάλλω: aor. I -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινα πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [α], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφίλει, ἀποσφίλωσιν, aor. I opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραίνω, f. -σφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχαλιδόω, f. ὦσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχαλιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping bunting-nets.

ἀποσχήσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχεῖν, -σχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχίζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἴκαδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ον, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν he had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι

τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυρούσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench.

ἀποτέθνασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνεύς, for ἀποτεθνεύς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off; 1. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence

ἀποτειχίσαι, εως, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And

ἀποτειχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ἴσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ; pf. -τετέλεκα: —Pass., aor. I -ετέλεσθην; pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαιμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω; fut. -τεμῶ; aor. 2 ἀπέτρεμον; pf. ἀποτέμνηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τίκω, f. ἴω, to make to melt away:—Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [ἄ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τιλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αὐτοῖς to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω; aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence

ἀπότιμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a sbred. ἀπο-τίμω, f. ἴσω, not to honour, to slight. II.

to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμησάμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence

III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτιμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τιμος, on, (ἀπό, τιμή) = εἶμος, dishonoured. ἀπο-τινάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ἔτω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνυμι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τήγω, f. ἴω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτμήξει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ἀ-ποτμος, on, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμῶ, f. ἴσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From

ἀπότομος, on, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. barsb, rough:—Adv. -μως, sbarply.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. ῶ, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀ-ποτος, on, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτράγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to hinder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II.

Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω; fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμούμαι; aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, on, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dii averrunci. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binding.

III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, on, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, on, (ἀπό, τρέφω) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-οτρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρεύσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι; aor. 2 ἀπέτρεγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίσσουν ἡρούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπ-ουρος, on, (ἀπό, οὔρος Ion. for ὕρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ἀπουν, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπειναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῦ], f. ὕνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω; aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to show

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove.

II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόφῃμι) a denial, negation. ἀπόφασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀπόφανσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀπόφῃμι, to deny. ἀπο-φάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφῃμι) denying, negative.

ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα: (v. φέρω):—to carry off or away. II. to carry or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due.

III. to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς δίκοντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλίσκομαι. Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape. And

ἀπόφευξις, εως, ἡ, an escaping, getting off. ἀπό-φῃμι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέξομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

ἀπόφθεγκτος, ὄν, = ἀφθεγκτος. ἀπόφθηγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an apophthegm.

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερώ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθερούμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακας ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπο-φθίνω, f. -φθίω, to perish. II. trans., ἀποφθινύθην θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [τ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—to perish utterly, to die away.

II. Causal. in fut. ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction. ἀπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω, to treat very slightly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φλοιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind. ἀπο-φοντάω, f. ἴσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ὄν, murderous. ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II. a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εως, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up. ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. nefandus, unlucky, ominous: ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραὶ ἡμέραι.

ἀπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγγνυμι. ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφυγή, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

ἀπό-φυξις, v. sub ἀποφευξις. ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf. ἀποπέφυκα, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-οφάλιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from. ἀποχάλασμός, ὄ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλλω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλινω, f. ὠσω, to unbridle. ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. σω, to strip of brass. ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βίωω) living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against: to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτονήσις, εως, ἡ, rejection by shew of hands. ἀπο-οχρετεύω, f. σω, to draw off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. 1 ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπέχθην [ῥ]: pf. ἀποκέχῃμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χραῖνω, to soften off the colour, shade off. ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρήν, Ion. -χρᾶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. 1 ἀπέχρησα:—to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐκατὸν νέες ἀποχρώσι.

2. with dat., ποταμός οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατιῇ was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέτο = ἀπέχρη.

3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένω τούτοις τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II. Med. to use to the full.

2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω. ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρήματος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in money.

ἀπόχρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρώντος, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχρῦναι, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀποχέω. ἀπο-χάλω, (ἀπό, χάλος) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

ἀποχωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat. 3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up. II. to pass off esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀποχωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀποψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself. 3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀποψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσονται Att. ἰοῖμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψηφίσμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected. II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφῆν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal. III. ἀποψηφίσσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀποψιλᾶω, f. ὤσω, to strip off hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όπτομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀποψύχω [ψ], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγμαi: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon. 2. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχήν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die. II. (ἀπό, ψύχος) to cool, refresh:—Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off. III. impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

ἀπραγμόνως, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium. 2. easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife. 2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains. ἀπρακτός, f. ἦσω, to do nothing, to be idle. 2. to gain nothing. From

ἀπρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, ov: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully. II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable. 2. not to be done, impossible. 3. μαντικῇ ἀπρακτος ὑμῶν, unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success. II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πράτος, ov, (a privat., πέρπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πέρπρω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρῆω) unseemly, unbecoming. ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poët. for ἀπρέπεια.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπρήντος, ov, (a privat., πρᾶνω) implacable.

ἀπρίαντην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἀρ] From ἀ-πρίαντος, η, ov, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ov, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδὸς, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -λως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, ov, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϊδής, ἐς, (a privat., προιδεῖν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμήθητος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ov, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόοπτος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβᾶτος, Dor. ἀποτίβᾶτος, ov, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσῆγορος, ov, (a privat., προσῆγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσικτος, ov, (a privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσitos, ov, (a privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., προσκείμεναι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ov, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ov, (a privat., προσκόπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμάχος, ov, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμικτος, ov, (a privat. προσμίγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσοιστος, ov, (a privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσόμιλος, ov, unsociable.

ἀ-προσπείδιον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προσπείδιον) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροσπείδιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ov, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμ-ιστος, ov, Dor. for ἀ-πρόσιμ-ιστος, (a privat., προσμίσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ov, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. -τως, without evasion, honestly.

ἀ-πρόσφατος, ον, (a privat., πρόσφημι) unforetold.

ἀ-προφύλακτος, ον, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ἀ-πταίστος, ον, (a privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον to make the horse less apt to stumble.

ἀ-πτερος, ον, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, un-winged: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἄπτερος ἐπλετο μῦθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; ἀπτερα ποτήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἀπτερος φάτις an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report.

ἀ-πτήν, gen. ἀπτήνος, ὁ, ἡ: dat. pl. ἀπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged.

ἀ-πτο-επής, ἐς, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) undaunted in speech.

ἀ-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄπτω) touched, banded: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.

ἌΠΤΩ, f. ἄψω: aor. I ἤψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤφθην, Ep. ἐάφθην: pf. ἤμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἄσπις ἐάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him:—more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. I ἤψάμην:—to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp; ἄψασθαι γούναω to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive. 5. to reach, overtake: to gain. II. to kindle, set on fire:—Pass. to take fire: to be set on fire.

ἀ-πτώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or failing, unfailling.

ἀ-πύλωτος, ον, (a privat., πύλω) not closed by a gate.

ἀ-πύργος, ον, without tower and wall, unfortified.

ἀ-πύργωτος, ον, (a privat., πυργόω) not girt with towers.

ἀ-πύρος, ον, (a privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i. e. new; ἀπυρος οἶκος a cold, cheerless house; χρυσὸς ἀπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἀεφθός: ἱερὰ ἀπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἀθῦτα, unoffered: ἄπ. ἀρδὶς a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -ρως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, ον, (a privat., πυρώω) not yet exposed to fire.

ἀ-πυστος, ον, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing has been learnt, unknown. II. act. having learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

ἀπύτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἀπῦ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἡπύω.

ἈΠΦΥΣ or ἀπφύς, gen. ὕος, ὁ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, παπα, Hebr. Abba.

ἀπ-φός, ὄν, (ἀπό, φῆ) discordant, out of tune.

ἀπωθεν, Adv. = ἀποθεν, from afar.

ἀπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I ἀπέωσα or ἀπῶσα:—to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. 3. in

Med. to reject, disdain. Hence

ἀπώθητος, ον, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ἡ, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

ἀπώλεσα, aor. I of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπώλομην, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀ-πώμαστος, ον, (a privat., πῶμα) without a lid.

ἀπώμοσα, aor. I of ἀπύμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀπύμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξωμοσία.

ἀπώμοτος, ον, (ἀπύμνυμι) forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἔστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything. II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

ἀπῶσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσάμην, -σασθαι, aor. I med. ind. and inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, ον, (ἀπωθέω, κύμα) repelling waves.

ἀπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπωθέω) a thrusting or driving away.

ἀπωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπωθέω) thrust or driven away from. II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:—

Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ον, furthest off.

ἀπώτερω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπώτατα, Sup.

Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἀρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἀρα.

ἌΡΑ, Ep. ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἀρ: I. EPIC USAGE: 1. then, straight-

way: ὡς φάτω, βῆ δ' ἀρ' ὄνειρος thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:—then, next in order, οἱ δ' ἀρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; φῆ β' ἀέκῃ θεῶν φονεῖν for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. ἀρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, ὃν ἀρ' ἤθελον αὐτοὶ just the one, the very one, which they wished. II.

ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like οὖν, then, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον ἀρα ἡ ἀρετὴ therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτῃν ἀρ', ὡς εἰκεν, ἡκομεν so it seems then we are come in vain:—in questions, τίς ἀρα ρύσεται; who then is there to save?—Ἄρα cannot begin a sentence.

Ἀρᾶ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἀρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. if an affirmative answer is expected, ἀρα οὐ is used, = Lat. nonne?

3. ἀρα is also used in exclamations; ὀδυνῆρος ἀρ' ὁ πλοῦτος! grievous then is wealth!—In prose ἀρα always stands first in the sentence.

ἌΡΑ', Ion. ἌΡΗ', ἡ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin. II. Ἀρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dirā.

ἀραβέω, f. ἤσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From

*APABOS, δ, a rattling; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, δ, (ἀράσσω) a clashing, rattling; ἀραγμος στένων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. planctus.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

*ΑΡΑΙΟΣ, Att. ἀραιός, ὁ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, thin, narrow, weak, slight.

ἀραῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀρά) prayed to or entreated; Ζεὺς ἀραῖος, = ἱκέσιος. 2. prayed against, accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon. [ᾶ]

ἀραίρηκα, ἀραιρηκώς, ἀραιρημένος, ἀραίρητο, Ion. redupl. for ἤρηκα, ἤρηκώς, ἤρημένος, ἤρητο, pf. and plqpf. redupl. forms from αἰρέω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράσμαι: f. ἄσσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. ἥσσομαι: pf. ἥρᾶμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀράσθαι τι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἄρρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀπαρίσχω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ἥραρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

ἀράρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπαρίσχω.

ἀπαρίσχω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἄρω Ion. ἄρω: aor. I ἥρω Ion. ἄρω: aor. 2 ἥραρον Ep. ἄραρον:—to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. II. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἄρρηα Att. ἄραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀράρῃα: plqpf. ἥραρεῖν [ᾶ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρρημένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἀρμενος:—to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

ἀράρον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀπαρίσχω: part. ἀράρων.

ἀράρως, ἀράρῃα Ep. ἀράρῃα, ἀράρός, perf. part. of ἀπαρίσχω, fitted, fitting:—Adv. —ύτως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —τω: f. ἀράω Dor. —αῶ: aor. ἥραξα Ep. ἄραξα:—Pass., aor. I ἥραχθην: (a euphon., ῥάσσω):—to strike hard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph., ἀράσσειν ὀνειδεῖν to strike with reproaches:—Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [ᾶ] ἀράτης Ion. ἀρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.

ἀράχνεις, α, ον, of or belonging to a spider. From *ΑΡΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, = ἀράχνη. II. a spider's web, cobweb, Lat. aranea.

*ΑΡΑΧΝΗΣ, δ, a spider, Lat. araneus. Hence ἀράχνιον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

*Αραψ, αβος, δ, an Arab: also *Αραβος, ου, δ.

*ΑΡΒΥ'ΑΗ, ἡ, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [ῥ]

ἀρβυλῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀργαῖς, Dor. for ἀργηῖς.

ἀργάλειος, α, ον, (ἀλγος, as if ἀλγαλέος) hard, painful, grievous, Lat. gravis: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργᾶς, contr. for ἀργαῖς.

*Αργεῖ-φόντης, ου, δ, for Ἀργο-φονευτής, (*Αργος, φονεύω) slayer of Argus.

ἀργέλοφοι, αν, οι, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργεννός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, white, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, ου, δ, (ἀργός) white.

II. paroxystone, ἀργέστης, ου, δ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρων.

ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀργήτι, ἀργήτα, from ἀργής, white.

ἀργέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone:—Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

ἀργηῖς Dor. ἀργαῖς, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργάντος, = ἀργής.

ἀργής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, also with poet. dat. and acc. ἀργέτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—white, bright, vivid.

ἀργηστής, ου, ὁ, = ἀργής, white, glancing.

ἀργία, ἡ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) idleness, laziness: in good sense, leisure.

ἀργι-κέραυνος, ου, (ἀργής, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

ἀργιλλος ου ἀργίλος, ἡ, (ἀργός) white clay, potter's earth, Lat. argilla.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης ου ἀργίλ-ώδης, es, (ἀργιλλος, εἶδος) like clay, clayey.

ἀργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, white, shining.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀργός, ὀδούς) white-toothed, white-tusked.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀργός, πούς) swift-footed or white-footed.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

*Αργολίω, f. ἰω, to take the part of Argos. From *Αργολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus. 2. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, of Argolis, Argolic.

*Αργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

*ΑΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (a privat., ἐργω) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργός πόνων: of land, lying fallow. II. pass. not done, Lat. infectus: unattempted.

ἀργυρ-άγχη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἀγχω) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed. ἀργυρ-αἰμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, αἰμείβω) *a money-changer*.

ἀργυρεῖον, τό, *a silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἀργυρεῖος or ἀργυρεῖος, *ov*, = ἀργύρεος, ἀργυρεῖα *μέταλλα silver-mines*.

ἀργύρεος or ἀργυρεός, *α, ov*, contr. ἀργυροῦς, *α, οῦν*, (ἀργυρος) *silver, of silver*.

ἀργυρ-ήλατος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, εἰλάνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἀργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργύριον.

ἀργύριον, τό, (ἀργύρος) *a piece of silver*: hence *'silver,' i.e. money, cash*.

ἀργύρις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) *a silver vessel*.

ἀργυρίτης [ῖ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) *of or belonging to silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἀργυρο-δίνης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies*, epith. of rivers. [ῖ]

ἀργυρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἀργυρό-ηλος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, ἦλος) *silver-studded*.

ἀργυρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) *a worker in silver, silversmith*.

ἀργυρολογίω, (ἀργυρολόγος) *to levy money*: c. acc. *to lay a country under contribution*. Hence

ἀργυρολογία, ἡ, *a levying of money*.

ἀργυρο-λόγος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἀργυρό-πεζα, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέζα) *silver-footed*: also ἀργυρό-πεζος, *ov*.

ἀργυρο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποιέω) *a worker in silver*.

ἀργυρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -ποῦν, τό, gen. ποδός, (ἀργυρος, ποῦς) *with silver feet*.

ἀργυρορ-ρύτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ῥέω) *silver-flowing*. [pῶ]

ἀργ-ύρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, *white*) like Lat. *arg-entum*, *the white metal*, i. e. *silver*, first in Homer. 2. *silver-money, money*.

ἀργυρό-τοξος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow*, epith. of Apollo.

ἀργυρο-φεγγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγγος) *silver-shining*.

ἀργυρόω, f. ὠω, (ἀργυρος) *to turn into silver*. 2. *to reward with silver*:—Pass. *to be so rewarded*.

ἀργυρ-ώδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἀργυρωμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρόω) *silver-plate*.

ἀργυρ-ώνητος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, ἄνωμαι) *bought with silver*.

ἀργυφός, *α, ov*, (ἀργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῶ]

ἀργύφος, *ov*, = ἀργυφός, epith. of sheep.

Ἄργω, ὄος, contr. οὐς, ὁ, (ἀργός, swift) *the Argo* or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

ἀρδέω, f. ὠω, = ἀρῶω, *to water*, Lat. *irrigare*.

ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶρω) *lifted up*, raised on high. II. utterly, Lat. *penitus*.

ἌΡΑΙΣ, εὐς, ἡ, *the point of anything, an arrow-head*: *a sting*.

ἀρδμός, ὁ, *a watering*: *a watering-place*. From

ἌΡΑΩ, f. ἄρῶω: aor. I ἤρσα:—*to water cattle, give them to drink*:—Pass. *to drink*. 2. of rivers, *to water land*, Lat. *irrigare*. II. metaph. *to refresh, foster*.

Ἀρεθούσα, ἡ, name of several fountains, perhaps for Ἀρδούσα, *waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse.

ἀρεῖά, Ion. ἀρετή, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening language*.

Ἄρειος, *ov* also *α, ov*, Ion. Ἀρήιος, *η, ov*, (Ἄρης) *warlike, martial*, Lat. *Mavortius*: Comp. Ἀρειότερος, *α, ov*, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρειος πάγος, ὁ, *bill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, *α, ov*, = ἀρείων.

Ἀρεί-τολμος, *ov*, (Ἄρης, τόλμα) *full of martial boldness*.

Ἀρεί-φάτος, Ep. Ἀρηίφατος, *ov*, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing pf. pass. of *φένω) *slain by Ares*, i. e. *slain in war*. 2. later generally = Ἄρειος, *martial*.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. ονος, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἄ-ρεκτος, *ov*, poet. for ἀρρεκτος, *undone*.

ἀρέομαι, Ion. for ἀράομαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκει.

ἀρεσάσθω Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσκει.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκέα, ἡ, (ἀρέσκει) *a desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκει, *agreeably*.

ἀρεσκος, *η, ov*, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρίσκειω: fut. ἀρέσω: aor. I ἤρεσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf.

ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. I ἤρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεσθην: (*ἄρω, ἄρσω):—*to make good, make it up*, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα *this will we make up among ourselves*; ἐν ἀρέσαι *to make amends*: c. acc. pers. *to conciliate, propitiate*, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω *let him conciliate*; c. gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρένας αἵματος *they sated their heart with blood*:—Pass. *to be contented, acquiesce*.

II. c. dat. pers., *to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter*, ταῦτα ἀρέσκει μοι; ἀρέσκειν *τρόποις τινός to conform to his ways*:—impers., ἤρεσέ σοι ταῦτα *it pleased them to do so*.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκει, *pleasing, grateful*: *acceptable, approved*. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρετῶω, f. ἤσω, (ἀρετή) *to be fit or proper, to thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence*, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from *vir*), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity*, etc. 2. in Prose, of the virtues of land, fountains, etc. 3. *excellence*

in art or workmanship, skill.

goodness, virtue :—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see 'Αρηs.)

ἀρή, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἀρηαι, Ep. for ἀρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἀρηξίς.

ἈΡΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγὰν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent.

II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν; also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοις ἀρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a helper, aid.

Ἀρηΐ-θοος, ὄν, ('Αρης, θούς) swift as Ares, swift in war.

Ἀρηΐ-κτάμενος, ἡ, ὄν, ('Αρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

Ἀρήτιος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for 'Αρείος.

Ἀρηΐ-φάτος, ὄν, Ion. for 'Αρεί-φάτος.

Ἀρηΐ-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also ἡ, ὄν, ('Αρης, φίλος) dear to Ares.

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀράν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

ἀρημένος, ἡ, ὄν, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour. II. c.

gen. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.

ἀρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω; plqpf. ἀρήρειν.

ἀρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρηροικα, ἀρηρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρώ.

ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρώ.

ἈΡΗΣ, ὁ: gen. 'Αρεος or 'Αρεας (never 'Αρους): dat. 'Αρεί, Att. contr. 'Αρει, poet. 'Αρη: acc. 'Αρη, also 'Αρην and 'Αρεα: voc. 'Αρες: Ion. and Ep. declension 'Αρηος, ἡ, ἡ. Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἀρην, ἄρσην, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.)

ἀρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ: fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ᾱ]

ἀρητός, Ion. for ἀρατός.

ἀρθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἄρθεν, Aeol. for ἡρθσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἀρθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἀρθμος, α, ὄν, joined, united: at peace with another:

—as Subst. ἀρθμα, ὄν, τό, peaceful relations, concord.

ἀρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

ἄρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδῶν the ankles; ἄρθρα τῶν

ὀφθαλμῶν the eyes; ἄρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence

ἄρθρώ, f. ὤσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἄρθρ-ώδης, ες, (ἄρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

'ΑΡΨ-, insepr. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἀρης, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρι-γνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

ἀρι-δακρύς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.

ἀρι-δύλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηςλος.

ἀρι-δείκετος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) much shown: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.

ἀρι-δηςλος, ὄν, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

ἀρι-ζηλος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, Ep. form of ἀρίδηςλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λως.

ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ὄν, very envious.

ἀριθματος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀρίμητος.

ἀριθμεύντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ -κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic.

Adv. -κώς, arithmetically.

ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὄν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός, not counted, beld of no account, Lat. nullo in numero habitus.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. numerus. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολλὸς ἀριθμὸς χρόνου. 3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵζεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ

εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account. 4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality

or worth; λόγων ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus. II. a numbering, counting;

ὁριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατιῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. numeration.

ἀ-ρῖν, = ἀρρις.

Ἀριος, α, ὄν, old word for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.

ζ-ρῖς, = ἀρρις.

ἀρι-σημος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

ἀρίστ-αδλος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἀθλον) victorious in the contest.

ἀρίστ-αρχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ὄν, (ἀρι-, στάφυλη) rich in grapes.

ἀριστάω, f. ἡσω: pf. ἱρίστηκα, syncop. I pl. ἡρίσταμεν, syncop. inf. ἡρίσταναι: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστεία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e.g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τὰ, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize of the bravest, meed of valour.

ἀριστερός, ἄ, ὄν, left, on the left; ἐπ' ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-handed, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (ἀριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστης, Lat. optimates, the noblest chiefs, princes.

ἀριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εἴσω: (ἀριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε be was the best of the Trojans; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι be was best at fighting.

ἀριστηῖον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστηῖω, f. ἰσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστηνδην, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστο-κρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, aristocratical.

ἀριστό-μαντις, εἰς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

ἀριστο-μάχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, μάχη) fighting best.

*ΑΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

ἀριστό-νοος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστο-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀριστος, ἡ, ὄν, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., ἀριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀριστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i.e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀριστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ἀριστος Hom., ἀριστος, Att., ἀριστος Dor. (On deriv., see *Aḡns.)

ἀριστοτόκεα, ἡ, poet. fem. of

ἀριστο-τόκος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστό-χειρ, εἰρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest band.

ἀριστ-ώδιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, ὠδὶς) bearing the best children.

ἀρι-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (ἀρι-, σφάλλειν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀρι-φράδῃς, ἐς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέως, very plainly.

ἄρκειος, α, ὄν, = ἄρκειος, of a bear.

ἄρκεόντως, Att. contr. ἀρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἄρκεω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἄρκεις, εἰς, ἡ, (ἄρκεω) help, aid, service.

ἄρκετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρκεω) sufficient. Adv. —τῶς.

ἄρκευν, Ion. for ἀρκοῖν, pres. part. neut. of

*ΑΡΚΕΨΩ, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἥρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἥρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. impers., ἀρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good. III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀρήγω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον ἡ ἀπολεσθαι ἢ εἰ σαωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιος μισθός a sure reward. II. enough, sufficient.

ἄρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκεόντως.

ἄρκειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρκτος) of a bear.

ἄρκεῖον, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i.e. one must obey. *ΑΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. *Αρκτος, ἡ, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

*Αρκτο-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οὔρος) Arcurus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes. II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

*Αρκτο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, φύλαξ) = *Αρκτοῦπος, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

*ΑΡΚΤΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, vos, ἡ, a net, hunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἄρκυες ξίφους the toils, i.e. perils, of the sword.

ἄρκυ-στάσια, ἡ, or ἄρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἄρκυς, ἵσθημι) a line of nets.

ἄκρύ-στάτος, ἡ, ὄν, or os, ὄν, (ἄρκυς, ἵσθημι) surrounded with nets; ἀκρυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀκρίστατον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἄρκυ-ωρός, ὁ, (ἄρκυς, οὔρος) a watcher of nets.

ἄρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀμύος, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἄρμαλλα, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food.

ἄρμ-ἄμαξα, ἡ, ἡ, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἄρμάτειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

ἄρματεύω, f. σω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἄρματηλάσια, ἡ, chariot-driving. From ἄρματηλάτω, f. ἡσω, to drive a chariot. From ἄρματ-ηλάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἄρμα, ἐλαίνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

ἀρματο-κῦπος, *ον*, (ἄρμα, κτυπέω) *ratling with cbariots*.

ἀρματο-πηγός, *ον*, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) *making cbariots; ἀρματοπηγός, ὁ, α* *wheelwright, cbariot-maker*.

ἀρματο-τροφία, *ῖ, ῖσσι*, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) *to keep cbariot horses, esp. for racing. Hence*

ἀρματοτροφία, *ῖ, α* *keeping of cbariot horses*.

ἀρματο-τροχία *Ion. -ία, ῖ, (ἄρμα, τροχός) the course of a cbariot, wheel-track*.

ἀρματωλία, *ῖ, = ἀρματηλασία*.

ἄρμενα, *τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ἔπλα. (From same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω.)*

ἀρμενος, *η, ον*, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀρμίσκω*.

ἀρμόδιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (ἀρμόζω) *fitting together: hence well-fitting, agreeable*.

ἀρμόδω, *Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσδω: ῖ. ἀρμόσω: aor. I ἤρμωσα: pf. ἤρμωκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρμωσθην: pf. ἤρμωσμαι: (ἀρμός, ἄρω):—to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work:—Med. to join for oneself, put together: to prepare, make ready. 2. of marriage, to give in marriage:—Med. to marry, take to wife:—Pass. to be married to. 3. to bind fast. 4. to set in order, arrange, govern. II. intrans. to fit, fit well: to be adapted, fit for. III. impers., ἀρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. *deceit*, c. inf.: *σὶ γὰρ ἂν ἀρμόζοι*.*

ἀρμοῖ, *Adv., = ἄρτι, just, newly, lately. (Properly an old dat. of ἀρμός.)*

ἀρμο-λογέω, *ῖ, ῖσσι*, (ἀρμός, λέγω) *to join together. ἀρμονία, ῖ, (ἀρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint. II. a union between persons, covenant. III. an ordinance, decree; hence fate. IV. as a term in music, harmony, concord. 2. in Rhet. the intonation of the voice. 3. generally, harmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικῶν ἀρμονία woman's perverse temper.*

ἀρμονικός, *ῖ, ὄν*, (ἀρμόζω) *skilled in music: τὰ ἀρμονικά the theory of music*.

ἀρμός, *ὁ, (ἄ for ἄμα, ἄρω) a joining, a joint; ἀρμός χωμάτος λιθοσπαθῆς a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones*.

ἀρμόσδω, *Dor. for ἀρμόζω*.

ἄρμωσμαι, *ατος, τό, (ἀρμόζω) joined work*.

ἄρμωστήρ, *ῖσσι, ὁ, = sq.: poet., also ἀρμώστωρ, a commander*.

ἄρμωστής, *οὔ, ὁ, (ἀρμόζω) one who arranges or governs, a governor: esp. a baron, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony*.

ἀρμώττω, *Att. for ἀρμόζω, q. v.*

ἄρνα, *acc. with no nom. in use, dual ἄρνε, plur. ἄρνες, etc.; v. sub ἀρνός*.

ἄρνηκίς, *ῖδος, ῖ, (ἀρνός) a sheep's skin*.

ἄρνεος, *α, ον*, (ἀρνός) *of a lamb or sheep; ἄρνεος φόνος slaughtered sheep*.

ἄρνεός, *ὁ, (ἀρνός) a young ram: but as Adj., ἀρνεὶς ὡς a male sheep*.

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ἄρνεο-θοίνης, *ον, ὁ, (ἀρνός, θοινάω) feasting on sheep. 'ΑΡΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἤρνομαι: aor. I pass. ἤρνήθη, but also aor. med. I ἤρνησάμην: Dep.:—opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny: opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse: absol. to say no, decline: c. inf. to refuse to do*.

ἀρνευτήρ, *ῖσσι, ὁ, (ἀρνεύω) a tumbler: also a diver. ἀρνεύω, ῖ, σσι, (ἀρνός) to frisk like a lamb, tumble. ἀρνήσιμος, ῖ, ον, (ἀρνεύω) to be denied. ἀρνήσις, εως, ῖ, (ἀρνήσις) denial.*

ἀρνίον, *τό, Dim. of ἀρνός, a young lamb, lambkin. 'ΑΡΝΟ'Σ, τοῦ, τῆς, gen. of an obsol. nom. *ἄρνε, the nom. in use being ἀρνός: dat. ἀρνί, acc. ἀρνα; du. ἄρνε; pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἀρνῶν, dat. ἀρνάσι (Ep. ἄρνεσσι), acc. ἀρνας:—a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna: also a sheep*.

ἀρνύμαι, *defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., lengthd. form of ἀρνομαι, to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize*.

ἀρξέυμαι, *Dor. for ἀρξομαι, fut. of ἀρχομαι*.

ἀρόμην, *Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἶρω*.

ἄρον, *-άτω, aor. I imperat. of αἶρω*.

ἀρόσιμος, *ον, (ἀρώ) arable, fruitful: metaph. fit for engendering children*.

ἄροσις, *εως, ῖ, (ἀρώ) a ploughing, tillage. II. arable land, corn-land, Lat. arum.*

ἄροτήρ, *ῖσσι, ὁ, (ἀρώ) a ploughman, husbandman; βούς ἄροτήρ a steer for ploughing. II. metaph. a father*.

ἄρότης, *ον, ὁ, = ἄροτήρ, a ploughman; Πιερίδων ἄρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets*.

ἄροτος, *ὁ, (ἀρώ) tillage, ploughing, husbandry; ἡν δὲ ἄροτον to live by husbandry. 2. the crop, fruit of the field: also a field. II. the season of tillage, seed-time*.

ἄροτραῖος, *α, ον, (ἄροτρον) of corn-land*.

ἄροτρεύς, *εως, ὁ, = ἄροτήρ. Hence*

ἄροτρεῦς, *ῖ, σσι, = ἄρώ, to plough*.

ἄροτρήτης, *ον, ὁ, of or for the plough*.

ἄροτρίων, *ῖ, ἄσω [ᾱ], = ἄρώ, to plough*.

ἄροτρο-δίαυλος, *ὁ, (ἄροτρον, διάυλος) one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the διάυλος*.

ἄροτρο-πόνος, *ον, (ἄροτρον, πόνος) labouring at the plough*.

ἄροτρο-φώρεω, *ῖ, ῖσσι, (ἄροτρον, φέρω) to draw the plough*.

ἄροτρον, *τό, (ἀρώ) a plough, Lat. aratrum*.

ἄρούμαι, *[ᾱ], fut. med. of αἶρω: but ἀρούμαι (ᾱ) of αἶρω*.

ἄρουρα, *ῖ, (ἀρώ) tilled or arable land, seed-land, corn-land, Lat. arum: also generally, soil, land; πατρὶς ἀρουρα father-land:—metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence*

ἄρουραῖος, *α, ον, belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse*.

ἄρουριον, *τό, Dim. of ἀρουρα*.

ἄρουρό-πονός, *ον, (ἀρουρα, πόνος) working in the field*.

'ΑΡΟ'Ω: *f. ὄσω, poet. -όσω: aor. I ἤρωσα: pf.*

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'ΑΡΟ'Ω: *f. ὄσω, poet. -όσω: aor. I ἤρωσα: pf.*

ἀρόκα :—Pass. aor. I ἡρόθη pf. ἀρόκα :—to plough, till, Lat. *arare*. II. to sow, ἀρουν εἰς κήπου. 2. metaph. of the husband, to beget : Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρώσι, Ep. for ἀρόσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώ. **ἀρπάγή**, ἡ, (ἀράζω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity. **ἀρπάγη**, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a book for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. *harpago*. **ἀρπαγμα**, ματος, τό, (ἀράζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder. **ἀρπαγμός**, ό, (ἀράζω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἈΡΠΑΖΩ : fut. ἀράζω, Att. ἀράσω or ἀράσσομαι : aor. I ἡρπαξα, Att. ἡρπασα : pf. ἡρπάκα :—Pass. aor. I ἡρπάχθην or ἡρπάσθην : aor. 2 ἡρπάγην [ᾱ] : pf. ἡρπαγμαί or ἡρπασμαι :—to ravisb away, to carry off; in part, ἀράζας φέρειν, Lat. *raptim ferre*. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up : also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτήρ, ό, a robber.—Fem. **ἀρπάκτειρα**. **ἀρπακτός**, ἡ, ύν, (ἀράζω) seized in haste. **ἀρπαλέος**, α, ov, and os, ov, (ἀράζω) grasping, greedy : also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly. Hence

ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἰσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive. **ἀρπαξ**, αγος, ό, ἡ, (ἀράζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. *rapax*. II. as Subst. **ἀρπαξ**, ό, a robber, plunderer. 2. **ἀρπαξ**, ἡ, robbery, rapine. **ἀρπεδόνη**, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game : the twist or thread of which cloth is made : also a bow-string.

ἀρπη, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle : a scimitar.

ἀρπυιαί, αἱ, (ἀράζω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἈΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ώνος, ό, earnest-money, caution-money : a pledge, earnest, Lat. *arrābo*, *arrba*. **ἀρ-ράφος**, ov, (a privat., *ραφῆναι*) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἀρ-ρεκτος, ποῖτ. ἀ-ρεκτος, ov, (a privat., *ρέζω*) undone : unfinished.

ἀρρενικός, ἡ, ύν, (ἀρῆν) masculine, male. **ἀρρενό-παις**, παιδος, ό, ἡ, (ἀρῆν, *παῖς*) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἀρρεν-ωπος, ov, (ἀρῆν, *ώψ*) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἀρ-ρηκτος, ov, (a privat., *ρήγνυμι*) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded : metaph. untiring. Adv. *τως*.

ἈΡΡΗΝ, ό, ἡ, ἀρρεν, τό, gen. ενος : old Att. **ἀρ-σην** : Ion. **ἀρσην** :—male, opp. to *θηλυς* : hence masculine, manly, strong : as Subst. **ἀρρην**, ό, the male.

ἀρρηγής, ές, (ἀρρην) fierce, savage.

ἀρ-ρητος, ov, also ἡ, ov, (a privat., *ρηθῆναι*) unsaid, Lat. *indictus* : not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; *διδακτά τ' ἀρρητά τε* things

that may be published and *must not be told*. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. *nefandus*; *ἀρρητ' ἀρρητων* things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; *ρητὰ καὶ ἀρρητα*, Lat. *dicenda tacenda*.

ἀρρηφορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

ἀρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

ἀρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἀρρητα, *φέρω*) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἀρ-ρίγῆτος, ov, (a privat., *ρίγέω*) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἀρ-ρίζος, ov, (a privat., *ρίζα*) not rooted.

ἀρ-ρίς, ἴνος, ό, ἡ, (a privat., *ρίς*) without nose, without smell.

ἈΡΡΙΧΟΣ, ό, Att. ἡ, a basket. [ῤ]

ἀρ-ρυθμος, ov, (a privat., *ρυθμός*) without rhythm or proportion : in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μως, out of time.

ἀρ-ρυτίδωτος, ov, (a privat., *ρυτίς*) unwrinkled.

ἀρ-ρώς, ώγος, ό, ἡ, (a privat., *ρώξ*) without cleft, unbroken.

ἀρρωστέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἀρρώστημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἀρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεῦν inability to serve from ill health.

ἀρ-ρωστος, ov, (a privat., *βώννυμι*) weak, sickly : hence languid, remiss.

ἀρσαι, ἀρσον, ἀρσαντες, and ἀρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρσενικός, ἡ, ύν, = ἀρρενικός.

ἀρσενο-κότης, ov, ό, (ἀρσην, *κόλη*) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἈΡΣΗΝ, ev, Ion. and Att. for later ἀρρην.

ἀρσιος, ov, (ἀρῶ) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἀρσί-πους, ό, ἡ, *novu*, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀρσίπους (αἶπα, ποῦς) lifting the feet.

ἀρσις, εως, ἡ, (αἶπα) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis,

ictus, opp. to *θέσις* the letting it sink.

ἀρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἀρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, *artaba*, = 1 medimnus + 2 choenices.

ἀρτάμιω, f. ἦσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἈΡΤΑΜΟΣ, ό, a butcher, cook.

ἀρτάνη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἀράω) that by which something is bung up, a rope, balter.

ἀρτάω, Ion. ἀρτέω : f. ἦσω : pf. ἤρτηκα :—Pass. aor. I ἤρτήθην : pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέσται : (same Root as *ἀραρίσκω*) :—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another :—Pass. to be bung upon, hang upon, *ἐκ τινος* : hence to depend upon, Lat. *pendere ab aliquo*. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἡρτηνται or ἡρτημένοι εἰσι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

***ARTEMIS**, gen. ἰδος, acc. ἰν or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανά βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

Ἀρτεμίσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

Ἀρτεμίσιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *suppārūm*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.

ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a hanging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

***ΑΡΤΙ**, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάδω, f. ἄσω, (ἀρτίω) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*. II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτίως) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτι-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.

ἀρτι-γλύφης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαΐναι) just taught.

ἀρτι-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτι-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stripped off.

ἀρτίεπεια, ἡ, pecul. fem. of

ἀρτι-επίης, ἐς, (ἀρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-ζυγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θάλής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάλειν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θανεῖν) just dead.

ἀρτι-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together; eis ἀρτικολλῶν in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κομης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομᾶν) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχεῖν) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτιος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκος, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτια βάειν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτια ᾗδη thought things fitting or agreeable.

2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσίς, odd.

ἀρτι-πήγης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, πᾶγήναι aor. 2 pass. of πᾶγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.

ἀρτι-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτι-πος, Ep. for ἀρτι-πους.

ἀρτι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτιος, ποῖς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτι-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτι-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born.

2. paroxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φαῖναι) just become visible.

ἀρτι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φύης, ἐς, and ἀρτιφύτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χάνειν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτι-χρους, ον, (ἀρτι, χρός contr. χροῦς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτι-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-λάγινος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγινος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτο-ποιός, ον, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.

***ΑΡΤΟΣ**, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μᾶζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat unbeaten bread, opp. to ἀλφιτοσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτοφάγειν, to eat bread. From

ἀρτο-φάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτύμα, τό, (ἀρτύω) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτύνας, ὁ, (ἀρτύω) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμωστής.

ἀρτύω [ῶ]: fut. ἀρτύνω, Ep. ἀρτύνειν: aor. I ἡρτύναι: aor. I pass. ἡρτύνην:—also ἀρτύω: fut. ἀρτύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἡρτύσα: pf. ἡρτύκα, pass. ἡρτύμαι: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτύνειν, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρύβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρύταινα.

ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.
 ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀρῆτήρ.
 ἀρυστήχος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρῆτήρ, a small ladle.
 ἀρύταινα, ἡ, ἥ, = ἀρῆτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.
 ἀρῆτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

ἀρῆτήσιμος, ον, (ἀρίω) fit to drink.
 ἈΡΤΩ, Att. ἀρῦτω [ῥ]: f. ῥσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἥρῃσα:
 —Pass., aor. 1 ἥρῃσθην [ῥ] or ἥρῃσθην: cf. ἀνώω, ἀνύτω.
 Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med.
 to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύτessθαι Νείλου ὑδά-
 τωσιν to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph.
 to win, gain.

ἀρχ-ἄγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.
 ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, anti-
 quated.

ἀρχαῖο-γονος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.
 ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἡσώ, to discuss antiquities or things
 out of date. From

ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes
 ancient history.

ἀρχαιο-μελη-σιδωνο-φρύνιχ-ῆρατος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος,
 μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ἑρατός) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old
 songs from Phrynicus' Phoenissae.

ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρ-
 χαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

ἀρχαῖο-πλουτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλούτος) rich from
 olden time.

ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished
 of old, time-honoured.

ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient:
 in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like
 ἀρχαῖκος, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2.
 ancient, former.

ἀρχαῖο-τροπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.
 ἀρχ-αἵρεσις, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἵρεσις) an election of ma-
 gistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence
 ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comitia: also to
 canvass for election.

ἀρχαῖως, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in anti-
 quated style.

ἀρχε-, inseparable. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excel-
 lence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήϊον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj.
 ἀρχεῖος, α, ον: (ἀρχή) :—a public building, such as
 a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magis-
 trates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχέ-κακος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.
 ἀρχέ-λαος, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ον, (ἀρχε-, λαός)
 leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λᾶς.

ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.

ἀρχέ-πλουτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλούτος) enjoying ancient
 wealth.

ἀρχέτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader,
 prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely
 throne.

ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern,
 model.

ἀρχεύω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.
 ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus
 or dance.

ἈΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ'
 ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the
 first; absol., ἀρχῆν at first; οὐκ ἀρχῆν not at first, i.e.
 never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2.
 a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαί,
 firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme

power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei,
 ἀρχή τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2.
 in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government:
 they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί
 by election, κληρωταί by lot.

ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first
 beginning of a thing.

ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and
 ἀρχηγετέω, f. ἡσω, to make a beginning. From
 ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ον, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδος, but dat.
 ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχαγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγεύομαι) a
 leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a

first leader, prince, chief.

ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-ᾱγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγεύομαι) be-
 ginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχη-
 γέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first fa-
 ther. 2. a prince, chief.

ἀρχήθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

ἀρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.

ἀρχήν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.

ἈΡΧΙ-, inseparable. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεῖς) belonging to the
 Chief Priest.

ἀρχ-ιερεῖς, ἑως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερέως, εω; also
 ἀρχιερεῖς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιερέας: (ἀρχω, ιερεῖς) a
 chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ιερωσύνη) the chief priest-
 hood.

ἀρχι-θάλασσοι, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the
 sea.

ἀρχιθεωρεῖω, f. ἡσω, to be ἀρχιθεωρός. From
 ἀρχι-θεωρός, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία
 or sacred embassy.

ἀρχι-κλωψ, ἄνος, ὁ, a chief of robbers.

ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule:
 skilled in government.

ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, a chief pilot.

ἀρχι-μῦμος, ὁ, a chief comedian.

ἀρχι-ονόχοι, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.

ἀρχι-πειρατής, οὗ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief
 shepherd.

ἀρχ-ιερεῖς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεῖς.

ἀρχι-συνάγωγος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of
 a synagogue.

ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἡσω, to be a chief builder or archi-
 tect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From

ἀρχι-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, *ov, ὁ*, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

ἀρχι-τρικλίνος, *ὁ*, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

ἀρχός, *ὁ*, a leader, chief, commander. From **ἄΡΧΩ**, *f. ἀρχω*: aor. I ἤρξα: pf. ἤρξα:—more commonly in Med. **ἀρχομαι**: fut. ἄρξομαι: aor. I ἤρξαμην: pf. ἤγγμαι:—Pass., fut. ἀρχθήσομαι: aor. I ἤρχην.

I. of Time, to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οἰκοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχή ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink.

2. to begin from or with; ἀρχεσθαι Διός, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium.

3. c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχειν θεοῖς δαυτός to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs.

4. c. acc., ἀρχειν ὁδόν τινι, to shew him the way:—imperat., ἀρχε begin!—part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.

II. of Place and Station, mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιμ ἀρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, ἀρχειν ἀρχήν to hold an office.

2. Pass. to be ruled or governed: of ἀρχόμενοι, subjects.

ἀρχων, *οντος, ὁ*, (properly part. of ἀρχω) a ruler, captain, chief, king. 2. of Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἀρχων or Ἀρχων ἐπάννυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεὺς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six of Θεσμοθέται.

*ἌΡΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ὀραρίσκω. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], fut. of ἀείρω: but ἀρῶ [ᾶ], of αἶρω.

ἀρωγή, *ἡ*, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ὀρωγή νόσον help against disease.

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, *ov, ὁ*, (ἀρωγός, ναύτης) helper of sailors.

ἀρωγός, *όν*, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing. II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, ὁ, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

*ἌΡΩΜΑ, τό, any seasoning, spice.

ἀρωμα, τό, (ἀρώω) corn-land, Lat. aruum.

ἀρέμεναι, Ep. for ἀροῦν, contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρώω.

ἀρωραῖος, Dor. for ἀρουραῖος.

ἄς, ἄς or ἄς, Aeol. and Dor. for ἔας, till, until.

ἄς, Dor. gen. for ἤς, from ὅς, ἡ, ὅ.

ἄσαι, contr. for ἄσαια, aor. I inf. of ἀάω, to burst.

ἄσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀάω, to satiate.

ἄσαι, contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω.

ἄσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ἀάω, to satiate.

ἀ-σακτος, *ov*, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.

ἀ-σάλαμνος, *ov*, (a privat., Σάλαμος) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μῦ]

ἀ-σάλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., σαλευτός) unsbaken, calm.

ἄσμεν, I plur. aor. 2 of ἀάω, to sleep.

ἀσάμυνθος, *ἡ*, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Ἀσάνῃ, Ἀσάνῃ, Ἀσάνῃος, Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθῆναι, Ἀθηναῖος.

ἀ-σάνδαλος, *ov*, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.

ἀ-σαντος, *ov*, (a privat., σάνω) not to be flattered, harsh, morose.

ἀ-σαρκος, *ov*, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.

ἄσατο, contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀάω, to burst.

ἄσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀάω, to satiate.

ἀσάφεια, *ἡ*, indistinctness. From **ἀ-σάφης**, *ἑς*, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φῶς, indistinctly.

ἄσάω, *f. ἡσάω*, (ἀσῆ) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass. ἄσάομαι, with aor. I pass. ἀσῆθην, and med. ἀσάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.

ἀ-σβεστος, *ov*, also *ἡ, ov*, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless. II. as Subst., ἀσβεστος (sub. τίτανος); *ἡ*, unslaked lime. 2. asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

*ἈΣΒΟΛΟΣ, *ἡ*, rarely *ὁ*, also ἀσβόλη, *ἡ*, soot.

ἄσε, for ἀάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀάω, to burst.

ἀσέβεια, *ἡ*, (ἀσεβής) impiety, profaneness.

ἀσεβέω, *f. ἡσάω*, (ἀσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence

ἀσέβημα, *ατος, τό*, an impious act, a sin.

ἀ-σεβής, *ἑς*, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.

ἄσειν, fut. inf. of ἀάω, to satiate. [ᾶ]

ἀ-σεῖρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., σείρω) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφόροι.

ἀ-σέλαστος, *ov*, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.

ἀσελγαίνω, *f. ἀνώ*: pf. pass. ἡσέληγμαι: (ἀσελγής)—to behave licentiously.

ἀσέλγεια, *ἡ*, (ἀσελγής) licentiousness.

ἀ-σελγής, *ἑς*, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv. -ῶς, extravagantly.

ἀ-σέληνος, *ov*, (a privat., σέληνη) without moon.

ἀσεπτέω, = ἀσεβέω, to act impiously. From **ἀ-σεπτός**, *ov*, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unboly.

ἄσεσθε, 2 pl. fut. med. of ἀάω, to satiate.

ἄστυμαι, Dor. for ἀείσομαι, Att. ἄσσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.

ἄσση, *ἡ*, (ἀάω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust. 2. generally, anguish, distress.

ἀσσηθής, ἀσσηθῆναι, aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἀσάω.

ἀ-σημαντος, *ov*, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, untended. II. unsealed, unmarked.

ἀ-σημος, *ov*, (a privat., σῆμα) without sign or mark; ἄσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ἄσημα ὅπλα arms without device.

III. indistinct, unseem, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate. 2. of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.

ἀσήμεν, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, = ἀσμος.
ἀσθενεία, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, sickness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀσθενής) to be weak, feeble, sickly.
ἀσθενήμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθενέω) an infirmity.

ἀσθενής, *ἐς*, (a privat., σθένος) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor; of ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

ἀσθενόω, *f. ὤσω*, (ἀσθενής) to weaken.
ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly.

ἀσθμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθ, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.

ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath.

Ἀσι-άρχης, *ov, δ'*, (Ἀσία, ἀρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

Ἀσιός, *άδος, ἡ*, (Ἀσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσίας (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.

Ἀσιατο-γενής, *ἐς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.

ἀσιδηρος, *ov*, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.

ἀσινής, *ἐς*, (a privat., σίνομαι) of persons, unburt, unbarmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not barmg, doing no harm: innocent. 2. protecting from harm. Hence

ἀσινῶς, Adv. innocently: Sup. ἀσινέστατα.

άσινος, *α, ov*, (άσιν) slimy, mury.

Ἀσις, *εως, ἡ*, slime, mud.

ἀστίτω, *f. ἦσω*, (άσιντος) to go without food, to fast.

ἀστίτια, ἡ, want of food, fasting. From

άσιντος, *ov*, (a privat., σίτος) without eating, fasting.

άσκάλαβος or άσκάλαβότης, *δ*, a kind of lizard.

άσκάλλω, *ov*, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.

άσκάντης, *ov, δ*, a mean bed. II. a bier.

άσκαρδαμυκτεῖ and -κτεῖ, Adv. of άσκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without uncchanged look.

άσκαρδάμυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

άσκελής, *ἐς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. άσκελέες, as Adv., also άσκελέως, obstinately, stubbornly.

άσκεπαρνος, *ov*, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) unbewn.

άσκεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., σκέψομαι fut. of σκεπέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately. II. unconsidered, unobserved.

άσκευής, *ἐς*, = άσκευος.

άσκευος, *ov*, (a privat., σκενή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . . , άσκευος άσπίδων τε καὶ στρατού.

Ἀσκεΐω, *f. ἦσω*: pf. ἤσκηκα, pass. ἤσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, άσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, άσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 2. c. inf., άσκῶ τοιαύτη μένειν I practise

itise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train.

άσκηθής, *ἐς*, unburt, unbarmed: unscathed. (Deriv. uncertain.)

άσκημα, *ατος, τό*, (άσκέω) an exercise.

άσκησιν, *ov*, (a privat., σκήνη) without tents.

άσκησις, *εως, ἡ*, (άσκέω) exercise, training: άσκησις τινος practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

άσκητέος, *α, ov*, verb. Adj. of άσκέω, to be practised.

άσκητής, *ov, δ*, (άσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ιδιώτης: an athlete. Hence

άσκητικός, *ἡ, ὅν*, industrious: athletic.

άσκητός, *ἡ, ὅν*, (άσκέω) curiously wrought. 2.

exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.

άσκιος, *α, ov*, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

άσκιπov, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (a privat., σκίπων) without a staff. [Γ]

Ἀσκληπιεῖον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From Ἀσκληπιός, *δ*, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

άσκοπος, *ov*, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. unseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

ἈΣΚΟΨ, *δ*, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's hide:—proverb., άσκον δέπειν τινά to flay one alive: άσκός δεδάσθαι to be flayed alive.

άσκόλια, τά, (άσκός) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

Ἀσκολιάζω, *f. σω*, to dance as at the Ascolia.

άσκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (άσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

άσμα, τό, (ᾄδω) a song, lay.

άσματο-κάμπτης, *ov, δ*, (ᾄσμα, κάμπτης) twister of song.

άσμενος, *η, ov*, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., άσμένῳ μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. άσμενότερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. Adv. -τως, gladly, readily.

άσσομαι, contr. for άείσομαι, fut. of άείδω, to sing.

άσοφος, *ov*, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

ἈΣΠΙΑΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. άσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, kiss, caress. 3.

to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master. 4. άσπάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .

άσπαίρω, Ion. impf. άσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

άσπάλαθος, *δ*, a sweet-scented shrub.

άσπάραγος, Att. άσφάραγος, *δ*, asparagus.

άσπαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., στείρω) of land, unsown, untilld: of plants, not sown, growing wild.

ἀσπᾶσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπάζομαι) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπασμός, ό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *an embrace*.

ἀσπαστός, ή, όν, = ἀσπᾶσιος, *welcome*.

ἀσπαστος, ον, (α privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀσπερμος, ον, (α privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i. e. without posterity*.

ἀσπερχές, Adv., (α euphon., σπέρχω) *hastily, botly, unceasingly*.

ἀσπετος, ον, (α privat., ελπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φωνή ἀσπετος an indistinct voice.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίδ-στρέφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίδ-φέρρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *shield-bearing*: as Subst. *a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπίδιώτης, ό, (ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίδ-ούχος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἔχω) *a shield-bearer*.

ἀσπίδοπηγίον, τό, an armourer's shop. From

ἀσπίδο-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπίδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀσπίλος, ό, ή, (α privat., σπίλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

'ΑΣΠΗΣ, ίδος, ή, *a round shield*, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (ὀμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσανοι): the long oblong shield was ὄπλον, Lat. *scutum*.

2. in common language used for a body of men-at-arms (ὀπλίται), ὀκτακισχιλή ἀσπίς 8000 *heavy-armed men*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἰκοσι τάξασθαι *to draw men up twenty-five deep*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα, παρ' ἀσπίδα *on or to the left, right shoulders forward*, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δόρυ. II. an asp, a kind of snake.

ἀσπιστήρ, ήρος, ό, and ἀσπιστής, ού, ό, (ἀσπίς) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπιστωρ, as Adj., κλόνου ἀσπιστορες *din of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπλαγχνος, ον, (α privat., σπλάγχνα) *without bowels*: metaph. *heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπονδος, ον, (α privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II. *without regular truce* (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον *a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others*.

III. *admitting of no truce, implacable*; ἀσπονδος ἀρά *a deadly curse*.

ἀσπούδαστος, ον, (α privat., σπουδάζω) *not zealously pursued*. II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.

ἀσπουδέ and ἀσπουδί, Adv. (α privat., σπουδή) *without zeal*: *without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for ἄτινα, neut. pl. of ὅστις, *which, whichever, what, whatever*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for τινά, *something, some*.

ἄσσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as, a farthing*.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἄγχι, *nearer*: sometimes c. gen., ἄσσον ἐμεῖο *nearer to me*:—also Adv. ἄσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἄσσότερος, Sup. ἄσσοτάτος, Adv. ἄσσοτάτω.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for ἄισσω.

ἀσταθής, ές, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἀσταθμής, ον, (α privat., σταθμάομαι) *unsteady, unstable*: of things, *uncertain*.

ἀστακτος, ον, (α privat., στράζω) *not trickling, i. e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. ἀστακτί, in floods.

ἀσάδισιαστος, ον, (α privat., στασιάζω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. —τως.

ἀσάττω, f. ήσω, *to be unstable*: be a wanderer. From ἀσάτος, ον, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἀσταφιδίτις, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. *consisting of raisins*. [δρ] From

ἀσάφης, ίδος, ή, (α euphon., σταφίς) *a raisin*.

ἀσταχύεσσιν, dat. pl. of

ἀσάχης, vos, ό, (α euphon., στάχης) *an ear of corn*.

ἀστέγαστος, ον, (α privat., στεγάζω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked*; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον *from their having no shelter*.

ἀστεῖζομαι, Dep. *to be witty*. From

ἀστεῖος, ον, also α, ον, (ἀστρ) *of the town*; then, like Lat. *urbanus*, *courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty*; opp. to ἀγροικος.

ἀστευπτος, ον, (α privat., στείβω) *untrodden*.

ἀστεμφής, ές, (α privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., ἀστεμφέως ἔχειν τινά *to hold one fast*. 2. of persons, *inexorable*.

ἀστένακτος, ον, (α privat., στενάζω) *without sigh or groan*: *without need for groans*.

ἀστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄδω, *one must sing*.

ἀστεπτος, ον, (α privat., στέφω) *uncrowned*: hence, *unhonoured*.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (ἀστεργής, ἀνήρ) *without love of man, bating wedlock*. [γα]

ἀστεργής, ές, (α privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἀστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, είδος) *starry*.

ἀστερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀστήρ) *starry*: *sparkling, glittering*.

ἀστεροπή, ή, poet. for ἀσπραή, *lightning*. Hence ἀστεροπητής, ού, ό, *the lightener*.

ἀστερ-ωπός, όν, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) *starry*: *star-like, bright*.

ἀστέφανος, ον, (α privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarlanded*.

ἀστέφανωτος, ον, (α privat., στεφανώω) *not crowned*.

ἀστή, ή, fem. of ἀστός, *a female citizen*.

ἀσθήλος, ον, (α privat., στήλη) *without tombstone*.

'ΑΣΤΗ'Ρ, ό, gen. ήρος: dat. pl. ἀστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, *a star*. 2. any luminous body, a meteor.

ἀστήρικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στήριζω) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἀστίβης, *ēs*, (a privat., στείβω) *not to be trodden, solitary.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἀστικός, *ῆς, ὢν*, (ἀστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἀστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also *native*, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστέιος, neat, pretty.

ἀστικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στίζω) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἀσπλέγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., σπλεγίζω) *not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἀστολος, *ov*, (a privat., στολή) *without the stole.*

ἀστομος, *ov*, (a privat., στόμα) *speechless.* II. of horses, *bad-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. of dogs, *bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. of a sword, *without edge.*

ἀσπτό-ξενος, *ὁ, ῆς*, (ἀστυ, ξένος) *the public guest of a city.*

ἀσποργος, *ov*, (a privat., στέργω) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἀσπός, *ὁ*, (ἀστυ) *a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.*

ἀστοχέω, *ῆς, ῶν*, to miss the mark: *to fail.* From ἀστοχος, *ov*, (a privat., στόχος) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἀσπράβη, *ῆς*, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ἀσπράβης, *ēs*, (a privat., σπράβηναι) *untwisted, straight.*

ἀσπράγλη, *ῆς*, Ion. for ἀσπράγλος III.

ἀσπράγλος, *ὁ*, one of the vertebrae of the neck. II. *the ankle bone, Lat. talus.* III. mostly in plur. ἀσπράγαλοι, *oi*, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. *tali*: hence the game of dice.

They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀφροδίτη, Lat. *jactus Veneris*; the worst, when all came alike, κῆων, Lat. *canis*.

ἈΣΤΡΑΠΗ, *ῆς*, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ἀσ]

ἀστράπηφορέω, *ῆς, ῶν*, to carry lightnings. From ἀστράπη-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀστράπη, φέρω) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἀστράπτω, *ῆς, ῶν*, (ἀστράπη) *to lighten: impers., ἀστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth.* II. intr. *to flash or glance like lightning.*

ἀστράστ, dat. pl. of ἀστρή.

ἀσπράτεια, *ῆς*, (a privat., σπράτειω) *exemption from service.* 2. a *shunning of service*, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφὴν ἀσπρατίας to be indicted for it; ἀσπρατίας δῶναι to be convicted of it.

ἀσπράτευτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπράτεύω) *exempt from service.* 2. *never having served.*

ἄσπρεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., σπρέφω) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἀστρο-γείτων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (ἀστρον, γείτων) *near the stars.*

ἀστρολογία, *ῆς*, astrology. From ἀστρο-λόγος, *ὁ*, (ἀστρον, λέγω) *an astronomer: later, an astrologer.*

ἈΣΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *ASTRUM*, a star, constellation.

ἀστρονομείω, *ῆς, ῶν*, and ἀστρονομίζω, *ῆς, ῶν*, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

ἀστρονομία, *ῆς*, astronomy. From ἀστρο-νόμος, *ov*, (ἀστρον, νέμω) *classing the stars: as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, ὁ*, an astronomer.

ἀστροφος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἀστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.*

ἀστρώς, *α, ov*, (ἀστρον) *of the stars, starry.*

ἀστρο-ωπός, *ὢν*, = ἀστερωπός.

ἀστροντος, *ov*, (a privat., στρώννυμι) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

ἈΣΤΥ, τό: gen. *εως*, contr. *ους*, also *εως*:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city Ἀστυ, as the Romans called theirs *Urbs*; though ἀστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.

ἀστυ-άναξ, *ακτος, ὁ*, (ἀστυ, ἀναξ) *lord of the city.*

ἀστυ-βοάτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀστυ, βοάω) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἀστυ-γείτων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (ἀστυ, γείτων) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἀστυδε, Adv. (ἀστυ) *into, to, or towards the city.*

ἀστικός, *ῆς, ὢν*, = ἀστικός.

ἀστυλός, *ov*, (a privat., στυλός) *without pillar or prop.*

ἀστυ-νίκος, (ἀστυ, νίκη) *victorious.*

ἀστυνομέω, *to be an αστυνόμος.* From ἀστυ-νόμος, *ὁ*, (ἀστυ, νέμω) *a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus.* II. as Adj. *protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι αστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.*

ἀστυ-όχος, *ov*, (ἀστυ, ἔχω) *keeping the city.*

ἀστυφελικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελίζω) *unsunken.*

ἀστυφελος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελός) *not rocky.*

ἀσσυγγνώμων, *ov*, (a privat., συγγνώμων) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἀσσυγκέραστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκέραστος) *not to be mixed.*

ἀσσυγκόμιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκομιστος) *not gaubered together, uncreaped.*

ἀσσυγκρίτος, *ov*, (a privat., σύγκριτος) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἀσσυγκρότητος, *ov*, see ἀσυγκρότητος.

ἀσσυκοφάντητος, *ov*, (a privat., συκοφαντέω) *not calumniated.*

ἀσσυλαίος, *α, ov*, (ἀσσυλον) *of an asylum.*

ἀσσυλητος, *ov*, (a privat., συλλάω) *inviolable.*

ἀσσυλία, *ῆς*, (ἀσσυλος) *inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἀσσυλλόγητος, *ov*, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) *unable to reason:—ἀσσυλλόγητος ἔχειν to be unable to reason.*

ἀσσυλος, *α*, from πλινδερ:

unbarmed, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἄσυλος *safe from marriage*.

ἀ-σύμβατος, ον, (a privat., συμβαίνω) *not coming to terms: incompatible*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) *not to be guessed, unintelligible*.

ἀ-σύμβολος, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) *without paying one's contribution or subscription*.

ἀ-σύμμετρος, ον, (a privat., σύμμετρος) *incommensurate*. II. *disproportionate, unequal*.

ἀ-συμπαθής, ἐς, (a privat., συμπαθής) *without sympathy*.

ἀ-σύμφορος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) *inexpedient, useless: prejudicial*, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-σύμφωνος, ον, (a privat., σύμφωνος) *not accordant*.

ἀ-σύνδετος, ον, (a privat., συνδέω) *unconnected*.

ἀ-συνεσία, ἡ, (ἀσύνετος) *want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity*.

ἀ-σύνετος, Att. ἀ-ξύνετος, ον, (a privat., συνετός) *void of understanding, stupid*. II. *unintelligible*. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἀ-συνήμων, Att. ἀ-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., συνήμι) *without understanding*.

ἀ-συνθέτος, Att. ἀ-ξυνθέτος, ον, (a privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) *bound by no treaties, faithless*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-σύντακτος, Att. ἀ-ξύντακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσσω) *not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly*. II. *unsocial*.

III. *ill-proportioned*. IV. *not assessed, free from taxes*.

ἀ-σύντονος, ον, (a privat., συντείνω) *not strained, slack*. Adv. -ως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἀ-συσκεύαστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) *not well arranged, not convenient*.

ἀ-συστάτος, Att. ἀξυστάτος, ον, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) *not bolding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged*.

ἀσύφηλος, ον, *vile, disbonoured: also disbonouring, reproachful*. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσυχία, ἀσύχιμος, ἄσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἀ-σφαδαστος, ον, (a privat., σφαδάζω) *without convulsion or struggle*.

ἀ-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) *unslaughtered*.

ἀσφάλεια, ὁ, (ἀσφαλής) *firmness, stability*. 2. *assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct*. 3. *certainty, surety*.

ἀσφάλειος, ον, of Neptune, *the Securer*. From ἀ-σφαλής, ἐς, (a privat., σφάλιν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) *firm, fast, steadfast*. 2. of persons, *unfailing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain*. 3. *safe, secure: ἐν ἀσφαλείᾳ or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦς, in safety: τὸ ἀσφαλές safety*. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to secure, guarantee.

ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ἀσφαλίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -τις, ἡ, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλίτης, Lat. Lacus Asphalites, the Dead Sea. [7] From

ἀσφαλτος, ον, ἡ, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφαλῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, *firmly, securely*: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἀ-σφαῖρα γέω, (a euphon., σφαραγέω) *to ring, resound*.

ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) *the ibroat, gullet*.

ἀσφι, ἀσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφόδελος, ὁ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφοδελὸς λειμὼν *the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted*. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάω, 3 plur. ἀσχαλώσι, inf. ἀσχαλάν, part. ἀσχαλῶν:

—another form is ἀσχήλλω. *To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλάν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχάλλειν θάνατον to feel a horror of death*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-σχετος, ον, (a privat., σchein, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω) *not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible*.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, ἡ, deformity, indecency. From ἀ-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., σχῆμα) *shapeless: unseemly, shameful*. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολλία, ἡ, occupation, industry, business. II. *want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινί to be a hindrance to one*. From ἀ-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) *without leisure, busy, industrious*. Adv. -λως.

ἀσχολῶν, ἀσχολῶσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἀ-σώματος, ον, (a privat., σῶμα) *without body, incorporeal*.

ἀσωτία, ἡ, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἀ-σωτος, ον, (a privat., σώζω) *not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus*. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ἴσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From ἀ-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) *out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post*. 2. *undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-τάλαιπωρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) *not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent*.

ἀ-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) *equal in weight, equivalent or equal to*.

ἀτάλα-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) *tender-minded*.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) *to gambol, sport about*. II. trans. *to bring up a child, rear, foster*:—Pass. *to grow up, wax*.

ἀτάλός, ἡ, ὅν, (akin to ἀπαλός) *tender, delicate*.

ἀταλό-ψυχος, ον, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) *soft-hearted*.

ἀταξία, ἡ, (ἀτακτος) *a want of discipline*. 2. *disorder, confusion, licentiousness*.

'ΑΤΑ'Ρ, Ep. αἰνάρ, Conjunct. *but, yet*, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτὰρ που ἔφη still thou didst say: it often stands for δὲ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, ον, (a privat., τᾶράσσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-ταρβής, ἐς, (a privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής τις θεάς having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-τάρβητος, ον, (a privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπνίτος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπνίτος.

ἀταρπός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρός, ον, Ep. for ἀτηρός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθαλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθαλλῶ, to act presumptuously. From

ἀτάσθαλος, ον, (ἀτῶ, ἀτῶ) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (a privat., ταῦρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, ον, (a privat., τάφῃναι) unburied.

ἀτῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀτῆ) to hurt, harm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. quippe, utpote.

ἀ-τεγκτος, ον, (a privat., τέγγω) unvetted, not softened: hard-bearded, relentless.

ἀ-τερής, ἐς, (a privat., τέρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, ον, (a privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (a privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain.

Adv., ἀτεκμάρτως ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, childlessness. From

ἀτεκνος, ον, (a privat., τέκνω) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. immunitas.

ἀ-τέλστος, ον, (a privat., τελέω) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλιστα, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, ον, (a privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, ον, (a privat., τελευτή) endless.

ἀ-τελής, ἐς, (a privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat. irritus. 3. imperfect, unripe, II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. immunis. IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

ἀτελής, ἡ, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμνω, only used in pres. to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμνονται νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ἄ]

ἀ-τενής, ἐς, (a copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενῶς, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενίζω, f. ἴσω, to look at intently, gaze at.

ἄΤΕΡ, Prep. with. gen. without, except, besides. II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τέραμνος, ον, (a privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμων [ἄ], ον, gen. ονος, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ἀτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ἄ], ον, Dor. for ἔτερος, ον. 2. ἄτερος [ἄ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἕτερος, gen. ἑτέρου, dat. ἑτέρῳ, θάτέρῳ etc., or with mark of crasis, θάτέρου, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, ἐς, (a privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινός.

ἀ-τερπος, ον, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, ἐς, and ἀ-τεύχητος, ον, (a privat., τεύχος) unarmed.

ἀ-τεχνος, ον, or ἀ-τεχνής, ἐς, (a privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, artificial. II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. plané, prorsus, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶς; as ἀτεχνῶς ξένως ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέαν, fool-bardy, reckless. From

ἀτῆ, ἡ, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Ἄτῆ personified, the goddess of mischief: the Δαίαι come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [ἄ]

ἀ-τηκτος, ον, (a privat., τήκω) unmelting.

ἀτῆμελῶ, f. ἴσω, to be careless. From

ἀ-τῆμελής, ἐς (a privat., τῆμελής) careless.

ἀτῆμέλητος, ον, (ἀτῆμελῶ) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking no heed: Adv., ἀτῆμελῆτως ἔχειν τινός to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἀτῆ) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρῶς. [ἄ]

Ἄτθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Attic; cf. Ἀττικός. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, ον, (a privat., τίω) unbountured. II. act. not bounturing.

ἀ-τίω, f. ἴσω, (a privat., τίω=τίω) not to honour: absol. in part, ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ἀ-τιθάσεντος, ον, (a privat., τιθασεῖω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀτῆ-ἀγέλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀτῆ, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάζω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἡτίμασα: pf. ἡτίμακα:—Pass., aor. I ἡτίμασθην: pf. ἡτίμασμαι: (a privat., τιμάω). To esteem little, slight:—Pass.

so suffer dishonour or insult.

II. = ἀτιμῶν in

legal sense, to deprive of civil rights,

ἀτιμαστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάω, to be despised.

2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω) a dishonourer.

ἀτιμαστος, ov, (ἀτιμάω) dishonoured, despised.

ἀ-τιμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἡτίμησα: pf. ἡτίμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡτιμήθην: (a privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτίμητος, ov, unbonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτίμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.

ἀτίμια, ἡ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at

Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. *deminutio capitis*.

ἀ-τιμος, ov, (a privat., τιμή) 1) unbonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of. 2. at

Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. *capite deminutus*, opp. to ἐπί-τιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή) 2) without price or value.

2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

ἀτιμῶν, f. ὤσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. *aerarium facere*.

ἀτιμῶν, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.

ἀ-τιμωρητῆι, and ἀ-τιμωρητῆι, Adv. of ἀ-τιμώρητος, ov, (a privat., τιμωρομαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτίμως, Adv. of ἀτιμος, disgracefully.

ἀ-τιμωσις, ewe, ἡ, (ἀτιμῶν) a dishonouring. [τῆ]

ἀτίτῳ, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ἀ-τίτος, ov, also ἡ, ov, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ἀ-τίω, (a privat., τίω) not to honour, not to re-venge. [Y]

Ἄτλα-γένης, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.

Ἄτλαντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Atlas. From Ἄ-τλας, avtos, ὁ, (a euphon., τλήναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

ἀτλητῶν, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From ἀ-τλητος, Dor. ἀ-τλάτος, ov, (a privat., τλήναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

ἀτμή, ἡ, = ἀτμός, smoke, heat.

ἀ-τμητος, ov, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

ἀτμιζῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam. ἀτμός, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄω, ἀημι) steam, vapour. [Y]

ἀτμός, ὁ, (ἄω, ἀημι) smoke, Lat. vapor.

ἀ-τοιχος, ov, (a privat., τοίχος) unwallled.

ἀ-τοκος, ov, (a privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ἀ-τόλμητος, ov, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολμία, ἡ, want of daring, cowardice. From ἀ-τολμος, ov, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ἀ-τομος, ov, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unmown. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.

ἀ-τονος, ov, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. *remissus*. II. (τόνος) without accent.

ἀ-τοξος, ov, (a privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.

ἀτοπία, ἡ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

ἀ-τοπος, ov, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. *ineptus*. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.

ἄτος, ov, contr. for ἄατος, insatiate, c. gen.

ἀτρακτος, ὁ, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ἡλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-τράπιτος, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἡ, a path.

ἀ-τράπος, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (a euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

ἀτρέκεια, ἡ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From

ἌΤΡΕΚΗΣ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ἀ-τρέμᾱ, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμᾱς, Adv., (a privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ἀ-τρεμαῖος, a, ov, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαῖα βοᾷ a whisper.

ἀτρεμεῖν, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμῆι, quietly.

ἀτρεμία, ἡ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμῆ(ειν) to be restless or unquiet.

ἀ-τρεπτος, ov, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indiffer-ent.

ἀ-τρεστος, ov, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling fearless.

ἀ-τριάκτος, ov, (a privat., τριάω) unconquered.

ἀ-τρίβαστος, ov, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.

ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (a privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. *integer*.

ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἥτριον.

ἀ-τριπτος, ov, (a privat., τρίβω) not worn lard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοι ἄκανθα thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ἀ-τρόμητος, ov, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.

ἀ-τρομος, ov, (a privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. *intrepidus*.

ἀτροπία, ἡ, obstinacy. From ἀ-τροπος, ov, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἄτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Parcae.

ἀτροφέω, f. ἤσω, to pine away. From

ἄ-τροφος, ον, (α privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἄ-τρυγетος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., τρύγαν) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἄ-τρυγής, ἐς, (α privat., τρύγη) *not gathered.*

ἄ-τρυμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ἀτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρυμῶν *κακῶν not worn out by ills.* [v]

ἄ-τρυτος, ον, (α privat., τρύω) *not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, the *Unworned*. (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἄιδωνεύς from Αἰδης.)

ἄ-τρωτος, ον, (α privat., τιτρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

ἌΤΤΑ, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄππα, πάππα, [τᾶ]

ἄττᾱγᾱς, ᾱ, ὁ, Lat. attagen, prob. the *godwit*.

ἄτταται, a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταται, etc.: also used ironically.

ἀττελαβος, Ion. ἀττελεβος, ὁ, a kind of locust without wings.

Ἄττικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, (Ἄττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic.* Hence

Ἄττικισμός, ὁ, a siding with Athens, attachment to her. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

Ἄττικίον, Dim. of Ἄττικός, a little Athenian.

Ἄττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄτκή) Attic, Athenian: ἡ Ἄττικῇ (sub. γῇ) = Ἀτθίς, Attica.

Ἄττικωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, a comic alteration of Ἄττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.

ἄττον, Att. for ἄσσον, nearer.

ἄττω, Att. for ἄσσω, ἄσσω, q. v.

ἀτύζωμαι, aor. I part. ἀτυζέαι: Pass. (ἀτῶ) —to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered; ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing. II. rarely in Act. ἀτύζω, f. ὕζω, to strike with terror.

ἄ-τυράννευτος, ον, (α privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἄ-τύφος, ον, (α privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχῶ, f. ἦσω, (ἀτυχής) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, ατος, τό, a misfortune, mishap.

ἄ-τύχης, ἐς, (α privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, ἡ, (ἀτυχέω) *ill luck, bad fortune.* II. a miscarriage, mishap.

ἈΤ', Adv. of Place, back, backwards, Lat. retro.

II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. denuo.

III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. porro. 2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. vicissim.

αὐαίνω, impf. αἰανον: f. αἰᾶνῶ: aor. I pass. ἀνάνθην: (αἰώ) —to dry. 2. to wither or parch up; βίον αὐανεῖν *to waste life away: fut. med. αὐανοῦμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.*

αὐαῖλος, α, ον, (αἰώ) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Αὔασος, ἡ, = Ὀασίς, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Aeol. for ἀττ, calamity, mischief; to be pronounced ἀφᾶτᾱ.

αὐγάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἠγάσα: (αὐγή) —to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med. II. intr. to shine.

ἈΥΤΗ, ἡ, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. the rays, beams of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγὰς ἡλίου under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive; αὐγὰς λείσσειν *to behold the light, i. e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγὰς to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. any light, esp. of the eyes; ὁμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. lumina, the eyes. 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, sheen.

αὐδάζομαι, f. ἀόμοι: aor. I ἠδαζέμην: Dep.: (αὐδή) —to cry out, speak.

αὐδάω, impf. ἠδῶν: f. ἦσω Att. ᾶσω: aor. I ἠύθησα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ἠύθηκα: —also αὐδάομαι, as Dep.: —to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 2. to speak, to address. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order to do. 4. to call by name; αὐδάωμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλέως I am called Achilles' son. 5. like λέγειν, Lat. dicere, to mean. From

ἈΥΔΗ, ἡ, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e.g. the twang of the bowstring. 2. a report, account. Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, speaking with human voice. αὐ-ερώ (i. e. αὐ ἐρώ), aor. I αὐεῖρα: —to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.

αὐθάδεια, poet. αὐθαδία, ἡ, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From

αὐθ-άδης [α], ες, (αὐτός, ἡδομαι) self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling. Adv. -δῶς.

αὐθ-αδία, ἡ, poet. for αὐθαδεια.

αὐθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.: —to be self-willed or stubborn.

αὐθαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αὐθάδης) disposed to be self-willed.

αὐθαδισμα, ατος, τό, (αὐθάδης) an act of self-will, wilfulness.

αὐθαδῶ-στομος, ον, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) wilful or proud of speech.

αὐθ-αῖμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, αἶμα) of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.

αὐθ-αίπετος, ον, (αὐτός, αἰπέω) self-chosen, self-elected. II. taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional. Adv. -τως.

αὐθεντέω, f. ἦσω, to have power over. From

αὐθ-έντης, ον, ὁ, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, έντεα) an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also

an absolute master. φόνος death. αὐθ-ήμε: "at happening"

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ές, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθι-γενές ὕδωρ spring water. 2. genuine, sincere.

αὐθις, Ion. αὐτις, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὐ: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter. III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, όμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-ἰαχος, ov, (α copul., ἰαχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλας, άκος, ή, = ἄλος, α furrow: also ὠλας, for which Homer used ὠλες. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλαος, α, ov, sometimes also os, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐν αὐλήϊσι θύρησι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, f. ήσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλείται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ή, (*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Ζεύς Ἐρκείος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἶθουσα into the πρόδομος. II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the (μέσανυλος or μετανυλος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or hall. IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber. αὐλήμα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐληγεῖντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω. αὐλητήρ, ήρος, ό, and αὐλητής, ου, ό, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ή, ύν, of or for a flute-player; ή αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὐλητρίς, ιδος, ή, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὐλιάς, άδος, ή, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλιζομαι: fut. med. αὐλίσομαι: aor. I ηὐλίσαμην: aor. I pass. ηὐλίσθην: pf. ηὐλίσμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή): —to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλίον, τό, (αὐλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλίος, α, ov, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλις, ιδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλίσκος, ό, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe.

αὐλιστρίς, ιδος, ή, (αὐλίζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὐλο-δόκη, ή, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετέω, (αὐλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὐλο-ποιός, ό, (αὐλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ό, (*αῶ, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικείοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ἐνυαλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. 2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλῶν, ὠνος, ό, poët. also ή, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait:

αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago.

αὐλ-ώπις, ιδος, ή, (αὐλός, ὠψι) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, poët. ἄξω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ηὔξησα: pf. ηὔξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, ex- tol.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ηὔξθην: pf. ηὔξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηὔξανόμην ἄκοιῶν I grew taller as I heard. III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξή, ή, growth, increase.

αὐξηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξηστία, ή, (αὐξω) the goddess of growth.

αὐξησις, εως, ή, (αὐξω) growth, increase.

αὐξίμος, ov, (αὐξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σελήνην, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, ους, ή, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὔξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐονή, ή, (αῦος) dryness, withering.

αῦος, η, ov, (αῦω) dry, dried, of fruit; αῦον αὐτεῖν to ring dry and barsb, of metal. 2. withered, parched. 3. drained dry, exhausted.

αὔπνια, ή, sleeplessness. From

αὔπνος, ov, (α privat., ύπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ύπνος αὔπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αὔρα, Ion. αὔρη, ή, (*ἄω, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αὔριον, (from αὔω, Aeol. for ἰῶω) Adv. to-morrow; ἐς αὔριον on the morrow, next morning or till morn- ing: ή αὔριον (sub. ήμέρα), the morrow; also, ή ἐς αὔριον ήμέρα, ό αὔριον χρίνος.

αὔσαι, aor. I inf. of αὔω to shout.

αὔσιος, Dor. for τηΐσιος.

αὔσταλος, poët. αὔσταλος, α, ov, (αῦος) sun- burnt, shrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὔστηρός, ά, ύν, (*ἄω, αῦω ἄζω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsb, austere. Hence

αὔστηρότης, ήτος, ή, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. barsbness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) *carrying one's own message: bringing news of what one has seen.*

αὐτ-ἀρετος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀργέω) *self-chosen, left to one's choice.* II. *act. choosing for oneself.*

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) *related as brother or sister: one's own brother or sister.*

αὐτ-ανδρος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀνήρ) *with the men themselves, men and all.*

αὐτ-ἀνεψιος, *α*, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) *an own cousin, cousin-german.*

αὐτάρ, *Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.*

αὐτάρκεια, *ῆ*, (αὐτάρκης) *sufficiency in oneself, independence.*

αὐτ-ἀρκής, *ες*, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) *sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.*

αὐτε, *Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.*

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, *ατος, τό*, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) *an exact impression, true portrait.*

αὐτ-εξούσιος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) *in one's own power: τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.*

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) *offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.*

αὐτ-ἐπώνυμος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) *of the same surname.*

αὐτ-ερέτης, *ου, ὁ*, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) *tower and soldier at once.*

αὐτέω, *Ep. impf. ἄντευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout: also in Act., to call. [ῆ] From αὐτή, ῆ, (αὖω) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῆ]*

αὐτ-ήκοος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) *one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.*

αὐτ-ήμαρ, *Adv., = αὐθημέρον, on the selfsame day.*

αὐτ-γενής, *ές*, *Ion. for αὐθιγενής.*

αὐτίκᾳ [ῆ], *Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter: presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τὴν ὁ Ζεὺς; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?*

αὐτος, *Ion. and Dor. for αὐθις.*

αὐτμή, (*ᾤω, αὖω, to blow) *breath: the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.*

αὐτμήν, *μένος, ὁ, = αὐτμή.*

αὐτο-βοεῖ, *Adv. (αὐτός, βοῇ) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεῖ εἶναι to take without resistance.*

αὐτο-βουλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, βουλή) *self-willed.*

αὐτο-γέννητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γεννάω):—*κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.*

αὐτογνωμονέω, *f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From*

αὐτο-γνώμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. -μόνος.*

αὐτό-γνωτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) *self-resolved, self-chosen.*

αὐτό-γυος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γύης):—*ἀροτρον αὐτόγυον a plough in which the γύης is of one piece with the ἔλνυμα and ἰστοβοεὺς.*

αὐτο-δᾶής, *ές*, (αὐτός, δαῖναι) *unpremeditated.*

αὐτο-δάϊκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δαίω) *self-slain or mutually slain.*

αὐτ-οδᾶξ, *Adv. (αὐτός, οδᾶξ) with clenched teeth: hence stubborn.*

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) *just ten.*

αὐτό-δηλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δηλος) *self-evident.*

αὐτό-διδάκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) *self-taught.*

αὐτό-δίκος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δίκη) *with one's own law-courts: conducting one's own suits at home.*

αὐτόδιον, *Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.*

αὐτο-ἐλικτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) *curling naturally.*

αὐτο-ἐντης, *ου, ὁ, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.*

αὐτο-ετής, *ές*, (αὐτός, ἔτος) *in or of the same year: Adv. αὐτότερος, in the same year, within the year.*

αὐτο-θελεῖ, *Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.*

αὐτο-θελής; *ές*, (αὐτός, θέλω) *of one's own will, voluntary.*

αὐτόθεν, *Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from thence, from thence, Lat. illinc. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.*

αὐτόθι, *Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.*

αὐτο-κάσιγγητος, *ὁ, and -ῆ, ῆ, (αὐτός, κασίγγητος) an own brother or sister.*

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) *self-condemned.*

αὐτο-κέλευθος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) *going one's own way.*

αὐτο-κέλευστος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κελεύω) *self-bidden, of one's own accord.*

αὐτο-κελής, *ές*, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) *foreg.*

αὐτό-κλητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, καλέω) *self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.*

αὐτό-κομος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώμη) *with natural hair, shaggy. II. hair and all.*

αὐτο-κράτης, *ές*, (αὐτός, κράτος) *ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute: τὸ αὐτοκρατέες free will.*

αὐτο-κράτωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ῆ, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master: 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute: peremptory.*

αὐτό-κτίτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτίω) *self-produced, made by nature.*

αὐτοκτονέω, *to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.*

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, *ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.*

αὐτό-κωπος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώπη) *together with the*

handle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a handle, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) self-taught, τινός in a thing.

αὐτό-μαρτύς, ὅς, ὁ, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) oneself the witness, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτομαδίτω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-ματος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, μέμα, pf. of *μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. self-moving; τὰ αὐτόματα self-moving machines, automata.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. -τως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομόλιω, f. ἴσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλῃσι, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομόλια, ἡ, desertion.

αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέμαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From

αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμωμαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχτι, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [?] αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμων) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμος ὀλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτό-πτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄρω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτό-ρίζος, ποστ. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτό-ρύτος, ποστ. αὐτό-ρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ῥέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. ipse: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., him, her, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. Ipse dixit. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοὶ ἔσμεν we are by ourselves. 4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνόρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμυγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σὺν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσθιν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἵπποις horses and all.

5. added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτός himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always divisim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτός καθ' αὐτοῦ.

II. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. ipsissimus, his very self.

III. He, she, it, Lat. ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταυτό and ταυτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. ὠτός, ταυτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat., like ὁμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πράσχειν τινὶ to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταυτό, ἐπὶ ταυτό, αὐ, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos. 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκτιτος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόφυλος. 3. of oneself, as in αὐτοδιδάκτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόδεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηρος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc. αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron. αὐτόσ-σύτος, ον, (αὐτός, σέυομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-στάδια, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight. αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself. αὐτο-σφαγής, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδᾶ, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδίαζω, f. ἄσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-hand: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-hand. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-hand, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οὗ, ὁ, *one who acts or speaks off-band*: a novice, Lat. *tiro*.

αὐτο-σχεδῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, σχεδῖος) *band to band*:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδῖη, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. αὐτοσχεδῖην as Adv. close at band. II. off-band, on the spur of the moment.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at band, band to band*, Lat. *cominus*.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τέλειος, ον, (αὐτός, τελείω) *self-accomplished*.

αὐτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient*:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily. II. *taxing oneself*.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός II.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all*.

αὐτο-τράγικος, ον, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic*.

αὐτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπᾶω, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway*.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαυτοῦ.

αὐτοσυργία, ἡ, a working with one's own band; αὐτοσυργία φόνου *self-inflicted murder*. From

αὐτο-συργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working*. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a busbandman, farmer. II. pass. *self-wrought, extemporary*.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι *on the very spot*; ἀπ' αὐτόφι *from the very spot*.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all*.

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin*.

αὐτο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) *a murderer*.

αὐτο-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φέρτος) *bearing one's own baggage*.

αὐτο-φύης, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent*. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφύεις λόφοι *hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined*. Hence

αὐτοφυῶς, Adv. *naturally*.

αὐτό-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused*.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φάω) *caught in the act of theft*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν *to catch in the act*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ δᾶναι *to be caught in the very act*.

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own hand*: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing. II. absol. one who kills himself or one of his kin: a murderer, homicide. 3. as Adj. *murderous*. Hence

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. *with one's own band*.

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) *a doing with one's own bands*; Lat. αὐτοχειρία *with one's own band*.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all*.

αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) *of the land itself*, Lat. *terrigena*: αὐτόχθονες, οἱ, like Lat. *Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers*.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολώω) *angry at oneself*.

αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόωνος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) *rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit*.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really: at once, plainly*.

αὐτως, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, *even so, just so, as it is*; γυμνὸν ἔοντα, αὐτως, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. just so, no better; often joined with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτως a mere child. II. just as before, as it was; λευκὸν ἔτ' αὐτως still white as when new.

αὐχενίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) *to cut the throat of, behead*.

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) *belonging to the neck*; αὐχένιοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἠύχησα:—like *καυχάομαι*, to boast, *pride oneself*: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

ἄτ'XH', ἡ, boasting, pride.

αὐχῆμα, αρος, τό, (αὐχέω) *a thing boasted of, the pride, boast*. II. a boast: also = αὐχὴ, boasting.

ἄτ'XH'N, ἑνος, ὁ, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αὐχῆσις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) *boasting, exultation*.

αὐχμέω, f. ἴσω, (αὐχμός) *to be squalid*, Lat. *squalere*.

αὐχμήεις, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμηρός.

αὐχμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) *dry, parched, dusty, squalid*, Lat. *squalidus*. 2. *impoverished, needy*.

αὐχμός, ὁ, (ἀω, αῖω, ἀλος) *drought: dearth*.

αὐχμ-ώδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) *looking dry and dusty*: τὸ αὐχμώδες *drought*.

ἄτ'Ω, Att. αὖω, *to dry, wither*: also *to singe, set on fire*.

ἄτ'Ω, f. ἄσω: aor. ἤψα:—*to shout out, shout, call aloud*: also of things, *to sound, echo*: c. acc. pers. *to call upon*.

αὔω, ἡ, Aeol. for ἄως, ἡώς, *morning*.

ἄφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to purify*:—Med. *to devote oneself with purifying offerings*.

ἄφ-αίρῶ, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ἀφῆρέθη: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root 'ΕΛ- we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπό, αἰρέω). *To take from, take away from another*; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρεῖν τινά τι *to rob of a thing*; ἀφαιρεῖν τινος *to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon*. II. Med. more freq. than Act., *to take away for oneself, bear off*: ἀφαιρεῖσθαι τινά τι *to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself*. 2. followed by μή and inf., *to prevent, hinder from doing*. III. Pass. *to be robbed or deprived of a thing*.

ἄφαιστος, Dor. for Ἐφαιστος.

ἄφ-ἄλλομαι, f. ἀφαλοῦμαι: aor. I ἀφῆλμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—*to spring off or down from: to jump off*.

ἄ-φάλος, ον, *without the φάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed*.

ἄφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφῆμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—*to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.*

ἀφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foregoing.

ἀφαμαρτο-επίς, ἐς, (ἀφαμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *missing the point, talking at random.*

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδῶν: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—*to displease, fail to please.*

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, *darkness, obscurity.* II. *disappearance, utter destruction.* From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (α privat., φανῆναι) *unseen, invisible: inscrutable.* 2. *vanished: bidden, secret:* hence

unknown: τὸ ἀφανές *uncertainty.* 3. ἀφανὴς οὐσία *personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land.* Hence

ἀφάνιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: pf. ἱφάνικα:—*to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with.* 2. *to*

rase to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate foot-steps, etc. 3. *to secrete, steal, embezzle.* 4. *to*

darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. *to disappear and be beard of no more, vanish:* esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. *to keep out of public, live*

retired. Hence

ἀφάνισις, εως, ἡ, *a making away with.* II. *a vanishing, disappearance.*

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνισις.

ἀ-φαντος, ον, (α privat., φαίνομαι) *invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret.* 2. *unlooked for.*

ἀφ-ἄπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἀψημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω):—*to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:*—Pass. *to be hung on, bang on; ἀπαμμένως*

Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀψημμένως.

ἀφῆρ, Adv., I. *straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly.* II. *thereupon, then, after that.* III.

continuously, without intermission.

ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for ἀφρακτος.

ἀφ-αρπάζω: f. ἄζω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—Pass., aor. I -ἡρπᾶσθην: pf. -ἡρπασμαι:—*to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.*

ἀφάρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ἀφαρ, *bastier.*

ἀ-φασία, ἡ, (ἀφατος) *speechlessness.*

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. I ἡφασα, imperat. ἄφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφᾶω):—*to take bold of, bandle, feel, touch.*

ἀ-φάτος, ον, (α privat., φατός) *not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἀφата χρήματα untold sums; ἀφαρον ὡς . . there's no saying how.* 2.

unutterable: huge, monstrous.

ἀφ-αναίνω, fut. pass. ἀνανθήσομαι, = ἀφάνω.

ἀφαιρός, ἁ, ον, *weak, feeble.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αῶω, (ἀπό, αῶω) *to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:*—Pass. *to become parched, to pine away.*

ἀφᾶω or ἀφᾶώω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) *to bandle, feel.*

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (α privat., φέγγος) *without light, dark:* metaph. *ill-starred.* 2. *dim, faint.*

ἀφ-εδρών, ὦνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) *the draught: a privy.*

ἀφῆξ, Ep. for ἀφῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῆκα, Ep. for ἀφῆκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῆθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδῶς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἤσω, *to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδεῖν πόνου to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil:* absol., ἀφειδήσαντες *recklessly.* From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (α privat., φειδομαι) *unsparing, lavish: bountiful.* 2. *unsparing, cruel, harsh.* Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, *profuseness.* 2. *harshness, severity.*

ἀφειδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφειδής, *lavishly.*

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείλον, -όμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, *one must abstain.*

ἀφῆλεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) *simplicity, plainness.* From

ἀφελεύς, ἀφελῆσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (α privat., φελλεύς) *without a stone, level, smooth.* II. metaph. of persons, *simple, plain.*

ἀφ-έλκω, f. ἔλζω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκίσω [ῥ], aor. I ἀφελκίσω (as if from ἀφελκίω):—*to drag away, draw back: to draw aside.* 2. *to drink up.*

ἀφελότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) *smoothness, evenness:* hence *simplicity, sincerity.*

ἀφελῶς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, *rudely, coarsely.*

ἀφενος, τό, *wealth, abundance.*

ἀφ-ερκτος, ον, (ἀπειργῶ) *shut out from.*

ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. I ἀφείρπωσα (as if from ἀφερπύω):—*to creep off, steal away.*

ἀ-φερτος, ον, (α privat., φέρω) *insufferable.*

ἀφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

Ἀφείσιος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) *the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.*

ἄφεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) *a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.*

ἀφεσταίη, shortened for ἀφέστηκω, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφετός, ὄν, (ἀφήμι) *let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.*

ἀ-φευκτος, ον, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εῶω, aor. I ἀφευσα (without augm.): pf. pass. ἡφευμαι:—*to singe off.* 2. *to toast, roast.*

ἀφ-έψω, Ion. ἀπέψω: fut. ἀπέψωω:—*to boil off, boil down.* II. *to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify: to boil young again.*

ἀφέωκα, Dor. for ἀφέικα, pf. act., and ἀφέωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur., pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) *a fastening, joint:* 2. *a lighting, kindling.* II. (ἀπτομαι) *a touching, bandling: the sense of touch.*

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγῆσομαι, *to lead away, lead off:* generally, *to lead the way, go first.* II. *to tell, relate, explain.* III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφ-ομοιάω, f. ὥσω, to liken, make like. II. to compare.

ἀφ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφ-οπλίζεσθαι ἔντrea to put off one's armour.

ἀφ-ορύω, impf. ἀφ-εώρων: pf. ἀφ-εύρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπ-όρυμαι (as if from ἀπ-έιδω), and aor. 2 ἀπ-είδων (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view. II. to look from a place.

ἀφ-όρητος, ov, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.

ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.

ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate. II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

ἀφ-οριμάω, f. ἡσώ, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.

ἀφ-οριμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὀρή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sineus of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.

ἀφορμηθεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω. **ἀφ-ορμίζομαι**, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.

ἀ-φόρμικτος, ov, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre. **ἀφ-ορμος**, ov, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.

ἀ-φορος, ov, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren. **ἀ-φόρκτος**, ov, (a privat., φορῶσσω) undefiled, unstained.

ἀφ-οσιόω, fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὀσιός) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι ἐξ ὀρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

ἀφού, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφίημι.

ἀφώνωτα, Ep. for ἀφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφώνω.

ἀφραδέω, f. ἡσώ, to act without sense. From **ἀφ-ραδής**, ἐς, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

ἀφραδία, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness. **ἀφ-ραδύμων**, ov, gen. ονος, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.

ἀφραίνω, (ἀφραν) to be silly.

ἀφρακτος, old Att. ἀ-φαρκτος, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

ἀφ-φράσμεν, ov, gen. ονος, = ἀφράδμεν.

ἀφρατος, ov, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence

ἀφράστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

ἀφρέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

ἀφρη-λόγος, ov, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

ἀφρηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

ἀφρήτωρ, opor, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτωρ, (a privat., φρά-τρα) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

ἀφρίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.

ἀφριεύς, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From

ἀφρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Ἀφροδισία, ἀδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

Ἀφροδίστος, α, ov, also os, ov, belonging to Venus. II. Ἀφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus:

Ἀφροδίσια, τά, her festival. From

Ἀφροδίτη [ἡ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam. II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty.

ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων. **ἀφρονέω**, f. ἡσώ, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.

ἀφροντιστώ, f. ἡσώ, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From

ἀφρόντιστος, ov, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντιστῶς ἔχειν to be thoughtless.

ἀφρόνως, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.

ἈΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, foam, froth.

ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

ἀφρουρος, ov, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

ἀφρο-φυής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.

ἀφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp.

and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

ἀφύη, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ἀφύης, ἐς, (a privat., φυή) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

ἀφυκτος, ov, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφύλακτώ, f. ἡσώ, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ἀφύλακτος, ov, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unbecoming; ἀφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀφύλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

ἀφ-υλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

ἀφύλλος, ov, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφύλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύζειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.
ἀφ-υπνός, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὕπνως):
—to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

ἀφυσγετός, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἈΦΥ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύξω Dor. —ξῶ: aor. I ἡφύσα Ep. ἀφύσσα: aor. I med. ἡφύσατο οἶνος wine was drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to drink, quaff. 2. to pour in a heap, to pile up, πλοῦτον ἀφύζειν:—Med., φύλλα ἡφυσάμην I bearded me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευτος, ov, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.
ἀφύως, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφύως ἔχειν to have no natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ov, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, unutterable. II. voiceless, speechless.
ἀφωνία, ἡ, speechlessness. From
ἀ-φωνος, ov, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. —ως.

ἀχά [ᾱ], Dor. for ἡχῆ.
Ἀχαΐα, Ion. Ἀχαιΐη, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

ἀχαΐνης, ὁ, (ἀκίς) with single points to his horns, epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαΐνη, ἡ, a deer.
Ἀχαιΐς, Att. Ἀχαιΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaian land, with or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian woman: so also Ἀχαιΐάς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιός, ὁ, ὄν, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as Subst., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaians, in Homer the Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαιΐα, ἡ, Achaia, in Peloponnesus.

ἀ-χαλίνος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.
ἀ-χαλίνωτος, ov, (a privat., χαλινώω) unbridled.
ἀ-χαλκεός, ov, (a privat., χαλκοῦς) without a farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκεώ, to be without a farthing.
ἀ-χαλκευτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ov, without brass, esp. without brassen arms: ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χαλκωτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκῶ) = ἀχαλκευτος.
ἀχάνη [ᾱχᾱ-], ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδμοι.

ἀ-χανής, ἑ, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ἀ-χαράκωτος, ov, (a privat., χαρακῶ) not palisaded.
ἀ-χαρς, ὁ, ἡ, ἀχαρς, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χαρς) without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.
ἀχαρστέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀχαρστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχαριστία, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.
ἀ-χαριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάρτος, ov, (a privat., χαρι(σ)μαι) unpleasing: without grace. II.

ungracious: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. unthanked: Adv. οὐκ ἀχαριστὸς ἔχειν τινί thanks are not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence in Adv., ἀχαριστὸς ἔπρεσθαι to follow with a bad grace.

ἀχεδών, ἵνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.
ἀ-χείμαντος, ov, (a privat., χεῖμαι) not vexed with storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without bands: without dexterity, awkward.
ἀ-χειρής, ἑ, without bands.

ἀ-χειροπολῖτος, ov, not made by hands.
ἀ-χειρος, ov, = ἀχειρ: τὰ ἀχεῖρα the binder parts of the body.

ἀ-χείρωτος, ov, (a privat., χεῖρώ) not trained by the band. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, ὁ, Achelöus, name of several rivers; the best known ran through Actolia and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Achelöia pocula.

ἈΧΕΦΑΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub, used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ov, of or belonging to Acheron: fem. —ιάς, ἄδος.

ἀχερώς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

Ἀχέρων, οντος, ὁ, Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from ἄχος, as Κωκυτός from κωκύω.)

ἀχέτας, ov, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέτης, (ἀχέω) sounding: esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part, κῆρ ἀχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the same Root ἈΧ-, came 1. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡκάχον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress: so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχῆσαι, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if from ἀχέω).

2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj. ἀκάχεται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—pf. pass., ἀκαχῆμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκαχέδαται or ἀκαχέ-ται (for ἀκαχῆνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέατο (for ἀκαχῆντο); inf. ἀκαχέσθαι; part. ἀκαχόμενος, Ep. also ἀκαχόμενος.

ἀχέω [ᾱ], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.
ἀχημα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἈΧΗ'Ν, ἑνος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ᾱ] Hence ἀχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes' blank gaze.

ἀχθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive. Adv. —νός, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

ἀχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἄγω.

ἀχθιδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἀχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἄγω.

ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass. ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθημαι: (ἄχθος):—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down, discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφορέω, f. ἥσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ov, ὁ, bearing burdens.

Ἀχιλλεύς, ὁ, Achilles:

Ἀχιλλεῖαι μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, *έως*, Ep. *ήος*, *ό*: Ep. also Ἀχιλλεύς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἀ-χίτων, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, *without tunic, thinly clad.*

ἀχλαῖνία, *ή*, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἀ-χλαινος, *ov*, (a privat., χλαῖνα) *without cloak.*

ἀ-χλοος, *ov*, contr. ἀ-χλους, *ovv*, (a privat., χλόα) *without herbage.*

ἀχλύεις, *εσσα*, *ev*, (ἀχλύς) *murky, gloomy.*

ἌΧΛΥ΄Σ, *ύος*, *ή*, *a mist, gloom, darkness*, Lat. *caligo*: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble. Hence ἀχλύνω, f. *ύσω* [ύ]: aor. I *ήχλυσα*: *to be or grow dark.*

ἌΧΝΗ, Dor. *ἄχνα*, *ή*, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἄχνη οὐραῖα the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἄχνη dewy tears.* II. of solids, *chaff: the down on fruit.* III. *ἄχνην* in acc. as Adv., *a morsel, a little bit.*

ἀχνύμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἄχος): *to trouble oneself, grieve.*

ἀ-χολος, *ov*, (a privat., χολή) *lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

ἀχομαι, Dep. (ἄχος) *to mourn, bewail oneself.*

ἀ-χόρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., χορεύω) like *ἀχοπος*, *not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

ἀ-χορος, *ov*, *without the dance: mournful, sad.*

ἌΧΟΣ, *εος*, *τό*, an ACHE, *pain, distress*, in Homer only of the mind.

ἀ-χραής, *ές*, = *ἄχραντος.*

ἀ-χραντος, *ov*, (a privat., χραίνω) *undefiled.*

ἀχράς, *ἄδος*, *ή*, *a kind of wild pear.*

ἀ-χρεῖος, *ov*, rarely *a*, *ov*, Ion. ἀ-χρήϊος, (a privat., χρεία) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war.* II. neut. *ἀχρεῖον* as Adv., *ἀχρεῖον ἰδών* giving a helpless look, looking foolish; *ἀχρεῖον γελάω* to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; *ἀχρεῖον κλάζειν* to bark without cause, of dogs. Hence

ἀχρεάω, f. *ώσω*, *to make useless, disable.*

ἀ-χρήϊος, *ov*, Ion. for *ἀχρεῖος.*

ἀχρηματία, *ή*, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρημάτος, *ov*, (a privat., χρήμα) *without money or means: οἱ ἀχρημάτοι the poor.*

ἀχρημοσύνη, *ή*, *want of money.* From

ἀ-χρήμων, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, (a privat., χρήμα) = *ἀχρημάτος*, *poor, needy.* [ἄ]

ἀχρηστία, *ή*, *uselessness, unsuitness.* From

ἀ-χρηστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρηστός) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἀχρηστος ἐς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.* III. act. *making no use of, c. dat.*

ἀχρη, and before a vowel ἄχρης, (ἄκρος) Prep. with gen. *until, Lat. usque ad; ἀχρη μάλα κνέφαος until deep in the night:—as far as, ἀχρη τῆς καρδίας.* II.

Conj. *until, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἀχρη*

οὐδ. III. Adv. of manner, *to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.*

ἀ-χρώματος, *ov*, (a privat., χρώμα) *without colour.*

ἀ-χρωστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρώω) *uncoloured: untouched.*

ἀχρύβις, *ιδος*, (ἀχρυον) fem. Adj. of *chaff.*

ἀχυρμία, *ή*, (ἀχυρον) *a heap of chaff.*

ἀχύρο-δόκη, *ή*, (ἀχυρον, δέχομαι) *a chaff-bolder.*

ἌΧΥΡΟΝ, *τό*, mostly in plur. *chaff, bran,*

bushes.

ἀχύρο-τριψ, *τρίβος*, *ό*, (ἀχυρον, τρίβω) *threshing out the bushes.*

ἀχώ, *ή*, Dor. for *ήχω.*

ἀ-χώριστος, *ov*, (a privat., χωριστός) *not parted.* II. (a privat., χώρος) *without a place assigned one.*

ἌΨ, Adv. of Place, *backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

ἀψάμενος, aor. I med. part. of *ἄπτομαι.*

ἀ-ψαυστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψαύω) *untouched.* II. act. *without touching.*

ἀ-ψεγής, *ές*, (a privat., ψέγω) *unblamed, blameless.*

ἀ-ψεκτος, *ov*, = *ἀψεγής.*

ἀψεύδεια, *ή*, *truthfulness; and*

ἀψευδέω, f. *ήσω*, *not to lie, to speak truth.* From

ἀ-ψευδής, *ές*, (a privat., ψεύδος) *without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure.* Hence

ἀψευδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. *really and truly.*

ἀ-ψευστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) *unfeigned.*

ἀ-ψηκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψήχω) *not rubbed off.*

ἀ-ψηφιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψηφίζομαι) *not having voted.*

ἀψίδομαι, pf. *ήψιδωμαι*: Pass.: (ἀψίς):—*to be tied in a circle or curve.*

ἀψι-κορος, *ov*, (ἄπτομα, κόρος) *satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

ἀψιμάχια, *ή*, *a skirmishing.* From

ἀψι-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄπτομαι, μάχη) *skirmishing.*

ἀψίνθιον, *τό*, Lat. *absinthium*, wormwood. From

ἌΨΙΝΘΟΣ, *ή*, wormwood.

ἀψίς, Ion. ἀψίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, (ἄπτω) *a juncture: a loop, knot; ὀψίδες λίνων the meshes of a net.* 2. *the felloe or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος ἀψίδος the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

ἀψίσι, dat. pl. of *ἀψίς.*

ἀψόρ-ροος, *ov*, contr. ἀψόρρους, *ovv*, (ἀψ, βέω) *back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

ἀψορ-ρος, *ov*, shortd. form of *foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἀψορρον* as Adv., *backward, back again.*

ἄψος, *εος*, *τό*, (ἄπτω) *a juncture: a joint.*

ἀ-ψόφητος, *ov*, (a privat., ψοφέω) *without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κωκυμάτων without cry of weeping.*

ἀ-ψοφος, *ov*, (a privat., ψόφος) = *ἀψόφητος.*

ἀ-ψυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψύχω) *uncooled, warm.*

ἀψύχια, *ή*, *cowardice.* From

ἀ-ψύχος, *ov*, (a privat., ψυχή) *lifeless.* II.

spiritless, fainthearted.

*ἌΩ, root of *ἀημι*, *to blow*; cf. *ἄζω*, *αἶω*.

*ΑΩ, root of *laúw*, *laúw*, to sleep: aor. I *ássa*, Ep. *ássa*, contr. *ássa*.

*ΑΩ, to burst, contr. from *daúw*, q. v.

*ΑΩ, to satiate, inf. *ámeuai* [ā], contr. for *ámeuai*, Ep. for *áein*: aor. I *ássa*: verb. Adj. *átws* [ā], but with a privat., *áatos* [ā], contr. *átos*.

áwθεν, Adv. Dor. for *híwθεν*.

áwν, *áónos*, *h*, Dor. for *híwν*.

á-ωρί, Adv. of *áwpos*, at an untimely hour.

á-ωρία, *h*, (*áwpos*) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., *áwρίαν* *h*kein to have come too late. [ā]

á-ωριος, *ov*, = *áwpos*.

áwρo-νυκτος, *ov*, (*áwpos*, *νύξ*) at midnight, Lat. *intempesta nocte*.

á-ωpos, *ov*, (a privat., *ωρα*) untimely, unseasonable, *χειμῶν*, *θάνατος*. II. before the time, unripe. III. *missipen*, ugly. [ā]

áwρto, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *áiepa*.

Áwos, *h*, Dor. for *Ἡώς*, *Ἑως*. Hence

Áwσ-φόρος, *ó*, = *Ἑωσφόρος*, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*.

áwτέw, f. *h*sw, (*áw*) to sleep soundly. From

áwtov, *tó*, and *áwtos*, *ó*, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, *οἷος áwtov*; also of the finest linen, *λίνοιο λεπτόν áwtov*.

B

B, *β*, *βῆτα*, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, *β'* = *duo* and *deuteros*, but *β* = 2000.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before *p*, as *βρόδov* *βράκος*, for *ρόδov* *ράκος*. It was often inserted between *μ* and *μ*ρ to give a fuller sound, as in *μeσσημβρία*, *γαμβρός*, cf. *άμβροτος*.

The change of *β* into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into *π*, e. g. *βατείν* for *πατείν*.

II. Arcad., into *ζ*, as *ζέρεθρον* for *βέρεθρον*, *βάρθρον*.

III. into *γ*, as *γλήχων* for *βλήχων*.

βᾶ, shortd. form of *βασιλεῦ*, O King!

βαβάξω, redupl. for *βάξω*, to chatter.

βαβαί, *βαβαιάξ*, Lat. *paepae*, exclamation of surprise,

bless me! dear me!

βάβαξ, *ó*, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, *h*, Lacon. for *γεφύρα*, a bridge.

βάγμα, *atos*, *tó*, (*βάξω*) a speech.

βάτην, Adv. (*βαίνω*) step by step, pacing, Lat. *pedetentim*, opp. to quick running.

II. marching on foot, opp. to riding.

III. gradually, Lat. *gradatim*.

βαδίζω: fut. Att. *ισύμαι*, later *ίω*: aor. I *έβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδικα*: (*βάδος*, *βαίνω*):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

βάδισις, *ew*, *h*, a walking, going.

βαδιστέον, verb. Adj. of *βαδίζω*, one must go.

βαδιστής, *ov*, *ó*, (*βαδίζω*) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; *ταχύς βαδιστής* a quick goer.

βαδιστικός, *h*, *ón*, (*βαδίζω*) good at walking.

βάδος, *ó*, (*βαίνω*) a walk.

BA'ZΩ, f. *βάξω*, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., *έπος* *βέβακται* a word has been spoken.

βαθεία, Ion. for *βαθεία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

βαθέως, Adv. of *βαθύς*, deeply.

βάθιστος, *h*, *ov*, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

βαθύς, *idos* and *idos*, *h*, a step. From

βαθύς, *ó*, (*βαίνω*) a step, stair. II. metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, *eos*, *τό*, (*βαθύς*) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*; *έπὶ βάθος* in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεία, *h*, = *βάθρον*.

βάθρον, *τό*, (*βαίνω*) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation. 2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-αγής, *és*, (*βαθύς*, *άγκος*) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *βουλή*) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-γειος, Ion. *βαθύγειος*, *ov*, Att. *βαθύγειος*, *av*, (*βαθύς*, *γή*) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γήρως, *av*, (*βαθύς*, *γήρας*) in great old age, decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *γλύπτω*) deep-carved.

βαθυ-δίνηεις, *essas*, *av*, (*βαθύς*, *δινάω*) deep-eddyding.

βαθυ-δίνης, *ov*, *ó*, (*βαθύς*, *δίνη*) deep-eddyding. [r]

βαθύ-δοξος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *δόξα*) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *ζώνη*) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. *βαθύκολλος*.

βαθύ-θριξ, *tríxos*, *ó*, *h*, (*βαθύς*, *θρίξ*) with thick hair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπής, *és*, (*βαθύς*, *κάμπω*) strongly curved.

βαθυ-κήτης, *és*, (*βαθύς*, *κήτος*) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, *és*, (*βαθύς*, *κλέος*) far-famed.

βαθύ-κόλλος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *κόλλος*) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like *βαθύςανος*.

2. with swelling breasts. II. of the earth, with deep valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *κρημνός*) with high cliffs.

βαθυ-κρυσταλλος, *ov*, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτιάνος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *κτιάνων*) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, *ov*, and *βαθυ-λείμων*, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαθύς*, *λειμών*) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήτος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *λήιον*) with deep, thick crops.

βαθύ-μαλλος, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *μαλλός*) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, *ov*, *ó*, also *βαθυμήτα*, (*βαθύς*, *μήτις*) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νοος, *ov*, contr. *βαθύ-νους*, *ov*, (*βαθύς*, *νόος*) profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [v], fut. *β* *ι*: pf. *βεβάθυκα*: (*βαθύς*):—to deepen, hollow

βαθύνων την φά-

λαγγα to *deepen* the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.

βαθύ-πέδος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πῆδος) forming a deep vale.

βαθύ-πέλαγος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πέλαγος) thick-soled.

βαθύ-πλοῦτος, *ov*, (βαθύς, πλοῦτος) extending rich.

βαθύ-πύλμας, *ov*, (βαθύς, πύλμας) plunged in war.

βαθύ-ρείτης, *ov*, *δ*, (βαθύς, ῥέμα) = βαθύροος.

βαθύ-ρήνος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥήν) with thick wool.

βαθύ-ρίζος, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύ-ροος, *ov*, contr. βαθύ-ρους, *ov*, (βαθύς, ῥέμα)

deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑΘΥΣ, βαθεία, *Ion*. βαθεία, βαθύ: Comp. βαθύ-

τερος, poet. βαθύς, Dor. βάσσων: Sup. βαθύτατος,

poet. βάθιστος. Deep or high, Lat. altus. 2. deep,

thick, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally,

large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought,

deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; Ba-

θύς ἑσπρος morning-prime; βαθύ ἡγῆρας great old age;

βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθύ-σκάφητος, *is*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.

βαθύ-σκίος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded.

βαθύ-σπορος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στείρω) deep-sown, fruit-

ful.

βαθύ-στερνος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στήρνον) deep-chested;

βαθύστερνος αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full

robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ov*, (βαθύς, στράννυμι) deep-covered,

well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ov*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep gown with

ribbes.

βαθύ-φρων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*. (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-coun-

selling.

βαθύ-φύλλος, *ov*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leaved.

βαθύ-χαίτης, *ov*, *δ*, also βαθύχαυτήεις, ἥεσσα, ἥεν,

(βαθύς, χαίτη) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep

soil, fertile.

βαῖνη, *ης, η*, aor. 2 opt. of βαῖνω.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *βαῖν: fut. βήσο-

μαι, Ep. βέομαι and βειομαι, Dor. βάσειμαι:—pf.

βέβηκα, Ep. 3 pl. βεβάασι, βεβᾶσι; inf. βεβάμεν;

part. βεβᾶς, βεβᾶντα, contr. βεβᾶς, βεβᾶσα, βεβᾶς:

—aor. 2 ἔβην, Ep. 3 sing. βῆ, Ep. 3 dual βάτην [ᾶ];

imperat. βῆθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα); subj. βῶ,

Ep. βείω, Ep. 3 sing. βῆ; opt. βαῖνη; inf. βῆναι,

Ep. βήμεναι; part. βᾶς, βᾶσα, βᾶν.—Med., Ep. 3 sing.

aor. 1 ἐβήσαιο, for ἐβῆσαιο:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβάβην

[ᾶ] in compds. as συνεβάβην: pf. βέβᾶμαι in compds.

as παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. Ep. with

inf., βῆ δ' ἴμεν, βᾶν δ' ἵεμαι he, they set out to go;

βῆ δὲ θέειν he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετά τι

to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to pro-

ceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the pf.

βέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being

settled; εὐ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβᾶ-

σες they who are in office. 5. of lifeless things,

ἐνεία ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβᾶσαι nine years have come and

gone. 6. to moult, β. διπρυν; of animals, to

cover; ἑπτα βαίνουμεν brood mates. 7. with cog-

nate acc., βαίνειν ἐκλενθῶν to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα

to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αὖρον ἔβα κύρος

disgust comes after praise; χρεὺς ἔβα με debts came

on me.

II. Causal. in fut. act. ὄψω: aor. 1 ἔβησα (an-

swering to pres. βεβαῶν):—to make to go; φάρος βῆ-

σεν ἄφ' ἑπτῶν he made the men dismount from the

chariot.

βαῖον, τό, (βαῖς) a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΟ΄Σ, *α*, *ov*, little, slight, short, small, humble;

ἐχόμεν βαῖος he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ

βαῖος (sub. ηλικίας) from childhood; βαῖον, as αἶν,

a little.

ΒΑΙΣ, *η*, a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΤΗ, *η*, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακίλας, *δ*, a priest of Cybele.

Βακίζω, *ι*, *is*ω, (Bakis) to prophesy like Bacis.

βακκάρια, ἴδος or εἶος, *η*, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, *η*, = βάκτρον.

βακτηρίον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βακτρευμα, *ατος*, τό, a staff, support. From

βακτρεύω, *ι*, *ω*, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βᾶω, βιβᾶω) Lat. baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ov*, *δ*, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one

who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχᾶω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχε-Βακχῶν *q*σαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε,

Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, *η*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus. II.

= Βακχεία, *η*.

Βάκχειος, *α*, *ov*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to

Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired,

frenzied.

Βάκχευμα, *ατος*, τό, (Βακχεῖω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, *εως*, *δ*, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ov*, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βάκχευστα, *εως*, *η*, (Βακχεῖω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖω, *ι*, *εὔσω*, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of

Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, Lat.

bacchari. II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, *η*, (Βάκχος) a Bacchant. II. any in-

spired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεῖω.

Βάκχιος, *α*, *ov*, and Βακχικός, *η*, *ov*, = Βάκχειος,

Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II,

as Subst., ὁ Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e.,

Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἴδος, *η*, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιώτης, *ov*, *δ*, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

ΒΑΚΧΟΣ, *δ*, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god

of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic

poetry. The same word with Βάκχος, and so from

λάχω. II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one in-

spired or frantic with passion.

βαλάν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βαλάνειον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΕΥ'Σ, ἔως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βαλάνεύω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βαλάνη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

βαλάνη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βαλάνιζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βαλάνισσα, ἡ, fem. of βαλανεύς.

ΒΑ'ΛΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; Διὸς βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βαλάνώνω, f. ὦσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντιη-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑ'ΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντιστομέω, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΥ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carceres, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βάλω, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλῆν, also βαλλήν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βαλιός, ἁ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑ'ΛΛΩ; fut. βάλλω, Ion. βάλλω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqpf. ἔβεβληκεν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf.

βαλλέσκειτο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔβαλόμην, Ion. imperat. βάλεῦ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βε-

βληθσομαι: aor. 1 ἔβληθην; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἔβλητο, subj. βλήται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖτο, inf. βλη-

σθαι, part. βλήμενος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλησται: plqpf. ἔβεβλημην. I. Act. to throw, cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking,

to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος οὐατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put on or over, κύκλα ἀμφὶ ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμός εἰς ἅλα βάλλων. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. 2. to throw around oneself; ξίφος ἀμφ' ὤμοις βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a founda-

tion, βάλλεσθαι ἄστυ to found a city.

βαλοῖσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οὗ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βαλῶ, fut. ind. and aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βάμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβαίνω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

βάμες, Dor. for βῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βάν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βάνανσῖα, ἡ, (βάνανσος) handicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste.

Hence

βάνανσικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βανανσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βάνανσος, from βάνος, αῖω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βανανσ-ουργία, ἡ, (βάνανσος, *έργω) handicraft.

βάξις, εως, ἡ, (βάζω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II. = βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

ΒΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφθην, aor. 2 ἐβάφην [α]: pf. βέβαμμαι. 1. transit. to dip, dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour,

steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινὰ βάμμα Σαρδιανικὸν to steep one in Sardinian dye, give him a bloody coxcomb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrans. to dip, sink: ναὺς ἐβαψεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βόθρος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κεάδαι: hence, II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape foreigners. II. to hold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίω.

βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. -κῶς, in a foreign tongue, i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑ'ΡΒΑ'ΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, οἱ, all that were not Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves.

II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρόω, f. ὦσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign : Pass. to become barbarous : to be inarticulate.

BA'PBITON, τό, and βάρβιτος, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre : used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιτος, ἡ, *ov*, by poet. metath. for βράδιτος, Sup. of βραδύς : so Comp. βαρδύτερος for βραδύτερος.

βάρῳ, (βάρος) intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηώς, weighed down, overcome, ὄνῳ βεβαρηότες.

βάρῃς, Adv. of βαρύς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν Lat. *aegré ferre*, to take a thing ill; βαρέως ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρῃς, ἰδος, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, Ion. plur. βάρῃς, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft : generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. *ratis*.

ΒΑΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, weight, burden, pressure : hence grief, misery : also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering.

2. very grievous.

βαρῦ-ἀλγής, *ov*, (βαρύς, ἄλγος) very grievous.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for βαρυηχής.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, *ov*, ὁ, and -ετήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, fem.

-ετῆρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, *ov*, ὁ, (βαρύς, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-βρομος, *ov*, (βαρύς, βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating : gnawing, corroding.

βαρυ-γδουπος, *ov*, (βαρύς, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and βαρῦ-γούνος, *ov*, (βαρύς, γύνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρυ-γυος, *ov*, (βαρύς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαμονέω, *f. ἴσω*, (βαρυδαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius : generally, to be unlucky. Hence

βαρυδαμονία, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (βαρύς, δαίμων) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῦ-δάκρυς, *v*, (βαρύς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρῦ-δικος, *ov*, (βαρύς, δίκη) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρῦ-δότῆρα, ἡ, (βαρύς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῦ-δουπος, *ov*, = βαρῦγδουπος.

βαρῦ-ζήλος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ζήλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχής, ἐς, (βαρύς, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρυθυμία, ἡ, sullenness. From

βαρυ-θυμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, θυμός) heavy in spirit : indignant, sullen.

βαρῦθω, (βαρύς) to be weighed down : to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-κομπος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κομπέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-κοτος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath.

βαρῦ-κτύπος, *ov*, (βαρύς, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, *apos*, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρύς, λαίλαψ) loud-storming.

βαρῦ-λογος, *ov*, (βαρύς, λόγος) vexatious of speech; βαρῦλογα ἔχθρα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, *ov*, and βαρῦμηνις, *i*, gen. *ιος*, (βαρύς, μήνις) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῦ-μισθος, *ov*, (βαρύς, μισθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῦ-μοχθος, *ov*, (βαρύς, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βαρύνθην, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐβαρύνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of βαρύνω.

βαρύνω [ῥ], *f. ἱνῶ*, (βαρύς) to load heavily, to burden : to torment :—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρύνεσθαι χεῖρα to be maimed in hand :—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. *gravari*.

βαρυ-όπτης, *ov*, ὁ, (βαρύς, ὄψ) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ὄργη) exceeding angry.

βαρυ-πάλαμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, παλάμη) heavy-banded.

βαρυ-πενθής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, *ov*, (βαρύς, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, ἐς, (βαρύς, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρῦ-ποτμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, πότμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῦ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρύς, πούς) heavy-footed : heavy at the end.

ΒΑΡΥΤΣ, εἷα, ὕ : Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύτερος : heavy, Lat. *gravis* : burdensome, grievous, oppressive : of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed. III. of sound, strong : deep, bass, opp.

to ὄξυς.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρῦ-σταθμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχων, *ov*, *ov*, *ov*, (βαρύς, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρῦ-στονος, *ov*, (βαρύς, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-σύμφορος, *ov*, (βαρύς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, *ov*, (βαρύς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρῦτης, *ητος*, ἡ, (βαρύς) weight, heaviness : importunity : harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-τίμος, *ov*, (βαρύς, τιμή) of great worth : venerable, costly.

βαρῦ-τλήτος, *ov*, (βαρύς, τλῆναι aor. 2 of *τλάω) heavy to bear.

βαρῦ-φθογγος, *ov*, (βαρύς, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-φρων, *ov*, *ov*, *ov*, (βαρύς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῦ-χείλος, *ov*, (βαρύς, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρῦ-χορδος, *ov*, (βαρύς, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρῦ-ψυχος, *ov*, (βαρύς, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαίνω.

βασανίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ἴω*, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος) : to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of : to convict : to put to the torture.

βασάνισμός, ὁ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βαπανιστής, οὐ, ὁ, *pecul. fem. βαπανίστρια*, ἡ, (βαπανίζω) :—*an examiner, questioner, torturer.*

ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the touch-stone*, Lat. *lapis Lydius*, by which gold was proved, see *παπαρίζω*.

II. metaph. *a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.* III. *inquiry*, esp. by *torture*, *the question.* 2. *torture, anguish, disease.*

βασεῦμαι, **βασεύνται**, Dor. for *βήσομαι*, *βήσονται*, fut. of *βαίνω*.

βασίλειά, ἡ, (*βασιλεύς*) *a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.*

βασίλειά, ἡ, (*βασιλεύς*) *a kingdom, dominion* : *hereditary monarchy*, opp. to *τυραννίς*.

βασίλειον, τό, mostly in plur., *a palace* : also *the royal treasury or tent.* Strictly neut. from

βασίλειος, ον, and α, ον, Ion. **βασιλήτιος**, η, ον, *kingly, royal.* From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, acc. *βασιλέα*, contr. *Βασιλῆ* : pl., nom. *βασιλεῖς*, old Att. —ἦς, Ion. —ῆς :—*a king, prince*, of gods and men :—hence are formed the Comp. *βασιλευτερος*, α, ον, *more kingly* ; Sup. *βασιλευτάτος*, η, ον, *most kingly.* II. *the second of the nine Archons at Athens* was called *βασιλεύς* : he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes.

III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called *βασιλεύς* (without the Art.), or ὁ μέγας *βασιλεύς*. Hence

βασιλεύω, f. σω, *to be king, to rule* : in aor. I *βασιλεύσαι*, *to be made king.* II. c. dat. *to rule over a people* :—Pass. *to be governed by a king, to be under a king.*

βασιλήτι, ἡ, Ion. for *βασιλειά*.

βασιλήτιος, η, ον, Ion. for *βασιλείος*.

βασιλήτις, ἰδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of βασιλείος, royal.*

βασιλίζω, f. σω, (*βασιλεύς*) *to be of the king's party.*

βασιλικός, ἡ, ὄν, like *βασιλείος, royal, of a king.* 2. of or for a king, princely.

II. as Subst., *βασιλικός*, ὁ, *a courtier, nobleman.*

βασιλινά, barbaric form of *βασιλιννα*, *βασιλίσσα*.

βασιλιννα and **βασιλίσσα**, ἡ, = *βασιλειά*, *a queen.*

βασιλῖς, ἰδος, η, = *βασιλειά*, *a queen, princess.* 2.

as Adj. = *βασιλήτις, royal.*

βάσιμος, ον, (*βαίνω*) *passable* : *accessible.*

βάσις, εως, ἡ, (*βαίνω*) *a stepping* : *a step, walk.* II. *that whereon one steps, ground* : *a pedestal.*

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ : aor. I *ἐβάσκηνα* : aor. I pass. *ἐβασκάνθην* : (*βάσχω*) :—*to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage.* II. *to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.*

βασκάνια, ἡ, (*βάσκανος*) *slander, envy, malice.*

βάσκανος, ον, (*βασκαίνω*) *slandrous, envious, malignant.* 2. *a sorcerer.*

βασκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a kind of duck.*

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb *βάσχω*, another form of *βαίνω*, as *χάσχω* of *χαίνω* ; *βάσκ' ἴθι*, *speed thee! away!* *Βάσκετε* *away!*

βασμός, Ion. for *βαθμός*.

βάσσα, Dor. for *βήσσα*.

βασσάρα, ἡ, = *ἀλώπηξ*, *a fox.* (Of Thracian origin.)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of *βασσάρα*.

βάσσω, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of *βαθύς*.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is borne, a burden.* II. *that which bears, a staff.* From

ΒΑΣΤΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω : aor. I *ἐβάστασα*, later *ἐβάσταξα* : aor. I pass. *ἐβαστάχθην* :—*to lift, lift up, raise* : metaph. *to extol, exalt.* II. *to bear, support, bold upright* : *to bear in mind, consider.* III.

to carry off. IV. *to handle, touch.* Hence

βαστακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., *to be borne.*

βάταλος, ὁ, *a lisper.*

βάτω, f. ἦσω, (*βαίνω*) *to mount, cover*, of animals.

βάτην, Ep. for *ἐβήτην*, 3 dual aor. 2 of *βαίνω*.

βατηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*βάτω*) *fem. Adj. for mounting.*

βατία, ἡ, = *βάτος*, *a bush, thicket.*

βαπτο-σκόπος, ον, (*βάτις*, *σκοπέω*) *looking after roaches or skais, greedy for them.*

βατίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*βάτος*) *the prickly roach or the skait.*

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (*βάτος*, *δρέπω*) *pulling thorns off or up.*

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, *a bramble or any prickly bush.*

βάτος, ὁ, the Hebrew solid measure *batb.*

βάτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βαίνω*) *passable.*

βατράχειος, ον, (*βάτραχος*) of or belonging to a frog : *βατράχειον* (sub. χρώμα), *frog-colour, pale green.*

βατράχίς, ἰδος, and ἰδος, ἡ, *a frog-green coat.* From **ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ**, ὁ, *a frog*, Lat. *rana.* 2. *the frog of a horse's hoof.* [ἀ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. ἴω, (*βάττος*) *to stammer.*

βαττο-λόγος, = *βατταρίζω*, (*βάττος*, *λόγος*) *to babble, use vain repetitions.*

Βάττος, ὁ, *Stammerer*, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound.)

βαῦζω, Dor. **βαῦσσω** : fut. *βαῦξω* :—*to cry* *βαῦ*, *βαῦ*, *to bark* : hence *to wail, mutter* : *to reproach.* II.

transit. to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ἰδος, ἡ, *a wine-cooler.*

βαῦνος or **βαννός**, ὁ, (*αῖω*) *a furnace, forge.*

βαῦσσω, Dor. for *βαῦζω*.

βάφῃ, ἡ, (*βάπτω*) *a dipping*, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II. *a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing* : also *the dye itself.*

βάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *βάπτω*.

βάψς, εως, ἡ, (*βάπτω*) *a dipping, dyeing.*

ΒΑΕ'ΑΛΛΑ', ἡ, *a leech*, Lat. *birūdo*.

βδελύγμα, τό, (*βδελύσσω*) *an abomination*, esp. of idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βδελύσσω*) *disgusting, abominable.*

βδελύκ-τροπος, ον, (*βδελυκτός*, *τρόπος*) = *foreg.*

ΒΔΕΛΥΤ'ΡΟ'Σ, ὁ, ὄν, *abominable, disgusting.* Hence **βδελύσσω**, Att. —ττω : fut. *ἔω* : *to cause to stink, make loathsome.* II. mostly used as Dep. **βδελύττομαι**, with fut. med. and pass. **βδελύχομαι**, **βδελυθήσομαι**, aor. I med. and pass. **βδελυζάμην**, **βδελύχην** :—*to feel disgust at, to detest, leave a*

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-
λυσμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.

ΒΔΕ'Ω, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.

βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.

βεβάβησι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω.

βέβαιος, a, on, also eos, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: stead-
fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βέβαιον certainty. Hence

βεβαιότης, ητος, η, firmness, steadfastness, safety.

βεβαίω, f. ὥσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to
establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.

βεβαίως, Adv. of βέβαιος, steadfastly, firmly.

βεβαιώσας, εως, η, a making fast or sure, establishing.

βεβήμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,
inf. of βαίνω. [d]

βεβαμμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβάρηώς, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βεβέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω.

βεβέσι, Att. contr. from βεβάσαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of
βαίνω.

βεβῶς, βεβάνια, Ep. for βεβηκώς, pf. part. of βαίνω.

βεβηκα, pf. of βαίνω.

βεβηκεν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

βέηλος, ov, (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread,
permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to
sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly.

Hence
βεηηλῶς, f. ὥσω, to profane, to pollute.

βεβίασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.

βεβίηκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βεβλάφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάφωμαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βεβλήται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήται, βεβλήτατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.
pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβλικα, pf. of βλίττω.

βεβολήτατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένους,
pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλωμαι.

βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of
βουλεύω.

βέβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βεβρίθω, pf. of βρίθω.

βεβροτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βροτώ.

βέβρυχε, v. βρυχώμαι.

βεβρώω, poet. form. of βιβρώσκω, to eat up.

βεβρώκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκώς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.

βέβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.
of βαίνω.

βήτη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk
or live.

βέω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βεκε-σέληνος, ov, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned,
out of date, dotard: simple, silly.

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βελόνη, ή, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear:
a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ου, δ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-
seller.

βέλος, eos, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from
jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart.

2. metaph., ἀγανά βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used
of sudden, easy death: δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of
the storm; ὑμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, a, on, = βέλτιον, poet. Comp. of ἀγαθός,
better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ov.

βέλπιτος, η, ov, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.

βελτίων, ov, gen. onos, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.

βεμβυκιάω, (βέμβυξ) to spin like a top.

βεμβυκίζω, f. ἰώω, (βέμβυξ) to spin as one does a
top, to set a going.

ΒΕ'ΜΒΙΞ, ἱκος, ή, Lat. turbo, a top.

βενδίδειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕ'ΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for
πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε
to the bottom; βένθεα ὕλης the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, a, on, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάραθρον.

βερέσχεθος, δ, a doody.

βή, poet. for ἐβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βήθι, βήναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω.

βηλός, δ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen.

βήμα, atos, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a
place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune
to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.
rostra, suggestum or -us.

βήμεν, Ep. for ἐβημεν, i plur. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βήμεναι, Ep. for βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βήν, Ep. for ἐβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βήξ, βηχός, ή, or δ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.

βήρυλλος, ή, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βήσα, Ep. for ἐβησα, aor. i act. of βαίνω.

βήσο, Ep. for βήσαι, aor. i med. imperat. of βαίνω.

βήσετο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, sing. aor. i med. of βαίνω.

βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βήσσο, Dor. βάσσο, ή, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a
wooded valley or glen; οὔρεος ἐν βήσσει in the
mountain glens. Hence

βησσίης, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗ'ΣΣΩ, Att. βήτην, f. βήξω: aor. i ἐβηξα:—to
cough.

βήτη-αρμων, onos, δ, (βαίνω, ἀρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ΒΙ'Α, Ion. βίη, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periph. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἡρακλῆος *the strong Hercules*. II. *force, an act of violence*; βία τινός *against one's will*. [?] Hence

βιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to force, constrain*: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—*to have violence done one, to suffer violence*; βιάζομαι τὰδε I am wronged herein. II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιασάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—*to force a man, constrain, overpower*; βιάζεσθαι αὐτὸν *to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault*: absol. *to use force, force one's way*.

βιαιο-μάχας, α, ὁ, (βίαιος, μάχη) *fighting violently*. βίαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βία) *forcible, violent: acting with violence*; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον *by force*. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence

βιαιότης, ητος, ἡ, *violence*. βιαίως, Adv. of βίαιος, *by force, perforce*. βί-αρκής, ἐς, (βίος, ἀρκέω) *supplying the necessities of life*.

βιαστής, ου, ὁ, (βιάζω) *one who uses force, a violent man*.

βιατής, ου, ὁ, = βιαστής.

βιάω: perf. βεβίκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, *to force, constrain*:—Med., βιάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, *to force, treat with violence*: also *to overreach, defraud, viti*

μοσδὸν βήσατο *he cheated us of our pay*:—Pass., aor. I ἐβιήθην, *to be constrained or overpowered*.

βιβάζω, f. ἄσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of βιβῶ, *to make to go up, lift up, exalt*.

βιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb βιβῶ, = βιβῶν.

βιβῶν, ὄσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβῶ, = βιβῶν, *to stride*; μακρὰ βιβῶσαν *long-striding*.

βιβῶν, ποët. collat. form of βιβῶν, *to stride*; πέλωρα βιβῶν *to take huge strides*; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα.

βιβλῆριον, τό, Dim. of βιβλος, *a little book or scroll*:—so also βιβλαρίδιον, τό.

βιβλινος οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (βιβλίον, θήκη) *a book-case: library*.

βιβλιον, τό, Dim. of βιβλος, *a paper, scroll*.

βιβλιο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) *a bookseller*.

ΒΙΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, *the inner bark of the papyrus*. II. *the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book*.

ΒΙΒΡΩ'ΣΚΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρωσα: aor. 2 ἐβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncop. βεβρώς.—Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—*to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume*: c. gen. *to eat of a thing*.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. of βιβῶν.

βιβῶν, contr. from βιβῶν, part. of βιβῶν.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω.

ΒΙΚΟΣ, ὁ, *an earthen wine-vessel*.

ΒΙΝΕ'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὁσίως.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, (βίος, δίδωμι) *the giver of life or food*.

βιό-δαρος, ον, (βίος, δῶρον) *life-giving, bounteous*.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, ποët. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) *lively, strong, hale*.

βιο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) *supporting life*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, *life, the course of life: lifetime*. II. *manner or means of living*: one's living, livelihood.

ΒΙΟ'Σ, ὁ, *a bow*.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (βίος, στερέω) *robbing of life or means*. II. pass. *in want of means*.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεύω) *a way of life, livelihood*.

βιοτεύω, f. σαι, (βίω) *to live, subsist*; βιοτεύειν ἀπὸ τινος, *to live by a thing*.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = βίος.

βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = βίος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίος, *a scant living*.

βίος, ὁ, (βίω) *life: means of life*.

βιώς, aor. 2 part. of βίω.

βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (βίος, φείδομαι) *stingy, sparing*.

βίω: f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίω (as if from a verb βίωμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιώ; opt. βιώην; inf. βιώναι; part. βιούς: (βίος, Lat. *vivo*):—*to live, esp. to live happily*:—Pass., βιούται *one lives*, Lat. *vivitur*.

βιῶνται, βιῶντο, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιάω.

βιῶτο, for βιῶντο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιάω.

βιῶν, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιάω.

βιώναι, inf. of βιάω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βίω) *to be lived, worth living, possible to live*.

βιώσις, εως, ἡ, (βίω) *a living, manner of life*.

βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βίω, *to quicken, make alive*: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβιώσαο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βίω) *fit for life, lively*. II. *of or pertaining to life*.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (βίω) *to be lived, worth living for*.

βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βίω.

βλάβεν, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ἁ, ὄν, (βλάπτω) *hurtful, noxious*.

βλάβη, ἡ, (βλάπτω) *hurt, harm, damage*: βλάβης δικη *an action for damage done*.

βλάβηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βλάπτω.

βλάβησομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται.

βλάβος, εος contr. οvs, τό, = βλάβη, *hurt, damage*.

ΒΛΑΙΣΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, *having the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked*.

βλακεία, ἡ, (βλακεύω) *slackness, sloth, stupidity*.

βλακεύω, (βλάξ) *to be slack, lazy, indolent*.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάξ) *indolent, stupid*. Adv. -κῶς.

βλακώδης, ἐς, (βλάξ, εἶδος) *lazy, sluggish*.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακός, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to μαλακός) *lazy, inactive, sluggish*. Irreg. Comp. βλακίστερος or βλακώτερος.

ΒΛΑΨΤΩ: fut. βλάψω: Ep. aor. I βλάψα: pf. βέβλαφα or ἐβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβησομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάβομαι; fut. med. βλάβομαι, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάφην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [α] f. pf.

βέβλαμαι:—to *binder, weaken, stop*; c. gen. to *binder from*; βλαβέντα λουσθίαν δρόμων *arrested in its last course*; βλαφθεῖς ἐν ὄψι *caught in the branches*. 2. of the mind, to *blind, deceive, mislead*. 3. to *barm, damage, hurt, mar*.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. 1 ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to *bud, sprout*: generally, to *burst forth, grow*.

βλάστη, ἡ, = βλαστός, a *bud, sprout, leaf*. II. increase, *growth*.

βλάστημος, ατος, τό, and βλάστημος, ὁ, = βλάστη. ΒΛΑΣΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *bud, shoot, sucker*, Lat. *germen*.

βλασφημέω, f. ἡσω: pf. βεβλάσφημκα: (βλάσφημος):—to *drop profane words, speak profanely*. 2. to *speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame*: to *blaspheme*. Hence

βλασφημία, ἡ, *profane language*. 2. *evil-speaking, blasphemy*.

βλάσφημος, ον, (βλάζ, φήμη) *speaking profanely*. 2. *evil-speaking, slanderous*.

ΒΛΑΥΤΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur. βλαῦται, ὧν, αἱ, a *kind of slippers or sandals*, Lat. *soleae*.

βλαυτιον, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχῆ.

βλάφα, Ep. for ἐβλαφα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω.

βλάψις, εως, ἡ, (βλάπτω) a *harming, hurting*.

βλαψιφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) *mad-denying*. 2. *mad*: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, *madly*.

βλείω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμεῖναι, (βρέμω) to *vain or be proud of a thing*; σθένει βλεμεῖναι *exulting in his strength*.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a *look, glance*: the *eye*.

βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a *look*.

βλεπτιον, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one *must look*.

βλεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλέπω) of or for *sight*.

βλεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *seen, worth seeing*. From

ΒΛΕΨΩ, f. ψω; aor. 1 ἐβλιψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβλέφην: pf. βέβλεμαι:—to *look, see*: to *look on, look at*: also c. acc., Ἀρη, φόβον βλέπειν to *look* fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, vānu βλέπειν to *look* cross, mustard, i. e. to *have* a sour or bitter look.

II. to *look in a particular direction, to turn towards*: esp. of aspects; οικία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house *looking* towards the south. III. to *see the light*, with or without φῶς, hence, to *live*. IV. to *look and long after a thing*, c. inf. 2. to *take care of, look to or to beware of a thing*.

βλεφάρης, ιδος, ἡ, an *eyelash*. From βλεφάρων, τό, (βλέπω) an *eyelid*. II. in plur. the *eyes*: ἀμέρας βλεφάρων, *eye of day*, i. e. the *sun*; νυκτός βλεφάρων, i. e. the *moon*.

βλήεται for βλήηται, βλήηται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a *throw, cast*. 2. a *shot, wound*. 3. a *coverlet*.

βλημένος, η, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήναι, βλήσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to *be thrown*. 2.

βλητέον, one *must throw*.

βλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (βάλλω) *hurled, struck*.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an *iron nail*.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (βληχή):—to *bleat*, of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧΗ, ἡ, a *bleating*: generally, the *wailing of children*, Lat. *vagitus*.

βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, *weak, feeble, sluggish*: also with α euphon., ἀβληχρός. Adv. —ρως, *slightly*.

ΒΛΗΧΩΝ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βλήχων: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—*pennyroyal*. Hence

βληχωνίας, ον, ὁ, *prepared with pennyroyal*.

ΒΛΙΤΤΩ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βλήχων: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—*pennyroyal*. Hence

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βληχωνίας, ον, ὁ, *prepared with pennyroyal*. ΒΛΙΤΤΩ, ανος, ἡ: acc. βλήχων: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—*pennyroyal*. Hence

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βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βόειος or **βόεος**, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-bide: ἡ βοεία or βοεία, contr. βοή, (sub. βορά), an ox-bide, a shield of ox-bide.

βοεύς, εως, ὅ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather. βοή, ἡ, contr. from βοή, v. βόειος.

ΒΟΗ, ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοὴν ἀγαθόν, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II. = βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ἐς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry, baste to help, succour.

Βοη-δρομιών, ἄνος, ὁ, the third Attic month, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοηθός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ion. βοθέω, f. ἤσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοηθέω) ready or able to help.

βοη-θός, ον, (βοή, θέω) basting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοήθον ἄρμα a chariot basting to the battle.

βοηθός, ὄν, contr. from βοηθός: as Subst., βοηθός, ὁ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

βοηλάτης, οὔ, ὁ, fem. **βοηλάτις**, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαύνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer.

II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βουνόμος.

βόης, ον, ὁ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, εως, Ion. βοητός, ὅς, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟ΄ΘΡΟΣ, ὁ, a pit or bole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθρυνος, ὁ, = βόθρος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From **Βοιωτ-άρχης**, ον, ὁ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βοιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βοιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάω and **Βοιωτίζω**, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

Βοιωτός, οὔ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

Βοιωτ-οργάνη, ἐς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

ΒΟΛΒΟ΄Σ, ὁ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile:—metaph. a glance:—βολαὶ ἡλίον sun-beams.

βολίζω, f. σοι, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

βολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, βόλιτος, (βόλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and **βόλομαι**, Aeol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βόλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὁ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βόλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αῦλιος, ὁ, (βόμβος, αὐλός) a bagpipe.

βομβεῖντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, εσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, bummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλίδς, οὔ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a bumble bee.

βόμβυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, = βοουθύτης.

βοο-κτάστια, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, **βοο-σφαγία**, etc., = βοο-.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοῶα, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΡΑ΄, ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορό-θύμος, ον, (βόρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟ΄ΡΒΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορο-τάραξις, ὁ, (βόρβορος, τάρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορ-ώδης, ἐς, (βόρβορος, εἶδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕ΄ΑΣ, ον, ὁ; Ion. Βορέης, contr. Βορής, έω; Att. Βορρᾶς, ᾶ:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορῇν ἀνεμὸν towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινὸς northward of a place.

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βοσκός, ὁ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle.* From **ΒΟΣΚΩ**: fut. βοσκήσω, as if from obsol. βοσκέω:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pasce*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasce*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, *ov*, of the Bosphorus.
Βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (Βοῦς, πόρος) Bosphorus, i. e. ox-ford, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστρυξ, ὅχος, δ, = βόστρυχος.
βοστρύχιον, τό, Dim. of βόστρυχος.
ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, δ, in plur. also βόστρυχα, τά, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

βοτάμια, α, *ov*, τά, (βόσκη) pastures.
βοτάνη, ἡ, (βόσκη) pasture, grass, fodder.
βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσκη) a herdsman, herd; οἰωνῶν βοτήρ a watcher of birds, a soothsayer; κύων βοτήρ a herdsman's dog.

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ὅν, (βοτήρ) of or for a herdsman.
βοτόν, τό, (βόσκη) anything that is fed, a beast.
βοτρυδόν, Adv. (βότρυς) like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.

βοτρυός, α, *ov*, (βότρυς) of grapes.
βοτρυό-ωρος, *ov*, (βότρυς, ὥρον) grape-producing.
βοτρυόεις, εσσα, *en*, (βότρυς) clustering.
βοτρυό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) child of the grape.

βοτρυο-χαίτης, *ov*, ὁ, (βότρυς, χაίτη) with clustering hair; or with grapes in one's hair.

ΒΟΤΡΥΣ, *vos*, ὁ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. *racemus*. II. = βότρυχος, βόστρυχος, a curl.

βότρυχος, ὁ, = βόστρυχος.
βότρυχ-ωδης, ες, (βότρυχος, εἶδος) like curls, curly.
βότρυ-ωδης, ες, (βότρυς, εἶδος) like a cluster of grapes.

βου-, a form of βοῦς used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. βουό-παις, βουό-φάγος; as we say horse-chestnut, horse-radish, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, *ios*, ἡ, an antelope.
ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. bubalus, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, *ov*, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκη) feeding cattle: as Subst., βουβότης, ὁ, a cowherd.

βου-βότος, *ov*, (βοῦς, βόσκη) grazed by cattle.
βου-βρωσις, εως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or misery.

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ὤνος, ὁ, the groin, Lat. inguen. Hence βουβωνιάω, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάιος, ὁ, (βου-, γαίω) a braggart, bully. [ᾶ]
βου-βόρος, *ov*, (βοῦς, βέρω) flaying oxen: gall-ing. II. as Subst. a knife for flaying.

βου-θερής, ες, (βοῦς, θέρω) giving summer pasture: summer-feeding.

βου-θόνης, *ov*, ὁ, (βοῦς, θοινάω) beef-eater.
βουθύσια, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From

βουθύτιω, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βου-θύτος, *ov*, (βοῦς, θύω) of or belonging to sacrifices: sacrificial.

βουκαῖος, ὁ, (βούκος) one who ploughs with oxen.
βού-κερος, *ov*, gen. βούκερω, acc. pl. βούκερας, (βοῦς, κέρα) horned like an ox:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, *ov*, (κεφαλή) bull-headed: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced. βουκεφάλας, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f. ἦσω, (βουκόλος) to tend cattle:—Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπιδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) a herd of cattle. II. a byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. ἀζομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, *ov*, ὁ Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ἡ, ὅν, Dor. βωκολικός, ἡ, ὅν, (βουκόλος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a herd of cattle. From
βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. κολέω = Lat. colo) a cowherd: herdsman.
βούκος, Dor. βώκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = βουκαῖος.

βουλαῖος, α, *ov*, (βουλῆ) of or in the Council.
βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλῆ, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan, Lat. *auctor consilii*.

βουλεία, ἡ, (βουλεύω) the office of counsellor.
βούλευμα, *atos*, τό, (βουλεύω) a decree of the Council: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of βούλευμα.
βούλευσις, εως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) deliberation.
βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of βουλεύω, one must take counsel.

βουλευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = βουλευτής. Hence
βουλευτήριος, *ov*, fit for counsel. II. as Subst.

βουλευτήριον, τό, a Council-chamber, court-house.
βουλευτής, *ov*, ὁ, (βουλεύω) a councillor, one who sits in Council. II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for the Council or a Councillor; ὕρκος βουλευτικός the oath taken by the councillors. 2. as Subst., τὰ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500. II. of or for a counsellor, able to advise.

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὅν, devised, plotted. From
βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. βεβούλευκα:—Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐβούλευσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβουλεύθην: pf. βεβούλευμαι: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλῆ):—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing: Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II.

to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination, Lat. consilium*:—*a project, plan, intention.* 2. *counsel, advice, whether taken or given.* II. also like Lat. *concilium, the Council or Senate*, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούληται, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. βουλήεις, εἶσα, εν, (βουλή) *of good counsel, sage.* βουληθεῖς, part. aor. 1 of βούλομαι. βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) *a will, purpose.* βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *a willing: will, purpose.* βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι.

βουλή-φόρος, εν, (βουλή, φέρω) *counselling, advising.* βου-λιμία, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger.* Hence βουλιμῶω, f. ἄσω, *to suffer from ravenous hunger.* βουλιος, εν, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥΛΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐβουλήθην, Att. also ἡβουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (pro): Dep.:—*to will, wish, be willing:* usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., *Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο νικῆν* *be willed victory to the Trojans*, or in full, *Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο κύδος ὑρέειν.* Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, *βούλει φράσω* *would you have me tell; ὁ βουλόμενος*, Lat. *quisvis*, *the first that offers, any one that likes.* II. *to have rather, choose, prefer*, mostly with ἡ, as, *βούλομ' ἐγὼ λαὸν σὸον ἔμμενα*, ἡ *ἀπολέσθαι* *I had rather the host were saved than lost.*

βουλό-μαχος, εν, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring.* βουλύστιος, εν, *fit for unyoking the oxen*, [v]. From βου-λύσθαι, ὁ, (βούς, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen, evening:* in Homer only as Adv., *βουλῦνδε* *towards evening, at eventide.*

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βούς, ἀμέλγω) *cow-milking.* βουνίτης, εν, ὁ, (βουνός) *a dweller on hills.* βου-νόμος, εν, (βούς, νέμω) *cattle-feeding.* II. βού-νομος, *grazed by cattle; ἀγέλαι βούνομαι* *herds of grazing oxen.*

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a bill, mound.* βού-παις, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) *a big, lubberly boy.* 2. of bees, *born of the ox;* see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βού-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling.* βου-πάμων, εν, gen. ονος, (βούς, πέταμαι pf. of πάωμαι) *rich in cattle.*

βού-πληκτρος, εν, (βούς, πληκτρον) *ox-goading.* βου-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βούς, πλῆσσω) *an ox-goat: an axe for felling an ox.*

βου-ποίμην, ενος, ὁ, (βούς, ποιμήν) *a herdsman.* βου-πόρος, εν, (βούς, πείρω) *ox-piercing; βουπόρος* *δβελός* *a spit that would spit a whole ox.*

βού-πρωρος, εν, (βούς, πρόρα) *with the face of an ox.*

ΒΟΥ Σ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βούος, also poet. βού: acc. βούν, Ep. βῶν, poet. also βούα:—*plur., nom. βούες*, rarely contr. βούς: gen. βούων, rarely contr. βῶν: dat. βουσί, poet. βύεσι, rarely βουσί:—*a bullock or cow, an ox;* in plur. *cattle.* II. βούς, ἡ, *a shield covered with ox-hide.* III. proverb., βούς ἐπὶ

γλώσση βέθηκε, βούς ἐπὶ γλώσσης ἐπιβαίνει, like τὸς ἐπὶ στόμα, *of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.*

βούς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of βοῦν. βού-σταθμον, τό, (βούς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall.* βου-στάσις, εως, ἡ, = *foreg.* βου-στροφιδόν, Adv. (βούς, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing:* of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στροφός, εν, (βούς, στρέφω) *ox-guiding:*—as Subst. *an ox-goat.*

βου-σφάγέω, (βούς, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen.* βού-τάλις, ιος, ἡ, *a night bird.*

βούτης, εν, ὁ, (βούς) *a cow-herd, herdsman.*

βου-φάγος, εν, (βούς, φάγειν) *ox-eating.*

βουφονέω, f. ἦσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen.*

βουφονία (sub. ἱερὰ), τά, *a festival with sacrifices of oxen.* From

βου-φόνος, εν, (βούς, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing.* 2. *at which oxen are slain.*

βουφορβέω, f. ἦσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle.*

βουφορβία, εν, τά, *a herd of oxen.* From

βου-φορβός, εν, (βούς, φέρβω) *ox-feeding:*—as Subst.

βουφορβός, ὁ, *a herdsman.*

βού-φορτος, εν, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load.*

βου-χανόης, ἐς, (βούς, χανόων) *holding an ox.*

βού-χιλος, εν, (βούς, χιλός) *rich in fodder.*

βούων, contr. part. of βούω. 2. gen. pl. of βούς.

βου-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (βούς, ἄνέρομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice.*

βου-ώπης, ιδος, ἡ, (βούς, ὤψ) *ox-eyed, i. e. with large, full eyes.*

βου-τέω, f. ἦσω, *to plough.* From

βούτης, εν, ὁ, (βούς) *a ploughman.* II. Βούτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βράβεια, ἡ, (βραβεύω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games: generally, arbitration.*

βράβειον, τό, (βραβεύω) *a prize in the games.*

ΒΡΑΒΕΤ'Σ, εως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.*

βράβευα, f. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern.*

βράβυλον, τό, *a kind of plum or sloe.*

βράβυλος, ἡ, *the tree which bears βράβυλα.*

ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *boarseness, sore throat.* Hence

βραγχός, ἡ, ὄν, *hoarse.*

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, *slowly.*

βραδίων, ἄ, ὄν, Aeol. for βραδύνος.

βραδύνω [τ], βράδυντος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εως, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness.*

βράδυνω, f. ἔνω, (βραδύς) *to delay:*—Pass. *to be delayed.* II. intrans. *to be slow about a thing:*—

Med. *to be slow, to loiter.*

βραδυ-πειθής, ές, (βραδύς, πείθομαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῖω, f. ήσω, (βραδύς, πλώω) *to sail slowly.*
βραδυ-πούς, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (βραδύς, πούς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΤΉΣ, έια, ύ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metaph. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδύαν [τ] and βράσσαν: Sup. βραδύτατος, poet. βράδιστος, and by metaph. βράδιστος: *slow, heavy; βράδιστοι θείειν slowest at running:—metaph. slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, *late.*

βραδυ-σκαλής, ές, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*
βραδυτής, ήτος, ή, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.*

βράκος, τό, Aeol. for μάκος, a rich female garment.
βρασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΨΩΝ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [α]: aor. I έβρασα:—Pass., aor. I έβράσθην: pf. βέβρασαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain:—Pass. to boil up.*

βράσσω, on, gen. onos, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.
βράχε, see βράχω.

βράχεις, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.
βράχως, Adv. of βραχύς, *shortly.*

βράχλων, onos, ό, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [τ]
βράχλων, on, gen. onos, [lon. γ, Att. τ], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, εος, τό, plur. βράχαι, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtis.*

βραχύ-βαλός, on, (βραχύς, βάλλος) *with few clods, βραχύβαλος χέρσος a narrow piece of land.*

βραχύ-γνώμων, on, gen. onos, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, on, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ή, *brevity in speech.* From
βραχυ-λόγος, on, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύνω, f. ένώ, *to make short.* From
ΒΡΑΧΥΤΉΣ, έια, ύ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχύνω: Sup. βραχύτατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time; short; of Number and Degree, few, little:

βραχύ, a little, a short time or distance; επί βραχύ for a short distance; κατά βραχύ little by little; έν βραχεί shortly, briefly; διά βραχείων in few words, Lat. brevibus, paucis; διά βραχυτάτων or έν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. quam brevissime.

βραχυ-σίδηρος, on, (βραχύς, σίδηρος) *άκαν βραχυ-σίδηρος* a dart with a short, small head.

βραχυ-σκελής, ές, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*
βραχυ-σύμβολος, on, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τονος, on, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*
βραχυ-τράχηλος, on, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ήτος, ή, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φεγγής, ου, ό, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [τ]

βραχύ-φυλλος, on, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*
ΒΡΑΨΩ, only used in 3 sing. aor. 2 έβραχε or

βράχε, *to rattle, clasp, ring, roar.*
βρέγμα, ατος, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεκέε, sound to imitate the croaking of frogs.
ΒΡΕΨΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat.

FREMO, *to roar, of the wave or wind; to clasp, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΨΘΟΣ, ό, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing; hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθύομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to be of a proud carriage, hold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξω, εως, ή, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*
ΒΡΕΨΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, a wooden image of a god.

ΒΡΕΨΘΟΣ, εος, τό, *the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = έμβρυον.* II. *the new-born babe, welp or cub.*

βρεχμός, ό, = βρέγμα.
ΒΡΕΨΩ, f. έω: aor. I έβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I έβρέχθην: aor. 2 έβράχθην [α]: pf. βέβρεγαί:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγω:—Pass. to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like ύει, Lat. pluit, *it rains.*

ΒΡΙ-, [τ], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρός.

Βριάρεος, ό, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. βριάρεως.]

βριάρός, ό, έν, Ion. βριερός, ή, έν, (βριάω) *strong.*
βριάω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. intr. *to be strong.*

ΒΡΙΨΩ, fut. έω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*
βρι-ήπιος, on, (βρι-, άπύω) *loud shouting.*

βρίθος, εος, τό, (βρίθω) *weight.*
βριθοσύνη, ή, (βρίθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-νοος, on, (βρίθως, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βρίθως, έια, ύ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*
ΒΡΙΘΩ, f. βρίσω, Ep. inf. βρίσειμεν: aor. I έβρίσα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing:—Med., μήκων καρπύ βριθομένη* a poppy laden with fruit; έμς βεβριθύα, Ep. for βεβριθύα, *weighty strife.* 2. of men, *to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master.* II. trans. *to load, press.*

βριμάομαι and βριμάομαι, Dep. *to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious.* (Formed from the sound.)

βρις-άρματος, on, (βρίθω, άρμα) *loading the car.*
ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, ό, *the windpipe, trachea.*

βρομέω, = βρέμω, *to buzz, hum, of gnats.*
βρομιάζομαι, Dep. *to revel like Bacchus.* From

βρόμος, a, on, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous:—hence ό βρόμος, the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus.* 2. = Βάκχειος, *Bacchic.*

Βρομι-ώδης, ες, (βρόμος, είδος) *Bacchic.*
βρόμος, ό, (βρέμω) *Lat. fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.*

βροντάω, *f. ἦσαι*, to thunder: *βροντᾷ*, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From **ΒΡΟΝΤΗ**, ἡ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.

Βρόντης, ου, δ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κέραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ες, (βροντή, εἶδος) thundering.

βρότειος, ου, also α, ου, Ep. **βρότεος**, η, ου, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also **βροτήσιος**, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men.

[α] **βροτό-γῆρυς**, υ, γεν. vos, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτέεις, εσσα, εν, (βροτός) bloody, gory.

βροτοκτονέω, *f. ἦσω*, to murder men. From

βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.

βροτο-λοιγός, όν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, δ, a mortal, man, opp. to ἀθάνατος or θεός: as Adj. mortal.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ, δ, blood from a wound, gore.

βροτο-σκόπος, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.

βροτο-στυγής, ές, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men.

βροτο-φηγής, ές, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying.

βροτώω, (βρότος) to stain with gore.

βροχετός, ό, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.

βροχέως, Aeol. for βραχέως.

ΒΡΟΧΘΟΣ, ό, the throat.

βροχίς, η, (βρέχω) an ink-born.

ΒΡΟΧΟΣ, δ, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

***ΒΡΟΧΩ**, aor. I έβροξα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρόχω, καταβρόχω.

βρούζω, (βρώω) to teem with plenty, overflow.

βρύδην, Adv. (βρούκα) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγμός, ό, (βρούχω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

ΒΡΥΓΚΩ, *f. έω*: aor. I έβρυγα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [β]

ΒΡΥΛΛΩ, = βρύν ελεῖν, v. sq.

βρύν, βρύν ελεῖν to cry for drink.

βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea.

βρύχσθαι, fut. med. βρυχήσομαι, aor. I pass. έβρυχήσθην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμνηκα, μέμνηκα from μηκάομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bawl, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and

βρύχητης, ου, δ, a bellow, boulder.

βρύχιος, ου, also α, ου, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [β]

ΒΡΥΧΩ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 έβρύχον:—Pass., aor. I έβρύχην:—the same as βρούκα. [β]

ΒΡΥΩ, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. **βρύσω**:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with. II. trans. to cause to burst forth.

βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. **βρωμάομαι**, aor. I έβρωμίσμην: Dep.: (βρέμω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, η, (βιβρώσκω) βρώμα, food.

βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, εως, η, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πόσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἡρος, ό, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer.

βρωτός, η, όν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:—

βρωτόν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, ύος, η, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.

βύβλιος, η, ου, (βύβλος) made of hyblus.

ΒΥΒΛΟΣ, η, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: **βύβλοι**, αι, leaves of hyblus; hence, a book: also in pl. τὰ βύβλα. [β]

βύζην, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.

βυθίζω, *f. έω*, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βυθίος, α, ου, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II. of the deep; **βύθια** (sub. ζῆα) water-animals. [β]

βυθίτης, ου, δ, **βυθίτις**, ιδος, η, = βύθιος.

ΒΥΘΟΣ, ό, the depth, the deeps of the sea.

βύκτης, ου, ό, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. **βυκτᾶν**.

βύνέω, Att. for βύω.

ΒΥΡΣΑ η, the skin stripped off, a hide.

βυρσο-αλετός, ό, (βύρσα, αλερός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, εως, ό, a tanner. From

βυρσεύω, *f. σω*, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρσίνη, η, a leathern ibong. [γ] Fem. from

βύρσινος, η, ου, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυρσοδεψέω, *f. ἦσω*, to dress hides, be a tanner. From

βυρσο-δέψης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.

βυρσο-παφλαγών, ύνος, ό, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.

βυρσο-τενής, ές, and **βυρσο-τονος**, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βύσσινος, η, ου, (βύσσος) made of fine linen.

βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply.

βυσσόθεν, Adv. (βυσσός) from the bottom.

βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, ό, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυσσός, ό, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.

ΒΥΣΣΟΣ, η, fine flax: fine linen.

βυσσό-φρων, ου, (βυσσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.

ΒΥΩ: *f. βύω* [β]: aor. I έβύσα:—Pass., aor. I έβύσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίφ βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge.

βώ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίω.

βαθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βώκος, δ, Dor. for βούκος.
 βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλας) forming clods, of rich loam.
 βῶλας, ἄκος, ἡ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.
 βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.
 Βῶ'ΛΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.
 βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμείν) clod-breaking.
 βώμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.
 βωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.
 βωμολόγευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From
 βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From
 βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starving, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.
 βωμός, δ, (βαῖνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.
 βῶν, Ep. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.
 βώσας, contr. for βόησας, aor. I part. of βοάω.
 βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαῖνω.
 βωσπρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.
 βώτας, Dor. for βοτύτης.
 βωτι-άνειρα, ἡ, (βύσσω, ἀνὴρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [α]
 βῶτωρ, ορος, δ, = βοτῆς, a birdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third; but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like n in ng, as ἄγγος ἄγκος ἄγχι ἀγχι.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δοῦπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γῆιον λῆιον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γαε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμη, ἡ, or γάγγαμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἡ, (γράω, γράνω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάβα, ἡ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαζο-φύλακτον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. avarium.

γᾶθω, Dor. for γῆθεω.

γαῖα, ἡ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖοχος, ον, Dor. for γαῖοχος.

γαίηγενής, ἐς, poet. for γηγενής.

γαίηιος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαίη-οχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-upholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γῆιος, on land.

ΓΑΪΩ, only used in partic., κούδει γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γάλαθνής, ον, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γάλακτινος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγῃς, ἐς, (γάλα, παρῆναι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ον, δ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΕ'Η, ἐς, contr. γαλή, ἡς, ἡ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ον, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γαλέωτης, ον, δ, (γαλή) a kind of spotted lizard.

γαλή, ἡ, contr. for γαλήη.

γαλήναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γαλήνεα, Dor. γαλάνεια, ἡ, = sq.

ΓΑ'ΛΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence
 γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνιάωσα, to be calm.
 γαλήνός, ον, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαλήνᾳ a calm, γαλήν' ὁρῶ I see a calm.

Γάλλος, δ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γάλ-ουργέω, -ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακ-.

ΓΑ'ΔΟΩΣ, ἡ, gen. γάλου, nom. pl. γάλοι: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δαήρ. [α]

γάμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, δ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: 1. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμεν, Dor. for ἔγγμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γαμέω.

γάμετή, ἡ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γαμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾳ, δ, a husband, spouse: and

γάμετις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wife. From

γάμέω: fut. γαμῶ, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμῶσω: fut. aor. I ἔγγμα; later ἔγγμασα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med.,

fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. I ἔγγμαμην.—Pass., aor. I ἔγαμήθην,

poët. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II.

Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter. III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

▲ γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis: γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ἡ, a marriage-feast.

Γαμηλιών, ὥνος, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See Ληναίων.

γαμίζω, f. ἰσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γαμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γάμος) bridal: τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κῶς, as at a wedding.

γαμίσκω, = γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γά-μόρος, ὁ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γάδο-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ὦν, αἱ, (γαμφύς, γαμπτύς) the jaws of a beast: the beak of a bird.

γαμφύς, ἡ, ὄν, (κάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked.

γᾶν, Dor. for γῆν, γαῖαν.

γᾶνώ, (γᾶνος) to sk. ne, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [ᾶ] Hence

γᾶνώω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part.

γεγανωμένος, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανῶν, ὄψα, Ep. part. of γανᾶν.

γάννυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσσομαι: Dep.: (γᾶνος):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γᾶνος.

γά-πεδον, τό, Dor. for γῆπεδον. [ᾶ]

γά-πετής, γά-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γηπ-.

ΓΑΡ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by since or as: Ἀτρεΐδῃ, πολλοὶ γὰρ τεθνᾶσιν Ἀχαιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἣν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδωτάτον, etc., and, since Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen I. a question,

like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γάρ σε ἤκεν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακῶς γὰρ ἐξόλοιο O that you might perish! in Homer usu. αἰ γάρ, Att. εἰ or εἴθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πῶς γάρ, would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ᾄρω, (γάργῃρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίζω, Att. for γαργαλίζω, (γάργαλ-) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a tickling.

ΓΑΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [ᾶ]

ΓΑΡΓΑΡΑ, τά, bears, lots, plenty.

γᾶρύω, Dor. for γηρύω.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur.

γαστράσι [ᾶ], ἡ;—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γασ-

στήρ ἀσπίδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb,

ἐν γαστρὶ φέρειν or ἔχειν to be with child. 3. mc-

taph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γᾶστρα, Ion. γάστρη, ἡ, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f. ἰσω, (γᾶστρις) to fill one's belly. II.

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γᾶστρις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, βαρίς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the

womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any

round vessel, e. g. a bee-bive: hence II. γαῦλος,

ὁ, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυριάω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly,

pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also α, ον, (γαῖω) exulting in a thing:

haughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be haughty,

disdainful. Hence

γαῦρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least,

at any rate; δ' ἢ ἐνθάδε λέως at any rate the people

here: often attached to pronouns, ἐγώγε, σύγε,

ὅγε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingness,

εἰμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς

γε ποιῶν and quite right too! 4. to strengthen

oaths, νῆ Δία . . γε, with a word between, to which

γε usu. refers. II. even; ἦλθον Ἀμφιάρεω γε

πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiarau's will.

γέα-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήοχος.

γέγᾶ, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have

been born, to be, live: pl. γέγάμεν, γεγάτε, γεγά-

ᾶσι: but γεγάμεν [ᾶ] inf., for γεγαέναι, Dor. γεγά-

κειν [ᾶ]: part. γεγᾶς, -ᾶσσα, Att. contr. γεγᾶς,

-ῶσα, like βεβᾶς, βεβᾶς.

γέγᾶθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθέω.

γεγάκειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγαα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθεν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθέω.

γεγηράκα, pf. of γηράσσω.

γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύνω.

γεγόμεφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφώω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω

γεγράψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάω.

ΓΕΤΟΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνάς, plqpf. ἐγγώνειν with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνέειν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. ἐγγώνειν or γεγώνειν for ἐγγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι: verb. Adj. γεγωνήτεον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνήτεον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim. γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνάς, (like ἀραρός, ὄν, from ἀραρός), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὦσα, ὤς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γεγωνός, γεγώς, see γῶα.

Γέβνα, ἡ, Heb. Gebenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for bell-fire, bell.

γεη-πόνος, etc., v. γεωπ-.

γει-ἄροτῆς, οὐ, δ, (γῆ, ἀρόα) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γεινόμεαι.

γείνεαι, Ep. for γείνηαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of γεινόμεαι.

γεινόμεαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. I ἐγεινάμην, γεινάσθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = γεωμόρος.

γειο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙΤΟΝ ὁ γειτόν, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the hem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γειτνιάσις, εὖς, ἡ, neighbourhood: the neighbours. From

γειτνιάω, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονέω and γειτονέω, = γειτνιάω.

γειτόσυνος, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, a neighbour. III. as Adj. neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελαισας, Aeol. for γελάσας.

γελάσας, Dor. for γελάσας.

γελᾶντης, ἐς, (γελᾶω) laughing, cheerful.

γελᾶντι, Dor. for γελῶντι, dat. part. of γελᾶω.

γελᾶουσα and γελῶσα, Dor. for γελάουσα.

γελᾶσα, Dor. for γελῶσα, fem. nom. part. of γελᾶω.

γελασείω, Desiderat. of γελᾶω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελᾶω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀνθρήσκον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of Ocean.'

γελαστής, οὐ, δ, (γελᾶω) a laugher, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΑΣΩ, Ep. γελῶ, Ep. part. pl. γελῶντες, γελῶντες, or γελῶντες: Ep. impf. γελῶν or -ῶν:

fut. γελάσομαι: aor. I ἐγέλασα, Ep. ἐγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλασα.—Pass., aor. I ἐγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh, b. ride; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕΛΓΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ; pl. γέλγιδες or γέλγεις: = ἀγγίς, a bead, clove of garlic, Lat. *spica allii*.

γελόιος, Ep. for γέλοιος.

γέλοιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (γελᾶω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελῶν, Ep. impf. of γελᾶω.

γελῶντες, part. pres. of γελῶν.

γελῶ, γελῶντες, Ep. for γελᾶω, γελᾶντες.

γελῶντι, Dor. for γελῶσι.

γελῶντες, poet. for γελῶντες.

γέλως, δ: gen. ατος Att. ω: dat. γέλωτι Ep. γέλφω: acc. γέλωτα Ep. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλω: (γελᾶω): laughster, Lat. *risus*; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughster's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughster, Lat. *ludibrium*; γέλωτα ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιία, ἡ, buffoonery. From γελωτοποιός, ὄν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughster: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οὐ, δ, a jester.

γελῶν, Ep. impf., γελῶντες, Ep. part. of γελᾶω. γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (γέλω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γόμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἄς, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (*γένω) birth; ὁπλοτερος γενεῇ younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth. II. birth, race, descent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed.

III. a generation, Lat. *saeculum*; δῖω γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων. IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεῦλογος, f. ἡσω, (γενεῦλος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεῦλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεῦ-λόγος, δ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεῇ, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῇφι.

γενέθλη, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλη a mine of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, ὄν, = γενέθλιος.

γενέθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. *natalis*; γενέθλιον ἡμῶν one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race; γενέθλιον αἵμα kindred blood.

γενέθλον, τό, = γενέθλη, descent. 2. offspring.

γενεῖζω Dor. -ᾶσθω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενεῖας, ἄδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2 in plur. the cheeks.

γενεῖσσκω, = γενεῖζω, to get a beard.

γενεῖατης, Ion. γενεῖατης, δ: fem. γενεῖατης or -εῖατης, ἴδος, (γενεῖα) bearded.

γενεῖα, f. ἡσω, = γενεῖζω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενέθλιος.

II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast* :—also, *a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γενέσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source : birth, race, descent.*

γενέσκετο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *she that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, *birth.*

γενετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = γενέτης.

γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., =

γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth bour.*

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτης, *a father.*

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενής, ἡ : gen. γενήτιδος, contr. γενήδος : = γένυς, *the edge of an axe : an axe, pickaxe, mattock.*

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννᾶ, ἡ, poet. for γένος, *descent, offspring.*

γεννάδας [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναίο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναίος, πρέπω) *befitting a noble.* Adv. -πῶς.

γενναίος, α, ον, also os, ον, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent ; οὐ μοι γενναῖον it fits not my high blood : noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded : of animals, thorough-bred : of things, good of their kind : but also, γενναία δὴ genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, *nobility, nobleness of character : of land, fertility.*

γενναῖος, Adv. of γενναῖος, nobly : Sup. γενναυέτατα. γεννάω, f. ἥσω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father ; to bear, bring forth, of the mother ; of γεννήσαντες the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child : any product.* II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, *a begetting, producing.*

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. pater-familias.*

γεννητός, ἡ, ὅν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτωρ.

γενναῖός, ἡ, ὅν, = γενναῖος, *brave, spirited.* Adv. -ῶς.

γενναίωτο, Ep. and Ion. for γένουτο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent : freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent ; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birth.* II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.*

III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.* 2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration.

IV. *sex : gender.*

V. *kind, genus,*

opp. to εἶδος, *species.*

γέντο, *he grasped*, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form : prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο,—γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΤ Σ, ἡ, gen. γένυος ; dat. γένυι : plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσι ; acc. γένυας, contr. γένυς. *The under jaw ; γένυες, both jaws, the mouth : hence also the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, a biting axe.*

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραίός, ἁ, ὄν, (γέραν, γηραιός) *old : venerable.* Comp. γεραίτερος ; ol γεραίτεροι, *the elders, Lat. senatores.* Sup. γεραίτατος.

γεραῖο-φλοιός, ον, (γεραίός, φλοιός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γεραίω, f. γεράω ; aor. I ἐγέρημα, inf. γεράω : aor. 2 ἐγέράων : (γέρας) :—*to honour or reward with a gift : generally, to honour.*

γεραίτερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραίός.

ΓΕΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, *a crane.*

γεράός, ἡ, ὄν, = γεραίός.

γεράρός, ἁ, ὄν, (γεραίω) *reverend, stately ; γεραποί priests, γεραπαί priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, aor. τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα :—*a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour ; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γεράσμιος, ον, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γεράσιππος, α, *a Spartan mont.*

γερασ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντάγωγός, f. ἥσω, *to guide an old man.* From

γεροντ-άγωγός, ὁ, (γέρον, άγω) *guiding an old man.*

γεροντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερονσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρον, *a little old man.*

γερονσία, ἡ, (γέρον) *a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.* II. *an embassy.*

γερούσιος, α, ον, (γέρον) *belonging to the elders or chiefs ; οἶνος γερούσιος wine reserved for them.*

γέρρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. gerra, *anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore.* 2. *a walled hut.*

γερο-φόροι, οί, (γέρρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields : v. foreg.*

ΓΕΡΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, *an old man, Lat. senex : ol γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council : hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number.* II. as Adj. γέρον, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρον λόγος *γέρον σάκος* however occurs in Homer.

γεύμα, ατος, τό, (γεύω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γεύω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω : *to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι :

aor. I ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦναι γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕΦΤΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύειν or γεφύρα ζευγνύειν ποταμόν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. ponte jungere fluvium. Hence

γεφύρω, f. ὥσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμόν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθη ὁ πύρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ον, ὁ, a geographer.

γέω-λοφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρέω, f. ἥσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὗ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γη-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεω-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μείρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι, the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. optimates.

γέω-πέδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆ-πέδον. γεω-πείνης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, πένομαι) poor in land.

γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωργέω, f. ἥσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεωργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργός, ὄν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὗ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωρύχέω, f. ἥσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γε-ωρύχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ]

γεω-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: ποῦ γῆς: Lat. ubi terrarum? where on the earth?

γη-γενής, ἐς, (γῆ, *γένω) earthenborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οὗ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant,

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γηθέω, f. ἥσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-γάθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθεν: (γαίω): —to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθούνη, ἡ, (γηθέω) joy, delight.

γηθόσυνος, ἡ, ὄν, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

ΓΗΘΤΟΝ, τό, Lat. gethuyum, a kind of leek.

γῆνιος, ον, and γῆϊος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γητίτης, contr. γῆτις, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a busbandman.

γῆ-λοφος, ὁ, = γεώλοφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γήμας, γήμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γη-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γη-οχέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γῆ-πέδον, τό, = γεώπεδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γη-πετής, ἐς, (γῆ, πεσύν) falling to earth.

γῆπνος, ὁ, = γεώπνος.

γῆ-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιός, ὁ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γηράλειος and γηράλιος, α, ον, = γηραιός.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκει.

γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γηράσι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκει.

γηράς, ὁ, ὄν, poet. for γηραιός.

γηρός, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκει.

ΓῆΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήραος, Att. contr. γήραε: dat. γήραϊ, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. senectus. Hence

γηράσκει or γηράω: fut. ἄσκει Att. ἄσκειαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐγήρᾱσα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γηράναι [ᾶ], part. γη-ράς (as if from a verb in -μ): pf. γεγήράκα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρᾱσα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ἥσω, to feed and cherish in old age: —Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βύσκειω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old. γῆρύμα, ατος, τό, (γῆρύω) a voice, sound, tone.

ΓῆΡΥΞ, vos, ἡ, a voice: speech. Hence

γῆρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ὥσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῥωσα:—Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγηρῥυάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγηρῥυάμην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. garrere.

γῆρως, contr. for γήραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτειον, τό, Att. for γῆθον, a leek.

γῆτις, ὁ, contr. for γῆτῆς.

γη-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) ploughing the earth.

γιγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ὀλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΤΑΡΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [τ]

ΓΙΤΑΣ, ατος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσονται: aor. 2 ἐγενόμην: perf. γεγένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) ἐγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. γέγαα, see γέγαα:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. γέγονα to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen. II. with Preps. or Adv. of motion, to be at, as ἐγένετο ἐς Λακεδαίμονα. 2. πάντα, παντοῖος, παντοδαπὸς γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; ἐντὸς ἑαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. 3. τί γένωμαι; more rarely τίς γένωμαι; what is to become of me? 4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων, periphras. for ὀργᾶν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, so cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol. γιγνώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root *ΓΝΩΕ'Ω, ΓΝΩΝ'ΑΙ, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνω, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνῶσιν, inf. γνῶναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωμαι: aor. I pass. ἐγνώσθην.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of. . . γὰρ χωμένον, be knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνω ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten. II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι. γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γιγνώσκω. γλαγῶ, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy.

γλαγρός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky. γλαγός, εσσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky. γλαγο-πίξ, ἡγος, ὅ, ἡ, (γλάγος, πήγνυμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk. γλακτο-φάγος, ὄν, (γάλα, φάγειν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος, living on milk.

ΓΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, =λήμη, tumour in the eyes.

γλάμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [δ] γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκιάων, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. γλαυκος, α, ὄν, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesius: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χρους, ὅ, ἡ, acc. γλαυκόχροα, (γλαυκός, χρός) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ιδος, ἡ: acc. ἰδα, but also iv: (γλαυκός, ὦψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

γλαυκ-ῶψ, ὦπος, ὅ, ἡ, = γλαυκῶπις.

γλαῦξ, Att. γλαῦξ, κός, ἡ, (γλαυκός) the owl, Lat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb. γλαῦκ' Ἀθήναζε, γλαῦκ' εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle': Athenian coins were called γλαῦκες λαυριατικαί, from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [δ] γλαφυρία, ἡ, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμὴν a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΨΩ, to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [α], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ου, ὅ, (γλεύκος, πεί-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνειω) drinker of new wine.

γλεύκος, εος, τό, (γλυκός) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κόρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taunt, ἔρπε κατὰ γλήνην away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗ'ΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

ΓΛΗ'ΧΩΝ, ανος, ἡ: acc. γλήχων, by apocop.

γλήχων:—pennyroyal, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος, ὄν, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, αντιλογία, εξεπίτριπτος.)

ΓΛΙΣΧΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate.

2. close, greedy, stingy.

3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλίσχρων, ονος, ὅ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard.

γλίσχρως, Adv. of γλίσχρως, importunately: scantily: also pettily.

ΓΛΙΣΧΟΜΑΙ [τ], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen.

2. γλίχεσθαι περί τινος to be eager about or for a thing.

ΓΛΟΙΑ or γλουά, ἡ, glue. Hence

γλοιός, ὅ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοιός, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavish.

ΓΛΟΥΤΤΟΣ, ὅ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκερός, ἄ, ὄν, = γλυκός, sweet.

γλυκερό-χρως, ατος, ὅ, ἡ, (γλυκερός, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλύκιος, α, ὄν, = γλυκός. [β]

γλυκύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (γλυκός, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, ὄν, (γλυκός, δῶρον) with sweet gifts.

γλυκυ-ηχής, ἐς, (γλυκός, ἡχώω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ἡ, benevolence. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ὄν, (γλυκός, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μῆλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μελίχως, ὄν, (γλυκός, μέλιχως) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μῦλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκός μῆλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμυθέω, f. ἡσω, to speak sweetly. From γλυκύ-μῦθος, (γλυκός, μῦθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-παις, αιδος, ὅ, ἡ, (γλυκός, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ-παρθενος, ἡ, (γλυκός, παρθένος) a sweet maid.

γλυκύ-πικρος, ὄν, (γλυκός, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΑΤΚΥΣ, εἶα, ὁ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [Γ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος.

γλυκύτης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἡ, (γλυκύς) *sweetness*.

γλυπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and γλύπτης, ου, ὁ, (γλύφω) *a carver, a sculptor*.

γλυπτός, ἡ, ὤν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*. γλύφεις, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, *the arrow itself*. II. = γλύφανον, *a knife*. From

ΓΑΤΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλυψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφην, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ψ]: pf. ἐγέλυμμαι and ἐγλυμμαι:—to *borrow out*: esp. to *engrave or carve*. II. to *write on a tablet*.

ΓΑΩΞ, ωχός, ἡ, *the beard of corn*, only in plur.

ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλῶττα, ης, ἡ, *the tongue*, Lat. *lingua*; ἀπὸ γλῶσσης by word of mouth; οὐκ ἀπὸ γλῶσσης not from another's tongue, not from bear-say; γλῶσσαν ἵεναι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. *a tongue, language*; γλῶσσαν νομίζειν to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἡ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From

γλωσσ-αλγος, Att. γλωσσ-αργος, ου, (γλῶσσα, αλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*.

γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλῶσσα, κομέω) properly *a case for the mouthpiece of a flute*: a case or bag for money.

γλῶττα, ἡ, Att. for γλῶσσα.

γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ἡσω, (γλῶττα, στρέφω) to *ply the tongue*.

ΓΛΩΧΙΝ or γλωχίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, *any projecting point*: the end of the yoke-strap. 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself.

γναθμός, ὁ, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος.

ΓΝΑ΄ΘΟΣ, ἡ, *the jaw, mouth*: properly the lower jaw. II. like γένυς, the point or edge of a weapon. [α]

γναμπτός, ἡ, ὅν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From

ΓΝΑΜΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—to *crook, bend*.

γναπτός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνάπτω) *carded, fullied*.

ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτω: γναφέιν, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύω, -φικός: γνάφος, -ψις, v. sub γνάπτω, etc.

γνήσιος, α, ου, syncop. for γενέσιος, belonging to the true race, legitimate, opp. to νόθος: genuine, true; γνήσιοι γυναῖκες lawful wives, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες true Greeks; φρονεῖν γνήσια to have a noble mind.

γνήσιως, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*.

γνοίην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνοίμεν, Ep. for γνοίμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνούς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκω.

ΓΝΟ΄ΦΟΣ, ἡ, = ὀφός, *darkness*.

γνοφ-ώδης, ες, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*.

γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*; γνύξ ἐριπεῖν to fall on the knee.

γνώ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκω.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνᾶναι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token*, like γνώμαν. II. *judgment*.

γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώμη, ἡ, (γνᾶναι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. *the mind, the judgment*; γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστη to the best of one's judgment. 2. *will, purpose*; ἀπ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. 3. *a judgment, opinion*; γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι to deliver an opinion; also a mistaken judgment, fancy; γνώμαι the opinions of wise men, maxims. 4. *a purpose, intention, resolution*: a vote, decree.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, *a fancy*.

γνωμο-λογία, ἡ, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*. **γνωμονικός**, ἡ, ὅν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment*: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. of or for sun-dials.

γνωμοσύνη, ἡ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*.

γνωμοτύπεω, to coin maxims: and

γνωμοτυπικός, ἡ, ὅν, *clever at coining maxims*. From **γνωμο-τύπος**, ου, (γνώμη, τύπειν) *maxim-coining, sententious*.

γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, (γνᾶναι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. the *gnomon* or index of the sundial.

III. of γνῶμους *the teeth that mark a horse's age*. IV. a carpenter's rule, Lat. *norma*: hence a rule or guide of life.

γνῶν, Ep. for ἔγνω, aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώμεν, Ep. for γνῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to make known, declare. 2. to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise. 3. to be acquainted with. From **γνώριμος**, ου, rarely η, ου, (γνᾶτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ὁ, an acquaintance, a friend, Lat. *familiaris*. II. of γνώριμοι the notables, Lat. *optimates*.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνωρίμως ἔχειν τινί to be on friendly terms with him.

γνωρίσις, εως, ἡ, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance*: knowledge.

γνωρίσμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ὁ, (γνωρίζω) *a making known*.

γνωριστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*.

γνῶς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκω.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωσι-μάχέω, f. ἡσω, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) to dispute

one's own opinion, i. e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνώσιμαχέιν μη εἶναι ὅμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, ἥ, (γνῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. *cognitio*. II. knowledge: wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γιγνώσκω.

γνωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γιγνώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. *cognitor*.

γνώστης, ου, ὁ, = γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ἦ, ὄν, collat. form of γνωστός, known: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γιγνώσκω:—γνώτων, γνώτων, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (γνῶναι) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γιγνώσκω.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.

γνόασκεν, Ion. for ἔγῳα, 3 sing. impf. of γνόαω.

γνόαιεν or γνόαιεν, 3 pl. opt. of γνόαω.

γνόοντι, Dor. for γνόουσι, 3 pl. of γνόαω.

ΓΟΑΪΝ, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοάων, ὄωσα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοάσκον: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. I ἔγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἔγοήθην: (γῳός):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΥΖΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ἥ, and γογγυλῖς, ἰδος, ἥ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From

ΓΟΓΓΥΛΛΩΣ, η, ου, also γογγυλῖος, α, ου, = στογγυλῖος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἦ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γοάω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΪΗ, ἥ, = γῳός, καταείδοντες γῳησι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with bowls.

γοήμεναι, Ep. for γοᾶν, pres. inf. of γοάω.

γοήμων, ου, γεν. ονος, = γοερός.

γῳής, ητος, ὁ: dat. pl. γῳήσι: (γῳάω) one who bowls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat.

γοήσομαι, fut. of γοάω.

γοητεία, ἥ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γῳής) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ου, ὁ, (γῳάω) a wailer.

γοήτις, ἰδος, ἥ, pecul. fem. of γῳής, a witch.

γῳός, ὁ, (γῳέω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφιό-δουπος, ου, (γομφίος, δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γῳόφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. *molaris*, opp. to προσβίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ου, (γῳόφος, δῆω) nail-bound.

γομπο-παγής, ἐς, (γῳόφος, παγήναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γῳόμοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφῳ, f. ὡσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγῳόμωται σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence γῳόμωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γομφῳ) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (*γένεω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἥ, (*γένεω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V.

a generation.

γόνυμος, ου, also η, ου, (γῳνός) productive, fruitful: ποιητής γῳνίμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γῳνός, ὁ or ἥ, (*γένεω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥΊ, τό, gen. γῳνάτος, dat. pl. γῳνάσι: Ion. γῳνύ, γῳνάτος, etc.; Ep. γῳνύ, γῳνύς, γῳνύ, pl. γῳνύα, γῳνύαν, γῳνύεσι:—cf. δῆρυ:—Lat. *GENU*, the knee; ἀψασθαι γῳνύαν to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἀντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γῳνάτων to entreat one by clasping his knees; γῳνύ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γῳνάτα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γῳνάσι κείται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γῳνύ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ῥίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. *geniculum*.

γονύ-κροτος, ου, (γῳνύ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἐς, (γῳνύ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γῳον, Ep. for ἔγῳαον, 3 pl. impf. of γοάω.

ΓΟΪΣ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοῶν, ὡσα, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος, α, ου, (Γοργῳ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργο-λόφος, ου, ὁ, (Γοργῳ, λόφος) be of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, η, ἥ.

Γοργόνειος, ου, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ου, (Γοργῳ, νῳτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόμαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From

ΓΟΡΓΟΪΣ, ἥ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργῳ βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργῳ εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ου, (Γοργῳ, *φῳένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΓΥΤΡΑ, ἥ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργῳ, ὄς, contr. οὔς, ἥ; later decl. Γοργῳ, ὄνος,

and in pl. Γοργόνες: (γοργός):—*the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect*; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργ-ώπις, ἴδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of γοργάψ.*

γοργ-ώπος, ὄν, (γοργός, ὠψ) *fierce-eyed, terrible.*

γοργ-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = γοργωπός.

γοῖν, Ion. γών, (γε οὖν) *restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers.*

γοῖνα, γοῖναν, Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of γουνάσσομαι.

γουνάσσομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ):—*to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate*; ὑπέρ τινας and τινός in behalf of another: but also γουνάσσεσθαι τινας and πρὸς τινας to entreat by such and such things.

γοῦνατος, γοῖνατι, γοῖνατα, γοῖνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόομαι, Dep., = γουνάσσομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην.

γοῦνο-πάγης, ἐς, (γόνυ, πήγνυμι) *cramping the knees.*

γοῦνο-πάχης, ἐς, (γόνυος, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχύς) *thick-kneed.*

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὁ, (γόνυος, γονή) *corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. uber*; γουνός ἀλωῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γρᾶς and γρῆς, pl. n. from γρᾶς and γρῆς.

γρᾶδιον, τό, contr. for γρᾶδιον.

γρᾶτα, Ep. γρᾶτή, ἡ, special fem. of γρᾶτος, an old woman. II. as fem. Adj. old, γρᾶται δαίμονες, γρᾶτα χειρὶ, etc.

γρᾶδιον, τό, Dim. of γρᾶtis, γρᾶtis, an old bag.

γρᾶίομαι, Pass. to become an old woman. From γρᾶτος, γρᾶτα, γρᾶτον, (syncope. for γρᾶτός) old, aged, gray; γρᾶτή σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) *that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. littera*: in plur. letters, the alphabet. 2. a note in music. 3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also, like Lat. litterae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. III. letters, learning, = μαθήματα.

γραμμάτειον, τό, (γράφω) *that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book.*

γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεῦω, to be secretary.

γραμματίζω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γράμματα) *knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments*: as Subst., γράμματικὸς, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γραμματίζω) *one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster.* 2. = γραμματεὺς.

γραμματο-κύφων, ανος, ὁ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) *one who pores over musty records.*

γραμμή, ἡ, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ἡ μακρά the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course,

to mark the starting or winning place.

III. the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ ἑπρά; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γρᾶο-σόβης, ον, ὁ, (γρᾶος, σοβέω) *scaring old women.*

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written: γραπτέον, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτός, ὅς, ἡ, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing.

ΓΡΑΨ, γρᾶός, ἡ, nom. pl. γρᾶες, acc. γρᾶς: Ion. decl. γρηῦς, γρηῖς: poet. also γρηῖς:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γράφεϋς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a painter. II. =

γραμματεὺς, a clerk.

γράφῃ, ἡ, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; ὅσον γραφῇ only in a picture. 2. writing. II. a painting, a figure, shape.

III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀσπρατείας γραφή an indictment for neglect of service.

γράφικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to draw or paint: ἡ γραφικὴ (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing.

γράφῃς, ἴδος, ἡ, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen tablets. II. embroidery.

ΓΡΑΨΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: aor. 2 ἐγράφη, later aor. 1 ἐγράφη: pf. γέγραμμαι:—to GRAVE, scratch; σήματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι having scratched marks or figures on tablets. II. to

draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. III. to write; γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας to write on skins.

2. to inscribe, e. g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην: Pass. γράφεσθαι τι to be inscribed with a thing.

3. to write down; γράφειν τινα αἴτιον to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one, τινός for some public offence; in full, δίκην or γραφήν γράψασθαι τινα; also c. inf., γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., οἱ γρᾶνόμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαι τι, to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρᾶ-ώδης, ἐς, (γρᾶtis, εἶδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, to be awake, be watchful, a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγγήγορα.

γρηῖς, ἡ, Ion. for γρᾶtis, poet. also γρηῖς.

γρῖπεϋς, ἑως, ὁ, (γρῖπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj., γριπητὴ τέχνη the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, ὁ, = γριπεϋς, a fisherman. [7]

ΓΡΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, like γρῖπος, a fishing-net or basket, made of rusbes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφώδης, *es*, (γρίφος, εἶδος) *riddling*.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, *ὁ*, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ΄, a *grunt*, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a *grunt*; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, *f. ξω* or *ξομαι*: *aor. I ξγρυξα*:—to say γρῦ, *grunt*, Lat. *grunio*: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίζω or γρύλλιζω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) to *grunt*.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, *ὁ*, (γρῦ) a pig, porker.

γρύπ-ἀετος, *ὁ*, (γρύψ, ἀετός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΨΙΟΣ, *ῆ*, *ὁν*, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an *aquiline* nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρύπότης, *ητος*, *ῆ*, bookedness of the nose,

γρύπτω, *f. ὠσω*, (γρυπός) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, *gen. γρυπός*, *ὁ*, (γρυπός) a griffin, bipro-griff.

γρῶνη, *ῆ*, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥ΄Α, *ῆ*, a piece of land, field.

γυαία, *τά*, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥ΄ΑΛΟΝ, *τό*, a hollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλου-σιν ἀρηρῶς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυάλου a cave, grot; κρατῆρος γυάλου the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥ΄ΗΣ, *ου, ὁ*, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. *buris*. II. = γύα, a field.

γυι-αρκής, *ῆς*, (γυῖον, ἀρκέω) strengthening the limbs.

γυιο-βάρης, *ῆς*, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυιο-οβόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυιο-δάμας, *ου, ὁ*, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

ΓΥ΄ΙΟΝ, *τό*, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. *membra*: esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυιο-πᾶγής, *ῆς*, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυιο-πέδη, *ῆ*, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥ΄ΙΟΣ, *ᾶ, ὁν*, lame.

γυιο-τᾶκής, *ῆς*, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυιο-τόρος, *ον*, (γυῖον, τορέω) piercing the limbs.

γυιο-χαλκος, *ον*, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassy limb.

γυῖω, (γυῖός) to lame:—Pass. to be or become lame;

γυιωβής *aor. I* part., lamed.

γυλι-αύχην, *ενος, ὁ*, *ῆ*, (γύλιος, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

ΓΥ΄ΑΙΟΣ, *ὁ*, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάζω, *f. ἄσω*: *pf. γεγύμνακα*: Pass., *pf. γεγύμνασμαι*: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάζειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνός, *ἄδος*, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked.

trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, *ῆ*, (γυμνάζω) exercise.

γυμνασάρχων or Med. -έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνῶσι-άρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, *ὁ*, (γυμνάσιον, ἀρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιστρία, *ῆ*, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, *τό*, (γυμνάζω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θήμετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [ᾶ]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάζω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, *ου, ὁ*, (γυμνάζω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, *ῆ*, *ὁν*, fond of athletic exercises: *ῆ* γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνός, *ῆτος, ὁ*, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, *ου, ὁ*, fem. γυμνήτις, *ιδος, ῆ* = γυμνής.

γυμνητία, *ῆ*, (γυμνής) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, *ῆ*, *ὁν*, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, *ῆ*, *ὁν*, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός ἀγὼν a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παιδία, *ῆ*, (γυμνός, παῖδια) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, *ῆ*, *ὁν*, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνὸς ὄπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, *οι*, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, *ητος, ῆ*, nakedness.

γυμνῶ, *f. ὠσω*, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—Pass., of warriors, to be stript of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τεῖχος γυμνῶν the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνῶν βακέων be stript himself of his rags.

γύμνωσις, *εως, ὁ*, (γυμνῶ) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γύναι, voc. of γυνή.

γυναικάριον, *τό*, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναικεῖος, *α, ου*, also *ος, ου*, Ion. γυναικίος, *ῆτις, ῆτιον*, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst., ἡ γυναικίη = γυναικῶν, the women's part of the house.

II. womanish, effeminate.

γυναικίζω, *f. ἴσω*

play the womanish

γυναικόβουλος, *ov*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman*.

γυναικο-γῆρυτος, *ov*, (γυνή, γῆρυ) *proclaimed by women*.

γυναικόθυμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind*.

γυναικο-κρασία, *ῆ*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper*.

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women*.

γυναικομαῖνέω, *to be mad for women*. From γυναικο-μαῖνής, *és*, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) *mad for women*.

γυναικόμῖμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *aping women, womanish*.

γυναικόμορφος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape*.

γυναικο-πληθής, *és*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women*.

γυναικόποινος, *ov*, (γυναικός, ποινή) *woman-avenging*.

γυναικός, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, *ov*, Dor. -φίλας, *a*, (γύνη, φιλέω) *loving women*.

γυναικόφρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind*.

γυναικόφωνος, *ov*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice*.

γυναικών, *ωνος*, *δ*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house*, *opp.* to ἀνδρών.

γυναι-μαῖνής, *és*, = γυναικομαῖνής, *mad for women*.

γύναιον, τό, *Dim.* of γυνή, *a little woman*.

γύναιος, *a*, *ov*, *of or belonging to a woman*. From ΓΥΝΗ', *ῆ*, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι; *pl.* γυναικες, γυναικών, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman*, *Lat. femina*, *opp.* to *man*: *vocat.* γύναι, *a term of respect*, *mistress*, *lady*: *Homer* often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc.

II. a wife, spouse.

III. a mortal woman, *opp.* to a goddess.

IV. the female, mate of animals.

γύννης, *ιδος*, *δ*, (γυνή) *a womanish man, weakling*.

γυπᾶριον, τό, *Dim.* of γύπη, *a nest, eyrie, cranny*.

γυπέσιν, *dat. pl.* of γύψ.

γύπη, *ῆ*, (γύψ) *a vulture's nest*: generally, *a bole, cranny*. Hence

γυπᾶς, *ῆ*, *fem.* *Adj.* *vulture-baunted*.

γυρη-τόμος, *ov*, (γύρος, τεμείν) *tracing a circle*.

ΓΥΡΙΣ, *ως*, *ῆ*, *the finest meal*, *Lat. pollen*.

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ά*, *όν*, *round*, *Lat. curvus*; γυρὸς ἐν ὤμοισι *round-shouldered*.

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a ring, circle*.

ΓΥΨ, γυπός, *δ*, *a vulture*, *Lat. vultur*.

ΓΥΨΟΣ, *ῆ*, *cbalk*. 2. later, *gypsum*. Hence γυψόω, *f. ὦσω*, *to rub over with cbalk*.

γών, *Ion.* for γοῖν, as ὦν for οῖν.

ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ῆ*, *a corner, angle*. *II. a joiner's square*. Hence

γωνιασμός, *δ*, *a squaring the angles*; ἐπὼν γωνιασμός *nicely-fitted, well-finished verses*.

γωνι-ώδης, *es*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular*.

ΓΩΡΤΟΣ, *δ* or *ῆ*, *a bow-case, quiver*.



△, δ, δέλτα, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέτρατος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβελός into ὀδελός.

II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γνόςφος into δα δνόςφος.

III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεύς, ζα- into Δεύς, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράσσομαι into μελίσδω φράσσομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυρνάσσομαι into γυρνάδδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω.

V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος.

VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, ἔδω ἐσθίω.

VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός.

VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δέιλη εἰλη, δῆ ῆ, διάκω λώκω.

δᾶ-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δᾶ-σκιος.

δᾶ, Dor. for γᾶ, γῆ, mostly in *voc.*: *acc.* δᾶν.

δᾶγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα.

δᾶγυς, ὄδος, *a*, *a waxen image*, used in magic rites, *a puppet*. (Thessal. word.) [δ]

δαδουχέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to be a torch-bearer*, esp. in sacred processions. From

δαδ-ούχος, *ov*, (δᾶς, ἔχω) *holding torches*: as Subst., δαδούχος, *ῆ*, *a torch-bearer* at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δαδοφορέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to bear torches*. From

δαδο-φόρος, *ov*, (δᾶς, φέρω) *torch-bearing*.

δαείην, *aor.* 2. opt. of *δᾶω.

δαείς, *aor.* 2. part. of *δᾶω.

δαίω, *Ep.* for δαῶ, *aor.* 2. pass. subj. of *δᾶω.

δαήμεναι, *Ep.* for δαῖναι, *aor.* 2. pass. inf. of *δᾶω.

δαήμων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (δαῖναι) *knowing, experienced in a thing*.

δαῖναι, *aor.* 2. pass. inf. of *δᾶω.

ΔΑΗΡ, ἔπος, *δ*, *voc.* δᾶρ, *a husband's brother, brother-in-law*, answering to γάλως, *ῆ*, *a daughter-in-law*.

δαήσσομαι, *fut.* of *δᾶω.

δαῖνται, 3. sing. *aor.* 2. med. subj. of δαίω (Λ).

δαί, (δῆ) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαί; how so?

δαί, *Ep.* apocop. for δαίδι, *dat.* of δαίς. [Υ]

δαιδάλεος, *a*, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, *cunningly or curiously wrought*. From

δαιδάλλω, used only in *pres. act.*; but *pass. aor.* I ἐδαδάλθην, *pf.* δεδαῖδαμαι:—*to work cunningly, work with curious art*: *to deck out, embellish*. Hence

δαδάλμα, ατος, τό, *a work of art*
 δαδάλμεις, εσσα, εν, = δαδάλεος.
 δαδάλω-εργός, όν, (δαδάλος, έργον) *curiously*
working.

ΔΑΙΔΑΛ'ΑΟΣ, η, ον, Adj. *cunningly* or *curiously*
wrought; δαδάλα πάντα *all cunning works*. II.
 as prop. n., Δαδάλος, ό, *Daedalus*, i. e. *the cunning*
worker, the Artist, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary
 with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a
 χορός (q. v.) for Ariadne.

δαδάλω-χείρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (δαδάλος, χείρ) *cunning*
of hand.

δαδάλω, = δαδάλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαδάλωσέμεν.

δαίω, f. έω: aor. I έδάίω:—Pass., aor. I part. δαί-
 χθής: pf. part. δεδαίγμενος: (δαίω):—*to cleave*
asunder, χιτώνα περί στήθεσσι δαίει; δεδαίγμενος
 ήτορ *pierced through the heart*:—also of doubts, έδαί-
 ξετο θυμός ενι στήθεσιν *his soul was divided within*
him; δαίόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια *divided in*
mind between two opinions. Hence

δαί-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δαίς, κτείνω) or in two words
 δαί κτάμενος, *slain in battle*.

δαίκτηρ, ήρος, and δαίκτης, ού, ό, (δαίω) only
 joined with masc. Subst. *heart-cleaving*.

δαίμων, (δαίμων) *to be subject to an avenging*
deity; δαίμονα δόμος κατοίς *the house is plunged by*
the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαίμονα άχη *to*
have griefs decreed one. II. absol. *to be possessed*
by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.

δαίμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) *to have an allotted*
fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαίμονισθείς, *to*
be possessed by a devil.

δαίμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαίμόνιος) *the Deity,*
Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. *numen*. II.

the δαίμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings,
 demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which So-
 crates called his *genius*. 3. in N. T. an *evil spirit*.

δαίμόνιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (δαίμων): I. used
 by Homer only in vocat. δαίμόνιε, in good sense,
noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, *unhappy*
man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, *my fine fellow!*
my good sir! II. of things proceeding from the

Deity or from Fate; εἰ μή τι δαίμόνιον εἴη were it
 not a divine intervention; τὰ δαίμονια *divine visita-*
tions. III. of persons, *divine, godlike*.

δαίμον-ώδης, es, (δαίμόνιον, είδος) *devilish*.

δαίμονίως, Adv. of δαίμόνιος, *marvellously, strangely*.

δαίμων, ονος, ό, ή, (δαίω) a god, goddess. II.

the Deity, Lat. *numen*: *fate, destiny, fortune*, good or
 bad; πρὸς δαίμονα *against fate*; σὺν δαίμονι *with the*
favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., *death*, like
 Lat. sors.

III. one's genius, one's lot or for-

tune. IV. δαίμονες was a name given to the
 souls of men of the golden age, who formed the con-
 necting link between gods and men: hence later, *de-*
parted souls, Lat. *manes, lemures*. V. an *evil*
spirit, devil.

δαίμων, ό, as Adj., = δαίμων, *skilled in a thing*.

δαίνυ, Ep. for έδαινν, 3 sing. impf. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυ', Ep. for έδαιννο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυατο, for έδαινντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνυη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίννμι.

δαίννμι, also δαίννω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνν: fut.

δαίσω: aor. I έδαισα: (δαίς):—*to give a banquet* or

feast; δαίνν δαίτα γέρονσι *he gave a feast to the*
elders; δαίννεν τινά *to feast a person*. II. Med.

δαίννμαι, fut. δαίσομαι: aor. I έδαισάμην:—*to have a*

feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαίτα, κρέα, etc.,

to feast on, consume, eat: *to eat, burn* like poison.

δαίννο, Ep. for έδαιννο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίννμι.

δαίνντο, Ep. for δαίνναιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαί-

ννμι.

δαίος, α, ον, also os, ον: Ion. and Hom. δήϊος, η,

ον: Att. contr. δῆος: (δαίω, δαίς):—*hostile, destruc-*

tive: as epith. of fire, *burning, consuming*: in pl.

δαίιοι, *enemies*. 2. *unhappy, wretched*. II.

(δαήναι) *knowing, cunning*.

δαίρω, f. δαρώ: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poet. for δέρω,

δείρω, *to flay, cudgel*.

δαίς (A), gen. δαίδος, Att. contr. δᾱς, δᾱδος, ή,

(δαίω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. *taeda*:—*pine-*

wood, such as torches were made of. II. *war,*

battle, ή, mostly in apocope dat. δαί and acc. δάιν.

δαίς (B) gen. δαυός, ή, (δαίω B) a meal, feast, ban-

quet, Lat. *DAPES*. 2. *meat* or food itself.

δαίσασθαι, δαίσάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med.

of δαίννμι.

δαίταλεύς, έως, ό, (δαίννμι) a guest, banquetter.

δαίτη, ή, poet. for δαίς, a feast, banquet.

δαίτηθεν, Adv. of δαίτη, from a feast.

δαίτρεω, f. σω, (δαίτρος) to cut up or carve, to por-

tion out, distribute.

δαίτρον, τό, (δαίω B) one's portion.

δαίτρος, ό, (δαίω B) a carver, distributor. Hence

δαίτροσύνη, ή, the art of carving: a helping at table.

δαίτῳ, όνος, ό, (δαίς B) an invited guest. 2. in

plur. *guests who bring each his own provisions*.

δαίς, ύος, ή, Ion. for δαίς, a meal.

δαί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δαίς, φρήν): of warlike

mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαήναι) of

knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.

δαίχθεις, aor. I part. of δαίω.

ΔΑΙ'Ω (A), = καίω, only used in pres. and impf., to

light up, kindle; δαίε ό έκ κύρθος πῦρ, she (sc.

Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor.

I part. δασθείς: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:—*to burn, blaze*;

δαίεται όσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf.

δέδηα, plqpf. έδεδήεν, poet. δεδήεν; πόλεμος δέδηε

war blazes forth; όσσα δεδήει the report spread like

wild-fire.

ΔΑΙ'Ω (B), to divide, part out, distribute; in Act.

sense δαίω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαίωμα;

Med., κρέα δαίμενος *distributing portions* of meat;

Pass., δαίεται ήτορ *my heart is divided*; Ep. 3 pl.

δεδαίεαται.—But έδαισα, έδαισάμην belong to δαίννμι:

δασομαι, έδασάμην, δέδαμαι το κατόματι.

δακέ-θυμος, *ov*, = *δηξίθυμος*, *heart-eating*.

δάκε, *Ep.* for *ἔδακε*, 3 *sing. aor. 2* of *δάκνω*.

δακεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of *δάκνω*.

δάκετον, *τό*, = *δάκος*, a *venomous animal*.

δακνάζω, *poët.* for *δάκνω*: *Pass.* to be sore vexed.

ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, *f. δήξομαι*: *pf. δέδηχα*: *aor. 2 ἔδακν*:

Ep. inf. δακέειν:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1 ἔδηχθην*: *pf. δέδηγμα*: —to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; *στόμον δάκνειν* to *chomp* the bit; *δάκνειν ἑαυτὸν* to *bite one's lips* for fear of laughing. II. *metaph. to bite, sting, prick*:—*Pass.*, *καρδίαν δέδηγμα* I was vexed at heart.

δάκος, *eos*, *τό*, (*δακεῖν*) an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ, *vos*, *τό*, *poët.* for *δάκρυν*, a tear, *Lat.*

LACRYMA. II. a drop, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δάκρυ*.

δακρύμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*δακρύω*) that which is wept for, a subject for tears. II. a tear.

δακρυ-γόνος, *ov*, (*δακρύ*, **γίνομαι*) author of tears.

δακρύεις, *εσσα*, *ev*, (*δάκρυν*) tearful; of persons, much weeping; of things, calling forth tears:—*δακρυ-δεν γελάσαι*, as *Adv.*, to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ'ΟΝ, *τό*, = *δάκρυ*: *Ep. gen. pl. δακρυόφι*.

δακρυ-πλώω, (*δάκρυ*, *πλέω*) to swim with tears.

δακρυροέω, *f. ἴσω*, to melt into tears. From

δακρύρ-ροος, *ov*, (*δάκρυ*, *ρέω*) melting into tears.

δακρύσα, *Ep. aor. 1* of *δακρύω*.

δακρυσί-στακτος, *ov*, (*δάκρυ*, *στάζω*) dropping with tears.

δακρυσά, *Dor.* for *δακρύσω*.

δακρύτος, *ή, όν*, *verb. Adj.* of *δακρύω*, wept over, tearful.

δακρυ-χαρής, *ές*, (*δάκρυ*, *χαίρω*) rejoicing in tears.

δακρυ-χέων, *ουσα*, *ov*, a participial *Adj.*, (*δάκρυ*,

χέω) shedding tears, weeping.

δακρύω [*ῶ*], *fut. ῶω*: *aor. 1 ἔδακρύσα*: *pf. δεδάκρυκα*: (*δάκρυ*):—to weep, shed tears:—*pf. pass. δεδάκρῦμαι*, to be tearful, be all in tears; *part. δεδακρῦμένος*, all in tears: *c. acc. cognato*, *δακρύνειν γόους* to utter tearful groans. II. *transit. to weep* for a thing, lament:—*Pass.* to be wept for. III. *δ.*

βλέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, *ες*, (*δάκρυ*, *εἶδος*) like tears: tearful.

δακτύληθρα, *ή*, (*δάκτυλος*) a finger-sheath.

δακτύλιδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δάκτυλος*, a toe.

δακτύλικός, *ή, όν*, (*δάκτυλος*) of or for the finger, *Lat. digitalis*: αὐλὸς *δακτυλικός* a flute played with the fingers. II. of metre, *dactylic*.

δακτύλος, *δ*, (*δάκτυλος*) a ring, seal-ring.

δακτύλο-δακτός, *όν*, (*δάκτυλος*, *δείκνυμι*) pointed at with the finger, as in Horace *digito monstrari*.

δακτύλο-εἰδής, *ές*, (*δάκτυλος*, *εἶδος*) like a finger.

δάκτυλος, *δ*, *plur. δάκτυλοι*, *poët.* also *δάκτυλα*: (*δείκνυμι*):—a finger, *Lat. digitus*; ἐπὶ *δακτύλων* *συμβάλλεσθαι* to reckon on the fingers. 2. *δάκτυλος τοῦ ποδὸς* a toe; also without *ποδός*, like *Lat. digitus*. II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{16}$ of an inch.

III. a metrical foot, *dactyl*, — *υ υ υ*; e. g. *ἄλιος*.

δακτύλο-τριπτος, *ov*, (*δάκτυλος*, *τρίβω*) worn by the fingers.

δᾱλέομαι, *Dor.* for *δηλέομαι*.

δᾱλῶν, *τό*, *Dim.* of *δᾱλός*.

δᾱλός, *δ*, (*δᾱλῶ*) a firebrand, piece of blazing wood.

II. a burnt out torch, of an old man.

III. a beacon-light.

δᾱμάζω, later form of *δαμάω*: see *δαμάω*.

δᾱμαῖος, *δ*, (*δαμάω*) *epith.* of Neptune, the Tamer.

δᾱμάλη, *ή*, = *δάμαλις*.

δᾱμάλη-βοτος, *ov*, (*δαμάλη*, *βόσκω*) fed on by young cattle.

δαμαλη-φάγος, *ov*, (*δαμάλη*, *φαγεῖν*) beef-eating, *epith.* of Hercules.

δᾱμᾱλίζω, *f. ἴσω*, *poët.* form of *δαμάω*, to subdue.

δᾱμάλις, *εως*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) a young cow, heifer, calf, *Lat. juvenca*. II. like μόσχος, a girl.

δᾱμάλος, *δ*, (*δαμάω*) a calf, *Lat. vitulus*.

δᾱμαρ, *αρτος*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) a wife, spouse.

δαμάσδω, *Dor.* for *δαμάζω*.

δᾱμασίμ-βροτος, *ov*, (*δαμάω*, *βροτός*) man-subduing.

δᾱμάσ-ιππος, *ov*, (*δαμάω*, *ἵππος*) horse-taming.

δᾱμάσις, *εως*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*) a taming, subduing.

δαμασί-φρων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (*δαμάω*, *φρήν*) heart-subduing.

δᾱμασί-φως, *ωτος*, *δ*, *ή*, (*δαμάω*, *φώς*) man-subduing.

δᾱμάτειρα, *ή*, *fem. Subst.* a tamer.

Δᾱμάτερ, *Dor.* *vocat.* from *Δημήτηρ*.

Δᾱ'Μᾱ'Ω, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* *δαμάω*, 3 *pl.* *δαμόωσι*: *fut.*

δαμάσω [*μᾱ*], *Ep.* *δαμάσσω*: *aor. 1 ἔδᾱμασα* *Ep.* *ἔδᾱμασσα*, *δαμάσσα*: *pf. δεδάμακα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1 ἔδηθην*, *part. δηθείς*; *aor. 2 ἔδᾱμην*, *inf. δᾱμῆναι*, *part.*

δαμείς: *pf. δέδημαι*:—another *aor. 1 part. δᾱμασθείς*, *pf. part. δεδαμασμένος* are found, as if from *δαμάζω*.

To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower. II. of maidens, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, *Lat. subigere*. III. generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—*Pass.* to be subject, to obey. 2. to slay, kill.

δᾱμείην, *aor. 2 opt. pass.* of *δαμάω*.

δᾱμείω, *Ep.* for *δαμῶ*, *aor. 2 pass. subj.* of *δαμάω*: 2 and 3 *pass. δαμῆτες*, —*ηη*, *Ep.* for *δαμῆς*, *δαμῆ*: 2 *pl. δαμείτε*, for *δαμῆτε*.

δᾱμέν, *Ep.* for *ἔδᾱμην*, 3 *pl. aor. 2 pass.* of *δαμάω*.

δᾱμήμεναι, *Ep.* for *δαμῆναι*, *aor. 2 pass. inf.* of *δαμάω*.

δᾱμνα, *Ep.* for *ἔδᾱμνα*, 3 *sing.*, *impf.* of *δᾱμνημι*.

δᾱμνῶ, 3 *sing.* of *δαμνᾶω*; also 2 *sing. pres. Med.* of *δᾱμνημι*.

δαμνᾶω, = *δαμάω*, only in *pres.* and *impf.*

δᾱμνημι, = *δαμάω*:—*Pass.* and *Med. δᾱμναμαι*.

δᾱμος and δᾱμόσιος, *α, ov*, *Dor.* for *δημ-*.

δᾱμόωσι, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* of *δαμάω*.

δᾱμώματα, *τά*, (*δαμος*) hymns sung in public.

δᾱν, *Dor.* for *δῆν*, γῆν:—οὐ δᾱν, *No*, by earth!

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ', *oi*, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: **Δαναῖδαι**, *ων*, *oi*, the sons or descendants of Danaus: **Δαναίδες**, *αι*, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. **Δαναώτατος**, oldest of the Danaans. [Δᾶ]

δάνειζω, *f. είω*: *pf.* δέδανεκα, *pass.* δεδάνεισαι: (δάνος):—*to put out money at usury, to lend*:—*Pass.*, of the money, *to be lent*:—*Med.* *to have lent to one, to borrow*.

δάνειον, *τό*, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.

δάνεισμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.

δάνεισμός, *ός*, (δανείζω) money-lending.

δανειστής, *οῦ*, *ός*, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer.

δανειστικός, *ής*, *όν*, (δανείζω) disposed to lend.

ΔΑΝΟΣ, *εος*, *τό*, a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debt.

δάνός, *ής*, *όν*, (δαίνω A) burnt, dried, parched.

δάος, *εος*, *τό*, (δαίνω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch.

δαπάνάω, *f. ήσω*:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I ἐδανρήθην, *pf.* δεδανρήμην, both used also in *med.* sense:—*to spend*; **δαπανᾶν** *εις τι* *to spend upon a thing*:—*Med.* *to spend of one's own*. II. Causal, **δαπανᾶν τὴν πόλιν** *to put the state to expense, exhaust the state*. From

ΔΑΠΑΝΗ, *ή*, cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending.

δαπάνημα, *ατος*, *τό*, money spent, expense. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πᾶ]

δαπάνημα, *ατος*, *τό*, money spent, expense.

δαπανήρός, *ός*, *όν*, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. *-πως*, expensively.

δάπανος, *ον*, = δαπανήρός, extravagant.

δά-πεδον, *τό*, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in *pl.* plains, flat country.

ΔΑΠΙΣ, *ιδος*, *ής*, = τάπησ, a carpet, rug. [ᾶ]

δαπτέμεν, *Ep.* for δάπτειν, *inf.* of δάπτω.

ΔΑΠΤΩ, *f. δάψω*, *to devour*.

Δαρδάνος, *ός*, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., **Δάρδανος** *άνήρ* a Trojan, mostly in *plur.* Δάρδανοι: **Δαρδάνιος**, *α*, *ον*, Trojan: **Δαρδανίς**, *ιδος*, *ής*, a Trojan woman: **Δαρδανία**, *ή*, Troy: **Δαρδανίδης**, *ον*, *ός*, a son or descendant of Dardanus: **Δαρδανίωες**, *οί*, sons of Dardanus.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, *to devour*.

δारेикος or **δारेикος** **στατήρ**, *ός*, a Persian gold coin: = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian *darā*, a king, cf. **Δάρεϊος**, like our sovereign.)

Δάρεϊος, *ός*, Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρξείης, *q. v.*: a Greek form of Persian *darā*, a king.

δαρήσομαι, *fut.* 2 *pass.* of δέρω.

ΔΑΡΘΑΝΩ: *aor.* 2 ἐδάρθον, *poët.* ἐδρᾶθον:—*to sleep*. Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδάρθανω.

δάρδ-βιος, *ον*, = δηρόβιος.

δάρός, *ός*, *όν*, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.

δάρῶ, *fut.* of δέρω.

δαs, *gen.* δαδός, *ής*, Att. contr. for δαίς.

δάσασθαι, *aor.* I *med.* *inf.* of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δάσασκετο; I *pl. opt.* δασαίμεθα: *δασεῖται* is *fut. Dor.* Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασέως, *Adv.* of δασύς; δασέως *έχειν* *to be bairy*.

δά-σκίος, *ον*, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.

δάσμευσις, *εως*, *ής*, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.

δασμολογέω, *f. ήσω*, *to exact as tribute*: c. *dupl.*

acc., *to exact tribute from a person*. Hence

δασμολογία, *ή*, collection of tribute.

δασμο-λόγος, *ός*, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.

δασμός, *ός*, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.

δασμοφορέω, *f. ήσω*, *to pay tribute*:—*Pass.*, δασμοφορεῖται *τινι* *tribute is paid one*. From

δασμο-φόρος, *ον*, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

δάσομαι, *fut.* of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.

δασ-πλής, *ήτος*, *ός*, *ής*, and **δασ-πλήτης**, *ής*, (δα-, πλήσσω) horrid, frightful.

δάσσοσθαι, *Ep.* for δάσασθαι, *q. v.*

δασύ-θριξ, *τρίχος*, *ός*, *ής*, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired.

δασύ-κερκος, *ον*, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.

δασύ-κνημος, *ον*, and **δασυ-κνήμων**, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (δασύς, κνήμη) shaggy-legged.

δασύ-μαλλος, *ον*, (δασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.

δασύνω [ῶ], *f. ἔνῶ*, (δασύς) *to make rough or bairy*: *Pass.* *to become rough or bairy*.

δασύ-πους, *ποδός*, *ός*, (δασύς, πούς) bairy-foot, i. e. a hare or rabbit.

δασυ-πώγων, *ανος*, *ός*, *ής*, (δασύς, πώγων) with shaggy beard.

ΔΑΣΥΤΣ, *εἰα*, *ύ*, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with hair, bairy, rough: *dasyus*, *opp.* *to ψιλός*: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδα *a lettuce with the leaves on*.

II. like Lat. *densus*, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, *ον*, (δασύς, στέρνον) shaggy-breasted.

δασυ-χαίτης, *ον*, *ός*, (δασύς, χαίτη) shaggy-haired.

δατέομαι, *fut.* δάσομαι: *aor.* I ἐδασάμην *Ep.* ἐδασάμην: *pf.* δέδαμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπασάμην): *Dep.*:—*to divide among themselves, to share in*: *to tear in pieces*; *χθόνα ποσὰ δατέοντο* *they measured the ground with their feet*.

2. *to cut in two*. 3. *to divide or distribute to others*.

δατεύντω, *Aeol.* 3 *pl. impf.* of δατέομαι.

δατήριος, *α*, *ον*, (δατέομαι) distributing; and

δατήτης, *οῦ*, *ός*, a distributor.

δαφναῖος, *α*, *ον*, *of or belonging to a laurel*. From **ΔΑΦΝΗ**, *ή*, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.

δαφνηφορέω, *f. ήσω*, *to bear laurel-boughs*. From **δαφνη-φόρος**, *ον*, (δαφνη, φέρω) planted with laurels.

II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφνιάκος, *ής*, *ίν*, (δαφνη) belonging to a laurel.

δαφνο-γηθής, *ές*, (δαφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the laurel.

δαφνό-κομος, *ον*, (δαφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned.

δαφν-ώδης, *ες*, (δαφνη, είδος) laurelled.

δαφ-φοινέος, *όν*, = δαφινός; *α*, *ος* *αἵματι* a garment: *α* *with blood*

δαφυνός, ὄν, (δα-, φυνός) of wild beasts, *blood-red, tawny*; or perhaps *bloody, murderous*.

δαφιλία, ἡ, *abundance, plenty*. From δαφιλής, ἐς, (δάπτω) *abundant, plentiful*: of persons, *liberal, profuse*. Adv. δαφιλῶς, *lavishly*: Sup. δαφιλίστατα.

*ΔΑΨ, an old root meaning *to learn*, which sometimes takes a causal sense, *to teach*: I. Causal, *to teach*: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδασε, *he taught*, like Lat. *doceo*; later also ἐδασον.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. *to learn*: fut. δαήσομαι (ἐμεῦ δαήσεται *thou wilt learn from me*): pf. δεδάκηκα, part. δεδηκώς, δεδάως, also pass. δεδημένος: aor. 2 ἐδάην, subj. δαῶ, Ep. δαίω, inf. δάηναι, Ep. δάηναι, part. δαίς:—from δέδασα, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάσθαι, *to search out*.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκομαι.

δᾶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

ΔΕ, but: conjunctive Particle, with an *opposing* or *adversative* force. It answers to μέν, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while, on the other hand*, see μέν. 2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and, further*.

II. δέ properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—δε, enclitic Particle: joined

I. to names of Places in acc., to denote *motion towards*, as if it were an enclitic preposit: οἰκόνδε *home-wards*, Οὐλυμπόνδε *to Olympus*, θύραζε (for θύρασδε) *to the door*; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., ὄνδε δόμενδε; and sometimes even after εἰς, as εἰς ἅλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, Ἀθήναζε, Θήβαζε (for Ἀθήνασδε, Θήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes *purpose only*, μήτι φόβονδ' ἀγύρευε *speak naught tending to fear*.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, δδε, τοιούσδε, etc., such a man as *this*, Att. δδί, etc.

δέα, ἡ, Dor. for θεά, Lat. *dea*.

δίᾱτο, Ep. for ἐδέατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέαμαι, = δοκέω, *be seemed*.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι.

δεδάσθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of *δάω.

δέδασε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *δάω.

δεδάκηκα, δεδάημαι, pf. act. and pass. of *δάω.

δεδαίεσθαι, Ion. for δέδαινανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαίγμενος, pf. pass. part. of δαίω.

δεδαδάλμενος, part. pf. pass. of δαδάλλω.

δέδᾱκον, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δεδαργμαι, Att. for δέδαρημαι, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δεδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δάρω.

δεδαομαι, pf. pass. of δατέομαι.

δεδαός, pf. act. part. of *δάω.

δέδεγμαι, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δέκνυμι).

δέδέημαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, *to want*.

δεδέξομαι, paullo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδαπνάναι, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδειχα, δέδειγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέκνυμι.

δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δεδέχεται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι εισί, 3 plur. pf. of δέχομαι.

δέδεημαι, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδεη, δεδέη, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of δαίω.

δεδήμεναι, pf. pass. of δημέω.

δεδήσομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, *to bind*.

δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δέδια, pf., with. pres. sense, of δείδω; imperat. δέδιθι; part. δεδιώς.

δεδιακόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκω.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διατάω.

δεδίσκομαι, = δειδίσκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δειδίσσομαι.

δεδίλωμαι, pf. pass. of διώκω.

δεδμήατο, Ion. for ἐδεδμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δέδηκα, pf. of δέμω.

δέδημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δέδηκτο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δέδογμα, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδοικα, pf. with. pres. sense of δείδω.

δεδοίκα, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδόκημαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δεδοκήμενος, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., *waiting for, lying in wait*.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκιμάζω.

δέδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δεδόναντο, Dor. for ἐδεδόνητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of ἐέρκομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of δουπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δέδρακα, pf. of διδράσκω, also of δράω.

δέδραμαι, pf. med. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from *δράμειν).

δέδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from *δρέμω).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος, ἡ, on, resolved form of δηλος.

δεηθήτε, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of δέομαι.

δέημα, ατος, τό, (δέομαι) a *prayer, entreaty*.

δέησις, εως, ἡ, (δέομαι) an *entreaty*.

δέησομαι, fut. med. of δέω, *to want*.

ΔΕΙΓ; subj. δέη contr. δῆ; opt. δέοι; inf. δεῖν; part. δέον Att. δεῖν: imperf. εἶει Ion. εἶδε: fut. δεήσει: aor. I εἰδήσε. Impers. from δέω, *to bind*: I. c. acc. et inf., δέι τινα ποιῆσαι *it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought*, Lat. *oportet, decet*; so, δέι τινα ὅπως ποιήσει.

II. c. gen. *there is need of*, Lat. *opus est re*; πολλοῦ δέι *there wants much, far from it*; ὀλίγου δέι *there wants little, all but*; πλεονος δέι *it is still further from it*:—with the person added, δέι μοί τινος, Lat. *opus est mihi re*.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) *a sample, proof, specimen*, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγμάτιζω, f. σω, *to make a show of*.

δείδεκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of **δείκνυμι**, in sense of impf., *to welcome*: **δειδέχεται**, for **δεδεγμένοι εἰσί**, 3 plur. perf.: **δειδέχαστο**, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) *cowardly*.

δείδια, ας, ε, like δέδια, pf. of **δείδω** with pres. signif., *I fear*; plur. **δείδιμεν**, **δείδιτε**; imperat. **δείδιθι**; inf. **δείδιμεν**; part. **δειδιώς**, dual **δειδιότε**: **δείδισαν**, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδίσκομαι, Dep. (δείκνυμι) *to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail*; **δειδίσκετο δέπαι** *he bailed with the cup*. 2. = **δείκνυμι**, *to shew*.

δειδίσσομαι, Att. **δεδιττομαι**: fut. **ίσομαι**: aor. I **έδειδάμην**: (δείδω):—Causal of **δείδω**, *to frighten, alarm*.

δείδοικα, Ep. for **δέδοικα**, q. v.

ΔΕΙΔΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., *I fear*: fut. **δείσομαι**: aor. I **έδεισα** Ep. **έδδισα**: pf. in pres. sense **δέδοικα**; also **δέδια**, Ep. **δείδια** (see **δείδια**): 3 pl. plqpf. **δείδισαν**, Ep. **δείδισαν**: I. intr. *to be afraid, to fear*, mostly with **μή** .., like Lat. *vereor ne* .., *I fear it is* ..; but, **δείδω μή ού** .., *vereor ne non* .., *vereor ut* .., *I fear it is not*. 2. c. inf. *to fear to do*. 3. **δείδω** περί τινι *to be alarmed or anxious about*. 4. c. acc. *to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of*. 5. perf. part. τὸ **δειδιώς**, *one's fearing, one's fear*, like **δέος**.

δειδιῶ, f. ἦσω: aor. I **έδειελίσα**: (δείελος):—*to wait till evening*. **δειελινός**, ἡ, ὄν, = sq., *at evening*. From **δείελος**, ον, (δείλη) *of or belonging to evening*; **δείελον** ἡμαρ *eventide*. II. as Subst., **δείελος** (sub. ὥρη), = **δείλη**, *evening*. **δεικανάσκει**, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of **δεικνάναι**. **δεικνάνω**, = **δείκνυμι**, *to point out, shew*. II. Med. = **δείκνυμι**, **δέχομαι**, *to salute, welcome, greet*. **δεικανόωντο**, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of **δεικνάναι**.

δεικνέον and **δεικνέλον**, τό, (δείκνυμι) *a representation, exhibition*. **δείκνυ**, Ep. shortened form of **δείκνυσι**. **δεικνύμεν**, -ύμεναι, Ep. for **δεικνύναι**. [ῥ]

ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and **δεικνύω**, imperat. **δείκνυ** or **δείκνυε**: fut. **δείξω** Ion. **δέξω**: aor. I **έδειξα** Ion. **έδεξα**: pf. **δέδειχα**:—Pass., fut. **δείξήσομαι**, and fut. 3 **δείξομαι**: aor. I **έδείχην** Ion. **έδέχην**: pf. **δέδειγμα**; on the forms **δειδέχεται**, **δείδεκτο**, see below II:—*to shew, point out*, Lat. *monstro*; impers. **δείξει**, *time will shew*; **δεικνύναι εἰς τινα** *to point towards a person*. 2. *to bring to light, display*; **θεὸς ἡμῖν δείξε τέρας** *the god shewed us a marvel*:—Med. **δείκνυμαι**, *to set before one*. 3. *to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach*: **δείξαν** ἔτοιμοι *ὄντες* *they shewed that they were ready*. 4. *of accusers, to inform against*. II. pres. part. **δεικνόμενος** =

δεχόμενος, **δεξιούμενος**, *welcoming, greeting*: 3 pl. pf. **δειδέχεται**, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. **δείδεκτο**, **δειδέχαστο**, are used in the same sense; **τοὺς μὲν κυπέλλοις δειδέχαστο** *they pledged them with the cup*; **δειδέχαστο μῦθοις *they greeted them with words*.**

δεικτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of **δείκνυμι**, *to be shewn*. II. **δεικτέον** [ἐστίν], impers., *one must shew*.

δειλαιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of **δειλός**, *fearful*: and so *wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable*.

δειακρίων, ανος, ὁ, properly, *a coward*, but mostly in addresses, *poor fellow!* From

δείλ-ακρος, α, ον, (δειλός, **ακρος**) *very pitiable*.

ΔΕΙΛΗ (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly, *the time when the day is hottest*, i. e. *just after noon*; then generally, *afternoon*, **έσσεται ἡ ἡὺς ἡ δειλή ἡ μέσον ἡμαρ**: **δειλή πρωτα** and **δειλή ὕψια** *early and late afternoon*; afterwards **δειλή** alone stood for *the later part of the afternoon, evening*; **δείλης** or **δείλην**, as Adv., *in the evening*.

δειλία, ἡ, (δειλός) *timidity, cowardice*; **δειλήν ὀφ- λαίν** *to be charged with cowardice*.

δειλιάω, f. ἄσω, (δειλία) *to be afraid*.

δειλομαι, Dep. (δειλή) *to decline towards evening*. **δειλός**, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος, **δείδω**) *cowardly, craven*: *vile, worthless*. II. *miserable, wretched, unhappy*, like Lat. *miser*. Adv. -ᾶως.

δεῖμα, ατος, τό, (δείδω) *fear, affright*. II. *an object of fear, a terror, horror*. Hence **δειμαίνω**, only used in pres. and impf., *to be afraid, to be alarmed*: c. acc. *to fear a thing*.

δειμᾶλέος, α, ον, (δεῖμα) *timid*. II. *horrible, fearful*.

δεῖμας, aor. I part. of **δέμω**.

δεῖματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of **δέμω**.

δειμαῖσθε, ἐσσε, εν, (δεῖμα) *frightened*.

δειμαῖτόω, f. ὥσω, (δεῖμα) *to frighten*.

δειμόμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of **δέμω**.

δειμός, ὁ, (δέος) *fear, terror*, Lat. *timor*.

δεῖν, inf. of **δέω**.

II. Att. for **δέον**, part. neut. of **δεῖν**, as **πλεῖν** for **πλέον**.

ΔΕΙΝΑ, ὁ, ἡ, τό, gen. **δεινός**, dat. **δεῖνι**, acc. **δεῖνα**, *such an one, a certain one*, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. **δεῖν**.

δεινο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (δεινός, **τίθημι**) *a knave*.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, **λέγω**) *to complain loudly*.

δεινο-παθῶ, f. ἡσω, (δεινός, **πάθος**) *to complain loudly of suffering*.

δεινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. **ποδός**, (δεινός, **πούς**) *terrible of foot*.

δεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος):

I. *terrible, fearful*, in milder sense, *awful*: later, τὸ **δεινόν** *danger, sufferings*; οὐδὲν **δεινόι**, *μη* **ἀποστέωσιν** *no fear of their revolting*; **δεινόν ποιεῖν** or **ποιέσθαι** *to take ill*, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, *mighty, powerful*, for good or ill. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, strange*; τὸ **συγγενές τοι δεινόν** *the ties of kin have strange power*. III. the sense of **powerful**.

wondrous, passed into that of *able, clever, skilful*, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν* *clever at talking*; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην* *skilful in his art*. Hence

δεινός, gen. of *δεῖνα*, *δ, ἡ*.

δεινότης, *ἡτος*, *ἡ*, *terribleness: barsbness, sternness.* 2. *natural ability, cleverness.*

δεινός, f. *ώσω*, (*δεινός*) *to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.*

δειν-ωπός, *όν*, (*δεινός*, *ῶπ*) *terrible to behold.*

δεινῶς, Adv. of *δεινός*, *terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.*

δεινῶσις, *εως*, *ἡ*, (*δεινώσι*) *exaggeration.*

δειν-ωψ, *ωπος*, *δ, ἡ*, = *δεινωπος*.

δειξω, fut. of *δείκνυμι*.

δειός, *τό*, Ep. for *δέος*, *fear*.

δειπνεύντες, Dor. for *δειπνοῦντες*.

δειπνέω, f. *ῶσω*: pf. *δεδειπνηκα*, Att. pf. 2 *δέδειπνα*, inf. *δεδειπνάει* (*δείπνον*):—*to make a meal, dine*; in Att. *always to take the chief meal*: c. acc., *δειπνεῖν ἄρτον* *to make a meal on bread*. Hence

δειπνηστός or *δειπνηστος*, *δ*, *meal-time.*

δειπνητήριον, *τό*, (*δειπνέω*) *a supper-room.*

δειπνήτης, *οὔ*, *δ*, *a supper guest.* Hence

δειπνητικός, *ἡ*, *όν*, of or for dinner. Adv. —*κας*, *like a clever cook.*

δειπνίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, (*δείπνον*) *to entertain at dinner.*

δειπνο-λόχος, *η*, *ον*, (*δείπνον*, *λοχάω*) *fibbing for invitations to dinner, parasitic.*

δείπνον, *τό*, *a meal or meal-time*, sometimes = *ἄριστον*, *the early meal*, sometimes = *δύπνον* *the late one*: in Att. *the chief meal*, answering to our *dinner*, Lat. *coena*; ἀπὸ *δείπνον* straight from, i. e. just after, *dinner*. 2. *generally food, provender.*

δειπνοποιέω, *to prepare a meal*: Med. *to dine*. From *δειπνο-ποιός*, *όν*, (*δείπνον*, *ποιέω*) *preparing dinner.*

δειράς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, (*δειρή*) *the ridge of a chain of bills*, like *λόφος*, Lat. *jugum*. II. = *δειρή*, *the neck*.

δείρας, aor. 1 part. of *δέρω*.

ΔΕΙΡΗ', Att. *δέρη*, *ἡ*, *the neck, throat*. II. =

δείρας, *the ridge of a bill*.

δειρο-τομέω, f. *ῆσω*, (*δειρή*, *τέμνω*) *to cut the throat of a person, behead him*, Lat. *jugulo*.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for *δέρω*.

δεισ-ήνωρ, *οπος*, *δ, ἡ*, (*δεῖδω*, *ἀνὴρ*) *fearing man.*

δεισιδαιμονία, *ἡ*, *fear of the gods, religion*. 2.

in bad sense, *superstition*. From

δεισι-δαίμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*δεῖδω*, *δαίμων*) *fearing the gods*: in good sense, *pious, religious*. 2. in bad sense, *superstitious, bigoted*.

ΔΕΚΑ', *οἱ*, *αἱ*, *τά*, indecl., Lat. *DECEM*, our *TEN*, Germ. *ZEHN*: *οἱ δέκα*, *the Ten*, Lat. *Decemviri*: *οἱ δέκα [ἐτη] ἀπ' ἡβης* *those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service*.

δεκά-αρχος, *δ*, (*δέκα*, *ἀρχω*) *a commander of ten men*, Lat. *decurio*.

δεκά-βουος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *βοῦς*) *worth ten oxen*.

δεκαδεύς, *έως*, *δ*, (*δέκα*) *one of a decury or party of ten soldiers*.

δεκά-δυο, *οἱ*, *αἱ*, *τά*, = *δωδέκα*, *twelve*.

δεκά-δωρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *δῶρον* II) *ten palms long or broad*.

δεκά-έτηρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *έτος*) *ten-yearly*.

δεκά-ετής, *ές*, (*δέκα*, *έτος*) *lasting ten years*.

δεκάζω, f. *άσω*, (*δέκα*) *to bribe, corrupt*, Lat. *decu-riare*.

δεκάκις, Adv. (*δέκα*) *ten times: ten-fold*.

δεκά-κλινος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *κλίνειν*) *holding ten dinner-couches*.

δεκά-κύμια, *ἡ*, (*δέκα*, *κύμα*) *the tenth wave*, Lat. *fluctus decumanus*; cf. *τρικυμία*.

δεκά-μηνος and *δεκά-μηναιός*, *ον*, (*δεκά*, *μήν*) *ten months old*. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μινος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *μνᾶ*) *worth ten minae*.

δεκ-άμφορος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *άμφορεύς*) *holding ten άμφορείς*, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. *a very long time ago*.

δεκά-πεντε, *οἱ*, *αἱ*, *τά*, *fifteen*.

δεκά-πηχυς, *υ*, (*δέκα*, *πήχυς*) *ten cubits long*.

δεκά-πλάσιος, *ον*, (*δέκα*) *tenfold*: c. gen. *ten times greater than*: *ἡ δεκαπλασία* (sub. *τιμή*) as Subst. *ten times the amount*.

δεκά-πλεθρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *πλήθρον*) *enclosing ten pletbra* (v. *πλήθρον* II.)

δεκάπλοος, *ον*, contr. —*πλους*, *ον*, = *δεκα-πλάσιος*.

δεκά-πόλις, *ἡ*, (*δέκα*, *πόλις*) *a district including ten cities*, *Decapolis*.

δεκά-πους, *δ, ἡ*, *πουν*, *τό*, gen. *ποδος*, *ten feet long*.

δεκ-άρχης, *ον*, *δ*, (*δέκα*, *ἀρχω*) *a decurion*. Hence

δεκ-αρχία, *ἡ*, *the government of the Ten*.

δεκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, (*δέκα*) *a body of ten men*, Lat. *decuria*. II. *the number ten*.

δεκά-σπορος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *σπείρω*) *consisting of ten seed-times*, i. e. *ten years*.

δεκαταῖος, *α*, *ον*, (*δέκατος*) *on the tenth day*.

δεκα-τάλαντος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *τάλαντον*) *weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents*.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, —*ρα*, *fourteen*.

δεκατεντήριον, *τό*, *the tenths-office, custom-house*: and

δεκατευτής, *οὔ*, *δ*, *a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector*, Lat. *decumanus*. From

δεκατεύω, f. *σω*, (*δεκάτη*) *to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty*, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also *to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports*.

δεκατη-λόγος, *δ*, (*δεκάτη*, *λέγω*) = *δεκατευτής*.

δεκατό-σπορος, *ον*, (*δέκατος*, *σπορά*) *in the tenth generation*.

δέκάτος, *η*, *ον*, (*δέκα*) *tenth*. II. as Subst., *δε-κάτη* (sub. *μέρις*), *ἡ*, *the tenth part, tithe*. 2. *δε-κάτη* (sub. *ἡμέρα*), *ἡ*, *the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth*, when the child

had a name given it; *τὴν δεκάτην θύειν* *to give a feast on the day of naming the child*.

δεκατόω, f. *ώσω*, (*δέκατος*) *to take tithe of a perso*

δεκά-φύλος, *ov*, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.
 δεκά-χάλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκούς) a coin worth ten
 χαλκοί, Lat. *denarius*.

δεκά-χίλοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, *ov*, = δεκέτης.

δεκ-έτης, *ov*, ό, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. II.

ten years old.

δεκ-έτης, ιδος, ή, pecul. fem. of δεκέτης.

δέχομαι, Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, *ov*, (δέκα, όργυιά) ten fathoms long.

δεκτήρ, ήρος, ό, = δεκέτης.

δέκτης, *ov*, ό, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ή, *ov*, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be

received, acceptable, Lat. *acceptus*.

δέκτρια, ή, poet. fem. of δεκτήρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, ορος, poet. for δέκτης, δεκτήρ, one who takes
 upon himself.

δεκ-όργυιος, *ov*, more correct form of δεκ-όργυιος.

δελεάζω, f. άσω, (δέλεαρ) to entice by a bait: to al-
 lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον υἱός

δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΑΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. *esca*.

δελε-άρπαξ, ατος, ό, ή, (δέλεαρ, άρπάξω) greedy of
 the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕ'ΑΤΑ, τό, indecl., v. sub Δ. 2. a name for
 the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.
 of the Nile. so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος.

δελτο-γράφος, *ov*, (δελτος, γράφω) writing on a
 tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ή, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter
 Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν
 the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, f. άσω, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφάκδομαι, Pass. to grow up to pigbood. From

ΔΕ'ΑΦΑΞ, άκος, ό, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, ό, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, *ov*, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;
 κεραία δ. beams with pulleys to lower the dolphins.

ΔΕΛΦΙ'Σ and δελφίν, ήνος, ό, the dolphin. II.

a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which
 was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let
 down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ', *ων*, αι, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo
 in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,
 οι, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in nom. and acc., the body,
 esp. of man: properly the living body, σώμα being
 the corpse; μικρός δέμας small in stature. II.

as Adv., like δίκη, δέμας πυρός αἰθομένοιο in form
 or fashion like burning fire, Lat. *instar ignis*.

δερνιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding: mostly in plur.
 δερνιο-τήρης, *ες*, (δέρνιον, τηρέω) keeping one to
 one's bed; μοῖρα δερνιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ: aor. I act. έδειμα, med. έδειμάμην: pf.

δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., έδει-
 ματο οἶκος be built him houses: generally, to con-
 struct, make; δέμειν ὁδόν Lat. *munire viam*.

δενδύλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρεον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, ώνος, ά, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, *εσσα*, *ev*, woody.

δενδριακός or -ικός, ή, *όν*, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, *ov*, ό, fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος, of or belong-
 ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάττω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρο-κομος, *ov*, (δένδρον, κομή)
 shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕ'ΝΑΡΟΝ, τό, Ion. and Att. δένδρος, *εος*, τό, a
 tree; δένδρον έλας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα
 are fruit-trees, opp. to ύλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ήσω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to
 lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, *ov*, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, *ov*, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρο-φύτος, *ov*, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρ-ώδης, *ες*, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις
 Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, ιδος, ή, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάζω, f. άσω, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕ'ΝΝΟΞ, ό, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. I med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενή, ή, (δένδρον, I part. fem. of δέχομαι)
 a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, Ion. -ή, (fem. of δεξιός, sub. χεῖρ) the right
 hand; εκ δεξιάς on the right hand; δεξιάν διδόναι to
 salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μύλος, *ov*, (δέχομαι, μύλον) receiving sheep,
 rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυῖον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιο-λάβος, ό, (δεξιός, λαβείν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόδομαι, f. ώσομαι: aor. I έδεξιάσασθην: Dep.:—to
 offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟ'Σ, ά, *όν*, Lat. *Dexter*: I. on the
 right hand or side; επί δεξιά to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other
 omens. III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of

the mind, sbreud, clever.

δεξιό-σειρος, ό, (δεξιός, σειρά) harnessed by traces
 on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under
 the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the
 regular pair.

δεξιότης, ήτος, ή, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of
 mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; επί δεξιόφιν to-
 wards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, *ov*, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, *εως*, ή, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, ά, *όν*, poet. right, the
 right; δεξιτερά, like δε
 band; δεξιτερόν, old ad

δεξίωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόμαι) a *pledge of friendship*.
δεξι-ώνυμος, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) *lucky in name*.
δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, *dexterously*: Sup. δεξιότατα.
δεξιόσως, εως, ἡ, (δεξιόμαι) *an offering of the right hand*: *greeting, salutation*: *canvassing*.
δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.
δέχομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.
δέξω, δέχομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.
δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).
δεόν, οντος, τό, Att. δεῖν, part. neut. of the impers.
δεῖ, that which is binding, needful, right, proper; μάλλον τοῦ δεόντος more than needful; ἐν δεόντι (sub. καιρῷ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; εἰς τὸ δεόν for needful purposes. II. used. absol. it being needful; οὐδὲν δεόν there being no need.
δεόν, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind.
δεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.
ΔΕΨΩ, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέος: fear, alarm, affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror, means of inspiring fear.
ΔΕΨΙΑΣ, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέψα; poet. dat. pl. δεάεσσι and δεάσσοι:—a beaker, goblet, chalice.
δερ-άγχη, ἡ, (δέρη, ἄγχω) a collar.
δερ-αγχῆς, ἐς, (δέρη, ἄγχω) ibrothing.
δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.
δεραιο-πίδη, ἡ, (δέραιον, πῆδη) a collar.
δέρας, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
δεράς, ἄδος, ἡ, = δερᾶς.
δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.
δέρη, ἡ, Att. for δερή, the neck.
δερκίσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.
δερκίσκομαι, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.
ΔΕΡΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρξομαι: pf. with pres. sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἔδρακον: also aor. 1 pass. ἔδραχην, aor. 2 ἔδρακην; and aor. 1 med. ἔδραμην, aor. 2 ἔδρακύμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.
δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat. cutis. Hence
δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, leathern.
δέρξατο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of δέρκομαι.
δέρον, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of δέρω.
δέρος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
δέρρις or **δέρις**, εως, ἡ, (δέρος, δέρμα) a leathern covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles. Lat. cilicia.
δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἕω δύνοντες penetrating even to the bowels.
δερχθεῖς, part. aor. 1 of δέρκομαι; δερχθῆναι, imperat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.
ΔΕΡΩ, Ion. δερῶ: fut. δερῶ: aor. 1 δέριρα:—**Pass.** fut. 2 δάρξομαι: aor. 1 ἔδάρην, aor. 2 ἔδάρην

[α]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. II. also to cudgel, thrash.
δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, a bond, fetter. II. a head-band.
δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμός) to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf.
δεσμέω, f. ἥσω, (δεσμός) = δεσμεύω.
δέσμη, ἡ, (δέω) a bundle.
δέσμιον, τό, = δεσμός.
δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.
δεσμός, ό, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond, fetter: a halter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. 2. bonds, imprisonment.
δεσμιο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ό, ἡ, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.
δεσμώω, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence
δέστωμα, ατος, τό, a fetter.
δεσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμός) a prison.
δεσμώτης, ον, ό, (δεσμώω) a prisoner. 2. as Adj. in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμώτ: s. ιδος.
δεσπάζω, f. όσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.
δεσποῖνα, ἡ, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady of the house, Lat. bera: often joined with the name of goddesses.
δεσπότης, ον, = δεσπότης.
δεσποσύνη, ἡ, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.
δεσποσύνης, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσποσύνη.
δεσποτέω, f. ἥσω, = δεσπύω:—Pass. to be despotically ruled.
ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ον, ό, voc. δεσποτᾶ: Dor. nom. δεσπότης: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -εας, but prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord. Hence
δεσποτικός, ἡ, όν, of or for a master. 2. fit to be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.
δεσπότης, ιδος, ἡ, = δεσποῖνα.
δεσποτικός, ό, Dim. of δεσποτής, little master.
δετή (sub. λαμῶς), ἡ, sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot. Fem. of
δετός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.
δεύσκον, Ion. impf. of δέω, to wet.
δεύησεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of δέω, to want.
δευμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) that which is wet, soaked; δευματα κρεῶν boiled flesh.
δευλοατο, poet. for δέουιντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δέω (B).
δευόμαι, v. δέω (B).
δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δέω.
ΔΕΥΡΟ, Adv. of Place, hither, come hither! δεῦρε is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up to this time, hitherto; δεῦρ' αἰεὶ continually up to this time.
Δεύς, Accl. for Ζεύς.

δεύτατος, η, ον, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος.

δεύτε, Adv., plur. of δεῦρο, *bitber!* Come bitber!

δεύτερο-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) the actor who takes the second part, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. the second advocate in a court of law.

δεύτεριος, α, ον, (δεύτερος) on the second day.

δεύτερεία (sub. ἀθλῶ), τῷ, (δεύτερος) the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.

δευτεριάζω, f. ἄσω, to play the second part.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread.

δεύτερος, α, ον, the second, Lat. *secundus*: as a Comp., ἐμείο δεύτεροι after my time: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτις, secondly, next afterwards, a second time. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior: δεύτερος οὐδενός second to none: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, the second prize or place.

III. the second of two; δευτέρη αὐτὴ herself with another.

δευτερο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands in the second file of the Chorus.

ΔΕΥΩ (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον: f. δεύσω: aor. I δευσα:—Pass., pf. δέδεμαι:—to wet, soak, steep; Med., πτερὰ δεύεται ἄλμυρ wets his wings in the brine. II. to fill with liquid, fill up. III. to make to flow, shed.

ΔΕΥΩ (B), f. δεύησω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, to need, miss, want; ἐδεύησεν δ' οὐλίον ἄκρον ἰέσθαι be missed reaching the top of the mast. II. more often as Dep. δεύομαι, f. δεύησομαι:—to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; ἄλλα πάντα δεύει Ἀργείων Ibou art inferior to them in all else.

ΔΕΨΩ, f. δέψω, to soften by working by the band, to make supple, to tan hides.

δεχ-ἄμματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) with ten mesbes.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.

δεχ-ήμερος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) lasting ten days. 2. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δεχνύμαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέφομαι and δεδέφομαι: aor. I ἐδέχην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέμην or δέμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέμενος: Dep.: I. of things, to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι to accept or hail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take rather, to choose.

II. of persons, to receive hospitably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for. III. of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. *excipere*.

δεψέω, f. ἦσαι, Lat. *depsō*, = δέφαω, to soften; δεψήσας κηρὸν having worked wax till it is soft.

δέψω, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδέδεκα:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέβετο:—to bind, tie, fasten, fetter: absol. to imprison. 2. metaph. to bind fast, encabin: later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. gen. to let, prevent, hinder from a thing. II. Med. to bind or tie on oneself: ποσσὶ δ' ὑπὸ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδέσται καλὰ πέδιλα tied them on his feet; but in plqpf. pass., περὶ κνήμησι κνημίδας δέδετο be bad greaves bound round his legs.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δήσω: aor. I ἐδέγησα, Ep. 3 sing. ἔγησεν: pf. δεδέγηκα:—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; ὀλίγον δέω I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω I want much, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγον δέω δακρύσαι I want little of tears; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα forty lacking two, like Lat. *duodeviginti*. II. for δεῖ impers., and δέον, see the words.

III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δεδέγημαι. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a person. 2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part, as κάρτα δεόμενος.

ΔΗ', Particle, properly of Time, now, already; ὁκτὼ δὴ πρόηκα . . διότους already have I shot; πολλάκι δὴ, Lat. *jam saepe*: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὴ οὗτοι χίλιοι these then make up a thousand; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Ἀλγυπτον ἀπῆκετο . . , καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδεις, he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαι well suppose I have accepted.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, do but come, only come; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ the very greatest. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. *scilicet*; εἰσῆγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὴ he brought in the pretended courtesans. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ᾧδε διαθεῖναι thus to use a man like me; σὺ δὴ . . ἐτόλμης; you of all persons. 4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὥς δὴ, ἵνα δὴ, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ὥς δὴ, ἄτε δὴ, ὅλα δὴ in that, inasmuch as.

δη-ἄλωτος, ον, contr. for δηιάλωτος.

δήγμα, αὐτός, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός, ὁ, = δηγμα.

δηθά, = δῆν, Adv. long, for a long time.

δηθεῖ and δηθεν, Adv. (δη) perhaps: I suppose: mostly iron., like Lat. *scilicet*, to wit, forsooth: with ὥς, as if forsooth; ὥς ἄγην δηθεν pretending it was game.

δηθύνω [ν], f. ἔνῳ, (θηθά) to tarry, be long, delay.

δητιάσκον, Ep. impf. of δηῖω.

δηῖ-ἄλωτος, ον, (δηῖος, ἀλάναι) taken by the enemy, captive.

δηῖος, η, ον, Ep. for δαῖος, hostile. Hence δηῖοτης, ἦτος, ῆ, battle-strife, battle.

δηῖω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηων:

impf. ἐδῆλουν Att. ἐδῆουν Ion. ἐδῆυν Ep. δῆουν : fut. δῆώσω : aor. ἐδῆάσα, Att. ἐδῆασα, part. δῆώσας : pf. δεδῆκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆιδοντο : aor. 1 ἐδῆοντο :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδῆάθη, part. δῆωθείς : pf. δεδῆμαι : (δῆος) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτήριος, ov, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.

δηκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.

δῆλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος, δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαίνω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.

ΔΗΛΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἥσομαι : pf. δεδήλῃμαι, inf.

δεδηλῆσθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. delere : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, καρπὸν δηλῆσασθαι to waste the fruit ; ὅρκια δηλῆσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δήλημα, ατος, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.

δηλήμων, ov, gen. ονος, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δήλησις, εως, ἡ, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bane.

δηλητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence

δηλητήριος, ov, baneful, destructive.

Δήλια, τό, v. sub Δήλιος.

Δηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Δήλιος) a Delian woman.

Δήλιος, α, ov, (Δήλος) Delian : τὰ Δήλια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-όν, Adv. for δῆλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. videlicet.

δηλο-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, (δῆλος, ποίω) to make manifest.

Δῆλος, ὁ, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀρτυγία. From

δῆλος, η, ov, also os, ov ; contr. from δέλος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλόω, f. ὥσω. to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. = δηλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἔπειδ' ἐστὶ ἰὶ clear that. . . Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.

δῆλωσις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out, explaining. 2. a direction, command.

δημαγωγέω, f. ἥσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημαγωγία, ἡ, the conduct or character of a public leader : and

δημαγωγικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a popular leader. From

δημ-αγωγός, ὁ, (δημος, ἄγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημακίδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δῆμος.

δημ-ἀρῆτος, ov, (δῆμος, ἀράομαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, f. ἥσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence

δημαρχία, ἡ, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and

δημαρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, tribunician. From

δῆμ-αρχος, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἀρχω) at Athens, the president of a δῆμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. tribunus plebis.

δημευσις, εως, ἡ, confiscation. From

δημεύω, f. σω, (δῆμος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. publicare. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ἥσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator : to harangue the people, Lat. concionari.

δημηγόρια, ἡ, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημηγόρος, ὁ, (δῆμος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. concionator.

δημηλασία, ἡ, exile. From

δῆμ-ήλατος, ov, (δῆμος, εἰαίνω) publicly exiled.

Δημήτηρ, ἡ : gen. τερος and τρος : acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημήτριν : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ) :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δῆμος. [ἰδ]

δημίζω, f. ἴω, (δῆμος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημό-πρῶτα, τά, (δῆμος, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δῆμιος, ov, Dor. δάμιος, α, ov : (δῆμος) :—belonging to the people ; δῆμοι αἰσυνήνται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δῆμα πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δημιος, ὁ, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργέω, f. ἥσω, to be a workman, to work ; and

δημιουργία, ἡ, workmanship, work ; and

δημιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a workman. Adv. -κῶς, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημιο-ουργός, ποστ. δημιο-εργός, ὄν, (δῆμος, ἔργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ὁ, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author : metaph., ὁρβος δημιοεργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ov, (δῆμος, βορά) devourer of the people.

δημο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, (δῆμος, γέρον) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. senatores.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δῆμος) at the public cost. II. by deme or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ov, contr. -θρους, ονν (δῆμος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ἥσω, to curry mob favour ; and

δημοκοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a demagogue. From

δημ-όκοπος, ὁ, (δῆμος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, ov, (δῆμος, κραινώ) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτῃσθαι, Pass. (δῆμος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκρατία, ἡ, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.
 δημό-λευστος, ὄν, (δῆμος, λείω) stoned by the people;
 δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόδομαι, Dep. (δῆμος) to talk popularly, to jest.
 δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δῆμος, πίθηκος) a mod-monkey,
 eebartalan.

δημορ-ρίφης, ἐς, (δῆμος, ῥίπτω) buried by the people.
 ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν
 δῆμῳ Ἰθάκης; μάλα πῖονα δῆμον, etc.

II. the commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δῆμον
 ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεύς; also δῆμος ἑὼν being a com-
 moner.

III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens,
 the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a
 popular constitution, democracy.

IV. δῆμοι in
 Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions
 of the φύλαι; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in num-
 ber, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσίᾳ, Adv. see δημόσιος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr.
 to lead a public life, opp. to ἰδιωτεύω, to belong to the
 state. From

δημόσιος, α, ὄν, (δῆμος) belonging to the people or
 state, Lat. publicus.

II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦ-
 λος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the
 public crier, or watchman.

III. as neut., δημό-
 σιον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica.

2. any public
 building: the public prison.

IV. Doric fem.
 ἡ δημοσία (sub. σπηνή), the tent of the Spartan
 kings. 2. dat. δημοσίᾳ, Ion. -ῃ, as Adv., in pub-
 lic, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιεύω, f. ὦσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.
 δημο-τελής, ἐς, (δῆμος, τέλος) at the public cost,
 public, national.

δημότερος, α, ὄν, (δῆμος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ὄν, ὁ, (δῆμος) one of the people: a com-
 moner, plebeian.

II. a member of the same δῆμος,
 a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δῆμος) suiting the people, com-
 mon: public.

II. of the populace, one of them,
 Lat. plebeius.

III. on the democratic side, Lat.
 popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably,
 kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme,
 opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-οὔχος, ὄν, (δῆμος, ἔχω) protecting the people,
 tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γὰρ guard-
 ians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ὄν, (δῆμος, φάγῃν) = δημοβόρος.

δημ-ο-χαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δῆμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer
 of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δῆμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular,
 common.

δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δῆ, ἥδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a
 long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηνάιος, Dor. δαναιός, ἁ, ὄν, long-lived: aged,
 ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή,
 being about 3/4d.

ΔΗ'ΝΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.
 διξί-θυμος, ὄν, (δάκνω, θυμός) heart-eating.

διξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηοῦν, inf. of δηῖω: but δηῖουν, Ep. impf.

δη-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. unde-
 cunque; ὅθεν δηποθεν from some quarter or other.

δη-ποτε, Dor. δη-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written
 δηποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—εἰ δηποτε,
 Lat. si quando:—τί δηποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δη-που, indef. Adv., often written δη που, perhaps,
 it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum.

II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer;
 τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δήπου; you know the cap-
 tive woman, I presume?

δη-πουθεν, indef. Adv., = δηπου.

δηνάομαι, Ep. 3 dual δηνάασθον, 3 pl. δηνάωντο,
 inf. δηνάσθαι: Dep.: (δῆμις):—to contend, fight:
 to quarrel, wrangle.

δηνυνθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗ'ΡΙΞ, ιος and εως, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δηνρ-φάτος, ὄν, (δῆρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δηνρῶ, aor. I ἐδήρσα, = δηρίαμαι:—Med. δηρίαμαι,
 fut. δηρίαμαι [Ὶ]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίααντο; also
 3 dual aor. I pass. δηνρυνθήτην, as if from δηνρνομαι.

δηνρδ-βιος, Dor. δαρόβιος, ὄν, (δηνρδ, βίος) longlived.

δηνρδς, ἁ, ὄν, (δῆν) long, too long:—in bad sense,
 neut. δηνρὸν as Adv., all too long.

δηνρσάσκω, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of
 δέω.

δῆσε, Ep. for ἐδήσε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind:
 also Ep. for ἐδέησε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δῆτα, Adv. (δῆ) certainly, to be sure, of course; in
 answers, yes certainly; οὐ δῆτα, certainly not. In
 questions, τί δῆτα; what then?

δηνρθεῖς, δηνρθηναί, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of
 δάκνω.

δηνρσας, δηνρθεῖς, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 δηνρῶ.

ΔΗ'Ω, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δηῶ, ἡ, gen. ὄος, contr. οὔς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δηνρ, contr. for δηῖων, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δηῶς, α, ὄν, (Δηῶ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δηνρῶω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δῖ, contr. for Διῖ, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δῖς.

ΔΙΑ', poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic.
 sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out
 at; δι' ἡέρος αἰθέρ' ἵκανεν quite through the lower air
 even to the ether; ἐκπεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood
 out from among them.

2. of Intervals of Space,
 διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων
 at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at in-
 tervals of ten battlements, i.e. at every tenth battle-
 ment.

II. of Time, through, throughout, dur-
 ing, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνου after some
 time.

2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης
 ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἑτῶν every five
 years.

III. arising from, through, by means of,

by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout* the house.

2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*.

II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across*, as in διαβαίνω. 2. *to the end*, as in διαβίω, διαμάχομαι: hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*.

II. *between, partly*, esp. in Adj., as διάλευκος, etc.

III. *one with or against another*, as δι-ῥόδω.

IV. *one from another, asunder*, Lat. *dis-*, as in δια-λύω.

Διά, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, the godlike one, fem. of δῖος; δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, a goddess among goddesses or women.

διαβαδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to go across.

διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς: pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors.

II. c. acc., to step across, step over: also absol., to cross over, like Lat. *trajicere*.

διαβάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across: seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτὸν, σπαρτόν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over.

II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate: to accuse a man to another.

III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβασις, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage. 2. a means or place of crossing.

διαβάσσω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about.

διαβαστάζω, f. ἄσω, to weigh in the balance.

διαβᾶτεος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must be crossed.

διαβατήριος, ov, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage: διαβατήρια (ιερά), τά, offerings for a happy passage.

διαβατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, to be crossed or passed, fordable.

διαβεβαιόμαι, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβίω.

διαβέβληκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβέβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσσω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ov, ὁ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses.

διαβιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

διαβιβάζω, fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

διαβιβρώσσω, f. -βρώσομαι: pf. pass. βέβρωμαι: —to devour.

διαβίω, f. -ύσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην, inf. -βιῶναι (as from a pres. διαβίωμι): —to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωκέναι to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through: to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοάω, f. ἥσομαι, to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish: —Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, ov, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious: —as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, a slanderer; esp. ὁ διάβολος, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv. διαβόλως, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ov, (διαβιβρώσσω) eating through: c. acc., νόσος διαβόρος πόδα a sore that eats through my foot.

II. διάβορος, ov, pass. eaten through, consumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well.

δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

διάρροχος, ov, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ναῖς διάρροχοι soaked, i. e. rotten ships.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσσω.

δια-βύνω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύνω, to thrust through: —Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβῶ, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γάληνίζω, f. ἴσω (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -εῶ: aor. 1 διήγγειλα: —to send as a message: generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim: c. inf. to order to do: —Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-ἄγγελος, ὁ, a messenger between two, Lat. *inter-nuncius*: a go-between, spy.

διᾶγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγένημαι, pf. of διαγίγνομαι.

δια-γελῶ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίγνομαι.

διαγενόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι: —to go through, pass: absol. to go through life, survive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γιγνώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: —to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. *discernere*.

II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so. 2. as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνομαι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίγνώσκω.

δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: (διά, ἀγκύλη) —to hold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass. part. διηγκυλισμένος, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δι-αγκυλόομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. 1 διέγλαφα, to hollow out.

δια-γλυπτός, ἡ, ov, (διά, γλύφω) all carved.

διαγνώμη, ἡ, a final decree, resolution. From

διαγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνώριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to inquire accurately.

διάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (διαγιγνώσκω) a discerning between

two, distinguishing, discrimination. II. a resolving, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter; murmur.

δι-ἀγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out. II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake.

δι-αγριανώ, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άγχω, f. γζω, to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άζω: aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. V. to keep, celebrate. Hence

διαγωγή, ή, a carrying across. II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δασάμαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. I -εδασάμην (cf. δασέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέδεγμα, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαεικνύσθαι εἰς πόλεμος let him be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδειξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, opos, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

δια-δέξιος, ov, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 έδράκον: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' ἂν νῦν διαδράκοι he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ov, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινὸν διάδετοι γενῶν inπείων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρτα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ά): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. άσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f. άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δikaίω, f. άσω, to hold to be right.

δικασια, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεύω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

δια-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

διαδοθείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοξος, ότα, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ή, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; εκ διαδοχής or κατά διαδοχήν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding: as Subst., διάδοχος, ό, a successor: ἵππου φέγγος διάδοχος Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι έφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδράσι-πολίται, ol, (διαδιδράσκω, πολιτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηπτεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμείν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ov, (διαδραμείν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύνω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-αδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

*δια-είδω: f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., άρετή διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δι-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -φάσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-ειπεῖν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of διείπον.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζώσι ποιηγαγόντες: διαζήν από τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, to disjoin. Hence διαζεύξις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.
 διαζητέω, f. ἥσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.
 διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξις.
 διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is gird, the waist. II. that which girds, a girdle. From
 δια-ζώννυμι or -ύω: fut. ζώσω:—to gird round: Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.
 δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.
 δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. διάει, to blow or breathe through.
 δια-θεόμαι, f. άδομαι [ā], Ion. ἥσομαι: Dep.:—to look through, look closely at, examine.
 δια-θεώω, f. άσω, to fumigate.
 διαθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.
 διαθέτης, ου, ό, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.
 δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.
 διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.
 δια-θορύβω, f. ἥσω, to confound utterly.
 δι-αθρέω, f. ἥσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.
 δια-θροέω, f. ἥσω, to spread a report, give out.
 δια-θρύλλω or -θρύλλω, f. ἥσω, to spread abroad:—Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διατεθρυλημένος.
 δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διερύφην [ϋ]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.
 διαυδριάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From δι-αυδρος, ου, (διά, αἶθρα) quite clear and fine.
 δι-αυδύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.
 δι-αιμος, ου, (διά, αἷμα) blood-stained.
 διαίλω, f. άνω: aor. έδιηνα:—much like λαίλω, to wet, moisten:—Med., διαίνεσθαι όσσε to wet one's eyes: absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.
 διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts; and
 διαίρετος, η, ου, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable. II. distributed. From
 δι-αιρέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 διεἶλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διηρέθην: pf. διήρημαι:—to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves. III. to determine, put an end to: to define, interpret.
 δι-αίρω, f. -άρω, to raise up, lift up. II. to part asunder; διαίρειν τό στόμα to open the mouth.
 δι-αίσσω, f. -αῖω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. άξω: aor. 1 διήξα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-αίστω, f. άσω, (διά, αἶστος) to make an end of. ΔΥΑΙΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence
 διαίτω, f. ἥσω: impf. έδιαιτων or διήττων: aor. 1 έδιαιτσα or διήττσα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. έδεδιήτηκειν:—Pass., aor. 1 διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence
 διαίτημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.
 διαιτητήριον, τό, (διαίτω) dwelling-rooms.
 διαιτητής, ου, ό, (διαίτω II) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.
 δια-κάθαρω, f. -καθάρω, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.
 διακαθαριέ, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.
 δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -ιώ, to make to sit apart, set apart.
 δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, beat to excess.
 δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάναφα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)
 δια-καρτερέω, f. ἥσω, to endure to the end, last out.
 δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to confute utterly.
 διάκαιμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning beat.
 δια-κανυιάω, (κανυός) to determine by lot.
 δια-κεάω, f. άσω, to split asunder.
 διά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικώς διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; ύπόπτως διακείσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακώς διακείσθαι to be in a sorry plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.
 δια-κέρω: fut. -κερῶ and -κέρω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate: deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένους stripped of his trappings. II. to break through, transgress.
 διακείναισμαι, pf. pass. of διακινάω.
 διακέκρμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different persons, to exhort. 2. to encourage one another. 3. to admonish, inform. Hence
 διακελευσμός, ό, an exhortation, cheering on.
 διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.
 δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.
 δια-κερματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (διά, κέρμα) to change into small coin.
 διακέρσαι, aor. 1 inf. of διακείρω.
 δια-κηρύσσομαι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.
 δια-κηρύσσω, f. έω, to proclaim by herald: to sell by auction.
 δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a desperate

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνεμένος, *q. ov*, desperate.

διακινέω, *f. ῥω*, to move throughout, throw into disorder. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. *excutere*.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

διακλάω, *f. ἄω* [ᾶ]: aor. I διέκλασα, Ep. part. διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος enervated.

διακλέπτω, *f. ψω*, to carry off by stealth. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ᾶ], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

διακληρώω, *f. ὦω*, to assign by lot, allot. 2. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

διακλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διακλίσις, *ews, ῆ*, a turning away, retreat.

διακλύω, *f. ὕω* [ῦ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

διακναίω, *f. -κναίω*:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακναίσμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρώμα διακναισμένος having lost all his colour.

διακνίζω, *f. σω*, to pull to pieces.

διακουράνέω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδή, *ῆ*, a carrying over or across. From διακομίζω, (for the tenses, *v. κομίζω*) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διακονέω: *f. ῥω*: impf. ἐδιακόνουν and διακόνουν, aor. I ἐδιακόνησα and διακόνησα: pf. δεδιακόνησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιακονήσῃν: pf. δεδιακόνημαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, *ῆ*, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ᾶ], Ion. δῆκονος, *ὁ, ῆ*, a servant, waiting-man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

διακοντιζέω, *f. ῖω*, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

διακόπτω, *f. ψω*, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

διακορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

διακορκορῦγέω, *f. ῥω*, to rumble through.

διάκορος, *ον*, (διά, κορύννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ἑκατόσσι, Ion. διακόςσσι, *αι, α*, (dis, ἑκατόν) two hundred, Lat. *ducenti*: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἵππος διακοσία two hundred horse.

διακοσμέω, *f. ῥω*, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθήμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of διακοσμέω.

διακούω, *f. ούσομαι*: pf. -ακήκω:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

διακράζω, *f. ζω*, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

διακρέω, *f. ζω*, to strike the strings of the lyre.

διακρηγνός, Dor. -κρηγνός: *f. ὦω*: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

διακριβώω, *f. ὦω*, (διά, ἀκριβής) to inquire closely into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. *eximie*.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθῶ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθεῖς, Ep. for διακριθῆς, aor. I part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διακρίνω, *f. ἱνῶ*: (for the tenses, *v. κρίνω*):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνεις αἰρεσιν to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II.

to make a distinction: set apart for holy purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence

διάκρισις, *ews, ῆ*, a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing.

διακρίτεον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide.

διάκριτος, *ον*, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent.

διακροτέω, *f. ῥω*, to strike or break through.

διακρουσε, *ews, ῆ*, a driving away, putting off.

διακρούω, *f. σω*, to try or prove by knocking. II.

Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διακτορος, *ου*, or διάκτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

διακυβώω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

διακύνω, *f. ῥω*, to mix together.

διακύντω, *f. ψω*, to stoop and creep through: to peer through, pry into.

διακωλύτης, *ου, ὁ*, a binder, obstructer. From διακωλύω, *f. ὦω*, to hinder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

διαλαγχάνω, *f. -λήξομαι*: aor. 2 διέλαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

διαλάκω, *f. ῥω*, to crack asunder, burst.

διαλακτίζω, *f. ῖω*, to kick away.

διαλάλέω, *f. ῥω*, to talk over with.

διαλαμβάνω, *f. λήψομαι*: aor. 2 -ἐλάβον: pf. -έληφα; pass. -έλημαι or διαλέλημαι, Ion. -λέλαμμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to

grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. *complecti*: as Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to

grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to separate, divide, Lat. *dirimere*: to distinguish: also to interpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

διαλάμπω, *f. ψω*, to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

διαλανθάνω, *f. -λήσω*: aor. 2 -ἐλάβον: pf. -έληθα:—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of:

διαλᾶχειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαγχάνω.
 δι-αλγής, ἑς, (διά, ἄλγος) giving great pain, grievous. II. suffering great pain.
 δια-λέγω, f. ξω, to pick out, choose. II. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέγομαι, also pass. -λεγεσθῆσθαι: aor. I med. διελέξαμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf. -είλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.
 δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -λέλειμμαι:—to leave an interval: plqpf. pass. διελέλειπτο impers. a γὰρ bad been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a γὰρ. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.
 δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.
 διαλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ἡ διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing.
 διάλεκτος, ἡ, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.
 διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλέλημαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.
 διαλέλυμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.
 διάλεξις, εως, ἡ, = διάλεκτος I.
 διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλεπτο-λογόμαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.
 διά-λεπτος, ὄν, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.
 διά-λευκος, ὄν, marked with white.
 διαλεχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.
 διαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.
 διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.
 διαλλακτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and διαλλακτής, οὗ, ὅ, (διαλλάσσω) a mediator.
 δια-λλάσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλαχα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [α]: pf. διήλλαγμα:—to be reconciled, become friends.
 III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθῆναι, to be different.
 δι-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι, Dep. to leap over or across.
 δια-λογίζομαι, f. ἰομαι Att. ἰοῖμαι: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue. Hence
 διαλογισμός, ὁ, a settling of accounts. II.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.
 διάλογος, ὁ, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue.
 δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. I pass. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.:—to abuse, rail at.
 διαλύθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.
 δια-λύμαινομαι, aor. I διελύμην: pf. διαελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.
 διάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.
 διαλυσι-φίλος, ὄν, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.
 δια-λύτης, οὗ, ὅ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.
 διαλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.
 δια-λύω, f. ύσω [υ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. I pass. -ελύθην [υ]: pf. -ελύμαι:—to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.
 δι-αφίττω, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄλιτον) to fill full of barley-meal.
 δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.
 δι-αμαθύνω, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.
 δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εύσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.
 δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ήσομαι: aor. 2 -ήμαρτον: pf. -ημάρτηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence διαμαρτία, ἡ, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.
 δια-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. I διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence διαμαρτυρία, ἡ, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.
 διαμαρτύρομαι [υ], f. ὑροῦμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to testify solemnly: also to abjure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.
 δια-μάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.
 δια-μάχομαι: fut. -μαχέομαι, Att. -μαχούμαι, also μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another. 2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.
 δι-αμάω, fut. ήσω: aor. 2 διήμασα (διά, ἀμάω):—to mow or cut through. 2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.
 δια-μεθίημι, to leave quite off: to give up.
 δι-αμείβο, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over. 2. absol. to change, alter.
 διαμείναι, aor. I inf. of διαμείνω.

διάμειψις, εως, ἡ, (διαμείβω) an exchange.
δια-μελαινώ, f. ἀνῶ, to make quite black.
δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piece-meal.
διαμέλλω, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And
διαμελλήτης, οὐ, ὁ, one who continually delays. From
δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.
διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένω.
διαμένω, pf. of διαμυνήσκομαι.
δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.
δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3. to continue, last, remain.
δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence
διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.
δια-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence
δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὅν, measured out or off.
διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From
διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.
δια-μηχανόμαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.
δι-αμιλλάομαι, f. ἴσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.
δια-μνησκόμαι, f. μνήσομαι: pf. διαμνήμηναι: Pass.:—to keep in memory.
δια-μνύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.
δια-μοιτύλλω, f. ὕλλω: aor. I -εμόστυλα:—to cut πρ piece-meal.
δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.
δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.
διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.
δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀναπείρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.
δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drenching.
δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἴσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.
δια-μυλλαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).
δι-αμφίδιος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.
δι-αμφισβητέω, f. ἴσω, to dispute, disagree.
δια-ναυμάχέω, f. ἴσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.
δι-άνδιχα, Adv. two ways: διάνδιχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.
διανεύμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.
δι-ανεκής, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκής.
διανέμω, εως, ἡ, distribution. From
διανέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. νενέμωκα:—to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.
δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.
διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.
δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.
δια-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim across: swim through.
δια-νήχομαι, Dep.=διανέω.
δια-νίξω, f. -νίψω, to wash out, rinse.
δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.
δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.
δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -νενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence
διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.
διανοητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.
διανούα, also διανοιά, ἡ, (διανοέομαι). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.
δι-ανοίγω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound.
διανοίχθην, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.
διανομέυς, εως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.
διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.
δι-ανταίος, α, ον, going right through: ἡ διανταία (sc. πληγή) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.
δι-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exhaurire.
δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.
δι-ανύω or **δι-ανύτω** [ῥ]: f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish: ὅδον διανύειν to finish a journey: so also διανύειν, without ὅδον.
δια-φαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to tear in pieces.
διαφείς, Dor. for διάφεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.
δια-τίφίζομαι, Dep. (δια, τίφος) to fight to the death.
δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.
δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.
δια-πάλη, ἡ, a hard struggle.
δια-πάλλω, f. -πᾶλῶ, to distribute by lot.
δια-πάλλω, f. ὕνω, to shiver, shatter.
δια-παντός, Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.
δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.
δια-παρτριβή, ἡ, (διά, παρτριβῶ) an useless study: vain altercation.
δια-παρθεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.
δια-πασσάλευω, Att. -πατταλέω: f. σω: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.
δια-πάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.
δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.
δι-απειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.
δια-πεινάω, inf. -πεινῆν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διά-πειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*
 δια-πειράσμαι: fut. ἄσμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I -επειράθην:
 pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—*to make trial or proof of a*
thing: c. gen. to have experience of a thing.
 δια-πείρω, f. -περῶ, *to drive through.*
 δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, *to send about in different direc-*
tions. II. *to send over or across.*
 διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.
 διαπεπείραμαι, pf. of διαπειράσμαι.
 διαπολεμήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.
 διαπένυσμαι, pf. of διαπνύνομαι.
 δια-πείρω, fut. ἄνω, *to bring to an end.*
 δια-πείρω, f. ὥσω, *to take across, ferry over:—*
Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. *to draw en-*
tirely out of the sheath.
 διαπερᾶναι, aor. I inf. of διαπερᾶναι.
 δια-περᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: *to go over or across, to*
pass: to pass through.
 δια-πέρθω, f. πέρσω: aor. 2 διέπρθον, Ep. inf. δια-
 πρᾶθῆναι: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—*to*
destroy utterly, to sack, waste.
 διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.
 διαπείσειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.
 διαπείσεισθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.
 δια-πένταμαι, = διαπέτομαι.
 δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—*to open and*
spread out.
 δια-πέτομαι: fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμεν or
 -επτάμην: Dep.:—*to fly through.* 2. *to fly away,*
vanish.
 διαπείσομαι, fut. of διαπνύνομαι.
 διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάω.
 διαπέρφραδα, pf. of διαπράττω.
 δια-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηγάμην:—*to*
fasten together.
 δια-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, *to leap through or across.* II.
 intr. *to make a leap.*
 δια-πταίνω, f. ἄνω, (διά, πίων) *to make very fat.*
 δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμ-
 πλημι), *to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.*
 δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, *to drink against one another,*
challenge at drinking. [Ὶ]
 δια-πίπτω, f. -πείσομαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—
to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly,
go quite wrong, turn out ill.
 δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, *to entrust in confidence:—Pass.*
to have a thing entrusted on one.
 δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, *to interweave, weave together.* II.
to weave asunder, i. e. unweave: διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον
to end the web or tissue of one's life.
 διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of
 δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, *to sail through.*
 δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. *to spar or skirmish with.*
 δια-πλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, *to break in pieces,*
split, cleave.
 διάπλοος, contr. πλοος, δ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. *sailing*
across, passing over. II. as Subst., διάπλοος, δ,
 πλοος, *across, passage.* 2. *a channel.*

δια-πλόω, f. ὥσω, (διά, ἀπλόος) *to unfold.*
 δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνέω: f. πνέσομαι: aor. I δι-
 έπνευσα:—*to blow through, refresh, revive.* II.
to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. *to*
evaporate.
 δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἱάω, *to variegate, adorn.*
 διαπολεμέω, f. ἥσω, *to carry the war through, end the*
war, Lat. debellare. 2. *to carry on the war.* II.
to force from another by war. Hence
 δια-πολέμησις, εως, ἡ, *a finishing of the war.*
 δια-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, *to besiege to the end, to*
blockade.
 δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, *to carry the procession to an*
end. 2. *to carry all round.*
 διαπομπή, ἡ, (διαμπω) *a sending backwards and*
forwards: negotiation.
 δια-πονέω, f. ἥσω, *to work out with labour, Lat. ela-*
borare: to practise:—Pass. to be administered: also
to be troubled. II. intr. *to work hard, toil.*
 διά-πονός, ον, *having gone through many labours.*
 δια-πόντιος, ον, (διά, πόντος) *beyond seas, foreign,*
Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.
 διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονός, *laboriously.*
 δια-πορεύω, f. σω, *to carry across.* II. Pass.,
 with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: *to*
go through, pass along.
 δι-απορέω, f. ἥσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I
 διεπορήθην:—*to be quite at a loss.*
 δια-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, = διαπέρθω, *to ruin utterly.*
 δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, *to carry over or across: to*
carry a message: διαπορθμεύειν ποταμόν, of ferry-
boats, to ply across a river.
 δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. *to treat of thoroughly.*
 διαπράθειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.
 δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:
 —*to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish*
one's way across. 2. *to bring about, effect: Med.,*
to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. *to make*
an end of, slay.
 διαπρεπής, ἐς, *eminent, conspicuous.* From
 δια-πρέτω, *to be eminent, conspicuous, or distin-*
guished above others.
 διαπρεπῶς, Adv. of διαπρεπής, *conspicuously: Sup.*
 διαπρεπέστατα.
 δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. *to send embassies to different*
places.
 δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.
 δια-πρίω [Ὶ]: fut. -πριοῦμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:
 —*to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart:*
διαπρίειν τὸς ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth:—Med. to
gnash with the teeth.
 διαπρό, Adv. *thoroughly.*
 δια-πρύσιος, α, ον, (διαπεράω) *going through, pene-*
trating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύ-
σιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. *far-stretch-*
ing: πρὸν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκώς a hill run-
ning far into the plain. 3. *manifest.*
 διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ἔω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτύχῃ, ἡ, (διά, πτυχῇ) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυνθάνομαι: f. -πένσομαι: pf. -πέπυσμαι: aor. 2 -επυνθόμην:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πῦρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence

διαπύρδω, f. ὠσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ἦσω, to sell publicly.

διῶραι, aor. I inf. of διαίρω.

διαραιοῖμαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαρέω.

δι-άρασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to break through, strike through.

δι-άργεμος, ον, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρόω, f. ὠσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.

δι-ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. ἔσω, to have full strength: to endure, bold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκής, ἐς, sufficient: lasting. Adv. -κῶς, Sup. -έστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αριόζω or -ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγῃ, ἡ, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀπάω):—to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρράγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρράγησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρ-ραίω, f. σω: aor. I διέρραυσα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερίην: pf. -ερίηκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηγώς, gaping.

II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ρήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διεῖρά, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρήξας, aor. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ἡ, a throwing about, scattering.

διαρροή, ἡ, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροῖέω, f. ἦσω, to roar or rustle through.

διάρροια, ἡ, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ρούζω, f. ἦσω, to whizz through.

διαρρύδαν, Dor. for -ύδην, Adv: (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρήγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω,

διαρρηγῆσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτμέω, f. ἦσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ἦσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. -σέσηπα, to grin like a snarling dog.

δια-σάλακωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακονίζω.

διάσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of διδάω.

δια-σάφω, f. ἦσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.

δια-σάφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σεύω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασειέν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound. II. to harass, oppress.

δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσέσυχην [ῥ], 3 sing. διέσσυτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον, (διά, σημά) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-σίωπτάω, f. ἥσομαι, to remain silent. 2. trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-κανδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδις) to dose with wild cbervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.

δια-σκεδάννυμι: f. σκεδάσω [ᾱ], Att. σκεδῶ: aor. I -εσκεδάσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσασθαι, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of foreg.

δια-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

διασκεψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.

δια-σκηνάω or -έω, f. ἦσω; and δια-σκηνόω, f. ὠσω:—to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκιδνῃναι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. -σκέψομαι (from root σέπτομαι): pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοπιόμαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ὠψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμέω, Ion. -σμέω: f. ἦσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f. ἔω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.

διασπαρακτός, ἡ, ὅν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ἔω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπαρῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπαίρω.

δια-σπάω, f. ἄσω or more commonly ἄσομαι: (for

the tenses, v. σπᾶω): to *tear asunder, part*, Lat. *divellere*: to *break through, pull down*: of the laws, to *break through, transgress*: to *separate*:—Pass., of soldiers, to *be distributed in quarters*.

δια-σπείρω, f. ἐπῶ, to *sow, scatter or spread abroad*: to *squander*. II. to *separate*.

διασπορά, ἡ, (διασπείρω) *dispersion*.

δι-φύσω, διήπτω, Att. for διαφύσω.

δια-σταθμάσθαι, f. ἡσθαι, Dep. to *order by rule, regulate*.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of διίστημι.

διάστας, εὐς, ἡ, (διαστήναι) a *standing apart*: distance, an *interval*. 2. *disagreement, dissension*.

δια-σταυρώω, f. ὥσω, to *fortify with stakes or a palisade*.

δια-στέιχω, aor. 2 διεστίχων, to *go through or across*: to *continue*.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to *separate, to distinguish, determine*. II. to *command, give orders*.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an *interval*.

διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of διίστημι.

δια-στίλβω, f. ψω, to *gleam or dawn through*.

δια-στοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to *stuff in between*.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to *apportion regularly*.

διαστολή, ἡ, (διαστέλλω) *distinction, difference*.

δια-στρατηγέω, f. ἡσώ, to *serve as a general*.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to *distort*: to *turn aside*: to *pervert*:—Pass. to *be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted*: to *squint*. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, *distorted*: metaph. *perverted*.

δια-σπύω, pf. -σεσπύκα, to *tear in pieces*: to *worry, disparage*.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, to *cleave asunder, to slaughter*.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to *throw about like a ball, to toss about*.

δια-σφάλλω, to *fail or overturn utterly*.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, (διασφάζω) any *opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge*.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ἡσώ, to *scatter from or as from a sling*:—Pass. to *fly in pieces*.

δια-σφήκβομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to *be compressed at the waist like a wasp*.

δια-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to *cleave asunder*:—Pass., aor. I διεσχίσθην, to *be cloven asunder, to be parted*.

διασχών, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώζω, f. σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώω):—to *keep safe through, bring one well through*: also to *keep in memory*:—Med. to *preserve to oneself*:—Pass. to *come safe through*: διασώζεσθαι εἰς .. or πρὸς .., to *come safe to a place*.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dor. for διασιωπάω.

δια-τάγεις, f. σσι, (διά, τᾶγός) to *arrange*.

διατάγη, ἡ, (διαταγῆναι) a *disposition*.

διατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a *commandment*.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εὐς, ἡ, (διατάσσω) *disposition, arrangement*: esp. of *troops in order of battle*.

δια-τάρασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to *throw into great confusion, confound*.

δια-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην, aor. 2 -ετάγην [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι:—to *arrange*: to *set in order, draw up in order of battle*: also to *draw up separately*. 2. c. acc. et inf. to *appoint one to do or be*:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταφέντοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to *be in battle order*. II. in Med. also, to *order by will*.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυμμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τείνω, f. τενώ:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ᾶ]: pf. -τέτᾶμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to *stretch out, stretch to the full*:—Med. to *strain oneself*: to *exert oneself, strive hard*: to *maintain stoutly*.

δια-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ:—to *cut off and fortify by a wall*: to *draw a wall across*: to *divide as by a wall*. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a *place walled off*.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to *mark out*.

δια-τελευτάω, f. ἡσώ, to *bring to fulfilment*.

διατελέω, f. ἑσώ, to *bring quite to an end*: to *fulfil*: to *continue doing*. From

δια-τελής, ἐς, (διά, τέλος) *incessant*: *permanent*.

δια-τέμνω, Ion. τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to *cut through, cut in twain*: to *sever, part*:—Pass. διατμηθῆναι λέπαινα to *be cut into strips*.

διατέτᾶχα, διατέταγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω,

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετρανῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω:—to *bore through, make a hole in*.

δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to *soften or melt by heat*:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to *melt entirely, thaw*.

δια-τηρέω, f. ἡσώ, to *watch closely*. II. (sub. ἑαυτὸν), to *keep oneself from, abstain from*.

διατί: for διὰ τι, *wherefore?* Lat. *quamobrem?*

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετέθην: pf. διατέθειμαι:—to *place separately, arrange*. 2. to *dispose, manage*: to *treat*:—Pass. to *be disposed of, treated*. 3. to *set forth*: to *recite*. II. Med.

to *set out for sale, dispose of*. 2. to *settle mutually*: διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to *make a covenant with one*:

absol. to *make an agreement with, promise*.

δια-τιμάω, f. ἡσώ, to *honour greatly*.

δια-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to *shake asunder, shake to pieces*:

fut. med. τινάξομαι is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, α, ον, = τινθαλέος.

δια-τιμήγω: aor. I -έτηξα: aor. 2 -έτημάγω, pass. -ετμήγην, Ep. 3 pl. διέτημαγεν:—Ep. for διατέμνω,

to *cut in twain, divide, sever*: διέτημαγεν ἐν φιλότῃσι they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατιμήξαι, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω.

δια-τοξεύω, f. σσι, to *shoot through or across*:—Med.

to *contend in shooting with*.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II. διάτορος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

δια-τρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέγω.

δια-τρέπω, *f. ψω*, to *turn*, *divert*, *dissuade*:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέπομαι, aor. 1 med. —ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετραπήν:—to *turn* or *be diverted* from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, *f. θρέψω*, to *maintain*, *support* throughout.

δια-τρέχω, *f. —θρέξομαι*: (for the tenses, *v. τρέχω*):—to *run* through or over: metaph. to *exhaust*. II.

intr. to *run* about, Lat. *discurrere*.

δια-τρέω, *f. έξω*, to *run* trembling about, *flee* all ways.

δια-τρέβη, *ή*, a *wearing* away, a *spending* of time. 2. a *pastime*, *amusement*. 3. *serious* employment, *study*: a *discussion*, *argument*. 4. a *way* of life, *living*.

II. in bad sense, a *waste* of time, *loss* of time, *delay*. From

δια-τρέβω [*τ*]: *f. ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 διε-τρέβην [*τ*]:

pf. δια-τέτριμμαι:—to *rub* between; *χρησθαι* δια-τρέβας:—to *rub* away, *consume*: to *waste*, *destroy*. II.

metaph. to *spend* time, *live*. 2. to *busy*, *employ* oneself. 3. to *waste* time, *delay*. III. to *put*

off by *delay*, *thwart*, *hinder*. Hence

δια-τριπτικός, *ή*, *ov*, *dilatory*.

διά-τρίχα, Adv. in *three* ways.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, various in *dispositions*.

δια-τροφή, *ή*, (δια-τρέφω) *sustenance*, *support*.

δια-τροχάω, *f. σω*, of a horse, to *trot*.

δια-τρύγιος, *ov*, (διά, τρύγη) *planted* with vines, *ripening* one after the other.

δια-τρυβέλις, aor. 2 part. pass. of διατρυβώ.

δια-τρώγω, *f. —τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 διε-τράγων:—to *nibble*, *gnaw* through.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διαίξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δι-αυγάζω, *f. σω*, to *shine* through, *dawn*.

δι-αυγής, *ές*, (διά, αυγή) *transparent*, *radiant*.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov*, *ό*, (διαυλος, δρόμος) a *runner* in the race.

δί-αυλος, *ό*, (dis, αὐλός) a *double* pipe or channel: in the race, a *double* course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II.

a *strait*.

διαφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to *bite* through.

διαφάνειν [*α*], and διαφάνειν, Adv. *openly*. From

δια-φαίνω, *f. —φαίνω*: (for the tenses, *v. φαίνω*):—to *show* through, *make* to *shine* through. II. Pass.,

aor. 2 —εφάνη [*α*], to *be* seen, *appear* through. 2. to *glow*, to *be* red-hot. 3. metaph. to *be* proved: to *be* conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act.

to *dawn*. 2. to *be* transparent. Hence

διαφάνης, *ές*, seen through, *transparent*. 2. *glowing*, *red-hot*. II. metaph. well-known, manifest:

illustrious:—Adv. —ως, manifestly.

δια-φάσσω, Ion. —φάσσω: (διά, φάος):—to *show* light through, *dawn*.

δια-φηγής, *ές*, (διά, φέγγος) *transparent*.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, *differently* from: especially, *extremely*.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διαίσω and διαίσομαι, formed from *οίω:—aor. 1 διήνεγκα, Ion. διήνεικα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (*v. φέρω*):—to *carry* over or across. 2. to *carry* different ways: to *tear* asunder; διαφέρειν τήν ψήφον to *give* their votes a

different way, i. e. against one; but also to *determine* by vote: metaph. to *disperse* reports. 3. to *carry* through, *bring* to perfection. 4. to *bear* through, *endure*, *go* through with. 5. absol. to *continue*, to *live*. II. intr. to *differ*, to *be* different from. 2.

impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, οὐ διαφέρει it makes no difference; τὰ διαφέροντα points of difference. 3. to *be* different from a man, to *surpass*, *excel* him. III. Pass. to *differ* or *be* at variance with, *quarrel* with.

δια-φεύγω, *f. —φεύξομαι*: aor. 2 —έφθογον: pf. —τέ-φενγα: (*v. φεύγω*):—to *flee* through, *get* away, *escape*. Hence

διά-φευξις, *εως*, *ή*, an *escaping*, *means* of escape.

δια-φημίζω, *f. ίσω*, to *make* known, *publish*.

δια-φθείρω: *f. —φθερώ* Ep. —φθέρω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to *destroy* utterly, *kill*: generally, to *spoil*, *harm*. 2.

to *lead* astray, *corrupt*, *ruin*: esp. to *bribe*: to *seduce*. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*α*]:

pf. —έφθαρμαι:—to *be* destroyed, *go* to *ruin*, *perish*: esp. to *be* disabled: διεφθαμένους corrupt. III. the perf. διεφθορα is sometimes intr. to *be* deranged, *mad*: also to *be* dead. Hence

διαφθορά, *ό*, *destruction*, *ruin*, *death*. 2. in moral sense, *corruption*, *seduction*. 3. *ιχθύσιν* διαφθορά a *prey* for fishes. Hence

διαφθορέυς, *εως*, *ό*, a *corrupter*, *seducer*.

δι-αφίημι, *f. ήσω*, to *dismiss*, *disband*.

δια-φουβάω, *f. σω*, to *drive* mad:—Pass. to *rave*.

δια-φουτῶ Ion. —έω, *f. ήσω*, to *wander* abroad, *run* about: to *get* abroad.

διαφορά, *ή*, (διαφέρω) *difference*, *distinction*. 2. variance, *disagreement*. II. *distinction*, *excellence*. III. *advantage*, *profit*.

δια-φορέω, *f. ήσω*, to *drag* about, *spread* abroad. 2. to *carry* off as *plunder*, to *plunder*: also to *rend* in pieces, *destroy*. II. to *carry* through or across. Hence

διαφόρησις, *εως*, *ή*, a *plundering*.

διάφορος, *ov*, (διαφέρω) *different*, *unlike*. 2. differing with another: at variance with. II. superior, *excellent*. 2. *advantageous*, *profitable*. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, *difference*: *disagreement*.

διαφόρως, Adv. of διάφορος, *variously*. 2. at variance. 3. *excellently*.

διάφραγμα, *ατος*, τό, (διαφράσσω) a *partition*-wall. II. *ή* membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach.

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δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 δι-επέφραδον.
δια-φράσσω, f. ξω, to separate by a fence.
δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

δια-φυγγάνω, = διαφεύγω.
διαφύγη, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.
διαφύτη, ἡ, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.
δια-φύλάσσω, Att. -τρω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly, preserve: keep, maintain.

δια-φύσσω, f. ἦσω, to blow or breathe through. II.
to blow away: Pass. to be scattered to the winds, vanish.

δι-αφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διήφυσα:—to draw out, draw off.
II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II.
Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διεπέφυκα:—to intervene; χρόνος διέφυν time elapsed.

δια-φωνίω, f. ἦσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.
δια-φύσσω, Ion. for διαφύσσω.

δια-χάω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw.
δια-χάλαω, f. άσω [α̂]:—to loosen: to open, unbar. II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσσω, to gape wide, yaw.
διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, to pass the winter.
δια-χειρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence

διαχειρισίς, εως, ἡ, management, administration.
δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote. Hence
διαχειροτονία, ἡ, a choice between two persons or things.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχενα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound.
II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.
δια-χλώ, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχούν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράσσομαι: f. ἡσσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησέσθαι:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under.
II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διατρέομαι, Ion. subj.
δια-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to carry a mound across.

δια-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχώρει αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.
δια-χωρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to separate.

δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.
δια-ψεύδω or -ψευδομαι, to deceive utterly. II.

διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διεψεύσμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι: f. ίσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh: of ships, to baul high and dry: to make water-tight.

δι-βολος, ον, (δῖς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [Y]
δι-γληνος, ον, (δῖς, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δι-γλωσσος, ον, Att. -ττος, ον, (δῖς, γλῶσσα) speaking two languages Lat. bilinguis: as Subst., διγλωσσος, ὁ, an interpreter.
II. double-tongued.

δι-γονος, ον, (δῖς, *γένω) twice-born:—twin: double.
διδάγμα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδάκκη, Dor. for διδάσκει.
διδασκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

διδασκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.
διδάξις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

διδασκάλειον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.
διδασκάλλια, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training.

II. the rehearsing of a drama: as Subst., cf. διδάσκω π.
διδασκαλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, instructive. Adv. -κῶς, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.
διδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμένους, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.
διδασκῆσαι, poet. for διδάξαι, aor. I inf. of διδάσκω: fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδάσκω): pf. δεδιδάχα: (redupl. causal form of *δάω):—to teach; with double acc., ἵπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn.

II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδασχῆ, ἡ, teaching: doctrine.
διδημι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. διδέασι: 3 sing. imperf. διδῃ, Ep. for ἐδίδῃ.

διδούς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of διδῶμι, formed from *διδῶ.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep. forms for διδόναι, inf. of διδῶμι.

δίδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διδῶμι, formed from *διδῶ: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω: fut. δράσομαι [α̂]: pf. δέδρακα: aor. 2 ἐδρᾶν, inf. δρᾶναι, part. δράς, imperat. δράθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δρᾶην: Ion. διδρᾶσσω, f. δρᾶσσομαι, aor. 2 ἐδρην: (*δράω):—to run away, escape.

δι-δραχμος, ον, (δῖς, δράχμη) of two drachms; δι-δραχμοὶ ὀπλίται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day.
II. διδραχμον, τό, a double drachm, = half a shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.

διδῦμ-άνθρωπος, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, τό, (διδυμος, ἀνὴρ) touching both the men. [α̂]

διδυμᾶ-τόκος, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (διδυμος, τεκύν) bearing twins.

διδυμῶν, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (διδυμος) a twin-brother. [α̂]
διδυμος, poet. for διδῦμος.

διδυμο-γενής, ές, (διδυμος, *γένω) twin-born.
 διδυμος, η, ον, or os, ον, (δίσ) double, twofold; διδυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; διδυμοι twins.

διδῶν, = διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι.

δίδωθι, Ep. for διδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.

δίδωμι: fut. δάσω: aor. I ἔδωκα; aor. 2 ἔδων: pf. ἔδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 ἔδωκην:—Pass., fut. δοθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔδοθην: pf. δέδομαι: (*δῶν):—to give, give freely, present:—in pres. and impf. to offer. 2. of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or sanction. 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents, to give their daughter to wife. 5. διδόναι ἐαυτὶν τινι to put oneself in his power. 6. διδόναι δίκην, v. sub δίκη.

II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause *ibid*: δός με τίσασθαι give me to avenge myself. II. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, devote oneself.

διδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶν.

διδῶσω, Ep. for δάσω, fut. of δίδωμι.

δῖε, vocat. of δῖος, godlike.

δίε, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of δῖω.

διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.

διεβίον, aor. 2 of διαβίω.

διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.

δι-εγγυῶν, f. ἦσω, to give bail for: Med. to take bail for:—Pass. to be bailed, set free on his security.

δι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, *he was aroused, awakened*.

διεγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.

διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.

διεδασάμην, aor. I of διαδασέομαι.

διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. I of διαδείκνυμι.

διεδηλῶσάμην, aor. I of διαδηλόομαι.

διέδωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διέδραμον, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.

διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.

διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.

διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διέργω.

διέην, impf. of διαίω.

διέζωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.

διέζωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.

διθείωσα, aor. I of διαθείω.

διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθωμι.

διέθον, inf. διθεῖν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.

διελεγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.

διαλημμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω, distinctly, precisely.

διελήφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.

διέλον, aor. 2 of διατρέω.

δι-εμ, fut. διείσσεται: (διά, εἰμι ibo):—to go about: to go away. II. c. acc. to pass or go through: hence to discuss a subject.

δι-επών, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being used instead); inf. διεπεῖν, poet. διαπεινῶ: fut. διεπῶ:

pf. διείρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—to tell at length, detail, explain. II. to speak one with another, converse.

δι-είρω, f. ῥω: Ep. and Ion. διείρω, Ep. also διεέρω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. II. intr. to lie between.

διέρρηκα, used as pf. of διειπεῖν, to say clearly.

δι-ερόμαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.

δι-εῖρω, Ion. for δι-έρω, to draw across.

δι-εῖρω: aor. I διεῖρσα: perf. διεῖρκα:—to pass or draw a thing through.

δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) dissembling with one's guests.

δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.

διεκάναξα, aor. I of διακανάσσω.

διεκέκριτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διακρίνω.

διεκλάπην [α], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.

δι-εκπεραίνω, f. ἄνω, to bring quite to an end.

δι-εκπεράω, f. ἦσω and ἄσω, to pass out through. II. to pass by, overlook.

δι-εκπλέω, f. —πλείσσομαι: Ion. —πλώω, aor. I —έπλωσα:—to sail out through: to sail out. II. in naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing through it. Hence

διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους, ὁ, a sailing across or through. 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight.

δι-εκπλόω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.

δι-έκριθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of διακρίνω.

δι-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρῶω) a channel through.

διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.

διέλαστος, εως, ἡ, a driving through. II. a charge or exercise of cavalry. From

δι-ελαύνω: fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.

διελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέω.

διελέειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.

διελείουπα, pf. of διαλείπω.

διελεξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελεύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.

διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.

διελέθην, Ep. διελέθμεν, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.

διέλιπον, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.

δι-έλω: fut. —ελίσσω [ῥ]: aor. I —έλιξσα (v. ἔλκω):—to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς. 2. to keep on drinking.

διελύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.

διελημάνθην, aor. I of διαλημάνομαι.

ΔΙΤΕΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *δίημι) to speed, press on.

διεμαρτύρω [ῥ], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.

διέμενα, aor. I of διαμένω.

δι-εμπολάω: fut. ἦσω: pass. pf. διημπόλημαι:—to make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray.

δι-ενέγκαι, Ion. —ενείκει, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω: διενεγχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass.

δι-ενθυμέομαι, Med. to think with.

δι-εναντιζώ, f. ἴσω, (διά, ἐναντιάζω) δένται, 3 pl. of δέμα.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ'ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. διζῆται: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of.

III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

διζομαι, = διζῆμαι.

δι-ζυγος, ov, and δι-ζυγος, ὄγος, δ, ἡ, (dis, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ'ΖΩ, Ep. impf. διζόν, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δι-ζως, ov, (dis, ζῶ) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ἡ, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διᾶγω.

διηγγεῖλα, aor. I of διαγγέλλω.

διηγόμαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διηγήσεις, εως, ἡ, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ηρίος, ov, Ion. for διαήριος, through the air.

δι-ηθέω, f. ἥσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans. of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διηκονος, Ion. for διακ-

διηκόνουν, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω.

διηκόσοι, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσοι.

διηγκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίω.

διηγκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλώω.

δι-ήκω, f. ξω, to go through, extend along or between. II. to persuade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. I of διελαύνω.

διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφης, ἐς, (διά, ἀλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχην, aor. 2 and I pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διημαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

δι-ημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ημέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημυλλήθην, aor. I of διαμυλλάομαι.

διηνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, ἐς, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκέως, Att. —κώς, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, ov, (διά, άνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοίχην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διηντλησα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διηνύσα, διηνύκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διηξα, aor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διηξα, aor. I of διάσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. I pass. of διαπορέω.

δι-ηπόρου, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. I of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. I of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. I pass. of διαίρεω.

διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρεω.

δι-ήρης, es, (dis, ἄρα) double; διήρης μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρον, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I διαρθρώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

διήται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δίδω.

διήτησα, διήτηθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διαιτάω.

διήφύσα, aor. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att. —τος, ov, (dis, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimāris.

δι-θηκτος, ov, (dis, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

δι-θρονος, ov, (dis, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the ditlyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθύραμβο-ποιός, δ, (διθύραμβος, ποίω) a ditlyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, δ, the ditlyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δι-θυρσος, ov, (dis, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Διί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δις.

διιδεῖν, inf. of διειδόν.

δι-ιτμι, fut. —ήσω: (for the tenses, v. ἱτμι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through.

II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-ιθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ικνέομαι, fut. —ίξομαι; aor. 2 —ίκομην: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διί-πέτης, ἐς, (Διός, πέτω, Root of πέπω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

Διί-πέτης, es, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διώστέον, verb. Adj. of διειδένα, one must inquire.

δι-ιστημι, f. διαστήσω: aor. I διέστησα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, plqpf. —έστηκειν:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel.

3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. II. aor. I med. διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ισχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διίχθαι, perf. inf. of διένεομαι.

δικάζω: fut. δικάσω contr. δικῶ: aor. I ἐδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσσομαι: aor. I ἐδικάσθην: pf. δεδικάσμαι: (δικη): I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision.

II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ἡ, poet. for δική.

δικαιεῖν, Ion. for δικαιῶν, inf. of δικαιοῖν: δικαιοεῖσι, Ion. for δικαιῶντες; 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρίσια, ἡ, (δικαιο, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιο-πόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δικαίος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δική) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even: strict, exact.* III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δικαίος εἰμι, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do.*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιότης, ητος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίω: fut. ὥσω and ὥσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαίωνην: (δικαίος):—*to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do.* II. *to judge: to condemn: to punish.* III. *to make just, bold, guiltless, justify.*

Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαίωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to: punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δική) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δι-κάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνον) *two-beaded.*

δικασ-πόλος, ὁ, (δική, πολέω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστηριδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols.* Adv. -κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἔδικον, *an aor. with no pres. in use, to throw, hurl.*

δι-κέλλα, ης, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέρατος, ον, (δῖς, κεράτα) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δι-κέρας, gen. ατος or ω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. δίκερον (δῖς, κέρα) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner; ἡ γὰρ δική ἐστὶ γερύτων for this is the manner of old men; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of.* II. *order, law, right.* III. *in plur. judgments: generally, a sentence.* IV. *an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).* 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge; δίκην or δίκας δίδοναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas to inflict punishment; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην διώκειν to prosecute.*

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δική, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὁ, an avenger.*

δίκιδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, *a little trial.*

δικλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίνω) *double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλίδες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δική, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὁ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφέω, (δική, ῥάπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δί-κράνος, ον, (δῖς, κράνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικάρανος, ὁ, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.*

δί-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβόλῳ, f. ἦσω, *to cast the net.* From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὁ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

ΔΙΚΤΥΑ or ΔΙΚΤΥΝΑ, ἡ, (δίκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes: σπεῖραι δικτυόκλωστοι the net's mesby folds.*

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, *any net-work, a fishing-net: a bunting-net.* Hence

δικτυόμαί, Pass. *to be caught in a net.*

δικωπέω, f. ἦσω, *to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and*

δίκωπία, ἡ, *a pair of sculls.* From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἦσω, (διλόγος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.* II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δι-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) *with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.*

δί-λοφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δι-μναῖος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, ον, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae; διμναῖος ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.*

διμοῖρα, ἡ, *a double share: double pay.* From

δί-μοιρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two; as Subst., δίμοιρον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δινέω.

δίνεμα, ατος, τό, *anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing.* From

δινέω, f. εὔσω, aor. I ἐδίνευσα; and δίνέω, f. ἦσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθην, pf. δεδίνημαι: (δίνη):—*to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle.* II. intr. and Pass. *to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.*

ΔΙΝΗ, ἡ, *a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind.* Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, *whirling, eddying.* II. *rounded.*

δινήθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινήτης, ὄν, ὅν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, *whirled round.*

ΔΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, *a whirl, eddy.* 2. *also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor.* 3. *a large round goblet.*

δινῶω, f. ὥσω, *to turn with a lathe, to round.*

δίνω, (δῖνος) *to thresh out.*

διωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διῶν) turned on the lathe, rounded : worked round.

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίς, Διός) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-ό, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, wherefore, on which account : therefore : with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. propter quod, propterea.

Διό-βολος, ὄν, (Δίς, βάλλω) hurled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, ὄρος, ὅ, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δίς, *γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γενητος, ὄν, contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ὄν, = Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπος) to travel through.

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) a way through, thoroughfare, passage : the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίς) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγγυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίω, to open.

δι-οῖδα, pf. of διείδω, to know the difference, distinguish, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ἡσω : impf. διόικουν : aor. I διόικησα : pf. διόικηκα :—Pass., aor. I διώκηθην : pf. διώκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιώκημαι :—to manage, direct : to conduct the affairs of a state : to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places :—

Med. to live apart. Hence

διοίκησις, εὖς, ἡ, bouse-keeping : management, government. II. a government : a province, a diocese.

δι-οικίζω : f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live apart, to disperse :—Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build across, wall off.

διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οιστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίσσω and διοίσσμαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing opt. med. of διῶ.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἡσω, to go through : to wander about.

δι-οίχομαι : f. -οιχέσμαι : pf. -οίχημαι : Dep. :—to be quite gone by : of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished. II. to be gone through, ended.

διοικχή, ἡ, (δι-οικω pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation.

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι : fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολῶ : (for the tenses, v. ὀλλυμι) :—to destroy utterly, bring to naught : to put out of mind : hence to forget, opp. to σώω. II. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα : to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, ὅλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαζών, ὄνος, ὅ, (Διομεία, ἀλαζών) the brag-gart of the deme Diomeia.

δι-όμνυμι, fut. -ομύμαι : aor. I med. -ωμοσάμην :—to swear solemnly : to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἡσω, to make an agreement : Pass. to be agreed on : Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

διῶν, acc. of διῶς : but διῶν Ep. for διῶν, impf. of διῶ.

Διονύσια (sub. ιερά), τά, the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus, esp. at Athens : four distinct feasts in four consecutive months : viz. I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December). II. τὰ ἐν

Λίμναις or Λήναια (in the Λίμναι, where the Ἀθήναι stood), in Gamelion (January). III. τὰ Ἀνθεστηρία, in Anthesterion (February). IV. τὰ

μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνυσος, ὅ, and poet. Διώνυσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παῖδος, ὅ, (Δίς, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, = Διπτετής.

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From

διοπος, ὅ, (διέπω) a director, ruler : a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτέω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to watch accurately, spy about : to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ὄν, ὅ, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυλος, ὄν, (δῖς, ὄργυιά) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθέω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθώω, f. ὠσω, to make straight : to set right : to make good, amend, correct, make amends for : to tell aright :—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction : amendment : and

διόρθωσις, εὖς, ἡ, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault : reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -ουρίζω : f. ἴω, Att. ἰῶ :—to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define : to ordain. II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare.

III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-όρνυμι, Pass. to hurry through.

διορύγναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύσσω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From

δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ῖτω : f. ἔω : (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω) : to dig through : metaphor. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δίος, δία, διῶν, (Δίς) godlike, excellent, mighty : joined with a genit., δία θεῶν, δία γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, bonest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Διός, gen. of Ζεύς : v. *Δίς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ὄν, (Δίς, δίδωμι) given by Jove, heaven-sent.

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δίς, σήμα) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum : a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, οί, Att. and poet. for Διόσκουροι : (Δίς, κόρος, κύρος) : sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,

Gastor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscōri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. 1, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσκουρείον, τό, *the temple of the Dioscōri*.

Δι-ἔτι, Conjunct. for διὰ τοῦτο ἔτι . . . *for the reason that, since, Lat. quocirca, quomobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore, for what reason*. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?* II. = ἔτι, *that*.

διο-τρεφής, ἐς, (Δίς, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.

δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ἦσω, *to annoy exceedingly*.

δι-όψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from *διόπτωμαι.

δι-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, παῖς) *with two children*;

θρήνος διπαις a dirge *chaned by one's two children*.

δι-πάλαιστος, ον, (Δίς, πάλαιστή) *two palms broad*.

δι-παλτος, ον, (Δίς, πάλω) *brandished with both hands*;

διπαλτα ξίφη *two-banded swords*.

δι-πηχυσ, υ, (Δίς, πήχυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc.*

διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον *κακὸν* *the twofold evil*. Hence

διπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, a *double-folded mantle or cloak*. 2.

δίπλακες are ship-planks (*which double one over the other*), and poet. for ships, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἀσώ, *to double*. From διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. διπλήσιος, η, ον, (Δίς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc.*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλασιόω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.

δι-πλεθρος, ον, (Δίς, πλεθρον) *two πλεθρα long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, a *cloak folded double*.

διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.

διπλοῖω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, a *double cloak*. Hence

διπλός, ὅς, ον, contr. διπλούς, ἦ, οὖν, *twofold, double*. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., =

ἄμφω or δύο, *both, two*. III. metaph. *double-minded, treacherous*, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς.

(From δις-; see ἀπλοῦς.)

διπλός, ὅς, ὄν, = διπλός: neut. Comp. διπλότερον

as Adv. *twice as much*.

διπλόω, f. ὥσω, (διπλός) *to double, bend double*. II.

ω *repay twofold*.

δι-πόδης, ἐς, (Δίς, πούς) *two feet long, broad, etc.*

Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διπόλεια, (Δίς, πόλις) an

ancient festival of Jove at Athens. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Διπόλεια, εἶδος) *like the feast of*

the Dipoleia, i. e. *obsolete, out of date*.

δι-πολος, ον, (Δίς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.

δι-πορος, ον, (Δίς, πείρος) *with two passages*.

δι-πόταμος, ον, (Δίς, ποταμός) *lying between or on*

two rivers.

δι-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (Δίς, πούς) *two-footed*, Lat.

bipes:—as Subst., ἔπικος, ὁ, a Libyan kind of mouse,

the jerboa. II. *two feet long, broad, etc.*

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (Δίς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτερύγος, ον, (Δίς, πτερυξ) *two-winged*.

δι-πτύχος, ον, (Δίς, πτυχή) *folded together, doubled*;

διπτυχον δελτίον, a pair of tablets. II. = δι-

σός, *twofold, two*, Lat. *geminus*.

δι-πύλος, ον, (Δίς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δι-πύρος, ον, (Δίς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

διρ-ρύμος, ον, (Δίς, ῥύμος) *with two poles*.

Δίς, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-Δίς, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion

to a place, as in ἀλλυδὶς, οἰκαδὶς, χαμάδις.

*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the

oblique cases Δίος, Διὶ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat.

Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis.

δις-ἄβος, ον, Dor. for δις-ἦβος, *twice young*.

δις-ευνος, ον, (Δίς, εὐνή) *with two wives*.

δις-θανής, ἐς, (Δίς, θανεῖν) *twice dead*.

δις-κεύω, f. ὦω, = δις-κείω.

δις-κείω, f. ἦσω, (Δίς-κός) *to pitch the quoit*: gene-

rally, *to throw, toss*. Hence

δις-κίημα, ατος, τό, a *thing thrown*. II. *the*

pitching of a quoit.

δις-σκῆπτρος, ον, (Δίς, σκῆπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

Δίς-κος, ὁ, (Δί-κύν) a round plate, a quoit of stone;

later of metal or wood. II. *anything like a*

quoit: a trencher: a mirror.

Δίς-κουρα, τά, (Δίς-κος, οὖρον) a quoit's cast.

δις-μύριοι, αι, α, twenty thousand: sing. δις-μῆριος,

α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἑπτος δις-μῆρια 20,000

horse.

Δις-ἄρχης, ον, ὁ, (Δίς-σός, ἄρχω) *partners in sway,*

joint-ruling.

Δις-σός Att. Διττός Ion. Διξός, ἡ, ὄν: (Δίς): *two-*

fold, double: also *divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

Δις-σῶς, Adv. of Δις-σός, *doubly*.

Δις-τάξω, f. ἄσω, (Δίς) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

Δί-στιχος, ον, (Δίς, στίξ) of two rows, lines, or verses:

as Subst., Διστίχον, τό, an elegiac couplet.

Δί-στολος, ον, (Δίς, στέλλα) in pairs, two together.

Δί-στομος, ον, (Δίς, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two*

entrances, double. II. of a weapon, *two-edged*.

Δι-σύνλαβος, ον, (Δίς, συλλαβή) of two syllables.

Δις-χιλίοι [χι], αι, α, two thousand: also in sing.,

Δις-χιλῖος, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἑπτος Δις-

χιλῖα 2000 horse.

Δι-τάλαντος, ον, (Δίς, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing*

two talents.

Δι-τόκος, ον, (Δίς, τεκεῖν) *twin or twice bearing*.

Διττός, etc., v. sub Δις-.

Δι-υγρος, ον, *thoroughly wet*: *melting*.

Δι-υλίζω, (διά, ὑλη) *to strain or filter thoroughly*: *to*

strain off.

Δι-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to wake from sleep*: so

also in Med.

Διφάσιος, α, ον, *twofold, double*, Lat. *bifarius*: in

Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑΪΩ, Ion. -έω, *to dive after*: *seek after, hunt*

for. Hence

διφήτωρ, *oros*, *δ*, a *searcher after*.
διφθέρα, *ή*, (*δέφω*) a *prepared hide, leather*, and so opp. to *δέρπει* which are *unworked hides*. II. anything made of *leather*: a *leathern garment* worn by peasants: a *leathern wallet*. Hence
διφθέρινος, *η*, *ov*, of *tanned leather*.
διφθερίς, *ιδος*, *δ*, = *διφθέρα*.
διφθογγος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *φθέγγομαι*) with *two sounds*: as Subst., *διφθογγος*, *ή*, and *διφθογγον*, *τό*, a *disphthong*.
διφόρος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *φέρω*) bearing *fruit twice* in the year, Lat. *biferus*.
διφραξ, *ακος*, *ή*, poet. for *διφρος*, a *seat, chair*.
διφρεία, *ή*, (*διφρεύω*) *chariot-driving*.
διφρ-ελάτειρα, *ή*, fem. of *διφρηλάτης*.
διφρευτής, *ου*, *δ*, a *charioteer*. From
διφρεύω, *φ*, *ω*, (*διφρος*) to *drive a chariot*.
διφρηλάστια, *ή*, *chariot-driving*. From
διφρηλάτω, to *drive in a chariot*. From
διφρηλάτης, *ov*, *δ*, (*διφρος*, *ἐλαύνω*) a *charioteer*.
διφριος, *ov*, (*διφρος*) of a *chariot*: neut. pl. *διφρια* as Adv., at the *chariot-wheels*.
διφρσκοπος, *δ*, Dim. of *διφρος*.
διφροντις, *ιδος*, *δ*, *ή*, (*δισ*, *φροντίς*) of *two minds*, *distracted in mind*.
διφρος, *δ*, and later *ή*, (contr. of *διφóρος*, bearing *two*), in plur. of *διφροι* or *τὰ διφρα*:—the *chariot-board*, on which *two* could stand; the *war-chariot*: a *travelling-chariot*. II. generally, a *seat, couch, stool*.
διφρο-σουλκώ, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*διφρος*, *ἐλκω*) to *draw a chariot*.
διφροφορέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to *carry a chair* or *litter*:—Pass. to be *carried* or *travel* in one. II. to *carry a camp-stool*, as the female *μέτοικοι* had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From
διφρο-φόρος, *ov*, (*διφρος*, *φέρω*) carrying *a chair*.
διφϋής, *ες*, (*δισ*, *φύη*) of *double nature* or *form*: generally, *twofold, double*.
διφυιος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *φύη*) of *two families*.
διχά, (*δισ*) I. Adv. in *two*, *asunder*, *apart*. 2. at *two*, at *variance*: *differently*, *oppositely*. II. Prep. with gen. *apart from*, *without*: *differently from*, *unlike*: like *ἀνεν*, against the *will* of: of *Place*, *away from*. 2. except. Hence
διχάζω, *φ*, *άωω*, to *cleave asunder*, *disunite*, *make to disagree*.
δι-χαλκον, *τό*, a *double χαλκοῦς*, a *copper coin*.
δι-χᾶλος, Dor. for *δι-χρηλος*.
διχή, Adv., = *δίχα*, in *two*: in *two ways*.
δι-χρηλος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *χηλή*) *clown-boofed*. II. as Subst., *διχρηλον*, *τό*, a *forceps, pincers*.
διχίρης, *ες*, (*δίχα*) *divided*.
διχθά, Adv., poet. for *δίχα*, like *τριχθά* for *τρίχα*, in *twain*. Hence
διχθάδιος, *α*, *ov*, *double, divided*. [ἀ]
διχθάς, *αδος*, *ή*, fem. of *διχθάδιος*.
διχό-βουλος, *ov*, (*δίχα*, *βουλή*) *adverse*.
διχο-γνωμονέω, (*δίχα*, *γνώμη*) to *differ in opinion*.
διχόθεν, (*δίχα*) Adv. on or from *both sides*.

δι-χοίνικος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *χοίνιξ*) *holding 2 χοίνικες*, i. e. nearly 3 *pints*.
δι-χόλωτος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *χολδομαι*) *doubly enraged*.
διχό-μηνις, *ιδος*, *δ*, *ή*, = *διχόμενος*.
διχό-μηνος, *ov*, (*δίχα*, *μήν*) in the *middle of the month*, at or of the *full moon*.
διχό-μυθος, *ov*, (*δίχα*, *μῦθος*) *double-speaking*.
διχορ-ρᾶγής, *ες*, (*δίχα*, *ραγῆναι*) *broken in twain*.
διχορ-ροπος, *ov*, (*δίχα*, *ρέπω*) *wavering*. Adv. —*πως*, *doubtfully*.
διχοστασία, *ή*, a *standing apart, quarrel, dispute*: *dissension*. II. *doubt*. From
διχο-στατέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*δίχα*, *στήναι*) to *stand apart, disagree*.
διχό-στομος, *ov*, (*δίχα*, *στόμα*) = *διστομος*.
διχο-τομέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*δίχα*, *τέμνω*) to *cut in two, cut asunder*.
διχοῦ, Adv., = *δίχα*.
διχό-φρων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (*δίχα*, *φρήν*) *apart in mind*, at *variance, discordant, disagreeing*.
διχῶς, Adv., like *δίχα*, *doubly*, in *two ways*.
ΔΙΨΑ, *ης*, *ή*, *thirst*. Hence
διψάλεος, *α*, *ov*, *thirsty, dry*; and
διψάς, *αδος*, *ή*, fem. of *διψίλος*.
διψάω, *ης*, *ή*, inf. *διψήν*: impf. *ἐδιψήν*, *ης*, *η*: fut. *διψήσω*: aor. I *ἐδιψήσα*: pf. *δεδιψήκα*:—to *thirst*: of the ground, to be *dry, parched*. II. metaph. to *thirst after, long earnestly for*.
διψίλος, *α*, *ov*, (*δίψα*) *thirsty, atthirst, dry, parched*.
διψίλος, *εος*, *τό*, = *δίψα*, *thirst*.
δι-ψυχος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *ψυχή*) *double-minded, wavering*.
ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to *run away, take to flight, flee*: to be *afraid*. II. in Med., subj. *διώμαι, δίηται, διώνται*, opt. *διόιτο*, inf. *διέσθαι*, mostly trans., to *frighten away, chase, put to flight*: to *drive*: to *bunt*: but 2. also, like *διώ*, to be *afraid*. [Υ]
διωγμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*διώκω*) a *pursuit, pursuing, chase*. II. *that which is chased, 'the chase'*.
διωγμός, *δ*, (*διώκω*) *the chase*. II. *persecution, harassing*.
δι-ώδυνος, *ov*, (*δισ*, *δύνη*) *piercing with anguish*.
δι-ώθω, fut. —*ώθησω* and —*ώσω*: (for the tenses, v. *ώθω*):—to *push* or *tear away*: Med. to *push asunder* for oneself, *break through*. 2. to *thrust away*:—Med. to *push from oneself, push away*: to *repulse, drive back*. 3. to *reject*: to *refuse*.
διωκάθειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of *διώκω*.
διωκόμεν, **διωκόμεναι**, for *διώκειν*, inf. of *διώκω*.
διώκμεκα, **διώκμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of *διώκειν*.
διώκμεσα, **διώκμεθην**, aor. I act. and pass. of *διώκειν*.
διωκτέος, *α*, *ov*, verb. Adj. of *διώκω*, to be *pursued, aimed at*.
διωκτής, *ηρος*, *δ*, and **διώκτης**, *ov*, *δ*, a *pursuer*. From
διώκω, *φ*, *έω* or *έομαι*: aor. I *ἐδιώξα*: poet. aor. 2 *ἐδιώκαθον*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐδιώχθην*: pf. *δεδιώγμαι*: (*διώ*): I. to *pursue, chase, bunt*: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, *ov*, (διά, ὠλένη) with outstretched arms.

διώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ωμοτος, *ov*, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διώνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father). II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, *ov*, (δύς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διωξι-κέλευθος, *ov*, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξι-ιππος, *ov*, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

διώξις, *εως, ἡ*, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμαι, pf. pass.

διώρυνμαι, pf. pass. διορύσσω.

δι-ώρυγος, *ov*, more correct form of διορύγιος.

διώρυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διορύσσω) dug out through: διώρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διαθέω.

δημηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δημηθῆτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δημήσις, *εως, ἡ*, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δημητέρα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δημητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δμῶς, dual nom. of δμῶς.

δμῶή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δμῶιος, *a, ov*, (δμῶς) in servile condition.

δμῶις, ἴδος, ἡ, = δμῶή.

δμῶς, ὥς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δνοπαλλίζω, f. ξω, to swing or fling about.

δνοφέρος, *a, ov*, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΝΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, = ἐνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δοάσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att. ἔδοξε, it seemed: δοάσσεται, Ep. for -ῆται, 3 sing. subj. = δόξῃ.

δόγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to lay down a decree:—Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δοθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΙΗΝ, ἥρος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δοτάζω, f. ἄσω, (δοῖς) to consider two ways, hesitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοδύκο-ποιός, ὁ, (δοῖδω, ποίεω) a pestle-maker.

ΔΟΓΑΤΕ, ὕκος, ὁ, a pestle.

δοῦή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From

δοῖν, aor. 2. opt. of δίδωμι.

δοιοί, *ά, = δύο, two, both*: δοά, Adv. in two ways.

δοῖώ, = δοιοί, of which it is the dual, = δύο.

δοκεῖω, f. εὔσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres. *δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: aor. I ἐδόκησα and ἐδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκήθην: pf. δεδόκημαι and δεδόγμαι: I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine.

II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was decreed or enacted by...: but also in I pers., δοκῶ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι methought.

2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἶναι τι men who are held to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δόκη, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, *εως, ἡ*, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δοκησι-σοφος, *ov*, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκιμασμαι: (δοκιμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάσις, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκιμαστής, *ov*, ὁ, (δοκιμάω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκιμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκιμιον, τό, proof, trial. From δοκιμος, *ov*, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκός, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκά, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, = δόκησις, an opinion.

δολερός, *ά, ὡν*, (δόλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόλιος, μήτις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδος, (δόλιος, ποῖς) of stealthy foot.

δόλιος, *a, ov*, and *os, ov*, (δόλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. *ovos*, (δόλιος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιχ-αυλος, *ov*, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολιχ-αύχην, *ενος, ὁ, ἡ*, (δολιχός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

δολιχ-εγχής, *ές, (δολιχός, ἐγχος)* with tall spear.

δολιχ-ήρεμος, *ov*, (δολιχός, ἑρεμός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιβά, f. ὥσω, (δόλιος) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφια, ἡ, (δολιχος, γράφω) prolix writing.

ΔΟΛΙΧΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, long : of Time, long, weary-some. II. as Subst., δολιχός, ὁ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον.

δολιχό-σκίος, ὄν, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or δολιχό-σκιος, (δολιχός, σάχος) with long shaft.

δολόεις, εσσα, ἐν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful.

δολο-μήτης, ἐς, gen. εὐς, (δόλος, μήθος) wily, crafty. δολο-μήτης, ὄν, ὁ, and δολό-μητης, ἰ, gen. ιος, (δόλος, μήτης) crafty-minded, wily.

δολο-μήχανος, ὄν, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολο-μῦθος, ὄν, (δόλος, μῦθος) false-speaking.

δολοπλοκία, ἡ, subtlety, craft. From

δολο-πλοκός, ὄν, (δόλος, πλέω) weaving wiles.

δολο-ποιός, ὄν, (δόλος, ποίω) treacherous.

δολορραφία, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtlety. From

δολορ-ραφός, ὄν, (δόλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles.

δόλος, ὁ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly

a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus.

δολο-φόνος, ὄν, (δόλος, φένο) slaying by treachery.

δολο-φράδης, ἐς, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded.

δολοφρονέων, ὄν, ὄν, (δολόφρων) craft-devising.

δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, subtlety, wiliness. From

δολό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (δόλος, φρήν) = δολο-φράδης, crafty-minded.

δόλω, f. ὥσω, (δόλος) to beguile, ensnare. II. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence

δόλωμα, ἀτος, τό, a trick, deceit.

δόλω-ωνος, ὁ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger.

δολ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δόλος, ὦψ) artful-looking.

δόλωσις, εως, ἡ, (δολώω) a tricking, ensnaring.

δόμα, ἀτος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift.

δομαῖος, α, ὄν, (δέμω) of or for building.

δόμηναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὅνδε δόμενδε to his own house. From

δόμος, ὁ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a house: also the household. II. a part of the house, chamber, room.

III. anything that is built up; διὰ τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks.

δομο-σφάλλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλω) ruining the house.

δονακεύομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

δονακεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (δόναξ) a thicket of reeds.

δονακίτης, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed.

δονακο-γλύφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting.

δονακοίς, εσσα, ἐν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds;

δόλος δονακοίς a reed covered with birdlime.

δονακο-τρέφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing.

δονακό-χλοος, ὄν, contr. -χλούς, ὄν, (δόναξ, χλόα) green with reeds.

δόναξ Ion. δούναξ Dor. δώναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a reed, Lat. calamus, arundo. II. anything made of reed:

a dart, arrow. 2. a flute, shepherd's pipe. 3. a

fish-bone or limed reed (see δονακοίς). 4. the bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕΨ, f. ἤσω, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about:—Pass. ἡ Ἀσίη ἐδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ἀτος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and δονητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. shaken.

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δόξα, ἡ, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: expectation. 2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philo-

sophic opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, honour. 2. glory, splendour. Hence

δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to bold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence

δόξασμα, ἀτος, τό, an opinion: a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ἡ, love of popularity. From

δοξο-κόπος, ὄν, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity.

δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μάνημι) mad after glory.

Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, mad love of glory.

δοξο-ματαιό-σοφος, ὁ, (δόξα, ματαιός, σοφός) a would-be philosopher.

δοξο-σόφος, ὄν, (δόξα, σόφος) wise in one's own conceit.

δοξώ, f. ὥσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to have such a character.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: δόξαι, aor. I inf.

δορά, ἡ, (δέρω) a skin, hide.

δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ.

δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, a small spear, dart.

δορατο-πάχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's thickness.

δόρατος, gen. of δόρυ.

δορήιος, α, ὄν, (δόρυ) wooden.

δορι-άλωτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, ἀλῶμαι) captive of the spear,

taken in war. [ᾶ]

δορι-γαμβρος, ὄν, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle.

δορι-θήρατος, ὄν, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear.

δορι-κάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανέιν) slain by the spear.

δορι-κμήτης, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμνω) slain by the spear.

δορι-κράνος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κρίνον) spear-beaded.

δορι-κτῆτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear.

δορι-κτύπος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing.

δορι-ληπτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear.

δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανῆμι) raging with the spear.

δορι-μαργος, ὄν, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear.

δορι-μήστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) master of the spear.

δορι-πάλτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πάλω) wielding the spear;

χείρ δοριπάλτος, i. e. the right hand.

δορι-πετής, ἐς, (δόρυ, πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen by the spear.

δορι-πληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the spear.

δορί-πουνος, *ον*, (δόρυ, πῦνος) toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.

δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, *v. sub* δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δόρυ, στέφανος) crowned for bravery in war.

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τινάσσω) shaken by battle.

δορι-τήτης, *ον*, (δόρυ, τέμνω) pierced by the spear.

δορι-τόλμος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τόλμα) bold in war.

δορκᾶλῖς, *ἶδος*, *ῆ*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *ἄδος*, *ῆ*, (δέδορκα) an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.

δορός, *ὁ*, (δέρω) a leather bag or wallet.

δορπέω, *ῖ*, ἥσω, (δόρπον) to take supper. Hence

δόρπηστος, *ῖ*, supper-time, evening.

Δορπία, *ῆ*, (δόρπον) the first day of the feast Apaturia; τῆς ὁρτῆς τῇ δορπία on the eve of the feast.

ΔΟΡΠΙΟΝ, *τό*, the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.

ΔΟΡΥ, *τό*: gen. δοράτος, Ep. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also δορός: dat. δούρατι, Ion. δούρατι δουρί, in Att. poets also δόρει or δορί.—Ion. dual δοῖρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ep. δοῦρατα δοῦρα, in Att. Poets also δόρη: gen. δύραν, Ep. δοῦραν: dat. δόρασι, Ep. δοῦρασι δοῦρεσσι. The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship. II. the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' ἀσπίδα to the left.

δορυ-ἄλωτος, false reading for δοριᾶλωτος.

δορυ-θαροσής, *ἐς*, (δόρυ θαρσέω) daring in war.

δορυ-ξενος, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (δόρυ, ξένος) a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.

δορυ-ξός, *ον*, contr. -ξοῦς, οῖν, (δόρυ, ξέω) spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξός, *ὁ*, a maker of spears; also δορυξός, *ὁ*.

δορυ-πάγης, *ἐς*, (δόρυ, παγῆναι) built of beams.

δορυ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, *v. δορίπ-*

δορυ-σθενής or δορι-σθενής, *ἐς*, (δόρυ, σθένης) mighty with the spear.

δορυ-σός, *ῆτος*, *ὁ*, masc. Adj., = δορύσσοος, warlike.

δορυ-σός, *ον*, contr. δορυ-σοῦς, οῖν, poet. also δορυ-σός, (δόρυ, σέω) brandishing the spear.

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, *v. δορι-*

δορυφορέω, *ῖ*, ἥσω, (δορυφόρος) to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over. Hence

δορυφόρημα, *ματος*, *τό*, a body-guard; and

δορυφορία, *ῆ*, a keeping guard over.

δορυφορικός, *ῆ*, *ὢν*, (δορυφορία) of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δόρυ, φέρω) spear-bearing, Lat. basiliatus; οἱ δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.

δός, *αορ. 2* imperat. of δίδωμι.

δοσιδικος, *ον*, false reading for δοσιδίκος.

δός, *εως*, *ῆ*, (δίδωμι) a giving. II. a gift, present: a bequest.

III. a portion: a dose.

δόσκον, Ep. *αορ. 2* of δίδωμι.

δότειρα, *ῆ*, fem. of δότηρ.

δοτέος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, to be given. II.

δοτέον, *one must give*.

δοτήρ, *ῆρος*, *ὁ*, (δίδωμι) a giver, dispenser.

δοτής, *ον*, *ὁ*, = δότηρ.

δουλ-ἄγωγέω, *ῖ*, ἥσω, (δούλος, ἄγω) to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγεῖν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.

δουλάριον, *τό*, Dim. of δούλος.

δουλεία, Ion. δουλητή, *ῆ*, (δουλεύω) servitude, slavery, bondage. II. the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.

δούλειος, *α, ον*, or *ος, ον*, (δούλος) slavish, servile.

δούλευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (δουλεύω) a service. II.

a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, *ῖ*, *σω*, (δούλος) to be a slave: generally, c. dat., to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.

δουλή, *ῆ*, fem. of δούλος.

δουλητή, Ion. of δουλεία.

δουλία, *ῆ*, poet. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ῆ*, *ὢν*, = δούλιος. Adv. -κῶς, like a slave.

δούλιος, *α, ον*, (δούλος) slavish, servile; δούλιον ἡμῶν the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.

δουλιχό-δεῖρος, Ion. for δολιχόδεῖρος, (δολιχός, δείρη) long-necked.

δουλιχός, *εσσα*, *εν*, Ion. for δολιχόεις, poet. for δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (δούλος, πρέπω) befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον (a slave taken in war). II.

as Adj., δούλος, *ῆ*, *ον*, slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp. δουλότερος, more of a slave.

δουλοσύνη, *ῆ*, (δούλος) slavery, slavish work.

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) enslaved.

δουλότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλῶ, *ῖ*, ὥσω, (δούλος) to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself. Hence

δουλῶσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, enslaving, subjugation.

δουναί, *αορ. 2* inf. of δίδωμι.

δουναξ, δονακός, Ion. for δύναιξ, δονακόεις.

δουπέω, *ῖ*, ἥσω: Ep. *αορ. 1* δουπήσα: pf. δέδουπα: (δούπος)—to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.

δουπήτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (δουπέω) a clatterer.

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, *ὁ*, any dead, heavy sound; δούπος ἁκόντων the hurling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.

δούρατα, syncop. δοῦρα, *τά*, Ep. plur. of δόρυ.

δουράτεος, *α, ον*, of planks or beams.

δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, a dari.

δούρειος, *α, ον*, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δόρυ.

δουρ-ηκεές, (δόρυ, ενεγκεῖν) Adv. a spear's throw off or distant.

δουρι-άλωτος, *ov*, Ion. for δουράλιωτος.

δουρι-κλιτός, *ov*, Ion. for δουρι-κλειτός, (δору, κλει-τός) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κλιτός, *ή, ov*, Ion. for δουρι-κλυτός, (δору, κλυτός) famed for the spear.

δουρι-κτητός, δουρι-λήπτος, δουρι-μανής, Ion. for δουρι-.

δούριος, = δούρειος.

δουρι-πληκτος, *ov*, Ion. for δουριπληκτος.

δουρι-τύπης, *es*, (δору, τύπω) wood-cutting.

δουρο-δέκη, *ή*, (δору, δοχή) a stand for spears.

δουρο-θήκη, *ή*, (δору, θήκη) a case for spears.

δουρο-μάνης, *es*, Ion. for δοριμανής.

δούς, *aor. 2 part.* of δίδωμι.

δοχείον, Ion. δοχήτιον, τό, (δέχομαι) a bolder.

δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) reception, entertainment. II.

a receptacle.

δοχμή, *ή*, a measure of length, a span.

δοχμιος, *a, ov*, (δοχμός) across, sideways, aslant.

δοχμολοφος, *ov*, (δοχμός, λοφος) wearing one's

plume aslant, with nodding plume.

ΔΟΧΜΟΨ, *ή, ov*, slanting, sideways. Hence

δοχμύομαι, *aor. 1* ἐδοχμύσθην, *Pass.* to turn sideways or aslant.

δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) as much as one can grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.

δραγματη-φόρος, *ov*, (δράγμα, φέρω) carrying sheaves.

δραγματεύω, *f. σω*, to collect the corn into sheaves.

δραγματός, *δ*, (δράσσομαι) a taking bold of, handling.

δραθεῖν, *aor. 2 inf.* of δαρθάνω.

δραθῆ, δραθῆν, *aor. 2 imperat.* and *opt.* of διδράσκω.

δραίνω, *f. δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) to be going to do.

δράκαινα, *ης, ή, fem.* of δράκων, a she-dragon.

δρακείν, *aor. 2 inf. act.* of δέркоμαι.

δρακῆναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass.* of δέркоμαι.

δρακόμενος, *aor. 2 part. med.* of δέркоμαι.

δράκον, Ion. for ἐδράκον, *aor. 2 of* δέркоμαι.

δρακόντειος, *a, ov*, (δράκων) of a dragon.

δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ov, δ*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) serpent-slayer.

δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ov*, (δράκων, μάλλος) with snakey locks.

δρακοντ-ώδης, *es*, (δράκων, εἶδος) snake-like.

δράκων, *aor. 2 part. act.* of δέркоμαι.

δράκων, *οντος, δ*, (δρακείν) a dragon: later a serpent.

δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) a deed, act, acting: a business, duty. 2. an action represented on the stage, a drama.

δραμῆν, *aor. 2 inf.* of τρέχω.

δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμῆν) a course, a race.

δραμῶμαι, δραμών, *fut.* and *aor. 2 part.* of τρέχω.

δράναι, *aor. 2 inf.* of διδράσκω.

δράξ, δράκός, = δράγμα.

δραπέτευω, *f. σω*, to run away, flee. From

δραπέτης, *ov*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *ew, δ*, (δράναι) a runaway: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δρα-

πέτης κληρος a fugitive lot, i.e. a mouldering clod,

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δραπέτης, *ov, δ*, = δραπέτης.

δραπέτις, *ιδος, ή, fem.* of δραπέτης.

δραπέτισκος, *δ*, Dim. of δραπέτης.

δράς, δράσα, *aor. 2 part.* of δράω.

δρασεῖω, Desiderat. of δράω, to have a mind to do, to be going to do.

δρασθείς, *aor. 1 part. pass.* of δράω.

δρασμός, *ov*, (δράω) active: τὸ δράσιμον action.

δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *δ*, (δράναι) a running away, flight.

δράσσομαι, *fut.* of διδράσκω. [ā]

ΔΡΑΨΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: *fut.* δράξομαι: *aor. 1* ἐδραψάμην: *pf.* δέδραγμα Att. δέδαγμα: Dep.:—to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of: to lay bold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful.

δραστέος, *a, ov*, verb. Adj. of δράω, to be done. II.

δραστέον, one must do.

δραστήριος, *ov*, vigorous, active, efficacious.

δράστης, *ov, δ*, (δράω) a worker: servant.

δραστηκός, *ή, ov*, (δράω) active.

δράτς, *ή, ov*, metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, skinned, flayed.

δραχμή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) a drachma, a coin worth 6 obols, i.e. 9¹/₂d, nearly = Roman denarius. II. an

Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)

ΔΡΑΨΩ, *f. δράσω* [ā]: *aor. 1* ἐδράσα: *pf.* δέδρακα:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1* ἐδράσθην: *pf.* δέδραμαι:—to do, be doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εἰ or κακῶς δράν τινα, to do one good or ill.

δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe. [ā]

δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ov*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) bearing a scythe; ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.

δρεπανο-ειδής, *es*, (δρέπανον, εἶδος) sickle-shaped.

δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, a sickle: a curved scimitar.

δρεπᾶν-ουργός, *δ*, (δρέπανον, *έργω) a sword-maker.

δρέπω, poet. for δρέπει, to pluck, cull.

ΔΡΕΨΩ, *f. ψω*: *aor. 1* ἐδρεψα: *aor. 2* ἐδραπον:—Med., Dor. *fut.* δρεψέμαι: *aor. 1* ἐδρεψάμην:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1* ἐδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy.

δρηπέτης, *ew, δ*, Ion. for δραπέτης.

δρημοσύνη, *ή*, = δρηστοσύνη.

δρηστήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, a run-away.

δρηστήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) a labourer, worker: fem. δρηστειρα.

δρηστής, *ov, δ*, Ion. for δραστής.

δρηστοσύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) service.

δριμύλος, *ov*, Dim. of δριμύς, sbarp, piercing. [ū]

ΔΡΙΜΥΤΨ, *εία, υ*, piercing, stinging, biting, pungent. II. metaph. like Lat. acer, sbarp, keen, bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence

δριμύτης, τητος, *ή*, sbarpness, pungency: sbrewdness.

ΔΡΥΟΣ, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δρῖον) *copse-wood, thicket, brushwood*.

ΔΡΟΙΤΗ, ἡ, *a bathing tub, a bath*.

δρομαῖος, α, ov, or os, (δρόμος) *running at full speed, swift, fleet*.

δρομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *running, whirling*.

δρομεύς, εως, (δραμεῖν) *a runner*.

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a course, race, running; flight: a fleeing, escape; ημέρης δρόμος* a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. *the length of the stadium, a course; ξῶν δρόμου φέρεσθαι* to be carried out of the course. II. *a place for running, race-course: a public walk*.

δροσερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δρόσος) *dewy, watery*.

δρoσιζω, f. ἴσω, (δρόσος) *to bedew, besprinkle*.

δρoσινός, ἡ, ὤν, (δρόσος) = *δροσερός*.

δρoσoίς, εσσα, εν, poet. for *δροσερός*.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROSA, *dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall*. 2. *pure water: tears*. 3. *metaph. anything tender, the young of animals*. Hence **δρoσάω**, to bedew: pf. pass. part. *δεδρoσωμένος, dewy*.

δρoσ-ώδης, es, (δρόσος, εἶδος) *dew-like, dewy*.

δρυάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree*.

δρῦνός [ῖ], η, ω, (δρῦς) *oaken; δρῦνον πῦρ* a fire of oak-wood; *μέλι δρῦνον* honey from a hollow oak.

δρυ-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, = *δρυο-κολάπτης*.

δρῦμός, ὁ, pl. δρῦμοί and δρῦμά: (δρῦς) *an oak-coprice, a coppice, wood*. [ῦ, except in neut. pl.]

δρῦμών, ὠνος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *an oak-coprice*.

δρυ-γόνος, ου, (δρῦς, *γένω) *oak-groun*.

δρυο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) *couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττις*.

δρυο-κολάπτης, ου, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) *the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major*.

δρυο-παγής, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγῆναι) *built of oak*.

δρύ-οχοι, οί, or **δρύ-οχα**, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) *the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρύοχους τιθέναι* δράματος *to lay the keel of a new play*.

δρῦσι, σπος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὕψ) *a kind of woodpecker*.

δρύ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέτω) *ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *ready to fall from the tree*.*

ΔΡΥΠΠΙΑ, ἡ, *an over-ripe, mouldy olive*.

ΔΡΥΠΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I *ἐδρύψα* Ep. *δρύψα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐδρύφην*: pf. *δέδρυμαι*:—to *tear, scratch, wound; δρύπτεσθαι* *παρεῖναι* *to tear one's cheek; also absol.*

ΔΡΥΣ, ἡ, gen. *δρῦός*, acc. *δρῦν*: pl. nom. and acc. *δρύες*, *δρύας*, contr. *δρύς*:—*the oak, sacred to Zeus*. II. *any timber tree; πείρα δρύς* *the resinous pine*. III. *metaph. an old tree, i.e. withered old man*.

δρῦ-τόμος, ου, (δρῦς, ταμῶν) *falling timber*.

δρύφακτον, τό, and **δρύφακτος**, ὁ, (δρῦς) *a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber*.

δρῦφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *δρύπτω*.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. 1 of *δρύπτω*.

δρύψα, τά, (δρύπτω) *scrapping, parings*.

δρῶσι, Ep. for *δρῶμ*, lengthd. opt. of *δράω*.

δῦ, Ep. for *ἔδω*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *δύω*.

δύακις, Adv. *twice*, = *δίς*.

δύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύω) *the number two*.

δύαω, (δύη) *to plunge in misery*.

δυεῖν, later Att. for *δυοῖν*, gen. and dat. dual of *δύω*.

ΔΥΉ, ἡ, *woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: bard usage*. [ῦ]

δύη, (as if for *δύην*), aor. 2 opt. of *δύμ*.

δυηπάθη, ἡ, *misery*. From

δυη-πάθος, ου, (δύη, παθεῖν) *suffering woe*.

δύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of *δύω*.

δύσις, α, ov, (δύη) *misérable*.

δύμεναι, *δύμεν*, Ep. for *δύναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *δύω*.

δύμι, assumed as a collat. form of *δύω*, *δύνω*.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of *δύω*.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of *δύναμαι*.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like *ἵσταμαι*, 2 sing. *δύνασαι*, Att. *δύνα*, Ion. *δύνη δύναει*; 3 pl. *δύνανται* Ep. *δυνέαι*; subj. *δύνωμαι*, Ion. 2 sing. *δύνῃ*:—imperf. *ἐδυνάμην*, 2 sing. *ἐδύνω*, 3 pl. *ἐδύναντο* Ion. *ἐδυνέαιτο*:—fut. *δυνήσομαι*: aor. 1 *ἐδυνήσαμην* and *ἐδυνάσθην* (or *ἐδυνάσθην* Ep. *δυνάσθην*):—pf. *δεδύνῃμαι*:—in Att. the double augment *ἡδυνάμην*, *ἡδυνήσθην* is often used: Dep.: I. *to be able, capable, strong enough to do*, c. inf.: also c. acc., *δύνασθαι πάντα* *to be able to do all things*, Lat. *omnia posse*: absol., *οἱ δυνάμενοι* *the powerful*. II. *to pass for, to be worth*, Lat. *valere*; *ὁ σίγλος δύναται ἑπτα ὀβόλους* *the shekel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote*.

δύνᾱμις, ἡ: gen. *εως* Ion. *ιος*: Ion. dat. *δύναμι*: (*δύναμαι*):—*strength, might, power, ability; κατά δύναμιν* *to the best of one's power*, Lat. *pro virili*; *παρά δύναμιν* or *ὑπὲρ δύναμιν* *beyond one's power*. 2. *a force for war, forces*, Lat. *copiae*. 3. *a quantity*, Lat. *vis*, e.g. *χρημάτων*. 4. *the force of a word, etc., meaning*, Lat. *vis*. 5. *a faculty, power*: hence *a faculty, art, as Logic*. 6. *worth, value, as of money*.

δυνάμω, f. *ώσω*, (*δύναμις*) *to strengthen*.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. 1 of *δύναμαι*.

δύναισις, εως, ἡ, poet. for *δύναμις*.

δύναστα, ἡ, *power, lordship, sovereignty*. II.

an oligarchy. From

δύναστεύω, f. *σω*, *to hold power or lordship, be powerful: to be high in rank*. From

δυνάστης, ου, ὁ, (*δύναμαι*) *a lord, master, ruler; οἱ δυνάσται* *the chief men*, Lat. *optimates*.

δυνάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = *δυνάστης*.

δυνάττω, f. *ήσω*, (*δυνατός*) *to be powerful*.

δυνάτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for *δυνάστης*.

δυνατός, ἡ, ὁ, (δύναμις) *strong, mighty: powerful, able.* II. of things, *possible.*

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει* it is possible.

δύνη, Ep. for ἔδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύναμις.

δύνει, δύνῃ, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμις.

δυνάσται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμις.

δύνῃαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμις.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμις.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύω, see δύω.

ΔΥΏ, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυοῖν, in later Att. δυεῖν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat.

δυσί Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δύο μοιράων:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; σύν δύο τῶν together, by twos; εἰς δύο τῶν two and two.

δυοκαίδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, twelve, Lat. *duodecim*.

δυοκαίδεκά-μηνος, δυοκαίδεκάς, δυοκαίδεκατος, see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δύωσιν, Ep. for δυῶσιν, 3 pl. of δύω.

δύρομαι, poet. for δίδυρομαι.

δύσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky, mis-chance*, always with a notion of *hard, bad, ill*, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δύσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-αγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-

δύσ-αγνος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀγνός) *uncaste, impure.*

δυσ-αγρέω, f. ἡσώ, to have bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-άδελφος, ὄν, *unhappy in one's brothers.*

δυσ-αῆς, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀήμι) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσάων* Ep. gen. pl. for δυσάων.

δυσ-άθλιος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, *most miserable.*

δυσ-αιδής, ἐς, *most direful, most horrible.*

δυσ-αἰθριος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) *not clear, murky.*

δυσ-αἰων, αἰωνος, ὁ, ἡ, *miserable in life, most miserable.*

δυσ-αλγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄλγος) *very painful.*

δυσ-ἀλγητος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀλγέω) *unfeeling, bard-bearted.*

δυσ-άλιος, ὄν, Dor. for δυσ ἥλιος. [ā]

δυσ-άλωτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀλῶναι) *hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν bard to be reached by ills.*

δυσ-ἀμβάτος, ὄν, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος.

δυσ-ἀμωρος, ὄν, *most miserable.*

δυσ-ανάβητος, ὄν, *hard to mount.*

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίω) *hard to bring back or recall.*

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-ἀγκριτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίνω) *hard to distinguish or examine.*

δυσ-ανασχετέω, f. ἡσώ, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) *to bear ill, to be unable to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνὰτρεπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) *hard to overbrow.*

δυσ-ἀνεκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) *hard to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνεμος, ὄν, Dor. for δυσ-ἡνεμος.

δυσ-ἀντιβλέπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) *hard to look in the face.*

δύσαντο, for ἔδυσ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνήρ) *with a bad husband.* [ā]

δυσ-ἀπάλλακτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) *hard to get rid of.*

δυσ-ἀπίστος, ὄν, *very disobedient.*

δυσ-ἀπόκριτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) *hard to answer.*

δυσ-ἀπότηρεπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.*

δυσ-ἀρεστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀρέσκω) *ill to please, implacable: peevish, morose.*

δυσ-ἀριστο-τόκεια, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀριστος, τόκος) *unhappy mother of the noblest son.*

δυσ-αρκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀρχω) *hard to govern.*

δυσ-αυλία, ἡ, *ill or hard lodging.* From

δύσ-αυλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αὐλή) *ill for lodging.*

δύσ-αυλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αὐλός) *ill-suited for the flute.*

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for δυσᾶχης.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἄχος) *sorely painful.*

δυσ-βάστακτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαστάω) *grievous to be borne.*

δύσ-βάτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαίνω) *hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον difficult ground.* 2. *trodden painfully.*

δυσ-βάυκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαῦζω) *full of wailing.*

δυσ-βίωτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βίωτος) *making life wretched.*

δυσ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, folly.* From

δύσ-βουλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βουλή) *ill-advised.*

δύσ-βωλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βώλος) *of ill soil, unfruitful.*

δύσ-γᾶμος, ὄν, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-γάργλις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίω) *ticklish, skittish.*

δυσ-γένεια, ἡ, *low, mean birth.* From

δυσ-γενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, γένος) *low-born: low-minded.*

δύσ-γνοιά, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *ignorance, perplexity.*

δυσ-γνωσία, ἡ, *difficulty of knowing.* From

δύσ-γνωστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *hard to know or recognise.*

δυσδαμονία, ἡ, *misery: wretchedness.* From

δυσ-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) *ill-fated.*

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, δακρύω) *much wept.* II. *much weeping.*

δύσ-δᾶμαρ, ἄρτος, ὁ, ἡ, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-διάθετος, ὄν, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) *hard to settle.*

δύσ-εβρος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἔβρα) *bringing ill luck to one's abode.*

δυσ-ειδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) *unsightly, deformed.*

δυσ-εἰμάτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, εἶμα) *meanly clad.*

δυσ-εἰσβολος, ὄν, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) *hard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατος, ὄν, most inaccessible.*

δυσ-ἐκθύτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) *hard to avert by sacrifice.*

δυσ-ἐκλύτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) *hard to undo, inexplicable:—Adv. -τως, indissolubly.*

δυσ-εκπέρτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) *hard to pass from, hard to escape.*

δυσ-ἐκφυκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) *hard to escape from.*

δυσ-ελένα, ἡ, *ill-starred Helen.*

δύσελπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δυσ-ἄπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄπι(σ)ω) *unhoped for; ἐκ*
δυσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.
 δυσ-ἑμβατός, ον, (δυσ-, ἑμβαίνω) *hard to walk on,*
rugged: inaccessible.
 δυσ-ἑμβόλος, ον, (δυσ-, ἑμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δυσ-έντερις, ἡ, and δυσεντερικόν, τό, (δυσ-, ἔντερον)
a bowel complaint, dysentery.
 δυσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δυσ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to de-*
ceive.
 δυσ-ἐξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλεγκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) *hard to refute.*
 δυσ-ἐξέλκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) *hard to unfold*
or explain.
 δυσ-ἐξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύτω) *hard to make*
away with: indissoluble.
 δύσεο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.
 δυσ-ἐπιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard*
to plot against or attack secretly.
 δυσ-ἐραστός, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δυσ-ἐρημικός, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύσερις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (δυσ-, ἐρις) *most contentious,*
very quarrelsome, peevish.
 δυσ-ἐριστός, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρί(σ)ω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δυσ-ἐρμηνεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to ex-*
plain.
 δύσερως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἐρως) *passionately lov-*
ing, sick in love with, Lat. perditē amans. II.
hardly loving, insensible to love.
 δύσετο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.
 δυσ-ευνήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (δυσ-, ευνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δυσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) *hard to find out:*
hard to get to: hard to get through, impervious.
 δυσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζήλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δυσ-ζητητός, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύσεζωός, ον, (δυσ-, ζῶ) *most wretched.*
 δυσ-ἥκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-ἥκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of bearing.*
 δυσ-ἡλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) *of death,*
stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy:
of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.
 δυσ-ἡλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the*
light of day.
 δυσ-ἡμερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δυσ-ἡμεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἄνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύσερις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, *older form of δύσερις, very*
quarrelsome, contentious.
 δυσ-ἡχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἡχέω) *ill-sounding: hateful to*
bear of, hateful.
 δυσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπω) *hard to warm: chilly.*
 δυσθάνάτω, f. ἡσω, *to die a lingering death. From*
 δυσ-θάνατος, ον, *dying hard, struggling with*
death. II. *act. bringing a painful death.*
 δυσ-θάνής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανείν) *having died a hard*
death.
 δυσ-θεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύσεθος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) *hard to cure.*
 δυσ-θετώ, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, τίθω) *to be in bad case:*
Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegrē ferre.
 δυσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανάτω.
 δυσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δύσεθορός, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of harsh sound, grating.*
 δυσθυμαίνω, = δυσθυμέω.
 δυσθυμέω, f. ἡσω, *to be down-hearted, despond: Med.*
to be melancholy, angry. From
 δύσε-θυμός, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-hearted, dispirited,*
desponding, anxious.
 δυσ-ίατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσε-θάλασσος, ον, (δύνω, θάλασσα) *dipped in the*
sea.
 δύσε-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in: τὰ*
δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύνω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or*
stars: δύσις ἡλίου the west.
 δυσ-κάθατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) *hard to cleanse*
or expiate: hard to appease, inexorable.
 δυσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to hold in.*
 δύσεκαπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνέω) *very smoky.*
 δυσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to*
check: restless.
 δυσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to*
bring about, hard to effect.
 δυσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to re-*
store or reestablish.
 δυσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no*
means to be despised.
 δυσ-κατέρχαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάσσομαι) = δυσ-
 κατάπρακτος.
 δύσκε, Ion. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.
 δυσ-κέλαδος, ον, *shrill-screaming, grating: harsh.*
 δυσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κηδός) *full of care, painful.*
 δύσεκλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *past remedy.*
 δυσ-κλεής, ἐς: acc. δυσκλεέα ποῖε. δυσκλεῖα: (δυσ-,
 κλέος) *injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence*
 δύσεκλεια, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name:*
 δυσκλεῖς, Adv. *of dishonour, ingloriously.*
 δύσεκλος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δυσκλής, ποῖε, *for δυσκλεής.*
 δυσκολεῖν, f. ἀνῶ, (δύσκολος) *to be peevish, dis-*
contented, annoyed.
 δυσκολία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *peevishness, discontent.*
 δυσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δυσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) *hard to*
bend: δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in
singing.
 δυσκολό-κοίτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's*
bed uneasy.
 δύσε-κόλος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) *hard to satisfy with*
food: hard to please, fretful, peevish, discon-
tented. II. *of things, harassing: unpleasant.*
 δύσε-κόλπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δυσκόλως, Adv. *of δύσκολος, peevishly: δυσκόλως*
εἶχειν to be peevish.
 δυσκρασία, ἡ, *bad temperament. From*

δύσ-κράτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) of bad tempera-
ment.

δυσ-κόμιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne.
δύσ-κρίτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern: hard
to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δυσ-
κρίτως ἔχειν to be in doubt.

δυσ-κύμαντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the
stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or hard to tell.

δυσ-λόγιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λογιζομαι) hard to reckon.
II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λóφος) hard for the neck, hard
to bear. II. impatient: Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δύσ-λύτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble.

δυσμαθέω, *φ. ἴδω*, to be slow at learning. From

δυσ-μαθής, *ές*, (δυσ-, μαθύν) hard to learn, diffi-
cult. II. act. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θώς,
δυσμαθώς ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχew, *φ. ἴσω*, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain;
to fight an unbolv fight with. Hence

δυσμαχῆτεον, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard.

δύσ-μάχος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with,
unconquerable: generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμεναίνω, (δυσμενής) to bear ill-will.

δυσμένεια, *ή*, (δυσμενής) ill-will, enmity.

δυσμενών, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile: masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, *ές*, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-
will, hostile; δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχειρίστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) hard
to take in hand or manage: hard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. δυθμή, *ή*, (δύω) δύσις, a sinking,
setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνα-
τολάι.

δύσ-μηνις, *ι*, gen. *ιος*, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μνήνιτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μνήνω) visited by heavy
wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, *ερος*, *ή*, a cruel mother, not a true
mother.

δυσμηχάνew, *φ. ἴσω*, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μήχανος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss.

δύσ-μοιρος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μοίρα) = δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, *ή*, a hard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, *ον*, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, *ή*, badness of form, ugliness. From

δύσ-μορφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, μορφή) misshapen, ugly.

Δύσ-μουσος, *ον*, (δυσ-, Μούσα) not favoured by the

Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νίω) hard to wash out or off.

δυσ-νόητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be under-

stood.

δυσνοέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, *ή*, (δύσνοος) dislike, ill-will.

δύσνομία, *ή*, lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad

code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, *ον*, lawless, unrigid.

δύσ-νοος, *ον*, contr. -νοος, *ον*, ill-disposed, ill-
affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, *ον*, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφευτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable
to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, *ον*, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δυσ-ξύμβολος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξυμβολον) hard to deal
with.

δυσ-ξύνετος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ξυνίημι) hard to understand,
obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδμία, *ή*, = δυσσομία. From

δύσ-οδμος, *ον*, = δύσσομος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, *ον*, (δύσσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged
and steep.

δύσ-οδος, *ον*, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δυσ-οίξω, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid.

(From δύσ, and οίς alas!, as οίμῳ from οίμοι.)

δυσ-οίκτητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οίκέω) hard to dwell in.

δύσ-ομιος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οίμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, οίσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear,
insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, *ον*, tempestuous.

δυσ-όμιλος, *ον*, with an ill company, bringing evils
in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, *ον*, (δυσ-, όμμα) scarce-seeing.

δυσ-όρατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, όράω) hard to see.

δυσ-όρηγτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, όργίω) = δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, *ον*, (δυσ-, όργη) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, *ον*, with bad anchorage. II. act.
πνoαl δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορνις, *ιδος*, *ό*, *ή*, (δυσ-, όρνις) boding ill.

δυσ-όρφαιος, *α*, *ον*, (δυσ-, όρφνη) dusky.

δυσσομία, *ή*, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, όσμη) ill-smelling, stinking,
rank. II. bad for scent.

δυσ-ούριστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ούριω) driven on by a too
favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δυσπαθέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to suffer a hard fate, be in afflic-
tion. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegré ferre. From

δυσ-παθής, *ές*, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffer-
ing. II. hardly feeling, impassive.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παλαίω) hard to wrestle
with, hard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to struggle
with. II. hardly helping oneself, helpless: Adv.

-μως.

δυσ-πάλης, *ές*, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to wrestle with:
generally, hard, difficult.

δυσ-παράβλητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incom-
parable.

δυσ-παράβουλος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) hard to
persuade, stubborn.

δυσ-παράθελκτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) hard to
soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) hard to
move by prayer, inexorable.

δυσ-πάρεινος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρά, εὖνē) ill-treated.

·δυσ-παρήγορος, *ον*, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*

δυσ-πάρθενος, *ή, αν* *unhappy maiden.*

Δύσ-πάρης, *ιδος, ό*, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris* : cf. Διδύμη.

δυσ-πάριτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πάρεμι *to pass by*) *hard to pass.*

δυσ-πειθής, *ές*, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn* : *ill-trained.*

δυσ-πειστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., δυσπείστως *έχειν* *to be incredulous.*

δυσ-πέλαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*

δύσ-πεμπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*

δυσ-πέμφελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πέμφε) *of the sea, rough and stormy* : metaph. *rude, discourteous.*

δυσ-πενθής, *ές*, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*

δυσ-περάτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*

δυσ-πετής, *ές*, (δυσ-, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. δυσπετώς, *Ion.* -έως, *with difficulty.*

δυσ-πημαντος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*

δυσ-πίνης, *ές*, (δυσ-, πίνω) *squalid.*

δύσ-πλάνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*

δυσ-πλοία, *Ion.* -πλοτή, *ή*, *difficulty of sailing.*

δύσ-πλοος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*

δύσ-πλωτος, *ον*, = δύσπλοος.

δύσπνοια, *ή*, *difficulty of breathing.* From

δύσ-πνοος, *ον*, contr. -πνους, *ονν*, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless.* II. *unfit to breathe.* III.

πνοαί δύσπνοοι *contrary winds.*

δυσ-πολέμητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*

δυσ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *unlucky in war.*

δυσ-πολιόρκητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*

δυσ-πονής, *ές*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*

δυσ-πόνητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned.* II. *bringing toil and trouble.*

δύσ-πονος, *ον*, *toilsome, wearisome.*

δυσ-πορεύτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*

δυσπορία, *ή*, *difficulty of passing.* From

δύσ-πορος, *ον*, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*

δύσ-ποτμος, *ον*, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. δυσπότμως, *miserably.*

δύσ-ποτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*

δυσ-πράγες, *ή*, *ήσω*, (δυσ-, πράγος) *to fare ill.*

δυσ-πραξία, *ή*, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*

δύσ-πράτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) *hard to sell.*

δυσ-πρεπής, *ές*, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*

δυσ-πρόσβατος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόσitos, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι *to approach*) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*

δυσ-πρόσoδος, *ον*, *hard to get at.*

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσίσω fut. of προσφίρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσόψομαι f. of προσοράω) *ill to look on* : *of ill aspect.*

δυσ-προσπλάστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach.*

δυσ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect.*

δύσ-ρίγος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ρίγος) *unable to bear cold.*

δυσσέβεια, *ή*, *impiety* : *a charge of impiety* : and δυσσεβώς, *ή*, *ήσω*, *to be impious* : *to act impiously.*

From

δυσ-σεβής, *ές*, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*

δυσσεβία, *poët.* for δυσσεβεία.

δύσ-σοος, *ον*, (δυσ-, σώω) *hard to save, ruined*, Lat. *perditus* : *τά δύσσοα* *the rogues.*

δυσ-τάλῃς, *αἰνα*, *αν*, *very wicked, most miserable.*

δύστανος, *ον*, Dor. for δύστηνος.

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture* : *dark and riddling.*

δύσ-τεκνος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*

δυσ-τερπής, *ές*, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*

δύστηνος, *ον*, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II. like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

δυσ-τλήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*

δύσ-τλητος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure.*

δυσ-τοκεύς, *έως, ό*, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent.*

δυστοκείω, *ή*, *ήσω*, *to have a hard labour.* From

δύσ-τοκος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τεκείν) *bringing forth with pain.*

δυστομέω, *ή*, *ήσω*, *to speak evil of.* From

δύσ-τομος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *of a horse, hard-mouthed.*

δύσ-στονος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*

δυσ-τόπαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τοπάω) *hard to guess.*

δυσ-τόχαστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*

δυσ-τράπεζος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food.*

δυσ-τράπελος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn* : *stubborn, unmanageable.* Adv. -λως, *awkwardly.*

δύσ-τροπος, *ον*, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct* : *stubborn, wayward.*

δυστύχες, *ή*, *ήσω* : pf. δεδυστύχηκα : (δυστυχής) : — *to be unlucky, unhappy* : *of things, to fail.* Hence

δυστύχημα, *ατος, τό*, *a mischance, a failure.*

δυσ-τύχης, *ές*, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.*

Adv. -χως. Hence

δυστύχια, *ή*, *ill luck, ill fortune.*

δυσ-ύπιστος, *ον*, (δυσ-, ύπoίσω fut. of ύποφέρω) *hard to endure.*

δύσ-φάμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.

δύσ-φάτος, *ον*, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible*, Lat. *infandus.*

δυσφήμέω, *ή*, *ήσω*, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words* :

esp. words of ill omen.

blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δυσ-φημος, ov, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φίλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, φίλω) hateful.

δυσφορέω, f. ἴσω, (δυσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. *aegré ferre*; to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ov, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἴη, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δυσ-φορος, ov, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δυσφόρως ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δυσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δυσ-φρων, ov, gen. ovos, (δυσ-, φρῆν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III.

senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ov, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ov, (δυσ-, χεῖμα) very wintry, stormy.

δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χεῖρῶ) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χείρωτος, ov, (δυσ-, χεῖρῶ) hard to subdue.

δυσχεράινω, fut. ἄνω, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. *aegré ferre*: to be discontented, displeased. II.

to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; ῥήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. 1 part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble. 2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δυσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ov, (from δυσ-, as μελάγχμιος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δύσ-χλαινος, ov, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad.

δύσ-χορτος, ov, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ov, (δυσ-, χράομαι) hard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χώρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀίω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδιτος, ov, (δυσ-, ὠδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, f. ἴσω, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ώνης, ov, ὁ, (δυσ-, ὠνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ov, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Atlas.

δυσ-ώπew, f. ἴσω, (δυσ-, ὥψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be ashamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρόμαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ὥρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ov, (δυσ-, ὥρα) unsavoury.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ov, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥΤΩ or δύνω: fut. δύσω [ὑ]: aor. 1 act. ἔδυσα:—

Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδύμην: fut. δύσομαι [ὑ]: aor. 1 ἔδυσάμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσετο, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense:

with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἔδυν, vs, v, dual ἐδύτην [ὑ], pl. ἔδυμεν, ἔδυτε, ἔδυσαν Ep. ἔδυν; imperat. δῦθι, δῦτε, subj. δύνω; opt.

δύνην or δύνην; inf. δύναι, part. δύνς: pf. δέδυκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. 1, δύσαι, ἔδυσαι, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Affect., and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., εἰ μή σύ γε δύσαι ἀλκήν if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; δύνα κώπον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δύνα and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μνηστήρας δύσασθαι to go in among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; κάματος γυῖα δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερή ἐλύσα δέδυκε madness came over him. 4. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δωδεκά-βοιός, ov, (δώδεκα, βοῖς) worth twelve beees.

δωδεκά-δρομος, ov, (δωδεκα, δρᾶμειν) running twelve courses.

δωδεκά-μηνος, os, (δώδεκα, μήν) twelve months old.

δωδεκά-μοιρος, ov, (δωδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into twelve parts.

δωδεκαταῖος, ov, twelve days old.

δωδέκατος, ov, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δωκαεικοστί-μετρος, ov, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δωκαεικοστί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πήχυς) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocope form for δῶμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δώματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύω, δέκα) twelve, Lat. *duodecim*.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ov, (δώδεκα, γνάμπτω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμπον τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκά-αρχος, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἀρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δαρος, ov, (δώδεκα, δάρων n) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-ἄεθλος, ov, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:—but, δωδεκαέτης, ov, ὁ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρουνος, ov, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίτος, ov, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μηνος, ov, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, *ov*, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts*.

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, *δ, ή*, with twelve children.

δωδεκά-πάλαι, *Adv.* twelve times long ago, i.e. *ever so long ago*.

δωδεκά-πηχυς, *v*, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, *i*, *gen. ios*, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχη, *ov*, *δ*, = δωδέκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, *άδος, ή*, (δώδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, *ov*, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκητος, *ov*, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταΐος, *a, ov*, on the twelfth day. From

δωδέκατος, *η, ov*, (δώδεκα) the twelfth.

δωδεκά-φυλος, *ov*, (δώδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.

δωδεκ-έτης, *ov*, *δ*, (δώδεκα, έτος) twelve years old; *fem.* δωδεκ-έτης, *idos*, *ή*.

Δωδώνη, *ή*, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δώνη, δώησι, *Ep.* 3 *sing. aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

δώνη, *Ep.* for δόην, *aor.* 2 *opt.* of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, *Ep.* for έδωκα, *aor.* 1 *opt.* of δίδωμι.

δῶλος, *Dor.* for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, *ατος τό*, (δέμα) a house, dwelling. *II. a part of the house, a chamber, room. III. a house, household.*

δωμάτιον, τό, *Dim.* of δῶμα.

δωματίτης, *ov*, *δ*: *fem.* -ίτις, *idos*, *ή*: (δῶμα): *of, belonging to the house or household.*

δωματο-φθορέω, *f. ήσω*, (δῶμα, φθείρω) to ruin house and home.

δωματώ, *f. άσω*, (δῶμα) to house.

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, *Dep.*, (δέμω) to build.

δῶναξ, *Dor.* for δόναξ, δοῦναξ.

δῶομεν, *Ep.* for δῶμεν, *i pl. aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

δωρεά, *Ion.* -εή, *ή*, a gift, present:—*Acc.* δωρεάν used as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, *Lat.* gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, *f. ήσω*: or δωρέομαι, *Dep.*, *f. ήσομαι*:—to give, present: to present one with, *Lat.* dono. Hence δῶρημα, *ατος τό*, that which is given, a gift.

δωρητής, *ή, όν*, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts. *II. freely given.*

Δωριάξω, *f. άσω*, = Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, *έως, δ*, (Δῶρος) a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω *Dor.* -ίσω: *f. ίσω*: (Δῶρος):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3.

to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικτός, *ή, όν*, and Δώριος, *a, ov*, (Δῶρος) Doric, Dorian.

Δωρίς, *idos*, *ή*, (Δῶρος) *fem.* Adj. Dorian:

(*sub.* γῆ) the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.

(*sub.* κνίς) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.

Δωρίσθεν, *Dor. inf.* of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσσω, *Dor.* for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) *Adv.* in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, *f. ήσω*, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—*Pass.* to have a bribe given one: *c. acc.* to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκιμα, *ατος τό*, a bribe.

δωροδοκηστί, *Adv.* (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, *ή*, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.

δωρο-δόκος, *ov*, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.

δωρο-δότης, *ov*, *δ*, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents.

δῶρον, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods. *II. the breadth of the band, the palm.*

δωρο-φάγος, *ov*, (δῶρον, φάγειν) devouring gifts, greedy of presents.

δωροφορέω, *f. ήσω*, to bring presents or bribes. From

δωρο-φόρος, *ov*, (δῶρον, φέρω) bringing presents: hence tributary.

δωρύττομαι, *Dor.* for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, *ή*, *Lat.* dos, = δόσις, only in *nom.*

δωσέω, *Desiderat.* of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δωσέμεναι, -έμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of δίδωμι.

δῶσι, 3 *pl. aor.* 2 of δίδωμι.

δωσι-δίκος, *ov*, (δίδωμι, δίκη) giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.

δῶσω, *fut.* of δίδωμι.

δωσών, *Dor.* for δώσαν, *fut. act. part.* of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, *ήρος, δ*, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δῶτης, *ov*, *δ*, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάξω, *f. άσω*, to receive presents. From

δωτήν, *ή*, (δίδωμι) a gift, present: *acc.* δωτήνην as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, like δῶρεάν. [I]

δῶτωρ, *oros*, *δ*, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, *Ep.* for δῶ, *aor.* 2 *subj.* of δίδωμι.

E

Ε, ε, called ε ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and πέμπτος, ε = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long ε, the Gramm. introduced the name of ε ψιλόν, ε without the aspirate, because Ε was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ε, bim-, ber-, or it-self, *Lat.* se, *acc. sing.* and plur. reflexive *Pron.* of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer *Ep.* form is εε, never enclitic. *II.* without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν,

αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it. See οὐ, *Lat.* sui.

εἰ, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: *Lat.* vab!

εἶ, for εἶα, 3 *sing. impf.* of εἶω.

εἶ, *Ion.* for εἶν, 1 *sing. impf.* of εἰμι *sum*.

ἐῖ, lengthd. Ep. *ἔῃ*, 3 sing. pres. of *ἔω*.

ἔῃαν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of *ἔω*.

ἔαγα, pf. of *ἀγνυμι* with pass. sense.

ἔαγην [ἔ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἀγνυμι*.

ἔαδα, pf. of *ἀνδάνω*.

ἔαδον, aor. 2 of *ἀνδάνω*.

ἔαλη or ἔαλη [ἔ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of *εἰλω*.

ἔαλωκα [ἔ], pf., ἔαλων [ἔ], aor. 2 of *ἀλίσκομαι*.

ἔάν, Conj. (properly *εἰ ἄν*), *if barely, if so be that, in case that*, followed by Subjunctive, whereas *εἰ* is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it *εἰ κε* or *αἰ κε*: the Att. contract it into *ἦν* and *ἄν*. II.

with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; *σκόπει ἔαν ἱκανόν ᾗ* see if or whether it be enough. III. *ἔαν καὶ even if, granting that*;

ἔαν μὴ if not, except, unless; *ἔαν ἄρα μὴ if perhaps not*.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles *ἔάν* stands for *ἄν*; *ὅς ἔάν whosoever*; *ὅπου ἔάν wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἔανόν, τό, v. sg.

ἔάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐννύμ) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; *ἔανός κασσιτερος tin beat out tbin and made fit for wear*. II. as Subst., *ἔανόν* (sub. *εἶμα* or *ἱμάτιον*), τό, a rich state-robe.

ἔαφα for ἦξα, aor. I of *ἀγνυμι*.

ἔΑΡ, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. *εἶαρ, εἶαρος*; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος:—Lat. *VER, spring*; *ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο* in early spring; metaph. of *anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing*; *γενῶν ἔαρ the first down on the chin*.

ἐαρί-δρεπτος, ὄν, (ἔαρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.

ἐαρίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (ἔαρ) *to pass the spring*.

ἐαρινός Ep. *εἰαρινός* Att. *ἡρινός, ἡ, ὄν*: (ἔαρ):

Lat. *vernus, of or belonging to spring*.

ἔαρο-τροφής, ἐς, (ἔαρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.

ἔας, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of *εἰμί* sum.

ἔασα, Ep. aor. I of *ἔω*.

ἔασι, Ep. for *εἰσὶ*, 3 plur. of *εἰμί* sum.

ἔασκον, Ion. for *εἴων*, impf. of *ἔω*.

ἔεται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ἔατε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of *εἰμί* sum.

ἔατός, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ἔω*, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

ἔατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἑ-αυτοῦ, ἦς, οὐ, pl. *αὐτῶν*, etc.; Ion. *ἑωντοῦ*, etc.;

Att. contr. *αὐτοῦ*, etc.: (ἐ, q.v., *αὐτοῦ*):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of *himself, herself, itself*, etc., used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἑάφθῃ, Ep. for ἦφθῃ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *ἄπτω*.

ἑΑΩ, contr. ἑώ, Ep. *εἰώ*: impf. *εἴων*, Ep. without augm. *ἑων*: fut. *ἑάσω* [ἑ]: aor. I *εἶασα*, Ep. *ἑάσα*: pf. *εἶκα*:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, *ἑάσομαι*: pf. *εἶκαμι*. *To let, suffer, allow, permit*: with notion of carelessness, *to leave alone*. II. *to let go, let alone, let be: heed not*. 2. *to let alone, let be*: *θεὸς τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἑάσει* he will give one thing, the other he will *let alone*, i.e. *not give*; *ἔαν χαίρειν* *to*

let alone.

III. Med., *ἑἰσθαί τινί τι* *to give up a thing to another*.

ἑάων, Ep. for *ἑῶν*, gen. pl. of *ἑς*.

ἑβαλον, aor. 2 of *βάλλω*.

ἑβάν, Ep. for *ἑβησαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 of *βαίνω*.

ἑβασκενα, ἑβασκάνην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βασκαίνω*.

ἑβάστασα, ἑβάσταξα, aor. I of *βαστάζω*.

ἑβάφθῃ, ἑβάφην [ἑ], aor. I and 2 of *βάπτω*.

ἑβδομ-ἄγῆτης, ὄν, δ, (ἑβδόμη, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices *on the seventh of every month*.

ἑβδομαίος, α, ὄν, (ἑβδομος) *on the seventh day*.

ἑβδομάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a number of seven.

ἑβδομάτος, ὄν, (ἑβδομος) *the seventh*.

ἑβδομηκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (ἑπτὰ) indecl. *seventy*.

ἑβδομηκοντα-ἑξ, *seventy-six*.

ἑβδομος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἑπτὰ) *the seventh*. II. ἡ ἑβδόμη (ἡμέρα), *the seventh day of the month*.

ἑβεθήκειν, plqpf. of *βαίνω*.

ἑβεβλήκειν, ἑβεβλήμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of *βάλλω*.

ἑβέννος, ἡ, ὄν, of *ebony*. From

ἑΒΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, the *ebony-tree, ebony*.

ἑβην, aor. 2 of *βαίνω*.

ἑβηξα, aor. I of *βήσσω*.

ἑβησα, causal aor. I of *βαίνω*.

ἑβηστο, Ep. for *ἑβήσατο*, aor. I med. of *βαίνω*.

ἑβιάσάμην, ἑβιάσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of *βιάζω*.

ἑβιήθην, aor. I pass. of *βιάω*.

ἑβίων, aor. 2 of *βίω*.

ἑβιώσας, 2 sing. aor. I of *βιώσκομαι*.

ἑβλάβην, Acol. and Ep. for *ἑβλάβησαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of *βλάπτω*.

ἑβλάστηκα, pf. of *βλάστανω*.

ἑβλάστησα, ἑβλάστον, aor. I and 2 of *βλαστάνω*.

ἑβλαφα, pf. of *βλάπτω*.

ἑβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of *βλέπω*.

ἑβλέφθην, aor. I pass. of *βλέπω*.

ἑβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *βάλλω*.

ἑβλιστα, aor. I of *βλίσσω*.

ἑβλύσα, aor. I of *βλύζω*, but ἑβλύσα of *βλύω*.

ἑβούλευσα, ἑβουλεύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βουλεύω*.

ἑβουλήθην, ἑβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of *βούλομαι*.

ἑΒΡΑΓ' Ὀς, a Hebrew: ἑΒραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (sub. *διάλεκτος*), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

ἑΒραϊστί, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue.

ἑβράσα, ἑβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βράσσω*.

ἑβράχῃ, see *βράχω*.

ἑβράχην [ἑ], aor. 2 pass. of *βρέχω*.

ἑβρέξα, ἑβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βρέχω*.

ἑβρίξα, aor. I of *βρίω*.

ἑβρίσα, aor. I of *βρίθω*.

ἑβρύχων, aor. 2 of *βρύχω* [ῶ].

ἑβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βιβρώσκω*.

ἑβρων, aor. 2 of *βιβρώσκω*.

ἑβρωσα, ἑβρώσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βιβρώσκω*.

ἑβύσα, ἑβύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of *βύω*.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.
 ἔγ-γαιος, α, ον, also ἔγ-γειος, ον, (ἐν, γῇ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, consisting of land. III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἐγ-γένεα, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγέλλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἐγγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἐγγεγυῖκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγύω.
 ἐγ-γείνωμαι, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνωμαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.

ἐγ-γειος, see ἐγγαιος.
 ἐγγελάσσης, ον, ὁ, a mocker, scornor. From ἐγ-γελάω, f. ἀσομαι [α]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἐγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγεγενῆ θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἐγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἀσομαι [α], to grow old in a place.
 ἐγ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίγνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγ-γίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεστι.

ἐγγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at band.

ἐγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγίω, ον, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐγγύς.

ἐγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκίς) to have a sweet taste.
 ἐγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.

ἐγ-γλωττο-τύπτω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.
 ἐγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.

ἐγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἐγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἐγ-γυῖαίλω, f. ζω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυῖαίλα: (ἐν, γυῖαλον):—to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἐγγυῶ: impf. ἡγγύων: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἡγγυήσα: pf. ἡγγυήκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυήσθην: pf. ἡγγυήμην: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύων, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγύηκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to hand over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἐγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον or γυῖαλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἐγγυήτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐγγυῶ) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, ον, (ἐγγυῶ) plighted, betrothed.
 ἐγγυῖον, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at band, bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγγυῖθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγ-γύος, ον, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst.:—ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἔΓΓΥ΄, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at band, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at band.

III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίω, ον, and ἐγγύτερος, α, ον; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγύιστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἐγγιστα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίω.

ἐγ-γώνιος, ον, (ἐν, γῶνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

ἐγδοῦπησα, Ep. for ἐδοῦπησα, aor. I of δουπέω.

ἐγγέγωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γεγῶναι: see γέγωνα.

ἐγεγῶνευ, plqpf. of γέγωνα.

ἐγεγῶνευ, impf. of γεγῶναι: see γέγωνα.

ἐγεινάμην, causal aor. I of γείνωμαι, to beget.

ἐγεγόνει and ἐγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.

ἔΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερῶ: aor. ἤγειρα: pf. ἐγήγερκα:

—Pass., aor. I ἤγερθην Ep. 3 pl. ἐγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἔγρετο, ἔγρηγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.

ἐγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

ἐγέρηρα, aor. I of γεραιράω.

ἐγερθεῖς, α, ον, 2d part. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγερσέ-γελως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλως) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θέατρος, ον, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

ἐγέρσιμος, ον, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγέρσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

ἐγερσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.

ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγνηγάτο, Ion. for ἐγνηγεμένοι ἦσαν, 3. pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγήγερκα, ἐγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

ἐγήρᾱσα, aor. I of γηράσκει.

ἐγήρῳσα, aor. I of γηρῶ.

ἐγ-καθαρμόζω, f. ὄσω, to fit in.

ἐγ-καθίστομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ον, (ἐγκαθίμι) suborned.

ἐγ-καθηβάω, f. ἴσω, to pass one's youth in.

ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

ἐγ-καθιδρύω, f. ὄσω [ῶ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II. intr. to sit in or upon : to take one's seat on.

ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἴσω, to let down into, send in.

ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in. II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην ; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα ; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν : to be placed or established in.

ἐγ-καθορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour : Med. to run into harbour.

ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a thing.

ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καίνος) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

ἐγκαινίζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.

ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to make a fire in.

ἐγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω ; pf. ἐγκέκληκα :—to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict ; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινα to bring a charge of murder against one : of actions, to blame, censure.

ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

ἐγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud : an ornament, decoration.

ἐγκαλυμμός, ὁ, a wrapping up. From

ἐγ-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to veil in : to wrap up :—Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face : hence to be ashamed.

ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

ἐγ-κάνασσω, f. ζω, to pour gurgling in ; aor. I imperat. ἐκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)

ἐγ-κανάχομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω : pf. ἐγκέκᾰφα :—to gulp in greedily, to snap up, bolt.

ἐγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit : fruitful, prolific.

ἐγ-κάρσιος, α, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.

ἐγ-καρτερέω, f. ἴσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.

ἐγκᾶτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels : dat. ἐγκασι.

ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into : to put oneself in.

ἐξ-καταγερᾶσκω : f. ἄσσομαι [ᾶ] : to grow old in.

ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.

ἐγ-καταξυνύννυμι, f. -ξεύω, to associate with, adapt.

ἐγκατάθοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in : to lie down.

ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place :

—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

ἐγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in ; ἐγκατακρούειν χορείαν to tread a measure or dance among.

ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place : to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ζω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among : to enlist soldiers.

ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind : to forsake :—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast : a being caught in a place.

ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into : to fix in.

ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to fall in or upon.

ἐγ-καταπλέω, f. -πλέξω, to intertwine, entwine.

ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon : of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ζω, to slaughter in.

ἐγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon :—Med., τελαμῶνα ἐν ἐγκάτθετο τέχνην he included the sword-belt in his art, i.e. wrought it by his art.

ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.

ἐγκατελέγην, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.

ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

ἐγκατέπηξα, aor. I of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.

ἐγκάτθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and ἐγκάτθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἴσω, to dwell in.

ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immure.

ἐγ-καίμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κέισομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack : to be vehement against : to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to.

ἐγ-κέρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρᾳ with withorn beard.

ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.

ἐγκέκᾰφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.

ἐγκέκληκα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω.

ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.

ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.

ἐγκεκτῆμαι, pf. of ἐγκτάομαι.

ἐγκεκύκλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλώω.

ἐγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

ἐγκέλευστος, ον, urged on, bidden, ordered. From ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting : a spur.

ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. κερᾶσω [ᾶ] : (ἐν, κεράννυμι) : to mix in, mix : metaph. to concoct, contrive.

ἐγ-κερτομέω, f. ἴσω, to mock at.

ἐγ-κέφαλος, ον, (ἐν, κεφαλῇ) within the bead ; ὁ ἐγ-κέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible part of young palm-shoots.

ἐγχεᾶλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλίνω.

ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγχεκρημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγχεύομαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγ-κίθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.

ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐγ-κλέω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within.
 to shut to, shut fast.
 ἐγκληθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλέω.
 ἐγ-κληῖω, Ion. for ἐγκαλέω.
 ἐγ-κλημα, atos, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλήμων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκαλέω) censorious.
 ἐγ-κληρος, on, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heiress.
 ἐγ-κληῖω, Att. for ἐγκαλέω: aor. I part. ἐγκλήσας.
 ἐγ-κλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.
 ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλιτα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. *inclinare*:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. *inclinari*.
 ἐγ-κοιλαίνω, f. ἄνω, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγ-κοίλος, on, (ἐν, κοῖλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγ-κοιμάμαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἵσσομαι, to sleep in.
 ἐγ-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγ-κοισυῖρόω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρωμένη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcmaeonid family).
 ἐγ-κοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγ-κοληθάω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.
 ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἵσω, to hasten, be quick and active.
 Hence
 ἐγ-κονητή, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγ-κονίωμα, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a benderance.
 ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκοπος, on, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaph. to binder, weary.
 ἐγ-κορδύλλω, f. ἵσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.
 ἐγ-κοσμέω, f. ἵσω, to arrange in order.
 ἐγκοτέω, f. ἴσω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγ-κοτος, on, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκράγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. *continentia*: and ἐγκράτευσμαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From ἐγ-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. *continens*. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατῶς, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.
 ἐγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγκροτέω, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of ἐγ-κροτός, f. ἵσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πνιγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.
 ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.
 ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρύφύζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρύφιος) to keep oneself bidden: to act underhand.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρύφιος, on, (ἐγκρύπτω) bidden in.
 ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence
 ἐγκτήμα, atos, τό, property held in a foreign country.
 ἐγκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.
 ἐγ-κύκω, f. ἵσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-κύκλιος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.
 ἐγ-κυκλος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγ-κυκλώω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.
 ἐγ-κύμων, on, gen. onos, (ἐν, κύμα II) pregnant.
 ἐγ-κύος, on, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμα.
 ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into.
 ἐγ-κύρω: impf. ἐνέκῦρον: fut. ἐγκύρω: aor. I ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγκύρω.
 ἐγκύτα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκάτα.
 ἐγ-κωμιάζω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίαα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμων):—to praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος II. 2.
 ἐγ-κώμιος, on, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village.
 II. (ἐν, κώμιος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.
 ἐγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.
 ἐγνωκα, ἐγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκειν.
 ἐγνων, as, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκειν.
 ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκειν.
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἴσω, to scrape.
 ἐγράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 ἐγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 ἐγρε-κύδομος, on, (ἐγείρω, κύδομος) strife-stirring.
 ἐγρε-μάχης, on, ὁ, and ἐγρε-μάχος, η, on, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.
 ἐγρεστ-κωμος, on, (ἐγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.
 ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat. ἐγρεο; 3 sing. subj. ἐγρη; inf. ἐγρέσθαι.
 ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορώς, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορε (Ep.

for ἐργηγοράτε, inf. ἐργηγορῆσαι (Ep. for ἐργηγορέ-
ναι):—plqpf. ἐργηγορή, 3 sing. ἐργηγορέι. Homer
uses the Ep. form ἐργηγορῶ in 3 pl. ἐργηγορῶσι.

ἐργηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐργηγοράω,
formed from ἐργήγορα, *watching, awake*.

ἐργηγορῶντι, (ἐργήγορα) Adv. *wakefully, awake*.

ἐγρήσσω, from ἐργήγορα, *to be awake or watchful*.

ἐγρουτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγ-χάλινῶ, f. ὦσω, *to put the bit in the mouth of,
bold in check*:—Pass. *to have the bit in one's mouth*.

ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῇ, 3
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

ἐγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from *ἐγ-χαίνω), fut.

ἐγχανοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχάνων, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—*to
gape or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer*.

ἐγ-χέλω, f. -χέσω also -χεσθῶμαι: pf. ἐγκέχολα:—
Lat. *incaeo*: c. acc. *to be in a horrid fright at one*.

ἐγχεῖδων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχείη.

ἐγχει-βρόμος, ον, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) *thundering with
the spear*.

ἐγχείη, ἡ, (ἐγχος) *a spear, lance*.

ἐγχείη, Ep. for ἐγχεῖ, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγχείω.

ἐγχει-κέραυνος, ον, (ἐγχος, κεραυνός) *touching the
thunderbolt*.

ἐγ-χειρῶ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνεχειρήσα: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—
to take in hand, undertake. Hence

ἐγχειρήμα, ατος, τό, *an undertaking*: and

ἐγχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, *a taking in hand, an undertaking*.

ἐγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχείρω, *one must un-
dertake*.

ἐγχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρῶ) *one who takes in hand:
an adventurer*.

ἐγχειρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐγχειρῶ) *enterprising*.

ἐγ-χειρίδιος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *in the band*. II. as

Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, *a band-knife, dagger*. 2.
a manual, band-book.

ἐγ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *to put into one's
bands, entrust a thing to another*:—Med. *to take in
band, take on oneself*.

ἐγ-χειρί-θετος, ον, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) *put or delivered
into one's hands*.

ἐγ-χείω, Ep. for ἐγχείω.

ἐγγέλιον, τό, Dim. of ἐγγελυς, *a little eel*.

ἐγγέλειος, ον, (ἐγγελυς) *of an eel*.

ἜΓΧΕΑΤΣ, vos, ἡ: pl. ἐγγέλεις, Att. ἐγγέλεις,
eow:—*an eel*, Lat. *anguilla*:—*proverb, ἐγγέλεις θη-
ρᾶσαι* *to be fond of fishing in troubled waters*.

ἐγχεσί-μωπος, ον, *fighting with the spear*. (Deriv.
uncertain.)

ἐγγέσι-πᾶλος, ον, (ἐγχος, πᾶλλω) *spear-brandishing*.

ἐγχεσι-φόρος, ον, (ἐγχος, φέρω) *spear-bearing*.

ἐγχεύντα, Dor. for ἐγγέοντα, part. pr. of ἐγγέω.

ἐγ-χέω: f. -χέω: aor. I ἐνέχεα, Ep. ἐνέχευα: Pass.,
pf. ἐγκέχυμαι:—*to pour in*:—Med. *to pour or flow
in, be poured in*. II. *to fill by pouring in*; ἐγχεῖται
to fill the bowl.

ἐγ-χθόνιος, ον, (ἐν, χθών) *in or of the country*, Lat.
indigena.

ἜΓΧΟΣ, τό, *a spear, lance*, consisting of two parts,
αἰχμή and *δύρον*, *head and shaft*. II. generally,
a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—*metaph., φροντίδος*
ἐγχος *weapon of thought*.

ἐγχουσα, ἡ, = ἐγχουσα, q. v.

ἐγ-χραίνω, = sq.

ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, *to dash against*; ἐνέχραυεν
ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον *he dashed his staff in his
face*. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινὰς καὶ
ἄλλους ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) *there were wars
urged on against others also*.

ἐγ-χρέμπτωμαι, Dep. *to expectorate*.

ἐγ-χρήζω, *to want, have need*; τὰ ἐγχερήζοντα *ne-
cessaries*.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχερίμ-
ψας:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμψην part. ἐγχερίμψθεις:
—*to bring near to, to strike or dash against*; ἐγ-
χρίπτειν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ *to bring the boat to land*:

absol. *to come to land*: hence *to approach*: also *to
attack, press hard*. II. also intr. both in Act.

and in Pass., *to fall upon, attack, pursue*.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχερίπτω.

ἐγχεριστος, ον, *applied as an unguent*. From
ἐγ-χρίω, *to rub in, to anoint*. II. like ἐγχερίπτω,
to attack, assail.

ἐγ-χρονίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—*to be
long about a thing, tarry, delay*.

ἐγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, *to expose in a pan or pot*.

ἐγ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to give room for doing a thing:
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit*. 2.

impers. ἐγχαρεί, *it is possible or permitted*; ἐτι ἐγ-
χαρεί *there is yet time*.

ἐγ-χώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἐν, χώρα) *in or be-
longing to the country*.

ἐγ-χωρος, ον, = ἐγχώριος.

ἜΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron.
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγὼν before vowels:
—*strengthened by compos. with enclit. γε, ἔγωγε*, Lat.
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and
ἐγώνγα: Boeot. λῶνγα or λῶνγα:—gen. ἘΜΟΥ, en-
clit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μιν,
Ep. also ἐμείο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦς;
Boeot. ἐμοῦς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοί; Dor. ἐμίν:—
Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.
νῶν, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶν. Plur.,
nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμεις:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.
and Ep. ἡμῶν, Ep. also ἡμείων, Dor. ἁμῶν, Aeol.
ἁμῶν:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [ῖ], Dor. ἁμῖν,
ἁμῖν, Aeol. ἁμῆμοι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and
Aeol. ἁμμε, Dor. ἁμέ.

ἐγωγα, Dor. for ἔγωγε.

ἐγῶδα, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶδα.

ἐγῶμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶμαι.

ἐγών, ἐγώνγα, Dor. for ἐγὼ, ἔγωγε.

ἐδάην, ης, ἡ, aor. 2 of ΔΑΩ.

ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor, I act. and med. of δαΐσσω.

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.
 ἔδάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἔδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἔδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδέν) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*
 or *excellent*.
 ἔδάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δείρω.
 ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδαρκον, metath. for ἔδρακον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδασάμην, aor. 1 of δασέομαι.
 ἔδαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make level: to level with
 the earth. From
 ἔδαφος, eos, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the
 ground: ἔδαφος νηὸς the bottom or hold of a ship:
 also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From
 the same root as δάπ-εδω, τάπη-ς.)
 ἔδδεια, Ep. for ἔδδεια, aor. 1 of δέιδω.
 ἔδέγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδδεατο, Ion. for ἔδδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἔδεδέγμην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεδήκειν, plqpf. of δέω, to bind.
 ἔδδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδεδηματο Ion. 3 plur., and ἔδεδμητο 3 sing., plqpf.
 pass. of δέμω.
 ἔδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδεδωκεῖν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδεήθην, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.
 ἔδεησα, aor. 1 of δέω, to want.
 ἔδεθην, aor. 1 pass. of δέω, to bind.
 ἔδεδίμην, -ισαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plqpf. of δέιδω.
 ἔδειμα, aor. 1 of δέμω.
 ἔδειξα, aor. 1 of δεικνύμι.
 ἔδειρα, aor. 1 of δέρω.
 ἔδειδα, aor. 1 of δέιδω.
 ἔδεικτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδειμεν, Ep. for ἔδειν, inf. of ἔδω.
 ἔδειξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἔδειξα, -άμην, aor. 1 act. and
 med. of δεικνύμι; but ἔδεξάμην also aor. 1 of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεισμα, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, a dish.
 ἔδιστης, οὔ, ὅ, (ἔδω) an eater, devourer.
 ἔδιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) to be eaten, eatable.
 eaten: consumed.
 ἔδύνῃσαι, aor. 1 of δύνω, to need.
 ἔδηθεομαι, pf. pass. of ἔσθω.
 ἔδηδοκα, pf. act. of ἔσθω.
 ἔδηδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἔδηδώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἔδηλουν, Att. ἔδηουν, impf. of δηλώ.
 ἔδησα, aor. 1 of δέω, to bind: also Ep. aor. 1 of δέω,
 to want.
 ἔδηγός, ὅς, ἡ, (ἔδω) meat, food. [ῥ]
 ἔδηχθην, aor. 1 pass. of δάκνω.
 ἔδηλησα, aor. 1 of διατρώω.
 ἔδησσα, ἔδησθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δηλώ.
 ἔδιδεξα, poet. ἔδιδασκησα, aor. 1 of διδάσκω.
 ἔδιδουν, impf. of δίδωμι, formed from διδώ.
 ἔδιδύμην, impf. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδιδνα, aor. 1 of δίδωμι.

II.

ἔδικον, v. δικεῖν.
 ἔδινευσα, ἔδινησα, aor. 1 of δινέω, δινέω.
 ἔδινησα, aor. 1 of δινέω.
 ἔδινωξα, ἔδινωχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δινώω.
 ἔδμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἔδμηθην, aor. 1 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἔδνάομαι, Dep. = ἔδνω. From
 ἔδνα, Ep. ἔδνα, τά, nuptial gifts, 1. from
 the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the
 bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to
 the bride by her parents, also φέρνῃ or προίξ. 4.
 wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests.
 Hence
 ἔδνω, f. ὥσω, to promise or betroth for presents.
 Hence
 ἔδνωτης Ep. ἔδνωτης, οὔ, ὅ, a betrother, of a father
 who portions a bride.
 ἔδδθην, aor. 1 pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδοκεῖν, Dor. for ἔδοκῶμεν, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω.
 ἔδόκησά, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἔδοκίμασα, ἔδοκίμασθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of
 δοκιμάζω.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἔσθω.
 ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.
 ἔδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἔδοξα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἔδοξάθην, aor. 1 pass. of δοξάω.
 ἔδος, eos, τό, (ἔζομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. 2.
 a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base,
 the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. the
 act of sitting: οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔζομαι.
 ἔδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, ἡ, (ἔζομαι) any seat, a chair,
 bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a
 temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a
 sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay: οὐκ ἔδρας
 ἀκμή it is not the season for sitting still. 2. a
 sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament.
 ἔδραθον, poet. for ἔδραθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδραϊος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) sitting, sedentary. II.
 steadfast, firm, constant.
 ἔδραιώ, f. ὥσω, = ἔδραιώ. Hence
 ἔδραιώμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base.
 ἔδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδρακον, ἔδρακην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.
 ἔδραμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.
 ἔδραν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἔδρανον, τό, (ἔδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling
 ἔδρασα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἔδρησα, Ion. for ἔδρασα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἔδριάομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. ἔδριάσθαι;
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἔδριάντο.
 ἔδρο-στρόφος, ὅ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler who
 throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.
 ἔδρυφα, ἔδρυφθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δρύπτω.
 ἔδυν, 1 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω; but also Ep. for ἔδυσαν,
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἐδυνάσθη or -ήθη, aor. I of δύναιμι.

ἐδυνέατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναιμι.

ἐδύσο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.

ἐδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχεῖν.

ἔδω, Ion. impf. ἔδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδωκα, pass. ἔδωμαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἔσθω:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence

ἐδωδή, ἡ, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence

ἐδώδιμος, ον, eatable: τὰ ἐδώδιμα provisions.

ἔδοκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.

ἔδωλον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. II. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. transtrum.

ἔε, poet. for ἔ, him, acc. of οὗ.

ἔεδνα, ἐδνῶ, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδνα, ἐδνῶ, -ατής.

ἐείδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.

ἔεικοσά-βοιους, εἰκόσι, εἰκόσπορος, εἰκοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.

εἰλεον, Ep. for εἰλεον, impf. of εἰλέω.

εἶπα, as, ε, ἔειπον, es, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.

εἶς, Ep. for εἷς.

εἴσαο, εἴσατο, εἰσάσθη, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual., aor. I of εἰμί sum.

εἴσατο, εἰσάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of *εἶδω.

ἐλδομαι, ἐλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ.

ἐλμαι, ἐλμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἰλῶ.

ἐλπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.

ἐλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἰλῶ.

ἐέργαθον, Ep. for εἶργαθον.

ἐεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐεργνυμι, ἐεργω, Ep. for εἶργ-.

ἐερμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶρω.

ἐέρση, ἐερσήεις, Ep. for ἐρσή, ἐρσήεις.

ἐερτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶρω.

ἐέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.

ἐέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.

ἐέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἴζω.

ἔετο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἐευνόμενος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔευφα, ἔευνθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

*EZOMAI, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμεν: (the Root is ἔΔ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit; ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην idey sank to the earth.

ἐζύγη [ῥ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι.

ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔη, fem. of ἐός, bis.

ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔημι.

ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐηδάνε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἔης, gen. masc. of εἷς, good, brave, noble.

ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of ἐός, ἡ, ὅ, who, what:—but ἔης gen. fem. of ἐός, bis.

ἔησα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔθαλψα, ἐθάλφθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω,

ἔθωνον, aor. 2 of θήσκαω.

ἔθας, ἄδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.

ἔθαψα, ἐθάφθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.

ἐθηεσάμην, Ion. aor. I of θεάομαι.

*ΘΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or the horsehair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence

ἰθειράζω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.

ἔθειρω, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔθελμός, ὢν, (ἔθελω) willing, voluntary.

ἔθελθησα, for ἔθέλῃς, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔθελω.

ἔθελτός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἔθελω) willed, voluntary.

ἔθελξα, ἐθέλχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.

ἔθελω-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.

ἔθελό-δουλος, ον, a willing slave.

ἔθελω-θηρσεία, ἡ, (ἔθελω-, θηρσέειν) will-worship, superstitious observance.

ἔθελωκᾶέω, f. ἦσαι, to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose. From ἔθελό-κάκος, ον, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.

ἔθελοντηδόν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.

ἔθελοντήν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.

ἔθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.

ἔθελοντής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.

ἔθελοντί, Adv. = ἔθελοντηδόν.

ἔθελοντι, Dor. for ἔθέλουσι, 3 pl. of ἔθελω.

ἔθελοπνία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From

ἔθελό-πνος, ον, (ἔθελω-, πνός) willing to work.

ἔθελω-πρόξενος, ον, (ἔθελω-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος (q. v.) to a foreign state.

ἔθελ-ουργός, ὢν, (ἔθελω-, *έργω) willing to work.

ἔθελούσιος, α, ον, (ἔθελω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.

*ΘΕΛΩ: impf. ἤθελον: fut. ἔθελῶ: aor. I ἠθέλησα; pf. ἠθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρέειν ἀλλ' ἴσχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what purports the prodigy?

ἔθεμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for ἔο, οὗ, of him, of her.

ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθερμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.

ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθει, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθειντο, ἐθεύμεθα, ἐθεύντο, Ion. for ἐθεῖντο, ἐθεύμεθα, ἐθεῖντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.

ἐθεινέμεθα, Ion. 1 pl. of θεάομαι.

ἐθηήσαντο, Ion. for ἐθέασαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθηκα, 1 sing. aor. 1 of *τίθημι*.
 ἔθην, aor. 1 pass. of *τίθημι*: but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of *τίθημι*.
 ἔθιγον, aor. 2 of *θιγγάνω*.
 ἔθιζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ἰώ*: aor. 1 *εἴθισα*: pf. *εἴθικα*:—
 Pass., aor. 1 *εἰθίσθην*: pf. *εἰθισμαι*: (*έθω*):—to ac-
 custom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to.
 Hence

ἔθιστόν, verb. Adj. *one must accustom*.
 ἔθλασα, aor. 1 of *θλάω*.
 ἔθλιψα, aor. 1 of *θλίβω*.
 ἔθν-άρχης, ου, ό, (*έθνος*, *άρχω*) a ruler of a nation:
perfect: an *ethnarch*.

ἔθνικός, ή, όν, *national*. II. *foreign*: *gentile*:
 —Adv. —*κώς*, like the *Gentiles*. From
 *ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a
 race, tribe. 3. a nation, people: τὰ ἔθνη the nations,
Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4.
 a particular class of men, a caste.

ἔθρονον, aor. 2 of *θρόσσω*.
 *ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.
 ἔθραυσσα, aor. 1 of *θραύω*.
 ἔθρεξα, aor. 1 of *τρέχω*.
 ἔθρέφθην, aor. 1 pass. of *τρέφω*.
 ἔθρεψα, aor. 1 of *τρέφω*.
 ἔθρηνευ, Dor. for *έθρηνουν*, impf. of *θρηνεύω*.
 ἔθρισα, poet. for *έθρισα*, aor. 1 of *θρίζω*.

*ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use
 the pf. *εἴωθα* Ion. *έωθα* as pres., and the plqpf. *εἰώ-
 θειν* Ion. *έώθεα* as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed,
 to be in the habit: part. *εἰωθός* as Adj., *accustomed*,
customary, *usual*: τὸ *εἰωθός* one's custom.

ΕΙ', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat.
SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see *εἰ γάρ* or *αἰ γάρ*,
 and *εἰ-θε*.

εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of *εἰμι* *ibo*.
εἰα, and trisyll. *εἰα*, Interj., Lat. *eia*, on! up! away!
 also *come on then!* *εἰα νυν*, well now.
εἰά, 3 sing. impf. of *εἶω*: also 2 sing. imperat. pres.
εἰάθην, *εἰάμαι*, aor. 1 and pf. pass. of *εἶω*.
εἰάμενής, ή, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv.
 uncertain.)

εἰ άν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into *έάν*, *ήν*, and *άν*.
εἰάνός, ή, όν, Ep. for *εἰανός*.
εἰαρ, *εἰαρίνός*, Ep. for *εἰαρ*, *εἰαρίνός*.
εἰαρό-μασθος, ου, (*εἰαρ*, *μασθός*) with youthful breasts.
εἰās, 2 sing. impf. of *εἶω*:—*εἰάσα*, aor. 1 of the same.
εἰασκον, Ion. for *εἶω*, impf. of *εἶω*.
εἰάται, *εἰατο*, Ep. for Ion. *έαται*, *εατο*, which is for
ήνται, *ήντο*, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of *ήμαι*.
εἰάτο, Ion. for *εἰντο*, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of *έννυμι*.

ΕΙ'ΒΩ, Ep. form of *λείβω*, to drop, let fall in
 drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.

εἰ γάρ, for if: and expressing a wish, O if ..! O
ibat ..! would *ibat* ..! Lat. *utinam!*

εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. *si-quidem*.
εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is
 unlikely.

εἰ δ' άγε, use in cheering, on then, come on! The
 phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' *έθέλεις*, *άγε*.
εἰδάλμιος, η, ου, (*εἶδος*) *shapely*, *comely*. II.
like, *looking like*.

εἷδαρ, ατος, τό, (*έδω*) food, meat, victuals for men:
fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.

εἰδείην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of *οἶδα*: v. *εἶδω B.
εἰ δέ μή, elliptic for *εἰ δέ μή τοῦτό ἐστι*, if otherwise,
 Lat. *sin aliter*.

εἶδω, for *εἶδῶ*, subj. of *οἶδα*: v. *εἶδω B.
εἰ δή, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also
 in indirect questions, *whether now*.

εἰδήμων, ονος, ό, ή, (*εἶδω) *knowing* or *expert* in
 a thing.

εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for *εἰδήσειν*, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.
εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.

εἰδομες, Dor. for *εἰδομεν*, 1 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.

εἶδος, εος, τό, (*εἶδω) *that which is seen*, the form,
shape, *figure*, Lat. *species*. II. generally, a form,
 sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of
 action.

III. *species*, opp. to *genus*.
εἰδός, dat. pl. of *εἶδος*, part. of *οἶδα*, v. *εἶδω B.

εἰδός, acc. sing. of *εἶδος*, part. of *οἶδα*, v. *εἶδω B.
εἰδότης, Adv. of *εἶδος*, part. of *οἶδα*, *knowingly*.

εἰδυία, fem. nom. part. of *οἶδα*, v. *εἶδω B.
εἰδύλλιον, τό, Dim. of *εἶδος*, a short, descriptive
 poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.

*ΕΙ' ΔΩ (or more properly ΕΙ' ΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO),
 to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by *όρῶ*:
 its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the
 other to know.

A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 *εἶδον*, Ep. *ἶδον*, *ἰδεσκον*;
 subj. *ἶδω*, Ep. also *ἶδωμι*; inf. *ἰδεῖν*, Ep. also *ἰδέειν*;
 part. *ἰδών*. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2
 med. *εἰδόμην* Ep. *ἰδόμην*; imperat. *ἰδοῦ*; subj. *ἰδο-
 μαι*; inf. *ἰδέσθαι*. The aor. 2 imper. med. *ἰδοῦ* is
 mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. *ecce*.
Όρῶν is used as pres., *έώραν* or *έόρακα*, as pf., *όρο-
 μαι* as fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and
 Med. *εἶδομαι*: aor. 1 *εἰδάμην*, Ep. also *εἰσαδάμην*, *αο*,
ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. *vi-
 deor*; *εἰδεται άστρα* the stars are visible, appear:
 hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a
 thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; *εἰσατο φθογ-
 γήν Πολίτη* she made herself like Polites in voice.

B. to know:—the pf. *οἶδα*, I have seen, is used
 as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has
 seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense
 of impf. I knew:—indic. *οἶδα*, *οἶσθα* (poet. also
οἶδας); 1 pl. *ἴσμεν* (Ep. and Dor. *ἴδμεν*), *ἴστε*,
ἴσασι:—imperat. *ἴσθι*, *ἴστω*:—subj. *εἰδῶ*, Ep. also
ἰδῶ;—opt. *εἰδείην*;—inf. *εἰδέναι*, Ep. *ἰδμεναι* and
ἰδμεν:—part. *εἰδώς*, Ep. fem. *ἰδυία*:—impf., *ἦδειν*,
 Ep. *ἦδεα*, Att. *ἦδη*; Ep. 2 sing. *ἦείδης* for *ἦδης*, Att.
ἦδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. *ἦείδη*, Att. *ἦδη*, *ἦδεν*; plur.,
ἦδειμεν, *ἦδτε* or *ἦδτε*, *ἦδεισαν* or *ἦδσαν*, Att.
ἦσμεν, *ἦσθε*, *ἦσαν* (Ep. *ἴσαν*):—fut. *εἰσομαι*, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. *To know; εὖ οἶδα I know well; εὖ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μήδεα οἷδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδὼς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόξον εὖ εἰδὼς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἷδ' ὅτι, οἷσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἷσθ' ὅτι, οἷσθ' ὅ and οἷσθ' ὡς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἷσθ' ὅ δρᾷσον, for δρᾷσον, οἷσθ' ὅ, do, thou knowest what.*

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.
εἰδωλό-θυτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.

εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ον, ὅ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρης) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.

εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men. II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy.

III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

εἰδῶς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶδω B.

εἶεν, Att. for εἴησαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἶεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.

εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔημι.

εἶθαρ, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.

εἶ-θε, Dor. and Ep. αἶ-θε, Interj. O that! would that!

Lat. utinam!

εἶθην, Ion. ἔθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἔημι.

εἰθίζω, f. ἴσω, poet. for ἐθίζω,

εἰθισα, εἰθικα, aor. 1 and pf. of ἐθίζω.

εἶκα, Att. for εἶκα.

εἶκα, pf. of ἔημι.

εἰκάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἤκασα Ion. εἶκασα:—Pass.,

aor. 1 ἤκασθην: pf. ἤκασμαι Ion. εἶκασμαι: (εἰκός):—to

make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.

II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰκώ to yield; subj. εἰκάθω;

inf. εἰκαθῆν; part. εἰκαθών.

εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκῇ) without purpose: random, hasty.

II. common, worthless.

εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month

(sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάς) a likeness, image: a conjecture.

εἰκασμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάς) a likeness.

εἰκασμός, οὔ, ὅ, (εἰκάς) a conjecturing.

εἰκαστής, οὔ, ὅ, (εἰκάς) one who conjectures, a

guesser, diviner.

εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἰκάς) to be compared, like.

εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἰκοσι.

εἰκελ-όνειρος, ον, (εἰκελος, όνειρος) dream-like.

εἰκελος, η, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

εἰκέναι, Att. for εἰκέναι, inf. of εἶκα.

ΕἴΚΗ, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly,

rashly, at random, Lat. temeré.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκών) to mould into form. Hence

εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ότος, τό, neut. part. of εἶκα, Lat.

veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair,

equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοσά-βοιος, Ep. εἰκοσάβoιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, βοῦς)

worth twenty oxen.

εἰκοσα-ετής, ές, (εἰκοσι, έτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοσάκις, (εἰκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἰκοσά-μηνος, ον, (εἰκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.

ΕἴΚΟΣΙ before a vowel, εἰκοσιν, Ep. εἰκοσι,

Dor. εἰκατι, οί, αί, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginii.

εἰκοσι-νήρητος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰ-

κοσινήρητ' ἀποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσι-πῆχυς, υ, (εἰκοσι, πῆχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσ-όργυιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, όργυιά) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκόσoρος, poet. έικ-, ον, (εἰκοσι) with twenty oars.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός II.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who col-

lects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσ-ώρυγος, ον, (εἰκοσι, όρυγία) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰκος in all likelihood, probably,

naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἴκτον, Ep. for εἰκατον, 3 dual of εἶκα.

εἴκτο, εἴκτην, Ep. for εἰοκει, εἰοκάτην, 3 sing. and

3 dual. plqpf.

*ΕἴΚΩ, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε,

Att. ἤκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the

pf. εἶκα, plqpf. εἴκειν were used for the pres. and

impf.; see εἶκα.

ΕἴΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. 1 εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἰκάθον:—to

yield, give way to, draw back, retire. 2. to submit

to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent;

πενίη εἰκὼν urged by poverty: hence to yield to another

in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. II. trans. to

yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III.

impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκών, ἡ, gen. όνος, acc. όνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc.

εἰκώ, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἶκω, εἶοικα):—a figure, image,

likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2.

a similité.

εἰκός, part. of εἶκα, pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἴλη) = ἱληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπινάξω, (εἰλαπίν) only used in pres. to feast in

a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπιναστής, οὔ, ὅ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπίνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single

host, opp. to έρανος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, αρος, τό, (εἴλω) a covering: a protection, shelter;

εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and

crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ep. for εἰάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἴλαχα, Dor. for εἴληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἴλεγμα, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλεθῖα, ἡ, *Ilithyia*, (from ἐληλυθῖα, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.
 εἴλεω, εἴλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἴλεω, Dor. for εἴλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλεῦντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἴλεω.
 εἰλέω Att. εἴλω, lengthd. form of εἴλω.
 εἴλη, ἡ, = ἴλη, a troop, company.
 εἴλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth: warmth; see ἔλη.
 εἴλημαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἴλη) = ἰληδόν, in troops or companies. II. (εἴλω) by coiling round.
 εἰλήλουθα, εἰλήλουθεν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: ἐλήλυθμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.
 εἰλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, *pureness: sincerity*. From
 εἰλί-κρινής, (εἴλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, 1. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. distinct, palpable, sheer. 3. Adv. -ως, of itself, absolutely.
 εἰλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλυτός.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἔλιξ.
 εἰλί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἴλω, πούς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.
 εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, ἐς, epith. of the plant ἄγρωστις, (from ἔλω, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes.
 εἰλίχθιο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλυῖσα, εἰλυσθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἰλυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἴλων, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἴλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἴλω.
 εἰλύμα, ατος, τό, (εἴλω) a cover, dress, clothing.
 εἰλύος, ὁ, (εἴλω) a lurking-place, den.
 εἰλύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἴλω.
 εἰλυφάζω, = εἴλω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.
 εἰλυφάω, = εἰλυφάζω: Ep. part. εἰλυφάων.
 Εἰλᾶτ' ὦ Att. εἴλω: f. ὄω [ῶ]: pf. pass. εἰλῶμαι:—to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapped or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος φαρμάθω buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.
 Εἰλᾶω, εἴλω, or ὄλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἴλω:—from εἴλω are formed aor. 1 ἔλω, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἔέλω; Pass., aor. 2 ἔλῃην [ᾷ]: inf. ἄλῃην Ep. ἄλῃ-μεναι; part. ἀλέει, εἴσα, ἐν: Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἰλέω are formed impf. εἴλεον, Ep. 3 sing. εἴλει; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἰλησα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήθην; pf. εἰλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἐόλει,

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or shut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; νῆα κερανὺ ἔλσας having struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be shut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἄλῃν ὕδωρ water collected:—also to draw oneself together, crouch, cover; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλέει μένων collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like εἰλίσσω, γῇ ἐλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.
 Εἴλω, ατος, ὁ, and Εἰλώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτίς, ἴδος:—a *Helot*, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From ἔλω, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)
 Εἰλωτεία, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἰλωτεῖω, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.
 εἴμα, ατος, τό, (ἐννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.
 εἴμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἵημι.
 III. rarer form for ἥμαι, pf. pass. of ἔω.
 εἴμαρται, εἴμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μέρομαι.
 εἰμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἰμί sum: but εἴμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.
 εἰμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἰμές, Dor. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. of εἰμί sum: but εἴμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.
 εἰμί, Aeol. ἐμί (from Root *ΕΩ, sum, esse); εἰ Ep. εἴ, Ep. and Dor. ἔσαι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur. ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἰμέν Dor. εἰμές; ἐστέ; ἐσσί Ep. ἔσαι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἵσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔσταν Att. ὄντων:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἴω:—Opt. εἴην Ep. εἴοιμι; plur. εἴμεν, εἴητε Ep. εἴμεν, εἴτε:—Infin. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμμεναι, ἔμεν:—Part. ὄν Ep. ἔών, ἐούσα, etc.:—Imperf. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. ἔα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσκον, ἐς, ε, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα Ep. and ἔσθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἴσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἐσσεῖται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἰ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἰμί is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἐσσι in cases of emphasis.
 To be, Lat. sum. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκ' ἐστί he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἐσθ' οὗτος ἄνθρωπος, οὐδ' ἔσσεται there lives not the man, no nor will live. II. ἐσσι, impers. with inf., it is possible, lawful. III. εἰμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; ἰαματος εἰς ἀγαθοῦ ἰβου art of good blood. 2. ἑαυτοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δῆμον ἐστί be belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρός ἐστι it is the part of a man; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ it is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. *est mihi, I have; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀσμένῳ εἴη*, Lat. *esset mihi volenti.*

V. τὰ ὄντα, *existing things; τὰ ὄντα εἰρηπνεύει* to speak the truth. VI. ἔστιν οὖ, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. *est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many: ἔστιν or ἐσθ' ὅτε*, Lat. *est quomodo, at times, sometimes: ἐσθ' ὅπου* or ὅπου, Lat. *est ubi, somewhere, somehow: ἔστιν ὅπως* in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἴν, eo), εἶε Ep. εἶσθα, εἶσι, plur. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴασι or εἶσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἴονταν:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἴησθα, ἴη Ep. ἴησι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἴοιην, Ep. 3 sing. ἴειη or εἴη:—Inf. ἴέναι Ep. ἴμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἴών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦια, 3 sing. ἦτε contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur., ἦμεν, ἦετε, ἦεσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and i pl. ᾖμεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO, I will go*: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἴσομαι, to hasten, with an aor. I med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἴσατο, εἰέσατο, 3 dual εἰσάσθην.

To go, Lat. *eo, ire*; ἴεναι τινὶ διὰ φίλιας, δι' ἔχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροὸς εἴσατο it went through the skin; c. inf. fut., εἰσάσθην συλῆσεν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὶς ἴεναι. 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἶσι διὰ δουρὸς the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔτος εἶσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., ἴεναι εἰς ταῦτόν to come together; ἴεναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι ὅθ' ὅθ' then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.
εἰνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἰνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.
εἰνᾶετής, ἴδος, fem. of εἰναετής, nine years old.
εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for ἴεναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἴημι, to send.
εἰνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐνάκις, nine times.
εἰναχισ-χίλιοι, ον, nine thousand.
εἰνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.
εἰν-άλιος, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιος.
εἰνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.
εἰνάς, ἀδος, ἡ, poet. for ἐννέας II, the ninth day.
εἰνάτερες, αι, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.
εἰνᾶτος, η, ον, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth.
εἰνεκα, εἰνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἰνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.
εἰν-όδιος, η, α, and ον, poet. for ἐνόδιος.
εἰνοσί-φυλλος, ον, (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.
εἶξα, aor. 2 of εἶκω, to yield.
εἶξαι, Att. for εἰκασι, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.
εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὐ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰουκίαι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἰουκα.

εἶος, Ep. for ἕως, until.

εἶπα, aor. I for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἰπόμεν, Dor. for εἰπείν.

εἰ-περ, if at all events, if indeed.

εἰπην, Dor. for εἰπείν, see εἶπον.

εἰ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἰ-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke, I said, aor. 2 from a pres. *εἶπω = *ἔπω: imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἰπείν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἰπών. There is also an aor. I εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat.

εἶπον, εἰπάτω, εἰπάτω, εἰπάτε: εἰπέ, like ἄγε, occurs also for ἔσπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπεῖπασθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρώ, εἰρήκα.

εἶποντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπομαι, to follow.

εἰ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. *si-quando*. II. indirect, if or whether ever.

εἰ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. *si-cubi*.

εἰ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἰράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἰργαθόν, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω.

εἰργασάμην, aor. I med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act. sense: ἐργάσθην, aor. I pass. used in pass. sense.

εἰργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἰργμός, Att. εἰργμός, δ, (εἰργω) a prison.

εἰργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (εἰργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἰργνύμι and -ύω, = εἰργω, to shut in or up.

Εἰρπύ or εἰργω, Att. for the earlier form ἔργω.

εἰράται, Ion. for εἰρηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἶρεος, δ, (εἶρω) bondage, slavery.

εἶρεσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (εἶρεσσα) a rowing. 2. any violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. *remigium*.

εἶρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἶρος) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανέψια and Θαρρήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eireesioné.

εἶρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἡ, (εἶρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἶρηκα, -μαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἴρην, ενος, δ, (εἶρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἔφηρος.

εἰρηναῖος, α, ον, (εἰρήνη) peaceful, in peace.

εἰρηνεύειν, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace.

From peace I come to bring to peace, reconcile.

From

From

pace, Lat. *pace*: εἰρήνην *pace*, *repose*. (Deriv.

ειρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: peaceful, peaceable:—Adv. —κῶς.

ειρηνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make peace. From ειρηνοποιός, ὄν, (ειρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., ειρηνοποιός, ὁ, a peace-maker.

ειρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ειρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἰρίνεος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woolen, of wool. From εἰριον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἐριον, wool.

εἰρκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰργάω, one must prevent.

εἰρκτή Ion. ἐρικτή, ἡ, (εἰργάω) an inclosure, prison.

εἰρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

εἰρομαι, Ion. for ἐρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἰρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

Εἴρως, τό, wool.

εἰρο-χαρής, ἐς, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in wool.

εἰρπομεν, Dor. for εἰρπομεν, 1 pl. impf. of ἐρπω.

εἰρύσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύσσομαι:—εἰρύατο, 3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἰρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύμεναι [ῥ], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσας [ῥ], Ion. aor. 1 part. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύτω, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

εἰρύω, εἰρύομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρύομαι.

Εἴρω (A): aor. 1 εἶρα and ἐρσα: pf. pass. part. ἐρμένος, Ep. ἐρμένος:—Lat. *SERO*, to tie, join, fasten together, string: ἡλέκτροισιν ἐρμένος set with pieces of electron.

Εἴρω (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἴρωτο, εἴρωτο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

Εἴρων, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἰρωνεία, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἰρωνεύομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

ειρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. —κῶς.

ειρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐρωτάω.

Εἴς or Ἐς, Prep. with acc. only. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into.

I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤπα ἰδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra*, *adversus*, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῖναι εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἀἴδαο [δῶμον], Att. εἰς Ἀΐδου, to the abode of Hades; εἰς Ἀθηνάης [ἱερόν] to the temple of Athena, εἰς Πιράμιοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δῆμητρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.;: αἶ in Lat. *ad Apollinis*, *Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

II. OF TIME, 1. until, εἰς ἡῶ, εἰς ἡέλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; εἰς ὅ until; εἰς ἐμέ up to my time.

2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἑνιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; εἰς θέρος, εἰς ὁπώρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἶ for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς up to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπὲν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; εἰς πόλεμον βοηθήσομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: εἰς μίαν (sc. βουλὴν) βουλευέν to resolve one way or unanimously; εἰς ἐν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, ἤρ το, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express RELATION, εἰς ὅ in regard to which, i.e. wherefore: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., εἰς τάχος for ταχέως.

Eis is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἔρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἀλαδῆ.

Εἷς, μία, ἓν, gen. ἐνός, μᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS*, Engl. *ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. μ in the Ep. masc. ἷος, fem. ἱά: strengthd. εἰς οἶος, μία οἶα or οἷα, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἀριστος: εἰς τις some one, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἐν ἑκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνὴρ, Lat. *unus omnium*, for one man, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγήματο most for one man.

εἷς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί sum. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμι ibo.

εἷς, aor. 2 part. of ἵημι.

εἷσα, Causal aor. 1 of ἵζω, ἕζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἷσε be set a spy; λόχον εἷσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἷσας, inf. ἔσαι, Ep. ἔσαι.

II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρύω.

εἷς-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσάγω.

εἷς-αγγελεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (εἷς-αγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἷς-αγγεῖα, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From εἷς-αγγέλλω, f. —εἰλῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:

—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἷς-αγγεῖα): generally, to announce, report. II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἷς-αγγεῖα.

εἷς-ἀγείρω, f. —εἰρώ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἷς-άγω, f. ζω: aor. 2 —ήγαγον: pf. —αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; εἷς-άγειν or εἷς-άγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; εἰσαγεσθαι καὶ ἐξαγεσθαι to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; εἰσαγεῖν τι ἐς βουλὴν, to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσαγεῖν δίκην or γραφήν to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσαί, Adv. for εἰς αἶ, for ever.

εἰσ-αἶρομαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσ-αθρέω, f. ἦσω, to look into, descry.

εἰσ-αίρω, f. -ἄρῶ, to lift or carry in.

εἰσ-αἶσσω, εἰσ-ᾄσσω, f. -ᾄξω, to dart into.

εἰσαίτο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *εἶδω.

εἰσ-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to hurl javelins at: absol., to dart or sprout up, of blood.

εἰσ-ἀκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα: pf. -ἀκήκοα: —to listen, hearken to; and, simply, to bear. II.

to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσ-ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰσαγεῖν, one must bring in.

εἰσ-ἀλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ἤλαμην: Ep. 3

sing. aor. 2 ἐσάλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσ-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, to pass into.

εἰσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of εἰμι ἰδο. II. Ep.

aor. I med. of *εἶδω, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of εἶσα, I founded.

εἰσ-αναβαίνω, aor. 2 -ανέβην, to go up into.

εἰσ-ἀναγκάζω, f. to force into, constrain.

εἰσ-ἀνάγω, f. ζω, to lead up into.

εἰσ-ἀναῖδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον): to look up to.

εἰσ-ἀνεμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδών, part. of εἰσανεῖδον.

εἰσανιών, part. of εἰσάνειμι.

εἰσ-άντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαν, altogether.

εἰσάπαξ, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαξ, at once.

εἰσ-ἄρᾶσσω Att. -ῖτω, fut. ζω, to drive in upon.

εἰσατο, εἰσατο, v. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην.

εἰσ-ᾄτω, Att. for εἰσαῖσσω.

εἰσ-αυγάζω, f. σω, to look at.

εἰσαυθής, Adv. for εἰς αὐθής, hereafter.

εἰσαύριον, Adv. for εἰς αὐριον, on the morrow.

εἰσ-αὐτίς, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαυθής.

εἰσ-ἀφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in.

εἰσ-αφικνέομαι = εἰσαφικνέομαι. [ἀν]

εἰσαφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσαφικνέομαι.

εἰσ-αφικνέομαι, f. ἵζομαι, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

εἰσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:

—to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. 2. impers., εἰσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. II.

Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσ-βάλλω, f. -βέλλω: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. ἐαυτὸν or στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. ναῦν) to enter port, Lat. *appellere*. 2.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, εως, ἡ, (εἰσβαῖν) an entrance, way of entering: *embarkation*.

εἰσβάτος, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰσβαῖν) accessible.

εἰσ-βιβάομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of εἰσβαῖν, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, ἡ, (εἰσβάλλω II) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river.

3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσ-δέρομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον:—to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσ-δέχομαι, Ion. εἰσ-δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I εἰσεδέξαμην and εἰσεδέχθην: Dep.:—to take into, admit.

εἰσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, ἡ, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception.

εἰσδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσδρομή, ἡ, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσ-δύω or εἰσ-δύναμι, and (in same sense) Med. εἰσ-δύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. 2 -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα:—to get into, slip into or in; δεινὸν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐσδύσεαι thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

εἰσα, see εἶσα.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαῖν: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. I.

εἰσέγραψα, aor. I of εἰσγράφω.

εἰσεδέξαμην, εἰσεδέχθην, aor. I of εἰσδέχομαι.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρομαι.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσ-έδυν, aor. 2 of εἰσδύω.

εἰσ-εἶδον, aor. 2 (see εἶδον), to look on or at.

εἰσ-εἰμι, inf. -ιέναι: impf. εἰσῆεν: (εἰς, εἰμι ἰδο):—to go into, go in; ὀφθαλμοῖς εἰσεἰμι I will come into his sight; ἀρχὴν εἰσιέναι to enter on an office. II.

as law-term, to come before the court. III. metaph.

to come into one's mind.

εἰσέκλιστα, aor. I of εἰσέκλλω.

εἰσεκύλισα, aor. I of εἰσεκύλλω.

εἰσ-ελαύνω Ep. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελῶ:

for the tenses, v. ἐλαύνω:—to drive into or in. II.

(sub. ἵππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. *appellere*.

εἰσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσ-έλκω: f. -έλξω: aor. I -έλκυσα:—to drag into.

εἰσ-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 εἰσένεβην, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσφέρω.

εἰσ-ἐνήνοχα, pf. of εἰσφέρω.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλθωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj.

of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσενόησα, aor. I of εἰσνοέω.
 εἰσέπαισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, *henceforward*.
 εἰσέπατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-ἐργνύμι or -ῶ, to *shut up into, enclose 'in a place*.
 εἰσέρρην, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσέρω.
 εἰσ-έρρω, aor. I εἰσέρρησα: pf. εἰσέρρηκα:—to go into, get in.
 εἰσ-έρω, aor. I part. εἰσεύσας [ῥ], to draw into.
 εἰσ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον: Dep.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. *in-ire*: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσδοι εἰσῆλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.
 εἰσ-έτι, Adv. still yet.
 εἰσ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.
 εἰσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ἡσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. II. εἰσηγείσθαι τινι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence
 εἰσήγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσήγησις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and
 εἰσηγητής, οὗ, δ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.
 εἰσ-ηθέω, f. ἡσω, to inject by a syringe.
 εἰσ-ἦκω, f. -ἦξω, to be come in: to come in.
 εἰσ-ἡλύθον, εἰσῆλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.
 εἰσηλύσια, ἡ, (εἰσῆλθον) a coming in.
 εἰσηγεῖναι, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἴ, 2 sing. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἰσθαί, pf. pass. inf. of ἵημι.
 εἰσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.
 εἰσ-θρόσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμι sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰσ-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσιδρῦμαι: (εἰς, ἰδρύω): to build, found in a place.
 εἰσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἴζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.
 εἰσ-ἵημι, f. -ἡσω, to send or put into:—Med. to betake oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in.
 εἰσίστημι, ἡ, (εἰσ-εἰμι) an entrance.
 εἰσ-ινέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-ἵπταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to baul in with a fishing-rod.
 εἰσ-κἄλλω, f. ἔσω, to call in.
 εἰσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.
 εἰσ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.
 εἰσ-κεμαι, as Pass. of εἰστίθημι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.
 εἰσ-κέλλω, f. -κέλσω: aor. 1 -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.
 εἰσ-κνήρυσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσκομίδῃ, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰσ-κομίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.
 εἰσ-κυκλέω, f. ἡσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεκύκληκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.
 εἰσ-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [ῥ]: to roll into.
 εἴσκω: impf. ἤισκον: (ἴσος, ἔϊσος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.
 εἰσ-λεύσσω, to look into.
 εἰσ-μαίομαι, aor. I εἰσμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. εἰσμάσατο Dor. -άφατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.
 εἰσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-νέω, f. -νέυσομαι, to swim into.
 εἰσ-νοέω, f. ἡσω, to perceive, remark.
 εἰσ-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.
 εἰσ-οικεῖω, f. ὥσω, (εἰς, οἰκείος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.
 εἰσ-οικέω, f. ἡσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικησις, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.
 εἰσ-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.
 εἰσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build into.
 εἰσοιχνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνοῦσι, 3 pl. of εἰσ-οιχνέω, f. ἡσω, to go into, enter.
 εἰσ-ὅκε or -εν, Dor. εἰσ-ὅκα, (εἰς ὃ κε) until such time as:—so long as.
 εἴσομαι, fut. of *εἶδω B: εἴσεται, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἴσον, imperat. of εἴσα.
 εἰσ-ὅπνι, (εἰς, ὅπις) Adv. hereafter.
 εἰσ-ὀπίσω, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.
 εἰσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόψομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.
 εἰσοπτρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = εἰσοπτρον.
 εἰσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόψομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.
 εἰσ-οράω, Ep. part. εἰσορών, inf. med. εἰσοράσθαι: the fut. εἰσόβωμαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὁράω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily: also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.
 εἰσ-ορμάω, f. ἡσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.
 εἰσ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.
 εἰσ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush in.
 ἔϊσος, ἡ, ον [Ὶ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς ἔϊση the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆες ἔϊσαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀσπίς πάντοσ' H 8.

ἔιση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
γες ἔνδον ἔισαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,
calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἰσότε, for εἰς ὅτε, until.

εἰς-οφθα, εἰς, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
εἰσδύομαι, fut. of εἰσπάω, formed from Root *εἰσ-
πτομαι.

εἰς-παίω, aor. I εἰσέπαισα, to burst or dash in.

εἰς-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰς-περάω, f. άσω [ά] Ion. ἡσω, to pass over into.

εἰς-πηδάω, f. ἡσω or ἡσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰς-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.
form εἰσεπτάμην and act. εἰσέπτην:—to fly into.

εἰς-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-
πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
into.

II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰς-πίτνω, poet. form of εἰσπίπτω.

εἰς-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence
εἰς-πλοος, contr. εἰσπλοος, ὁ, a sailing in of
ships.

II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰς-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
inspirare.

II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ὁ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰς-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, to put into the hands of, to give
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
adopted.

II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποίητος, ἡ, ov, adopted.

εἰς-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εἰς, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.

εἰς-πράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to get in or collect
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰς-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρύσσομαι: aor. 2 -ερ-
ρύην:—to stream into.

εἰστέκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

εἰστίλακα, εἰστίλασα, pf. and aor. of ἐστιάω.

εἰς-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
with or without ἐς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,

τέλεια ἐσθέσθαι (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰς-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰς-τρέχω: fut. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον (from
*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰς-φέρω: fut. -οἰσω (from *οἶω): aor. I -ήνεγκα
and pf. -ἐνήνοχα (from *ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to
carry into: to bring in or upon.

II. to bring in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on pro-
perty.

III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-
pose.

IV. Med. to carry with one: also like
Act. to introduce.

2. to import.

V. Pass.

to rush in.

2. to be imported.

εἰς-φουτάω, f. ἡσω, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a
bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,
raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰς-φωρέω, f. ἡσω, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰς-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-
φρες: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v.
διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring
in with one,

εἰς-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put into one's hands,
entrust.

εἰς-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I -έχεα:—to pour into:—
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῶ], to stream in.

εἰσω, more rarely ἔσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἐς) into, within,
c. acc., δύναι δόμον Ἄιδος εἶσω: also c. gen., ἔσω
βλεφάρων.

II. within, inside.

εἰς-ωθέω, fut. ωθήσω and ώσω, to thrust into:—
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰς-ωπός, ὅν, (εἰς, ὧν) in face, in front of; εἰσωποῖ
ἐγένοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

Εἴτα Ion. εἴτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-
upon, Lat. deinde.

II. like Lat. ita and itaque,
and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.

itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed?

εἴται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

εἴ-τε . . . εἴ-τε . . ., Lat. sive . . ., sive . . ., either . . .
or . . ., whether . . ., or . . .; so that several cases are al-
ways put: in Homer the first εἴτε is sometimes an-
swered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
first εἴτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἴτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἴτεν, Ion. for εἴτα, like ἐπειτεν tor ἐπειτα.

εἰῶ, Ep. for εἰώ, ᾧ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

εἰώθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb ἔθω.

εἰώθειν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔθω.

εἰωθότως, Adv. of εἰώθα, in the usual way.

εἰών, impf. of εἰώω.

εἰώς, Ep. for εἰως, until.

εἰῶσι, Ep. for εἰῶσι, 3 pl. of εἰώω.

'EK, before a vowel ἔξ, Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN.

Radic. sense, from out of, away from.

I. OF PLACE, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
chief from among all, of all.

2. like ἐξω, outside
of, beyond; ἐκ βελείων out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out of
the smoke.

3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φέρμυγα he hung his lyre from,
i. e. on, the peg; ἀπάπτεσθαι ἐκ τινος to fasten from,
i. e. upon, a thing.

II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὗ since,
from the time when, Lat. ex quo; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the
beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just finished
sacrifice; ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,
i. e. after, peace.

III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινος γενέ-
σθαι to be born or sprung from one; ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος
ἐσσι thou comest of me by blood.

2. of the
materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of
wood.

3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεῶν
πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος ἐξ
ὀλοῆς because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-
sequence of the heat; ἐκ βίας ἀγειν = βία ἀγειν, to
lead by force.

4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διός
they were beloved of or by Zeus.

5. with a neut.
Adj., as periph. for Adv., ἐξ ἀγχίμολου for ἀγχίμολον;
ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανοῦς and ἐξ ἐμφανοῦς for ἐμφανῶς, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more
words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly,

ἐκά-ργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, *ἐργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἐκαλος.

ἐκάμῦσα, for κατέμυσα, aor. I of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω.

ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρψα, aor. I of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ἐκας, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off*: c. gen.

far from, far away from. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσε, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off*:—

Sup. ἐκαστάτω.

ἐκάστοθι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From

ἑΚΑΣΤΟΣ, ἡ, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*,

Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its

collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb,

ἐκαστος ἐπίστασθε ye know each one of you: εἰς

ἐκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque*, each one; πᾶς ἐκαστος,

one and all; οἱ καθ' ἑκαστον each one singly, Lat. *singuli*:

καθ' ἐκάστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence

ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

ἐκατάκεις, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. for ἐκατέρωθεν,

from or on each side, Lat. utrinque.

ἑΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly, Lat.*

uterque. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

Ἑκάτη [ἄ], ἡ, (ἑκατος) Hecaté, daughter of Perses

and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven,

earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same

as Artemis. Ἑκάτης δεῖνον, or Ἑκάταια, τὰ, was

an offering of purification made to her on the 30th

of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβύλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-*

shooting, far-darting:—as Subst. the *Far-darter*.

ἐκάτι, Att. and Dor. for ἐκατι, on account of.

ἐκατογ-κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλή); and

ἐκατογ-κράνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κράνον):—*hundred-*

beaded.

ἐκατόγ-χαρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.

ἐκατό-ζυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ζυγόν) *with 100 benches*

for rowers.

ἐκατομ-βαῖον, ἡ, 10 month Hecatombaseon, the

first of the month

July and

From

ing to the last half of

From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) properly an *offering of a hundred oxen*: but commonly a *great public sacrifice*, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) of or worth a *hundred oxen*.

ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πούς) 100 feet long.

ἐκατομ-πολιεθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἑΚΑΤΟΝ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. a *hundred*, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατοντα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) of a *hundred years*,

a *hundred years old*.

ἐκατοντα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-beaded*: cf ἐκατόγκρανος.

ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) worth 100 talents; γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος an action where *damages were laid at that sum*.

ἐκατοντα-πλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) a *hundred-fold*, 100 times as much or many.

ἐκατοντά-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.

ἐκατοντ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχω) a *leader of a hundred*, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατοντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) the *number one hundred*.

ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὀργυία) of 100 *fathoms*:—poët., ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον.

ἐκάτος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκατό-στομος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐκατόν) the *hundredth*, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά a *hundred-fold*. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή, the *hundredth part*, a tax or duty at Athens.

ἐκατοστός, ὅς, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάς.

ἐκαυσα, aor. I of καίω.

ἐκ-βάίω, f. ζω, to *speak out, declare*.

ἐκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκέβηκα:—to *step out of, go or come out of*: to *step out of a ship, to disembark*. 2. to *go out of, depart from*.

3. metaph. to *come out so and so*, and so, to *turn out*, Lat. *evadere*. 4. to *go out of due bounds, to digress*.

II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. I ἐξέβησα, Causal, to *make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.*; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

ἐκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to *excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic*:—Pass. and Med. to *be frenzied, rage*.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῳ: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβηκα:—to *throw or cast out*: to *disembark, land*; but also to *carry out to sea*.

2. πώλεως ἐβάλλειν to *cast out of the country*: and so to *drive out, banish*. II. to *strike out*, Lat. *excutere*; δοῦρα ἐβάλλειν to *fall trees, properly to cut them out of the forest*. III. metaph., ἔπος ἐβάλλειν to *let fall or drop a* 1 4;

so, ἐβάλλειν δάκρυα to *drop or*

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *ἐαυτὸν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνειν.

ἐκβάσις, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνειν) a going out of a ship, a landing.

II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίναω.

ἐκ-βεβαίω, f. ὦσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of ἐκβαίνειν, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλήτος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἡσσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθῶ, f. ἡσσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινα τῶν κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm.

II. a casting out, banishment. III. a shooting forth; ἐκ-βολή σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear.

IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρουσιν a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λόγου a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλης earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive.

II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory.

2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth:

Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἡσσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πριονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γάμιζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to give away in marriage:

—Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γάμισκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέγας, ποῖτ. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι:

3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγήμεν [αἰ]; part. ἐκγεγαῖος, ἐκγεγαῖα.

ἐκ-γελᾶω, f. ἄσσομαι [αἰ] for the tenses, v. γελᾶω:

—to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family,

without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην: pf.

ἐκγέγονα, ποῖτ. ἐκγέγας (q. v.): Dep.:—to grow out of,

spring from: to be descended from, born of.

II. to have gone by: χρόνου ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed.

2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξ-

εστί, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψα, to write out, copy:—Med. to write out or copy for oneself.

II. to strike out, expunge

from a list.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὕσω, to burst into tears. [ὑ]

ἐκ-δᾶπνάω, f. ἡσσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωρικεύοντα, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωριζομαι.

ἐκ-δεής, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεῖα, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δεικνύμι, f. -δείξω, aor. I ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξίς, εὐς, ὁ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: f. -δέρω:—to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δετος, ον, (ἐκδῶ) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I ἐξεδέξαμην: Dep.:—to take or receive from: to take up.

2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next.

3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*.

4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to:

—Med. to bind a thing to oneself, bang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἡσσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel:

to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην:—to go

through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διαιτάομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διαιτάω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδιδάγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From

ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω poet. -διδασκήσω:—to teach

thoroughly, Lat. *edocere*:—Med. to have another taught

thoroughly:—Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [αἰ]:

aor. 2 ἐξέδραυ:—to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα:

aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην:—to give out, give up, Lat.

reddere: to surrender.

2. to give out of one's

house; ἐκδίδοναι or ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away

one's daughter in marriage.

3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money

to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *ἐαυτὸν*) to issue

forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. ψα, to decide by giving judgment, of a

judge. II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικαστής, οὐ, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκδικέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐκδικος) *to avenge, punish; ἐκδικεῖν*
τινα ἀπὸ τινος to avenge one on another. Hence
ἐκδίκησις, εὖς, ἡ, an avenging; vengeance.
 ἐκ-δικος, ον, (ἐκ, δίκη) *without law, lawless, Lat.*
exlex: Adv. ἐκδικῶς, lawlessly. II. carrying out
justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, an avenger.
 ἐκ-διφρενῶ, f. σω, *to throw from the chariot.*
 ἐκ-διώκω, f. φομα later φω, *to drive away, banish.*
 ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἴσω, *to shake out, confound.*
 ἐκδοσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) *a giving up, surrender-*
ing. 2. a giving in marriage.
 ἐκδωσσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, *one must give in*
marriage.
 ἐκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) *given up, betrayed.*
 ἐκδούναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) *a receiving from another,*
succession.
 ἐκ-δρακοντόβωμι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) *to become a*
serpent.
 ἐκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμεῖν) *a running out, sally, charge:*
—also a band of skirmishers.
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, *one that sallies out, a skirmisher.*
 ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) *that which is put off, a*
skin, garment.
 ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,
 or for ἐκδύοιμεν I pl. opt.
 ἐκ-δύνω, sec ἐκδύω.
 ἐκδύσις, εὖς, ἡ, *a slipping out, escape. From*
 ἐκ-δύω, f. -δύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέδυσσα: *to strip off*
from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of
his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτόν to strip him. II. in
pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,
pf. ἐκδέδυνκα, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out
of. 3. metaph. to get away from, escape.
 ἐκ-δωριόβωμι, Pass. (ἐκ, δῶριος) *to become quite a*
Dorian.
 ἐκάσασα, Ep. for ἐκάεσα, aor. I of ἐκάω.
 ἐκάστο, Ion. for ἐκείντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.
 'ΕΚΕΙ', Adv. *at or in that place, there, Lat. illic.*
 ἐκεῖα, Ep. aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκεῖθεν, Adv. *from that place, thence, Lat. illinc;*
c. gen., τοῦκεῖθεν ἄλσους yon side of the grove.
 ἐκεῖθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. *at that place, there, Lat. illic:*
Dor. τηρήθι.
 ἐκείνος Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος.
 Att. also strengthd. ἐκεῖνοσσι: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):
—that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when οὗ-
τος and ἐκείνος refer to two things before mentioned,
ἐκείνος, ille, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, hic, to
the nearer. II. used also like ille, to denote
well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, magnus ille
Deus. III. in Att., ἐκείνος precedes the Art.
when it is emphatic, as, ἐκείνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows
the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-
νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνω, in that way, in that case:

Ion. κείνω. V. the dat. fem. ἐκείνη is also used
 as Adv., I. of Place, *there, at that place, on that*
road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.
 ἐκεῖρα, aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκεῖσε, Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) *to that place, thither,*
Lat. illuc.
 ἐκέκαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of κείνωμαι.
 ἐκεκῦθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.
 ἐκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλωμαι.
 ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκόσμηγτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
 of κοσμέω.
 ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλωμαι.
 ἐκέλσα, aor. I of κέλλω.
 ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.
 ἐκε-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχω, χεῖρ) *a biding of hands, a*
cessation of hostilities, armistice.
 ἐκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, *to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων*
ἐξέεσε she ran over, swarmed with worms.
 ἐκ-ζητέω, f. ἴσω, *to search out.*
 ἐκ-ζωπυρέω, f. ἴσω, *to light up again, rekindle.*
 ἐκκη, Ep. aor. I of κείω.
 ἐκηβολία, ἡ, *a darting from afar, archery. From*
 ἐκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-darting, far-shoot-*
ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
 ἐκηλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκηλος, *at one's ease,*
quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of
a field lying at rest or fallow.
 'ΕΚΗΤΙ Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. *by means of,*
by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =
ἐνεκα, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards,
as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.
 ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm thoroughly.*
 ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἴσω, *to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be*
amazed, astonished. From
 ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) *amazed, astounded.*
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνος) *to root out, extirpate.*
 ἐκθάων, Ep. for ἐξέθωνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.
 ἐκ-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ἴσομαι, Dep. *to see out,*
see to the end.
 ἐκ-θεάτρῳ, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεάτρον) *to make a spec-*
tacle of.
 ἐκ-θειάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) *to deify.*
 ἐκθέμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. for ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of
 ἐκτίθωμι.
 ἐκθεῖς, εἰσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθωμι.
 ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to mow completely: to cut*
down.
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. άνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) *to warm or heat*
thoroughly.
 ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθωμι.
 ἐκθεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐκτίθωμι) *a putting out, exposing.*
 ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθωμι) *put out, exposed.*
 ἐκ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, *to run or sally out.*
 ἐκ-θηράομαι, Dep. *to hunt out, catch.*
 ἐκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.
 ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, *to press, squeeze out: metaph. to*
crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκει: aor. ἐξέθανον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θινάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκ-θόρε, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσσω.

ἐκ-θρηνέω, f. ἡσώ, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρώσσω, fut. -θροσσομαι: aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θυμιάω, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θυμός, ov, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. *amens*.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχαις [ι], 2 sing. impf. of κίχην: of ἐτίθειν from τίθημι.

ἐκίχην [ι], impf. of κίχην.

ἐκ-καγχάζω, f. σῶ, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. 1 ἐξεκάθην:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, of, ai, tá, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-δυρος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, δύρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-λινος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαϊδέκατος, η, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαϊδεκ-έτης, ov, ο, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, έτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτης, ιδος.

ἐκ-καιρός, ov, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκάω: fut. -καίσω: aor. 1 ἐξέκαα:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κάκω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλᾶσθαι, (ἐκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-κάλέω, f. ἔσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself: metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψῶ, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάμνω, f. -κάμομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκαμον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδω, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίζω, f. σῶ, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. 1 part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κεῖμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκαφέω, -όω.

ἐκ-κενώνω, -κενώνω, f. ὠσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κεντέω, f. ἡσώ, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κερδαίω, f. σῶ, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχῃμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence

ἐκκεχῃμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχάννυμι.

ἐκ-κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἡσώ, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλώω, f. -κλάσσω [α], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήω Att. -κλήω: Att. fut. ἐκκλησῶ:—to shut out metaph. to exclude or binder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψῶ, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήω, Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, ή, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύριαι ἐκκλησίαι, four in each πρτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι. II. the Church. Hence

ἐκκλησιάξω, f. σῶ: impf. ἡκκλησίαζον or ἐκκλησίαζον, but also ἐκκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. 1 ἐξεκκλησίασα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκλητῶ, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ov, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. *evocatus*: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλινώ, f. -κλινώ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναιώ, f. σῶ, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. *enecare* Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισεύντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἡσώ, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβαλκεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κύβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate: ἐκκοκκίζειν σφυρόν to put out one's ankle: ἐκκοκκίζειν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψῶ, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἡσώ, to swim out of.

ἐκκομίδη, ή, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety: ἐκκομίζειν τινα ἐκ πρήγματος to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σῶ, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψῶ: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξεκόπην: pf. ἐκκέκομμαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξεκόπη τῶφθαλμός be bad his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. *excindere*. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορίω, f. ἦσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) to clear of bugs.
 ἐκ-κορύφω, f. ὤσω, to sum up shortly.
 ἐκ-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang upon, listen attentively to.
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾶ]:—to let hang from
 or by:—Pass. to hang from or upon, cling to. Hence
 ἐκκρεμής, ἐς, hanging from or upon.
 ἐκ-κρήνηναι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἱνῶ, to choose or single out, select. 2.
 to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence
 ἐκκριτός, ον, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον as Adv.,
 above all, eminently.
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a beating out, driving away: and
 ἐκκρουστός, ον, beaten out: of embossed work,
 worked in relief. From
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive
 back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-
 plodere. 3. to put off, adjourn.
 ἐκ-κύβιστάω, f. ἦσω, to tumble headlong out of.
 ἐκ-κύνεω, f. ἦσω, to bring forth.
 ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-
 κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this
 means; ἄλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out!
 i. e. show yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence
 ἐκκυκλήμα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which
 disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:
 cf. εἰσκυκλέω.
 ἐκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξέκυλίσα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐξέκυλίσθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be
 rolled or thrown out; ἐξέκυλίσθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled
 headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate
 oneself or escape from.
 ἐκ-κύμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) to undulate: to be uneven.
 ἐκκυνέω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.
 ἐκ-κύνηγετώ, f. ἦσω, to hunt down.
 ἐκ-κύνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about,
 not keeping on one scent.
 ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.
 ἐκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, to come forth in the festive proces-
 sion: to rush madly out.
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἦσω, and ἐκ-κωφώω, f. ὤσω, (ἐκ, κωφία)
 to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the
 swords grew dumb.
 ἐκλάγον, aor. 2 of κλάζω.
 ἐκλαγέω, aor. I of κλάζω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—to ob-
 tain by lot or fate.
 ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἱῶ, to kick out: metaph. to
 spurn at.
 ἐκ-λάλέω, f. ἦσω, to speak out, divulge.
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: for the
 other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II.
 to receive, bear. III. to contract to do work, opp.
 to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμπα:—to shine or
 flash forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up,
 kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, to escape notice ut-
 terly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.
 -έλασα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκέλαθον, Causal of ἐκ-
 λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med.
 ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκελαθέσθαι:
 pf. pass. ἐκέλησμαι, to forget utterly.
 ἐκλαπάζω, f. ζω, = ἐξαπατάω, to cast out from.
 ἐκλάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.
 ἐκλαυσσα, aor. I of κλαίω.
 ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ζω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick
 out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,
 choose. 2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's
 gray hairs. II. to collect tribute.
 ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκλείοιπα:
 —to leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon,
 quit. 3. εἰ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one
 left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, to
 be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
 ἔρδην. III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence
 ἐκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting. II. a
 disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; οἱ
 ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.
 ἐκλελαθεῖν, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.
 of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκλέλυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέω, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch.
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ζω, to cease entirely.
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.
 ἐκλήθην, aor. I pass. of καλέω.
 ἐκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: for-
 getting and forgiving.
 ἐκ-λμπάνω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλίνθημι, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.
 ἐκλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλιπής, ἐς, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient: ἡλίον ἐκ-
 λιπές τι ἐγένετο = ἐκλειψις, there was an eclipse of
 the sun. II. omitted.
 ἐκλογή, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election:
 a levy of troops or taxes. II. a choice selection,
 as of extracts from authors.
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to
 consider, reflect on.
 ἐκλόμπη, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, to wash out.
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. σω, to bring forth:—Pass. to be
 born.
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.
 ἐκλύτῃριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον
 a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.
 ἐκλύτος, ον, let loose, discharged. From
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ὤσω [ῶ]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose
 or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his
 tongue:—so also in Med. II. to unloose, unstring,

a bow : hence to *break up, put an end to* :—Pass. to *be faint, exhausted, despond*.

ἐκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to *sustain grievous injuries*.

ἐκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to *lay bare*.

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήναι) the *impression of a seal, a seal*; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a *counterfeit of rock*,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμάγειναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαίνω, f. -μᾶνῶ : aor. I ἐξέμηννα :—to *drive mad with any passion*; πόθον ἐκμήναι to *kindle passionate desire* :—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην : intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μύμηννα :—to *go mad with passion* : to *rave, be frantic*.

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an *impress, image*.

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι : aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον : pf. ἐκ-μεμάθηκα :—to *learn thoroughly, to learn by heart* : in past tenses, to *have learnt thoroughly*, and so to *know full well, perceive*. II. to *examine closely, search out*.

ἐκμᾶνῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάζω, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to *drive raving mad* :—Pass. to *go raving mad*.

ἐκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἴσω, to *bear witness to a thing*.

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω : fut. ἔω : aor. I ἐξέμαξα : Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγαμαι :—to *wipe off* :—Med. to *wipe away one's tears*. II. to *mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of* : to *imprint an image*.

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to *search out*.

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to *make quite drunk*.

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to *have a chief share in a thing*; ἐξέμευρε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἴσω, to *train carefully* : to *practise diligently*.

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμηννα, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to *measure out* :—Med. to *measure out for oneself* : to *take measure of*.

ἐκ-μετρος, ov, (ἐκ, μέτρον) *measureless, boundless*, Lat. *immensus*.

ἐκμήναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μηνος, ov, (ἐξ, μήν) of *six months, half yearly* : as Subst., ἐκμηνος, ἡ, a *space of six months*.

ἐκ-μυρῶμαι, Dep., of an army, to *defile out of*.

ἐκ-μυταίνω, to *pollute*.

ἐκ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to *imitate faithfully*.

ἐκ-μυσθώω, f. ὥσω, to *let out for hire* :—Med. to *hire*.

ἐκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλάσκω.

ἐκ-μουσῶω, f. ὥσω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to *teach fully*.

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ἴσω, to *work out with toil*, Lat. *elaborare* : to *win hardly by great exertion, to achieve*.

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to *heave with the lever, to force one's way*.

ἐκ-μυζῶω, f. ἴσω, to *suck out*.

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to *turn up one's nose at, mock at*.

ἐκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to *grow young or fresh*.

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Med. to *feed off*, Lat. *depasci*. 2. to *go forth to feed, go forth*.

ἐκνενίκηκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to *cut the sinews* :—Pass., pf. ἐκ-νευερίσμαι, to *be unnerved*.

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐξένευσα :—to *turn aside, turn away*. II. to *sink down*. III. to *give*

a *nod or sign to do a thing*.

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι : aor. I ἐξένευσα :—to *swim out or away, escape by swimming* : generally, to *escape*.

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to *sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again*.

ἐκ-νίζω, f. -νύζω (as if from ἐκνίπτω) : aor. I ἐξένιψα :—to *wash out or away*.

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to *conquer completely* : to *achieve by force*. II. intr. to *prevail, grow into use*; ἐπὶ τὸ μὴ ὁδὸς ἐκνενικηκέναι to *win its way to the fabulous*.

ἐκ-νόμος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted, strange*. Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted* : *unlawful* :—Adv. -μως, *discordantly*.

ἐκ-νοστήω, f. ἴσω, to *return from, to return*.

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to *take for oneself*.

ἐκνυζήτω, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάομαι.

ἐκόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκάν) *freely, willingly*.

ἐκορέσματο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, a, ov, (ἐκάν) of *one's own free will, voluntary*. Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγλῶμαι, Pass. to *be astonished or amazed*. II. to *wonder at, admire exceedingly*. From

ἐκ-παγλος, ov, (metath. for ἐκ-πλᾶγος, from ἐκ-πλαγήναι) *frighful, terrible, fearful*. Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλον and ἐκπαγα used as Adv., *terribly, fearfully, greatly*. II. *astonishing, wonderful*.

ἐκπαίδευμα, atos, τό, *anything reared, a child*. From

ἐκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to *bring up from a child* : to *educate*.

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to *rush furiously forth*.

ἐκ-παίω : f. -παίσω : aor. I ἐξέπαυσα :—to *strike out of a thing, disappoint*.

ἐκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of *old, long ago*.

ἐκ-πάλλω, to *shake out* :—Pass. to *spirt out*.

ἐκπαλτω, Ep. for ἐξέπαλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπᾶλλω.

ἐκ-πᾶτάσσω, f. ἔω, to *strike out of one's senses*.

ἐκ-πάτιος, a, ov, (ἐκ, πάτος) *out of the common path* : *excessive*.

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to *set quite at rest, put an end to* :—Med. to *take one's rest*.

ἐκ-πείθω, f. σω, to *persuade, over-persuade*.

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ὥσω, to *tempt*.

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā] : aor. I ἐξέπειράθην [ā] : Dep. :—to *make trial of, prove, tempt*. 2. to *inquire of another*.

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is *allowed*.

ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω : aor. I ἐξέπεμψα :—to *send out or forth from* : of things, to *export*. 2. to *call or*

fetch out, send for: Pass. *to go forth, depart*.
to dismiss, drive away: *to divorce*. Hence
 ἔκπεμψις, εὖς, ἡ, *a sending out or forth*.
 ἐκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι.
 ἐκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπεπώνημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω, both in
 med. and pass. sense.
 ἐκπέπτοι, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.
 ἐκπεπότῃμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάομαι.
 ἐκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι,
expanded, open. Adv. -ως, *extravagantly*.
 ἐκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.
 ἐκπερά, ἐκπερώσων, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.
 ἐκ-περάω, f. ἀνώ, *to bring to an end*:—Pass. *to be*
fulfilled.
 ἐκπεράα, ατος, τό, *a passing out*. From
 ἐκ-περάω: f. ἀνώ [ᾶ] Ion. ἦσω: Ion. aor. I ἐξέπε-
 ρησα:—*to pass through or over*: metaph., *to accom-*
plish.
 ἐκ-περδικίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) *to escape*
like a partridge, fly away.
 ἐκ-πέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, *to destroy utterly*.
 ἐκ-περιέμω, *to go all round*.
 ἐκπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκπέρθω.
 ἐκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω:
 ἐκπεσεῖν, for ἐκπεσείν, aor. 2 inf.
 ἐκ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and
 act. forms ἐξεπτάμην and ἐξέπτην:—*to fly out, forth*
or away.
 ἐκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. I ἐξεπέτασσα:
 —*to spread out, unfurl, spread*: *to stretch out*.
 ἐκπετήσιμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) *ready to fly out of the*
nest: metaph. of a girl, *marriageable*.
 ἐκ-πέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.
 ἐκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυνθάνομαι.
 ἐκπέφυγα, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐκπεφύγῃαι, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.
 ἐκ-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, *to leap out or forth*: esp. of a
 beset force, *to sally forth*. 2. *to leap up*. Hence
 ἐκπιδήμα, ατος, τό, *a leap out or forth*.
 ἐκ-πηνίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πήνιον) *to reel off,*
wind out: fut. med., ἐκπηνεῖσθαι τί τινος *to wind*
something out of a man.
 ἐκ-πίδωμαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) *to gush forth*.
 ἐκ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξε-
 πλήσθην:—*to fill up, fill full of*. 2. *to sati-*
ate. II. *to fulfil*. III. *to finish, complete*.
 ἐκ-πίνω [ῖ]: f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπιον: for the
 other tenses, v. πίνω:—*to drink out or off, quaff,*
drain. II. metaph. *to empty out, drain*.
 ἐκ-πυράσσω, *to sell off*.
 ἐκ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἐκπέ-
 πτωκα:—*to fall out of or down from*. 2. *to fall*
from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere. 3. *to be*
driven out of one's country, be banished. 4. *to be*
cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici. 5. of actors,

II. *to be bisped off the stage, Lat. explodi*. 6. *to come*
out or forth, sally out: *to get out of, escape*: *to de-*
part from. 7. *to issue, result in*.
 ἐκ-πίττω, poet. for ἐκπίπτω.
 ἐκπλάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) *six pletbra long*.
 ἐκ-πλεος, poet. ἐκπλειος, α, ον, Att. ἐκπλεως, ον:
 (ἐκ, πλέως) *quite full*: *complete, entire*: *abundant*.
 ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξέπλευσα: Ion.
 ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω:—*to sail out, go out of port*: c.
 acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν *to out sail the*
ships into the open sea.
 ἐκ-πλεως, ον, Att. for ἐκπλειος.
 ἐκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκ-πληγνύμι, = ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπληκτικός, ἡ, ον, (ἐκπλήσσω) *striking with terror,*
astounding. Adv. -κῶς, *in amazement*.
 ἐκπληξίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) *panic fear, consterna-*
tion: ἐκπληξίς κακῶν *terror caused by misfortunes*.
 ἐκ-πληρώω, f. ὤσω, *to fill quite up*. 2. of ships,
to man completely. 3. *to fulfil*. II. ἐκπλη-
 ροῦν λιμένα *to cross over the harbour, Lat. emitiri*
spatium.
 ἐκ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπληξα:—
to strike out of, drive away:—*to frighten out of one's*
senses, scare, astound. II. Pass., mostly in aor.
 2 ἐξεπλάγην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπλη-
 γεν: later also aor. I ἐξεπλήχθην:—*to be panic-struck,*
amazed.
 ἐκπλοος contr. ἐκπλους, δ, (ἐκπλέω) *a sailing out,*
leaving port.
 ἐκ-πλύνω [ῦ], *to wash out*. Hence
 ἐκπλύτος, ον, *to be washed out*.
 ἐκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.
 ἐκ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι:
 aor. I ἐξέπνευσα:—*to breathe out or forth*. 2.
 βίον ἐκπνεῖν *to breathe one's last, expire*; and so ἐκ-
 πνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, *to blow out*
or outwards: *to burst out*. Hence.
 ἐκπνότη, ἡ, *a breathing out, expiring*.
 ἐκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) *out of the way*; ἐκποδὼν
 ἵστασθαι *to stand out of the way*; ἐκποδὼν χαρεῖν τινί
to get out of his way. Opp. *to ἐμποδών*.
 ἐκ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξέποισα:—*to put out a*
child, give him in adoption. II. Med. *to pro-*
duce, bring forth. III. *to make completely, finish*
off. Hence
 ἐκποίησις, εὖς, ἡ, *a putting forth, emission*: and
 ἐκποίητος, η, ον, *put forth, given in adoption*.
 ἐκ-ποκίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to pull out wool or hair*.
 ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, *to excite to war, make hostile*.
 ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ὤσω, *to make hostile, involve in war*:
 Pass. *to become an enemy to*.
 ἐκ-πολιορκέω, f. ἦσω, *to take by siege, Lat. expugnare*.
 ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμω) *a sending out or forth*.
 ἐκ-πονέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξέπονῃσα:—*to work out,*
finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elabo-
rare:—Pass. *to be brought to perfection*; οἷτος ἐκπε-

πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπονησθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξεπορεύσθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπέρθω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence ἐκπορθήτωρ, opor, δ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθιμύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea.

ἐκ-πορίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ἐξεπόρισα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορνεύω, f. σω, to be given to fornication.

ἐκ-ποτάσσομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπε-

πτάμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ἔω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. effecere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πράυνω, to soothe, mollify.

ἐκπρεπής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκπρεπώς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθυμέομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἦσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. έσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρο-

λείπων.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἦσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χέω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-πτέρυσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ἔω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτοέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ὕω or ὕσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πύσσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεπύσθην:

Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, bear of.

ἐκ-πύρρω, f. ὥσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence

ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ov, beard of, discovered.

ἐκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ-πωτάσσομαι, poet. for ἐκποτάσσομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of

κραίνω.

ἐκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.

ἐκράγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράγῃσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω.

ἐκράβην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκράλαινον, Ep. impf. of κραίνομαι.

ἐκ-ράλνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐξέρρανα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέω, for ἐκρέμαο, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξερρύηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in

act. sense) ἐξερρύην:—to flow out or forth. 2. of

feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II.

trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξ-

έρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγῃσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξερρά-

γην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asun-

der. II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to

break forth. III. also intr. in Act., to break out

or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ὥσω, to root out.

ἐκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέρριψα:—to throw out,

cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἐκρους, δ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σάλλασσω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σάω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐξεσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκσώζω.

ἐκ-σειώ, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense)

ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σέω):—to rush forth from,

flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγάω, f. ἦσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκάλευω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκενάζω, f. σω, to disfurnish.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξεσόβησα:—to scare

away.

ἐκ-σπάω, f. ἄω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part.

med. ἐκσπασσάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπείω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπεύδω, f. σω, to hasten out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ov, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, ex-

cluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ov, (ἐξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its

place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a

trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ, aor. I ἐξέστειλα:—to send

out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέ-

στεμμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From

ἐκ-στρατεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

ἐκ-στρατοπεδεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι : pf. ἐξεστρατοπεδεύομαι : Dep. :—to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω : aor. 1 ἐξέστρεψα :—to turn aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out : metaph. to change entirely : to pervert.

ἐκ-συρίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to whistle or hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*.

ἐκ-συρῶ [ῶ], to drag out : aor. 2 pass. ἐξεσύρην [ῶ].

ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to seal up :—Pass. to be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω : aor. 1 ἐξέσωσα :—to keep safe, preserve :—Med. to save oneself, save one's life :—Pass., νῆσον ἐκσώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκτά, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (κτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, η, ov, (κτείνω) outspread.

ἐκτάθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτάθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτάθησομαι, fut. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκταμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάνομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτάν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάνων, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάνω, f. ὕσω : aor. 1 ἐξετάνυσα, Ep. -υσσα :

aor. 1 pass. ἐξετάνυσθην :—poët. for κτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low :—Pass., to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τάρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω : aor. 1 ἐξέταρασα :—to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to draw an army out in order :—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκτεθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ : aor. 1 ἐξέτεινα : pf. ἐκτέτακα :

—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξέταθην : pf. ἐκτέταμαι :—to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse : hence, to lay low :—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along : metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II.

to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to the uttermost.

ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to fortify completely : to build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω : Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον : f. -τελέσω, Ep. -τελέω :—fut. med. ἐκτελέσθαι in pass. sense :—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ἐς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect : ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : f. τεμῶ : aor. 2 ἐξέταμον :—to cut out from, cut out : to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down. 2. to hew out, hew into shape. II.

to castrate.

ἐκτένεια, ἡ, earnestness, zeal. From ἐκτενής, ἐς, (κτείνω) stretched out : metaph. earnest, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously : Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be held. II. neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or bold.

ἐκτέτῃκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτέτῃκα.

ἐκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτέυς, ἐως, ὁ, (έκτος) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμμος, = 8 chœnixes.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ἡσομαι : aor. 1 ἐξετεχνησάμην : Dep. :—to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τήκω, f. ζω : aor. 2 ἐξέτακον :—to make melt away :—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτῃκα, to melt away.

II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτῆμαι, for κέκτῃμαι, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτῆσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : to set out, put outside :—to put out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέξω : aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον :—to bring forth.

ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ : pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι :—to pluck or pull out : Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τίμῶ, f. ἦσω, to honour highly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ov, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour

ἐκ-τίνασσω, f. ζω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω : aor. 1 ἐξέτισα :—to pay off, pay in full ; ἐκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.

Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge : to take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω : aor. 1 ἐξέτρωσα :—to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without, c. gen. : outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολύπτω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an end.

ἐκτομεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out : fem. ἐκτομής, ἰδος.

ἐκτομή, ἡ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out : castration. Hence

ἐκτομίας, ov, ὁ, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away : to brow away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπος, α, ov, also os, ov, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τοπος, ov, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant : hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore through, stab to death.

έκτος, η, ov, (έξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. *extrinsecus*, opp. to ἐντός : I. of Place, without, outside : as Prep. with gen. out of, far from : free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3.

except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθε, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, without, outside : far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ov, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished from the table.

ἐκ-τραχηλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, *to throw off or down*:—Pass. *to break one's neck*.

ἐκ-τράχυνω [ῥ], f. ῥύνω, *to make rough*.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, *to turn off or aside, divert*: metaph., *to turn aside, dissuade*:—Pass. and Med. *to turn aside from, to avoid*.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω. aor. I ἐξέθρεψα:—*to bring up from childhood, rear up*:—Med. *to rear up for oneself*.

ἐκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμομαι (from *δρέμω):—*to run out or forth: to make a sally*.

2. *to run off or away*. 3. metaph. of anger, *to burst forth*.

ἐκ-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—*to rub out*; πῦρ ἐκ-τριβεῖν *to produce fire by rubbing*. II. *to rub hard*.

III. *to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch*; βίον ἐκτρίβειν *to bring life to a wretched end*.

ἐκτρίψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρίπω) *a turning off or aside*. II. *a turning oneself from, avoidance*:—ἐκτροπή δόδου *a resting-place*; ἐκτροπή λόγου *a digression*.

ἐκ-τρύχω, f. ὤσω, *to wear out, exhaust*.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, *to eat up, devour*.

ἐκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτριπώσκα) *a child untimely born, an abortion*.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) *beaten out, wrought in relief*. Hence

ἐκ-τυπώ, f. ὤσω, *to work in relief*.

ἐκ-τυφλώ, f. ὤσω, *to make quite blind*. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ἡ, *a making quite blind*.

ἐκύναι, 3 sing. impf. of κύνειν.

ἐκτέρα, ἡ, *a step-mother*, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκτρον, aor. 2 of κურέω.

ἐκτροός, ὅ, *a step-father*, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κύνειν.

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κύνειν.

ἐκ-φάγειν, *to eat up, devour*: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ῥύνω, *to make quite clear*.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἐξέφηννα:—*to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known*; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον *to declare war*:—Pass. and Med., f. -φάνομαι and -φάνησομαι: aor. I ἐξεφάνθην, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνην [α]:—*to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light*. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, *shining forth, manifest*. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφάσκειν.

ἐκφάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφάσκω) *a declaration*.

ἐκφάτος, ον, (ἐκφάσκω) *beyond power of speech*:—Adv. ἐκφάτως, *expressly, plainly*; or, *beyond words to express*, i. e. *impiously*.

ἐκ-φαιλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to depreciate*.

ἐκφέρμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐξοίσω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—*to carry*

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. *efferre*: also *to carry away: to carry off as prize*:—Pass. *to be carried out*; metaph. *to be carried away by passion*. 2. *to put out of a ship*. II. *to bring forth, to produce*. 2. *to accomplish, fulfil: bring about*. 3. *to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray*. 4. *to put forth, exert*. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. *inferre bellum*, *to begin war*. 6. *to shew signs of, shew*. III. *to carry out or to the end*. IV. intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) *to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away*. 2. *to come to an end*.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—*to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from*; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός. 2. *to escape from danger*; esp. *to be acquitted*.

ἐκ-φήμι, *to speak out, speak*: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκφάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθείρω, *to destroy utterly*: Pass. *to be undone*; imper. ἐκφείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρεις.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. *to perish utterly*; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται *they have utterly perished*; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος νηῶν *the wine had all been consumed out of the ships*.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἡσώ, *to love passionately*. ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφαιλίζω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—*to set on fire*. ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἡσώ, *to frighten out or away, affright*:—Pass. *to be affrighted*.

ἐκ-φουίνισσω, fut. ξω, *to make red or bloody*. ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἡσώ, *to go out or forth*.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) *a carrying out of a corpse to burial*. 2. *a blabbing, betrayal*. II. (from Pass.) of horses, *a running away*.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, *to carry out a corpse for burial*:—Med. *to take out with one*:—Pass. *to move forth*. II. *to carry quite out*. III. in Pass., *to be cast up on shore*, Lat. *ejici*.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) *that which is brought forth, fruit, produce*; also *rent, tithe*.

ἐκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) *to be carried out, exportable*. II. *to be made known*.

ἐκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., *to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed*.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ἴσω, *to tell in full*. ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἡσώμαι, also ἡσώ: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐκ-φρέω):—*to let out, bring out*:—Pass. *to go out*.

ἐκ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to think out, devise, invent*, Lat. *excogitare*.

ἐκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) *out of one's mind, mad, senseless*, Lat. *amens*: also, *frenzied*.

ἐκ-φυγάνω, = ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκφύγε, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, *to watch carefully*.

ἐκφύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύναι, formed from ἐκφύμι.

ἐκ-φυσάω, f. ἡσώ, *to blow or breathe out*: metaph., ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον *to blow up a war from a spark*.

ἐκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύω [ϕ] : aor. I ἐξέφυσα :—to *beget, produce*. II. inti.

in pf. ἐκπέφυσκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι :—to *be produced or born from, grow from*, c. gen. : absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκός a *born tattler*.

ἐκ-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to *pronounce aloud*.

ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to *let go from*.

ἐκ-χαυνόω, f. ὤσω, to *puff up, make vain*.

ἐκχεύω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκ-χέω, f. -χεῶ : aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχενα : pf. ἐκκέχυκα :—to *pour out, Lat. effundo* : to *pour forth in vain, lavish, squander*. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [ϕ] :

pf. ἐκκέχθυμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξέκχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχυντο or ἐκχυντο, part. ἐκχύμενος :—to *be poured out, to stream out or forth* : generally, to *spread out or abroad* :—to *give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in* . . .

ἐκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to *break out of the chorus*. II.

ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to *drive out of the chorus*.

ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to *suffice, be enough for* : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it *will be, was enough or sufficient for*.

ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to *declare as an oracle*.

ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to *squeeze money from, levy contributions on*.

ἐκχυθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύμενος [ϕ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυντο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυτος, ov, (ἐκχέω) *poured out* : *unconfined, outspread, Lat. effusus* :—ἐκχυντον, τό, *drink*.

ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω : pf. pass ἐκκέχωμαι :—to *raise by heaping up soil* : to *silt up*, of a river.

ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to *go out and away, depart from*. 2. to *slip out of* : hence of a joint, to *be dislocated*. 3. to *give way* : to *give place to*.

ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ψω, to *give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro*.

ἙΚΩΝ, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, *willing, voluntary, of free will*. II. often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), *willingly, purposely*.

ἑλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.

ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλάν, inf. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλάθον, aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

ἙΛΑΙΑ Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, *the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva* :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to *run beyond the olives*, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to *go too far*. II. *the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive*. Hence

ἐλαιήεις Att. -αῖες, εσσα, ev, *of the olive-tree*.

ἐλαίνες, α, ov, and ἐλαῖνός, ἡ, ov, (ἐλαία) *of the olive-tree, of olive-wood*.

ἐλαιο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) *an olive-gatherer*.

ἐλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) *olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum*.

ἐλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) *the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster*.

ἐλαιο-φόρος, ov, (ἐλαία, φέρω) *olive-bearing*.

ἐλαιο-φύτης, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) *olive-planted*.

ἐλαϊδ-φύτος, ov, (ἐλαία, φύω) *olive-planted*.

ἐλαῖτε, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλαῖδες.

ἐλαῖων, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) *an olive-garden, olive-yard, Lat. olivētum* :—as prop. n., *the Mount of Olives, Olivet*.

ἐλάκηκα, ἐλάκον, ao. I and 2 of λάσκω.

ἐλάμφθην, Ion. for ἐλήφθην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλ-ανδρος, ov, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνήρ) *man-slaying*.

ἐλάσα, Ep. for ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω :—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. :—ἐλασαίατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I opt. med.

ἐλασᾶς, ὁ, *an unknown bird*.

ἐλασεῖω, Desiderat. of ἐλαύνω, to *wish to drive*.

ἐλάστια, ἡ, (ἐλαῖνω) *riding, driving*.

ἐλασι-βροντος, ov, (ἐλαῖνω, βροντή) *thunder-burting*. II. *hurled like thunder*.

ἐλάσι-ιππος, ov, (ἐλαῖνω, ἵππος) *horse-driving*.

ἐλάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαῖνω) *a driving, riding* : also *rowing*. 2. *a driving away, banishing*. 3. (sub. στρατού), *a march, expedition* ; (sub. ἵππων) *riding*.

ἐλασσα, Ep. for ἐλασα, ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλασσόω, Att. -πτῶ, f. ὤσω : aor. I Att. ἡλάττωσα :—Pass., fut. ἐλασσαθήσομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἡλασσώθην :—to *make less, smaller, or worse* : to *lessen, damage* : hence to *detract from*. II. Pass. to *become smaller, diminish* : to *come short of, have too little of* a thing : c. gen. to *be inferior to*. From

ἐλάσσων Att. -πτω, ov, gen. ονος :—*smaller, less, fewer, worse* ; ἐλασσον εἶχειν to *have the worse* :—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in *a less degree* ; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with Sup. ἐλάχιστος : the Posit. ἐλαχύς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to *drive* : to *row* : also to *drive about*.

ἐλάσω, fut. of ἐλαύνω. [ᾱ]

ἐλατέον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαύνω, *one must ride*.

ἙΛΑΨΗ [ᾱ], *the pine or fir*. II. *an oar, as being made of pine-wood* : later also *the whole ship*.

ἐλατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) *a driver, a charioteer* ; ἐλατήρ βροντῆς *thunder*. II. *one that drives away*.

ἐλατήριος, α, ov, *driving away*.

ἐλατήριος, η, ov, (ἐλάτη) *of the pine or fir* : of *pine or fir-wood*.

ἐλαττον, Att. neut. for ἐλασσον, as Adv., *less*.

ἐλαπτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσων) to *have less, have too little, be lacking*.

ἐλάττων, ἐλαττώω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-.

ἙΛΑΥΝΩ : fut. ἐλάω [ᾱ], Ep. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλῶν :—aor. I act. ἤλασα, Ep. ἔλασα, ἔλασσα :—pf. ἐλήλακα :—Med., aor. I ἡλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασσάμενος :—Pass., aor. ἤλαθην and ἡλάσθην : pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι : plqpf. 3 sing. ἡλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλάω :—to *drive, drive on, set in motion*, esp. of horses, chariots, ships.

2. *seemingly intrans.*, to *ride, drive, sail, row* ; ἐλαύνοντες *the rowers* :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν *to sail on a calm sea*; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν *to urge the sea with oars*:—then really intrans., *to advance, proceed, push on, go on*; ἐς τοσοῦτον ἤλασαν *they proceeded so far*. 3. *to drive away, carry off*, Lat. *abigere*, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μιάσμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν *to drive away pollution*. 4. *to drive into narrow compass, press in battle*: Att. also, *to harass, trouble, annoy*.

II. *to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust*; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν τινά *to wound him on the shoulder*. 2 *to thrust, drive through*: Pass. *to go through*. III. *to beat out metal*, Lat. *ducere*; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν *to make a shield of beaten metal*. 2. *to draw out, to draw*; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος *to draw a line of vines, i.e. plant them in line*: hence generally, *to plant, produce*. 3. κολῶν ἐλαύνειν *to prolong, keep up the brawl*.

ἐλάφειος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος) *of or belonging to deer*. ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφιβόλος) *a shooting of deer*.

ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), τά, *a festival of Artemis*. Hence ἐλάφηβολιών, ὥνος, ὁ, *the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April*.

ἐλάφη-βόλος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) *biting or shooting deer*: as Subst. *a deer-bunter*.

ἐλάφο-κτόνος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) *deer-killing*. ἜΛΑΦΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, *a deer*; whether male, a *bart* or *stag*, or female, a *hind*.

ἐλάφο-σοῖτη, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σείω) *deer-bunting*. ἐλαφρία, ἡ, *lightness: thoughtlessness*. From

ἜΛΑΦΡΟΣ, ἄ, *ον*, and ὅς, ὄν, *light in weight*, Lat. *LEVIS*: metaph. *light, not burdensome, easy*, ἐν ἐλαφρῇ ποιεῖσθαι *to make light of*:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, *lightly, easily*. II. *light in moving, nimble, swift, active*; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ *light troops*, Lat. *levis armatura*. III. metaph. *light-minded, thoughtless*.

ἐλάχιστος, *η, ον*, Sup. of ἐλάσσω, *fewest, smallest, least, worst*:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. *at the least*; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, *less than the least*; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, *the very least*.

ἐλάχων, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. ἐλάχυν-πτέρυς, *υγος, ὅ, ἡ*, (ἐλαχύν, πτέρυγξ) *short-winged*; of fishes, *short-finned*.

ἜΛΑΧΥΣ, εἰα, ὅ, *small, short, little*: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσω, ἐλάχιστος are formed. ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάων, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλαω.

ἜΛΑΔΟΜΑΙ, ἐλδομαι, Dep. *to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire*. Hence

ἐλδωρ, ἐλδωρ, τό, indecl. *a wish, longing, desire*. ἔλε, Ep. for ἐλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω. ἐλαίρω, poet. for ἐλέω, *to take pity on*. ἜΛΕΑΣ, ἄντρος, ὁ, *a kind of owl*. Ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἔλεγος, *an elegiac poem*. Ἐλεγίον, τό, (ἐλεγος) *a distich consisting of a hexa-*

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in i. lur. = ἔλεγεία ἔλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, *α, ον*, (ἐλεγος) *of the elegy, elegiac*. ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγου, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλεγξίς, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐλέγχω) *a refusing, reproving*. Ἐλεγος, ὁ, *a song of mourning, a lament*, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγγεῖη, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) *a reproach, disgrace*. ἐλεγχής, *ές*, (ἐλεγχος) *liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly*:—integ. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

Ἐλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) *a reproach, disgrace, dis honour*; καί' ἐλέγχεα *base reproaches to your name*.

Ἐλεγχος, ὁ, *a means of testing, a trial, test*, Lat. *argumentum: disproof, refutation*. II. *an examination, scrutiny*. From

ἘΛΕΓΧΩ, fut. ἐω: aor. I ἤλεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλέγχην: pf. ἐλήλεγμα:—*to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour*. II. *to convince, refute, confute*, Lat. *arguere*: of arguments, *to disprove*: also *to accuse, reprove, reproach*. 2. *to examine, question: to prove, attest*.

ἐλε-δεμνός, ἡ, (*ἐλα, δέμνιον) *couch-destroying*. ἐλέυν, Ep. for ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, in Att. Poets. ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) *pitiably, piteous: pitied*: generally, *wretched, miserable*.—Adv. ἐλεινῶς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, *pitiably*: also neut. pl. ἐλεινά as Adv.

ἐλέω, *ῖ, ἡσω*, (ἐλεος) *to have pity on, shew mercy upon*.

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, *pity, mercy: an alms*. From ἐλεημων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (ἐλέω) *pitiful, merciful*.

ἐλεητός, *ος, ὁ, ὄν*, Ion. for ἐλεος, *pity, mercy*. Ἐλεῖσθαι, ἡ, = Εἰλεῖσθαι.

ἐλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω. ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεινός.

ἐλειο-βάτης, *ου, ὁ*, (ἐλος, βαίνω) *marsb-dwelling*. ἔλειος, *ον*, and *α, ον*, (ἐλος) *of or in the marsb*.

ἐλειψάμην, aor. I med. of λείβω. ἔλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, *to lie*.

ἜΛΕΛΕΥ or ἐλελεῦ, like ἀλάλα, *a loud cry*. ἐλελήθης, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλελίζω (A): *ῖ, ῥω*: Ep. aor. I ἐλελίξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, *to whirl round*. II. of soldiers, *to wheel them round, rally them*. III. generally, *to make to tremble or quake*:—Pass. *to quake, tremble, quiver*. IV. in Pass. also *to wind or twist oneself along*.

ἐλελίζω (B): *ῖ, ῥω*: aor. I ἤλελίξα:—*to cry ἐλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry*.

ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίξω (A). ἐλελ-χθών, *ον, ονος*, (ἐλελίξω, χθών) *earth-shaking*.

ἐλελόγγειν, plqpf. of λαγχάνω. ἐλένως, ἡ, (ἐλεῖν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) *ship-destroying*.

ἐλεόθρεπτος, *ον*, (ἐλος, τρέφω) *marsb-bred*.

ἐλεῶν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, *piteously*.
 ἘΛΕΟΨ, ὁ, and ἐλεόν, τό, *a kitchen-table, a dresser*.
 ἘΛΕΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εὐς, τό, *pity, mercy, compassion*. II. *an object of compassion, a piteous thing*.

ἐλεπολις, poet. ἐλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλις) *city-destroying*, of Helen.
 ἐλέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρῶν.
 ἐλετός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλεῖν) *that can be taken or caught*.
 ἐλευθερία, Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἐλευθερος) *freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing*.

ἐλευθεριος, ον, (ἐλευθερος) *dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank*, Lat. *liberalis*: esp. *freely-giving, bountiful, liberal*. It bears the same relation to ἐλευθερος as *liberalis* to *liber*. II. as epith. of Jove, the *Releaser, Deliverer*. Hence

ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, *freedom of spirit, liberality*.
 ἐλευθεριώς, Adv. of ἐλευθεριος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.

ἐλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, *having free children*.
 ἘΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, and Att. os, ov, *free*, Lat. *LIBER*; ἐλευθερον ἡμαρ *the day of freedom*; τὸ ἐλευθερον *freedom*. 2. *free or freed from a thing*. 3. *of things, free for all to use, open to use*. II. like ἐλευθεριος, *fit for a freeman, free-spirited*, Lat. *liberalis*.

ἐλευθεροστομέω, f. ἡσω, *to be free of speech*. From ἐλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἐλευθερος, στόμα) *free-spoken*.
 ἐλευθερο-συργός, ὄν, (ἐλευθερος, ἔργον) *bearing himself freely, of a horse*.

ἐλευθερώ, f. ὤσω, (ἐλευθερος) *to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit*. Hence ἐλευθέρως, Adv. of ἐλευθερος, *freely, with freedom*.
 ἐλευθέρωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting free*.

Ἐλευθῶ, ὅς, contr. οὗς, ἡ, = Εἰλείθωια.
 Ἐλευσίν or Ἐλευσίς, ἴνος, ἡ, *Eleusis*, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Prosperine:—Adv. Ἐλευσινάδην, *to Eleusis*; Ἐλευσινόθεν, *from Eleusis*. Hence

Ἐλευσίνιος, α, ον, *of Eleusis*.
 Ἐλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a coming*: esp. *the Advent*. From ἐλευσμαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἰμι *ibo* was chiefly used.

ἐλεφαίρομαι, Dep. *to cheat with empty bopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy*.

ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέφας) *of ivory, ivory*, Lat. *eburneus*.

ἐλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) *inlaid with ivory*.
 ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφας, μάχομαι) *a battle of elephants*.

ἘΛΕΨΑΣ, αντος, ὁ, *the elephant*, Lat. *elephas*. II. *the elephant's tusk, ivory*, Lat. *ebur*.
 ἐλεψα, aor. 1 of λέπω.

ἐλη, ἡ, = εἰλη, ἀλέα, *the beat or light of the sun*.
 ἐλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρῶν: and ἐλήαι, Ion. for ἐλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

ἐλήλακα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐλαῖνω.
 ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐλαῖνω.

ἐλήλεμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγχο.

ἐληέδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἐλαῖνω.

ἐλήλιγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλήφθην, aor. 1 pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλθεῖν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλίγδην, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) *whirling, spinning*.

ἐλιγμα, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) *that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet*.

ἐλιγμός, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) *a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage*.

ἐλικ-ἀμπυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ἀμπυξ) *with a circlet round the hair*.

ἐλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἐλιξ, βλέφαρον) *with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing*.

ἐλικό-δρομος, ον, (ἐλιξ, δραμεῖν) *twisting, winding*.

ἐλικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλίσσω) *rolled, wound, wreathed*.

Ἐλικών, ὄνος, ὁ, *Helicon*, a mountain in Boeotia, the seat of the Muses.

Ἐλικώνιος, α, ον, *Heliconian, of Helicon*.

ἐλικ-ὤψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ὤψ) *with rolling eyes, quick-glancing*: fem. ἐλικῶπις.

ἐλινύω or ἐλινύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἐλινύσα:—Ion. Verb, *to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep*. II. *to be lazy*.

ἐλιξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. *rolled, twisted, winding, spiral*: epith. of oxen, probably from their *twisted, crumpled horns*.

ἐλιξ poet. ἐλιξ, υκος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) *anything twisted or spiral: an armlet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind*, Lat. *vortex*; ἐλικες στεροπῆς, *flashes of forked lightning:—the tendril of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair*.

ἐλιξό-κερος, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ον, (ἐλίσσω, κέρα) *with crumpled horns*.

ἐλιπον, aor. 2 of λέιπω.

ἐλισσόμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.

ἘΛΙΣΣΩ Att. -τω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: fut. ἐλίξω: aor. 1 ἐλίξα:—Pass. aor. 1 ἐλίχθην: pf. ἐλήλιγμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐλικο:—*to turn about, turn round and round, roll*, Lat. *VOLVO*: *to whirl, move rapidly*; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν *to ply the rapid oar*. 2. *metaph. to turn in one's mind, revolve*. 3. *intrans. to hurry, move quickly about*. II. Pass. and Med. *to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round*; ὥραι ἐλισσόμεναι *the circling hours*.

ἐλί-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) *whirling the wheel round*.

ἐλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσός) *belicbryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers*.

ἐλκαίνω, (ἐλκος) *to be sore from a wound*.

ἐλκεσί-πεπλος, ον, (ἐλκω, πέπλος) *trailing the robe, long-robed*.

ἐλκε-χίτων, ατος, ὁ, (ἐλκω, χίτων) *trailing the tunic, with a long tunic*.

ἐλκέω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἐλκιδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἐλκιδόμος, ὁ, a being carried off, rough usage.

ἐλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἐλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἐλκο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἔλκος, εως, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώ, f. ὤσω, to wound sorely.

ἐλκιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκύσα [ῥ], aor. I inf. of ἔλκω.

ἐλκυστάζω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἔλκω, f. ἔλκω: aor. I εἴλξα, poet. ἔλξα: but also (as if from *ἐλκύνω) fut. ἐλκύνω [ῥ]: aor. I εἴλκυσσα: Pass., aor. I εἴλκυσθην: pf. εἴλκυσμαι, Ion. ἔλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *trabo*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. 2. to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κώρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίον, to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much: absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλείον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκύσαι πλῆθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*.

II. Med., ἔλφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώδης, ες, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous.

ἐλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκώω) ulceration.

ἐλαβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλαμπρύνωμαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἐλ-άμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

ἔλλαβο-δίκαι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἔλλην, δίκη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

ἔλλάς, ἁδος, ἡ, (ἔλλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwell, also called Phthiotis.

III. Greece.

ἔλλάς, ἁδος, ὁ, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἔλληνικός.

ἐλλάχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλλάβορος, ὁ, bellebore, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness: πιδ' ἐλλάβορον drink bellebore, i. e. you are mad.

ἐλεδανός, ὁ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-ropes.

ἐλεμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλειπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit.

III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass.

to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἐλλεψις, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἐλ-λεσχος, ὄν, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk.

ἔλλην, ηνος, ὁ, Hellen, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the ἔλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas: later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = ἑλληνικός. Hence

ἔλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., ἑλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

ἑλληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔλλην) Hellenic, Greek: τὸ ἑλληνικόν = οἱ Ἕλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. ἑλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

ἑλλήνιος, α, ὄν, = ἑλληνικός.

ἑλληνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἔλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

ἑλληνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἑλληνισμός) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

ἑλληνιστί, (ἑλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: ἑλληνιστὶ ξυνίεναι to understand Greek.

ἑλληνο-τάμια, ὦν, οἱ, (ἔλλην, ταμία) the stewards of Greece, i. e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

ἑλλησ-ποντος, ὁ, (ἔλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé: now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλείπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence

ἐλλείψης, ἐς, wanting, defective.

ἐλλισσάμην, Ep. for ἐλίσσάμην, aor. I of λίσσομαι.

ἐλλίτανεον, Ep. for ἐλίτ-, impf. of λιτανεύω.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*.

ἐλ-λογέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute.

ἐλ-λόγμος, ὄν, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλλοπιεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοψ) to fish.

ἔλλω-ός, ὁ, ἡ, a young deer, fawn.

ἔλλω-ός, ἡ, ὄν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλλω-φόνος, ὄν, (ἐλλός, φένω) fawn-slaying.

ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἐλλωψ, ὄσος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λυχιον, τό, (ἐν, λυχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἐλξα, poet. for εἴλξα, aor. I of ἔλκω.

ἐλξις, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἐλοίμαν, Dor. for ἐλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω.

ἐλομαι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῖσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἐλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

ἔλωσ, εως, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λοῦω.

ἐλοῖσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λοῦω.

ἰλῶσι, Ep. for ἐλάσουςι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαύνω.
ἐπιζῶ, fut. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, (ἐλπῶ): aor. I ἡλπισα:—
Pass., aor. I ἡλπίσθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad
sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat.
to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation
either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ἐλπομαι
Ep. ἐέλπομαι: pf. ἐολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf.
ἐώλεπιν (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, be-
lieve; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπωρή, ἡ, Ep. form of ἐλπίς.

ἐλσαι, ἔλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἰλω.

ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἐλύμα, ατος, τό. (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on
which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἐλύμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.

ἐλύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a
place for holding water, a reservoir. From

ἐλῶ, (εἰλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor.
I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-
self close up.

ἐλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἐλων, impf. of ἐλάω: but ἐλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἐλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty,
spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποστίνειν
to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dis honour.

ἐλώριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.

ἐμᾶθον, aor. 2 of μαρθάνω.

ἐμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εαυτοῦ or ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἡς,
(ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of
myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and
acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated,
ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβα, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβᾶδον, Adv. (ἐμβαίνω) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέ-
βηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβᾶς:—to step in:—to step on,
go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board,
embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to
tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a
thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to
enter, bring in or into:—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: pf. -βέβληκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έβᾶ-
λον:—to throw, lay, put in; κώπαις ἐμβάλλειν (sub.
χείρας) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κώ-
παις, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of
another:—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing
to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a
thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II.
intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter,
run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on
another with its beak: cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψα, to dip in.

ἐμβάς, ἄδος [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe,
used by the Boeotians; also by old men and poor
people.

ἐμβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμ-βασίλειον, f. σαι, to be king among or over.

ἐμβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a going in or upon: a
going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which
one goes; ἔμβασις ποδῶς a shoe, like ἐμβάς. 2. the
sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάζω, f. σαι, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβάτεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand
on: hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt: also to pro-
tect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter
on possession of property.

ἐμβατέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐμβάτης) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching:
ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐμβαίνω) he that goes in or upon,
esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of
boot, cf. ἐμβάς. [ᾱ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into:
τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ᾱ]

ἐμβεβᾶς, -νία, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβεβᾶ-
σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβητον, 2 dual:
ἐμβήτη, for ἐμβῆ, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβᾶσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμ-
βαίνω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board
ship: to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From

ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply,
to look.

ἐμ-βοᾶω, f. ἡσσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud.

ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting
in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. in-
trans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion,
foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another,
an assault; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκῶστομοι the shock of brassen
beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the beak
of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μην
ἐμβ. an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ἐμβ.
τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a
wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam,
architrave.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2.
the brassen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχύν, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρῆμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθός) beany, weighty. II.

metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in
bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons,
violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βριθῶ [ῥ], f. ἰσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάμαι, f. ἡσσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage,

ἐμ-πακτώ, *f. ὥσω*, to close up, caulk.
 ἐμ-πλάσσω, *f. ξω*, to entangle in or together.
 ἐμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἐμ-πάλλι, (*ἐν, πάλιν*) Adv. back-
 wards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in
 return. IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis
 τοῦμπαλιν, τὰμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.
 ἐμ-παρέχω, *f. ξω*, to band over, put in one's power.
 ἐμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πῆς, Adv. (properly *ἐν*
πάσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole,
 nevertheless, still. III. joined with *περ*, however
 much, ever so much.
 ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ὥσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πασα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in,
 embroider.
 ἐμ-πάττω, *f. ἥσω*, to tread in, walk into.
 ἐμπεδδ-μοχθος, *ov*, (ἐμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-rainful.
 ἐμπεδδ-ορκέω, *f. ἥσω*, (ἐμπεδος, ὄρκος) to abide by
 one's oath.
 ἐμ-πεδος, *ov*, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, un-
 shaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II.
 Adv. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπέδω, fast, of a surety,
 truly, certainly.
 ἐμπεδο-σθενής, *ἐς*, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force un-
 shaken.
 ἐμπεδών, *f. ὥσω*, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.
 ἐμ-πεύραμος, *ov*, = ἐμπεύραμος.
 ἐμπεύρα, *ῆ*, experience: experience in or acquaint-
 ance with a thing. From
 ἐμ-πειρος, *ov*, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted
 with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-
 πεύροτον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπεύρας τινὸς
 ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.
 ἐμπελάδων, Adv. near, hard by. From
 ἐμ-πελάζω, *f. σω*: aor. I ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near
 or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass.
 to be brought near, approach.
 ἐμπέτηγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπήγνυμι.
 ἐμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπύπλημι.
 ἐμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.
 ἐμπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-περάμιος, *ov*, = ἐμπερος, acquainted with.
 ἐμ-περινπάττω, to walk about in: to tarry among.
 ἐμ-περονάω, *f. ἥσω*, to fasten with a brooch. Hence
 ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. ἄμα, ματος, τό, a garment fas-
 tened with a brooch or buckle.
 ἐμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἐμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, *f. -πετάω* [ᾶ], to unfold and
 spread on or out.
 ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:
 ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.
 ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to
 fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάγην [ᾶ],
 with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plqpf. -ήγειν:—to stick in.
 ἐμ-πηδάω, *f. ἥσομαι*, to leap or jump in.
 ἐμ-πηρος, *ov*, crippled, maimed, deformed.
 ἐμ-πης, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἐμπας.
 ἐμπαίνει, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, *f. ἄνω*, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter
 against.
 ἐμπίμπλημι, ἐμπύμπλημι, v. ἐμπίπ-
 ῶ, fut. -πόμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα:
 to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink
 of the blood.
 ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπύπλημι.
 ἐμ-πίπλημι, *f. -πλήσω*: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill
 full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπύμπλαμαι,
 aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill
 oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med.
 also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough
 of, enjoy.
 ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.
 ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἐμ-
 πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2
 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on,
 fall in with.
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ῆ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. *culex*.
 ἐμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπίπτω, to fall upon.
 ἐμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.
 ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ὥσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα:
 —to plaster up, daub over with a thing.
 ἐμ-πλεος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεος.
 ἐμ-πλέκω, *f. ξω*, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat.
 implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2.
 metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.
 ἐμ-πλεος, *α, ov*, Ep. ἐμπλεος or ἐνίπλεος, *ῆ, ov*,
 Att. ἐμπλεως, *av*, quite full of a thing.
 ἐμ-πλέω, *f. -πλευσομαι*, to sail in.
 ἐμπλήγδην, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.
 ἐμπλήκτος, *ov*, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stu-
 pified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv.
 ἐμπλήκτως, madly.
 ἐμπλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπύπλημι.
 ἐμπλην, (ἐμπελάω) Adv. near, close by.
 ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλην, besides, except.
 ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 ἐμπύπλημι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.
 ἐμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπύπλημι.
 ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνπλή-: *f. ξω*:—to
 strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.
 ἐμπληγτο, for ἐνέπληγτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμ-
 πύπλημι:—ἐμπληγο, imperat. of same tense.
 ἐμπλοκή, ῆ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.
 ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.
 ἐμ-πνέω, poet. -πνέω: *f. -πνεύσομαι*: aor. I ἐνέ-
 πνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc.,
 ἱστίον ἐμπνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live,
 be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:
 —to blow into, swell the sail.
 ἐμπνοια, ῆ, in-breathing, inspiration. From
 ἐμ-πνοος, *ov*, contr. -πνους, *ov*, (ἐν, πνοή) having
 the breath in one, breathing, alive.
 ἐμ-ποδίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. ἰώ: (ἐν, ποῦς):—to entangle
 the feet, fetter; ἐμ. ἰσθάδας to tie together figs by
 their stalks. II. generally, to binder, stop, check.
 ἐμ-πόδιος, *ov*, (ἐν, ποῦς) in the way, obstructing.

ἐμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ὤν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἐμποδὼν εἶναι *to be in the way*:—with the Art., τὸ ἐμποδὼν *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκπῶδαν.

ἐμ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, *to make in, put in, insert*. 2. *to produce or create in, introduce, cause*.

ἐμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἐμπολή) *of or concerned in traffic*, epith. of Hermes.

ἐμπολάω: impf. ἡμύλοισιν: f. ἐμπολήσω: pf. ἡμύληκα: (ἐμπολή):—*to gain by traffic: to earn, gain*: Med., βιοτον πολλὸν ἐμπολούοντο (Ep. for ἡμυλούοντο) *they were getting much substance by traffic*. II. absol. *to be a merchant, traffic*. III. *to purchase, buy*.

ἐμ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, *to wage war in*.

ἐμ-πολέμιος, ον, *of belonging to war, hostile*.

ἐμπολεὺς, εὐς, ὁ, (ἐμπολάω) *a merchant, trafficker*.

ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) *merchandise: traffic*. II. *gain made by traffic, profit*.

ἐμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐμπολάω) *matter of traffic, a cargo*: in plur. *wares, merchandise*.

ἐμπολητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπολάω) *bought and sold*.

ἐμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) *in the city or state*: ὁ ἐμπολις *τινι* *one's fellow-citizen*.

ἐμ-πολιτεύω, f. σω, *to be a citizen in a state, bold civil rights in*.

ἐμπολούωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἐμπολάω.

ἐμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, *an article of commerce*. From ἐμπορεύομαι, f. —εἰσομαι: aor. ι ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἐμπωρος):—*to be on a journey*. II. *to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic*. 2. c. acc. *to trade or traffic in a verb*. Hence

ἐμπορευτέον or —εα, *verb. Adj. one must go*.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἐμπωρος) *traffic, trade, commerce: a trade*. II. *goods trafficked in, merchandise*.

ἐμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπωρος) *of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial*; χρήματα ἐμπορικὰ *imported goods*.

ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἐμπώρος) Lat. *emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart*. II. ἐμπόρια, τὰ, *merchandise*. From

ἐμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) *a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector*. II. *a traveller, wanderer*. III. *one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, institor*; metaph., ἐμπωρος βίου *a trader in life*.

ἐμ-πορπάω, f. ἦσω, *to fix on with a brooch or buckle*:—Pass., εἵματα ἐνπορπάτο (Ion. for —ητο), *they wore garments buckled on the shoulder*.

Ἐμπωσα, ἡ, *Empusa, a hobgoblin assuming various shapes*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπρακτος, ον, (ἐμπράσσω) *practicable*.

ἐμπρητής, ἐς, *conspicuous in or by a thing*. From ἐμ-πρέπω, *to be conspicuous in or among*. II. *to be conspicuous for*.

ἐμ-πρήθω, f. σω, *to blow up, inflate*. II. = ἐμ-πίρημι, *to burn to ashes*.

ἐμπρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμπίρημι) *a setting on fire*.

ἐμ-προθεν, Adv., *poët. for ἐμπροσθεν*.

ἐμ-προσθεν, *poët. before a conson. —θε, Adv. and*

Prep. I. of Place, *before, in front of*. II.

of Time, *before, earlier, of old*. Hence

ἐμ-πρόσθιος, ον, *front, fore*; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) *the fore-feet of a quadruped*, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἐμπτύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], *to spit upon*.

ἐμ-πύκάζω, f. ἄσω, *to wrap up closely*:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἐμπεπύκασται *his mind is veiled, wrapped in mystery*.

ἐμ-πῦος, ον, (ἐν, πῦον) *discharging matter*.

ἐμ-πύρεω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) *to set on fire*.

ἐμ-πύρι-βήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνο) *standing on or over the fire, of a tripod*, opp. to ἄπυρος.

ἐμ-πῦρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) *in or on the fire*. II.

scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ἐμπυρος τέχνη *the art of divination by fire*:—as Subst., τὰ ἔμπυρα [ἐρά] *burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices*.

ἐμῦκον, aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

ἐμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): —*to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon*.

ἐμ-φαίνω, f. —φάνω: aor. ι ἐνέφηναι:—*to shew, make appear*:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανόμην, *to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself*.

ἐμφανῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐμφαίνο.

ἐμφανής, ἐς, (ἐμφανῆναι) *appearing in, visible, plain, manifest*. 2. *open, in public*. 3. *palpable, real, actual*. Hence

ἐμφανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to shew forth: to make clear, explain*.

ἐμφάνως Ion. —εως, Adv. of ἐμφανής, *visibly, openly, Lat. palam*.

ἐμφάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμφαίνομαι) *an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance*.

ἐμφέρεια, ἡ, *resembling*. From

ἐμφερός, ἐς, *resembling, similar*. Adv. —ρως, *similarly, just as*. From

ἐμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οίω, *to bear or bring in*. II. *to object to one, cast in one's teeth*.

ἐμ-φλέγω, f. ἴω, *to light up in*.

ἐμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὁ, ἡ, *with fire in it*.

ἐμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) *fearful, terrible*. II. pass. *frightened, afraid*.

ἐμ-φορβίω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) *to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece*.

ἐμ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, *like ἐμφέρω, to bear or bring in*:—Pass. *to be borne about or on*. II. in Med. and Pass. *to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of*. III. *to inflict on*.

ἐμ-φράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ἴω, *to stop up, block up*.

ἐμφρουρέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep guard in*. From

ἐμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) *on guard in a place: liable to serve*. II. pass. *guarded, garrisoned*.

ἐμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) *in one's right mind: sensible, alive*. 2. *in one's senses, sensible, sbrewd, prudent*.

ἐμφύης, ἐς, (ἐμφύω) *implanted by nature, innate*.

ἐμ-φύλος, ον, and ἐμ-φύλιος, ιον, (ἐν, φύλον) *of the same tribe or race*; ἐμφύλιον αἷμα *kindred blood*;

τούμφυλον αἷμα *a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a*

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις ἐμφυλος intestine, civil discord.

ἐμός, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

ἐμ-φύσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.

ἐμφύτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

ἐμ-φύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses trans. to implant.

II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐμτέφωκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χειρὶ to cling fast to his hand.

ἐμ-φωνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ἐμ-ψοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.

ἐμ-ψυχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.

ἐμ-ψυχόω, f. ὥσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.

ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.

ἘΝ poet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, εἰνί, PREP. with DAT. IN:

I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc. 3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῇτι, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὄπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πῶτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's bands; νίκης πείρατ' ἔχοντα ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι are in their bands; ἐν ἐμοὶ ἐστὶ it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II.

OF THE INSTRUMENT OR MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πεμπάναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ἐν τούτῳ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) awhile, during the time that; ἐν βραχεὶ in short time.

IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκινόοιο, εἰν Αἰδαο Att. ἐν Αἰδου, etc., where οἶκον or δόμοις is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS ADVERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially.

VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐν.

VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρος, ἐν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it. 2. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ.

ἐν, neut. of εἰς; and ἐνα, acc. masc. ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.

ἐν-αγής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀγος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accursed. Hence ἐνδύζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence

ἐνάγισμα, atos, τό, an offering to the dead. ἐν-αγκάλισμαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit ibongs to javelins to throw them with.

ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγείρω.

ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἀγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ξω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ἐν-ἀγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενής ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in.

ἐν-ἀγωνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἦσω, = ἀθλέω ἐν, to contend in or among. ἐναμιθεῖς, εσσα, εν, = ἐναιμος.

ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.

ἐναίρεμεν, Ep. for ἐναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.

ἐναίρω Ep. ἐνναίρω: fut. ἐνάρῳ: aor. 2 ἠνάρων, poet. also ἐνάρων: aor. I med. ἐννάρμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνῆρατο: (ἐναρα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ἐν-αίστιος and ἐν-αίστος, ov, (ἐν, αἴσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable. II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. —μῶς, filly, becomingly.

ἐν-αυχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ἐν-αωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκις, Adv. = ἐννάκις.

ἐνάκροισι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.

ἐν-ἄκοῦς, f. —ούσμαι, to bear in a place.

ἐν-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναληψιμμαι:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ἐν-ἀλίγκιος, ov, like, resembling.

ἐν-άλιος, α, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also εἰν-άλιος: (ἐν, ἄλς)—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus. ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim. From

ἐν-ἀλλάσσω Att. —ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I —ήλλαφα: pf. —ήλλαχα, pass. —ήλλαγμα:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ἐν-έλλομαι, f. —ελοῦμαι: aor. I —ηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.

ἐν-ἄλλος, ov, changed, contrary.

ἐν-ἄλος, ov, (ἐν, ἄλς) = ἐνάλιος.

ἐν-ἀμέλγω, f. ξω, to milk into.

ἐν-ἀμιλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἀμίλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv., = ἐναντιον.

ἐν-αντίβιος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον, against, in opposition to.

ἐν-αντίος, α, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing. II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ ἐναντίου, over against, opposite. 3. the regul. Adv. ἐναντίας, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιώ, f. ὤσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόμαι, f. ὤσομαι: aor. I ἡναντιώθην: pf. ἡναντιώμαι poet. ἐν—:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντίωμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιώ) an obstacle.

ἐναντίωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιώ) opposition.

ἐναξα, aor. I of νάσω.

ἐναπεθάνων, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναπήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναπάπτω.

ἐναπήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐναφήμι. ἐν-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνουμι, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

ἐν-απόλλυμι and -ώω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόργνυμι, f. -απομόρφω:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίω, f. -απονίω, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίνω, f. -αποτίσω, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψύχω, f. ψω, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-άπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

*ΕΝΑΠΑ, ὦν, τό, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐν-απαρίσκω, aor. I ἐνήρσα, to fit or fasten in. II. intr. in pf. ἐν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρες or ἐνάριες, οί, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυννοι.

ἐνάρηρός, νῆα, ὅς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναπαρίσκω.

ἐνάρη-φόρος, ὦν, (ἐναρα, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνάρίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐνάριξα:—Pass., aor. I ἡνάρισθην: pf. ἡνάρισμαι: (ἐναρα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐναρίξεν τινα ἐντρα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νύξ ἐναρισμένη night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-αριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-αριθμός, ὦν, (ἐν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐνάρημι-βροτος, ὦν, (ἐναίρω, βρότος) slaying men.

ἐν-αριόω and -πτω: f. ὅσω Dor. ὅξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρων, τό, see ἐναρα.

ἐνάρων, poet. for ἡνάρων, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-άρχομαι, f. ξομαι Dep. to begin with.

2. in

sacrifices, ἐνάρχεσθαι τὰ κανῶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὔλοχῦται) from the baskets (κανῶ, pl. of κανών); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπίδομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐνασσα, Ep. aor. I of νάω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, η, ὦν, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνάτα (sub. ἱερά) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλάκτο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτᾶω) roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλλάω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, ὦν, to be dwell in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὅ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; haunt.

ἐν-αυλος, ὦν, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχένιος, ὦν, ὦν, (ἐν, αὐχὴν) in or on the neck.

ἐν-αῦω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αῦσαι, to kindle or light a fire:

—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-απ—: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαῖς, αἰδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαῖς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δαῖω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέδακον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, ὦν, (ἐνδον) native of the country.

ἐν-διδέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδεδμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεοστέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδεώς, in a less degree.

ἐνδεήσω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τὸ ἐνδέες lack, want, defect. Hence ἐνδεω, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδεικνυμι) a proof.

ἐν-δεικνύμι or -ώω: f. -δείξω: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνέδειχθην: pf. ἐνέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδείξις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἑν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἑν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., eleven. II. οἱ ἑνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἑνδεκά-πυγυς, υ, gen. εος, eleven cubits long.
ἑνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ἑνδεκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (ἑν-δεκα) the number eleven.
ἑνδεκάτος, η, ον, (ἑν-δεκα) the eleventh.
ἑνδεκ-ετής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. —ετής, ἰδος, eleven years old.
ἑν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.
ἐνδελεχής, ἐς, continual, constant. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, constantly.

ἑνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.
ἑν-δέμω, f. μῶ, τό, to wall up:—to build in a place.
ἑν-δεξιόδομαι, Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace.

ἑν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. 2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ἑνδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in.
ἑν-δέχομαι, Ion. —δέκομαι; f. —δέχομαι: Dep.:—to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

ἑν-δέω, f. —δήσω: aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up.

ἑν-δέω, f. —δεήσω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail. II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνδεῖ αὐτῷ he was in want of many things. III. Pass. to be in want or need of.

ἐνδεώς, Adv. of ἐνδεής, insufficiently.
ἑν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear:—Adv. ἐνδηλῶς, clearly, Sup. —ότατα.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἡσῶ, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place.
ἑν-δημος, ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home: native, opp. to ξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine. II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐνδιάω.
ἑν-διάγω, f. ἔω, τό, to pass one's time in.
ἑν-διαθρῦπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ἑν-διατρίβομαι, Ion. —έρομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place.

ἑν-διατάσσω Att. —ττω, fut. ἔω, τό, to arrange in order, to arrange.

ἑν-διατρίβω [τ], f. ψω, τό, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. χρόνον) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

ἑν-διάω, (ἐνδιος) to rest in the open air: to linger in a place. II. trans. to let go into the open air,

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιάσκειν (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

ἑν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.

ἑν-διδῶμι, f. —δώσω: aor. I ἐνέδοκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up.

II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to cause. III. to sew, exhibit, give proof of. IV. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

ἑν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδίσσαν, to chase, pursue.

ἑν-δικος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal. II. of persons, righteous, just, upright. 2, possessed of right. III. Adv.

ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα.

ἑν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ἐνδινεύντι, Dor. for ἐνδινούσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἑν-δινέω, f. ἡσῶ, τό, to revolve in.

ἐνδινον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From

ἑν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon. II. in the open air. (From ἐν, διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἑν-διόπριος, ον, (ἐν, δίπρος) sitting on the same seat.
ἑνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδον) from within: from one's heart, of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ἑνδοθι, (ἐνδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

ἑνδοι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιάζω, = ἐν δοιῇ εἶναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοιασθῆναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ἐνδοιαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful. Adv. —τῶς, doubtfully.

ἐνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —χας, (ἐνδον, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ἐν-δόμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐν, δόμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.

ἐνδó-μυχος, ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of a dwelling.

ἑνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own country; οἱ ἐνδον those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἐνδον household affairs.

ἑν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured. 2. of things, glorious. Adv. —ξως.

ἐνδόσιμος, ον, (ἐνδιδῶμι) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδόσιμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note.

ἐνδότερος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, inner: Sup. ἐνδότατος, η, ον, inmost.

ἐν-δουπέω, f. ἡσῶ, τό, to fall in with a heavy sound.

ἐν-δρομέω, f. ἡσῶ, (ἐν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into.

ἐν-δρομῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

ἑν-δροςος, ον, (ἐν, δρόσος) dewy, dank.

ἑν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ιστροβοεῖς).

ἐνδύκως, Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly. The Adj. ἐνδυκῆς is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἑν-δυνάμω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengthen:—Pass. to acquire strength.

ἐν-δύναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. II. to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ύς, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-δυστῆχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δύτηρ, ήρος, ό, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδύτηριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δύτός, όν, put on: as Subst., ἐνδύτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in. From

ἐν-δύω, f. ύσω [ύ]: aor. I ἐνέδυσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά τι to put on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter;

ἀκοντιστῶν ἐνδύσεαι ίθου wilt enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύθησα, ἐνεγύθηκα, ἐνεγύων, see ἐγγυάω.

ἐνέδειξα, ἐνεδείχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δείκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδένω, to bind in.

ἐνέδρα, ή, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνήδρευον, ἐνήδρευσα, ἐνηδρεύθην, ἐνήδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-εδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἐδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδυσσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-έξομαι, f. -εοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνέημι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήην, impf. of ἐνέημι.

ἐνεθύμηνθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐνεκα, Ep. for ήνεκα (Ion. for ήνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνεύκai.

ἐνεκέμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγκεμέν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεύκεον, impf. of νεύκω.

ἐν-εἰλλω and ἐν-εἰλέω, f. ήσω, to wrap up in.

ἐνευμα, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εμεν, Ep. for ἐνεσμεν, I pl. of ἐνεμι: but ἐνεμειν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω,

ἐν-εμi, f. ἐνεσομαι, (ἐν, εἰμί sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστί τινι it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐνόν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-ερω: pf. pass. ἐνερωμαι:—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνεῖς, ἐνεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνέημι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa. II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης εἵνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκέμην, impf. of ἐγκειμαι.

ἐνεκέρῃσα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνεκράγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνεκρυσα, aor. I of ἐγκρύπτω.

ἐνεκύρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνεκύψα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ:—to drive in or into.

ἐνέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαζάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμμάσσω.

ἐνεμεινα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, f. έσω, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμυθήην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμυνάω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐνενήκοντα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., (ἐννέα) ninety.

ἐνένιπτε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.

ἐνενοκάσσι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασσι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνεός or ἐνεβός, ά, όν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb.

ἐνεπάγην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγγνυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαφα, Dor. for ἐνέπηφα, aor. I of ἐμπήγγνυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπασα, aor. I of ἐμπάσσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνεπλάκην [ά], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνέπλησθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπορτέατο, Ion. for ἐνεπόρτηντο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπορτάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπήρημι.

ἐνέπτυσσα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐνένέπω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνι-σπεῖν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίψω:—to tell, tell of, de- scribe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I -εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθην: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεργάσθην is also used in pass. sense. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire.

ἐνέργεια, ή, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, f. ήσω, (ἐνεργός) to work, be active. Hence

ἐνέργημα, ατος, τό, an work, operation.

ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.
ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἔργον) *working, active, busy*: of soldiers, *on service, fit for service*: of land, *in tillage, productive*. Hence

ἐνεργῶς, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, *actively: productively*.

ἐν-ερεῖδω, f. σω, *to push in, to thrust in*.

ἐν-ερεύνω, aor. 2 ἐνήρῳγον, *to belch on one*.

ἐνέρεθ, before a vowel -θεν, *from beneath: beneath*. II. c. gen. *beneath*. 2. *below, in the power of*. From

ἐνεροι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἐν) Lat. *inferi*, *those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below*.

ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.

ἐνερράφην [ᾱ], ἐνερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνεροισι, εὐς, ἡ, (ἐνείρω) *a fitting or fastening in*.

ἐνέρτερος, α, ὦν, Comp. of ἐνείρω, *deeper, lower*.

ἐνεσαν, Ep. for ἐνήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνεστία, ἡ, (ἐνίημι) *a suggestion, counsel*.

ἐνέσκληκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω.

ἐνέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ἐνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνστέλλω.

ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεστῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστηκῶς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνεστηρικοτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.

ἐνέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνετάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐντείνω.

ἐνετεilaμην, aor. I med. of ἐντελλω.

ἐνέτη, ἡ, (ἐνίημι) *a pin, brooch*.

ἐνέτρᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐντρέγω.

ἐνέτραπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐνέτραφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνέτριβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρίβω.

ἐνέτυλιξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐνέτύχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be happy in*.

ἐν-εὐδω, fut. -εὐδήσω, *to sleep in or on*.

ἐν-εύναιος, ὦν, (ἐν, εὐνή) *in or on which one sleeps*; δέρμα ἐνεύναιον *a skin to sleep on*; χήτει ἐνευνάϊον *for want of bed-clothes*.

ἐνευσσα, aor. I both of νέω and of νέω (B) *to swim*.

ἐνέφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνέφύσα, ἐνέφυον, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.

ἐνέφυσσα, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.

ἐνέχεα, Ep. ἐνέχευα, aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.

ἐνεχέρησα, aor. I of ἐγγχερέω.

ἐνεχενάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.

ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνέχθητι, ἐνεχθείη, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχῦράξω, f. ἄσω, (ἐνέχῦρον) *to take a pledge from one*. 2. c. acc. rei, *to take in pledge*: Pass., ἐνεχυράξεται *τὰ χρήματα* *to have one's goods seized for debt*: Med. *to have surety given one*, τόκου *for interest*.

ἐν-ἐχῦρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχῦρός) *a pledge, surety*; ἐν-ἐχῦρον τιθέναι *τι* *to make a thing a pledge*.

ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέξω α. ἐνέσχῃω—*to keep fast within*:

entertain, cherish.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνεσχόμεν, *to be held, caught, entangled in*.

III. intr. *to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon*.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγχωρέω.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, *to bind fast in, to involve in*.

ἐνη, ης, η, see ἐνος, η, ὦν.

ἐν-ηβῶ, f. ἦσω, *to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in*. Hence

ἐνηβητήριον, τό, *a place of amusement*.

ἐν-ηβος, ὦν, (ἐν, ἡβη) *in the prime of youth*.

ἐνθήρευσσα, -εὐθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-εθρεύω.

ἐνηεΐη, ἡ, (ἐνηή) *kindness, goodness*.

ἐνήεν, Ep. for ἐνήην, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνηής, ἐς, gen. ἐνηέος, *kind, friendly, good-bearded*. (Connected with ἀπηνής and προσηνής.)

ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίημι.

ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαύνω) *anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides*; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα *the pins driven into the axle, lincb-pins*.

ἐνῆλλαγμα, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνῆλλαξα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνῆλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐν-ἦμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έζομαι), *to be seated in*.

ἐν-ἦμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐνήνεγμα, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of *being upon or close to*. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίημι.

ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, *there*, Lat. *ibi*: also as relat. to ὅθι, *where*, Lat. *ubi*. 2. *in this case or state*. 3. with a sense of Motion, *thither*, Lat. *illuc*.

II. of Time, *when*. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. *thither*, Lat. *illuc*: also, *there*: of Time, *here, now*.

ἐν-θακέω, f. ἦσω, *to sit in or on*. Hence

ἐνθάκησις, εὐς, ἡ, *a sitting in*; ἐνθάκησις ἡλίου *a seat in the sun*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to warm in*:—Pass., ἐνθάπασθαι ἐρῶτι *to glow with love*.

ἐνθαπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθησῶ.

ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. *there where, where*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to bury in a place*.

ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) *to be inspired*.

ἐνθέμεν, ἐνθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. *thence*, Lat. *illinc*; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν *on this side and on that*: also as relat. for ὅθεν, *whence, whereof*, Lat. *unde*. II. of Time, *thereupon, after that*.

ἐνθύνδε, (ἐνθεν) *hence*, Lat. *hinc*.

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
ἐν-θεος, ov, full of the god, inspired, possessed:
given by inspiration.

ἐν-θερμαίνω, f. ανώ, (ἐν, θερμός) to beat:—Pass., ἐν-
τεθερμάνηται πόθῳ has been heated by passion.

ἐνθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a
piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-
τίθημι.

ἐνθετος, ov, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθευτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντευθεν.

ἐνθη, ἐνθης, ἐνθοι, ἐνθω, ἐνθών, Dor. for ἔλθη, ἔλθης,
ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, ov, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II.
metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θνήσκω, f. -θνούμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or
torpid in.

ἐνθόρε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθρόσκω.
ἐνθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. άσαι, or ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. ἡσω, (ἐνθεος,
contr. ἐνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθρέψασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θριῶω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf,
enwrap.

ἐν-θρώσκω, f. -θροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἐνθο-
ρον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἐν-θυμέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐν-
τεθύμυμαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, con-
sider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned
at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device,
stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric an-
swering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, εως, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, ἡ, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θύμος, ov, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing
upon the mind; ἐνθύμῳ ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. religio est
mibi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμωστός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἐνθύμος.

ἐν-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω, to array in armour: pf. pass.
part. ἐνθεωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἰς.

ἐνί, for ἐνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαυσίος, ov, also α, ov, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one
year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a
year.

ἐνιαυτός, ὁ, (ένος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly,
every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος
ἤλθε περιπλομένον ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the
year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, f. -ιαύσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιαχῆ, Adv. (ἐνιοι) in some places.

ἐν-βάλλω, ἐν-βάλλω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνβλαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐμβλάπτω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνειδον.

ἐν-ιδρώω, f. ώσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρύω, ἐν-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to set, settle, or
found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐν-ἰεγγύμι or -ύω, poet. for ἐν-ἰ-
ἰεῖω, f. -ἰέσω, (ἐν, ἰέω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ἰημι, fut. -ἦσω: aor. 1 -ἦκα Ep. -ἔηκα: pf. -εἶκα,
pass. -εἶμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire:

generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch
into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a
thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr.

to enter.

ἐνιθρέφας, poet. aor. 1 part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικατθεο, Ep.
aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. άσω [ᾱ], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break
off, Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλείω.

ἐνι-ναετιάσκειν, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναετιάω.

ἐνι-οι, αι, α, (from ἐνι οἷ = εἰσιν οἷ, as ἐνίστε = ἔστιν
ὄτε) some, Lat. aliqui.

ἐνί-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι ὅτε = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, some-
times: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνιπή, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνι-πλεος, ov, Ep. for ἐμπλεος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθῆναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.

I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-,
aor. I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-ππεύω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐμπιπρήμι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνίππων,
or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-
jurgo. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκήπτω, Ep. for ἐνσ-
ἐνισπείν, ἐνισπήσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐν-ίστω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach:
also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα: also fut. and
aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -έστησάμην:—Causal in these
tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.

intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέ-
στηκα; plqpf. ἐνεστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in
or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon.

be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστώτος μηνός: the
present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur.

τά ἐνεστηκότα present circumstances. 4. to of-
fend, resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to strengthen. II. I.
to gain strength.

ἐν-ίσχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγγ-
ἐνιχυμφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-λαβέω, f. σω, to catch, take.

ἐνδαστήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐν-
ἐνναετήρ.

ἐννδ-έτηρος, α-

ἐννδ-ετής, α-

ἐννδ-ετες, α-

ἐννδ-ετες, α-

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ἐντεῦθεν Ion. ἐνθεύτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) hence or thence, Lat. hinc or illinc. II. of Time, henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

ἐντευθενί [Ὶ], Att. for ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐντευξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάνω) a lighting upon. 2. converse, intercourse. 3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving. 4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλάνω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τεύτλων) to stew in beet. ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντάκην [ᾱ], and pf. act. ἐντέτηκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one; μῖσος ἐντέτηκέ μοι; ἐντακτῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wbolly given up to love.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί sum.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω: aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐνθέμεν:—to put in, Lat. imponere: metaph. to inspire, instil:—Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ to hold in honour.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέβομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—to bear or produce in: to create or cause in. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώς, inborn.

ἐν-τίλω, f. ἡσω, to squirt upon.

ἐν-τιμάω, f. ἡσω, to value in or among.

ἐν-τίμος, ον, (ἐν, τιμή) in honour, honoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἐντίμα what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes:—Adv., ἐντίμως ἔχειν or ἀγειν τινά to hold him in honour.

ἐντμημα, ατος, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch. ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἡμι.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

ἐντομος, ον, (ἐντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; ἐντομα ποιεῖν to offer as victims.

ἐντονος, ον, (ἐντένω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -τως, violently.

ἐν-τόπος, ον, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τοπος, ον, (ἐν, τόπος) in or of a place.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. intus, intrinsecus, opp. to ἐκτός: I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντός ἑμαντοῦ in my senses. 2. on this side, Lat. citra, c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., ἐντός εἰκοσι ἡμερῶν within 20 days. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within, within.

ἐντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντράγω.

ἐντράπηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράπησμαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to reprove, make ashamed:—Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural to, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι or -δραμοῦμαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run in, to move freely in. II. to slip in, enter.

ἐντριβήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντρίβω. Hence

ἐντριβής, ἐς, rubbed in: metaph. skilled, versed in. ἐν-τρίβω [Ὶ], f. ψω, to rub in unguents:—Pass. to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. II. to rub away, wear by rubbing.

ἐν-τρίτωνίω, f. ἰσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογένεια.

ἐντριψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντρίβω) a rubbing in.

ἐν-τρομος, ον, (ἐν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

ἐν-τροπαλίζομαι, Frequent. of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices.

ἐντροφος, ον, (ἐντρέφω) brought up in, living in, among, or with; ἐντρ. τινος a nursing.

ἐν-τρυλλίζω, f. ἰσω, to whisper in one's ear.

ἐν-τρύφω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώβομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτρωγον:—to eat up greedily, to devour.

ἐν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύβομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτῃχον: pf. ἐν-τετύχηκα:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. 2. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. II. also = τυγχάνω ὦν ἐν, to happen to be in.

ἐν-τύλλισσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up.

ἐν-τύνον, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω; but also aor. I imperat.

ἐντύνω [ῡ]: f. ἐντύνω: Ep. aor. I ἐντύνα: (ἐντεα):—to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύνειν τινά to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπαι) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν χλαίνῃ κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as to shew the shape of his limbs.

ἐν-τύπω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύβω, to smoke. [ῡ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύνω, = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, δ, (ἐνύω) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from him. II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [ᾱ]

ἐν-υβρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to insult one in a thing.

ἐνυδρις, ιος, ἡ, an otter. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ον, living in the water.

ἐν-υδρος, ον, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, holding water. II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἐνύξα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ἄσω, to dream. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ον, (ἐν, ὕπνος) appearing in sleep.

ἐν-υπνος, ον, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξα, aor. I of νυστάζω.

ἐν-ὕφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to weave in as a pattern:—Pass. to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνὺφαντός, όν, inwoven.

'ΕΝΤΩ', όος, contr. όύς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, leader of an *enomotia*.
ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐν-ώματος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

ἐν-ώματος, ου, (ἐν, ὄνυμ) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. -ὄτως, on oath.

ἐνωπαδῖως, Adv. to one's face. From
ἐν-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐν-ωπῇ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. *palam*.

ἐνώπια, ου, τὰ, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.

ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. *coram*. From
ἐν-ώπιος, ου, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.

ἐνώρσα, aor. I of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.

ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόησα, aor. I of νοέω.

ἐνωτίζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὐς) to hearken to.

ἜΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.

ἜΞ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.

ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy. From

ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.

ἐξαγγέλτος, ου, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.

ἐξ-αίω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to drive out as a pollution.

ἐξ-αἰνέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.

ἐξάγιστος, ου, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II. of things, devoted, mystical.

ἐξ-αγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.

ἐξ-άγνυμι, f. -άξω, (ἐξ, ἀγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

ἐξ-αγοράζω, f. άσω, to buy from: to redeem.

ἐξ-αγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

ἐξ-αγρίω, f. ώσω, (ἐξ, ἀγrios) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

ἐξ-άγω, f. -άξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export; τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence

ἐξάγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

ἐξάγώνιμος, ου, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώνια exports.

ἐξ-αγωνίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.

ἐξάδ-αρχος, ου, (ἐξάς, ἀρχω) leader of a body of six.

ἐξ-αῶ, fut. -άσομαι, to sing away; ἐξάειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.

ἐξ-αείρω Ion. for ἐξάιρω.

ἐξά-ετής, ἐς, gen. έτος, (ἐξ, έτος) six years old: fem.

ἐξαέτης, ἰδος.—Adv. ἐξάετες, for six years.

ἐξ-απολλύομαι, Med. to catch out from.

ἐξ-αιάω, strengthd. for αιάω.

ἐξ-αιμάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to make quite bloody.

ἐξ-αἰνῦμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

ἐξ-αίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαίρω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.

ἐξ-αιρετέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξαίρω, one must select.

ἐξ-αίρετος, ου, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2. reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From

ἐξ-αίρω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 ἐξείλων Ep. ξελεον (supplied from obsol. ξλω):—Med., fut. ξελεούμαι: aor. 2 ξειλόμεν:—Pass., pf. ξεήρημαι Ion. ξεραῖρημαι:—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V.

to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αίρω: fut. ἐξ-αῖρω: aor. I ξεήρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—

ἐξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be excited, agitated.

ἐξ-αίστος, ου, (ἐξ, αἴσα) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous: violent.

ἐξ-αἰσσω Att. -άσσω, -ήττω: fut. -αἰξω, -ήξω: aor. I -ήξα:—to rush forth, start out.

ἐξ-αἰστώω, f. ώσω, (ἐξ, αἰστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.

ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ήσω: aor. I ξεήτησα:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

ἐξ-αἰτήσις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a begging off, intercession.

ἐξ-αυτος, ου, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choise, precious.

ἐξ-αἰφνης, Adv. on a sudden.

ἐξ-ακέομαι, fut. έσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely, apply a cure; χόλον ξεάκεσθαι, to appease it; ἐν-δεῖας ξεάκεσθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

ἐξάκεσις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.

ἐξάκις, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. *sexies*. Hence

ἐξακιο-χίλιοι, six thousand; and

ἐξακιο-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

ἐξ-ακολουθῶ, f. ήσω, to follow up, imitate.

ἐξ-ακοντίω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.

ἐξάκιστοι, αι, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. *sexcenti*. Hence

ή, *όν*, six-hundredth.

κούσομαι: aor. I -ήκουσα:—to hear
om a distance: to listen for.

ώσω, to make accurately, finish care-
to inquire accurately. III. ἐξα-

o speak distinctly.

τω Att. ἰω, to reach the top of; ἐξα-
skim the upper air.

. Adj. of ἐξάγω, one must march out,
ω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαλα-
his eye.

ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: gene-
stroy: to exhaust.

for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλ-

p. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.

ό, a box for ointment. From

ψω: aor. I -ήλειψα:—Pass., pf, ἐξ-
αλήλιμμαι:—to anoint thoroughly,

II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to
blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινὰ ἐκ τοῦ κα-
his name off the list:—Med., ἐξ-
os φρενός to blot out the suffering

p. to br re of, sbun, escape.

σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.

ly found in aor. I part. ἐξαλίσας [ῖ],
roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἱππὸν
take him home when you have given
(see ἀνυδῆθρα); ἐξήλικας με ἐκ τῶν
olled, tumbled me out of my all.

i changing: difference. From

itt. -τρω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ήλλαφα:

-Pass., aor. I and 2 -ηλλάχθην,

-ήλλαγμαi:—to change utterly or
withdraw or remove from. III.

way: ποίαν [ὁδὸν] ἐξαλλάξω which
e; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the
o.

it. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Ep.
μενος: Dep.:—to spring out of or

ἰλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τείχους to leap

II. to leap up: of horses, to rear.

ύξω: aor. I -ήλυξα: = ἐξαλέομαι.

f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ήμαρτον:—

i, err greatly, commit a fault against:
managed, wrongly treated. Hence
an utter mistake, error.

σω or ήσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμμαι:—
sb reaping: metaph. to cut off, de-

ένους ἀπαντος βίξαν ἐξημμένους bav-
all the race cut off.

αμβλώσω: pf. -ήμβλωκα:—to make
ph., φροντίδ' ἐξήμβλωκας you have

scarry.

ψω: aor. I -ήμειψα:—to exchange,
put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the

close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another,
withdraw from:—Med. to pass out. III. in Med.

also, to requite, repay.

ἐξ-ἄμειλω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out.

II. to

press, as cheese.

ἐξ-ἄμελέω, f. ήσω, to be utterly careless of.

ἐξά-μετρος, ον, (ἐξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἐξαμέ-
τρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.

ἐξά-μηνος, ον, (ἐξ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. se-
mestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ή, a half-year.

ἐξ-αμηχάνέω, f. ήσω, to get out of a difficulty, ex-
tricate oneself from it.

ἐξ-ἄμλλάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I med. -ημλλησά-
μην, pass. -ημλληθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehe-
mently; ἀμύλλας ἐξαμύλληθεις having gone through
desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive
out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out,

of the Cyclops' eye.

ἐξ-ἄμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive
away. [ῥ]

ἐξ-ἀναγκάζω, f. άσω, to force or compel utterly. II.
to force out, drive away.

ἐξ-ανάγω, f. άξω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out
of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.

ἐξ-αναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to
rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally,
to escape from.

ἐξ-αναξέω, fut. έσω, to make to boil up or over: me-
taph., ἐξαναξείν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.

ἐξ-αναίρῶ, f. ήσω, to take up out of.

ἐξ-ανακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships,
to retreat by backing water.

ἐξ-ανάλισκω, fut. -ανάλωσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf.
pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—
Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exauriri.

ἐξ-αναλύω, f. ύσω, to set quite free.

ἐξανάλωσις, εως, ή, (ἐξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.

ἐξ-αναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive.

ἐξ-ἀνάπτω, f. ψω, to bang up a thing from or by:

—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.

ἐξ-αναρπάξω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.

ἐξ-ανασπάω, f. άσω [ά], to tear away from.

ἐξανόστῃσις, εως, ή, (ἐξάνιστημι) a removal. 2.

intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.

ἐξ-αναστέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.

ἐξαναστήσω, ἐξαναστήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of

ἐξάνιστημι.

ἐξ-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl

headlong from.

ἐξ-ανατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr.

to spring from.

ἐξ-αναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.

ἐξ-αναφέρω, f. -ανοίσω, to bring up from the

water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover

from an illness.

ἐξ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go out of the way, withdraw,

retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.

ἐξ-ανδραποδίζω, and Med. ἐξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

ἐξ-εἶπον, inf. ἐξεῖπειν, to speak out, to utter, αὐοῦν: also, to betray: cf. εἶπον.

ἐξείροτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξείρομαι.

ἐξέρυσσα Ep. -εἰρυσσα, aor. I of ἐξέρω.

ἐξ-έρω, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

ἐξεῖσθε, for ἐξεῖ, 2 sing. pres. of ἐξεῖμι ἐκίβο.

ἐξεκάθηρα, aor. I of ἐκκαθαίρω.

ἐξέκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκκάμνω.

ἐξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκεῖνω.

ἐξεκένυτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐξέκλειψα, aor. I of ἐκκλέπτω.

ἐξεκλησίαζον, ἐξεκλησίασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἐξέκλινα, aor. I of ἐκκλίνω.

ἐξέκομισα, aor. I of ἐκκομίζω.

ἐξέκοψα, ἐξέκοπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐξεκράματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκπεκράννυμι.

ἐξεκρούσσα, ἐξεκρούσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ἐξεκύνισα, -ίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκυλίνδω.

ἐξέλαβον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω.

ἐξέλθῃς, ῥ. 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξέλθεις, εὐς, ἦ, a driving out, expulsion. II. intr. a marching out, expedition. From

ἐξ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω Att. -ελάω: pf. -ελέλθα: also poet. pres. ἐξέλαω, inf. ἐξελάαν:—to drive out, chase out.

II. ἐξελαίνειν στρατὸν to lead out an army: hence (sub. στρατὸν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

ἐξέλαχον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαγχάνω.

ἐξέλε, poet. for ἐξελε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ἐξαίρω: also 2 sing. imperat.

ἐξ-ελέγχω, f. ζω, to search out, bring to the test: to convict, expose, confute: of things, to be proved against one.

2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this.

ἐξελείν, ἐξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἐξαίρω.

ἐξέλειπον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ἐξ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech.

ἐξελύσσομαι, ἐξελθεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξέλεγον, pf. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξέλεγμα, pf. pass. of ἐξελέγχω.

ἐξ-ελίσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to unfold, unfold: metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men.

ἐξελκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From

ἐξ-ελέω, f. -ελέω [ῥ], as if from -ελέω:—to draw or drag out.

2. to draw out from, rescue from. II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ἐξέλεσσα, aor. I of ἐκλείω.

ἐξέλεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείω.

ἐξέλεσθην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκλείω.

ἐξέλεξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξεμαρτύηθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμαρτύρην.

ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάγην [ῥ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξίμην.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξείναι, fut. inf. of ἐξίμην.

ἐξ-εμέω, f. -εμέσω: aor. I ἐξέμεσα:—to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

ἐξέμηννα, aor. I of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμύρομαι.

ἐξ-εμπέδω, f. ὦσαι, to keep fast or strictly, observe.

ἐξ-εμπολάω Ion. -έω, f. ἦσαι, to traffic; κέρδος ἐξεμπολᾶν to drive a gainful trade; pf. pass. ἐξημπολήμαι, I am bought and sold, betrayed. II. to sell off.

ἐξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ἐξεναιρεῖν, = ἐξεναιρίζω.

ἐξ-εναρίζω, f. ῖω, to strip or spoil a foe: to slay in fight.

ἐξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐξ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim.

ἐξένευσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ἐξένθους, ἐξενθών, Dor. for ἐξέλθους, ἐξελθών, aor. 2 opt. and part. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξένικησα, aor. I of ἐκνικάω.

ἐξένιψα, aor. I of ἐκνίζω.

ἐξ-επείδω, f. -επείσω, to charm away:—Pass, ἐξ-επείσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

ἐξ-επύρρω, f. -επύρρω, to stir up, elate.

ἐξέπεισα, aor. I of ἐκπεῖω.

ἐξέπειταξα, aor. I of ἐκπεπτάσσω.

ἐξέπεισσα, aor. I of ἐκπεῖω.

ἐξέπεισσα, aor. I of ἐκπεῖω.

ἐξεπερίβην [ῥ], aor. I of ἐκπεριβάω.

ἐξέπειψα, aor. I of ἐκπέμνω.

ἐξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. I of ἐκπεράω.

ἐξεπέτασσα, Ep. for ἐξεπέτασα, aor. I of ἐκπεπτάσσω.

ἐξ-επύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

ἐξ-επι-και-δέκαστος, ἦ, σ, = ἐκκαιδέκαστος.

ἐξ-επιστάμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ἐξ-επίτηδες, Adv., = ἐπίτηδες, on purpose, carefully.

ἐξεπλήγην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλησα, ἐξεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήττω.

ἐξέπεισον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέτω.

ἐξέπειον, aor. 2 of ἐκπέω.

ἐξέπλεσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω.

ἐξέπληξα, ἐξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέννευσα, aor. I of ἐκνέω.

ἐξέποιησα, aor. I of ἐκποιέω.

ἐξενόησα, Dor. aor. I of ἐκνοέω.

ἐξεπόρευσα, -εῖσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω.

ἐξέπορμα, aor. I of ἐκπορίζω.

ἐξ-επύρρην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέμνω.

ἐπύρρην or -ήμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέμνω or -ομαι.

ἐξ-επύρρην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέμνω.

ἐξ-επύρρην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέμνω.

ἐξ-επύρρην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέμνω.

ἐξέπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκπταμαι.
 ἐξέπτυσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπύω.
 ἐξεπυθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπυνθάνομαι.
 ἐξέρᾱμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From
 ἐξ-εράω, f. ἄω[α]: aor. 1 ἐξέρᾱσα:—to vomit forth,
 Lat. *evomere*. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of:
 ἐξερᾶν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.
 ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάζομαι: pf. -εργάσμαι used
 both in med. and pass. sense: aor. 1 -εργάσθην al-
 ways in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make com-
 plete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3. to
 work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat.
conficere: to overubelm, ruin:—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα
we are undone; τὰ ξεργασμένα desperate affairs;
 ἐπ' ἐξεργασμένους when all is over. Hence
 ἐξεργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.
 ἐξ-έργω Att. -εἶργω, to shut out, exclude from:
 to binder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκάει
 ἐξεργεσθαι to be forced to a thing.
 ἐξ-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after: search or try.
 ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερέθω, strengthd. for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρέθω.
 ἐξ-ερείπω, to strike or bew off. II. intr. in
 aor. 2 ἐξήριπον, inf. ἐξεριπεῖν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to
 fall to earth; χαιτή ζεύγλης ξεριποῦσα the mane
 streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.
 ἐξ-ερευγόμεαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.
 ἐξ-ερευνᾶω, f. ἦσω, to search out, examine.
 ἐξ-ερώ Att. contr. -εῶ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without
 any pres. in use, *I will speak out, proclaim*: hence pf.
 act. ἐξέρηκα; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξέρητο; and fut. ἐξε-
 ρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω,
 the aor. ἐξείπον.
 ἐξ-ερέω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ερημόω, f. ὦσω, to make utterly desolate, desert
 utterly.
 ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἐρις) to be contumacious, resist.
 ἐξεριπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερείπω.
 ἐξεριστής, οὐ, ὅ, (ἐξεριζώ) a stubborn disputant.
 ἐξ-έρομαι, fut. -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἐρομαι):—to
 inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω.
 ἐξ-έρπω, f. -έρω: aor. 1 -εἶρῃσα (as if from -ερ-
 πῖω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.
 ἐξερράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.
 ἐξερράνα, aor. 1 of ἐκραινώ.
 ἐξέρρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγνυμι.
 ἐξέρριψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρίπτω.
 ἐξερρύηκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξερρύην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.
 ἐξ-έρρω, (ἐξ, ἐρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἐξέρρε
 γαίης away out of the land.
 ἐξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [ῶ]
 ἐξ-ερύω, f. ὑσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἐξείρῃσα Ep. ἐξείρῃσα
 and ἐξείρυσσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest
 from: to tear out.
 ἐξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυ-
 θον contr. -ἤλθον: pf. -εἰλήνυθα:—to go out, come
 out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II.
 of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of pro-

phacies, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally,
 to reach its end.
 ἐξ-ερωῶ, f. ἦσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.
 ἐξ-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to search out: to question.
 ἐξεσῶσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξέσεισα, aor. 1 of ἐκσειώ.
 ἐξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:—to eat away.
 ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.
 ἐξ-εσία, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission.
 ἐξ-εσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal: divorce.
 ἐξεσκεδάσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσκεδάννυμι.
 ἐξέσμων, impf. of ἐκσμάω.
 ἐξ-εσόβησα, aor. 1 of ἐκσβέω.
 ἐξ-εστόντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσειώ.
 ἐξεστᾶκιναι, for ἐξεστήκεναι, pf. inf. or ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξεστάναι, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεστήκεναι.
 ἐξέστελα, aor. 1 of ἐκστέλλω.
 ἐξεστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.
 ἐξίστηκα, ἐξέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.
 ἐξ-εστι, impers., subj. ξῆρ, optat. ξείη: inf. ἐξείναι:
 fut. ἐξεσται: impf. ξῆν: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):—it is al-
 lowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ξείον Ion.
 ἐξεόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.
 ἐξεστράτευσσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρατεύω.
 ἐξεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.
 ἐξίστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.
 ἐξ-εσύρην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [ῶ].
 ἐξεσωρευόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσωρεύω.
 ἐξίσωσα, ἐξεσώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσῶω.
 ἐξ-ετάζω: f. ἐξετάσω Att. ἐξετῶ: aor. 1 ἐξήτασα
 Dor. ἐξήταξα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην:
 pf. ἐξήτασμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scruti-
 nise: hence to question, esp. of the torture: of things,
 to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of
 troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly,
 to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved,
 to stand the trial: to be examined.
 ἐξετάθην [ᾱ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.
 ἐξετάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτέκω.
 ἐξέταμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.
 ἐξετάνυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.
 ἐξετανύσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανίω.
 ἐξετάραξα, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.
 ἐξέτασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξετάω) a searching out: a
 military inspection or review.
 ἐξεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάω) skilful at examining:
 absol. inquiring.
 ἐξέτεινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.
 ἐξέτεκεν, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκω.
 ἐξετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξετελεύοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.
 ἐξετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.
 ἐξετεχνήσασθην, aor. 1 of ἐκτεχνάομαι.
 ἐξετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτέκω.
 ἐξ-έτης, ες, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.
 ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, ἔτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.
 ἐξέτισα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίνω.
 ἐξετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—*to slip off, to glance off.* II. c. acc. *to slip off of, elude.*

ἐξ-όλλωμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ aor. I ἐξώλεσα:—*to destroy utterly.* II. Med. with

perf. 2 ἐξόλωλα, *to perish utterly.*

ἐξ-όλοθρεύω, f. σω, *to destroy utterly.*

ἐξ-ολολύζω, f. ξω, *to bawl aloud.*

ἐξομαι, fut. med. of ἐχω.

ἐξομῆρευσις, εως, ἡ, *a demand of hostages.* From ἐξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, *to bind by taking hostages:* Med. *to take as hostages.*

ἐξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, *to have intercourse, associate, live with.* II. Med. *to be away from one's friends, to be solitary.*

ἐξ-ομίλος, ov, *away from intercourse with others: foreign, strange.*

ἐξ-ομμάτω, f. ὥσω, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) *to give sight to:—Pass. to be restored to sight.* 2. metaph. *to make clear or plain.* II. also *to bereave of sight.*

ἐξ-ομνύμαι, f. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ωμοσάμην:—*to deny upon oath.* II. *to decline an office by an oath that one has not means or health to discharge it.*

ἐξ-ομοῦω, f. ὥσω, *to make quite like:—Pass. to become or be like.*

ἐξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἐξομολογέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, *to confess in full, admit.* 2. *to agree, promise.* II. *to make full acknowledgment for: praise, celebrate.*

ἐξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, *to wipe off from.* II. Med. *to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to another: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.*

ἐξόν, part. from the impers. ἐξεστί.

ἐξ-ονειδίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to cast in one's teeth, object to one: also to reproach bitterly.*

ἐξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, *to utter aloud, announce.*

ἐξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμην, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) *to name, speak of by name.*

ἐξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἐξ-όπιθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἐξ-όπιν, Adv. behind.

ἐξ-όπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. backwards, behind. II. Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἐξ-όπισω, (ἐξ, ὀπίω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv. of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [Ὶ]

ἐξ-οπλίζω, f. σω, *to arm completely, accoutre:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed.* 2. generally, *to prepare;* pf. part. pass. ἐξοπλισμένος, *all ready.* Hence

ἐξοπλισία, ἡ, *a being under arms:* and

ἐξοπλισις, εως, ἡ, *a getting under arms.*

ἐξ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, *to bate bard: to beat violently:—metaph. to scorb, consume.*

ἐξ-οράω, *to see from afar:* cf. ἐξείδον.

ἐξ-οργίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to enrage:—Pass. to be furious.*

ἐξ-ορνήζω, f. σω, *to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.*

ἐξ-ορθόω, f. ὥσω, *to set upright:—Pass. to stand upright.* 2. metaph. *to amend, restore.*

ἐξ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξώρῃσα:—*to send beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child.* II.

ἄλλην ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐξορίζειν πῶλιν *to wander from one city to another.* III. Pass. *to be an exile:* also *to pass the bounds, come forth.* Hence

ἐξ-ορίνω [Ὶ], *to exasperate.*

ἐξ-όριστος, ov, *expelled, banished.*

ἐξ-ορκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to swear a person, administer an oath to him.* II. *to exorcise, i. e. banish an evil spirit.* Hence

ἐξορκιστής, οὔ, δ, *one who administers an oath.* II. *an exorcist.*

ἐξ-ορκος, ov, *bound by oath.*

ἐξ-ορκώ, f. ὥσω, *to make one swear, bind by oath,* c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, *to make one swear by, exorcise* τινα τὸ Στυγὸς ὕδαρ. Hence

ἐξ-όρκωσις, εως, ἡ, *a binding by oath.*

ἐξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, *to set out or start from: of pain, to break out.* II. trans. *to send forth; ἐξορμᾶν τὴν ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—Pass. to set out, start.*

ἐξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to bring out of harbour; ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.*

ἐξ-ορμος, ov, *sailing from a harbour.*

ἐξ-οροῦω, f. σω, *to spring, leap forth.*

ἐξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξάρυξα:—*to dig out; ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to put out the eyes.* II. *to dig out of the ground, dig up.*

ἐξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι, Dep. *to dance out, dance away: also to go through with a dance.* II. *to betray by indiscreet gestures.*

ἐξ-όσδω, Dor. for ἐξόζω.

ἐξ-οσιύω, f. ὥσω, *to dedicate, devote.*

ἐξ-οστρακίζω, f. ἴσω, *to banish by ostracism.* Hence

ἐξοστρακισμός, οὔ, δ, *banishment by ostracism.*

ἐξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) *from the time when.*

ἐξ-οτρίνω, f. ὠνῶ, *to excite, arouse.*

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ὥσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείς) *to set at naught;* pf. part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα *things of no account.*

ἐξούλης δικῆ, ἡ, *an action against one who neglected an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.* The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξεστί) *power or authority to do a thing:—absol. authority.* 2. *a magistracy: the body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers.* II. *means, resources.* Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, *to have authority over:—Pass. to have authority exercised over one.*

ἐξ-οφίλλω, *to increase exceedingly.*

ἐξ-όφθαλμος, ov, *with prominent eyes.*

ἐξ-οχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) *a standing out, prominence: metaph. eminence: οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.*

ἐξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) *standing out, prominent: metaph. eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργεῖων eminent*

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχον and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.

ἐξ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to break out into insolence, run riot, wax wanton: ἐξυβρίζειν εἰς τούδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξ-υνηκα ἐσυνήκα, for ξυνήκα συνήκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνίημι.

ἐξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδιξ μεταφρένον ἐξυπανε-στη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξ-υπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξ-υπηρετώ, f. ἴσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξ-υπνος, ov, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξ-υππιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἐξυρόμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω.

ἐξύρημαι, pf. pass. of ξύρεω.

ἐξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

ἐξ-υφάνω, f. ανώ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξ-ύφασμα, atos, τῷ, a finished web.

ἐξ-υφηγέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, to lead the way.

ἐξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἴσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras. III. like ἐκτός,

with gen., outside of, out of reach of: ἐξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἐξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πύδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV. of Time, beyond, over.

ἔξω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξώδηκα, pf. of ἐξοιδέω.

ἐξωθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ἐξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἐξω, without.

ἐξ-ωθέω, f. -ώθησω and -ώσω: aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξοκίσα, aor. I of ἐξοικίζω.

ἐξώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξώλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξωμίδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμῖς.

ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἐξ-ωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ὤμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξ-ώπιος, ov, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξ-ωριάζω, (ἐξ, ὥρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξώρισσα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορμίζω.

ἐξ-ωρος, ov, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξορνυμι.

ἐξῶσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξωθέω.

ἐξώστης, ov, δ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξω-σται άνεμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξώτατος, η, ov, Sup. of ἔξω: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost.

ἐξώτερος, α, ov, Comp. of ἔξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξώφελλον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἐο, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of bim;

ἀπὸ ἐο away from bim.

ἐοί, Ep. for οἷ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὔ, to bim.

ἐοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοιγμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, 1 pl. of ἐοῖκα.

ἐοῖκα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἶκα, to be like (see εἶκα), Att. I pl. ἐοιγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), εἶρασι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual εἶκτον (for ἐοίκα-τον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part. ἐοικώς, νῖα, ὅς,

lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοκύναι; Att. εἰκώς, εἰκνῖα, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἰκα, as, ε, part. οἰκώς: plqpf. ἐώκειν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἤκτο, and without augm. εἶκτο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. ἐοῖκε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. ἐοικώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἀκοκῶτι κείραι δαλέθραι he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκνῖα δοκίς a suitable wife, 'a help meet for bim.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem; ἐοῖκε it seems; ὡς ἐοῖκε, as it seems, as is fitting.

ἐοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. ἐοικώς, εἰκώς, οἰκός, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

ἐοιμι, εἰς, εἰ, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

ἐοίτο, Ep. for εἶτο, gen. of εἶς.

ἐοῖς, dat. pl. of εἶς.

ἐοῖς, Ep. for εἶη, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοῖσα, Dor. for εἶουσα, οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοῖπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλω: plqpf. ἐώλπειν.

ἐόν, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum; but ἐόν Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

ἐόν, nom. or acc. neut. of εἶς.

ἐόντι, Dor. for εἶσι, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐοργα, poet. pf. of ἐρδω; 3 pl. ἐοργαν for ἐόργασιν;

part. ἐοργώς: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

ἐορτάζω Ion. δρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταζον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (ἐορτή)—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

ἘΟΡΤΗ, in Ion. Prose ὁρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὁρτὴν ἄγειν to keep a feast.

ἐός, ἐή, ἐόν, Ion. and Ep. for ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐο for οὔ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or ber own. II. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

ἐοῦς, Boeot. for ἐο, οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἀγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγέλλω, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. act. ἐπήγγελεκα, pass. ἐπήγγελμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατὴν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

demand, solicit, make application for a thing. II.

Med. to *promise, offer*: rarely so in Act.

make a show of, profess. Hence

ἐπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, an *announcement, promise.*

ἐπ-αγείρω, f. -αγεῖω, to *gather together, collect*:—

Pass., of men, to *assemble.* Hence

ἐπάγερσις, εως, ἡ, a *gathering, assemblage.*

ἐπάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of πῆννυμι.

ἐπ-αγίνεω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to *bring to.*

ἐπ-αγλᾶζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to *honour still more*:—

Pass. to *pride oneself on, exult in a thing.*

ἐπ-αγρυννέω, f. ἡσω, to *watch or brood over.*

ἐπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to *bring or lead to, bring upon.* 2. to *lead on, to set on, let loose*: hence to *instigate, impel*: metaph. to *bring one to a thing, lead one on.* 3. to *lay on*: ἐπάγειν κέντρον to *lay on, apply the goad*; ἐπαγε γνάθον *lay your teeth to it.* 4. to *bring in, supply, call in aid.* 5. to *bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose.* 6. to *bring in over and above*: to *add or intercalate days in the year.*

II. Med. to *bring to oneself, procure for oneself*: metaph. to *devise, contrive.* 2. to *bring on oneself.* 3. to *bring in as allies*: in writing, to *adduce, quote, cite.* Hence

ἐπάγων ἡ, a *bringing on, to or in*: an *invasion, attack.* II. in Logic, the *bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.*

ἐπαγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) *bringing on, productive of.* II. *tempting, seductive.*

ἐπ-αγωνίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰῶμαι, Dep. to *contend against others.*

ἐπ-αγώνιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἄγων) *presiding over the games.*

ἐπ-αῖω Ion. and poet. ἐπαῖδω: f. -ᾶσομαι:—to *sing to or over.* 2. to *lead the song.* II. to *sing to, so as to charm*: hence to *use charms or incantations*; part. ἐπαῖδον, by *incantations.*

ἐπ-αῖρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-αἰέω, to *make to grow, enlarge.*

ἐπαῖδον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.

ἐπ-αθροίζω, f. σω, to *assemble besides.*

ἐπ-αἰάω, f. ξω, to *mourn over*: to *join in wailing.*

ἐπ-αγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, αἷγλις 2) to *rush upon or over.*

ἐπ-αυδέομαι: fut. -αυδεσθήσομαι: aor. I -ῆδεσθην: to *be asbamed*: c. acc. to *reverence.*

ἐπαίνεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαίνω) *praise*: and

ἐπ-ανέτης, ου, ὁ, a *praiser, eulogist.*

ἐπ-ανειτός, ἡ, ὄν, to *be praised, praiseworthy*: τὸ ἐπ-ανειτόν the *object of praise.* Adv. -τάς. From

ἐπ-ανέω: fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἡσω: aor. I ἐπήνεσα Ep. -ῆσα: pf. ἐπήνεκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπηνέθην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω)—to *approve, sanction*: c. dat. pers. to *agree with, assent to*: to *praise, commend, eulogize.* 2. = παρανέω, to *advise, recommend, bid.*

II. in declining an offer, *I thank you*, Lat. *benigne*; κάλλιστ' ἐπαίνω *I thank you very kindly.*

ἐπαίνημι, Aeol. for ἐπαίνω.

ἐπ-αινος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) *approval, commendation.*

ἐπ-αἰνός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαινῆ, strengthd. for αἰνή, *exceeding awful, dread.*

ἐπ-αίρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαῖρω: fut. ἐπαῶ: aor. I ἐπήρα poet. ἐπάερα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπήρθην: pf. ἐπήρμαι:—to *lift up, raise*: to *exalt, magnify.* 2. to *stir up, rouse, excite*: to *induce or persuade to do.*

II. intr. (sub. ταυρόν), to *rise up.* 2. (sub. στρατόν), to *set out*:—Pass. to *be roused, excited*: to *be elated at a thing.*

ἐπαισδον, Dor. for ἐπαίζον, impf. of παίζω.

ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -ῆσθην: Dep.:—to *have a perception or feeling of a thing*, c. gen.: c. acc. to *perceive, learn*: c. part. to *perceive* *ibat.*

ἐπ-αῖσσω Att. -ᾶσσω or -ᾶττω: fut. -αἰξω Att. -ᾶξω:—to *rush at or upon*:—to *assail, assault, attack*:—Med., ἐπαῖσθαι ἀέθλον to *rush upon, seize the prize.* II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to *move the foot hastily*: Pass., χεῖρες ἐπάσσονται the *hands move violently.*

ἐπ-αῖστος, ὄν, (ἐπαῖω) *heard of, discovered.* [ᾱ]

ἐπ-αἰσχύνομαι, fut. -αἰσχυνθήσομαι, Dep. to *be asbamed of or at.*

ἐπ-αῖτω, f. ἡσω, to *ask in addition*: to *solicit.*

ἐπ-αντιόομαι, f. ᾶσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to *bring a charge against one, accuse*: to *lay to one's charge.*

ἐπ-αῖτιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, αἷτια) *blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.*

ἐπ-αῖω contr. ἐπ-ᾶω: f. ἰσω: to *bear, perceive, feel.* 2. to *understand.* 3. to *profess, be a professor.*

ἐπ-αωρέω, f. ἡσω, to *keep in suspense*:—Pass. to *be buoyed up or float upon*: also to *overhang, threaten.*

ἐπ-ἀκολουθῶ, f. ἡσω, to *follow close upon, follow after*: to *pursue as an enemy.* 2. to *follow in one's mind, understand.* 3. to *follow, obey.* Hence

ἐπακολουθήμα, ματος, τό, a *consequence*: and

ἐπακολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, a *following.*

ἐπακούος, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) *listening to, attentive.*

ἐπ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I ἐπήκουσα:—to *listen or attend to.* II. to *listen to, obey.*

ἐπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to *reach the top of a thing*; αἰμάτων ἐπήκρισε he *reached the highest point in deeds of blood.*

ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ᾶσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to *hearken to.*

ἐπακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) a *bunter, a buntsman.*

ἐπ-ἀκτιος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀκτῆ) *on the strand or coast.*

ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) *brought on or in from abroad, imported.* 2. *foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.*

ἐπακτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a *small row-boat, skiff.*

ἐπ-ἀλάλζω, f. ξω, to *raise the war-cry.*

ἐπαλαλκόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέγω.

ἐπ-ἀλάομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to *wander about, through, over.*

ἐπ-ἀλαστῶ, f. ἡσω, to *be troubled at a thing.*

ἐπ-αλέω, f. ἡσω, to *grieve over.*

ἐπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to *smear over*: to *stop up by anointing.*

ἐπ-ἀλέξω, f. ξήσω, to defend, aid, help. II. to ward, keep off: aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλαλέειν, Ep. —έμεν.
ἐπαληθεύς, aor. I part. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.
ἐπαληθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.
ἐπ-ἀληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.
ἐπ-αλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλέα) open to the sun, sunny. [α]
ἐπ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.
ἐπαλλάσσει, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.
ἐπ-αλλάς, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, crosswise, alternately.
ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. —ττω: fut. ἄξω: pf. —ήλλαχα: —Pass., aor. 1 —ήλλάχθην, aor. 2 —ήλλάγην [α]: pf. —ήλλαγμα: —to change over, interchange; πολέμοιοι πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory: —Pass. to be closely joined.
ἐπ-ἀλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another: continuous.
ἐπ-ἀλμενος, ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.
ἐπαλξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: battlement, a parapet: —generally, a defence, protection.
ἐπ-αλπος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλπιστος) happy.
ἐπάλοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.
ἐπ-ἀλώστης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπί, ἀλώω) one who drives the oxen in treading.
ἐπ-ἀλῶμαι, f. ἡσμαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐπαμυσάμην: Med.: —to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.
ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαίνω) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβάτηρες maladies growing on the flesh, leprosy eruptions.
ἐπ-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter: —Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.
ἐπ-ἀμερος, ον, Aeol. for ἐφ-ἡμέρος.
ἐπ-ἀμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.
ἐπ-ἀμμένω, poet. for ἐπ-αναμένω.
ἐπαμμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.
ἐπαμμοιβός, ον, and ἐπαμμοιβός, ον, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, one upon another: in exchange.
ἐπ-ἀμύχω, f. —αμύξω: aor. 2 ἐπημπισχον, inf. ἐπαμπισχεῖν: —to put on besides, or over all: to overwrap.
ἐπαμύντωρ, οπος, ὁ, a helper, defender. From ἐπ-ἀμύνω, f. ὕνω, to come to aid, defend, assist.
ἐπ-ἀμφίρω, for ἐπαναφέρω.
ἐπ-ἀμφοτερίῳ, Att. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος) to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to bait between two opinions.
ἐπ-ἀν, Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.
ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι: pf. —βέβηκα: —to get upon, mount on horseback. II. to go up inland.
ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. —βᾶλω: pf. —βέβληκα: —to throw on or over: —Med. to put on. II. in Med., also, to put off, delay.
ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. —βιβάσω Att. —βιβῶ —Causal of ἐπαναβαίνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληδόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.
ἐπ-αναβοᾶω, f. ἡσμαι, to cry out at a thing.
ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.
ἐπ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to compel by force.
ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut. ἐπάναγκες (sub. ἐστὶ), it is necessary. 2. neut. also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάναγκες κομῶντες wearing long hair by law.
ἐπ-ἀναγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανεῖπον.
ἐπ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 —ἀνήγαγον: —to bring up, stir up, excite. 2. to exalt, elevate. II. to lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to one. III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. IV. to put ships out to sea: —Pass. to put to sea against. V. Pass. to be carried to a place. Hence
ἐπανᾶγωγῆ, ἡ, a sailing out against, a naval attack. II. a recall, return.
ἐπ-αναδιπλᾶζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.
ἐπ-αναθεῶμαι, f. ἄσομαι [α], Dep. to see again.
ἐπ-αναίρω, to lift up: —Med. to lift one against the other: —Pass. to rise up.
ἐπ-ἀνάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.
ἐπ-ἀνακλαγγάνω, to give tongue again and again.
ἐπ-ἀνακρούω, to drive back: —Med. to draw back.
ἐπ-ἀνακύντω, f. ψω, to have an upward direction.
ἐπ-ἀναλαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι, to take up again, resume, repeat.
ἐπ-ἀναλίσκω, f. —ανᾶλω, to consume besides.
ἐπ-ἀναμένω, f. —μενῶ, to continue waiting, stay on. II. to wait for one.
ἐπ-ἀναμνησκω, f. —μνήσω, to remind one of, mention again to one.
ἐπ-ἀνανεόω, f. ὤσω, to renew, revive.
ἐπ-ἀναπαύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon: —Med. to rest upon.
ἐπ-ἀναπηδᾶω, f. ἡσω οἱ ἡσμαι, to leap upon.
ἐπ-ἀναπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. —πλώω: —to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλῶει ὕμιν ἔπεα κακὰ ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back again.
ἐπ-ἀναρρίπτω and —έω, to throw up in the air (sub. εαυτόν) to spring high in the air.
ἐπανασείεις, εως, ἡ, a brandishing of weapons. From
ἐπ-ἀνασειώ, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish.
ἐπαναστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπανάστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.
ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανάστημι.
ἐπ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist: —Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.
ἐπ-ἀνατείνω, f. —τενῶ, to hold up towards; ἐπανατείνειν ἐλπίδας to hold out hopes.
ἐπ-ἀνατέλλω, f. —αυατελῶ: aor. 1 —ἀνέτειλα: —to lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the

sun; *ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος* the time *which is coming to light*, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθῃμι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρειω poet. *ἐπ-αμφέρω*, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφύσσω, f. ήσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχωρήσεις, εως, ή, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανείμαι, *ἐπανείς*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *ἐπανίημι*.

ἐπανεῖπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is *ἐπαναγορεύω*.

ἐπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for *ἐπανερόμαι*.

ἐπανελεθῖν, *ἐπανελεθών*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of *ἐπ-ανέρχομαι*.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. *έρχομαι*):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθῶ, f. ήσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ίσω Att. *ίω*, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθράκιδες, ov, αἱ, small fish for frying. From

ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσω, f. ώσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf.

-ἀνέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be big, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθώω, f. ώσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. *ἐπηνώρθουν*, aor. I *ἐπηνώρθωσα*, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ή, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπαντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for *ἐπανατέλλω*.

ἐπ-άντης, es, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-hill, opp. to καπάντης.

ἐπ-αντιάω, f. άσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἀνύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-ἄνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II.

of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: οἱ ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-ἄξιος, ov, and α, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἐπ-αξιόω, f. ώσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-αξίνιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄξιν) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of *πρήννυμι*.

ἐπαίδω, ή, (ἐπαιδω) poet. and Ion. for *ἐπιδω*.

ἐπαίδω, ό, poet. for *ἐπαδός*.

ἐπ-ἀπειλώ, f. ήσω, to bold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. *ἐπ-απεπνίγην* [ή].

ἐπ-ἄπτω, Ion. for *ἐφάπτω*.

ἐπ-ἄπῶς, Dor. for *ἐπηπῶς*.

ἐπ-ἀρά Ion. *ἐπ-αρή*, ή, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-ἀράομαι: f. άσομαι Ep. ήσομαι; pf. *ἐπήρῃμαι*: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-απαρίσκω, f. ἐπάσσω: aor. I *ἐπήρσα*:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. *ἐπάρρη*,

to fit well: part. *ἐπαρρηώς*, close-fitting: so also *ἐπαρμενος*, η, ov.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of *ἐπαίρω*.

ἐπ-ἀράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ov, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργύρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπαρήξεις, εως, ή, help, aid.

ἐπάρρη, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of *ἐπαπαρίσκω*.

ἐπ-ἀριστερος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπαρκεσις, εως, ή, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. έσω: aor. I *ἐπήρκησα*:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπαρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of *ἐπαπαρίσκω*, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-ἀρούρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἀρούρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀρτώ, f. ήσω, to bang on or over:—Pass., φόβος ἐπήρηται fear bangs over, impends.

ἐπ-ἀρτῆς, ές, (ἐπί, ἀρτώ) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-ἀρτώ and -ἀρτύνω, to fit or fix on. II. to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, *a prefecture, province.* From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) *a commander: a governor of a country, prefect.*

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ζω, *to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province.* 2. *to rule in addition to one's own dominions.*

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, *to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρχασθαι δεπέσσειν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.*

ἐπαρωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) *a helper, aider.*

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παροίμαι.

ἐπασάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ήσκησα:—*to labour at, finish carefully.* III. *to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.*

ἐπασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσω) *one upon another, one after another.*

ἐπασσύτερο-τριβής, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) *following close one on the other.*

ἐπαστράπτω, f. ψω, *to lighten upon, flash.*

ἐπ-πτω, Att. for ἐπαῖσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, *to say besides:—Med. to call upon.*

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—*to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.*

ἐπ-αυλιζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. *to take up one's quarters at a place.*

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) *a place to pass the night in: quarters.*

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τὰ, *a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.*

ἐπ-αυζάνω or ἐπ-αυζέω, f. -αυζήσω, *to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.*

ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) *the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.*

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐριον, *on the morrow.*

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, *to take, is not in use*): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπ-αυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηται, 3 pl. -ωνται:—*to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρονται βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king; ὅτω μιν ἐπαυρήσεσθαι I think he will feel the consequences.* 2. c. acc. *to bring upon oneself.*

ἐπάθω, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαθεῖν: ἐπάθω, part.

ἐπ-αὐτέω, f. ἦσω, *to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside.* [ῶ]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρῳ, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ, Lat. in ipso furto, *in the very theft or very act.*

ἐπ-αυχνίος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχήν) *on or for the neck.*

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, *to boast of, exult in.*

ἐπ-αῦω, f. -αῦσω [ῶ], *to shout over or upon.*

ἐπ-αφαναίνομαι, Pass. *to be dried up, worn out.*

ἐπ-αφάω, f. ἦσω, *to touch on the surface, stroke.*

ἐπαφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) *a touch, banding.*

ἐπ-αφίημι, f. -αφήσω, *to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.*

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, *to foam up or on the surface: metaphor. to babble, divulge.*

ἐπ-αφρόδιτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) *lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.*

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], *to pour over or in addition.*

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) *heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.*

ἐπ-αχθομαι, Pass. *to be distressed at a thing.*

ἐπ-αχλύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], (ἐπί, ἄχλυσ) *to be obscure.*

ἐπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπὴν.

ἐπιβάλλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνειν.

ἐπεβίω, aor. 2 of ἐπιβιώω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισσα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh at, deride.*

ἐπεγγράπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, *to awaken, rouse up: to excite:*

—Pass. *to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass.*

II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγορώς, *awake.*

ἐπ-εγκάλλω, f. ἔσω, *to bring a charge against.*

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, *to snarl up, devour.*

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, *to give an order or signal to others.*

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγχέω, f. -χεῶ, *to pour in upon or in addition.*

ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδθησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπεδόθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύνω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεὶ Ep. also ἐπει, (ἐπί) Conjunction: I. OF

TIME, *after that, when: from the time when.* II.

OF CAUSE, *since, seeing that, for that.* III. ἐπεὶ

ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, *when then, since then.* 2. ἐπεὶ οὖν

when then. 3. ἐπεὶ περ *since really.*

ἘΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ζω: impf. ἤπειγον Ep. ἤπειγον: aor.

I ἤπειφα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπείσομαι (in pass. sense):

aor. I ἤπειχθην:—*to press upon, weigh down:—Pass.*

to be weighed down. 2. *to press hard, press upon,*

in pursuit. II. *to drive on, urge forward, hasten,*

burry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to

baste to do: also absol., to baste, burry, speed: part.

ἐπιγύμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III.

intrans. = Pass. to make baste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) *whenever, so soon*

as, after that.

ἐπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction, since, after that, Lat. *postquam*, seeing that, since, because :—so ἐπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

ἐπ-εἶδον, inf. ἐπιθεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφορᾶν being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see : to experience.

ἐπεὶ ἢ ἐπεὶ ἦ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπεὶ, 3 sing. opt. of ἔπειμι.

ἐπ-εὐκάσω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τήνδ' ἐπ-εὐκάσω κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὡς or ὅσ' ἐπ-εὐκάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπείκεν, ἐπέκει, or ἐπεὶ κεν, ἐπεὶ κε, Ep. for ἐπεάν, ἐπὶν.

ἐπέληθα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-εμμι, inf. ἐπείναι : impf. ἐπὶν : fut. ἐπέσομαι : (ἐπὶ, εἰμι sum) :—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon : of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter : to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. *praeesse*.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εμμι, inf. ἐπείναι : Ep. impf. ἐπῆα, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπῆσαν, ἐπῆσαν : fut. ἐπείσομαι : aor. I med. part. ἐπείσαμένη : (ἐπὶ, εἰμι ibo) :—to go or come to or towards : to come upon : absol. to come near, approach.

2. to come against, attack; ὁ ἐπιόντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come upon one, overtake.

4. to come on the stage. II. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐπιόσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπιών, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer : τὸ ἐπὶν what occurs to one. III. to traverse, pass over.

IV. to go over, i.e. count over.

ἐπ-εἰνύμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι : inf. med. ἐπείνυσθαι, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἐπεί-περ, for ἐπεὶ περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides : to say of another :—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπείπαν.

ἐπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

ἐπείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπειρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερύω.

ἐπερώατο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of περάωμαι.

ἐπερωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-ειρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερώτημα, -ησις.

ἐπεισα, aor. I of πείθω.

ἐπ-εσάγωγῃ, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, εἰσάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εισακτος, ον, (ἐπὶ, εἰσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien : imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εισβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon : to enter.

ἐπ-εισβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἐπισοβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπείσομαι) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [ᾱ]

ἐπ-εἰσεμμι, to come on besides : to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -εληλυθα : to come in upon or over : to come in

after. 2. come into or enter besides : of things, to be imported.

ἐπ-εισέφρησα, aor. I of ἐπείσφρῶ.

ἐπ-εισκυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπ-εισόδιος, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From

ἐπ-εἰσόδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εισπαύω, f. παύσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εισπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἤσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εισπύτω, f. -πυσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall or burst upon : to burst in.

ἐπ-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after : to sail at, attack.

ἐπ-εισφέρω, f. -οἴσω, to bring in besides or after : to entail upon : Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εισφρέω, f. ἦσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπὶ, εἴτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another : *thereupon, thereafter, then*, Lat. *deinde*. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic: I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; ἐπειδὴ σφαῖρην περῆσαντο, ὥρχεισθην δὴ ἔπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced.

2. after ei, then surely; εἰ δ' ἔτεον δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἔπειτα θεοὶ φρένας ὥλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὲν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ἐλθεῖν, πῶς ἂν ἔπειτ' Ὀδυσῆος λαθοίμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, much like οὖν.

V. and yet, nevertheless, still. VI. with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπεὶ-τε, or ἐπεὶ τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἔπειτα, *thereupon, thereafter*.

ἐπεὶ-τοι, i.e. ἐπεὶ τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοηθέω, f. ἦσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδικάσκω, f. ἀζω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπέκατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπείκειμαι.

ἐπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκείνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὰ ἐπέκεινα Ἀττ. τοῦπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond.

2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἐπέκεκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπικέλλω.

ἐπέκερσα, aor. I of ἐπικέρω.

ἐπ-εκθέω, f. θέύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπέκλωσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλώω.

ἐπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-έκπλοος, contr. -έκπλους, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far: ἐπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to advance next or after. ἐπ-ελαύω, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπελαθόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπέλασις, εως, ἡ, an attack, assault. From ἐπ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. 1 -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω. ἐπέλειπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.

ἐπέληκεον, impf. of ἐπιληκέω. ἐπελήλατο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.

ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.

ἐπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλκω.

ἐπέλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπ-ελπίζω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.

ἐπ-ἐλπομαι Ep. ἐπ-ἐλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.

ἐπεμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπεμάσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.

ἐπ-εμβαδόν, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly. ἐπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βησομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβέβαας: also c. dat., πύργους ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, δ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβῶς, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω. ἐπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμένω.

ἐπ-εμνηστήρην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπμήνατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπέμψα, aor. 1 of ἐπιμύρμυμι.

ἐπ-εμψηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap upon, insult. ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack: ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-ενδρίξω, f. ξω, to slay one upon another. ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινύχομαι.

ἐπ-ενδιδωμι, f. -δῶσω, to give over and above. ἐπενδύτης, ου, δ, a tunic worn over another's, outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύνω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over. ἐπενεύκαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιφέρει.

ἐπένευμα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέμω. ἐπένευσσα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέμω.

ἐπενήγειον, impf. of ἐπινηγνέω. ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλῃ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἷα θεοὺς ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν ἔόντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. 1 of ἐπινέω (A). ἐπ-ενθρόσκω, f. -ενθορούμαι: aor. 2 -ενθόρον, inf. -ενθορεῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθάν, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπεντάθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐπεντείνω.

ἐπ-εντάνύω, f. ύσω [ύ], Ep. for ἐπεντείνω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντενῶ, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. 1 pass. ἐπεντάθεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides. ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπεξάγωγή, ἡ, a drawing out against, lengthening. ἐπ-εξεῖμι, inf. ἐξεῖναι: impf. ἐπεξήεν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute. III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξέιναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελαύνω: f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ: pf. -εξεληλάκα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against. ἐπεξελεθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξεληλύθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity: ᾧδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξέδσις, εως, ἡ, a review over again. ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐφ-εξῆς. ἐπ-εξακχαλῶ, (ἐπί, ἐξ, Ἰακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδιος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. ἐπρά), sacrifices before the march of an

From

ος, ἡ, a march out against, expedition. ες, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐτέλω in use:—ε, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—*ἐπεικῶτα* Att. for *ἐπεικῶτα*, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιπίπτω*.

ἐπεπήγει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πῆγνυμι*.

ἐπιπῆδμεν, for *ἐπιοῖδμεν*, 1 pl. plqpf. of *πείθω*.

ἐπέπλω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of *ἐπιπλέω*.

ἐπεποιθεῖ, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πείθω*.

ἐπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *πάσχω*.

ἐπέπταρον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιπταίρω*.

ἐπιπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *ἐπιπτάμαι*.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *πυνθάνομαι*.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for *ἐφέπω*.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. *άσομαι*, Dep. to *work upon land, till, cultivate*. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, a *working* of another's land: an *encroachment*. II. the *right of mutual tillage* on each other's land.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. *σω*, to *stimulate*.

ἐπ-ερείδω, f. *-ερείω*, to *urge on with all one's force*; *ἐπέρεισεν ἰν' ἀπέλεθρον* he applied vast strength to it:—Pass. to *lean or bear heavily upon*.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. *ψω*, to *cover with a roof*.

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐπερείδω*.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. *-είρομαι*: f. *-ερήσομαι* Ion. *-ειρήσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπῆρῶμην*, inf. *ἐπερέσθαι*:—to *ask, to consult, question*.

ἐπέρρυψα, aor. I of *ἐπιρρίπτω*.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of *ἐπιρρώσμαι*.

ἐπερρώσθην, *ἐπερρώσμαι*, aor. I and pf. pass. of *ἐπιρρώννυμι*.

ἐπερῶσσα, Ep. aor. I of *ἐπερῶμι*.

ἐπ-ερώω, f. *-ερώω* [ῶ]: aor. I *-εἰρώω*:—to *draw on, pull to*: to *bring to a place*:—Med. to *draw on one's clothes*.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. *-ελεύσομαι*, Dep., with aor. 2 act. *-ἦλθον* Ep. *-ἦλθον*, pf. *-ελήλυθα*:—to *go or come to or towards*: to *come upon*, esp. to *come suddenly or unexpectedly upon*. 2. in hostile sense, to *come or go against, attack*. 3. to *come forward to speak*. II.

to *come on, come about, return*; *ἐπῆλθον ὥραι* the seasons came round again. III. to *come in after or over the head of another*. IV. to *occur to one, come into one's mind*. V. to *go over a space, traverse, visit*. 2. to *go through or over, discuss, recount*. 3. to *go through, execute*.

ἐπ-ερωτάω *ἐπειρ-*, fut. ἥσω, to *consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing*:—Pass. to *be questioned, asked*. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. *ἐπειρ-*, *ατος, τό*, a *question*: and

ἐπερώτησις Ion. *ἐπειρ-*, *εως, ἡ*, a *questioning*.

ἐπεσα, rare aor. I of *πίπτω*.

ἐπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *ἐπειμι* (εἰμι *sum*).

ἐπεσβαίνω, = *ἐπισβαίνω*.

ἐπ-εσβολία, ἡ, a *using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language*. From

ἐπ-εσ-βόλος, *ον*, (*ἐπος, βάλλω*) *throwing words about*: *rasb-talking, scurrilous*.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. *ἐπέδομαι*, to *eat after or in addition to*—

ἐπεσκειψάμην, aor. I of *ἐπισκοπέω*.

ἐπεσκίασμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐπισκιάζω*.

ἐπεσον, aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

ἐπεσπον, aor. 2 of *ἐφέπω*.

ἐπέσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of *ἐπειμι* (εἰμι *sum*).

ἐπέσσειεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *ἐπισυνάω*.

ἐπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of *ἐπισυνάω*.

ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of *ἐπισυνάω*, part. *ἐπεσσυμένος*.

ἐπέσσυτο, poet. for *ἐέσσυτο*, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπισυνάω*, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπεστάλθην, *ἐπεστάλην* [ᾶ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιστέλλω*.

ἐπίσταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπιστέλλω*.

ἐπεστράφη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιστρέφω*.

ἐπιστώς, Ion. pf. part. of *ἐπίστημι*.

ἐπίστην, aor. 2 of *ἐπίστημι*.

ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for *ἐπεισφέρω*.

ἐπ-εσχάριος, *ον*, (*ἐπί, ἐσχαρά*) *on the bear's*.

ἐπ-έσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of *ἐπέχω*.

ἐπ-έσχον, *-εσχόμεν*, aor. 2 act. and med. of *ἐπέχω*.

ἐπέταμον, aor. 2 of *τέμνω*.

ἐπέταξα, *ἐπετάχθην*, aor. I act. and pass. of *ἐπιτάσσω*.

ἐπ-έτειος, *ον*, and *ἐπ-έτεος*, *ον*, (*ἐπί, ἔτος*) *annual, yearly, every year*: *changeable as the seasons*. 2. *annual, lasting for a year*.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *ἐπιτάσσω*.

ἐπετήδευσα, aor. I of *ἐπιτηδεύω*.

ἐπέτης, *ον, ὁ*, (*ἐπομαι*) a *follower, attendant*.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, *ον*, = *ἐπέτειος*, *from year to year, lasting the whole year*.

ἐπετον, Accl. for *ἐπεσον*, aor. 2 of *πίπτω*.

ἐπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = *ἐκέτυχε*, *fell in or met with*: part. *ἐπιτόσσαι* = *ἐπιτυχών*, *having met with*. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετράπη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιτρέπω*:—*ἐπετράπομην*, *ἐπετράπον*, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of *ἐπιτρέπω*.

ἐπέτυχον, aor. 2 of *ἐπιτυγχάνω*.

ἔπει, Ion. for *ἔπον*, imperat. of *ἐπομαι*.

ἐπ-ευθύνω, to *guide straight, direct*.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for *ἐφ-ευρίσκω*.

ἐπ-ευφημέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I *-ευφήμησα*:—to *doxat assent*. II. c. acc. to *accompany in singing*: to *sing in praise of*.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. *ζομαι*, Dep. to *pray to, make a vow*: to *pray or vow that*: in bad sense, to *pray a curse, imprecate upon*. II. to *exult or triumph over*.

ἐπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φαίνω*.

ἐπεφώνον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of **φένω*.

ἐπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *φέρβω*.

ἐπέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φράζω*.

ἐπεφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of *ἐπιφράζω*.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φράσσω*.

ἐπέφύκον, Ep. for *ἐπεφύκεσαν*, 3 pl. plqpf. of *φύω*.

ἐπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of *φυσάω*.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of *ἐπιχέω*.

ἐπέχθη, aor. I pass. of *ἐπέχω*.

ἀγανέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *ἐπιχέω*.

ἐπ-έχω: fut. ἐφ-έξω: aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπέσχεθον:—to have or bold upon or to, see ἐπώχαστο:—to bold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep bold of. II. to bold out, present, offer.

III. bold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ὦδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τοὺς Τεγεῖστας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon. IV. to keep in, bold back, check: to stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. εαυτόν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from. V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.
ἐπ-ηβολος, ov, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing, Lat. compos: in bad sense, νόσον ἐπῆβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπήγανον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.
ἐπήγγελα, ἐπήγγελκα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.
ἐπηγέρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.
ἐπηγκενίδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἱκρία.
ἐπηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.
ἐπήην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπεῖμι (εἰμί sum).
ἐπηετάνος, ov, and ἦ, ov, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπήϊεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπεῖμι (εἰμί ido), be went after, followed upon: ἐπήϊσαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.
ἐπήϊσσον, impf. of ἐπαῖσσω.
ἐπήικαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐφήμω.
ἐπήκοος Dor. ἐπάκοος, ov, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within hearing.

ἐπήκρισα, aor. I of ἐπακρίζω.
ἐπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.
ἐπήλα, aor. I of πάλλω.
ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ηλύγάζω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγω) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπηλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπήλυθον, Ep. for ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπήλυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) overshadowing; τὴν πέτραν ἐπῆλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.
ἐπήλυξ, ὄδος, ὁ, ἦ, (ἐπήλυθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

ἐπ-ηλύστια Ion. -ἤη, ἦ, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over: a besieging.

ἐπ-ηλύσις, εως, ἡ, an approach, assault.
ἐπ-ηλύτης, ov, ὁ, = ἐπῆλυς. [ῥ]
ἐπημαξυμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαξεύω.
ἐπημοιβός, ov, (ἐπαμβω) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπημοιβοί changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ημύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down.
ἐπῆν Ion. ἐπέων late Att. ἐπάν, Conjunct. (ἐπέι, ἄν) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

ἐπ-ηνέμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.
ἐπήνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπαίνω.

ἐπήνεσα Ep. ἐπήνησα, aor. I of ἐπαίναω.
ἐπήνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπαυθῶ.

ἐπῆνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθώω: so, ἐπῆνώρθωσα, -ώθη, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπ-ηνώρθωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐπηξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.
ἐπηξίωσα, aor. I of ἐπαξίω.

ἐπ-ηρόνιος, ov, (ἐπί, ῥών) on the beach or shore.
ἐπηπείλησα, aor. I of ἐπαπειλέω.

ἐπ-ηπύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.
ἐπ-ηράτος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπηρέδω, f. σω, (ἐπῆρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal despitely with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπῆρεια, ἦ, wanton insult, contumely.
ἐπ-ηρεμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπί, ἥρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ηρετμος, ov, (ἐπί, ἑρετμός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρεφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπήρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.
ἐπήρκεσα, aor. I of ἐπαρκέω.

ἐπήρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρίσκω.
ἐπήσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπεῖμι (εἰμί ido).

ἐπῆσθειν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐφήδομαι.
ἐπῆσθιον, impf. of ἐπισθίω.

ἐπισθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαισθάνομαι.
ἐπισκῆμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκέω.

ἐπητής, ου, ὁ, (ἐπος) affable, kind, gentle.
ἐπητάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπαταῖομαι.

ἐπ-ήτρίμος, ov, (ἐπί, ἥτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπητύς, ὅς, ἦ, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

ἐπητύρον, ἐπητυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπηύχῃσα, aor. I of ἐπαυχέω.
ἐπήφύσα, aor. I of ἐπαφύσσω.

ἐπ-ηχέω, f. ἥσω, to resound, to reëcho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near.

2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ἑμῶν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ τριῶν, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. coram.

5. over, of any one set over a special business; of ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίω to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οἴκου

to go home-wards.

II. of Time, in or in the course of; ἐπ' εἰρήνης in time of peace.

III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρίας on evidence; εἰπεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ὅτε on what ground.

B. WITH DAT., I. of Place; ἐπὶ χώρῃ on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against.

II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτί in the night; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event.

III. in addition, over and above, one on another.

IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπὶ δόρπῳ for supper; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπου for mischief to man.

V. of the Ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι to be proud at or of a thing.

VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ὅτε on condition, that . . ; more briefly, ἐφ' ὅ or ἐφ' ὅτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίοις with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms.

C. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κείτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπων glory spread among all men.

2. motion towards or to a place; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰδύν to labour, to an enterprise: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα ἦγε:—hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? wherefore?

3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἰκοσιν eight-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about.

II. of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον for a time. 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῶ till morning.

III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμῃ by the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι.

IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατεύω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω.

II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιώω, ἐπι-βλαστάνω.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπί-κτητος, ἐπ-αυλέω.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπὶ-τρίτος, one and a third, = $\frac{4}{3}$.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἔπεισι, it is there, ready, at hand.

ἐπι-τάλλω, f. -ιάλω: aor. -ίηλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

ἐπιτάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.

ἐπι-αυδάνω, poet. for ἐπαυδ-, to please, gratify.

ἐπι-ταύω, to sleep among.

ἐπι-τάχω [ᾶ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud.

ἐπιβά, for ἐπιβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβατής) a passenger's fare, Lat. nautum.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπεβησάμην (lon. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσεται, imperat. ἐπιβήσεο): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon.

2. to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας to take one's stand on piety.

II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:—also, to set upon, attack, assault.

III. c. acc. to light upon, Πιερὴν ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go to.

2. to attack, like ἐπερχομαι.

3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπὶ ἵππον to mount a horse.

IV. absol. to step forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. 1 ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βάλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix.

2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine.

3. to add: to add to, increase.

II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. ἑαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards.

2. to fall upon: to attack.

3. (sub. νόον), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλόν, absol., when he thought on it.

4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing.

III. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur.

IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοξόται ἐπιβεβλημένοι having their arrows on the string.

ἐπι-βᾶρέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐπί, βαρύς) to weigh heavily on.

ἐπιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards.

2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; εἰς τινα ποιεῖσθαι ἐπίβασιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπι-βάσκω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκέμεν vίας Ἀχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

ἐπι-βατεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp.

II. to be an ἐπιβάτης, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; οἱ ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger.

2. the warrior in a chariot.

ἐπιβατός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

ἐπιβδᾶ, as, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. reposita:—proverb., ἔρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπίβδαν to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβέλομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήσεο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπι-
 βαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. II.
 of male animals, e. g. a boar.
 ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
 βαίνω, to put one upon.
 ἐπι-βιώω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπεβίον:—to survive.
 ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look
 to, regard. 3. to eye with envy, Lat. *insidere*.
 ἐπιβλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown
 on or over: a cover: a patch.
 ἐπιβλήτης, ἦτος, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in
 or on a door.
 ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—to
 come upon, befall.
 ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:—to call
 upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing
 aloud. 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon,
 invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.
 ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, a helping, coming to aid, succour.
 From
 ἐπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour.
 ἐπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.
 ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βώτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out
 against, ill spoken of.
 ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;
 ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθων layers or courses of bricks. II.
 an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,
 an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.
 ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to roar in answer.
 ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.
 of cattle, to graze or feed upon.
 ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὁ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.
 ἐπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against,
 a plot, attempt, scheme.
 ἐπιβουλευτής, οὗ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plot-
 ter. From
 ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one;
 ἐπιβουλεύειν θάνατον τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,
 to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence
 ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-
 βουλῆς by treachery.
 ἐπι-βουλία, ἡ, ἐπιβουλῆ.
 ἐπί-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλῆ) plotting against,
 treacherous.
 ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ὤνω, to loiter at a place.
 ἐπι-βραχύνω, Adv. for ἐπι βραχύ, for a short while.
 ἐπι-βρέμω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. II.
 intr. to roar or cry out to.
 ἐπι-βρίθης, ἐς, burdensome, grievous. From
 ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [I], to be heavy upon, weigh
 down. II. metaph. to press heavily.
 ἐπι-βρίσκειν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.
 ἐπι-βρόντητος, ον, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, thunderstricken.
 ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [Ū], to burst forth, as water: of
 flowers, to sprout, burst forth.
 ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [Ū], to mop, caulk tight.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοηθέω.
 ἐπι-βωμιο-στάντεω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στήναι) to
 stand suppliant at the altar.
 ἐπι-βώμιος, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) on or at the altar.
 ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.
 ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout
 to, call upon, clamour for.
 ἐπί-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.
 ἐπι-βώτωρ, ορος, ὁ, an over-shepherd, shepherd.
 ἐπί-γαιος, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) upon the earth; τὰ
 ἐπίγεια the parts on or near the ground.
 ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a
 widow as her husband's next of kin.
 ἐπι-γάμέω, f. -γαμέω Att. -γάμω:—to marry be-
 sides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνους μητρυνάω to marry and set a
 stepmother over one's own children. Hence
 ἐπι-γάμια, ἡ, an additional marriage. II. in-
 termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.
 ἐπί-γάμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.
 ἐπι-γαυρόμαι, Pass. to exult in.
 ἐπιγ-δοιπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δουπέω.
 ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.
 ἐπί-γειος, ον, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) on or of the earth.
 ἐπι-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh to or with, to
 laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.
 ἐπι-γεραίρω, to give honour to.
 ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.
 ἐπι-γηθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—to rejoice or
 triumph over: to exult in.
 ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:
 pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γενένημαι:—to be born
 after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρῃ the season of spring
 comes next; οἱ ἐπιγίγνοντο posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-
 γινομένου as time was going on. 2. to come
 upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue
 upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to happen after,
 come to pass.
 ἐπι-γιγνώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνω: pf.
 -έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recog-
 nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-
 scious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a
 judgment, decide.
 ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for
 ἐπιγίγν-
 ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι: fut. ἦσομαι:
 Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against,
 to upbraid.
 ἐπι-γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, curved, twisted. From
 ἐπι-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. me-
 taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.
 ἐπιγνοῖν, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπιγνοῦς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon:
 as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.
 ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make known, an-
 nounce, signify.
 ἐπίγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) full knowledge.
 ἐπιγνώσι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring, posterity*:—*ol* Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.*

ἐπιγουνίδιος, *ov*, *on*, *set upon the knee.* From ἐπι-γουνίς, *idos*, ἡ, (ἐπί, γούνατος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh.*

ἐπιγράβδην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing.*

ἐπίγραμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering.* 2. *an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.*

ἐπιγραφέυς, *ἑως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber*: esp. at Athens *a clerk who registered property, etc.*

ἐπιγράφῃ, ἡ, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription.* II. at Athens, *a registration of property.*

ἐπι-γράφω, *f. ψω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι*:—*to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράφαι κλῆρον to put a mark on a lot.* II. later, *to write upon, inscribe*:—*Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed upon.* III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφευν τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—*Med. to register oneself*: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράφασθαι *to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπί-γρῦπος, *ov*, *somewhat booked*: *somewhat booked.*

ἐπι-δαίωμα, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαίω *ᾱ*) *to distribute, offer.*

ἐπι-δαίστος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω *ᾱ*) *assigned, allotted.*

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ύωυ* [ῶ], *to weep over or for.*

ἐπι-δάμος, *ov*, *Dor. for ἐπί-δημος.*

ἐπι-δαψιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι, Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely.*

ἐπιδέδωρα, *pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω.*

ἐπιδεής, *ἑς*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of*: *deficient*: *Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεᾶ.*

ἐπίδειγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen*: *a pattern, example, lesson.*

ἐπι-δείελος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείλη) *at, towards evening*: ἐπιδείελα, *neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.*

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and -ύω, *f. -δείξω*: *aor. 1 -έδειξα Ion. -έδεξα*:—*to exhibit as a specimen or pattern*: *to shew forth, display, parade*:—*Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off.* 2. *to shew, point out*:—*to shew, prove, demonstrate.* Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *fit for display*: ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.*

ἐπιδεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεῖδον.*

ἐπιδεῖξαι, *aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι.*

ἐπιδείξις *Ion. ἐπιδείξις, ἑως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*: ἑς ἐπιδεῖξιν τινας ἀνικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge.* 2. *a pattern, example, Lat. specimen.*

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ἡσω, (ἐπιδειπνον)* *to eat after dinner.* II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty.*

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) *at or after dinner.*

ἐπί-δειπνον, *τό*, *an after-meal, second course or desert.*

ἐπι-δέκτος, *ἡ, ov*, *one and onetenth*, $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$. II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe.*

ἐπι-δέμνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμνιον) *in or on the bed.*

ἐπι-δέξιος, *ov*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in *neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια* as *Adv.*, which therefore also means *auspiciously.* 2. = *δεξιός, on the right hand*: *ῥάπιδεξία the right side.* II. of persons, *dexterous, skilful.*

ἐπί-δεξις, *Ion. for ἐπιδείξις.*

ἐπι-δέρκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold.*

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω, (ἐπί, δεσμός)* *to bind up.*

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage.*

ἐπιδεσμο-χαρής, *ἑς*, (ἐπιδεσμος, χαίρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of gout.*

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. ὥσω, to be lord over.*

ἐπι-δευής, *ἑς*, *poët. and Ion. for ἐπιδεής, in need or want of, lacking.* II. *lacking, failing* in a thing, *c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέες failing in strength*: also a compar. in sense, *βίης ἐπιδευέες* Ὀδυσῆος *inferior to Ulysses in strength*: *absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἦμεν far too weak were we.* From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, *poët. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω *ᾱ*) to be in want of, to lack*: *to need the help of.* II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it.*

ἐπι-δεύω, *f. σω, to moisten on the surface.*

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition.*

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω, to bind or fasten on.* II. *to bind up, bandage.*

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δέσω, to want or lack so much of a number*:—*impers. ἐπιδεῖ, there is need of besides*:—*Med. to be in want of, cf. ἐπιδεύομαι.*

ἐπι-δηλος, *ov*, *quite evident, manifest*: *open.* 2. *distinguished.* II. *like, resembling.*

ἐπι-δημεύω, *f. σω, to live among the people.* From ἐπιδημέω, *f. ἡσω, (ἐπιδήμιος)* *to be at home, live at home*: *to sojourn among people, stay at a place.* II. *to come home, from foreign travel.* Hence

ἐπιδημία, ἡ, *a staying at home, stay at a place.*

ἐπι-δήμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δήμιος) *among the people*: *dwelling at home*: πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος *civil war*: ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι *native merchants.* II. *sojourning at a place.*

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, *ων, ol*, *magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.*

ἐπί-δημος, *ov*, = ἐπιδήμιος, *of the people, popular.*

ἐπι-διαβαῖνω, *fut. -βήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another.*

ἐπι-διαγινώσκω *Ion. -γινώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι*:—*to debate or decide afresh.*

ἐπι-διατρέφω, *f. ἡσω, to divide over again*:—*Med. of several, to distribute among themselves.*

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides.*

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after*:—*Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.*

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρομαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ζῶ, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in dowry. II. ἐπιδιδόναι εαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper. IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδάμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-δίζημαι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. σῶ, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δινέω, f. ἤσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθόω, f. ῶσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖω or -οῖζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ov, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπί-διχᾶ, Adv. for ἐπὶ διχᾶ.

ἐπι-διώκω, f. ζῶ, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῶ and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-δόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπί-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable. II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρπιος, ov, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above:

a voluntary contribution to the state. II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδούναί, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἡ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over. II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack. III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπί-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τεῖχος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύνω and -δύνω, f. ὕσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δύμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δών, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδάσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπεικῆς) likelihoood, reasonableness. II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness. 2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἶκελος, ov, = εἶκελος, like.

ἐπι-εὐκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπεικῆς as is meet; ὅν κ' ἐπεικῆς ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear. II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate.

2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εὐκτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπί, εἶκω) yielding; οὐκ ἐπεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπεικτόν unceasing woe.

ἐπεικῶς Ion. ἐως, Adv. of ἐπεικῆς, fairly, tolerably, moderately. 2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπειμένος, ἡ, ov, Ion. for ἐφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπέννυμι.

ἐπεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ibo).

ἐπείσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ibo).

ἐπι-έλπομαι, poët. for ἐέλπομαι. Hence

ἐπί-ελπτος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπί-εσα Ep.

ἐπί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-εμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass. Ion. pf. part. ἐπειμένος ἀλκήν, ἀναιδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπείεσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, bad brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπέσσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of ἐπέννυμι.

ἐπέσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπέννυμι.

ἐπι-ζᾶρέω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπιζαφελῆς), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast. II. to yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζέφυρος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεότης ἐπέ-ζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over. II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπι-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζημιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurting.

II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιόω, f. ῶσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ἤσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπιζῶ.

ἐπιήλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπι-ήμι, Ion. for ἐφίημι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω.

ἐπί-ηρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἡρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ov, (ἐπιήρα) pleasing. II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ov*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, *q. v.*
 ἐπι-θαλάμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) *belonging to a bridal, nuptial*; τὸ ἐπιθαλάμιον (*sub. μέλος*), *the nuptial song, epithalamium*, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.

ἐπι-θαλασσιδῖος *Att.* -τιδῖος, *ov*, = *sq.*

ἐπι-θαλάσσιος *Att.* -ττιος, *a*, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) *lying on the sea-shore, maritime.*

ἐπι-θάνάτιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) *condemned to death.*

ἐπι-θάνατος, *ov*, *sick to death, like to die.*

ἐπι-θαροσύνω *Att.* -θαρρύνω, *f. ὦν*, *to cheer on.*

ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *f. σω*, *to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee* (*Lat. honorarium*).

ἐπι-θειάζω, *f. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) *to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure.* Hence

ἐπιθειασμός, *δ*, *an appeal to the gods, adjuration.*

ἐπι-θείην, -θεῖναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπιθεῖς, -θεῖσα, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θεῖτε, *for -θείτε*, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπι-θεράπνυν, *f. σω*, *to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.*

ἐπι-thes, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι.*

ἐπιθεσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *a laying on, imposition.* II. (*from Med.*) *a setting upon, attack.*

ἐπι-θεσπίζω, *f. σω*, *to prophesy upon.*

ἐπιθετικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἐπιτίθημαι) *ready to attack: enterprising.*

ἐπι-θηρος, *ov*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *added, annexed: far-fetched, foreign.* II. *as Subst., ἐπιθετον, τό, an epithet.*

ἐπι-θέω, *f. -θέωσομαι*, *to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.*

ἐπιθήκη, *ἡ*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.*

ἐπι-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) *anything put on, a cover, lid.*

ἐπι-θοάζω, *f. σω*, *to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θαάζω.*

ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρόσκω.*

ἐπι-θοροβέω, *f. ἡσω*, *to shout in token of approval.*

ἐπι-θράσσω *Att.* -ττω, *contr. for ἐπιταράσσω.*

ἐπι-θραύω, *f. σω*, *to break besides.*

ἐπιθρέας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπιτρέχω.*

ἐπι-θρώσκω, *f. -θοροῦμαι*; *aor. 2 ἐπέθορον*: *to spring or leap upon*, *c. gen.*: *c. dat. to insult over*: *absol., τόςσον ἐπιθρώσκουσι* *so far do they bound.*

ἐπι-θυμέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) *to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly.* Hence

ἐπιθυμία, *ατος, τό*, *the object of desire; and*

ἐπιθυμίασις, *ews, ἡ*, *a longing desire; and*

ἐπιθυμητής, *οῦ, ὁ*, *one who desires: a lover; and*

ἐπιθυμητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *desiring, coveting.* Adv. -κώς.

ἐπιθυμία, *ἡ*, (ἐπιθυμέω) *a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.*

ἐπι-θυμιάμα, *ατος, τό*, *an incense-offering: from*

ἐπι-θυμιάω, *f. άσω* [α], *to offer incense.*

ἐπι-τιθύω, *to aim straight at: to direct, govern.*

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [υ], *to offer sacrifice upon or after: —to offer sacrifice, offer.*

ἐπι-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [υ], *to rush eagerly at.* 2. *c. inf.* *to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do*, (*v. θύω B.*)

ἐπι-θωράκίζομαι, *Med.* *to put on one's armour.*

ἐπι-θωθίσσω, *f. έω*, *to shout or call out.*

ἐπι-ιδμων, *ονος, ὁ*, = ἐπιστωρ.

ἐπι-ίζομαι, *Ion.* *for ἐφέζομαι.*

ἐπι-ίστωρ, *opos, ὁ, ἡ*, *acquainted with, knowing.*

ἐπι-καθαιρέω, *f. ἡσω*, *to pull down besides.*

ἐπι-καθίζομαι, *f. -εδούμαι*, *Pass.* *to sit down upon.*

ἐπι-κάθημαι *Ion.* -κάττημαι, *to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon.* II. *to sit down against a place, besiege it.*

ἐπι-καθίζω, *f. ίσω*, *to set upon.* II. *intr.* *to sit upon.*

ἐπι-καινώω, *f. ίσω*, *to innovate upon.*

ἐπι-καίριος, *ov*, (ἐπί, καιρός) *in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι* *the chief persons.*

ἐπι-καιρος, *ov*, = ἐπικαίριος: *c. gen.* *fit, proper, convenient for a thing.*

ἐπι-καίω *Att.* -κάω: *f. κούσω*: *to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.*

ἐπι-κάλλω, *f. έω*, *to call on, appeal to, adjure.* II. *to call in addition, give a surname to*: *Pass.* *to be called by surname.*

III. *to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge.* IV. *Med.* *to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare.* 2. *to summon before one.*

ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, *a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of hiding.* From

ἐπι-καλύπτω, *f. ψω*, *to cover up, shroud, bide.* II. *to put over.* Hence

ἐπικάλυψις, *ews, ἡ*, *a covering, concealment.*

ἐπικαμπή, *ἡ*, (ἐπικάμπω) *a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπὴν ποιέισθαι* *to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.*

ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, *curved, curling.* From

ἐπι-καμπτω, *f. ψω*, *to bend into an angle*: *Pass.* *to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.*

ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, *curved, curling.* From

ἐπι-καμπτω, *f. ψω*, *to bend into an angle*: *Pass.* *to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.*

ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ov*, *bent forward.*

ἐπι-κάρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. *bead-foremost.*

ἐπι-κάρσιος, *a*, *ov*, (ἐπικαρ) *properly on the head, bead forwards.* II. *opp. to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια* *the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὀρθια* *(measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τρήρεις τοῦ Πόντου*

ἐπικάρσια *triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.*

ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι*, *to go down to or upon a place.* II. *to go down after or against.*

ἐπι-καταβάλλω, *f. -βάλλω*, *to let fall down.*

ἐπι-κατάγω, *to bring down to land besides*: *Pass.* *to come to land with or afterwards.*

ἐπι-καταδραβάνω, *f. -δραβήσομαι*; *aor. 2 -εδραβον*: *to fall asleep at or upon.*

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάμαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to catch up, overtake.
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay yet longer.
 ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to throw oneself upon.
 ἐπι-κατάρατος, ov, yet more accursed.
 ἐπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ζω, to slay upon or over.
 ἐπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.
 ἐπικατιδάρθων, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταδάρθάνω.
 ἐπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.
 ἐπι-κάτεμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.
 ἐπί-καντος, ov, (ἐπικαίω) burnt at the end, Lat. praestus.
 ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ᾱ]
 ἐπί-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτί-θωμι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed.
 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμεναι νῆσοι the islands off the coast.
 3. to bang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent.
 III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed.
 IV. to have on one.
 ἐπι-κέρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down, mow down.
 II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.
 ἐπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.
 ἐπι-κεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπι-κελαδέω, f. ήσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.
 ἐπι-κέλευσις, εως, ή, cheering, exhortation.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα:—to run aground or ashore, of ships.
 2. intrans. to come to land, come ashore.
 ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπεκέρᾱσα Ep. -έκρησα:—to mix in, pour in again.
 ἐπι-κέρδω, aw, τᾱ, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.
 ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.
 ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐπικέομαι.
 ἐπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.
 ἐπι-κῆδειος, ov, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.
 ἐπι-κηρύκεια, ή, (ἐπικηρυκέομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.
 ἐπικηρύκευμα, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From
 ἐπι-κηρυκέομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπὶ τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.
 ἐπι-κίδνῃμι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνᾶμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικιδνᾶται ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.
 ἐπι-κινδύνος, ov, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νως.
 ἐπι-κίρηνμι, ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to send forth a sound in answer.
 ἐπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence
 ἐπικλάντος, ov, tearful.
 ἐπι-κλάω, f. άσω [ᾱ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.
 ἐπι-κλάω, Att. for ἐπικλαίω. [ᾱ]
 ἐπι-κλεής, ές, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.
 ἐπι-κλήϊζω contr. -κλήϊξω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).
 ἐπικλήμα, atos, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.
 ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.
 ἐπί-κληρος, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ή, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.
 ἐπι-κληρώω, f. άσω, to assign by lot.
 ἐπικλησις, εως, ή, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπικλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally.
 II. a reproach, imputation.
 ἐπικλητος, ov, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies.
 2. specially summoned.
 ἐπί-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπικλινήης, ές, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.
 ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From
 ἐπι-κλίνω [Ὶ]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπι-κεκλιμένοις sanīdes closed doors.
 II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένοις sloping, oblique.
 III. Pass. to lie over against.
 2. to recline at table.
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ήσω, to stir up to commotion.
 ἐπί-κλοπος, ov, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μῦθος cunning in speech.
 ἐπι-κλύζω, f. ύσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence
 ἐπικλύσις, εως, ή, an overflow, flood.
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, bear.
 ἐπι-κλώθω, f. άσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.
 ἐπι-κνώμπω, Att. for ἐπι-γνώμπω.
 ἐπι-κνώω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.
 ἐπ-κνέομαι, Ion. for ἐφ-κνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.
 ἐπί-κοινος, ov, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπίκοινα as Adv. in common.
 ἐπι-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides; add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἤσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. ἐπικόπος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, f. ἤσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ου, ὁ, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐπίκουρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσους ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικουρήμα, ατος, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικουρήσις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κούρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικουροὶ the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate. ἐπι-κράζω, f. ξω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ep. -κραίναίνω: f. -κράνω: aor. I ἐπ-έκρανα Ep. -έκρανα, -έκρανηα:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράνον, τό, (ἐπί, κράνον) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικράτης) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτew, f. ἤσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπι-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικράτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικράτew) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -νυω: f. -κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμῶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ἐς, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνεις, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίων, τό, (ἐπί, κριων) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἤσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, ον, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 -ἐκρύφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπί-κρύφος, ον, hidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides;

ἐπικτάσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπικτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτάομαι) fresh gain.

ἐπικτήτος, ον, (ἐπικτάομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῇ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπικτήτοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῖν ποδοῖν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κύντω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλώ, f. ἤσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίσω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κύρω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρω: aor. I -εκύρησα and -έκυρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κύρω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρωσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) humpbacked. Hence

ἐπι-κυρτώ, f. ὥσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κωκύω, f. ὥσω [ῖ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a binderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ὥσω [ῖ], to binder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. ὥσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very bill.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβῃ, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a handle.

ἐπιλάβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάβῃμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, hold tight.

ἐπιλάβεσθαι, ἐπιλάβωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. -έληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτὸς ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3. to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁπίσω οδοῦ to binder from getting back.

II. metaph., πολλὸν χώρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground.

B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιλημμαι, to hold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσιος to lay bold of a pretext.

2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

ἐπιλαμπτος, ὄν, Ion. for ἐπιληπτος, caught, detected.

ἐπι-λαμπω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμψάσθης ἡμέρας when day had dawned.

ἐπι-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐπέλαθον, to escape notice, be bidden.

II. ἐπιληθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 1 -έλησα: Causal, to make to forget.

III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -άλεθθα, and pf. pass. -άλεθσαι, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιέλεθθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. 1 -έλησθην, to be forgotten.

ἐπι-λαῖς, εως, ἡ, Dor. for ἐπιλήσις.

ἐπι-λαῖνω, f. -λαῖνώ, to smooth over; aor. 1 part., ἐπιείκντας τὴν Ξέρξεω γνώμην having smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

ἐπι-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further. 2. to call by name.

II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλεγόμενοι or ἐπειλεγμένοι chosen men.

III. in Med. also, to read. 2. to think over, consider.

ἐπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.

ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλειπον: pf. ἐπiléλοιπα: Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελέλειπτο:—to leave behind one.

II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδαρ μὲν ἐπέλειπε the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον, to have their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ρέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ἐπίλειψις, εως, ἡ, failure, lack.

ἐπιλεκτος, ὄν, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπιλεκτοὶ picked soldiers.

ἐπιλέλθω, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark.

ἐπι-λεύσσω, to look towards, see before one.

ἐπι-ληθάνω, see ἐπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπιληθός, ὄν, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.

ἐπι-λήθω, pf. pass. for ἐπιλανθάνω, to forget.

ἐπι-ληγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.

ἐπι-ληκίω, f. ἡσω, to shout in applause.

ἐπι-ληνίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπιληπτος, ὄν, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.

ἐπιλήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνω) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλησμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνω) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλήσιμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (ἐπιλανθάνω) forgetful, having a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμονότατος.

ἐπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπιλήψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

ἐπι-λίγθην, Adv. grazing, acatæding.

ἐπι-λινάζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

ἐπι-λινευτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

ἐπι-λλίξω, (ἐπί, ἱλλος) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.

ἐπι-λογίζομαι: fut. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. 1 -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην: pf. -ελογίσομαι: Dep.:—to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπίλογος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference. II. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.

ἐπί-λογχος, ὄν, (ἐπί, λόγχη) barbed.

ἐπίλοιπος, ὄν, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

ἐπι-λύπew, f. ἡσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence ἐπιλύπια, ἡ, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λύπος, ὄν, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

ἐπιλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ὕσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release. 2. to solve, explain.

ἐπι-λωβέω, f. σω, (ἐπί, λάβη) to mock at.

ἐπι-μάζιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μαζός) at the breast.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 1 med. -εμνήμην, pf. act. -μέμνη:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

ἐπι-μαίωμαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at. II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.

ἐπι-μᾶλλον, Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.

ἐπιμανδάλωτον, τό, (ἐπί, μανδάλωτος) a wanton kiss.

ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθσομαι, to learn besides or after.

ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ἡσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence

ἐπιμαρτύρια, ἡ, a witness, testimony.

ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence. 2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari. 3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

ἐπι-μαρτύρος, ὁ, a witness to anything.

ἐπι-μάρτυς, gen. -ῦρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμαρτύρος.

ἐπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίωμαι.

ἐπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.

ἐπι-μαστιδίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.

ἐπίμαστος, ὄν, (ἐπιμαίωμαι) seeking after or for.

ἐπιμάχew, f. ἡσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence ἐπιμάχη, ἡ, a defensive alliance.

ἐπί-μάχος, ὄν, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.

ἐπιμεδιάω, f. ᾶσω [ᾶ], and -μεδιάω, f. ἡσω:—to smite at or upon.

ἐπιμεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐπιμελής) care, attention, diligence; ἐπιμελεία τινας attention paid to a thing.

ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, aor. 1 -μελεθήσομαι; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, aor. 1 -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, ατος, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπιμελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲς μοι ἐστὶ I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δραμένου ibe charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, ου, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μέλομαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμένειναι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέμομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπιμεμῖς, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετροῦμενος αἶτος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπι-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-ibought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-ibought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήδος) iboughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. ἱερὰ) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰσῶ [ῖ], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μυχάνομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μυχάνος, ον, (ἐπί, μυχαή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμυχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίγνυμι and -νῶ, fut. -μῖξω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μυμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μυμνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσσομαι and -μνήσσομαι; aor. I -εμνήσαμην and -εμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησάμεθα χάρις let us think of battle. II. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μίμνω, poet. for ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμίξις Ion. -ῖη, (ἐπιμίγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπί-μιξις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιμίξις.

ἐπι-μίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνᾶομαι, -νῶμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνήσκομαι.

ἐπιμνησάμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπιμνησθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλάσκω. Hence

ἐπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπιμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [ῶ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, ον, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινίχομαι.

ἐπί-νεον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένεμινα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενείματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενησμένους, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod forwards.

II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νεφέλος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπιννέω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπινενησμένους piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νέσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νήϊος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, ον, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), *a song of victory, triumphal song or ode.* 2. (sub. θῦμα), *a feast in honour of a victory.*

ἐπίνικος, *ov*, = ἐπίνικιος.

ἐπινύσσομαι, fut. -νύσομαι, *to go over: come upon.*

ἐπινύφω, *to snow upon.* [vī]

ἐπινύξω, *f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπενόησα*, but also with *aor. I* pass. *ἐπενόηθην* in same sense:—*to think on or of, contrive.* 2. *c. inf. to purpose, intend.* 3. *absol. to form a plan, design.* Hence

ἐπινόια, *ἡ*, *a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness.* 2. *a purpose, design.* II. *after-thought.*

ἐπινόημα, Dor. *I* pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινόμια, *ἡ*, (ἐπινέμομαι) *a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.*

ἐπινόμος, *ov*, (ἐπινέμομαι) *dwelling in the country.*

ἐπινυκτιος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, νύξ) *by night, nightly.*

ἐπινυμφίδιος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, νύμφα) *of or for a bride, bridal.*

ἐπινύσσω Att. -ττω, *f. ἔω*, *to prick on the surface.*

ἐπινυστάζω, *f. σω and ἔω*, *to drop asleep over.*

ἐπινυμάω, *f. ἤσω*, *to bring or apply to.* II. *to distribute, assign.*

ἐπινυτλίδος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) *on the back.*

ἐπινυτλίω, *f. σω*, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) *to put on the back of, to cover with.*

ἐπινώπιος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, νῶτον) *on the back.*

ἐπι-ξανθος, *ov*, *inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.*

ἐπι-ξενῶω, *f. ὥσω*, *Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενώνω.*

ἐπι-ξενόω, *f. ὥσω*, (ἐπὶ, ξένος) *to entertain as a guest:—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad.* 2. Med., ἐπιξενούμαι ταῦτα *I claim these offices as a stranger.*

ἐπι-ξέω, *f. -ξέσω*, *to scrape on the surface.*

ἐπι-ξηνον, τό, (ἐπὶ, ξηρός) *a clogging-block, like ἐκικόπανον: the executioner's block.*

ἐπι-ξυῖνος, *ov*, poet. for ἐπικοινός, *common to many; ἐπιξυῖνος ἀρουρά* *a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.*

ἐπι-οίνιος, (ἐπὶ, οἶνος) *at or over wine.*

ἐπι-οινοχοεύω, *f. σω*, *to pour out wine for.*

ἐπιον, *aor. 2* of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπτῃς, *ov, ὁ*, poet. for ἐπόπτῃς.

ἐπι-ορκέω, *f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπώρησα: (ἐπι-ορκος):—to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a deity: τὰς βασιλείας λῳίας ἐπιορκεῖν to swear falsely by the royal hearth.* Hence

ἐπι-ορκία, *ἡ*, *a false oath, Lat. perjuria.*

ἐπι-ορκος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, ὅρκος) *swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπι-ορκον ὁμνῆναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπι-ορκον ἐπομνῆναι to swear a bootless oath.*

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, *ἡ*, = ἐπι-ορκία.

ἐπι-δοσσομαι, Dep. (ἐπὶ, ὄσσε) *to have before one's eyes, foresee.*

ἐπι-ουρος, ὁ, (ἐπὶ, οὖρος) *a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτη ἐπιουρος* *guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ὄων ἐπιουρος* *chief swine-herd.*

ἐπι-ιούσα, *ἡ*, part. pres. fem. of ἐπειμι (εἰμι ἰδο), *the coming day* (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, *ov*, *for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος* *daily bread.*

ἐπι-όψομαι, poet. for ἐπόψομαι.

ἐπί-παγχτί, Adv. *entirely, altogether.*

ἐπι-πάλλω, *to brandish at or against.*

ἐπι-πάμων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (ἐπὶ, πέπαμαι pf. of πάωμαι) Dor. for ἐπικληρος, *falling to one's share.*

ἐπί-παν, Adv. *upon the whole, generally, on the average.*

ἐπι-παρᾶνέω, *to heap up besides.*

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, *f. σω*, *to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.*

ἐπι-πάρεμι, inf. -εῖναι, *to be present at or near.* II. *to be present besides or in addition to.*

ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -ιέναι, *to come upon in flank, to march alongside of.* II. *to come on to assist.* III. *to come forward to speak.*

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ᾱ]:—*to sprinkle upon or over.* Hence

ἐπί-παστος, *ov*, *sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον* *a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.*

ἐπι-πῦρᾱγέω, *f. ἤσω*, *to make a noise at.*

ἐπί-πέδος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, πέδον) *on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat: ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.*

ἐπιπειθής, *ēs*, *obedient, compliant.* From

ἐπι-πείθομαι, *f. -πείσομαι*, Pass. *to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.*

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπὶ, πέλω) *to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος* *the coming year.*

ἐπί-πει-πτος, *ov*, containing $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$; δάνεισμα ἐπίπεμπτον *a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, or 20 per cent.*

ἐπι-πέμπω, *f. ἔω*, *to send after or again.* 2. *of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon.* II. *to send besides: to send by way of supply.* Hence

ἐπίπεμψις, *εως, ἡ*, *a sending to a place.*

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

ἐπι-περκάζω, *to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.*

ἐπί-περκνος, *ov*, *somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.*

ἐπιπεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπεσόν, *οὔσα*, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.*

ἐπι-πετάννυμι, *f. -πετάσω*, *to spread over.*

ἐπι-πέταμαι or -πέτομαι, only found in *aor. 2* ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:—*to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.*

ἐπι-πτήγνυμι and -νω, *f. -πῆξω*, *to fix upon.* 2. *to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.*

ἐπι-πηδάω, *f. ἤσομαι*, *to spring upon, rush at.*

ἐπι-πῆχυς, *v*, (ἐπὶ, πῆχυς) *above the elbow.*

ἐπι-πιέζω, *f. σω*, *to press upon.*

ἐπι-πλύναι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.

ἐπι-πλήμμι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.
ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 -έπιον;—to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πέσομαι; pf. -πέτωκα: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.

ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. supellex.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγομαι: aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθην, to wander about over.

ἐπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.
ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπιπλαστός, ov, plastered over:—feigned, false.
ἐπιπλαγχεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.

ἐπί-πλειος, ov, Ep. for ἐπιπλείος.

ἐπι-πλείων, ov, gen. ovos, still more.

ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ζω, to plait into a chaplet.

ἐπι-πλέον, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, still more.

ἐπί-πλεος, α, ov, Att. ἐπιπλεως, ov, (ἐπὶ, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπιπλευσας, εως, ἡ, a sailing against; ἐπιπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

ἐπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλω, part. ἐπιπλῶς:—to sail upon or over: to float upon. II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet. III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, ov, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.
ἐπι-πληρόω, f. ὦσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.
ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, ov, an Adj. formed from ἐπὶ, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δῖς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπλόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπλέωμαι.
ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum: also ἐπιπλοος, ὁ.

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet. 2. a naval expedition against a place.

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.
ἐπι-πλῶς, part. of ἐπέπλω, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.
ἐπι-πνείω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive:—metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνί]
ἐπιπνίου, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon: inspiration.
ἐπι-πόδιος, α, ov, (ἐπὶ, ποῦς) upon the feet.

ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἦσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero. Hence

ἐπιπόθησις, εως, ἡ, a yearning after: and ἐπιπόθητος, ov, longed for, earnestly desired: and ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-ποιμήν, ὁ, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.
ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface. II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

ἐπι-πόλαιος, ov, on the surface: prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary.

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, πέλω) a surface: gen. ἐπιπολήs, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above. II. at Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

ἐπι-πόλιος, ov, growing boary, grizzled.
ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.
ἐπι-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to toil on, persevere.

ἐπί-πονός, ov, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. aegre, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι: f. med. -πορεύομαι, aor. I pass. -επορεύθην: Dep.:—to go, march: to march over.

ἐπι-πόρπωμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπὶ, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or bover over.

ἐπι-πρέπω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseem, be befitting.

ἐπι-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

ἐπι-πρηύνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραύνω, = πραινῶ.
ἐπι-πρίω [ῖ], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.
ἐπιπροέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροήμμι.

ἐπιπροέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροήμμι.
ἐπι-προιάλλω, f. ἄλλω: aor. I -προήλα:—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.

ἐπι-προήμμι, fut. -προήσω: aor. I -προήκα Ep. -ήκα:—to send forth towards or at: to shoot at.

II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροέηκε [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

ἐπι-προσθῆω (A), f. -θέσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθῆω (B), f. ἦσω, (ἐπιπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour forth.

ἐπι-πταίρω: aor. 2 ἐπέπταρον:—to sneeze at: νῆσοι ἐπέπταρε πᾶσαν ἔκπνευσιν may you sneeze at all ships

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, *to be kindly to, favour*.

ἐπιπτεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπτεύωμαι.

ἐπιπτήχῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) *an overfold, a flap*.

ἐπι-πυλλέομαι, Dep. *to go about, visit, Lat. obire*: of a general, *to inspect, review*: of an enemy, *to reconnoitre*. Hence

ἐπιπώλησις, εως, ἡ, *a going round, visitation*.

ἐπι-πωτάομαι, = ἐπι-ποτάομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ἦσω, of the rider, *to urge a horse by shaking the whip*; or of the horse, *to gallop*.

ἐπι-ραθυμέω, f. ἦσω, *to be careless about a thing*.

ἐπιρραίνω, *to sprinkle upon or over*.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew, stitch on*.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -ῥτω, Att. for ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρῖζω, f. ζω, *to offer sacrifices at a place*; ἐτέρπεσκον Ion. impf. 2. *to sacrifice afterwards or besides*.

ἐπιρρεπής, ἐς, *leaning, inclined towards*, Lat. *proclivis*. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, *to lean towards*, of the balance: *to fall upon*. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον *to force down one scale*: hence *to weigh out to one, allot*.

ἐπιρρεπής, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπής, *favourably inclined*.

ἐπι-ρέω: f. -ρεύσονται: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερύσθη: *to flow upon the surface, float atop*. 2. *to flow to or into*: of men, *to stream on or towards*; οὐτιπρὸν χρόνος *onward-streaming time*, i.e. the future.

ἐπι-ρήγγυμι, = ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥήσις) *a reproach*. II. *a spell, charm*.

ἐπι-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω: *to dash against, force upon or to*; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσεσκον. 2. *to rend at or on bearing a thing*. II. intr. *to burst forth*, of lightning.

ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) *to speak as an orator to or over*.

ἐπι-ρητος, ov, *cried out against, infamous*.

ἐπι-ρικνός, ov, *sbrunk up*.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I -έριψα: *to cast at or upon*. 2. metaph. *to commit to, give up to*. II. intr. *to fall upon*.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπιρρέω) *an afflux, influx, a flood*.

ἐπιρροθεύω, f. ἦσω, *to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer*: but also, *to inveigh against*. Hence

ἐπι-ροθος, ov, *hasting to the rescue, aiding*: generally, *helping in need, giving aid against*. II. ἐπιρροθα κακὰ *reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language*.

ἐπι-ροιδέω, f. ἦσω, *to forebode rain by croaking*. Hence

ἐπιρροιδήν, Adv. *with noisy fury*.

ἐπι-ροιέω, f. ἦσω, *to croak to or at*: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φωνὰς τινα *to shriek or bode flight to one*.

ἐπιρροίς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπι-ρύζω, f. ζω, (ἐπί, ῥύζω) *to set a dog on one*.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, Dep. *to save, preserve*.

ἐπιρρύτος, ov, (ἐπιρρέω) *flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious*. 2. metaph. *overflowing, abundant*. II. *overflowed, moist*.

ἐπι-ρῶννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ῶσω: aor. I -έρρωσα: *to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing*:—Pass. ἐπιρῶννυμι; but the pf. ἐπέρωμαι, plqpf. -εppώμην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -εppώσθην: *to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer*: also in aor. I, impers., κείνους ἐπερῶσθη λέγειν *they took courage to speak*.

ἐπι-ρώομαι, aor. I -εppώσάμην: Dep.: *to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing*. II. *to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at*; ποσὶν ἐπερῶσαντο *they moved nimbly with their feet*.

ἐπιρρωσθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρῶννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐπιρρ-.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of ἐπιπίσκω, *to make to drink*.

ἐπίσκιμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάττω) *a pack-saddle*: metaph., ἐπίσκιμα νοσήματος *a burden of disease*. ἐπι-σάττω, f. ζω, *to pile a load upon*. II. *to load or saddle a horse*.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: f. σω: *to shake at or against*. 2. *to wave or beckon on*: hence *to set at or upon one*.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: *to put in motion against one, set on*. II. Pass. *to hurry, hasten towards*: in hostile sense, *to fall upon, rush at, attack*: esp. in pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπεσσύμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύμενος, *to rush on, hurry, hasten*; ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίοιο *hurrying over the plain*: of rapid motion, ἐπέσαντο διώκειν *be basted on to follow*:—metaph. *to be in excitement or agitation*.

ἐπί-σημα, ατος, τό, *device upon a shield*.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, *to set a mark or sign upon*:—Pass. *to be marked, bear a mark*. II. *to give a sign of approval*:—Med. *to give one's approval to a thing*.

ἐπί-σημος, ov, (ἐπί, σῆμα) *having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription*: of money, *stamped, coined*. 2. *distinguished, famous, remarkable*, Lat. *insignis*: also in bad sense, *notorious*. II. ἐπίσημον, τό, as Subst. *any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship*.

ἐπ-ίσως, for ἐπ' ἴσως [sc. μοίρας], *equally*.

ἐπι-σίλω, *to set on, as a dog*.

ἐπί-σιμος, ov, (ἐπί, σιμός) *somewhat flat-nosed*.

ἐπι-σιμῶω, f. ὥσω, *to turn aside one's course*.

ἐπι-στρίλω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ: *to furnish with food*:—Med. *to furnish oneself with food, to forage*: c. acc., ἐπιστρίζεσθαι τὸ σπάτευμα *to provision the army*; ἐπιστρίζεσθαι ἄριστον *to provide oneself with a meal*.

ἐπισιτισμός, εως, ἡ, and ἐπισιτισμα, τό, = sq. ἐπισιτισμός, ὁ, (ἐπισιτίζω) *a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions*.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, f. φω, to dig superficially.
 ἐπι-σκεδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon.
 ἐπι-σκέλλω, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.
 ἐπι-σκεπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.
 ἐπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.
 ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.
 ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκευάσαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence
 ἐπισκευαστής, ού, ό, one who restores.
 ἐπι-σκευή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.
 ἐπίσκειψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.
 ἐπί-σκηος, ον, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.
 ἐπι-σκηνώω, f. ώσω, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.
 ἐπι-σκήπτω, f. φω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τασούτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.
 ἐπι-σκέδω, f. άσω: pf. pass. ἐπισκίαμαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαδραῖον ὄμμι' ἐπισκιαμένη keeping a hidden watch.
 ἐπι-σκίος, ον, (ἐπι, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.
 ἐπι-σκοπέω, f. —σκέβομαι (from —σκέπτομαι): aor. I —εσκεπάμην: pf. —έσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὄνειρος οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.
 ἐπι-σκοπος, ό, (σκοπός 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.
 ἐπι-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπός 1) hitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκηνα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.
 ἐπι-σκορτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.
 ἐπι-σκύβομαι, Pass. with fut. med. —σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.
 ἐπι-σκύθω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to ply with drink like a Scythian.
 ἐπι-στυθροπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.
 ἐπι-σύνυον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὀφρύς, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.
 ἐπισκυσαίτω, Ep. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπισκύβομαι.
 ἐπι-σκύνω, f. φω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπίσκαψις, εως, ή, raillery.
 ἐπι-σμάω, inf. —σμήν, f. —σμήσω, to rub or smear over.
 ἐπι-σμυγερός, ά, όν, (ἐπί, σμυγρός = μογρός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγρῶς, sadly, to his cost.
 ἐπισπαστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ἐπισπᾶω) the bundle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.
 ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself. II.
 ἐπίσπαστος Βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From
 ἐπι-σπᾶω, f. —σπάσω [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τήν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.
 ἐπισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπι-σπείρω, f. ερω, to sow with seed: to sow among.
 ἐπισπείρας, aor. I part. of ἐπισπένδω.
 ἐπίσπεισις, εως, ή, a libation at a sacrifice. From
 ἐπι-σπένδω, f. σπειώ, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.
 ἐπισπερχής, ές, hurried, eager:—Adv. —χῶς. From
 ἐπι-σπέρχω, f. έω, to urge on, hasten. II. intr. to hurry on, rage furiously.
 ἐπισπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπι-σπεύδω, f. σω, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to hasten onward.
 ἐπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.
 ἐπισπονδή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.
 ἐπισπορία, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.
 ἐπίσπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: οί ἐπίσποροι posterity.
 ἐπι-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.
 ἐπίσσω, ης, η, ἐπίσσωμι, ος, οί, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπών, ούσα, όν, aor. 2 part.
 ἐπισ-σείω, ἐπισσένω, Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισένω.
 ἐπίσ-σύτρος, ον, (ἐπέσσυμι, pf. pass. of ἐπισείω) hurrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.
 ἐπισσωτρον, Ep. for ἐπίσσωτρον, a tire.
 ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπιστάδδν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.
 ἐπι-στάζω, f. —στάζω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.
 ἐπι-σταθμάομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.
 ἐπι-σταθμός, ον, ά, belonging to a lodging or station.
 ἐπ-ίσταμαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion.
 ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπίστω: impf. ήπιστάμην Ep. ἐπιστάμην: fut. med. ἐπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ήπιστήθη: Dep.: (ἐπί, ιστήμι). I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be capable of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολλέμοιο skilled or versed in war.
 ἐπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίστω)

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.
ἐπιστάδης, εἰς, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking.

II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march.

2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.

ἐπιστάδην, f. σῶ, and

ἐπιστάδην, f. ἥσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over.

II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly.

III. to stand by, be present.

ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant.

2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind.

II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄλλων president or steward of the games.

2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρότασις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.

ἐπιστάτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.

ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάτο, Ion. for ἐπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.

ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.

ἐπι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I

-εστάλην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—

to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given.

2. to announce, give intelligence.

II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή.

III. to draw in, tighten.

ἐπι-στέναζω, f. ἄζω, to groan over.

ἐπι-στένω or -στέναχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.

ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.

ἐπι-στέφανός, f. ῥωσ, to deck with a garland.

ἐπιστεφής, ες, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπιστεφίας οἶνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.

ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέφαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph.

χόας ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour to the dead.

ἐπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστή, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom.

2. scientific knowledge, science: in plur. the sciences.

ἐπιστήμη, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.

ἐπιστήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.

ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ζω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.

ἐπιστηρτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.

ἐπι-στιλβω, to glisten on the surface.

ἐπι-στίσις, ου, (ἐπί, λήνη) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπι-στίσιον, τό, a dock for ships.

ἐπιστολή, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ᾶ].

ἐπιστολεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary.

II. a vice-admiral.

ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἔξ ἐπιστολῆς by command.

2. a letter, Lat. epistola.

ἐπι-στομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag.

II. to throw down on the face.

ἐπι-στονάχῃ, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.

ἐπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στόρνυμι or -στρώννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass.

-έστρωμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.

ἐπιστράτεα Ion. -ῆτη, ἡ, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march or expedition against one.

ἐπιστράτευσις, εἰς, ἡ, = ἐπιστρατεία. From

ἐπι-στράτεύω, f. σῶ, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.

ἐπι-στράτη, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία.

ἐπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σῶ, to encamp over against.

ἐπιστράφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπι-

στραφῆναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.

ἐπιστρέπτος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired.

ἐπι-στρεφής, ες, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, shrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶς Ion. -έως, earnestly, sharply. From

ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπείστρεψα:—to turn or direct towards.

2. to turn about, turn.

3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend.

4. to curve, twist, make to writhe.

II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [ᾶ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit.

2. to be turned or converted: to repent.

3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean.

III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return.

IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπεστραμμένος, η, ου, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing, vehement.

ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.

ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about.

II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice.

2. a moving about in a place; δομάτων ἐπιστροφάι occupation of the palace.

ἐπιστροφος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.

ἐπι-στρώννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι.

ἐπι-στρωφάω, f. ἥσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.

ἐπίστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἄζω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence

ἐπισυνάγωγῃ, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.

ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.

ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together

against. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf.

—έστηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. —δραυόμην, to run together to.

ἐπισύρμα, ατος, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From

ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do

anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισύστασις, εως, ή, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ξω, to slaughter over or besides, im-molate.

ἐπι-σφάλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαλῆναι) prone to fall, un-steady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάττω, f. ξω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφιγγω, f. γω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίω Att. ίω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραγιστής, ού, ό, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύρον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves

(κημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπι-σχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπι-σχεσία Ion. —ή, ή, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπί-σχεσις, εως, ή, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-σχω, f. ύω [υ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-σχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards. II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2.

intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπι-σχω, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σφρεων, f. σω, (ἐπί, σφρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπί-σφτρον Ep. έπίσσο-, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ή, an injunction, precept. From

ἐπιτάγήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπίταγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπιτάδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ήρος, ό, and

ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ό, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπιτακτος, ου, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, command-ed. II. drawn up, behind; oi έπιτακτοι, the re-serve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ήσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμην [α], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνω, poet. for ἐπιτένω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; έπίταξις του φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ό, lengthened for έπιρροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπιτάσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιτένω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω: aor. I —έτασα:—Pass., aor. I —ετάχθην: pf. —τέταγμα:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under

orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τα έπιτασόμενα orders given. II. to place be-

bind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, ου, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος επιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens

yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχυνω, f. ύνω, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτεῖλαι, aor. I inf. of επιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. —τενώ: Ion. impf. επιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I —ετάθην [α]: pf. —τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, beighten: to

urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained

to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τείχίζω, f. ίω Att. ίω, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country:

c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτείχισις, εως, ή, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτείχισμα, ατος, τό, a fort placed so as to com-mand an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτείχισμός, ό, = επιτείχισις.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. έω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, ac-complish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge

a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., επιτελείσθαι τα του γήραος to have

to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; επιτε-λείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, ac-complished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω fut. —τελώ: aor. I —έτειλα: pf. —τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c.

dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. —τεμώ: aor. 2 —έτᾱμον:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut

short: to abridge.

ἐπι-τεξ, εκος, ή, (ἐπί, τεκείν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ές, pleasing, delightful. From

ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέτᾱμαι, pf. pass. of επιτένω.

ἐπιτετίθενκα, pf. of επιτιθένω.

ἐπιτέτραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of επιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετράφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of επιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τευχω, f. ξω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνόομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτέχνησις, εως, ή, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδειος, α, ου, Ion. επιτήδειος, η, ου, (ἐπιτηδές) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, con-venient.

II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τα επιτήδεια, the necessaries of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., *an intimate friend*, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύω, ἦτος, ἡ, *fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose*.

ἐπιτηδεύω Ion. —έως, Adv. of ἐπιτηδεύω, *suitably, serviceably*.

ἐπι-τηδές, later ἐπι-τηδης, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τὰδε, *for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly*, Lat. *consulto*: *designedly, artfully*.

ἐπιτηδεύμα, ατος, τῷ, (ἐπιτηδείοι) *that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice*, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτηδεύω, εως, ἡ, *attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing*. From

ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδέω); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπὶ with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετήδευσα, pf. ἐπετήδευκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere rei*: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπίτηκτος, ov, *melted or luted to, overlaid*: metaph. *superficial, counterfeit*. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ζω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ἦσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τήρημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon.

2. to set upon, turn or incline towards. II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ἡμὲν ἀνακλίνειν πυκινὸν νέφος ἡδ' ἐπιθεῖναι both to rack the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish.

V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 —έθεμην: to put on oneself or for oneself.

2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τιμάω, f. ἦσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise.

2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμησις, εως, ἡ, a reproving, rebuking: and ἐπιτιμητής, ου, ὁ, an estimator.

II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητὴς ἔργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμῆτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτιμάω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ἡ, (ἐπιτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) done in one's honour.

II. τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person.

2. the assessment of damages, penalty; τὰ ἐπιτίμια τῆς δυσσεβείας the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπὶ-τίμιος, ov, (ἐπὶ, τιμή) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἀτίμιος.

ἐπι-τίθω, ov, (ἐπὶ, τίθη) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τιρώσκω, f. —τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπέτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ἡ, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπίτονος, ov, (ἐπιτείνω) stretched, strained.

II. as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἵμας), ὁ, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσσαις, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

ἐπιτρέπείουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τρέπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτρέψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρέπτειν, verb. Adj. one must permit. From

ἐπι-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεψα, aor. 2 —έτρεπον:—Med., f. Ion. —τρέψομαι: aor. 2 —ετρέπόμεν:—Pass., Ion. aor. I —ετρέφην: aor. 2 —ετρέφην [α]:—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to.

2. to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be entrusted; ᾧ ἐπιτετρέφεται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτετραμμένοι εἰσὶ) to whose charge they have been committed; Ὀραὶς μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτετραπται 3 sing. pf.; τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτροφείας entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person.

II. to make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath.

III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έθρεξα: also (from Root ἐπιδρέμω) fut. —δράμωμαι, aor. 2 —έδραμον: pf. —δέδραμκα, pf. 2 ἐπιδέδρομα:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly.

II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused.

2. c. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country.

3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurrere*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπιτρέψων, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετρίβην [γ]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπίτριπτος, ov, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, backneyed.

ἐπὶ-τρίτος, ov, one and one-third, 1 + $\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—ἐπί-τριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαίος, α, ov, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπεία, ἡ, (ἐπιτροπέω) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπεις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for the office of guardian*.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτροπος) *to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor*.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person*. 2. absol. *an arbitration*.

ἐπιτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian*.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) *runningly, fluently*.
ἐπιτροχος, ον, (ἐπιτρέχω) *running easily: metaph. voluble*.

ἐπι-τρούζω, *to murmur beside or over*.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -τρέγων: *to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat*.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -τέυχων: *to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχών, like ὁ τυχών, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one*.

ἐπι-τυμβίος, α, ον, (ἐπὶ, τύμβος) *at or over a tomb*. II. of the crested lark, with a crest or top-knot.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ον, = ἐπιτυμβίος.

ἐπι-τύφω, ὅ, f. -θύφω: *to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious*.

ἐπιτυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτυχής, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) *bitting the mark, effective, successful*.

ἐπιφάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιφαίνειν.

ἐπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα: *to shew forth, display*. 2. inr. (sub. φῶς) *to shine upon*. II.

Pass. and Med. *to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear*.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, *the appearance, manifestation*. II. *the surface, outside, of anything*.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίνω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -ίστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνεις.

ἐπιφάνηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆται) *coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest*.

II. metaph. *famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable*.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), ον, τό, (ἐπιφανῆται) *the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles*.

ἐπι-φαντος, ον, (ἐπιφαίνομαι) *visible, alive*.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανής, *openly*.

ἐπι-φαντιδός, ον, (ἐπὶ, φάνη) *at the manger*.

ἐπι-φαύω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φάος) *to shine upon*.

ἐπι-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. 1 -ήνεγα: aor. 2 -ήνεγον: (see φέρω): *to bring, put or lay upon: ἐπιφέρειν πῦρ, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail*. 2. *to throw a charge upon one, to impute to*. 3. *to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry*. 4. Pass.

ἐπιφέρεσθαι τι, *to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue*:

—absol. *to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after*.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, φήμη) *to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen*. Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, *a word of good or bad omen*.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ά], *to arrive at, reach first*.

ἐπιφθός, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, *as if from ἐπιφθῆμι*.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγομαι, Dep. *to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said*.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ήσω, *to grudge or withhold from jealousy*. II. *to bear hate against*.

ἐπι-φθονος, ον, *liable to envy or jealousy*. II. *act. bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant*. Hence

ἐπιφθόνως, Adv. *so as to provoke envy*. II. *at enmity*.

ἐπι-φθύζω, *to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθούδοισα*.

ἐπι-φιλοπονεῖν, Dep. *to labour willingly at*.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. φω, *to set on fire, burn up*. 2. metaph. *to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious*. II. intr. *to blaze up, be brilliant*.

ἐπι-φοβος, ον, *frigid, terrible, fearful*. II. *pass. timid*.

ἐπι-φουτάω, f. ήσω, *to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported*.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) *a bringing to or upon: generally an addition*.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, *to bring and put on*. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, *mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert*. II. of

ground, *sloping*. III. *prone or inclined to a thing*.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, *to say after or besides*. II. *Med. and Pass, fut. -φράσομαι: aor. 1 -εφράσαμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—to think of doing, be minded to do*. 2. *to reflect upon, devise, contrive*. 3. *to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of*.

ἐπιφρασταίω, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, *to be shrewd, prudent*.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπιφρων) *thoughtfulness*.

ἐπι-φρουρος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φρουρά) *keeping watch by*.

ἐπι-φρων, ον, gen. ανος, (ἐπὶ, φρων) *thoughtful*.

ἐπι-φύλλιος, ον, (ἐπὶ, φύλλῃ) *distributed to tribes*.

ἐπι-φύλλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, φύλλον) *the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Arisophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted*.

ἐπι-φύττειν, f. σω, *to plant over or upon*.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ίσω ὅ: *to make to grow: upon*. II. *Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφην, pf. ἐπέφισα, to grow upon, to cling closely to*.

ἐπι-φυνέω, f. ήσω, *to fail of, mention*.

ἐπι-φύσσω, (ἐπὶ, φύω) *to grow towards, attain*.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -οίσομαι, *to rejoice over: c. acc., ἐπὶ*

μὲν εὖ πρᾶσσον' ἐπιχαίρει: but mostly in bad sense, to show malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρήναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζω, (ἐπί, χάλα(α) to shower hail upon.
ἐπι-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose. ἐπι-χαλκος, ov, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαρήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.
ἐπιχαρής, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.
ἐπι-χαρίομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπι-χάρως, ιως, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριτώτερος, -ιώτατος, as if from ἐπιχάρω-τος, ov.

ἐπιχαρίτται, Dor. aor. I imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.
ἐπίχαρμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ov, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over: ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.
ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.
ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence ἐπιχείρημα, atos, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχείρησις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person: ~

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεύειν, Ep. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιχέω.
ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. I -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. I -έχευα, inf. -έχευαι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon. II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink.

II. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κέχυμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ov, or a, ov, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, ol, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ov, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.
ἐπι-χραίνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack. ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρῦσος, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.
ἐπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπιχῦθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.
ἐπιχῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωρίζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. ventilare.

ἐπι-χώριος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives: τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ίως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψακάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.
ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψαύω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

ἐπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψογος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable. II. act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπι-ῥωγαι, ὦν, αἱ, (ἐπί, ῥωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπιεῖμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

ἐπλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of πλάζω.
ἐπλάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλάσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, aor. I of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπέλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέλω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med.: ἐπλεω for ἐπέλεω, ἐπέλου: ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. I of πλέκω.

ἐπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλήσθην, aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἐπλων, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνευσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.
ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδάκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-ωδάκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδών, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.
 ἐπ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence
 ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.
 ἐπ-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἑποικος, ὁ, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.
 ἐπ-οικτείρω, to have compassion on.
 ἐπ-οικτιζέω, f. σω, = ἐποικτείρω. Hence
 ἐποικτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.
 ἐπ-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οἰκτος) piteous.
 ἐπ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶμαι, to wail over,
 ἐπ-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.
 ἐπ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχνομαι.
 ἐπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσμαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack. II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰσθὶν ἐποίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.
 ἐπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.
 ἐπ-οκρίεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.
 ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.
 ἐπ-ολολύζω, f. ζω, to raise a cry of triumph at.
 ἔπομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἔπω, q. v.
 ἐπομβρέω, ἦσω, to rain upon; and
 ἐπομβρία, ἡ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to αὐχμός (drought). From
 ἐπ-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.
 ἐπ-ὀρνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ῶμσα: —to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύειν τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομύσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.
 ἐπομύσας, aor. I inf. of ἐπομνυμι.
 ἐπ-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ομφαλός) upon the navel: of a shield, on the boss.
 ἐπὸνᾶσα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.
 ἐπ-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence
 ἐπονείδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.
 ἐπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to sur-name:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν δνομά τυνός to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.
 ἐποντας, acc. pl. of ἐπών.
 ἐπ-οσιζέω, Ep. imperat. -οσίεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.
 ἐποποιέω, a cry to mimic that of the boopoe (ἐπών).
 ἐποποιία, ἡ, epic poetry. From
 ἐπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.
 ἐπ-οπτῶ, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after.

ἐπ-οπτεύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπὶ, ὄψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.
 ἐπ-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.
 ἐπ-όπτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐπὶ, ὄψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.
 ἐπ-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.
 ἐπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to bold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορέξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.
 ἐπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.
 ἐπ-ορθάζω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, ὀρθιος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορ-θιάζειν γόους to lift up the voice in wailing.
 ἐπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπὶ, ὀρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.
 ἐπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.
 ἐπ-ορμέω, Ion. for ἐφορμέω.
 ἐπ-ὀρνυμι and -ύω: fut. -έρσω: aor. I -ῶμσα: (ἐπὶ, ὀρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.
 ἐπ-ορούω, f. σω, to rusb violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.
 ἐπόρσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπὸρνυμι.
 ἐπορσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπὸρνυμι.
 ἐπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.
 ἜΠΟΣ, εος, τό, a word: κατ' ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of I. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἔπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.
 ἐποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίζω.
 ἐπ-οτορίζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.
 ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ὠῶ, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.
 ἐπ-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπὶ, οὐρά) on the tail.
 ἐπ-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπὶ, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.
 ἐπ-ουρίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -ούρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.
 ἐπ-ουρος, ov, (ἐπὶ, οἶρος) blowing favourably.
 ἐπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.
 ἐπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.
 ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.
 ἐπ-οχθίδιος, α, ov, (ἐπὶ, δχθη) on the mountain.

ἐποχον, τό, the saddlecloth, bousing. From ἐποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγῳ μανίας ἐποχοὶ words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat.

ἘΠΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, the booroe, so called from its cry, Lat. *urra*.

ἐπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) to eat with or as sauce.

ἐπ-οψίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) used to eat with bread.

ἐπ-ὀψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) to be looked on.

ἐπ-ὀψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things.

ἐπ-οψις, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἐποψις τοῦ ἱεροῦ the view commanded by the temple: generally, the view or sight of a thing.

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι.

ἐπράθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of πιπράσκει.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἐπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of πιπράσκει.

ἐπρηξα, Ion. for ἐπραξα, aor. I of πράσσω.

ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριάμην, Ion. ἴατο, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

ἙΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. *SEPTEM*, *SEVEN*, Germ. *SIEBEN*.

ἐπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτα-βοιος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἐπτά, γλῶσσα) seven-tongued, seven-toned.

ἐπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἐπτά, δραχμή) worth seven drachms.

ἐπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven years old. II.

of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., for seven years.

ἐπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the planetary system.

ἐπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἐπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. seventeen.

ἐπτάκις, also ἐπτάκι, (ἐπτά) Adv. seven times.

ἐπτάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, seventy thousand.

ἐπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, seven thousand.

ἐπτά-κλινος, ον, (ἐπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds.

ἐπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐπτά) seven hundred.

ἐπτα-κότυλος, ον, (ἐπτά, κοτύλη) holding seven cotylae.

ἐπτά-κτύπος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords.

ἐπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men.

ἐπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόφος) seven-billed.

ἐπτάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-μηνος, ον, (ἐπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month.

ἐπτά-μυτος, ον, (ἐπτά, μύτος) of seven strings.

ἐπτά-μυχος, ον, with seven recesses.

ἐπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἐπτά-πηγυς, υ, gen. εως, seven cubits long.

ἐπτα-πόδες, ου, ὁ, (ἐπτά, πόυς) seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πορος, ον, with seven tracks or paths.

ἐπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πουν, seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἐπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἐπτά-πύργος, ον, seven-towered.

ἐπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἐπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ον, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile.

ἐπτά-στολος, ον, consisting of seven bodies of men.

ἐπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed.

ἐπτα-τειχής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, τείχος) with seven walls.

ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φθόγγος, ον, (ἐπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced.

ἐπτάχα, (ἐπτά) Adv. in seven parts.

ἐπτ-έτης, ἐς, fem. ἐπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven years old.

ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

ἐπτηξα, aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἐπτική, pf. act., ἐπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἐπτοίγηθεν, poet. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίγημαι, poet. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίγησα, poet. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἐπτόμην, aor. 2 of πτόμαι.

ἐπ-υβρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφυβρος.

ἐπυθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἔπος, a versicle.

ἘΠΩ, poet. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔπω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf.

σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔποναι: impf. ἐπόμεν

Ep. ἐπόμεν: fut. ἔσονται: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπό-

μην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέο Ep. σπέο, inf. σπέ-

σθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy about.

II. Med. to follow, Lat. *sequi*: to attend, to obey.

2. in hostile sense, to pursue.

3. to follow with the mind, understand; Lat. *mente assequi*.

ἐπφδῆ, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαοιδῆ (ἐπαῖδω) a song over:

an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἐπφδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπφδῆ.

ἐπφδός, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαοιδός, (ἐπαῖδω) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen.

acting as a charm for or against.

2. sung or said after.

II. Subst., ἐπφδός, ὁ, ἡ, an enchanter or enchantress, wizard or witch.

III. ἐπφδός, ἡ, a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim.

and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except Elegiac; used by Horace.

ἐπ-ὠδύνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.

ἐπ-ὠζω, (ἐπί, ὦ) to wait over.

ἐπ-ὠθέω, fut. -ώσω and -άθσω, to push upon or into.

ἐπώκελα, aor. I of ἐπωκέλλω.

ἐπ-ὠλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλήνη) upon the arm.

ἐπ-ὠμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠμος) on the shoulders.

ἐπ-ὠμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὠμος) the upper part of the shoulder: the neck and shoulder.

2. the biggest part of a ship.

ἐπώμοσα, aor. I of ἐπόμεναι.

ἐπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἐπώνυμ) on oath, sworn. II. pass. *sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.*

ἐπωνυμία, *ῆ*, (ἐπώνυμος) a name given after some person or thing, Lat. *cognomen*; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπὶ τινοῦς to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σchein χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one. 2. a name significant of fate. II. generally, a name.

ἐπωνυμῖος, *α, ov*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.

ἐπ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ἐπὶ, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἀλκύνονη καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called. II. act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἔρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.

ἐπωπάω, to look over, observe. From

ἐπ-ωπή, *ῆ*, (ἐπὶ, ὤψ) a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.

ἐπώπτω, impf. of ἐποπτάω.

ἐπώρα, *Ion.* for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω.

ἐπώρασα, aor. I of ἐπόρυνμι.

ἐπώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπόρυνμι.

ἐπωρίδες, *ιδων, αἱ*, (ἐπὶ, οὐς) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.

ἐπ-ωφέλειω, *ῆ*, ἴσω, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in. Hence

ἐπωφέλημα, *ατος, τό*, a succour, store.

ἐπωφέλια, *ῆ*, (ἐπωφέλειω) help, profit, advantage.

ἐπώχαιτο, 3 pl. Aeol. and *Ion.* plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πᾶσαι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχαιτο all were shut to.

ἐπώχουμην, impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.

*EPÁ, *ῆ*, the Lat. *terra, earth*: only found in Adv. *ἐραζε, to earth.*

EPAMAI, Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσθε: impf. ἡράμην:—Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: aor. I ἡράσθην: aor. I med. ἡράσαμην:—to love, desire, long after.

ἐράνιζω, *f. σω*, (ἐρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution. II. to give a contribution. III. to combine. Hence

ἐράνιστής, *οὔ, δ*, a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.

ἐραννός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐράνος, *δ*, a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. *symbolum*: generally, a feast, festival. 2. any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service. 3. a club or society.

ἐρασδε, Dor. for ἐραζε.

ἐρασί-μολπος, *ov*, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.

ἐρασί-χρήματος, *ov*, (ἐράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.

ἐράσμιος, *α, ov*, also *os, ov*, (ἐράω) lovely, beloved.

ἐρασσαι, Ep. for ἐρασαι, 2 sing. of ἐραμαι.

ἐράστατο, Ep. for ἡράστατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐραμαι.

ἐραστεύω, *f. σω*, = ἐράω, to love, desire.

ἐραστής, *οὔ, δ*, (ἐραμαι) a lover: metaph. an adherent, partizan.

ἐραστός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) beloved, lovely.

ἐρατεινός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐράω) lovely: welcome.

ἐρατίζω, = ἐράω, to desire extremely, be greedy for.

ἐρατός, *ῆ, ὄν*, poet. for ἐραστός, beloved: lovely.

ἐρατό-χρως, *ov*, contr. -χρους, *ov*, (ἐρατός, χρῶς) of face or complexion.

ἐρατύω, Dor. for ἐρητύω.

Ἐρατώ, *οὐς, ῆ*, (ἐρατός) Erätö, Lovely, one of the nine Muses. 2. one of the Oceanides.

ἘΡΑΨΩ, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ἡράσθην used in act. sense: see ἐραμαι:—to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρῶν a lover; ἡ ἐρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. ἐράσμαι in same sense is very rare.

ἐργάζομαι, fut. ἐργάσομαι Dor. ἐργαζοῦμαι: aor. I ἐργασάμην: pf. ἐέργασμαι *Ion.* ἐργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθῆσομαι, aor. I ἐεργάσθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρῆμ' ἐργάσεται the matter works, i. e. goes on. II. trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2. to work at or in; ἐργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold. 3. to earn by working. 4. to make, build: also to produce, cause. III. to work at a trade, drive a trade.

ἐργάθον, Ep. for εἰργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἰργω; inf. ἐργάθειν.

ἐργάλειον *Ion.* -ήιον, τό, (ἐργον) a tool, instrument.

ἐργαξῆ, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργάσειω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, to be about to do, intend to do.

ἐργασία, *ῆ*, (ἐργάζομαι) work, toil, Lat. *labor*: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δός take pains to do. II. a working at a thing; busbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετάλλων working of mines. 2. workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art. 3. gain, earnings, profit.

ἐργάσιμος, *ov*, (ἐργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.

ἐργασμαι, *Ion.* for ἐργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, one must work the land. 2. one must do.

ἐργαστήρ, ἦρος, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) a workman, farmer. ἐργαστήριον, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) a workshop, manufactory, shop.

ἐργαστικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐργάζομαι) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.

ἐργάτης, *ov, δ*, (ἐργον) a workman, busbandman: a practitioner, worker. II. as Adj. bard-working, diligent, energetic. [α]

ἐργατικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (ἐργάζομαι) = ἐργαστικός.

ἐργατίνης, *ov, δ*, = ἐργάτης. [γ]

ἐργάτις, *ιδος, fem.* of ἐργάτης, a work-woman: a hireling, mercenary woman. II. as Adj. working at. [α]

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό*, = ἐργον, a work, deed.

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό*, (εἰργω, ἔρκος) a fence, enclosure.

ἐργυνώ and -νύμι, poet. for εἰργω, ἔργω, to enclose.

ἐργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἐργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; ἐργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. *statuas conducere faciendas*. From

ἐργο-λάβος, ου, (ἐργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἐργόλαβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. *conductor, redemptor*. [α]

ἐργον, τό, (*ἐργω=ἔρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἐργα κόμize mind your own business. 2. in the Il. mostly ἐργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἐργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca; ἐργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil *boum labores*; ἐργα γυναικῶν women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἐργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος. II.

the following peccul. Att. phrases occur: ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὺν ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἐργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἶργω or εἴργω: fut. ἐρῶ or εἰρῶ: aor. I εἶρφα: pf. ἐέργατο, 3 pl. ἐέργαται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἐέργατο or ἐέργατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐέργθεις:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐν τοῖς ἐέργμην to enclose within: γέφυραι ἐέργμηναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact.

II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to binder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἐρῶ, aor. I ἐρφα, pf. ἔοργα, plqpf. ἐώργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἐρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

*ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἐρῶ, etc., see *ἐργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κατὰ ἔρδην τινά or absol. ἔρδην τινά, to do one barm. 2. like Lat. *sacra facere*, ἑρὰ ἔρδην to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ἑρὰ or θυσίας, like *facere* or *operari* in Latin.

ἐρεβανός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Ερεβος) dark, gloomy.

Ἐρεβσφι, Ἐρέβουσφι, v. sub Ἐρεβος.

*ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. *cicer*. ἔρεβο-διφάω, (ἔρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἐρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

Ἐρεβος, τό, gen. εος contr. ους, Ion. Ἐρέβε, Ἐρέβουσφιν:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ερεβόδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

ἐρεῖω, like ἔρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἰρεῖνομαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. —ἰσθω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἠρέθισα, later —ἰθα: (ἐρέθω) —to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate.

II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθιζόμενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἐρέθισμα, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

*ΕΡΕΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

*ΕΡΕΠΑΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. I ἤρεισα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρείσθην: pf. ἐρήρεισμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἠρήρειστο:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδειν πληγὴν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dasb, burl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. *deponere*. II.

intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησιν ἐρείδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρείδε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσόμενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδεὶ χαίται ἐρηρέδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λᾶε ἐρηρέδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΗ, ἡ, beat, beater, Lat. *erica*.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΩ, f. ῥω: aor. I ἤρειφα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρεικόμενος περὶ δουρί rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dasb. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἤρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἔρειο, Ep. for ἔρεο, ἔρου, imperat. of ἔρομαι.

ἐρείοι, οἱ, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἐρείομεν, Ep. for ἐρέωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of ἐρέω.

ἐρείπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρείπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἐρείπια remnants of robes.

*ΕΡΕΙΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἤρειψα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρείφθην: pf. ἐρήριμμαι:—to dasb down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένος θεῶν τis some god dasbes down their race:—Pass. to be dasbed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρείπτω (Ep. plqpf. for ἠρήριπτω):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρείπει, dat. ἐπιτέντι, fallen. II. intr. trans. in aor. 2 ἤρικον Ep. ἐρίκον, pf. 2 ἐρήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἐρείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρείσθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρείσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήρην ἐρείσμι Ἀκράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. *colūmen*. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἐρείψιμος, ου, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἐρείψι-τοιχος, ου, (ἐρείπω, τοῖχος) overthrowing walls.

ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. of ἐρεβανός, black, dark; ἐρεμνὴ φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἐρέω, aor. I of ῥέζω.

ἐρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἔρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτο, = ἐρέφω, to roof over: to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέπαι.

ἐρίσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρομαι.

ἘΡΕΨΣΩ Att. **ἔρω** fut. **ἐρέσω**: aor. **ἔρεσα**:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, **πτερυγῶν ἐρετμοῖσιν ἐρεσσόμενοι** sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*.

2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, handled.

ἐρέτης, ου, ὅ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρετός, ὁ, or **ἐρετμόν**, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar: in pl. only the neut. **ἐρετμά** is used. Hence

ἐρετμῶν, f. ὥων, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέτω, Att. for ἐρέσω.

ἘΡΕΤ ΓΟΜΑΙ, f. **ἐρεῖτομαι**, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *eructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*.

2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach. II. in

aor. 2 act. **ἔριγον**, inf. **ἐρύγειν**, part. **ἐρυγών**, to bel-low, roar.

ἐρευθέδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθῶ, f. ἦσω, to be red. From

ἔρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΤ ΘΩ, fut. **ἐρεύσω**, to make red, stain red.

ἔρευνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἦσω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεύσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἱρεύθω,

ἘΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 **ἔρεψα**:—to cover or roof in a building. II. to cover with a crown, wreath

with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς **ἐρεχθομένη** ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed hither and thither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέψα, aor. 1 of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρῶ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἔρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. **ἐρημάζεσκον**.

ἐρημάτος, α, ov, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρήμος) a solitude, desert, wilderness. II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being

laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas*: of persons, desolation, destitution. 2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, es, (ἐρήμος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-λάλος, ov, (ἐρήμος, λαλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημό-πολις, ι, gen. **ιδος**, (ἐρήμος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ov, (ἐρήμος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗ ΜΟΣ, η, ov, also os, ov: Att. **ἐρημος**:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless.

3. c. gen. **ρεῖστος**, of; destitute of, abandoned by; **στέγει φίλων ἐρημοί**.

II. as Subst., **ἐρήμος** (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. **ἐρήμη** (sub. δίκη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; **ἐρήμην δίκην εἰεῖν** to get judgment by default; **ὀφλεῖν** to let it go by default.

ἐρηνοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From

ἐρημῶν, f. ὥων, (ἐρήμος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of.

II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρήμωσις, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation: and

ἐρηματοῦς, οὔ, ὁ, a desolator.

ἐρηρέδεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρείδω: **ἐρηρέ-**

δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρήριμμα, pf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήνυεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἐρητύω.

ἐρητύω, f. ὥων [ῶ]: aor. 1 **ἐρήνυσα**: (ἐρύω):—to

bold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of ἐρητύω.

ἘΡΙ, insepar. Particle, like **ἀρι-**, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχην, ενος, ὅ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-βόας, ov, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding,

thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ἐς, = ἐριβρομής.

ἐρι-βρομος, ov, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, roaring.

ἐρι-βρύχης, ov, Ep. εω, ὁ, and **ἐρι-βρύχος**, ov, (ἐρι-,

βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βόλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and **ἐρι-βωλος**, ov, with large

clouds, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρι-γδονπος, ov, = **ἐριδονπος**, thundering.

ἐριδαίνω, f. **ἐριδήσω**, (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to

strive for:—aor. 1 inf. med **ἐριδήσασθαι**.

ἐριδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐριδμαίνω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II.

intr. to contend.

ἐριδμάτος, ov, (ἐρι-, δμῆτος) strongly built: hence strong, excessive.

ἐρι-δονπος, ov, (ἐρι-, δονπος) loud-sounding.

ἐρίζεμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. **ἐρίσσω**: Ion. impf. **ἐρίζεσκον**: fut. **ἐρίσω**:

aor. 1 **ἔρισα**, Ep. 3 sing. opt. **ἐρίσειε**: (ἐρίς):—to

strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie

with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

ἐρί-ηρος, ov, (ἐρι-, ἥρω) fitting closely: metaph. as

epith. of **ἐταίρος**, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in

heterocl. plur., **ἐρίηρες ἐταῖροι**, acc. **ἐρίηρας ἐταίρους**.

ἐριθακίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θάλῃς, ἐς, Dor. for **ἐριθηλῃς**.

ἐριθεία, ἡ, (ἱμεῖν) labour for wages. II. in-

triguing, Lat. *ambitus*: party-spirit, faction.

ἐρι-θλής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile.*

ἐριθός, ὁ, also ἦ, a day-labourer, hired servant; in Homer, ἐριθοί, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers in wool.

ἐρίκειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείκω.

ἐρι-κλάγκτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ον, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.* II. pass. *much-weep, bewailed.*

ἐρι-κτύπος, ον, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, κύδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῥ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρι-μύκος, ον, (ἐρι-, μέμυκα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἙΡΙΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, ον, (ἐριον) *of wool, woollen.*

ἙΡΙΝΥΨ (not Ἑρινύς), gen. υός, ἡ; pl. nom. Ἑρινύες contr. -ύς, acc. -ύας contr. -ύς, gen. -ύων contr. -ύν:—the Erinyes or Furies, an avenging deity: the names Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto do not occur till late. At Athens they were called Εὐμενίδες or Σεμναί, by an euphemism. II. as Appellat., μη-τρος ἐρινύες *curses from one's mother; φρενῶν ἐρινύς distraction, frenzy; also, blood-guiltiness.*

ἐριον Ep. and Ion. εἶριον, τό, (εἶπος) *wool, Lat. lana;* also in plur. 2. ἐρια ἀπὸ ξύλου *wool from the tree, i. e. cotton;* so in Germ., *baum-wolle.*

ἐριο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἐριον, πωλέω) *a wool-dealer.* Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-στεπτος, ον, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούnius, ὁ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from ἐρι-, δίνημι, *the helper, luck-bringer;* also absol. Ἑριούnius, *Helper,* as a prop. n. of Hermes.

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὢν, (ἐριον, *ἐργω) *working wool.*

ἐριπε, Ep. for ἥριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἐριπεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρί-πλευρος, ον, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπνη or ἐρίπνα, ἡ, (ἐρείπω) *a broken cliff, crag, scaur; any sheer ascent.*

ἐριπών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρείπω.

ἙΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ; acc. ἐριν and ἐρίδα; pl. ἐρίδες, later ἐρις:—*strife, quarrel, debate; esp. rivalry, contention; discord, jealousy; also in good sense, ἐρις ἀγαθῶν zeal for good.* II. as pr. nom., *Eris, the Goddess of Strife.*

ἐρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ον, (ἐρι-, σμάραγξ) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσειε, -ειαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. I opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσσεται, Ep. for ἐρίσσηται, aor. I subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἐρι-, στάφυλη) *large-clustering, rich in grapes; of wine, made of fine grapes.*

ἐριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἐριστός, ἡ, ὢν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ον, = ἐρισμάραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρί-τιμος, ον, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious.*

ἐρίφειος, ον, (ἐρίφος) *of or belonging to a kid.*

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, *a goat, kid.* [ῥ]

ἙΡΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, also ἦ, *a young goat, kid.* II.

ἐριφοί, ὁλ, Lat. boedi, *a constellation which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφοις in stormy weather.*

ἐρίωλη, ἡ, *a whirlwind, burricane, tornado:* Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἐριον and ὀλλυμι, *wool-consumption.*

ἐρκείος Att. ἐρκείος, ον, and α, ον, (ἐρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Ζεὺς Ἑρκείος, the household god, because his statue stood in the ἐρκος; ἐρκεῖοι πύλαι the gates of the court.*

ἐρκίον, τό, (ἐρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἐρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, εἶργω) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall: mostly of the wall round the court-yard,*

and so *a court-yard: ἀγγέων ἐρκα, periph. for ἀγγη; σφραγίδος ἐρκος, for σφραγίς; ἐρκος ὀδόντων 'be ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες the teeth themselves.* II. *a net, snare: the coils of the lasso.* III. *metaph. any fence or defence, bulwark.*

ἐρκ-ουρος, ον, (ἐρκος, οὔρος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἐρκτή, ἡ, Ion. for εἰρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, *a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πύλος pillar of the state, Lat. columnen.* 2. *a sunken rock or reef, on which a vessel may strike: also a mound, cairn, barrow on land.* 3. *ballast.* II. *μελαινέων ἔρμ' ὀδυνάων, of a sharp arrow, the foundation, i. e. cause, of pangs.* III.

ἔρματα, earrings, akin to ὄρμος: generally, *a necklace, band: a chain.*

ἔρμαιον, τό, (Ἑρμῆς) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts,*

as in Latin *Hercules.*

Ἑρμαῖος, α, ον, Att. Ἑρμαιοσ, ον, (Ἑρμῆς) *of or from Hermes.* II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *a festival in his honour.*

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In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούνιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὄδιος, ἐνὸδιος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμῆδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of *Hermes* in vocat. *my dear little Hermes*.

ἐρμῖς or ἐρμίν, ἴνος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἐρμῖσιν, (ἔρμα) a prop. support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλύφεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of *Hermæ*: generally, a statuary. Hence

ἐρμογλυφικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for a statuary: ἡ ἐρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

ἐρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = ἐρμογλυφεύς.

ἐρμο-κοπίδης, ου, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of the *Hermæ*.

ἘΡΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεί Ἰσος he shot up like a young plant. II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ἐρξα, aor. I of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρξείης or ἐρξίης, ὁ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from *ἐργω, ἐρδω, the worker, doer.

ἐρξω, fut. of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρδός, εἰσα, εν, (ἐρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἐροῖην, for ἐροῖμ, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

ἘΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. εἶρομαι: impf. εἶρόμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤρόμην, imperat. ἔρου Ep. ἐρειο, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροῖμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for. II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing.

ἔρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἔρω, love, desire.

ἘΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἐρπετόν, τό, (ἐρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake: pl. ἐρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

ἐρπήστις, ου, ὁ, (ἐρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

ἐρπύζω, f. σαι, (ἐρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἐρπυλλός, ὁ and ἡ, (ἐρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἐρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρπύζω or ἐρπω.

ἐρπυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐρπυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐρπύζω) a reptile: a crawling child.

ἘΡΙΠΩ, impf. εἶρπον: fut. ἐρίψω Dor. ἐρίψω: aor. I εἶρπισα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, εἰλέκισα):—the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἐρποντα creeping things. 2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

ἐρπυμες, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἐρπω.

ἐρράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαίνω: ἐρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἐρράπισα, aor. I of ῥάπτω.

ἐρρέθεν and ἐρρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἔρω.

ἐρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίγησα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζώ.

ἐρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἐρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἐρρύνηκα, pf. of ῥέω:—ἐρρύνη, aor. 2 pass.

ἐρ-ρυθμός, ον, in rhythm, time or measure.

ἘΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, limping. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἔρρων ἐκ ναὸς gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἔρρε, or ἔρρε ἐς κύρακας, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἔρρετω let him pass, away with him; ἔρ-ρέτω Ἰλίων let Troy perish! ἔρρει τὰ καλὰ the luck is gone!

ἔρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in good health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἐρρωμένος, stoutly: irreg. Comp. ἐρρωμενέστερος, Sup. —έστατος.

ἐρρώοντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥέωμαι; ἐρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἐρρώσθην, aor. I pass.

ἐρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἐρρωσο, ἐρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρση Ep. ἐέρση, ἡ, (ἔρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλνῖα ἐέρση plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-born lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence

ἐρστήεις Ep. ἐέρστήεις, εἰσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ἔρσην, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ἄρσην, ἄρρην.

ἐρυγγάνω, Att. form of ἐρέυγομαι, to vomit.

ἐρύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέυγομαι.

ἐρύμηλος, ἡ, ον, (ἐρέυγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρυγών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρέυγομαι.

ἐρύθαίνω, aor. I ἐρύθηνα, poet. for ἐρυθραίνω, to redden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence

ἐρύθημα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush. ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐρυθρός) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

ἐρυθρός, f. ἄνω [ᾱ], (ἐρυθρός) to be apt to blush.

ἐρυθρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδός, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) red-footed: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

ἘΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ᾱ, ὄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

Ἐρυθρή θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian ocean.

ἐρύκᾱκον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρύκᾱκέειν.

ἐρύκᾱνάω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανῶσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανῶσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανάω.

ἐρύκᾱνω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾱ]

ἐρύκω, f. ζω: aor. I ἤρυκα Ep. ἐρύξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἤρύκᾱκον, or without augm. ἐρύκᾱκον, inf. ἐρύκᾱκέειν: (ἐρύω):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check; γῇ ἐρύκει earth confines

(the dead); *μή με ἔρκε μάχη* keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide.

II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἐρῖμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard. ἐρύματιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρῖμα.

ἐρυμνό-ωτος, ον, with impenetrable back. ἐρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence ἐρυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place. ἐρυμντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ἐρυσιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρυσ-ἀρματός, ον, (ἐρύω, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρυσάρματες, -τας.

ἐρυσί-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἐρυσί-νηϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving ships.

ἐρυσί-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἐρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρύω) a drawing.

ἐρυσμός, ὁ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

ἐρύσασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρύσσομεν, Ep. for ἐρύσωμεν, aor. I subj. of ἐρύω.

ἐρυστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

ἐρύτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἐρύω.

ἘΡΥΩ Ion. εἰρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρύω: aor. I εἰρύσα Ep. εἰρυσσα or ἐρύσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροὺς or νεκρὸν ἐρύειν, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαῖνης ἐρύειν τινά to pull him by the cloak. II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. εἰρύομαι: fut. inf. ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. I εἰρύσασθαι Ep. εἰρυσάμην or ἐρυσάμην: the foll. forms are pass., pf. εἰρύμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εἰρύνται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρύτο or ἐρύτο, 3 pl. εἰρυντο or εἰρυντο:—to draw to one's own side; ξίφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύσασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἐρύεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, guard. 3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔγχος ἐρύτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, bold in honour; θέμιστας εἰρύσται they maintain laws.

ἔρχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔργω, εἰργω:—ἐρχάτο (or ἐέρχάτο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρχάτομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἐρχάτος, ὁ, (ἐργω) a fence, enclosure, hedge.

ἐρχατόωντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐρχάτομαι.

ἐρχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἔργω, εἰργω.

ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἡρχόμην:—the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἡλύθον, syncop. ἦλθον Dor. ἦνθον; later also aor. I ἦλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, 1 pl. εἰλήλουσμεν, part. εἰλήλουσών: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλύθεε Ep. εἰληλούθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:

—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὁδόν or κέλευθον ἐλθεῖν; also ποῖτ', ἀγγελὴν ἐλθεῖν, to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἔρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔγχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἔρχομαι ἐρέω I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire.

II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἐρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πάν ἐλθεῖν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινι ἐρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἐρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc.

ἐρῶ, ἐρῶσμεν, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of ἔρω.

ἔρω, dat. of ἔρος, love: see ἔρας.

ἘΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἐρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and ἔπω as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. ἐήρηκα, pass. ἐήρημαι, plqpf. pass. ἐήρημην; aor. I pass. ἐρήθην and ἐρήθην, inf. ῥήθηνα; fut. pass. ῥηθήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐρήσομαι:—I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; ἐρήτό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to do.

II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres. = ἔρομαι, εἰρομαι, to ask for or offer.

ἘΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὁ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἐρωεῖτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἐρώω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠρώησα Ep. ἐρώησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐποτ' ἐρωεῖ the cloud never leaves it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ῥάομαι.) Hence

ἐρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δουρὸς ἐρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λιμνητήρος ἐρωή the force or swing of the winner's (shovel). 2. an impulse, desire.

II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου ἐρωή.

ἐρωήσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρώω: ἐρωήσαιτε, 2 pl. opt.

ἐρω-μάνω, f. ἦσω, (ἔρος, μάνωμαι) to be madly in love. Hence

ἐρωμάνία, ἡ, mad love.

ἐρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of ἐρώμενος, ὁ, ἐρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω, a loved one, one's love.

ἔρως, ατος, ὁ: heterocl. dat. ἔρω (from ἔρος), acc. ἔραν, for regular dat. ἐρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρος):—love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἔρωτες the Loves. Hence

ἐρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἐρωτάω Ion. εἰρ-, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠρώησα: (ἔρομαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη-

θέν *the question*. II. *to question a person*. III. *to ask, solicit, beg*. Hence ἐρώτημα, ατος, τό, *a question*; ἐρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος *the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers*.

ἐρώτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρωτάω) *a questioning*. ἐρωτιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of ἐρωτικός*. ἐρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρως) *of or caused by love*; ἐρωτική ξυντυχία *a love affair*. 2. *given to love, fond*. Hence

ἐρωτικῶς, Adv. *lovingly, fondly*. ἐρωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐρως) *a loved one, darling*. II. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νῆσοι, *islands of love*.

ἐρωτο-γράφος, ον, (ἐρως, γράφω) *writing on love*. ἐρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (ἐρως, πλάνω) *beguiling love*. ἐρωτο-πλοῦς, f. ἡσω, (ἐρως, πλοῦς) *to sail on love's ocean*.

ἐρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἐρως) *a darling, sweetheart*. II. as Adj., ἐρωτύλα αἰδεῖν *to sing love-songs*. [ῥ] ἐς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, *to*: for all compounds with ἔσ- see under εἰς-.

ἐς, aor. 2 *imperat. of ἵημι*. ἐσ-αγγελεῦς, ἐσ-αγγέλλω, for εἰσαγγ-. ἐσ-αγείρω, v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. *impf. med. ἔσαγείρωτο*, Ep. aor. 1 *med. ἔσαγείρωτο*. ἐσ-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἐσ-αἰέν, (ἐς, αἰέν) Adv. *for ever*. ἐσ-αθρέω, ἐσ-ἄκοντιζω, ἐσ-ἄκούω, v. sub ἐσ-. ἐσαθρήσασμαι, aor. 1 opt. of εἰσαθρέω. ἐσάλλο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. *impf. of εἰμί sum*. ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. *impf. of ἔννυμι*. ἐσάντα, v. εἰσάντα.

ἐσ-άπαξ, Ion. for εἰσαπ-, (ἐς, ἀπαξ) *at once*. ἐσάπην [ᾗ], aor. 2 pass. of σῆπω.

ἐσ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for εἰσαπικνέομαι. ἐσ-ἄρασσω, v. εἰσάρασσω.

ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 *med. of ἔννυμι*. ἐσ-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, *until, c. gen.*

ἐσάωθεν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σαώω, Ep. for σώζω. ἐσάωσα, aor. 1 of σαώω, Ep. for σώζω.

ἐσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίω. ἐσ-βαίω, ἐσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίω, εἰσβάλλω.

ἐσβάς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω. ἐσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι.

ἐσ-βιβάζω, ἐσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή. ἐσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι.

ἐσ-διδωμι, ἐσ-δύομαι, ἐσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ-. ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδόμεθα, Dor. for ἐξόμενοι, ἐξόμεθα.

ἔσειαι, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔση, ἔσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἐσδράκον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι. ἐσδράμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

ἔσ-εμ, v. εἰσεμ. ἐσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι. ἐσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐσεμαίομαι (cf. ἐπιμαίομαι), *to touch*; μάλα γάρ με θάναν ἐσεμάσασατο

θυμὸν for by his death he very much touched me in heart.

ἐσέπατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέταμαι. ἐσεργύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσείργω, εἰσέργω. ἐσ-έρχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.

ἐσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάττω. ἐσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέχω.

ἐσ-έχω, ἐσ-ἠθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσθβέω. ἐσήλατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἐσημῆναντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of σημαίνω. ἔσηνα, aor. 1 of σαίω.

ἔσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσθέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθην.

ἐσθῆ, (ἐσθής) *to clothe*:—Pass. *to be clothed, dressed*; mostly in pf. ἥσθημαι Ion. ἔσθημαι; ἔσθητα ἔσθημένος *clad in raiment*. Hence

ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, *a garment, dress*.

ἔσθην, 3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι. ἐσθής, ἥτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) *a garment*: *dress, clothes, raiment*, Lat. vestis.

ἐσθῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐσθέω) *clothing, raiment*. ἐσθίω, Ep. inf. ἐσθιέμεν: *impf. ἥσθιον*: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. *ἔδω): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass.

ἐδήδεσμαι: aor. 1 pass. ἤδεσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφάγον (from Root *ΦΑΓΩ)—*the Lat. EDO, to eat*: metaph. *to devour, consume*, like fire or an eating disease;

ἐσθίειν ἑαυτὸν *to vex or annoy oneself*; ἐσθίειν τὴν χελύνην *to bite the lip*:—Pass. *to be eaten*; οἶκος ἐσθιεται *the house is eaten up*.

ἔσθλο, ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐσλός, ἄ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, good of his kind: *brave, stout*; also noble, wealthy: kind, good. 2. of omens, good, lucky. 3. as

Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλόν good luck. ἐσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλός.

ἐσθορον, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθράσκω. ἐσθος, εως, τό, = ἐσθής, *a dress, garment*.

ἐσθ' ὅτε, for ἐστὶν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, *there is a time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes*.

ἐσ-θρώσκω, v. εἰσθράσκω. ἐσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθέμεναι, *impf. ἥσθον*, poet. form of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour*: metaph. *to eat up or consume one's means*.

ἐστίγθην [ᾗ], Dor. aor. 1 pass. of σιγάω. ἐσίδειν, for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσεῖδω.

εἰσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσεῖδω. ἐστίμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίστημι.

εἰσίζηται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι. ἐσ-ίημι, ἐσ-ικνεόμαι, ἐσ-ίπταμαι, v. ἐσ-.

ἐσ-καταβαίω, v. εἰσκ-. ἐσκατέθετο, for εἰσκατέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκατατίθην.

ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, 3 sing. *impf. of εἰμί sum*. ἐσκέδασα, aor. 1 of σκεδάννυμι.

ἔσκεμμαι, pf. of σκοπέω. ἐσκιδναντο, 3 pl. *impf. pass. of σκιδνῆμι*.

ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2. ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, *impf. of εἰμί sum*.

ἑσλός, Dor. for ἑσθλός.
 ἑσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.
 ἑσμός or ἑσμός, ὁ, (ἡμῃ) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἑσμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.
 ἑσμο-τόκος, ον, (ἑσμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.
 ἔσο, Ep. for ἔσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.
 ἔσο-οικέω, ἔσο-οικίζω, v. εἰσ-.
 ἔσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence
 ἔσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.
 ἔσο-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.
 ἑσορώμεσ, Dor. for εἰσορώμεν.
 ἑσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἑσόφομαι, fut. of ἑσοράω, εἰσοράω.
 ἑσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθῶ.
 ἑσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.
 ἔσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.
 ἙΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj.
 ἑσπερος: 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἑσπέρας (gen. of time) at eve: ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at night-fall; εἰς or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening: in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country. Hence
 ἑσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπεριος.
 ἑσπεριος, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἑσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.
 ἑσπερίς, ἰδὸς, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπεριος, at evening.
 II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.
 ἙΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut. ἑσπερα, τά, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; ἑσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.
 ἔσπετε, for εἰπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἰπον.
 ἑσπόμεν, aor. 2 of ἐπομαι: Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσθω, subj. ἔσπονται, opt. ἑσποίμην, inf. ἐσπείσθαι, part. ἐσπούμενος.
 ἔσπον, aor. 2 of ἐπω.
 ἔσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐννυμι; ἔσαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἑσάμενος, aor. I part. med.
 ἑσείτα, 3 sing. of ἑσσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἑσσεσθαι, for ἔσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἑσσενα, Ep. for ἔσενα, aor. I of σεύω.
 ἑσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἐννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἑσσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἑσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐννυμι.
 ἑσδόμαι, Ion. for ἡσδόμαι: impf. ἑσσοῦμην: aor. I ἑσώθην: pf. ἑσσωμαι: Pass.: (ἔσαν, Ion. for ἡσαν):—to be beaten.

ἑσσύμαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: ἑσσύμην, plqpf. with sense of aor. 2.
 ἑσσύμενος, ἡ, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἑσσύμενως hastily, vehemently.
 ἑσσύο, ἑσσύτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.
 ἑσσωθῆναι, Ion. for ἡσσωθῆναι, v. ἑσσω.
 ἔσω, Ep. fut. of ἐννυμι.
 ἔσσω, Ion. for ἡσσω.
 ἔσταα, pf. 2 of ἵστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual ἑστάτον, plur. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάτε, ἑστάσι; inf. ἐστάναι Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι; part. ἐσταῶς Att. contr. ἐσῶς Ion. ἐστεῶς and ἐστηῶς, fem. ἐστάσα.
 ἑσταί, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.
 ἐστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἑσταλκα, pf.
 ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἑσταα.
 ἑστάμεν, 1 pl. of ἑσταα.
 ἑσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.
 ἑσταναι, for ἐστηκέναι, v. ἑσταα.
 ἑστάότες, plur. of ἐσταῶς, v. ἑσταα.
 ἑστάσαν, 3 pl. poet. plqpf. of ἵστημι, they stood, v. ἑσταα: but 2. ἑστάσαν, shortd. for ἐστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἵστημι, they placed.
 ἑστάσι, 3 pl. poet. pf. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.
 ἑστάτε, 2 plur., and ἑστάτον, 2 and 3 dual; see ἑσταα.
 ἐσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρίζω.
 ἔσ-τε Dor. ἔσ-τε: (ἐς, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.
 ἔστελα, aor. I of στέλλω.
 ἑστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.
 ἐστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερῶ.
 ἐστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανώω.
 ἑστεῶς, Ion. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.
 ἑστηκα, ἑστήκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.
 ἑστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἵστημι.
 ἑστήξω, ἑστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἵστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι from θνήσχω.
 ἐστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στρίψω: ἐστήρικτο, plqpf.
 ἑστήσα, ἑστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἵστημι.
 ἑστηῶς, Ion. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v. ἑσταα.
 ἑστία Ion. ἱστία, ἡ, (ἕζομαι) the hearth of a house; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as nom. pr., Ἑστία Ion. Ἰστία, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.
 ἑστιᾶμα, ατος, τό, (ἑστιᾶω) a banquet,
 ἑστιαρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house. From ἑστι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἑστία, ἀρχω) master of a house.

ἑστίασις, *ἑσ*, ἡ, (ἑστίαω) *a feasting, banqueting.*
 ἑστίαω impf. ἐστίαν· f. ἐστιάω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐστίασα: pf. ἐστίακα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστίασμαι: aor. I ἐστιάσθην: pf. ἐστίαμαι: (ἑστία):—*to receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:*
 —Pass. *to be a guest, be feasted:* c. acc. rei. *to feast on:* ἐστίασθαι ἐνύπνιον *to have a visionary feast.*

ἑστι-οὔχος, *ον*, (ἑστία, ἔχω) *guarding the house or state.* 2. *having an altar or hearth.* 3. *on the hearth or altar.*

ἑστιόω, f. ὥσω, (ἑστία) *to found a hearth or house:*
 —Pass., δῶμα ἐστιοῦται *the family is established.*

ἑστιχόν, aor. 2 of στείχω.

ἑστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω.

ἑστιώτης, *ον*, δ, fem. -ώτης, ἴδος, (ἑστία) *of or from the house.*

ἕστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμ.

ἑσ-τοξεύω, = εἰσ-τοξεύω.

ἕστοργα, pf. of στέργω.

ἑστώρεσα, aor. I of στορέννυμι.

ἑστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.

ἑστράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.

ἑσ-τρίς, (ἑσ, τρίς) Adv. *until three times, thrice.*

ἑστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στράννυμι.

ἑστρωσα, -ώτην, aor. I act. and pass. of στράννυμι.

ἕστωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στράννυμι.

ἕστιγον, aor. 2 of στήγω.

ἕστωρ, *ορος*, δ, *a peg or nail at the end of the pole, on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness was fixed.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἑστώς, -ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v. ἕσταα.

ἑσύλησα, aor. I of σῦλάω.

ἑσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμμι.

ἑσύρα, aor. I of σύρω.

ἑσύρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.

ἑσ-ύστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὑστερον, *for the future.*

ἑσάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἑσφαγμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἑσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαιρόω.

ἑσφάλην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλλω.

ἑσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλλω.

ἑσφαξα, aor. I of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἑσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.

ἑσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκῶ.

ἑσφήλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.

ἑσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.

ἑσφραγισμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.

ἙΣΧΑΨΑ Ion. ἑσχάρη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἑσχαρόν:—*the hearth, fire-place, like ἑστία; πυρὸς ἑσχαράι watch-fires.* II. *an altar for burnt offerings.* III. *a pan of coals: a brasier.* Hence

ἑσχαρεῖν, ὄνος, δ, = ἑσχάρα I.

ἑσχάριος, *ον*, (ἑσχάρα) *of or on the hearth.*

ἑσχαρόφην, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἑσχάρα.

ἑσχάσα, aor. I of σχάζω.

ἑσχατώ, (ἑσχατος) *to be at the edge; only used in*

Ep. part., ἑσχατόων, ὄωσα, *of men, lurking about the edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.*

ἑσχατώ Ion. -ή, ἡ, (ἑσχατος) *the furthest part, the edge, border, verge.* II. *a remote, retired spot.*

ἑσχάτιος, *ον*, poet. for ἑσχατος.

ἑσχάτος, ἡ, *ον*, (ἑκ, ἐξ) *the furthest, uttermost, extreme; ἑσχατοὶ ἄνθρωποι most remote of mankind:—the furthest each way:* 1. *the uppermost, highest,*

Lat. summus. 2. *the lowest, Lat. imus.* 3. *the innermost, Lat. intimus.* II. *of sufferings, the*

uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἑσχατον, τὰ ἑσχατα, *the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἑσχατ' ἑσχατων κακὰ worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἑσχατώτατα the extremest.* III. Adv. ἑσχατώς, *to the uttermost, extremely:* also neut. ἑσχατον as Adv. *for the last time:* Comp. ἑσχατώτερον *more extremely,*

Sup. ἑσχατώτατα, *most utterly.*

ἑσχατόων, ὄωσα, Ep. part. of ἑσχατάω.

ἑσχεθόν, poet. for ἑσχω, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέθον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι; inf. σχεθεῖν Ep. -εῖν; part. σχέθων.

ἑσ-χέω, for εἰσ-χέω.

ἑσχηκα, ἑσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.

ἑσχίσα, aor. I of σχίζω.

ἑσίστην, aor. I pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσπισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.

ἑσχον, ἐσχόμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.

ἑσχω, impf. of σχάζω.

ἕσω Ep. ἕσω, fut. of ἐννυμ.

ἕσω, Adv. for εἶσω, within: Comp. ἐσωτέρω, *more within: inner:*—Sup. ἐσωτάτω, *most within.* Hence ἐσωθεν and -θε, Adv. *from within: within, inside.* ἐσώθη, aor. I pass. of σώζω.

ἑσώτατος, ἡ, *ον*, Sup. Adj. from ἕσω, *innermost,* Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἕσω.

ἐσώτερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. Adv. from ἕσω, *inner,* Lat. interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἕσω.

ἐτάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτάζω, f. σω, (ἐτεός) *to examine, test.*

ἐτάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of τείνω.

ἑταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἑταῖρος.

ἑταιρεία or -ία Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (ἑταῖρος) *companionship: an association, club, brotherhood.* II. *at Athens, a political club or union for party purposes.* III. generally, *friendship, intimacy.*

ἑταιρεῖος, *α*, *ον*, Ion. -ήϊος, ἡ, *ον*, (ἑταῖρος) *of comrades or fellowship:* Ζεὺς ἑτ. *presiding over fellowship.*

ἑταιρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἑταῖρα) *to be a courtesan.*

ἑταιρητή, -ήϊος, Ion. for ἑταιρεία, -εῖος.

ἑταιρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, (ἑταῖρος) *to be one's comrade or companion in arms.* 2. = ἑταιρέω, *to be a courtesan.*

ἑταιρική, -ήϊος, Ion. for ἑταιρεία, -εῖος.

ἑταιρικός, ἡ, *όν*, = ἑταιρέος, *of or like a comrade, social; τὸ ἑταιρικόν = ἑταιρεία.*

ἑταιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἑταῖρα, *a courtesan.*

ἑταιρίσσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἑταιρίζω.

ἑταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἑτάρος, δ, (ἑτης) *a companion, comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a comrade,*

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρότατος. II. ἑταῖρα Ion. ἑταῖρη Ep.

ἑτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυνος, ἡ, on, friendly: as Subst. a friend. ἑτάκευ, ἑτάκετο, Dor. for ἑτήκευ, ἑτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἑτάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω. ἑτάκον, -όμεν, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.

ἑτάλασσε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω.

ἑτάμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἑτάξα, aor. I of τάσσω.

ἑτάραξα, aor. I of ταραάσσω.

ἑταρίομαι, Ep. for ἑταιρίζομαι.

ἑτάρος, ἑτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑταῖρος, ἑταῖρα.

ἑτάρπην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτας, acc. pl. of ἑτης.

ἑτάτυμος, Dor. for ἑτήτυμος.

ἑτάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

ἑτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.

ἑτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of θάπτω.

ἑτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

ἑτέθηπα, Ep. plpf. of τέθηπα.

ἑτέθυτο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω.

ἑτειος, α, on, (ἑτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἑτεκον, ἑτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω.

ἑτελείετο, Ep. for ἑτελείετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.

ἑτελέσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω.

ἑτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ἑτεμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

Ἑτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἑτεοί, Κρήτες) true Cretans.

ἙΤΕΟΣ, ᾱ, on, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἑτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. *revera*:—Att. in ironical questions, ἑτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. *itane*? Ion. dat. fem. ἑτεῇ is also used as Adv., in truth.

ἑτερ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, ἀλή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκεία νίκην δούναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκής a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκής a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. *anceps*.

ἑτερ-ήμερος, on, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος.

ἑτερό-γλωσσος Att. -πτος, on, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

ἑτερό-γνάθος, on, with one side of the mouth harder than the other, of a horse.

ἑτερο-διδασκαλέω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, on, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, heterodox.

ἑτερό-ζηλος, on, (ἑτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἦσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

ἑτερό-ζυγος, on, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

ἑτεροῖος, α, on, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οίως. Hence

ἑτεροῖω, f. ὥσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλίνης, ἐς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

ἑτερό-πλοος, on, contr. -πλους, on, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

ἑτερορ-ρεπής, ἐς, and ἑτερόρ-ροπος, on, (ἑτερος, βλέπω) inclined to one side; ἑτερορρεπής Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.

ἙΤΕΡΟΣ, α, on, Lat. *ALTER*, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρη to carry in one of his hands; ἑτεροὶ ἑτέραν ἄρχουσι the one rule the other; ἑτερος τοιοῦτος another such; ἑτερα τοσαῦτα as many more, Lat. *alterum tantum*; δεύτερος ἑτερος yet a second. 2. also like Lat. *alter*, for δεύτερος, second; ἡ ἑτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλος, Lat. *alius*, opp., not to one, but to many.

III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like ἄλλοις; other (than good), Lat. *sequior, evil*. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τῇ ἑτέρᾳ, θατέρᾳ (sub. ὁδῷ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. χειρὶ) with one hand, i. e. with the left hand; and (sub. ἡμέρᾳ) on the next day. 2. also neut., τὸ ἕτερον, τὰ ἕτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [ᾱ] for ἑτερος: whereas in Att. ἄτερος [ᾱ] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἑτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρῳ, acc. θατέρον.]

ἑτερό-τροπος, on, (ἑτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.

ἑτερό-φωνος, on, (ἑτερος, φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

ἑτέρωτεο, 3 sing. impf. of τέρσσομαι.

ἑτέρωφθην, aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. from the other side. II. on the other side, opposite.

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere; ἑτέρωθεν τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. at another time.

ἑτέρως, Adv. of ἑτερος, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσε, (ἐτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side : hence to another place.

ἐτεροῦτα, Aeol. for ἐτέρωθι, at another time.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχато, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτετμον, impf. of τέτμω.

ἐτέτυξο, -ύκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτεύξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἐτήξα, aor. I of τήκω.

ἘΤΗΣ, οὐ, ὃ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II.

Att. a townsman, neighbour : a private citizen. III.
for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτήσιαί (sub. ἄνεμοι), ὧν, οἱ, (ἐτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ὧν, (ἐτος) a year long, for a year. 2.
yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμῃ, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτήτυμος, ὧν, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

ἘΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. aduc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still.

III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἐτι δέ may more; ἐτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἐτι μάλλον yet more.

ἐτίθειε, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τίθεω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμῃσα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἐτλην Dor. ἐτλῶν, aor. 2 of the root *τλάω: but ἐτλῶν, Ep. for ἐτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

ἐτμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐν-ἡρύσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐννος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

ἘΤΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans : soup, pudding.

ἐτοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα : (ἐτοίμος) :—to make or get ready, prepare :—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready : c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ἐτοιμᾶσία, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation : readiness.

ἐτοιμοσσωσάτο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

ἘΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἔτοιμος, ἡ, ὧν, or ος, ὧν, at hand, ready, prepared; ἐξ ἔτοιμον immediately, off band. II. τὸ ἔτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μάλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand.

one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready,

active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile. III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἐτοιμότης, ἡτος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἐτοιμο-τόμος, ὧν, (ἐτοίμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

ἐτοιμῶς, Adv. of ἐτοίμος, readily: Comp. and Sup.,

ἐτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

ἐτορον, aor. 2 of τορέω.

ἘΤΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a year; κατὰ ἔτος every year; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος every year; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἐτός, Adv., = ἐτῶσις, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἐτός not without reason :—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ' ὥς ἔμ' ἦλθεν οὐδὲ πώποτε; it was not for nothing then? (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγον, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω.

ἐτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἐτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἐτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τιτρώσκω.

ἐτύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of θύω.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἐτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word : its derivation, etymology.

ἐτύμος, ὧν, rarely ἡ, ὧν, (ἐτέος) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἐτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. ἐτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [ῡ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύφην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχῃσα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτῶσιο-εργός, ὧν, (ἐτῶσιος, ἔργον) working in vain.

ἐτῶσιος, ὧν, (ἐτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εἶς, well, opp. to κακῶς; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily: εὖ ἔχειν or ἡκεῖν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἡκεῖν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: εὖ γεγονῶς well born. II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικᾶτω may the right prevail.

III. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὖ, Ion. for οὖ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἰσμαι Att. ιούμαι, Dep. (εὐαγγέλιος) :—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings: to preach the gospel :—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one :—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐαγγέλιος) the reward of good

tidings:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδησαί τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II. *the glad tidings, the gospel*.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὐ, δ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.

εὐ-ἄγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.

εὐ-ἄγνω, f. ἴσω, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγος) guileless, pure, undefiled, Lat. castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐἄγως.

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, (ἀγω) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, = εὐανγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα

εὐαγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-ἄγιστος, ον, = εὐἄγης, bright, clear. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀγκάλως, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the arms.

εὐ-αγκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀγκος) with fair valleys or glades.

εὐ-αγορεύω, Dor. for εὐηγορεύω.

εὐαγρεσία, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From

εὐ-αγρέω, (εὐ, ἀγρα) to have good sport. Hence

εὐ-αγρία, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-αγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγρα) lucky in the chase, successful.

εὐ-αγωγός, όν, (εὐ, ἀγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-άγων, ανος, ό, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγών) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ᾶ]

εὐᾶδε, Ep. for εἰᾶδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

εὐᾶζω or εὐᾶζω, (εὐα) to cry εὐα in honour of Bac-

chus:—also in Med. εὐᾶζομαι.

εὐ-ἄης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀήμι) with a good breeze, airy. II.

act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-ἄλος, ον, (εὐ, ἄλλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-αίνητος, ον, (εὐ, αἰνέω) much-extolled.

εὐ-αἰρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰων, ανος, ό, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life, generally, happy; εὐαίων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἄκοέω, εὐᾶκος, Dor. for εὐηκ-.

εὐ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐηλ-.

εὐ-ἀλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφίτων) of good meal.

εὐ-άλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλῶναι) easy to be taken. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀμπelos, ον, (εὐ, ἀμπelos) with fine vines.

εὐᾶν, euph! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὐα, εὐοῖ.

εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of goodmen. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ἀνδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) abounding in good men

and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-ἀνεμος [ᾶ], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-ἀνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers,

flowery.

εὐανθῶ, f. ἴσω, to be flowery or blooming. From

εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2.

also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-ἄνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήνιος, [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀνορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηνορία.

εὐ-ἀντητος, ον, (ἀντῶ) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ό, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ᾶ]

εὐ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid

of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἀπάτητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπάτῶ) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀπόβάτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτελιχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποτελιχίζω) easy to be

walled off or blockaded.

εὐἄρεστέω, f. ἴσω, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ἄρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-

ἀρέστως, Comp. -τοτέραις.

εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-ἄρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἄρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful

chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμυστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἄρμυστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμόζω) well-adapted, accom-

modating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-ἄρνος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἄροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρόω) well-ploughed, easy to be

ploughed.

εὐ-ἄρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making

a good beginning.

εὐᾶς, ἄδος, ό, ἡ, (εὐα) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.

εὐᾶσμα, ατος, τό, (εὐᾶζω) a Bacchanalian shout.

εὐᾶσμός, ό, (εὐᾶζω) the cry of εὐα, a shout of revelry,

esp. of Bacchic revelry.

εὐᾶστερα, ἡ, fem. of εὐᾶστήρ.

εὐᾶστήρ, ἡρος, ό, and εὐᾶστής, οὐ, ό, (εὐᾶζω) α

Bacchanal.

εὐᾶτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αύχην, ενος, ό, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχήν) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος, Ion. εὐᾶπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγέομαι)

easy to describe.

εὐ-ἄχης, εὐ-ἄχητος [ᾶ], Dor. for εὐήχης, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακος, ον, (εὐ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βάτος, ον, (εὐ, βατός) accessible: passable.

εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful

eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ης, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an

island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβολέω, f. ἴσω, to make a good throw. From

εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλεῖν) throwing luckily. Adv.

εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὐ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good

pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυος, ον, and εὐ-βοτρυς, υ, gen. vos, (εὐ, βό-

τρυς) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ουν, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γῦθής, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile.

εὐγενεία, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, bigb descent.

II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὖ-γένειος Ep. ἡβ-, ον, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.

εὖ-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, = sq.

εὖ-γενής Ep. εὐγ-γενής and ἡβ-γενής, ἐς, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of bigb descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, bigb-bred, noble.

εὖ-γενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = εὐγενεία.

εὖ-γεως, ον, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγεios.

εὖ-γηθής, ἐς, and εὖ-γῆθτος, ον, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρῶ) happy old age.

εὖ-γηρυσ, υ, sweet-sounding.

εὖ-γηρως, ον, (εὖ, γῆρας) happy in old age.

εὖ-γλάγετος, ον, εὖ-γλάγής, ἐς, and εὖ-γλάγος, ον, (εὖ, γλάγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐγλαγι, as if from εὖ-γλαξ.

εὖ-γλυπτος, ον, and εὖ-γλύφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τρία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From εὖ-γλωστος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὖ, γλώσσα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II. act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, ατος, τό, (εὐχομαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II.

= εὐχή, a prayer.

εὖ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐγν-, ον, (εὖ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὖ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὖ-γνωστος, ον, (εὖ, γινώσκω) well-known, familiar.

εὖ-γομφος, ον, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὖ-γονος, ον, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὖ-γραμμος, ον, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὖ-γράφής, ἐς, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II.

act. writing or drawing well.

εὖ-γώνιος, ον, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὖ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδαιμων) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμονήμα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σω, (εὐδαιμων) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαιμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κάς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαιμων, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

εὖ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὖ-δακρύτος, ον, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὖ-δέελος, ον, (εὖ, δέελος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὖ-δεῖπνος, ον, (εὖ, δείπνον) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοί δαίτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δενδρος, ον, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὐδεσκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δηλος, ον, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδω.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὖ-διάβατος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὖ-διαίτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὖ-δαίαιος, ον, (εὖ, δαίαια) living temperately.

εὖ-διανός, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδίαω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὖ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὖ-δίνητος, ον, (εὖ, δινέω) easily turning or turned.

εὖ-διος, ον, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup.

εὐδιέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδαιίτερος.

εὖ-δμητος Ep. εὐδ-, ον, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὖ-δοκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμω, f. ἦσω: impf. and aor. I ἠδοκίμων, ἠδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδόκιμος):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular; εὐδοκίμειν ἐν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὖ-δοκίμος, ον, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὖ-δοξος, ον, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὖ-δρακτής, ἐς, (εὖ, δρακνέω) sharp-sighted.

εὖ-δροστος, ον, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

ΕΥΔΩ, impf. ἠδων Ep. εὐδων: fut. εὐδήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II. metaph. to rest, be still or busied: to cease.

εὖ-ἐανος, ον, (εὖ, ἐάνω) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὖ-έδρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὖ-έθειρος, ον, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὖ-εἰδής, ἐς, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὖ-εἰλος, ον, (εὖ, εἰλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὖ-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὖ-εἰρος Att. εὐείρος, ον, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὖ-έλεγκτος, ον, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὖ-έλπις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐέλπι, gen. ἰδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὐέλπις εἰμι, c. inf. to be of good hope that.

εὖ-ἐξάλεπτος, ον, easy to blot out or erase.

εὖ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (εὖ, ἐξαπατῶ) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἐξίς) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.

εὐ-έξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.

εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. =

εὐφημία, words of good omen. From

εὐ-επίης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐπος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2.

making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.

εὐ-επία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.

εὐ-επιβουλευτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.

εὐ-επίθετος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked: εὐεπιθετόν ἐστὶ τινι it is easy for one to make an attack.

εὐ-επίτακτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.

εὐεργεσία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From

εὐεργετέω, f. ἦσω: in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐηργέτουν, εὐηργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτης):—to do well, do good. II.

to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετιῶσθαι τι to have a kindness done one. Hence

εὐεργέτημα, ατος, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.

εὐ-εργέτης, ον, δ, (εὐ, *ἐργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.

εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.

εὐεργετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good.

εὐ-εργέτις, ἰδος, fem. of εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐ, *ἐργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργέα, good deeds, benefits.

εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὐ, *ἐργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.

εὐ-ερκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἔρκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.

εὐ-έρκτης, οὐ, δ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-ερνής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἔρνος) sprouting well, flourishing.

εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐείρος.

εὐ-εστῶ, οὐς, ἡ, (εὐ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity.

εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἔτος) a good season.

εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.

εὐ-εύτερος, ον, (εὐ, εὐρίσκω) easy to find.

εὐ-έφοδος, ον, easy to assail.

εὐ-ζηλος, ον, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλως.

εὐ-ζυγος Ep. εὐζυγος, ον, (εὐ, ζυγόν m) of a ship, well-benched.

εὐ-ζυγέ, ὄν, ἡ, (εὐ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.

εὐ-ζωά, Dor. for εὐζωία.

εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, ον, (εὐ, ζώνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's

loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praecinctus: unencumbered*, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, ον, (εὐ, ζαρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. -ζωρότερος, also irreg. -έστερος.

εὐη-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.

εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἡγέομαι) good government.

εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.

εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. -λή, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From

εὐ-ήθης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἡθος) well-disposed, single-hearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv.

εὐηθῶς, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐηθία, ἡ, Ion. for εὐήθεια.

εὐηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. -κῶς, in simple fashion.

εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.

εὐ-ήκοος, ον, (εὐ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to bear.

εὐ-ηλάκτος Dor. εὐἰλακ-, ον, (εὐ, ἡλακτῆ) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.

εὐ-ἡλᾶτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐλαύνω) easy to drive or ride over;

πεδίον εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.

εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ον, (εὐ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*:—Adv. -ίως, with bright, sunny weather.

εὐ-ημερέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence

εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.

εὐ-ήμερος, ον, (εὐ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.

εὐημερία, ἡ, a fair wind. From

εὐ-ήνεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.

εὐ-ήνιος, ον, (εὐ, ἡνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.

εὐηγορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From

εὐ-ήνωρ, οπος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀνὴρ) giving manhood, inspiring.

εὐ-ήρατος, ον, (εὐ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.

εὐ-ήρετος, ον, (εὐ, ἔρετος) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.

εὐ-ήρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀρᾶειν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to handle.

εὐ-ήτριος, ον, (εὐ, ἤτριον) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.

εὐ-ήχης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἤχος) well-sounding, tuneful.

εὐ-ήχητος, ον, well-sounding: loud-sounding.

εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὐ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.

εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάλος) growing well, flourishing.

εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for εὐθηλής.

εὐθαρσῶ, f. ἦσω, to be of good courage. From εὐ-θαρσής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv.

-αῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.

εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθενέω.

εὐ-θεράπευτος, ον, (εὐ, θεραπεύω) easily healed. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθετος) to be well-arranged, convenient. 2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.

εὐθερίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εὐ-θερος, ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use.

εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.

εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) sharpening well.

εὐ-θηλήμων, ov, gen. onos, rare form for εὐθηλής.

εὐ-θηλής Dor. -θάλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder.

εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, good order, good management: a habit of good order. From

εὐ-θήμων, ov, gen. onos, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. II. act. orderly, setting in order.

εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθην.

Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, abundance.

εὐ-θηράτος, ov, (εὐ, θηράω) easily caught or won.

εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. II. (θήρες) abounding in game.

εὐ-θησαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious.

εὐ-θνήσιμος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσκω) with easy death.

εὐ-θουινος, ov, (εὐ, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious.

εὐ-θορύβητος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) easily confounded.

εὐ-θρυγκος, ov, (θρυγκός) with good coping or cornice.

εὐ-θρις Ep. εὐ-θρις, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θρίξ) with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed. II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.

εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne.

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θρός) loud-sounding.

εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλῶσσα) of straight tongue, bonest of tongue.

εὐθυδικία, ἡ, an open, fair trial. From

εὐθύ-δικος, ov, or ἡ, ov, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging rigidly.

εὐθυδρομέω, f. ἤσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course.

εὐθύ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought.

εὐθύ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.

εὐθυμέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθυμος) to be of good cheer. II.

trans. to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence

εὐ-θυμητόν, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful.

εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity.

εὐ-θυμος, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited. III. Adv. εὐθυμῶς, cheerfully; Comp.

-ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐθύνω, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύναι, αἱ, (εὐθύνω) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύναις ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύναις διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύναις ὀφείλιν to be

bound to do so.

Hence

εὐθύνος, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten. II. a corrector, cbastiser.

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ σίαφ the guiding rudder.

εὐθυντήρια, ἡ, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from

εὐθυντήριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling.

εὐθυντής, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ἴνῶ, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, govern. 3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise. III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.

εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ov, (εὐθύ, πνέω) straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight. εὐθύπορεύω, f. ἤσω, to go straight forward; πόρος εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορεῖν δρόμον to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, bonest.

εὐ-θυρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus.

ΕΥΘΥΤΗΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, bonest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθύ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. II. as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards . . . , εὐθὺ Πιελήνης. 2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέπου εὐθύς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.

εὐ-θύσανος, ov, (εὐ, θύσανος) well-fringed.

εὐθύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) straightness. II. metaph. bonesty, justice. [5]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight. εὐθύ-φρον, ov, (εὐθύ, φρην) right-minded.

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὥρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύς II.

εὐ-θύρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θύραξ) well-mailed.

εὐιάζω, v. εὐιάζω.

εὐιάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐίος) Bacchic: fem. εὐιάς, ἄδοα.

εὐ-ίερος, ov, (εὐ, ἱερός) very holy, ballowed.

Εὐίος, ὁ, Evius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐα, εὐοί.

II. εὐίος, ov, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.

εὐ-ιππος, ov, of persons, delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.

εὐ-ιστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσθημι) of good knowledge.

εὐ-ισχίος, ov, (εὐ, ἰσχίον) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καθαίπετος, ov, (εὐ, καθαίρω) easy to overbrow.

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐκαιρος) to have good opportu-

nity, have leisure:—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαιρῶς opportunely: at leisure; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκηλ-. εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [ᾶ]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-bearded, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ἰσως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overthrow.

εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὐ, κέαω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κλάδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέρας, ον, and εὐκερος, ον, gen. οτος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκηλήτετρα, ἡ, she that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκηλος Dor. εὐκάλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ῖ]

εὐ-κλέης, ἐς, acc. εὐκλέα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλεᾶ, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐ-κλειᾶς: (εὐ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλεῖα Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλείω Ion. εὐκλήζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐ-κλειής, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλής: Adv. εὐκλειῶς.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήϊς or εὐ-κλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐ-κληρέω, f. ἡσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κληρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὐ, κλώω) well-spun.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνήμη) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. εὐκνήμιδες, εὐκνήμιδας. [ῖ]

εὐ-κνημος, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινότης, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κόλλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) giving well, sticky.

εὐ-κόλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κόλπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομιδής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομιδή) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομος Ep. ἡκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κόσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—Adv. -μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραίρος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κροῖρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered:

of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκρατος.

εὐ-κρίθος, ον, (εὐ, κρήθ) rich in barley.

εὐ-κρίνέω, f. ἡσω, to keep distinct and in order. From

εὐ-κρίνής, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -νως

Ion. -νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότης, ον, (εὐ, κροτέω) well-welded, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to hide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέδνος, ον, (εὐ, κτέδνον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτήμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, = ἐκτίμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὅν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for. εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβία, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. -ήσομαι or pass. -ηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἠύλαβθην or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):

—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2. to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήσῃ, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.
εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβίη, see εὐλάβεια.

εὐλαβῶς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp. -εστέρας.

εὐλάζω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb, to plough.

εὐ-λαῖγε, ἱγγοσ, δ, ἡ, = εὐλιθος.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λάλος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λειμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λέξις, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχής, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ' ΑΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-λήπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take bold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take bold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐληρα, ον, τά, old Ep. word for ἡνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλόγῳ, f. ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγου or ἡλό-, aor. I εὐλόγησας or ἡλό-: (εὐλογος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὄν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing

or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογίζομαι) easy to reckon. II. rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρως.

εὐ-λοέταρα, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρόν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, δ, = εὐλυρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μαθής, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -έστερον.

II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -νή, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μῆλος, Dor. for εὐμήλος.

εὐ-μάρθος, ον, (εὐ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel. εὐμάρεα, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρείῃ χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. *alvum exonerare*, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μαρής, ἐς, (εὐ, μαρῆ = χεῖρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρίη, Ion. for εὐμάρεα.

εὐμαρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμαρῶς poet. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μελάνος, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, ink.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμένεια, ἡ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμενέτης, ον, δ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμενέτειρα.

εὐμενέω, f. ἦσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμένης) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name *Ἐρινύες*.

εὐμενία, ἡ, poet. for εὐμένεια.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἵομαι, Med., (εὐμένης) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐμενής, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρας.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχειρίστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μηλος, ον, (εὐ, μήλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μηρύτος, ον, (εὐ, μηρύω) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχάνια, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μήχανος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίσσητος, ον, (εὐ, μίσσω) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μιτρος, ον, (εὐ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, δ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελίω, Dor. -ίας, gen. -ία: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good ashen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μνησκόμα) well-remembering, mindful.

εὐ-μοιρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune, wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἦσω, to sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
 εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
 εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
 εὐμουσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
 εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μούσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing: musical, melodious*.

εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
 εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
 εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.
 εὐνάω, f. άσω: in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or ἤνυ-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἤνυ-: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed, put to sleep: also to lay in ambush: of animals, to lay their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep: of birds, to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.

εὐ-ναιετάων, ουσα, ον, (εὐ, ναιετάω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐ-ναύομενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch: εὐναῖος λαγῶς a hare in its form: εὐναῖα πτέρυγες wings over the nest*. 2. wedded. 3. of pain, *making one keep one's bed*. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage: hence steadying or guiding a ship*.

εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
 εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow*. Hence
 εὐνάτειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνήτ-.
 εὐνάτηριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.

εὐνάω, f. ἡσω:—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνήμην: (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed: to sleep: also to be bedded with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged*.

εὐνέτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνήτηρ.

ΕΥ'ΝΗ, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird:—also the grave*. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage*. II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land: ἐκ δ' εὐνὰς ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν*.

εὐνηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.
 εὐνηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνήμα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.

εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνήτηρ, *a wife*.

εὐνήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.

εὐ-νῆτος Ep. εὐν-νῆτος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or woven, of fine texture*.

εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.

εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνήτηρ.

εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.

εὐνῖς, ὁ, ἡ, gen. 108: in pl. εὐνῖες or εὐνίδες:—*reft of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.

εὐνῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.

εὐν-νῆτος, Ep. for εὐνήτος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐνοος) *to be well-disposed or friendly:—Pass. to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοῖα, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοῖά Ep. εὐνοῖη, (εὐνοος) *good will, kindness: in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably: so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοίᾳ*. Hence

εὐ-νοῖκός, ἡ, ὄν, of kind, *benevolent character*. Adv., εὐνοῖκῶς ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.

εὐνομέομαι: f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην: (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -ία, ἡ, *good order, order*. From
 εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νους, ονν, pl. εὐνοῖ: (εὐ, νόος, νοῦς):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent:—Comp. εὐνοώτερος Ion. -οέστερος: Sup. -οῦστατος*.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ἰσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From

εὐν-οῦχος, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch: employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τῶν εὐνῶν ἔχοντες, guardians of the bed)*.

εὐντα, Dor. for εὐντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νομάω) *swiftly moving*.

εὐ-νως, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνους, *kindly*.

εὐξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.

εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, ζαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξενος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable: ἀνδρῶν εὐξενος the guest-chamber: πόντος εὐξενος the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος the inhospitable*.

εὐ-ξεστός Ep. εὐξεστός, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.

εὐ-ξοος Ep. εὐξοος, ον, Ep. gen. εὐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξεστός.

εὐ-ξύμβλητος, εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύμετος, Att. for εὐσ-.

εὐδοέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐδοος) *to have a free passage, of running water*. Hence

εὐδοία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.

εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.

εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδός) *easy to travel through: with free passage:—Sup. εὐοδάτατος*. Hence

εὐ-οδόω, f. ὠσω: Pass., f. -οδοθήσομαι: aor. I -οδώθην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way: Pass. to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοῖ, Bacchanalian exclamation; Lat. *evoe!*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.

εὐοπλέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.

εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.

εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From
 εὐ-οργητος, ον, (εὐ, οργή) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.

εὐορκέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκησία, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
 εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From
 εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths,
 δυνάμει εὐορκά (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκόν
 [ἐστι] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
 εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.
 εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.
 εὐ-ορμος, ον, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at
 anchor.

εὐ-ορνίς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὄρνις) of good augury, auspicious.

II. abounding in birds.

εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὐ, ἐρέφω) well-roofed.

εὐ-όφθαλμος, ον, with beautiful eyes.

II. pleas-

ing to the eyes.

III. specious.

εὐ-όφρυς, υ, (εὐ, ὄφρυς) with fine eyebrows.

εὐ-οχέω, f, ἡσω, (εὐ, ἐχω) to treat, tend well.

εὐοχθέω, f, ἡσω, to be in plenty. From

εὐ-οχθος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.

εὐ-πάγχις, ἐς, (εὐ, παγῆναι) well put together, compact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things, the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments, luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίῃσι εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make merry. [ᾶ] From

εὐπάθειω, f, ἡσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make merry, live comfortably. From

εὐ-παθής, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case, comfortable.

εὐ-παθίη, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.

εὐπαιδία, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From

εὐ-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children, with many or good children; γένος εὐπαις, a noble son.

εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπηκτος.

εὐ-πάλᾱμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλᾱμη) bandy, ingenious: inventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.

εὐ-παράδος, ον, Dor. for εὐπαρεῖος, -ηος.

εὐ-παράπειστος, ον, easily led aside.

εὐ-παρέδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.

εὐ-παρεῖος, ον, (εὐ, παρείᾱ) with beauteous cheeks.

εὐ-πάρθενος, ον, famed for fair maidens.

II.

εὐπάρθενος Διρκη Dirce, happy maid!

εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὐ, παρόξυνω) easily irritated.

εὐ-παρύφος, ον, (εὐ, παρυφή) with a handsome border.

εὐ-πατέρεια, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire: belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατρίδης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of good or noble father, of noble family.

II. at Athens, the Εὐ-πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the γεωμόροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.

εὐ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπατρις.

εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient, tractable.

II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πειστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.

εὐ-πέμπelos, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.

εὐ-πένθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.

εὐ-πεπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.

εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.

εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) = foreg.

εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.

εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπᾶω) easy to pull off.

εὐ-περίστας, ον, (εὐ, περιίσταμαι) easily besetting.

εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves.

εὐ-πέτεια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐπετίας easily. 2. easi-

ness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From

εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily: hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant, plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.

εὐπετῶς Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐπέτης, easily, amply:

Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -πος.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.

εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.

εὐ-πηνος, ον, (εὐ, πήνη) of fine texture.

εὐ-πηνχυσ, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.

εὐπιθέω, = εὐπειθέω. From

εὐ-πίθης, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.

εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credible. II. act. easily believing, credulous:—Adv.

-τως.

εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [ῖ]

εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled.

εὐ-πλεκής Ep. εὐ-πλεκής, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-plaited; δίφροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος,

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοία Ep. εὐπλοΐη, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλόκαμος Ep. εὐπλ-, ον, with goodly locks: peculiar. fem. εὐπλοκαμῖς, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοκος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλυνής Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.

εὐ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.

εὐπνοία poet. εὐπνοΐη, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II. fragrance. From

εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνους, ον, (εὐ, πνέω) breathing well or freely: good to breathe through.

II. sweet-smelling, fragrant,—Comp.

εὐπνωτερος, also irreg. -πνωστέρος.

εὐποβία, ἡ, (εὐπους) strength or speed of foot.

εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind, beneficent.

εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made, well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιτία, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποικίλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐ-ποκος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool, fleecy.*
 εὐ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *good at war.*
 εὐ-πομπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πέμνω) *well-conducting, propitious.*
 εὐ-πότης, *ς*, ἦσω. *αορ. I εὐπότησα: (εὐπορος):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. 3. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealthy. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*
 εὐ-πορος, *ον*, (εὐ, πύρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.*
 εὐπόρως, *Adv. of εὐπορος, easily: in abundance.*
 εὐ-ποτμος, *ον*, *well-fated, happy.*
 εὐ-ποτος, *ον*, (εὐ, ποτύν) *pleasant to drink.*
 εὐπους, *ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό*, *γεν. -ποδος, (εὐ, ποῦς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*
 εὐπράγως, *ς*, ἦσω, *to fare well, be well off, prosper.*
 From
 εὐ-πράγης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, πᾶρος) *faring well, flourishing.*
 εὐπράγία, *ἡ*, (εὐπραγία) *well-doing, welfare.*
 εὐ-πρακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, πράσσω) *easy to be done.*
 εὐπραξία *Ion. εὐπρηξία, ἡ*, = *εὐπραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*
 εὐ-πραγίς, *ἡ*, *poet. for εὐπραγία.*
 εὐ-πρεμνον, *ον*, (εὐ, πρέμνω) *with good stem.*
 εὐπρεπεία, *ἡ*, *fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility.*
 εὐ-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, πρέπω) *well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρέπτος, (εὐ, πρέπω) *conspicuous.*
 εὐπρεπῶς *Ion. -ῶς*, *Adv. of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα.*
 εὐπρηξία, *Ion. for εὐπραγία.*
 εὐπρηξίω, (εὐ, πρήσσω) *to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. εὐπρήσσεσκον.*
 εὐ-πρηστος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρήθω) *strong-blowing.*
 εὐ-πρήων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, πρήων) *with fair bead-lands.*
 εὐ-προσδεκτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) *acceptable.*
 εὐ-προσεδρος, *ον*, = *εὐπάεδρος, assiduous, diligent.*
 εὐ-προσηγορος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσηγόρω) *of easy address, affable, courteous.*
 εὐ-προσitos, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσκειμαι) *easy of access.*
 εὐ-προσodus, *ον*, *of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles aditus habet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσώτατον the easiest way of approach.*
 εὐ-προσιστος, *ον*, (εὐ, προσφέρω) *easy to be got: attainable, easy.*
 εὐπροσωπίω, *ς*, ἦσω, (εὐπρόσωπος) *to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσωπῶ-κοιτος, *η, ον*, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) *lying or placed cheerfully: τύχη εὐπροσωποκίτη πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.*
 εὐ-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) *well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*
 εὐ-προφάσιτος, *ον*, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) *with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with bandsome stern.*
 εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with bandsome prow.*
 εὐ-πτερος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτερόν) *well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροὶ γυναῖκες big-plumed dames of quality.*
 εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ον*, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) = *εὐπτερος.*
 εὐ-πτόρθος, *ον*, *finely branching.*
 εὐ-πύργος, *ον*, *with goodly towers.*
 εὐ-πύγων, *ον*, *γεν. ὄνος*, *well-bearded.*
 εὐ-πῶλος, *ον*, *with fine colls: breeding fine horses.*
 εὐράμην, *αορ. I med. of εὐρα.*
 εὐράξ, (εὐρος) *Adv. from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds.*
 εὐρέα, *acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem. εὐρήην, αορ. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.*
 εὐρεῖν *Ep. εὐρέμενα, αορ. 2 inf. of εὐρίσκω.*
 εὐρετός, *α, ον*, *verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, to be discovered, found out.*
 εὐρετής, *οὔ, ὁ, fem. εὐρέτης, ἴδος*, (εὐρίσκω) *a finder, inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐρετο, *3 sing. αορ. 2 med. of εὐρίσκω.*
 εὐρετός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκω, discovered: to be found out or discovered.*
 εὐρηκα, *εὐρημαι, pf. act. and pass. of εὐρίσκω.*
 εὐρημα, *ατος, τό*, (εὐρίσκω) *that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.*
 εὐρήν, *Dor. for εὐρεῖν.*
 εὐρησι-επής, *ἐς*, (εὐρίσκω, ἔπος) *inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophtistical.*
 εὐρήσω, *fut. of εὐρίσκω.*
 εὐρήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (εὐρίσκω) *an inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐ-ρίνος, *ον*, (εὐ, ῥινός) *of good leather.*
 εὐρίνος, *γεν. of εὐρύς.*
 εὐ-ρίνος, *ὁ*, (εὐ, ῥινός) *any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.*
 εὐ-ρίς, *ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, ῥίς, ῥίν) *with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*
 ΕΥΠΙΣΚΩ: *fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὐρηκα or ηὔρη-: αορ. 2 εὔρον or ηὔρον, imperat. εὔρε, inf. εὔρεῖν:—Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. 2 εὐρόμην or ηὔρ-, later αορ. I εὐράμην:—Pass., fut. εὔρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. I εὐρέθην or ηὔρεθην: pf. εὔρημαι or ηὔρ-.*
 I. *to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make an*

unexpected discovery or gain.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain :—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money : hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐροος) to flow well. II. metaph. to flow or go on well.

εὐ-πολίζητος, ov, (εὐ, πολί(ζ)ω) loud-whoizzing.

εὐροίμην, εὐροίμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ανος, δ, (Εὔρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14 : the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομε, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροος, ov, contr. εὐρους, ουν, (εὐ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing.

II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ov, (εὐ, ρέω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὔρος, δ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος : εὐ-ρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ράφης, Ep. for εὐραφής, (εὐ, ράπτω) well-

stitched.

εὐρ-ρεής, ές, Ep. gen. εὐρρεΐος (for εὐρρεούς), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρεΐτης, ov, δ, = εὐρρεής.

εὐρ-ροος, Ep. for εὐροος.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρύ-άγυιός, α, ov, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets,

epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρύ-αίχμιος, δ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρύ-βίος Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, βία)

ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρύ-θέμεθλος poet. -θέμιλος, ov, (εὐρύ, θέμεθλον)

with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion : orderliness,

gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμός, ov, in good time or measure, rhythmical,

Lat. numerosus :—of persons, orderly : well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμιος, Adv. of εὐρυθμός, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κόλπος, ov, with spacious bosom.

εὐρύ-κρείων, onτος, δ, wide-ruling.

εὐρύ-λείμων, ov, gen. ανος, with broad meadows.

εὐρύ-μέδων, onτος, δ, wide-ruling.

εὐρύ-μέτωπος, ov, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναι, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ἴνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad ; εὐ-

ρύναι ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance ; τὸ μέσον

εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νυτος, ov, (εὐρύ, νύτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρύ-ὁδεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways.

εὐρύ-όπτης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, δ, (εὐρύ, ὄφρομαι) the far-

glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, δ, acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρύοπτης.

εὐρύ-πέδος, ov, (εὐρύ, πῆδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ov, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτος, ov, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene ; also an adulterer.

εὐρύ-πύλης, ές, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρύ-ρέερος, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέερον) with broad channel.

εὐρύ-ρέων, ουσια, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέω) broad-flowing.

ΕΥΡΥΨΕ, εὐρύς, εὐρύ : gen. εὐρέος, cias, έος : acc.

sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα Ion. fem. nom.

εὐρέα :—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-

spread :—Comp. εὐρύτερος ; see εὐρύ.

εὐρύ-σάκης, ές, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [α]

εὐρύ-σθενής, ές, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mightily.

εὐρύ-σορος, ov, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνος, ov, (εὐρύ, στήνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρύτερος, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τιμος, ov, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐρύ-τυτος, ov, (εὐ, ῥέω) full-flowing.

εὐρύ-φάρετρος, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide

quiver.

εὐρύ-φύης, ές, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρύ-χάδης, ές, (εὐρύ, χαδεῖν) wide-gaping, wide-

moulted, of cups.

εὐρύ-χαΐτης, ov, δ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread

hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room ; ἐν εὐρυ-

χωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὐ, ῥώξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ές, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and

dark, squalid ; οικία εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ.

εὐρών, ουσια, όν, aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ΕΥΡΩΠΗ, ἡ, Europa, Europe, as a geographic

name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπός, ἡ, όν, = εὐρύς.

ΕΥΡΩΨ, ώτος, δ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs,

squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strengib. From

εὐ-ρωστος, ov, (εὐ, ῥάννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. —τως.

εὐρώτι, dat. sing. of εὐρώς.

εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρώς) to become or to be mouldy, to

decay ; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

ΕΥΤΕ, δ, good, brave, noble ; gen. sing. έθος ; gen.

plur. neut. έθων [α], as if from nom. ές, θεοί, δαυτηρες

έθων the gods, givers of good things.

εὐστα, Dor. for έουστα, ουσια, part. fem. of ελμί sum.

εὐστα, aor. I of εὐω.

εὐσέβεια, ἡ, (εὐσεβής) reverence towards the gods,

piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character

for piety.

εὐσεβέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐσεβής) to live or act piously : to

be pious in a thing : c. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ές, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious,

reverent : of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. —τη, poet. for εὐσέβεια.

εὐ-σελμος Ep. έυσσ-, ov, (εὐ, σέλω) with good

banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σεπτος, ov, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὐ-σημος, *ov*, (εὐ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious. II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.
 εὐσθενέω, *f. ἴσω*, to be strong, healthy. From
 εὐσθενής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.
 εὐ-σίπυος, *ov*, (εὐ, σίπυα) with full pantry or larder.
 εὐ-σκάνδιξ, *ἴκος, δ, ῆ*, abounding in chevrons.
 εὐ-σκαρῆμος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, bigbounding.
 εὐ-σκέπαστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup.
 -ότατος, serving as the best covering.
 εὐσκευέω, to be well equipped. From
 εὐ-σκευος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεύος) well-equipped.
 εὐ-σκιάστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.
 εὐ-σκιος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιά) shadowy.
 εὐ-σκοπος *Ep.* εὐ-σκοτος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or farseen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπέω) shooting well, of unerring aim.
 εὐ-σοια, *ῆ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From
 εὐ-σοος, *ov*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.
 εὐ-σπειρής, *ἐς*, and εὐσπειρος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-turned: wreathing, winding.
 εὐσπλαγχνία, *ῆ*, goodness of heart.
 εὐ-σπλαγχνος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπλάγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.
 εὐ-σπορος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.
 εὐσ-σελμος, *Ep.* for εὐσελμος.
 εὐσ-σωτρος, *Ep.* for εὐσωτρος.
 εὐστάθεια, *ῆ*, (εὐσταθής) goodness of health.
 εὐσταθῶς, *f. ἴσω*, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From
 εὐ-σταθής *Ep.* εὐσταθής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.
 εὐσταθίη, *Ep.* for εὐστάθεια.
 εὐ-στάλης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.
 εὐ-σταχυς, *v*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.
 εὐ-στέφανος *Ep.* εὐστ-, *ov*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.
 εὐ-στέφιος, *ov*, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.
 εὐ-στιβής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.
 εὐ-στολος, *ov*, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.
 εὐστομέω, *f. ἴσω*, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From
 εὐ-στομος, *ov*, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περὶ τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!
 εὐ-στοος, *ov*, (εὐ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.
 εὐ-στόρθυξ, *v*, ἡγος, *δ, ῆ*, from a good trunk.
 εὐστοχία, *ῆ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From
 εὐ-στοχος, *ov*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὐστρα, *ῆ*, (εὐω) a place for singeing swine.
 εὐ-στρεπτος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.
 εὐ-στρεφής *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ἐς*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.
 εὐ-στροβῆλιξ, *v*, ἡγος, *δ, ῆ*, well-curved, curly.
 εὐ-στροφος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.
 εὐ-στρωτος, *ov*, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.
 εὐ-στυλος, *ov*, with goodly pillars.
 εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.
 εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II.
 easy to deal with, honest, upright.
 εὐ-σύνητος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, *ov*, (εὐ, συνήμι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.
 εὐσύνετος, Adv. of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.
 εὐ-σύνοπτος, *ov*, easily seen at a glance.
 εὐ-σφύρος *Ep.* εὐσφ-, *ov*, (εὐ, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.
 εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων.
 εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.
 εὐ-σχημος, *ov*, = εὐσχήμων.
 εὐσχημοσύνη, *ῆ*, grace of manner, elegance. From
 εὐ-σχήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὐ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.
 εὐσχήμως, = εὐσχημόνως.
 εὐ-σχίδης, *ἐς*, and εὐ-σχιστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.
 εὐσωμάττω, *f. ἴσω*, to be sound in limb. From
 εὐ-σώματος, *ov*, (εὐ, σῶμα) sound in limb.
 εὐ-σωτρος *Ep.* εὐσστ-, *ov*, (εὐ, σῶτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.
 εὐ-τάκεις, *ἐς*, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.
 εὐτακτῶ, *f. ἴσω*, to be orderly, behave well. From
 εὐ-τακτος, *ov*, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence
 εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order.
 εὐταξία, *ῆ*, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.
 εὐ-ταρσος, *ov*, delicate-footed.
 ὅτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. ὅτ' ἂν, like ὅταν, so often as, whenever, in the case that.
 εὐ-τείχης, *ἐς*, εὐ-τείχεος, *ov*, and εὐ-τείχηντος, *ov*, (εὐ, τεῖχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.
 εὐτεκνέω, (εὐτεκνος) to have good or fine children.
 εὐτεκνία, *ῆ*, the having good or fine children.
 εὐ-τεκνος, *ov*, (εὐ, τέκνον) having many or fine children, blessed with a goodly progeny: εὐτεκνος ζυνάφς a pair of fair children.
 εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτάλη, *ῆ*, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένον *a goose painted on cheap terms*.

II. *thrifty*,

frugality, economy; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ *for economy*.

εὐ-τελής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέλος) *easily paid for, cheap, Lat. vilis*.

II. *mean, paltry, worthless*.

III.

thrifty, frugal.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. *for εὐτέλεια*.

εὐτελῶς, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply, at a cheap rate*.

εὐ-τερπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέρπω) *delightful, charming*.

εὐ-τέχνητος, ov, (εὐ, τεχνάσμαι) *wrought with skill*.

εὐτεχνία, ἡ, *skill in art*. From

εὐ-τεχνος, ov, (εὐ, τέχνη) *skilful, ingenious*.

εὐ-τλήμων, ov, gen. onos, *much-enduring, steadfast*.

εὐ-τμήτος Ep. εὐτμ-, ov, (εὐ, τέμνω) *well-cut*.

εὐτοκέα, f. ἡσω, (εὐτοκος) *to bring forth easily*.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, *an easy childbirth, happy birth*.

εὐ-τοκος, ov, (εὐ, τεκεῖν) *bringing forth easily*.

εὐτολμῶ, f. ἡσω, (εὐτολμος) *to be daring*. Hence

εὐτολμία, ἡ, *courage, boldness*.

εὐ-τολμος, ov, (εὐ, τόλμα) *brave-spirited, courageous*.

εὐ-τονος, ov, (εὐ, τένω) *well-stretched, well-strung,*

sinewy, nervous. Hence

εὐτόνως, Adv. *with main strength*.

εὐ-τόξος, ov, (εὐ, τόξον) *with good arrows*.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, ov, (εὐ, torneúō) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τορνος, ov, *well-turned, round*.

εὐ-τράπεζος, ov, (εὐ, τράπεζα) *with a good table, hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous*.

εὐτράπelia, ἡ, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. urbanitas. 2. *coarse jesting, ribaldry*. From

εὐ-τράπελος, ov, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning*: hence *versatile, ingenious, clever*. 2. *witty, lively, Lat. facetus*.

3. *tricky, disonest*.

εὐ-τράφης, ἑς, (εὐ, τροφήναι) *well-grown, thriving*.

II. act. *nourishing*.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέπω) *ready to turn, prepared, ready*. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾠ: Pass., pf. ἠτρέπισμαι: —*to make ready, get ready, prepare*: *to make friendly, conciliate*:—Pass. *to be ready*:—Med. *to get oneself ready*.

εὐ-τρεπτος, ov, *easily turned, changeable*.

εὐτρεπῶς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, *in a state of preparation*.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέφω) *well-fed*.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, ov, *well bored or pierced*.

εὐ-τρίαινα, Dor. for -ης, δ, (εὐ, τρίαίνα) *with goodly trident*.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐτρίξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, ov, = εὐτρίξ.

εὐτροπία, ἡ, *versatility, Lat. versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, ov, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning, versatile*.

εὐ-τρόχλος Ep. εὐτρ-, ov, (εὐ, τρέχω) *running*

well, quick-moving. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, ov, (εὐ, τροχός) *well- wheeled or well-rounded*. II. *running easily*.

εὐ-τύκος, ov, rare poet. form for εὐτυκος.

εὐ-τύκος, ov, (εὐ, τύχω) *well-made, well-wrought*; εὐτυκτον ποιείσθαι *to make ready*.

εὐτύχῳ, f. ἡσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or ἦντ-, aor. I εὐτύχῃσα or ἦντ-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—*to be lucky, to be well off, to succeed*. 2. of things, *to turn out well, prosper*: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηται

τινι *things have gone well with him*. Hence

εὐτυχῶς, Ion. *for εὐτυχῶς*.

εὐτύχημα, ατος, τό, *a piece of good luck, success*.

εὐ-τύχης, ἑς, (εὐ, τυχεῖν) *well-off, successful, lucky, fortunate, prosperous*.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχέω) *success, good luck, prosperity*: in plur. *successes*.

εὐτύχως Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐτυχής, *with good fortune, successfully*: Comp. εὐτυχεστέρον, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐ-ύαλος, ov, (εὐ, ὑαλος) *with or of good glass*.

εὐ-υδρος, ov, (εὐ, ὑδωρ) *well-watered, abounding in water*: of a river, *with good water*: Comp. εὐυδρύτερος.

εὐ-υμνος, ov, *celebrated in many hymns*.

εὐ-υφής, ἑς, (εὐ, ὑφή) *well-woven*.

εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. *for εὐφήμη*.

εὐ-φάρετρος, ov, δ, Dor. -ας, α, (εὐ, φαρέτρα) *with beautiful quiver*.

εὐ-φεγγής, ἑς, (εὐ, φέγγος) *with clear light, bright*.

εὐφημέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐφημος) *to use words of good omen or to abstain from words of ill omen*: hence

I. *to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence*; in imperat. εὐφήμει, εὐφημεῖτε, *be silent! Lat. favete linguis*.

II. *to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph*. III. *to sound auspiciously*. Hence

εὐφημία, ἡ, *the use of words of good omen or the avoidance of words of bad omen*: hence

I. *solemn silence during religious rites*. II. *praise, worship*: in plur. *songs of praise*.

εὐ-φημος, ov, (εὐ, φήμη) *of good sound or omen, auspicious*: of persons, *using only words of good omen or avoiding words of ill omen*:—hence,

I. *religiously silent*. II. *interpreting favourably*; πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον *in a good sense*.

εὐ-φθογγος, ov, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) *well-sounding, sweet-voiced*.

εὐ-φιλής, ἑς, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*. II. act. *loving well*.

εὐ-φίλητος, ov, also η, ov, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*.

εὐ-φίλο-παις, παιδος, δ, ἡ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) *fond of children, or pass. beloved of children*.

εὐ-φλεκτος, ov, (εὐ, φλέγω) *easily set on fire*.

εὐφορέω, f. ἡσω, (εὐφορος) *to bring forth abundantly*.

εὐ-φόρητος, ov, (εὐ, φορέω) *easily borne, tolerable*.

εὐ-φόρμηγε, ιγγος, δ, ἡ, *with beautiful lyre*: *playing beautifully on it*.

εὐ-φορος, ov, (εὐ, φέρω) *well or patiently borne*. 2. *easily worn, convenient, manageable*. II. act.

bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the body, *sound, healthy*.

εὐ-φορτος, ov, *well freighted or laden*.

εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.
 εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφράδης) *correctness of language*.
 εὐφράδης, ἐς, (εὐ, φράω) *speaking well or eloquently*.—Ep. Adv. εὐφράδως, *in set terms, eloquently*.
 εὐφράδῃ, ἡ, poet. for εὐφράδεια.
 εὐφραίνω Ep. εὐφρ-: f. εὐφράνω Ep. εὐφρανέω: aor. I εὐφράνα Ep. εὐφρῆνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι, but also with f. med. εὐφρανόμην in same sense, Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφρων)—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part., ὄρων εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, cheering, delightful to. εὐφρῆναι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.
 εὐφρονέων Ep. εὐφρ-, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω) *well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed*.
 εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*, euphemism for νύξ. Hence εὐφρονίδης, οὐ, ὅ, son of Night.
 εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: graciously*.
 εὐφροσύνη Ep. εὐφρ-, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness, mirth, merriment*: of a banquet, *good cheer*: in pl. *glad thoughts, festivities*. [ῥ]
 εὐφρόσυνος, οὐ, (εὐφρων) poet. form, *cheery*.
 εὐφρων Ep. εὐφρ-, οὐ, (εὐ, φρῆν) *cheerful, glad, merry, light-hearted*. 2. act. *cheering, making glad or merry, comforting*. II. *well-minded, well-disposed, gracious*.
 εὐφύς, ἐς, (εὐ, φύς) *well-grown, shapely, goodly: graceful*. II. of good natural parts: *clever, witty*; also of good disposition. Hence εὐφύς, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of disposition or good natural parts, cleverness*.
 εὐφύλακτος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλασσω) *easy to keep or guard*; εὐφύλακτότερα γίνεται it is easier to keep watch.
 εὐφύλλος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.
 εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύς, *cleverly*: Comp.—νέστερον.
 εὐφώνια, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From
 εὐφώνος, οὐ, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.
 εὐχαίτης, οὐ, ὅ, (εὐ, χαίτης) *with beautiful hair*: of plants, *with beautiful leaves*.
 εὐχαλκος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαλκος) *wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass*.
 εὐχάλκωτος, οὐ, *well wrought of brass*.
 εὐχάρις, neut. εὐχαρί, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleasing, engaging*: agreeable: popular, Lat. *gratiosus*.
 εὐχαριστέω, f. ἡσω, *to be thankful, return thanks*: hence to requite. Hence
 εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. a giving of thanks, *thanksgiving*: the holy Eucharist.
 εὐχάριστος or -ιτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning, agreeable, pleasant*. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat. *gratus*: Adv., εὐχαρίστω διακείμεθα πρὸς τινα *to be gratefully disposed towards him*.
 εὐχερ, ειρος, ὅ, ἡ, *ready of hand, bandy, dexterous*.
 εὐχείρωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χείρω) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness, skill*. 2. *proneness or inclination for a thing*. 3. in bad sense, *recklessness*. From
 εὐχερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χείρ) *quick or ready of hand, bandy, dexterous, expert*. 2. in bad sense, *reckless*. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*. Hence
 εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.
 εὐχετάομαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετόωντο: Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast oneself, vaunt, profess.
 εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. votum. 2. a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation.
 εὐχίλος, οὐ, *rich in fodder*. II. of a horse, *well-fed, in good condition*.
 εὐχίμωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χίματος) *rich in goats*.
 εὐχίλος, οὐ, contr. χίλος, οὐ, (εὐ, χλοά) *making fresh and green*.
 ΕΥΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ἡν-: fut. εὐξομαι: aor. I εὐξάμην or ἡν-: aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass. sense; so also pf. ἡδύμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ἡέκτο in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat. *precari*: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti, to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or promise to do; εὐχεσθαι κατὰ χιμάρων *to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them*. 2. c. acc. rei, to vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assert.
 εὐχορδός, οὐ, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.
 εὐχος, εὐς, τό, (εὐχομαι) a thing prayed for, vow, Lat. votum. 2. a votive offering. II. one's boast or pride.
 εὐχρηστος, οὐ, (εὐ, χρῆμαι) *easy to make use of, serviceable*. Adv. -τως.
 εὐχροίω, f. ἡσω, *to be of a good complexion*. From
 εὐχροτής, ἐς, poet. for εὐχροος, of good complexion.
 εὐχροός, οὐ, contr. -χροος, οὐ, (εὐ, χροά) of good complexion, fresh-looking, healthy:—Comp. εὐχροώτερος or -ούστερος.
 εὐχρυσός, οὐ, *rich in gold*.
 εὐχρως, οὐ, = εὐχροός.
 εὐχωλή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) poet. form of εὐχή, a prayer, vow, Lat. votum. II. *boasting*: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting. Hence
 εὐχωλίματος, α, οὐ, bound by a vow.
 εὐψάμβθος, οὐ, *with good sands, sandy*.
 εὐψύχεω, f. ἡσω, (εὐψυχος) *to be of good courage*. II. εὐψύχει farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. *ave pia anima!* Hence
 εὐψυχία, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.
 εὐψύχος, οὐ, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of heart, Lat. animosus. Adv. -χως, *with good courage*.
 ΕΥΩ, f. εὔσω: aor. I εὔσα:—to sing: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὔει ἀπὲρ θαλοῦ ἄνδρα *she roasts her husband without the help of a fire*.

εὐώδης, ες, (εὖ, ὄδωδα pf. of ὄζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, *a sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδωθῆν, aor. I pass. of εὐοδῶ.

εὐ-ώλενος, ον, (εὖ, ὤλην) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ον, (εὖ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable: of good omen*.

II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side*; ἐξ εὐωνύμου (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ώπις, ἴδος, fem. of εὐάψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ωπός, ὄν, (εὖ, ὥψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ωχέω, f. ἴσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain*

hospitably, feast:—Pass., with fut. med. —ήσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχῆθην, —ημαι, *to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously*; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχού *make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ὥψ, ὥπος, ὅ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὥψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly*.

ἐφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφάδθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφ-αβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-αγγοτεύω, f. ὦω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦω *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφάγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αιρούμαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in succession to another*.

ἐφ-άλιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-άλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπαλτο part. ἐπιάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon, to assail: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλμενος ἵππον having leaped upon or into the chariot*: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφάλλω, Dor. for ἐφηλλῶ.

ἐφάμαν [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-αμαξεύω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion.

pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξενυμένος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφάμεριος, ἐφάμερος [ᾱ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-άμυλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄμυλλα) *a match for, rivalling, vying with*.

2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφᾶν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. —ανον, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφάνθην, aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφαντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all*: at once.

ἐφ-απλώω, f. ὦω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-άπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφάψω: aor. I ἐφήψα: pf. pass. ἐφήμμαι:—*to fasten on or to*: hence *to fix firmly, decree*.

II. Pass. *to be hung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, like Lat. *imminet, imminet*: Τρώεσσι κηδε' ἐφήπται *woes impend over the Trojans*.

III. Med. *to lay hold of,*

grasp, touch: to seize bold upon, claim. 2. *to reach, attain to*, Lat. *attingere*; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδεος ἐπαμμένους *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-αρμόζω, f. ὦω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*.

II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another,*

to adapt, accommodate.

ἐφαρμόσθων, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζων.

ἐφαρμόσσειε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχθην, Att. for ἐφραξάμην, ἐφράχθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾶτο, ἐφαντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἔδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by: a siege, blockade*, Lat. *obsessio*.

ἐφ-εδράω, f. ἴσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-ἔδρελα, ἡ, *a sitting upon*.

II. *a lying in wait*, Lat. *insidiae*. From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. ὦω, *to sit or rest upon*.

II. *to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to halt*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on*; λεόντων ἐφεδρος *seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*.

III. *posted in reserve, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-ἔρομαι, fut. —εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐφήμ.

ἐφέην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμ.

ἐφεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφείναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμ.

ἐφεισάμην, aor. I of φείδομαι.

ἐφέλω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμ.

ἐφ-εκτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) I + $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{4}$: τόκος ἐφεκτος *interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the principal*, = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ p. cent.

ἐφ-ἐλίσσω, f. ἴω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελίσσαι [ῥ], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drawing on, attractive*. From ἐφ-έλκω Ion. ἐπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλω, but the aor. I

in use is ἐφελκῦσα (formed from *ἐφελκύω):—*to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after*.

2. *to drink off, drain*.

II. Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along*; οἱ ἐπελκόμενοι *the stragglers of an army*.

III. Med. *to draw or drag after one*; ἐφέλκετο μείλινον ἔγχος *be trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot)*; ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος *iron draws men after it, i. e. attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι

τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*.

3. *claim, assume*.

ἐφείμην, Ep. for ἐφείμαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμ.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπέννυμι.

ἐφ-εῖς Ion. ἐπεῖς poet. ἐφεῖς, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*.

II. of Time, *successively: thereupon*.

ἐφεῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-έπω, impf. ἐφένον Ep. ἐφένον Ion. ἐφένον: fut. ἐφείω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπέν: part. ἐπ-

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πύτμον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., impf. ἐπειύμην: fut. ἐφέρομαι: aor. 2 ἐφespoμένη, inf. ἐπισπείσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρπω. ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρω: aor. I ἐφέλπωσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. ἐφes, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι. ἐφέσμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἐφes, εως, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a tbrouting at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-εσπερος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-εσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέρομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίζω. ἐφesσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφesσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφesταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφesτάων, for ἐφesτήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-εστιος Ion. ἐπιστιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or, by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφesτιος δόμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or household: hence, ἐφesτιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφesτιοὶ the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφesστρί. ἐφ-εστρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφesτός, for ἐφesτήκως, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφέτης, ov, δ, (ἐφήμι) a commander. II. οὐ ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετμή, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφευξα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευρετής, οὐ, δ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφ-ευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφευρήσω: aor. 2 ἐφευρον:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφεψάσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφέπω. ἐφ-εψιάσμαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεώρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφoράω. ἐφεώρων, Ion. impf. of ἐφoράω. ἐφ-ηβάω, f. ἦσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφηβεία, ἡ, (ἐφηβέω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφήβιος, α, ov, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφηβικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, α, ὄν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἐφάβος, ov, (ἐπί, ἦβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφήκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι. ἐφ-ήκω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ήλιξ, ἱκος, δ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ηλώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημέριος Dor. ἐφάμ-, ov, also α, ov, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημέρια φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἐφάμ- Aeol. ἐφάμ-, ov, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφήνα, aor. I of φαίνα. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, 3 sing. pf. and p'qpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ἐφήσα, aor. I of φημί. ἐφesθα, for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. ἐφίσω, fut. of ἐφήμι. ἐφθαξα, Dor. for ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάραται. ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέγγατο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγομαι. ἐφθερα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημίμερης, (ἐπτά, ἡμιμερης) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθημιμερης. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθηνί). ἐφθιατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθιν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίνω = φθίνω. ἐφθινεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. ἐφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐφω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ζάνα, = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφesδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφesσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφesσαι, ἐφesσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-ημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφήκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἐφes, Ep. subj. ἐφέω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφίει (as if from *ἐφείω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφίεναι χεῖρας τινα to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφίεναι νόστον τινα to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἑαυτὸν*), to give oneself up to. 2. to permit, allow.

III. to put the male to the female, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. *ἑφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, to lay one's command or behest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

ἐφ-ικνέομαι Ion. *ἐπ-*: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφικόμην*: pf. *ἐφίγμαι*: Dep.:—to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to hit exactly: metaph., *ἐφικέσθαι λέγων* or *λόγων*, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.; *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πηλῆγας τὸν Ἑλλησποντον* to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., easy to reach.

ἐφίλαθεν, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.

ἐφίλῳ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of *φιλέω*.

ἐφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of *φιλέω*.

ἐφ-ίμερος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ίμερος*) longed for, desired: *delightful*, agreeable. [7]

ἐφίμωθην, aor. I pass. of *φίμω*.

ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ίππος*) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ *ἐφίππιον* (sub. *στράμα*), Lat. *ephippia*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.

ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ίππος*) on horseback; *κλύδων ἐφίππος* a rushing wave of horses.

ἐφ-ίπταμαι, late form of *ἐπιτέτομαι*.

ἐφ-ισδάνω, *ἐφ-ίσω*, Dor. for *ἐφίζανω*, *ἐφίζω*.

ἐφ-ίστημι Ion. *ἐπ-*: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I *ἐπέστησα*:—to set or place upon: to impose. 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. *ἐφιστάναι τι*νι *ἀγῶνα* to found or institute games in honour of a person. II.

to set by or near. III. to check, make halt. IV. *ἐφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν*, to attend to, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάναι* to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐφίστηκα*, plqpf. *ἐφεστήκειν*:—to stand upon: to be imposed. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ *ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος*, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. *praesesse*; pf. part. Ion. of *ἐπεσθῶτες* Att. of *ἐπεσθῶτες*, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at hand, Lat. *instare*; *Ἐκπες ἐφεστῶταιν θανάτου* the fates of death are close at hand. III. to halt, stop. IV. to attend to.

ἐφλάδων, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.

ἐφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *φοβέω*.

ἐφ-οδεύω, f. *σω*, (ἐπί, *ὁδός*) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over.

ἐφ-όδια, τά, see *ἐφ'όδοις*.

ἐφ'οδύζω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. *άσω*, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey:—Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

ἐφ-όδιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ὁδός*) of or for a journey:—as Subst., *ἐφ'όδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., *ἐφ'όδια*):—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.

ἐφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, *ὁδός*) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.

ἐφ-οδος, ὁ, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.

ἐφ-οδος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ὁδός*) accessible: Sup. —*ώτατος*.

ἐφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φοιτάω*.

ἐφ'όλκιον, τό, (ἐφ'έλω) a rudder.

ἐφ'όλκιον, τό, (ἐφ'έλω) a small boat towed after a ship:—generally, an appendage.

ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφ'έλω) a burdensome appendage.

ἐφολκός, ὄν, (ἐφ'έλω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawing: absol. a laggard.

ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. *ήσω*, to follow close upon.

ἐφ-οπλίζω, f. *σω*: Ep. aor. I inf. *ἐφοπλίσσαι*:—to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.

ἐφορᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, looking over, watchful of. From *ἐφ-οράω* Ion. *ἐπ-*: impf. *ἐφείρων* Ion. 3 sing. *ἐφ-ώρα*: f. *ἐμόφωμαι* Ep. *ἐπιόφωμαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφείδων*:—to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view:—Pass. *ὅσον ἐφείρατο τῆς νήσου* as much of the island as was in view. 3. to look out for, choose.

ἐφορεῖα, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) an overlooking:—the office or dignity of *ἐφορος*, the ephorality.

ἐφορεῖον, τό, the court of the ephori. From *ἐφορεύω*, f. *σω*, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (*ἐφορος*) to be an ephor.

ἐφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἐφορος*) of or for the ephori.

ἐφ-όριος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ὁρος*) on the frontier.

ἐφ-ορμάλνω, to rush on.

ἐφ-ορμῶ Ion. *ἐπ-*: f. *ήσω*: aor. I —*ώρμησα*:—to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. 2. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor. I *ἐφορμήσάμην* and *ἐφορμήθην*:—to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to hurry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. *ήσω*, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch:—Pass. to be blockaded.

ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπί, *ὁρμή*) an entrance, access. II. an attempt upon a place, attack.

ἐφορμηθεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.

ἐφορμησις, εως, ἡ, (*ἐφορμέω*) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.

ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (ἐπί, *ὅρμος*) to bring a ship to her moorings:—Med. and Pass., to come to anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, (ἐπί, *ὅρμος*) at anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, ὁ, = *ἐφορμησις*, a blockade.

ἐφορος, ὄν, (*ἐφοράω*) overseeing. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὁ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. 2. at Sparta, of *ἐφοροι* the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.

ἐφ-όσον, f. *ήσω* in so far as *ἐφ'όσον*.

ἐφ'όσον, f. *ήσω* in so far as *ἐφ'όσον*.

ἐφ'όσον, f. *ήσω* in so far as *ἐφ'όσον*.

ἐφρίξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.
 ἐφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύασσω.
 ἐφρύα, aor. I of φρύγω.
 ἐφ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.
 ἐφύγον, aor. 2 of φεύγω.
 ἐφ-υδρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὑδωρ) of the water.
 ἐφ-υδρος Ion. ἐπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὑδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.
 ἐφ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descant on.
 ἐφύν, aor. 2 of φύνω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἐφύσαν.
 ἐφ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.
 ἘΦΥΤΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Ephyré, old name of Corinth.
 ἐφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.
 ἐφύσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.
 ἐφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσῃ, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [v]
 ἐφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὑστερος) to be later, come after another.
 ἐφ-ῦω, f. ὕσω [v], (ἐπί, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.
 ἐφ' ᾧ, ἐφ' ᾧτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.
 ἐφ-ώριος, ov, (ἐπί, ὥρα) in season, ripe, mature.
 ἐχάδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.
 ἐχάνον, aor. 2 of χάλινω or χάσκω.
 ἐχάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.
 ἐχάρισάμην, ἐχάρισθην, aor. 1 med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.
 ἐχεα, aor. I of χέω.
 ἐχ-έγγυος, ov, = ἐχων ἐγγύην, i. e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. having received security, secure.
 ἐχέ-θυμος, ov, (ἐχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.
 ἐχέ-μυθεω, (ἐχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἐχεμυθία, ἡ, silence.
 ἐχε-νῆς, -νηϊδος, contr. ἐχε-νῆς, -νηϊδος, ἡ, (ἐχω, ναῖς) holding ships fast.
 ἐχε-πνευκῆς, ἐς, (ἐχω, πνευκῆ) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.
 ἐχέ-σαρκος, ov, (ἐχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.
 ἐχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐχω.
 ἐχέ-στονος, ov, (ἐχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.
 ἐχέτλη, ἡ, (ἐχω) the plough-band, Lat. stiva. Hence ἐχέτληεις, εσσα, ev, of the plough-band.
 ἐχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἐχω.
 ἐχευα, Ep. aor. 1 of χέω: med. ἐχευάμην.
 ἐχεφρονέω, (ἐχέφρων) to be sensible or shrewd.
 ἐχεφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, shrewdness. From ἐχέ-φρων, ov, gen. onos, (ἐχω, φρήν) sensible, shrewd.
 ἐχησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐχω.
 ἐχθαίρω, f. ἐχθαίρω: aor. I ἡχθῆρα: fut. med. ἐχθαρούμαι in pass. sense: (ἐχθος):—to hate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἐχθος ἐχθαίρειν to bear hate:—Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be hated by one.

ἐχθαρτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐχθαίρω, to be hated.
 ἐχθές, Adv., = χθές, yesterday.
 ἐχθιστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most hated, most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.
 ἐχθίαν, ov, gen. onos, irreg. Comp. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἐχθος, as κερδῖαν from κέρδος:—more hated: more hostile.
 ἐχθοδοπέω, f. ἦσω, to cause hatred. From ἐχθοδοπέος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐχθος) hateful, hostile.
 ἘΧΘΟΣ, eos, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium; ἐχθος τινός hatred for one. II. a hated object.
 ἐχθρα Ion. ἐχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἐχθρα τινός hatred for one; δι' ἐχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.
 ἐχθραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐχθρός) to hate: to be at enmity with.
 ἐχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. onos, (ἐχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.
 ἐχθρό-ξενος, ov, (ἐχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.
 ἐχθρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἐχθος) hated, hateful. II. act. bating, hostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst.
 ἐχθρός, ὁ, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρό-τερος, ἐχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἐχθίαν, ἐχθιστος, were in common use.
 ἘΧΘΩ, to hate:—Pass. to be hated, hateful. Only used in pres. and impf.
 ἐχίονα, ἡ, (ἐχίς) a viper, adder. Hence ἐχιδναίος, a, ov, of or like a viper.
 ἘΧΙΝΑΙ, ὧν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.
 ἐχίντες, ol, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ἘΧΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. ecbinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.
 ἘΧΙΣ, ios and eos, ὁ, a viper, adder.
 ἐχμα, atos, τό, (ἐχω) that which holds: I. a hindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defense against. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἐχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἐχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i. e. solid rock; ἐχματα πύργων supporting towers.
 ἐχουσα, Dor. for ἐχουσα.
 ἐχουν, impf. of χέω: see χάννυμι.
 ἐχρανα, aor. I of χραίνω.
 ἐχρησα, aor. I of χράω.
 ἐχρήσθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.
 ἐχρίσα, aor. I of χρίω.
 ἐχύθην [v], aor. 1 pass. of χέω.
 ἐχυτο, ἐχθρο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.
 ἐχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἐχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυρῷ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἐχυρός, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρότερος.
 ἘΧΩ: impf. ἐχων Ep. ἐχων Ion. ἐχεσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα ἅρ. ὄχωκα (in compd. συνοχαιότε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σῆξε, subj. σῶ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σχεῖν Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σκεθεῖν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. ἐλόμην: fut. ἔσομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐσχόμην Ep. 3 sing. σῆξέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σκῆσαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, hold*: I. *to have, possess*; of ἔχοντες those that *have*, i. e. *the wealthy*:—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife*: *to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. of a State or Condition; γῆρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*, = the simple Verb γηράσκειν, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer*; ἀλαχύνην ἔχειν *to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. *teneo*, *to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep*: *to hold fast*: *to keep with one, retain, detain*: *to hold tight, grip, grasp, of the hold of wrestlers*. 2. *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σκήσεσθαι. 3. *to direct to, aim*: *to guide, steer*: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σχείν, *to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop*: also *to keep fast or close*, as a bar does a gate: *to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or binder from a thing*. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able*, like Lat. *babeo*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, ποῦ, etc., *I know not how, know not where, etc.*

B. Intrans., *to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet, it is going on well, etc.*; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέτης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει the story goes, prevails. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κίονες ὑψόσ' ἔχοντες pillars rising high. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἔχθρα ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφὶ or περὶ τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες ἔχουσι for κρυπύσασι; ἀποκλείας ἔχεις for ἀποκλείεαι. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration* to what is being done; τί δήτα διατρίβεις ἔχων; why then *keep* wasting time? ληρεῖς ἔχων *you keep on trifling*.

C. Med. *to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay hold on, claim, take possession of*. 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*; δ' ἐχόμενος that comes next or nearest; τὸ ἐχόμενον ἔτος the year next ensuing. II. *to*

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχεο κρατερῶς *bear thyself resolutely*. II. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σῆξέο, σῆξέθε *bold! cease!*

ἔχωντι, Dor. for ἔχουσι.

ἔχουσα, aor. I of χώννυμι.

ἐχόσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of χώομαι.

ἐχόσθην, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι.

ἐψάλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

ἔψ-ανδρα, ἦ, (ἔψω, ἀνὴρ) *boiling men*, epith. of Me-dea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

ἔψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.

ἔψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

ἔψευσάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.

ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἔψησις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἔψω) *a boiling*: generally, *cookery*.

ἔψησω, fut. of ἔψω.

ἔψητήρ, ἦρος, δ, (ἔψω) *a pipkin, pan for boiling*.

ἔψητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔψω) *boiled, sodden*.

ἔψια Ion. ἔψηλ, ἦ, (ψιά, ψειά) *a game played with*

pebbles: generally, *amusement, pastime*. Hence

ἐψιάομαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to*

disport, amuse oneself: *to entertain oneself with*.

ἐψιδυρίσδομαι, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιδυρίζω.

ἐψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω.

ἐψύγην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύγω.

*ΕΨΩ: impf. ἦψον (Ion. ἔψων as if from ἐψέω):

fut. ἔψῃσω: aor. I ἥψῃσα:—Med., fut. ἔψῃσομαι:—

Pass., aor. I ἥψῃθην: pf. ἥψῃμαι:—*to boil, seethe*, opp.

to δατᾶω: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to*

cberish, nurse.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἐῶ, contr. for ἔω.

ἐῶ, contr. for ἔωσι, 3 sing. opt. of ἔω.

ἐῶ, dat. of ἔός.

ἔω, Ion. for ὦ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι.

ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, *the dawn*.

ἔφγα, pf. 2 of οἴγνυμι, *to open*.

ἔφγμαι, pf. pass. of οἴγνυμι.

ἔωθα, ἐώθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔωθ.

ἔωθεν Dp. ἥωθεν, Adv. (ἔως) *from morn, at earliest*

dawn, at break of day.

ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔως) *in the morning, early*; τὸ ἔωθι-

νόν as Adv. *early in the morning*; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.

ἔωθουν, impf. of ὠθέω.

ἔφκειν, plqpf. of ἔουκα.

ἔωλο-κράσις, δ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) *a mixture or com-*

ound of dregs of wine: metaph., ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς

πονηρίας κατασκευάσαι τινός *to empty the stale dregs*

of his villany over one.

ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) *a day old, kept till the morrow*: of

food, stale: hence *out of date, obsolete*.

ἔώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλω.

ἔωμεν, in II. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔωμεν πολέμοιο, when

we have enough of war:—commonly considered as

aor. 2 subj. of ἔημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω =

ἄω, *to satiate*.

ἔωμεν, contr. from ἔάομεν, I pl. of ἔάω.

ἔψμ, contr. from **ἔαοιμι**, 1 sing. opt. of **ἔαω**.
ἔών, Hom. and Ion. for **ἄν**, pres. part. of **εἰμί** *sum*.
ἑώνημαι, **ἑώνημην**, pf. and plqpf. of **ἄνεομαι**.
ἑονοχέαι, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of **οἰνοχοέω**.
ἑφθα, aor. 1 of **οἰγγνυμι**.
ἑώς, a, ov, also os, ov, poet. **ἑώϊος** Ep. **ἡϊός**, (**ἔω**)
in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2.
eastern, Lat. Eōus.
ἑώρα, ἡ, collat. form of **αἰώρα**, a *being suspended,*
banging in the air, oscillation. II. a *noose for*
banging.
ἑώρα, 3 sing. impf. of **ὄραω**.
ἑώραμαι, **ἑώραμαι**, pf. act. and pass. of **ὄραω**.
ἑώργει, for **ἑώργει**, 3 sing. plqpf. of ***ἑργω**.
ἑώρεω, collat. form of **αἰαρέω**, whence aor. 1 part.
sem., ἑωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine
eye.
ἑώρταζον, **ἑώρτασα**, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg.
 augm., of **ἐορτάζω**.
ἑώρτο, for **ἡορτο**, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of **αἰείρω**.
ἑώρων, impf. of **ὄραω**.
ἑως, Att. for Ion. **ἡώς**, *morn.*
***ΕΩΣ** Ion. and Ep. **εἰως** Ep. **εἰος**: I. as Con-
 junction, *while, so long as*, Lat. *donec*, properly relative
 to the antec. **τέως** Ep. **τέως**. 2. = **τέως**, *for*
a time. 3. *till, until, until such time as.* 4.
 = **ὥς**, **ὥπως**, **ὥτα**, *that, in order that.* II. as Adv.,
ἔως *ἄτε*, Lat. *usque dum*, *till the time when*: so too,
ἔως οὗ; **ἔως ποτε**; Lat. *quousque?* *how long?* 2.
 with Adv. of Place, **ἔως ᾧδε**, **ἔως ἔσω** or **ἔξω**, *up to*
this point, till within, etc.
ἔωσα, **ἑωσάμην**, aor. 1 act. and med. of **ᾠέω**.
ἔωσι, Ion. for **ᾠσι**, 3 pl. pres. subj. of **εἰμί** *sum*.
ἔωσι, contr. for **ἑάουσι**, 3 pl. pres. of **ἔαω**.
ἑωσμαι, pf. pass. of **ᾠέω**.
ἑωσ-περ, strengthd. for **ἔως**, *even until*.
ἑωσ-φόρος, ov, (**ἔως**, **φέρω**) *morn-bringing*: as Subst.,
 ♂ **ἑωσφόρος** *the Morning-star*, Lat. *Lucifer*.
ἑωυτοῦ, **ἑωυτέων**, Ion. for **ἑαυτοῦ**, **ἑαυτῶν**.

Z

Z, ζ, **ζήτα**, τό, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet:
 as numeral ζ' = **ἑπτά** and **ἑβδομος** (the obsol. **ς**, i. e.
φ or **ναμ**, being retained to represent **ξ**), but ζ =
 7000. **Z** is compounded of **σ** and **δ**, = **σδ**, whence in
 Aeol. and Dor. **μουσίσδω** **ψιθυρίσδω** are written for
μουσίω **ψιθυρίω**. In Ion. **δ** was changed into ζ;
 and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in **παίζω** **παιδός**,
ἀλαπάζω **ἀλαπαδός**, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g.
ζυρεῖ **τορκος**, **ζυγόν** *jugum*.
Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel
 before it long by position. But there are two proper
 names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained
 short, **ἄστυ Ζελεΐης**, **ὕλησσεσδ Ζάκυνθος**.

ΖΑ'—, Aeol. for **διά**: also as insepr. Prefix with intensive
 sense, like **ἀρι-**, **ἐρι-**, **ἀγα-**, as in **ζά-θεος**, **ζα-μενής**, etc.
ζάγκλον, τό, a *reaping-book* or *sickle*, Lat. *fala*.
 (Old Sicilian word.)
ζα-ῆς, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **ἄημι**) *strong blowing, stormy, gusty*;
ζαῆν, irreg. acc. for **ζαέα**, **ζαῆ**.
ζά-θεος, a, ov, also os, ov, *very divine, holy, bellowed*.
ζα-θερής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **θέρος**) *very hot*.
ζαίεν Att. **ζῶεν**, 3 pl. opt. of **ζάω**.
ζάκορος, ὁ, = **διάκορος**, **διάκονος**, a *minister, servant*.
ζά-κοτος, ov, *very wrathful*.
ζάλη, ἡ, (**ἄλλε**) *surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trou-*
ble, distress. (Akin to **σάλος**, Lat. *salum*.)
ζάλοισα, Dor. for **ζηλούσα**.
ζᾶλος, **ζᾶλός**, **ζᾶλότης**, Dor. for **ζηλ-**.
ζαμενέω, f. ἡσώ, *to be very violent, exert all one's*
strength. From
ζα-μενής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **μένος**) *very strong or mighty*
raging, violent.
ζαμία, Dor. for **ζημία**.
Ζάν, **Ζανός**, ὁ, Dor. for **Ζήν**, **Ζηνός**, old form of
Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. *Janus*.
ζα-πέδον, τό, = **δάπεδον**.
ζα-πληθής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **πληθος**) *very full*; **ζαπληθής**
γενειάς a *bushy beard: full-sounding*.
ζα-πλουτος, ov, *very rich*.
ζα-πύρος, ov, (**ζα-**, **πύρ**) *very fiery*.
ζατεύσα, Dor. for **ζητούσα**.
ζατεύω, **ζατρεῖον**, **ζατρεύω**, Dor. for **ζητ-**.
ζα-τρεφής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **τρέφω**) *well-fed, fat*.
ζα-φλεγής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **φλέγω**) *full of fire, fiery*.
ζα-χολος, ov, *very wrathful*.
ζα-χρειος, ov, (**ζα-**, **χρεία**) *very needy*; **ζαχρειος** **οἶδου**
one who wants to know the way.
ζα-χρητής, ἔς, (**ζα-**, **χράω** B) *attacking violently, fu-*
rious: of warriors, eager, fiery.
ζα-χρύσος, ov, *rich in gold*.
ΖΑ'Ω Ep. **ζᾶω**, in later Poets **ζᾶω**, Att. contr. **ζᾶ**,
ζῆς, **ζῆ**; imperat. **ζῆ** or **ζῆθι**; opt. **ζῆην**; inf. **ζάειν**
 contr. **ζῆν**: impf. **ἔζην** (as if from **ζῆμι**), **ἔζης**, **ἔζη**,
 but 3 pl. **ἔζων**: fut. **ζήσω** and **ζήσομαι**: aor. 1 **ἔζησα**:
 pf. **ἔζηκα**:—*to live, breathe*; **ζῶν** alive: **ζῆν ἀπό τινος**
to live off or on a thing, cf. **ἀποζῆν**: c. acc. cognato,
ζῆν ζῶν, **βίον**. II. metaph. *to be in full vigour*:
to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. **ζῶν**, as Adj., *active,*
powerful, efficacious.
 —**ζε**, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting *motion towards*
 a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, **Ἀθήναζε**, **Θύραζε**,
 for **Ἀθήνασδε**, **Θύρασδε**.
ζεγέριες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.
ΖΕΙΑ', ἡ, *zea*, a sort of grain, used as fodder for
 horses, prob. a *coarse wheal, spelt*.
ζεῖ-δωρος, ov, (**ζεῖα**, **δορέωμαι**) *zea-giving, fruitful*.
ζεῖρά, ἡ, a *wide upper garment*, girded about the loins
 and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)
ζέω, poet. for **ζέω**, as **πνέω** for **πνέω**.
ζέσσα, Ep. for **ἔζεσα**, aor. 1 of **ζέω**.
ζεστός, ἡ, ὅν, (**ζέω**) *boiled, boiling, hot*.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team* of oxen.
 ζευγλάττω, f. ἴσω, to *drive a yoke of oxen*. From
 ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος, ἐλαύνω) a *driver of a yoke of oxen*.

ζευγίτης [τ], οὔ, ὁ, (ζεύγος) *yoked together, two and two, in pairs*.

II. ζευγίται, οἱ, *yeomen*, the third of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their *being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen*: the first class being called πεντακοσιομέδμοι, the second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θήτες.

ζεύγλη ποῖτ. ζεύγλα, ἡ, *the collar or loop of the oke (ζυγόν)*, through which the oxen's heads were put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγλαι. II. *the udder-bands*; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) *that which is linked together, a band, bond*: ζεύγμα τοῦ λιμένος a *boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour*.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΓ'ΙΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγρυσαν (Ep. ζεύγρυσαν) or ἐζεύγρυνον (Ep. ζεύγρυνον): fut. ζεύξω: aor. I ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐζεύχθην, more frequent aor. 2 ἐζύγην [ῥ]:—to *join or link together, yoke*:—Med., ἴστωσι ζεύγρυνσθαι to *yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses*; also to *barness*.

II. generally, to *join or fasten together, make fast*; σκιδες ἐζευγμένα *close-shut doors*. 2. to *join in wedlock, marry, unite*:—Med. of the husband, to *wed*:—Pass. to *be married*. 3. to *join by bridges, throw a bridge across*. 5. to *undergird ships with ropes*.

ζεύγος, εως, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoke or team of beasts, a pair of horses*. 2. the *carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough*: any *pair or couple*.

II. of *more than two things or persons joined together*, e. g. ζεύγος τριπάρθενον *three maiden sisters*.

ζευκτηρία, a *fastening, band*; see πηδάλιον. From ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) *fit for joining or yoking*: τὸ ζευκτηριον a *yoke*.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξαιεν, 3 sing. opt.; ζεύξω, imperat.

ζεύξις, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoking or manner of yoking oxen*. 2. a *joining by a bridge*.

ΖΕΥΣ, ὁ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Διτ, acc. Δία as if from *Δις: ποῖτ. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζήνα, Dor. Ζένος, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν:—*Zeus, Jupiter*, king and father of gods and men, son of Κρόνος (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων: ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms come from him, as Ζεὺς ὕει.

Ζεφυρία (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = Ζέφυρος, the *west wind*. Ζεφύρος, ὁ, *Zephyrus, the west wind*, or properly the *north-west*. (From ζόφος, *darkness or the West*, as Εἶρος from εἶος, *morn or the East*.)

ΖΕΩ, fut. ζέω: aor. I ἐζέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to *boil, seethe*: generally, to *boil up*, esp. of hot springs: also simply to *be hot, throb with heat*; χθών ἐζε the *earth was hot*: metaph. to *boil with passion*, like Lat. *fervere*. II. trans. to *make to boil, beat*.

ζῆ, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζῆλος) *jealous*.

ζηλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλέω) *jealous*.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ζῆλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ζῆλος, μανῆναι) *mad with jealousy*.

ζήλος, ὁ, (ζέω) *eager rivalry, emulation*, in good sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy). 2. any *strong passion*, esp. *jealousy*: zeal or emulous desire for a thing.

II. pass. the *object of emulation or rivalry, happiness, blessedness*.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ζῆλος.

ζηλοτύπεω, f. ἴσω, (ζηλότυπος) to *emulate, rival, be jealous of*. 2. to *envy*. 3. to *affect, pretend to*. Hence

ζηλοτύπια, ἡ, *rivalry, jealousy, envy*.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζῆλος, τύπτω) *jealous*.

ζηλόω, f. ὥσω, (ζῆλος) to *rival, vie with, emulate*, Lat. *aemulari*: c. acc. rei, to *desire emulously, strive after*. 2. to *be jealous of, envy*. 3. to *emulate, envy, admire, commend*. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, the *object of emulation*: in pl. *high fortunes*. II. *rivalry, emulation*.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλόω) *emulation, imitation*.

ζηλωτής, ον, ὁ, (ζηλόω) a *rival, zealous imitator*. 2. a *zealot*.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλόω) to *be emulated, worthy of imitation*. 2. *enviable, happy, blessed*.

ζημία, ἡ, *loss, damage*, Lat. *damnum*, opp. to κέρδος; φανερά ζημία a *clear loss*. II. a *penalty*, esp. in money, a *fine*; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέμεν to *make death the penalty*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιόω, f. ὥσω, to *cause loss to one, do one damage or hurt*: to *punish*; esp. in money, to *fine*:—Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor. I ἐζημώσθην, to *be fined*.

*Ζήν, ὁ, gen. Ζηνός, ποῖτ. for Ζεὺς, q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνόδοτος.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) *knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove*, of oracles.

ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητέω, ποῖτ. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΩ, f. ἴσω, to *seek, seek for, seek after*. 2. to *search out, inquire into, examine, investigate*: c. inf. to *seek to do*. 3. to *have to seek*. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, *that which is sought: an inquiry, question*.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to *be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα places to be beaten for game*.

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a *seeking for, searching after*: a *searching out, inquiry, investigation*.

ζητητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to *be sought*. II. ζητητέον, ον, must *seek out*.

ζητητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ζητέω) a *seeker, searcher, inquirer, examiner*. II. at Athens, the *ζητηταί* were *commissioners to inquire into state-offences*.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, *sought for*.

ζιζάνιον, τό, a *weed that grows in wheat, darnel*, Lat. *zizanium, lolium*. (Eastern word.)

ζόη, Ion. for ζώη.

ζῶτα, Aeol. for ζῶη.

ζῶς, ἄ, ὄν, poet. for ζῶς, ζῶς.

ζορκάς, ἄδος, ἡ = δορκάς: also ζορξ, ζορκός, ἡ.

ζοφερός, ὄν, (ζῶφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.

ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the nether world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζῶφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἠελίον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφῶς, f. ὦσα, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.

ζοφῶδης, es, (ζῶφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.

ζῶα, for ζῶα.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

ζυγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι,

ζυγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζυγῆ-φόρος, ὄν, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke.

ζυγίος, ἄ, ὄν, (ζυγόν) of or for the yoke; ζυγίος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.

ζυγίτης, ου, ὁ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμῖται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [Ὶ]

ζυγῶ-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζυγο-μάχτω, f. ἦσω (ζυγόν, μάχομαι) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ΖΥΓΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὁ, but in pl. always ζυγά:—Lat. *jugum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the ζυγῶ-δεσμός to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά, in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transtili-um*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III.

the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwart, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. V. the cross-straps of sandals.

ζυγός, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγῶς, f. ὦσα, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζυγοθρίβω, to lock up. From

ζυγόθρον, τό, (ζυγῶς) the bar or bolt of a door.

ζυγωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζυγῶς) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζύμη, ἡ, (ζέω) leaven. [Ὶ] Hence

ζυμίτης, ου, Adj. masc. leavened. [Ὶ]

ζυμῶς, f. ὦσα, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment.

ζωάγρια, ὄν, τὰ, (ζῶς, ἄγρια) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγριος, ὄν, (ζῶς, ἄγρια) for saving life.

ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [α]

ζω-αρκτης, ἐς, (ζῶη, ἀρκτεῖν) maintaining life.

ζωγράφω, f. ἦσω, (ζωγράφος) to paint from life.

ζωγράφια, ἡ, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὁ, a painter.

ζῶγρει, ζῶγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of

ζῶ-γρέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶς, ἀγρέω) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζῶγρια Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.

ζωδιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶδιον) of or containing animals;

ὁ ζωδιακός (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac.

ζῶδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.

ζῶμεν, ζῶμεναι, for ζῶειν, inf. of ζῶω = ζῶα.

ζῶεσκον, Ion. impf. of ζῶα.

ζῶη Dor. ζῶά Ion. and poet. ζῶη Aeol. ζῶτα, :

(ζῶα) a living, means of living, subsistence, good property. II. life.

ζω-θάλλμιος, ὄν, (ζῶη, θάλλω) giving vigour of life.

ζωῖκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶον) of or for animals.

ζῶμα, ατος, τό, (ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also = ζώνη, or ζωστήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζῶμενμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From

ζῶμενω, f. σαι, (ζῶμός) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶμός, a little sauce.

ζωμός Dor. ζωμός, ὁ, (ζέω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.

ζώνη, ἡ, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνῃ and πρέφειν ἐντὸς ζώνης to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II.

the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ΖΩΝΝΤ ΜΙ or -ῶν; fut. ζῶσω; aor. ἐζῶσα:—Med. ζώννυμι, fut. ζώσομαι; aor. I ἐζῶσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐζῶσθην; pf. ἐζῶσμαι:—to gird. esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην,

χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of ζώννυμι.

ζωο-γλύφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γλύφω) carving animals:

as Subst., ζωογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζωογονέω, f. ἦσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From

ζωο-γόνος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ὄν, poet. for ζω-.

ζῶον, τό, properly contr. from ζῶιον, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal,

but also any figure or image; ζῶα γράφειν or γράφεισθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῶα γράφασθαι τὴν εὖειν τοῦ Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἡσω, (ζῶς, ποιέω) *to make alive, quicken*.
ζῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶω) *alive, living*; ζῶν ἐλεῖν *τῷα* to
take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶδ-σοφός, ὄν, (ζῶή, σοφός) *wise in life*.

ζωο-φόρος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φέρω) *lifestealing*. II.
(ζῶν, φέρω) *bearing animals*; ὁ ζωοφόρος (sub κύ-
λος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζωοφύττω, f. ἡσω, *to put forth live shoots*. From
ζῶδ-φύτος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φύω) *producing plants*.

ζῶ-πονέω, f. ἡσω, (ζῶς, πονέω) *to represent alive*.

ζωπύρνω, f. ἡσω, *to kindle into flame*: metaph. *to*
set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶ-πύρον, τό, (ζῶς, πύρ) *a spark, a piece of hot*
coal: *a match to light a fire with*.

ωροποτέω, f. ἡσω, *to drink sheer wine*.

ωρο-ποτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ζῶρος, πίνω) *drinking sheer*
ne, drunken.

ζῶρος, ὄν, *sheer, unmixed*, of wine without water:
—as Subst. ζῶρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζῶρόν,

τό, Lat. *merum*, *sheer wine*: Homer uses only Comp.,
ζωρότερον κέραε *mix purer wine*, i. e. pour in less
water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with
water, ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only *to*
drink purer wine than common, but generally *to drink*
hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζωρός from ζῶς.)

ζῶς, neut. ζών, gen. ζώ, rarer form for ζῶς.

ζῶσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζώννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζώννυμι) *the warrior's belt* or
baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζώνη being
the woman's girdle: but later, *any belt* or *girdle*.

ζωστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) *a belt, girdle*.

ζωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶω) *of or for life*. II. *full of*

life, lively, vivid, Lat. *vivax*: of works of art, *true*
to life; τὸ ζωτικὸν φαίνεται πᾶς ἐνεργάζῃ τοῖς ἀν-
δράσιν; how do you make *that look of life* appear in
your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶν, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶ-φύτος, ὄν, (ζῶς, φύω) *producing plants, fruitful*.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζῶω, *to live*.

H

H, η, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek
alphabet; as numeral η—ἑκτώ and ὀγδοός, but η
= 8000. The uncial form of Eta (**H**) was a double

ΕΞ, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δηλος, ζήλος,
from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one
sign (ε) for the sound of e both long and short, till
the long vowel η, with ω, was introduced from the
Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship
of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with ω, ξ, ψ. The
sign Η, before it represented long ε, was used for the
rough breathing, as ΗΟΞ for ὅς, which usage remains
in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel,
it was divided, so that Η represented the rough, Η the
smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.;
in the Attic dialect, it often passed into α, as Ion.
πρήσσω, θώρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θώραξ. In later
Att., εἰ and ἦ were not seldom changed into η, e. g.
κλείθρον κλῆθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

ἦ poet. ἦε, Conjunction with three chief signs., dis-
junctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἦ DISJUNCTIVE,
or, Lat. *aut*; and doubled, ἦ... ἦ..., *either... or...*, Lat. *aut... aut...* II. ἦ INTERROGATIVE:
in indirect questions in a subjunctive clause, εἰπεῖ ἦ... say
whether...; and doubled ἦ... ἦ..., *whether... or...?*
Lat. *utrum... an...?* 2. also with direct ques-
tions, like Lat. *an*; τίπτε' εἰλήλουθας; ἦ ἵνα ὕβριν

ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνωνος; why hast thou come? *is it* that
thou may'st see...? III. ἦ COMPARATIVE, *iban*,
as, like Lat. *quam*, after a Comp. Adj.: also after
positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι

ἦ..., some other thing *iban*...; ἐνάντιος ἦ..., con-
trariwise *iban*...; οὐδ' ὅσον ἦ..., not so much as...;
so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἦ... to wish *rather iban*...;
φθάνω ἦ... to come *sooner iban*... 2. ἦ some-
times joins two Comparatives, when they both refer
to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησάσθαι ελαφρότεροι
πόδας εἶναι, ἦ ἀφραιότεροι all would then pray to be
light of foot *rather iban* rich; ταχύτερα ἦ σοφώτερα
more quickly *iban* wisely.

[When ἦ οὐ, ἦ οὐκ come together in a verse, the
two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]

ἦ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing;
ἦ, ἦ, σίῳπα *what do*, be silent!

ἦ, Adv., with two signs., strengthening and ques-
tioning: I. ἦ TO STRENGTHEN or CONFIRM, *in truth,*
truly, verily, of a surety; ἦ μὴν, Ion. ἦ μὲν, intro-
duces *the very words* of an oath, to give greater so-
lemnity. II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. *num?*
sometimes it may be rendered, *what? pray? or can*

it be? ἦ οὐ...; Lat. nonne...?

ἦ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμί.

ἦ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ἦ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἦ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, *who, what?*

ἦ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, *bis, her*.

ἦ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ: also used
adverbially: 1. of Place, *whichever way, where, whi-*
ther, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, *how, as*;

ἦ θέμις ἐστί, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with
Sup., ἦ μάλιστα or ἦ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as
far as possible; ἦ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ἦα, ἦεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἦα, contr. of ἦα, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἰμι ido.

ἦατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἦβαιός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for βαιός, *little, small, poor,*
slight: mostly with a negat., οὐ ὁ ἐνι φρένες, οὐδ'
ἦβαια no sense is in him, no, not *the slightest*: in
neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἦβαν... *in the least, not in the*
slightest degree; *ῶ*
a little from the c

βαῖον ἀπὸ σπείους

ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. *pubescere*.

ἡβῶν, f. ἡσῶ: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη)—to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. *pubescere*; ἀνὴρ μάλ᾽ ἡβῶν a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώσωμεν a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἡβη, ἡ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. *pubertas*; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἡβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that of δέκα ἀρ' ἡβης were men of 28, of τετταράκοντα ἀρ' ἡβης men of 58. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit. 3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. *juven-tus*.

II. as fem. prop. n. ἡβη, *Hebé*, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence ἡβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἡβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ἡβητήρ, ἡβος, ὁ, ἡβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡβῶ) in the prime of youth.

ἡβητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβῶ) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. *juvenilis*.

ἡβός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡβη) youthful.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἔβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἡβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβῶν, to be youngish.

ἡβώνη, Att. opt. of ἡβῶν.

ἡβώμι Ep. ἡβώομι, opt. of ἡβῶν.

ἡβῶων, ἡβῶωσα, Ep. part. of ἡβῶν.

ἡγάσθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀγω.

ἡγάθεος, ἡ, ον, (ἀγαν, θεός) bellowed, most boldy.

ἡγᾶνον, τό, Ion. for τήγανον.

ἡγάπειν, Dor. for ἡγάπων, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαόμαι.

ἡγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγέλλω.

ἡγγίκα, ἡγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύηκα, -ῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγύνω.

ἡγγύησα, -ήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγύνω.

ἡγγύων, impf. of ἐγγύνω.

ἡγεῖρα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμόνευμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. ἑσῶ Ep. ἡος, ὁ, poet. for ἡγεμῶν.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμῶν) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ἡ, (ἡγεμῶν) a leading the way, going first. II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates; ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἡγεμονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡγεμῶν) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. *princeps*.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ον, (ἡγεμῶν) of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἡγεμόνιος, ἡ, ον, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόνια (sub. ἱερά), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ἡγεμῶν, ὅς, ὁ, a leader, Lat. *dux*: 1. a guide to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. *princeps*, auctor; ἡγεμῶν γίγνεσθαι τι to be one's guide or authority. 2. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief.

From

ἡγέομαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγησάμην: pf. ἡγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἀγω)—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἔπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief.

II. like Lat. *ducere*, to suppose, believe, bold; ἡγεῖσθαι τινα βασιλέα to bold or regard as king; ἡγεῖσθαι θεούς to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγερέθονται, ἡγερέθοντο.

ἡγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἡγερέεσθαι.

ἡγερθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγηλάζω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. *agere*, κακὸν μόνον ἡγηλάζειν to lead a wretched life.

ἡγημαι, pf. of ἡγέομαι.

ἡγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγέομαι, one must lead. II.

one must suppose.

ἡγήτηρ, ἡβος, ὁ, ἡγήτης, οὗ, ὁ, ἡγήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγήτορες ἰδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἡγιάζω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγινέω.

ἡγκαλίσταμην, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀγω.

ἡγνέκα, ἡγνέσησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνέω.

ἡγνισα, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίζω.

ἡγνόνουν, impf. of ἀγνέω.

ἡγξα, aor. I of ἀγχα.

ἡγον, impf. of ἀγω.

ἡγοράσθε, -άωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράσθε, -άωντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράζω.

ἡγόρεκα, ἡγόρεσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἡ, γοῖν) that is to say, Lat. *scilicet*.

ἡγρίαινα, aor. I of ἀγριαίνω.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγρίω.

ἡγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἡγχων, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχα.

ἡγωνίακα, -άισα, -λων, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνισθῆν, ἡγωνίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἡ, δέ) and: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδὲ καί and also. II. when it answers to ἡμὲν it means, as also.

ἡδε, fem. of ὅδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδεν, ει, ει, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδεσαν.

ἡδισάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδισθῆν, aor. I pass. of εἰδῶ.

ἡδισθῆν, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, sweetly, pleasantly, gladly, ἡδέως ἔχειν to be kind: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

*HΔH, Adv. of Time, like Lat. jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδη Αἰγυπτos after this lake directly begins Egypt.

ἡδη, ᾗδυσθα, ᾗδη Att. for ᾗδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδικοον, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδιων, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχον, impf. of ἀδολέσχω.

*HΔOMAI, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθην, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Dep.:—to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας he was glad to have heard: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένη γίγνεται μοι τι I am well pleased at the thing

happening, like ἀσμένει, βουλομένη. Hence ἡδομένης, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, gladly.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure, Lat. voluptas: πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν to speak so as to please another.

ἡδος, εος, τό, (ἡδομαι) delight, enjoyment, pleasure. ἡ δ' ἔσ, said he, for ἔφη ἐκεῖνος, v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βότης, ον, Dor. -βοας, α, ὁ, (ἡδύς, βοή) sweet-sounding.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) sweetening marriage.

ἡδύ-γάλας, ον, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλας) sweetly-laughing.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλῶσσα) sweet-tongued.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments.

ἡδύ-επής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) sweet-speaking: sweet-sounding:—poët. fem. ἡδυνεπεία.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (ἡδύς, θρούς) sweet-strained.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) taken with pleasure.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) sweet-speaking: flattering, fawning.

ἡδύ-λύρη, ον, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) singing sweetly to the lyre.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) sweet-singing.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) with honey-sweet voice.

ἡδύ-μιγής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μιγῆναι) sweetly-mixed.

ἡδύμος, ον, poet. for ἡδύς, sweet, pleasant.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἐδυνάμην, impf. of δύναιμι.

ἡδυνήθην, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνα, ἱ. ἔνω: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς):—to sweeten, season.

ἡδύ-οἶνος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) producing sweet wine.

ἡδύ-οσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, οσμή) sweet-smelling.

ἡδύ-πάθεια, ἡ, pleasant living, luxury. From

ἡδύ-παθέω, ἱ. ἡσώ, (ἡδύπαθής) to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious. Hence

ἡδύ-πάθημα, ατος, τό, enjoyment. [ἀ]

ἡδύ-πάθης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) living pleasantly.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡδύς, πνοή)

sweet-breathing: sweet-smelling.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) dear to the people.

ἡδύ-πότης, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) fond of drinking.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) sweet to drink.

ἡδύς, ἡδέα, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδέα Dor. ἀδεά; Dor.

acc. sing. ἀδεά, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδύτατος: (ἡδομαι):—sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

II. of persons, pleasant, welcome, dear, glad.

ἡδυσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνω) that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) of sweet form.

ἡδύ-φάης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, φάος) sweetly-shining.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) sweet-minded.

ἡδύφωνία, ἡ, sweetness of voice. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) sweet-voiced.

ἡδύ-χάρης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) sweetly joyous.

ἡδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (ἡδύς, χρώα) of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., a kind of perfume.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἡ, or.

ἡε, Ep. for ἡε, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι.

ἡειδον, ἡεῖσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδῶ.

ἡεῖδεν, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡελιος, ὁ, poet. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτης, Ep. for ἡλιώτης.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡε-περ, poet. for ἡπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθουμαι, lengthd. form of αἰρόμαι Pass., to bang floating or waving in the air: metaph., ὁπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται young men's minds are fligbtly.

ἡέρθην, aor. I pass. of αἰρόω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for ἀέριος (ἀήρ) early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist (ἀήρ).

2. bigd in air.

ἡερμαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δυνέω) wheeling in mid-air. [ε]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) of

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: dim, gray.

ἡερόεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡερόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτᾶν) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαῖος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθέιος.

ἡθάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for ἰθάς, (ἦθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wonted, accustomed.

ἡθέιος, α, ον, (ἦθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθείε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθελον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθεος, ὁ, ἡ, Att. for ἡΐθεος.

ἡΘΕΨΩ, f. ἡσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὁν, (ἦθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθλῆκα, ἡθλῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, ὁ, (ἦθω) a strainer.

ἡθος, εος, τό, (ἦθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθea, seats, bawns, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἡθον, imp. of αἶθω.

ἡθρουσα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίστην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡΐα, contr. ἡᾶ, τά, (ἡΐα, contr. ἡᾶ, impf. of εἰμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. obaff, busks. [τ]

ἡΐα, Ion. for. ἡΐον, impf. of εἰμι ibo: 3 sing. ἡΐε, 3 pl. ἡΐον or ἡΐσαν.

ἡΐθεος Att. contr. ἡΐθεος, ὁ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡΐθῆ, a young girl.

ἡΐκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of εἶκα (as if from ἡΐγμην).

ἡΐξα, aor. I of ἀΐσσω.

ἡΐοεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡΐον) with high, steep banks.

ἡΐον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡΐος, ὁ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἡ, ἡ.

ἡΐσαν, Ep. for ἡεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμι ibo.

ἡΐσκον, impf. of εἰσκω.

ἡΐσσον, impf. of ἀΐσσω.

ἡΐσχην, aor. I pass. of ἀΐσσω.

ἡΙΩΝ Att. ἡΐων Dor. ἄϊων, ἴνος, ἡ, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: ἡΐον a river-bank. [τ]

ἡΐων, ονος, ἡ, (ἄω) a bearing, report.

ἭΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾱ]

ἡκα, aor. I of ἡμ.

ἡκαζον, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ἡκαρείσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαίρομαι.

ἡκασα, ἡκάστην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάω.

ἡκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάω.

ἡκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἡκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἡ-κεστος, ἡ, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (a privat, κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ἡκή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκακή.

ἡκισμην, aor. I med. of ἀκίω.

ἡκίστην, ἡκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀκίω.

ἡκιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἡκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἡκιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἡσσων, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἡκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἡκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάω.

ἡκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἡκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἡ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἡκου.

ἡκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἡκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἡκρώμην, ἡκροδᾶμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκροδομαι.

ἡκρωτηρίασα, ἡκρωτηρίσμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηρίαζω.

ἭΚΩ, impf. ἡκον: fut. ἤξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point: εἰς τοῦτο τόλμης ἡκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity. 2. with gen. and an Adv., εὖ ἡκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἡλάστην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἡλαῖνω, Ion. and poet. for ἐλαῖνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἡλάκτα, ον, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ἡλάκστη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἡλάλαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάω.

ἡλαλκον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ἡλάσα, ἡλάσστην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαῖνω.

ἡλασκᾶν, (ἀλάομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἡλασκᾶει be flees from or sbins my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἡλάσκω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἐλαῖνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἡλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἡλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡλάττωσα, ἡλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλασσώω.

ἡλγισσα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγύνα, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδάνε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδάνω.

ἡλεῖψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεῶμην, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχομαι.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of gold alloyed with silver:—in Ar. Eq. 532 ἐκπιπτονσῶν τῶν ἡλεκτρον, it seems to mean, *the pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάης, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλέκτωρ, opor, ὁ, *the beaming sun*: as Adj., ἡλέκτωρ *Ἰσπερίων* beaming Hyperion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλεός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἡλός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*. II. act. *distracting, crazing*.

ἡλέμειος Dor. ἀλ-, ὅν, (ἡλεός, ἡλός) *distracted, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, *to grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύαστο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλέομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡλήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐλαύνω.

ἡληλίμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλιώω, = ἡλιώω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, *to sit in the court* Ἡλιάδα.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλής, ἀλία) at Athens *a hall* in which the chief law-court was held: *the Heliæa* or *supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάξαι, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) *a jurymen in the court Heliæa, a Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὅν, *of or belonging to a Heliast*.

ἡλίβατος, ὄν, *steep, abrupt, precipitous: bigb, huge, enormous*. II. like Lat. *altus, deep, profound*.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλίθα, Adv. (ἄλις) *enough, sufficiently: abundantly*.

ἡλιθιάω, *to speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλιθός Dor. ἀλ(θ)-, α, ὄν, (ἡλός, ἡλεός) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἡλιθώω, f. ὦω, *to make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour or prime of life, manhood*; οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ *men of age fit for service*:—*youthful blood and passion*. II.

as Subst., = οἱ ἡλικες, *those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates*. III. generally, *age, time*: later *an age, Lat. seculum*.

IV. of the body, *stature, growth, bulk*. Hence ἡλικιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, *an equal in age, fellow, comrade, Lat. aequalis*.

ἡλικός, ἡ, ὄν, Relat. *to τῆλικός or τηλικούτος*, as Lat. *quantus to tantus*, as *big as, as tall as, as great as*. 2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong*: also *how old, at what age*: as *old as*. [ἦ] From

ἡΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, *of the same age, Lat. aequalis*:—as Subst. *a fellow, comrade, mate*.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ὄν, (ἡλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κάης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-κανυτος, ὄν, = ἡλιοκάης.

ἡλιο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡλιος, μανῆναι) *doting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἡλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἡέλιος, ὁ, (ἔλη Lat. sol) *the sun*; πρὸς Ἡῷ τ' Ἡελίον τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. *the East*, opp. to πρὸς ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς Ἡῷ τε καὶ ἡλίῳ ἀνατολὰς to πρὸς ἐσπέρην. 2.

day, like Lat. sol. 3. οἱ ἡλιοὶ *the sun-beams*, like Lat. soles. II. as prop. n. *Helios, the sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἡλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, f. ὦω, (ἡλιος) *to warm in the sun*:—Pass. *to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλιστα, ἡλισθῆν, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλί(ω).

ἡλιστα, ἡλιστα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἡλίττον, aor. 2 of ἀλιταίνω.

ἡλίτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτο-μηνος, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίφην [ἦ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡΛΙΨ, ἴκος, ὁ, said to be a Dorian shoe.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιώω and of ἡλιώω.

ἡλιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἡλιος) *of or belonging to the sun*.

ἡλικησα, aor. I of ἐλέκω.

ἡλκομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλέκω.

ἡλλάγη, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαξα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλοίωσα, ἡλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοιόω.

ἡλόγησα, Ep. ἡλόγησα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλόκισμαι, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίω.

ἡΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a nail, stud*: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἔλπομαι.

ἡλπίσα, ἡλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσάμην, aor. I med. of εἶλω.

ἡλύγη [ῦ], ἡ, (ἡλυξ) *shadown, darkness: metaph., δίκης ἡλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλυθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἡλυξ, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπηλυξ.

(Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

Ἠλύσιον πεδίον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) *the Elysian fields*: later without πεδίον, *Elysium*.

Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακρῶν νῆσοι.

ἡλύσιος, α, ὄν, *coming: or Elysian*. [ῦ] From

ἡλυσίς, εἰς, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming : a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφαινα.

ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐδάμκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλων, Ion. for ἐάλων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλώμην, impf. of ἀλάσσω.

ἡμα, τό, (ἡμι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.

ἡμαθῶς, εἰσα, εν, (ἁμαθος) Ion. for ἁμ-, sandy.

ἡμαι, ἡσαι, ἡται, 3 pl. ἡται Ion. ἔδται Ep. εἰδται ;

imperat. ἡσο, ἡσθω, etc. ; inf. ἡσθαι ; part. ἡμενος ;

impf. ἡμην, ἡσο, ἡστο, 3 pl. ἡντο Ion. ἔδτο Ep. εἰδτο :

—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf.

and plqpf. of ἔξομαι), to be set, to sit : often with col-

lat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter : ἡμενος χώρος, like

εἰαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc.,

ἡσθαι σέλμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἁμαρ, ἁρος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day ;

αἰσιμον ἡμαρ, μόριμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day

of death ; ἐλευθρον, δοῦλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom,

of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself ; of the seasons,

ὁπωρινόν, χειμέριον ἡμαρ autumn, winter time ; ἐπ'

ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day ; κατ'

ἡμαρ, day by day ; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alter-

nis diebus : also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμάτιος, α, ov, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day :

day by day, daily.

ἡμάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αἵματω.

ἡμβλωκα, ἡμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἁμβλίσκω.

ἡμβροτον, inf. ἁμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἁμαρτάνω.

ἡμεδαπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country,

native, Lat. nostras.

ἡμεῖς, ἡμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμελγον, impf. of ἀμέλγω.

ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμέλγω, in a neg-

lectful manner.

ἡμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ἡ-μέν..., ἡ-δέ..., (ἡ, μέν) poet. for καί..., καί...,

as well..., as also..., Lat. et..., et... : also disjunctive,

if..., or if..., whether..., whether..., Lat. vel...,

vel..., or sive..., sive...

ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμερα Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἡμέρα, ἡ, day : the

light of day ; ἁμ' ἡμέρα or ἁμα τῇ ἡμέρᾳ with dawn

of day, with day-break ; δι' ἡμέρας all day long ; διὰ

τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die ;

ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily ; καθ' ἡμέραν

day by day ; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu ; ὠπὲ

τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day ; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or

near day. II. metaph. life : παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old

age ; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day ; ἡμερεύει μακρὰς

κελεύθειν to rest the day after a long journey. 2.

to pass one's days, live.

ἡμερήσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day,

by day. II. a day long ; ἡμερησία ὁδός a day's journey.

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.

ἡμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτε-

ρινός by night ; ἀγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messen-

ger. II. = ἐφ' ἡμέρας, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριος, ov, also α, ov, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or

living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to

ἀγριος, wild : —as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρόμος, ov, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-

long day : —as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θάλλης, ἐς, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θῆλης, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting.

ἡμερο-κοιτος, ov, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e.

awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every

day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.

ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, alma-

nack.

ἡΜΕΡΟΣ, ov, also α, ov, tame, reclaimed, domestic,

of animals ; of trees, cultivated : — opp. to ἀγριος,

wild. II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκοπός, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day :

as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερο-φαντος, ov, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by

day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ὁκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.

ἡμερο-φονος, ov, (ἡμέρα, φονέω) epith. of the cock,

berald of day.

ἡμερώω, f. ὠσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, re-

claim : of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men,

to soothe, conciliate : also to tame by conquest, subdue.

ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμετέριος, α, ov, = ἡμεδαπός.

ἡμέτερος, α, ov, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster ; eis ἡμέτε-

ρον (sub. δῶμα) to our house.

ἡμέων, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἦν, impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam ; παῖ, ἡμί,

παῖ, boy, I say, boy! —impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγώ

said I, ἦ δ' ἔβ' said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has

only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, be spoke.

ἡΜΙ-, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. semi- : the

Adj. is ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-άνδρος, ὁ, (ἡμ-, ἀνήρ) a half-man, eunuch.

ἡμί-άνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνδρος.

ἡμι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, βρέχομαι) half-watered.

ἡμι-βρώς, ὠρος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, ov, (ἡμ-,

βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.

ἡμι-γένειος, ov, (ἡμ-, γένειον) with but half a beard.

ἡμι-γυμνος, ov, (ἡμ-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ἡμι-δᾶής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, δαίω) half-burnt.

ἡμι-δαρεικόν, τό, (ἡμ-, δαρεικός) a half-daric.

ἡμι-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.

ἡμι-διπλοῖδιον Att. contr. —οἰδιον, τό, (ἡμ-, δι-

πλοῖς) a half-stawl, or stawl doubled in half.

ἡμί-δουλος, ov, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτεόν, τό, a half-εκτεύς, i. e. a twelfth part of a medimnus.

ἡμι-ἄλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, a half-Greek.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-ἐργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *ἐργω) half-made.

ἡμι-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἐφω) half-boiled-half-cooked.

ἡμι-θάλλης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλεῖν) half-green.

ἡμι-θάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) half-dead.

ἡμι-θεός Dor. ἡμι-, ὁ, half a god, demigod.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) half-dead.

ἡμι-θραυστός, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) half-broken.

ἡμι-κάκος, ον, a rogue by halves, half a villain.

ἡμι-κλήριον, τό, (ἡμι-, κλήρος) half the inheritance.

ἡμι-κραιρα, ἡ, half the head or face.

ἡμι-λεπτός, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) half-peeled, half-batched.

ἡμι-λευκός, ον, half-white.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμιλλῆμαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμύλλασθαι.

ἡμι-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) half-mad.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραινόμεναι) half-withered or faded. [ᾱ]

ἡμι-μέθης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) half-drunk.

ἡμι-μναῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνά) of, amounting to a half-mina: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a half-mina.

ἡμιν or ἡμῖν, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμι-ξηρός, ον, half-dry.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, a light ship with one and a half bank of oars. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὅλιος) one and a half, half as much again; ἡμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρον half as large again as the customary size; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον one half more than they used to receive before.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμιόνος) of a mule; ἀμαξα ἡμιονεία a car drawn by mules; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον a team of mules.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμι-ονός, ἡ or ὁ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a half-ass, a mule. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμιόνον a mule-foal.

ἡμι-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with half its proper number of bores; ἡμιόποι αὐλοῖ flutes with only three bores.

ἡμι-οπτός, ον, half-roasted.

ἡμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a half-axe, a single edged axe, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκκον.

ἡμι-πλεθρον, τό, a half-πλήθρον, i. e. 50 feet.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) a half-plinth, a brick, Lat. semilaterium.

ἡμι-πνοός, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) half-breathing, half-cooked.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) half-burnt. [ῥ]

ἡμίσεες, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, a half, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμι-σοφός, ον, half-wise.

ἡμι-σπαστός, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) half torn down.

ἡμι-σταδίαῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of half a stadium.

ἡμι-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, a half-soldier.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, half-round.

ἡμι-στῆς, εια, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμισέα: gen. ἡμίσεος rarely -εως, fem. ἡμισείας Ion. -εας: nom. pl. ἡμίσεες Att. -εῖς:—half, Lat. SEMIS: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοὶ half the people; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αὐτὴ ἡμισεῖαι τῶν νεῶν half the ships; αὐτὸς ἡμισυς λόγος half the tale; ἡμισυ τείχος half the wall; neut. sing. ἡμισυ as Subst. a half, half, ἡμισυ τιμή.

ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, a half-talent, as a weight; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον two talents and a half (cf. Lat. sestertius); but, τρία ἡμιτάλαντα three half-talents.

ἡμιτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτέλής) a remission of half.

ἡμι-τέλειος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) half-finished.

ἡμι-τελής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect; ὁδὸς ἡμιτελής a house but half complete, i. e. wanting its master.

ἡμι-τομός, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμνέω) half cut through: cut in two: τὸ ἡμιτομον a half.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάος) half-shining.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, half-bald.

ἡμι-φαυλός, ον, half-knavish.

ἡμι-φλεκτός, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) half-burnt.

ἡμιωβολίαῖος, α, ον, worth half an obol. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, a half-obol. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβελός) a half-obol.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὠρα) a half-hour.

ἡμμαι, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε: when, while, so long as.

ἡμπεσχομένη, aor. 2 med. of ἀμπέχω.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμουν, impf. of ἔμεω.

ἡμπεδουν, impf. of ἐμπεδών.

ἡμπόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμπλακόν, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡμύνα, aor. I of ἀμύνω.

ἡμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμύω.

ἡμύστικα, pf. of ἀμυστίω.

ἡμύω, f. ὤω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡμύσα: (μύω):—to sink, droop, bow down; ἡμυσε κάρη his head dropped, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμύει ἀσταχύνεσσι it bows down with its ears; of cities, to totter to their fall: later to fall, perish.

ἡμφεγνόησα, ἡμφεγνόουν, aor. I and impf. of ἀμφεγνόω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, aor. I of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφέσσα, aor. I of ἀμφέννυμι.

ἡμφέσσαι, pf. pass. of ἀμφέννυμι.

ἡμων, contr. impf. of ἀμύω.

ἡμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἡμι) a thrower, darter, slinger.

ἦν, contr. from ἔάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. if, in case that; ἦν μή unless: in indirect questions, if, whether.

ἦν, Interject. *see! see there!* Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἦμι = φημί.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. *ὅς, who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. *ὅς, ἑός, his*.
 ἡναίετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνάλωσα, ἡνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.

ἡνάρων, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἡνᾶνε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνάνω.
 ἡνδραποδισα, -ισθην, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἡναντιώθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιώω.
 ἡναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἡνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἡνέθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἡνεχόμεν, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεκής, ἐς, (*ἐνέκω, v. φέρω) continuous, long.
 ἡνεμόεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (ἀνεμος) windy, airy, high, elevated.
 II. *light as air, subtile; φρόνημα ἡνεμόεν airy, winged thought.*

ἡνεον, ἡνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἡνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνώ.
 ἡνέχθην, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἡνέφυγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
 ἡνήμηναι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἡνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἡνθισμένους, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἡνθόμες, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἡνθράκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρακίζωμαι.
 ἦνι, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἦνιδε.
 ἦνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἦνία, ἰων, τὰ, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἦνία, ἦ.

ἩΝΙΑ, ἦ, *a bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἡνίας τοῖς λόγοις *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *immittere babenas*. II. *any leather thong, a shoe-string.*

ἡνιγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἦν-ιδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἴδε) *see! see there!*
 ἡνικά, Adv., relat. to τῇνίκα or τοῇνίκα, *when, at which time, at the time when*; c. optat. *whenever*.
 ἡνιξάμην, aor. I of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἡνιοποιέων, τὸ, *a saddler's shop*. From
 ἡνιο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἡνία, ποιέω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἡνιοστροφέω, f. ἦσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*.

From
 ἡνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἡνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*:
 —as Subst. a *charioteer*.

ἡνιο-οχεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, poet. for ἡνιόχος.
 ἡνιο-οχεύω and -έω, *to be charioteer, bold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From
 ἡνιόχος, ὁ, (ἡνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver*,

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παρὰβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.

ἡνίππε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.
 ἡνία, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἡνία, (ἔνος) *a year old, yearling*.
 [acc. ἡνίν.]

ἡνίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίσσομαι.
 ἡνον, impf. of ἀνώ.
 ἡνορέα Ep. and Ion. -έη, ἦ, (ἀνῆρ) *manhood*.
 ἡνοψ, οπος, ὁ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἡνοπι χαλεπῶ with *glittering, flashing* brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβόλω.
 ἡντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἡντίαζον, ἡντιάσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάω.
 ἡντληκώς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἡντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.
 ἡνυκα, ἡνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.
 ἡνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals*, in which the digestion was completed.

ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνυμι.
 ἡνώγεα, Ion. plqpf. of ἀνωγα.
 ἡνώγειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀνωγα.
 ἡνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθέω.
 ἡνώχληκα, ἡνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἡνώχλουν, -οῦμην, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦξα, aor. I both of ἄγω *to lead*, and ἄγνυμι *to break*.
 ἦξα, aor. I of ἄσσω (contr. from ἄισσω).
 ἦξεῖς, ἦξω, Dor. for ἦξεις, ἦξω, fut. of ἦκω.
 ἦξιωμαί, pf. pass. of ἀξιώω.
 Ἡοί, dat. of Ἡώς.

ἦοιός, σ, ον, (Ἡώς) = ἦφός, ἔφός, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπέριος. II. as Subst., ἦοις (sub. ὥρα), ἦ, *the morning*; πᾶσαν ἦοιην *all the morning*.

ἦομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι *ibo*.
 ῥόνιος, α, ον, (ῥών) contr. from ῥώνιος, *on the shore*.
 ῥπάομαι, aor. I inf. of ῥήσασθαι *to mend*.

ἩΠΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *jecur*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.

ἡπάτηκα, ἡπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἡπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἡπαρ.

ἡπάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπάφισκω.
 ἡπεδᾶνός, ἦ, ὄν, *weak, infirm: maimed, halting*: c. gen. *void of*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡπείλησα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.
 ἡπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἡπειρος, *γένω) *living on the mainland*.

ἡπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἡ-πειρος, for ἀπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἦ, *the mainland, continent, of the land*, as opp. to *the sea*; κατ' ἡπειρον *by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος.

II. *the mainland of Greece*, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called Ἠπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος the Continent; and αἱ δισσεῖς ἡπειροί, the two continents, are Europe and Asia. Hence

ἡπειρόω, f. ὥσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so*, when an island is joined to the mainland.

ἡπειρώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική ξυμμαχία. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἡ-περ poet. ἡ-περ, Conj. (ἡ, περ) *than, than even*.
ἡ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅσπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπέυς, gen. ἑας Ion. ἦος, ὁ, = ἡπεροπεντής.

ἡπεροπεντής, οὐ, ὁ, a cheat, deceiver. From

ἡπεροπεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.

ἡπητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler.

ἡπίδλω, to have a fever or ague. From

ἡπίδλος (sub. πυρετός), ὁ, a fever attended with shivering, ague. II. the nightmare.

ἡπίο-δίνητος, ον, (ἥπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling.

ἡπλό-δωρος, ον, (ἥπιος, δῶρον) giving welcome gifts.

ἡπλό-θυμός, ον, (ἥπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.

ἡΠΙ-ὌΣ, α, ον, Att. os, ον, gentle, mild, kind. II. act. soothing, assuaging, calming.

ἡπλό-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (ἥπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing band.

ἡπίως, Adv. of ἥπιος, gently, mildly.

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακόν, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡ-που, or ἡ που, Adv. or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.

ἡπου or ἡ που, Adv. of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less. II. in a question, is it then?

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡπύτα [ῥ], ὁ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύτα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ᾱ]: f. ὥω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἡπύσα: (ἔπος, εἰπεῖν):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke. II. absol. to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to howl, roar.

ἡΡ, τό, poet. for ἔαρ, spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἥρος, ἥρι are the only cases used in Prose.

ἥρᾱ, 3 sing. impf. of ἔραω.

ἥρᾱ, 1 sing. aor. 1 of αἶρω.

ἥρα (ἥραρον aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω) always joined with φερεῖν or its compds., to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπίηρα.

ἡΡΑ Ion. ἡΡη, ἡ, Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

ἡραῖος, α, ον, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ ἡραῖον, (ἱερὸν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ ἡραῖα, (ἱερά) her festival.

ἡΡΑΚΛΕΨ contr. ἡΡακλῆς, ὁ: gen. ἡΡακλέος contr. ἡΡακλέους Ep. ἡΡακλῆος: dat. ἡΡακλέει contr. ἡΡακλείε ἡΡακλεῖ Ep. ἡΡακλῆϊ: acc. ἡΡακλέεᾱ contr. ἡΡακλεᾶ Ep. ἡΡακλῆᾱ rarely ἡΡακλῆ later also ἡΡακλῆν: voc. ἡΡακλέε, ἡΡακλεί: in Ion. also declined ἡΡακλέος-κλέυς, ἡΡακλεῖ, ἡΡακλεᾶ:—Heracles, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. ἡΡακλείς is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

ἡΡάκλειος, α, ον, also os, ον, Ep. ἡΡακλήϊος, ἡ, ον:—of or belonging to Hercules; βίη ἡΡακληΐη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; ἡΡακλείαι στῆλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ ἡΡακλείον Ion. ἥϊον, the temple of Hercules; τὰ ἡΡακλεία bis festival. II. ἡΡακλεία λουτρά bot baths.

ἡΡακλῆς, contr. from ἡΡακλέης.

ἡράμην, aor. 1 med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἔραμαι.

ἡράδρον, es, ε, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡράσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἔρασμαι.

ἡράσθην, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of ἔραομαι.

ἡράσσατο, Ep. for ἡράσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ἔραομαι.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of αἶρω.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρεθον, impf. of ἐρέθω.

ἡραι, 3 sing. impf. of αἶρω.

ἡρεῖσα, aor. 1 of ἐρείδω.

ἡρέμᾱ and ἡρέμᾱς, Adv. gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly. The old Adj. ἡρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ἡρεμέστερος; ἡρεμαῖος being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, α, ον, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet. Adv. —ως.

ἡρεμέστερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμεστέρας.

ἡρεμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἡρέμα) to be still, keep quiet.

ἡρεμῖ [ῖ], Adv. for ἡρέμα, gently.

ἡρεμία, ἡ, (ἡρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.

ἡρεμίζω, f. σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest. II. intr. to be at rest.

ἡρεσα, aor. 1 of ἀρέσκω.

ἡρέτιστα, aor. 1 of αἰρετίζω.

ἡρευν, Ion. for ἡρουν, impf. of αἶρω.

ἡΡη, Ion. for ἡΡα.

ἡρημαι, pf. pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρήμωσα, aor. 1 of ἐρημώω.

ἡρήρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρήρειστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἡρήην, aor. 1 pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρι, (ἥρ) Adv. early, at early morn; ἅμα ἡρι τοῦ θέρος early in the summer.

Ἠριδανός, ὁ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.

ἡρίθμεον, impf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡριθμημαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίκε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείκω.

ἡρίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἥρ) = ἐαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.

ἡΡΙΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίπον, aor. 2 of ἐρείπω.

ἡρι-πόλη, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἥρι, πολέω) early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.

ἡρίσα, aor. 1 of ἐρίζω.

ἦρκα, ἦρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἡρῖσκα.
 ἡρνεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡρνεύομαι.
 ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἡρνεύομαι.
 ἡρόθην, aor. I pass. of ἡρόω.
 ἡρόμην, impf. med. of αἶρω.
 ἡρπαξα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἡρπάζω.
 ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.
 ἡρσα, aor. I of ἡρῖσκα. II. also of ἄρδω.
 ἡρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἄρτρω.
 ἡρτυναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἄρτνω.
 ἡρῦγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύγομαι.
 ἡρύκακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.
 ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι: also impf. med. of ἀρχω.
 ἡρῶ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀρδομαι.
 ἡρῶ, poet. for ἡρῶ, dat. of ἡρῶς; ἡρῶ, acc.
 ἡρῶιον, τό, = ἡρῶν.
 ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἐρῶω.
 ἡρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡρῶς) of or for heroes, heroic:
 ἡρωϊκὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.
 ἡρώνη [Ὶ], contr. ἡρῶνη, fem. of ἡρῶς, a beroïne.
 ἡρώϊος, α, ον, = ἡρωϊκός.
 ἡρωῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρώνη, a beroïne.
 ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀρδομαι.
 ἡρῶν, τό, the temple or shrine of a bero: neut. from
 ἡρῶς, α, ον, contr. of ἡρῶϊος, of or for heroes,
 heroic: ὁ ἡρῶς (sub. βυθμός), the heroic measure,
 hexameter. From
 ἡρῶς, δ: gen. ἡρῶος Att. ἡρῶ: dat. ἡρῶν contr. ἡρῶ:
 acc. ἡρῶα contr. ἡρῶ: pl. nom. and acc. ἡρῶες, rarely
 contr. ἡρῶς:—a bero: in Homer not restricted to
 warriors, but applied to all free men of that age,
 as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II.
 Hesiod makes the *Heroes* the Fourth Age of men, who
 fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the present
 race. III. Pindar represents them as a race
 between gods and men, *demigods*, ἡμίθεοι, whether
 those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or
 Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great
 service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later
 times *inferior local deities*, patrons of tribes, cities,
 etc.; as at Athens, the ἡρῶες ἐπάνωμοι were the heroes
 after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The founders
 of a city were worshipped under this name.
 ἡς, Dor. for ἥν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσα, Att. aor. I of ἥδω.
 ἡσα, aor. I of ἥδω.
 ἡσαι, 2 sing. of ἡμαι.
 ἡσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσαν, Att. for ἥσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense)
 of οἶδα. II. for ἥσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.
 ἡσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἥδομαι.
 ἡσεν, fut. inf. of ἥμυ.
 ἡσθα, Aeol. for ἡς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσθα, inf. of ἡμαι.
 ἡσθένουν, impf. of ἀσθενέω.
 ἡσθην, aor. I pass. of ἥδομαι.
 ἡσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἡσθιον, impf. of ἔσθιω.

ἡσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.
 ἡσθον, impf. of ἔσθω.
 ἡσι-επής, ἐς, (ἡμ, ἔπος) a babbler.
 ἡσκεν, contr. for ἡσκεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.
 ἡσμαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἡσμεν, Att. for ἥδαιμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.
 ἡσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἡμαι.
 ἡσσα Att. ἡττα, ἡς, ἡ, a defeat, discomfiture: c.
 gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ἡσσάομαι Att. ἡττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass.
 ἡττήσομαι, ἡσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσσηθην: pf. ἡττη-
 μαι:—lon. ἔσσοδομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἡσαν):
 —to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten,
 worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to
 be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause.
 Hence
 ἡσσητός, α, ον, and, in neut. plur. ἡσσητέα, verb.
 Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 ἡσσον, Att. impf. of αἰσώω.
 ἡσσω, ἡσσον, gen. ονος: Att. ἡττων: lon. ἔσσω:
 —less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than
 another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing.
 (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably
 formed from ἡκα, ἡκιστος being the Sup.)
 ἡσταί, 3 sing. of ἡμαι.
 ἡστε, Att. for ἥδετε, 2 pl. plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἡστην, for ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡστην, Att. for ἥδετην, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἡστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμαι.
 ἡστον, for ἡτον, 2 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡτωσα, aor. I of αἰσώω.
 ἡσυχᾶ, neut. pl. of ἡσυχος, used like ἡσυχῇ.
 ἡσυχάζω, f. σω, (ἡσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest:
 τὸ ἡσυχάζων τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead
 of night.
 ἡσυχάιος, α, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.
 ἡσυχάτερος, α, ον, irr. Comp. of ἡσυχος, ἡσυχάιος.
 ἡσυχῇ Dor. ἄσυχᾶ, Adv. of ἡσυχος, quietly, gently.
 ἡσυχία Dor. ἄσυχ-, ἡ, (ἡσυχος) stillness, quiet,
 peace; ἡσυχίαν ἀγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, be at
 peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.
 ἡσυχίμος Dor. ἄσυχ-, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος.
 ἡσυχίος, ον, rarely α, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος.
 ἡσυχός Dor. ἄσυχος, ον, still, quiet, at rest:
 ἔχ' ἡσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II.
 Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡσυχάτερος, -αἰτατος:
 but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -χως, also ἡσυχῇ,
 and neut. pl. ἡσυχᾶ as Adv. [ῦ]
 ἡσυχυκα, pf. of αἰσχύνω.
 ἡσχυμμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσχύνω.
 ἡσχύνα, aor. I of αἰσχύνω.
 ἡσω, fut. of ἥμυ.
 ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Conj. or also.
 ἡ-τε or ἡ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ἡτε, for ἥτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.
 ἡτκα, ἡττησα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.
 ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡτιάσθε, ἡτιάωντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἡτιάσάμην, ἡτιάμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτιάομαι.

ἡ-τοι, Conjunct. : II. = ἡ τοι, full, surely, verily. III. = ἡ τοι, either in truth, followed by ἡ ..., either ... , or ...

ἡτοιμάσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐτοιμάω, in med. sense.

ἡτορ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart.

ἡτρίον Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the woof being κρύση): in pl. ἡτρία, a tbin, fine cloth: hence, ἡτρία βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ἡτρον, τό, (ἡτορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ἡττα, ἡττάομαι, ἡττων, etc., Att. for ἡσσ-.

ἡτω, for ἔστω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum.

ἡϋ, neut. from ἡϋε. In compds. with εϋ- or ἐϋ-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ἡϋ-; v. sub εϋ-.

ἡϋδήσα, ἡϋδήκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡϋδοκίμουν, impf. of εὐδοκίμεω.

ἡϋδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ἡϋξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ἡύλησα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ἡύλισθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω.

ἡϋάμην, aor. I of εὐχομαι.

ἡϋέθηην, ἡϋέτημαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ἡϋζήκα, ἡϋζήσα, pf. and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ἡϋρον, ἡϋρέθηην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ἡϋς, neut. ἡϋ, Ep. for ἔϋς, good, brave.

ἡϋσα, aor. I of ἄνω. [ϋ]

ἡϋτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ἡ, than; only once in Homer, νέφος μελάντερον ἡϋτε πίσσα, blacker than pitch. [ϋ]

ἡϋτρέπισμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρεπίζω.

ἡϋρόμην, impf. of εὐχομαι.

Ἡφαίστειος, α, ov, (Ἡφαιστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ Ἡφαιστέιον or Ἡφαιστειον (sub. ἱερὸν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ Ἡφαιστεια (sub. ἱερά), his festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

Ἡφαιστό-πονός, ov, (Ἡφαιστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan.

Ἡφαιστος, ov, ὁ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

Ἡφαιστό-τευκτός, ov, and Ἡφαιστο-τευχής, ές, (Ἡφαιστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ἡφθα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡφι, Ep. for ἡ.

ἡφιε, for ἀφίε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ἡφιουν, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίέω).

ἡφύσα, aor. I of ἀφύσσω.

ἡφυσσόμην, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ἡχα, pf. of ἄγω.

ἡχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἡχέω.

ἡχέτης, ov, ὁ, Ep. ἡχέτᾱ, (ἡχέω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicada.

ἡχέω Dor. ἀχέω [ᾱ]: f. ἡσώ:—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἀχεῖν ὕμνον, κακυτόν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From

ἭΧΗ Dor. ἄχα, ἡ, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like λαχῆ, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ἡχῆεις, εσσα, εν, (ἡχῆ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ἡχημα, ατος, τό, (ἡχέω) a sound.

ἡχητής, ου, ὁ, and ἡχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡχέτης.

ἡχι, Ep. for ἡ, Adv. where.

ἡχθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἀχθομαι and ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι.

ἡχθην, aor. I pass. of ἄγω.

ἡχθηρα, aor. I of ἔχθαίρω.

ἡχμάσα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ἡχος, ὁ, = ἡχή.

ἡχώ Dor. ἀχώ, ἡ, gen. -ός contr. -ούς, = ἡχή, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. Ἡχώ, Echo, personified as an Oread.

ἡψατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄπτομαι.

ἡψησα, ἡψηθήην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔψω.

ἡῶθεν Dor. ᾠῶθεν Att. ἔῶθεν, Adv. (ἡῶς) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn.

ἡῶθι, old Ep. gen. of ἡῶς, ἡῶθι πρό before dawn.

ἡῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, Att. contr. for ἡῶν.

ἡῶς, α, ov, at morn, at break of day. II. east-ern. From

Ἡῶς, ἡ, gen. ἡῶς contr. ἡῶς: dat. ἡῶι contr. ἡῶι: acc. ἡῶα contr. ἡῶ:—Att. ἥως, gen. ἥω, acc. ἥω or ἥων:—Dor. ᾠῶς:—Aeol. ᾠῶς:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμαρ mid-day, and δειλὴ evening; acc., ἡῶ the whole morning long; ᾠῶι at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ζῶφος. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ἡῶς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II. as prop. n. Ἡῶς, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

Θ

Θ, θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑννέα, ἑννατος, but θ = 9000. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as Lacon. σείος Ἀσάνα σάω, for θείος Ἀθάνα θάω: so also in Ion., βυσσός for θυθός. Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φῆρ φλάω φλίβω for θῆρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ᾠμα, θάλασσα for ᾠλε.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος. θαάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάσσω.

θαέτο, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θαέο, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαέομαι, Dor. for Att. θεάομαι Ion. θεέομαι. Hence

θάημα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle.

θαητός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. for θηητός, θεατός.

θαυμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἱμάτια.

ΘΑΙΡΟΨ, ὁ, the binge of a door or gate.

θακέω, f. ἡσώ, (θάκος) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to

take a seat : c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακεῖν *to sit* on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, *a sitting* as a suppliant : *a seat*.
θάκησις, εως, ἡ, (θακέω) *a sitting, seat*.
θάκος, ό, (θάσσω) *a seat* : Ion. θάκος.
θαλάμαξ, άκος, ό, = θαλαμίτης.
θαλάμευμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, *a dark chamber* or *dwelling-place*.

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) *a lair, den, bole*. [α]
θαλάμητος, η, ον, (θάλαμος) *of or for a chamber* or *dwelling* : *fit for building one*.

θαλάμη-πόλος, ον, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) *waiting in the lady's chamber*. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος, ό or ἡ, *a bridegroom* or *bridesmaid*.

θαλάμιος, α, ον, (θάλαμος) *belonging to the chamber*. As Subst. : I. θαλάμιος, ό, = θαλαμίτης. II. θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κύπη), *the oar of the θαλαμίτης*. 2. (sub. όπή), *the bole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-hole*.

θαλαμίτης, ον, ό, (θάλαμος) *one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay* : cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [i]

θάλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. *to the bed-chamber*.
ΘΑΪΑΜΟΣ, ό, *an inner room or chamber* : I. *the women's apartment, inner part of the house*. 2. *a bed-room, bride-chamber*. 3. *the storeroom*. II. *any chamber or abode* : *a fold, pen for sheep*. III. *the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίται sat*.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (ἕλς) *the sea* : Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἥδε ἡ θάλασσα, ή καθ' ἡμᾶς θάλασσα, ή ἔσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it *nos-trum mare*), and the Ocean ή ἔξω θάλασσα : metaph., θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. *a well of salt or brackish water*. Hence

θαλασσαῖος, α, ον, = θαλάσσιος.
θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) *to be at sea, go by sea*.
θαλάσσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θάλασσα) *of, in or on the sea, belonging to it*, Lat. *marinus*; θαλάσσια ἔργα *sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing*; θαλάσσια animals *living in the sea*, opp. to χερσαῖα. 2. *skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime*.

θαλασσο-κόπεω, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) *to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash*; metaph. *to make much ado about nothing*.

θαλασσο-κράτειν, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) *to be master of the sea*.

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, ορος, ό, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) *master of the sea*.

θαλασσο-πлагκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) *sea-driven, tempest-tossed*.

θαλασσο-πληκτος, ον, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten*.

θαλασσο-πόρος, ον, (θάλασσα, πόρος) *sea-faring*.
θαλασσο-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, *ἔργω) *working at sea* : as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ό, *a fisherman*.

θαλαττα, θαλάττια, Att. for θάλασσα-
θάλα, τά, (θαλεῖν) *good cheer, comforts, delights*.

θαλεῖω, poet. for θάλλω, *to bloom, flourish*.

θάλεια, ἡ, *blooming, luxuriant, bounteous*, εν διαπ-θαλείῃ at the *bounteous* feast. It is fem. of an obs. Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop.

θάλεια, ἡ, one of the Muses, *the blooming one* : *la'w*, esp. the Muse of Comedy. 'ον,

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω. 'art.

θαλερός, ά, όν, (θαλεῖν) *blooming, fresh* : *vigor* active. II. *luxuriant, copious, large, abund*.

θαλερ-ώπις, ιδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ώψ) *with bright* obj. of θαλέω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θαλής, ό, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλή, acc. Θαλήν *fulfur*, also Θαλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλού : *Tbales o Divinus*, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of *Gttributes* θάλια, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) *bloom* : metaph. *good wealth, plenty* : in plur. *festivities, a feast*. *ivinus*, θαλήησα, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θ 2. in from θηλέω. 'uper-

θαλλός, ό, (θάλλω) *a young shoot, twig* : *ύ* ἐλαίας θαλλός *the olive-branch used at festivals*; αἰδέ, ἱκτήρ θαλλός *the branch carried by suppliants*.

θαλλο-φόρος, ον, (θαλλός, φέρω) *carrying olive-branches*, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑΪΔΩ, fut. θάλῶ : aor. 2 ἐθάλον : pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθηλώς, Ep. fem. τεθαλυῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τεθήλει :—*to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, be rich in a thing* : the part. τεθηλώς is used absol. as Adj. *swelling, rich, abundant*. 2. metaph. *to bloom, flourish, prosper* : *to be at the height*.

ΘΑΪΔΟΣ, εος, τό, like θαλλός, *a young shoot or branch, twig*, esp. *an olive-branch* : metaph. *a child, scion*, Lat. *stirps*.

θαλπῶ, Ep. part. θαλπίων, (θάλπω) *to be or become warm, warm oneself*.

θαλπνός, ἡ, όν, *warming, fostering*. From θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) *warmth, heat*, esp. *summer-heat*; τὰ θάλπη *the sun's rays*, Lat. *soles*. 2. metaph. *a sting, smart, tingling*.

θαλπτήριος, ον, *warming*. From ΘΑΪΠΩ, f. ψω : aor. I ἐθαλψα :—Pass., aor. I ἐθάλφην : pf. inf. τεθάλφθαι :—*to warm, heat*. II. metaph. *to heat, inflame*. 2. *to foster, cherish, warm*

in one's bosom : in bad sense, *to cheat*. Hence θαλπωρή, ἡ, *a warming* : metaph. *a comfort*.
θαλυρός, ά, όν, (θάλπω) *warm, glowing*.

θαλύσια (sub. ἱερά), ἱαν, τά, (θαλεῖν) *the firstlings of the harvest, offering of first-fruits*. [v] Hence θαλυσίας, άδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., *of or for the offering of first-fruits*.

θαμά, Adv. (ἔμα) *together in crowds, close, thick*. II. of Time, *often, oft-times, frequent*.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά II.

θαμβῶ, *to be astonished at*. From θαμβέω, f. ἦσω : pf. τεθάμβηκα : (θάμβος) :—*to be astonished or amazed* : c. acc. *to marvel at a thing*.

θάμβος, εος, τό, *astonishment, amazement*, Lat. *stupor*. (From Root TAḡ-, see τέθηκα.)

θαμέες, οί, αἱ, dat. θαμέσι, acc. θαμέας, (θαμά)

lat. pl. Adj. (with no sing. *θαμνός*), crowded, close, thick.

θαμειός, ἄ, ὄν, (*θαμά*) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίζω, f. σω, (*θαμά*) to come often, Lat. frequenter. —to be often or constantly engaged with a thing,

ἥ. at.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμνά, neut. plur. of *θαμνός*, as Adv., = *θαμά*.

θαμνός, ἡ, ὄν, = *θαμειός*.

cloth. *θαμνός*, ὁ, (*θαμνός*) a bush, shrub.

fine *θαμνός*, ὄν, (*θαμνός*) deadly:—Adv. —*μοις*, with of pap. blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II.

ἥπτα, subject to death, mortal: also dead.

ἥπτα, τῶν, Desiderat. of *θνήσκειν*, to wish to die.

ἥπτα, ἡ, *ἡφόρτα*, ἡ, a causing of death. From

ἥπτα, νε-*ἡφόρος*, ὄν, (*θάνατος*, *φέρω*) death-bringing.

this is *ἥπτα*, Desiderat. of *θνήσκειν*, to wish to die.

ἡδὴ *ἡτόεις*, εσσα, εν, (*θάνατος*) deadly.

ἡδὴ *ἡτόνδε*, Adv. to death.

ἡδὴ *ἡτόνδε*, ὁ, (*θάνειν*) death: *θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν*

ἡδὴ *ἡτόνδε*, ὁ, (*θάνειν*) death: *θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν* to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. *θάνατοι*, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II.

as prop. n., *Θάνατος*, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θανάτωση (sub. *ἑσπῶ*), *ἡ*, *τά*, (*θάνατος*) a feast of the dead.

θανάτω, f. ὦσω, (*θάνατος*) to put to death: metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνον, Ep. aor. 2 of *θνήσκειν*.

θάνειν Ep. *θανέειν*, aor. 2 inf. of *θνήσκειν*.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. *θανέεσθαι*, fut. inf. of *θνήσκειν*.

θανείσθαι, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of *θνήσκειν*.

θανούμαι, fut. of *θνήσκειν*.

ΘΑΨΜΑΙ: f. *θήσομαι* Dor. *θάσομαι*: inf. *ἐθῆσάμην*: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of *θάπτω*, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. *θάψω*: aor. I *έθαψα*: pf. *τέταψα*:

Pass., fut. 2 *τάψομαι*, fut. 3 *τεθάψομαι*: aor. I *έθαψην*, aor. 2 *έτάψην* [*α*]: pf. *τέταψα*, Ion. 3 pl. *τεθάψαται*: 3 sing. plqpf. *έτέθαπτο*:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ὡν, *τά*, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ὡνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλειος, *θαρρέω*, *θάρρος*, etc., Att. for *θαρσ-*.

θαρράλειος, α, ὄν, (*θάρρος*) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: *τὸ θαρράλειον* confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. *θαρραλέωτερος*. Adv. —*έως*, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of *θαρσέω*.

θαρσέω Att. *θαρρέω*: f. ἥσω: (*θάρρος*):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; *θάρρει* take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρρησις, *έως*, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or *ΘΑΡΣΟΣ* Att. *θάρρος*, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., *τὰ θάρρη* grounds of confidence.

θαρσύντως Att. *θαρρύντως*, Adv. of pres. part. of *θαρσέω*, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of *θαρσύνω*.

θάρσυνος, ὄν, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. *θαρρύνω*, f. ὑνῶ, (*θάρρος*) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = *θαρσέω*, to be of good courage. [ὑ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of *θάσμαι*.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of *θάσμαι*.

θασόμενος, Dor. for *θησόμενος*, fut. part. of *θάσμαι*.

Θάσιος, α, ὄν, (*Θάσος*) from Thasos, Thasian: ἡ

Θασία (sub. *ἄλμη*), pickled sea-fish: *ἀνακυκῶν Θασίαν* to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΨΞΩ Ep. *θάσσω*, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσω Att. *θάπτω*, ὄν, Comp. of *ταχύς*, quicker, swifter: *θάσσον* as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, *θατέρη*, see *ἕτερος*.

θάπτω, Att. for *θάσσω*.

θαῦμα Ion. *θῶμα* or *θῶμα*, ατος, τό, (*θάσμαι*) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing: *θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι* a wonder to behold; so, *θαῦμα ἀκούσαι*, *μαθεῖν*: *τὰ θαύματα* jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II.

wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. *θαῦμ-* or *θαμ-*: fut. *-άσομαι* Ep. *-άσομαι*, later in act. form *-άσω*: aor. I *έθαυμάσα*: pf. *τεθαύμακα*:—Pass., fut. *θαυμασθήσομαι*: aor. I *έθαυμάσθην*: (*θαῦμα*):—to wonder, be astonished. 2.

c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. *mirari*, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., *θαυμάζομαι* *μη* *παρών* my absence is wondered at.

θαυμαίνω, fut. *ἀνῶ* Ep. *ἀνέω*, (*θαῦμα*) to wonder at. *θαυμάσιος*, α, ὄν, Ion. *θαῦμ-* or *θωμάσιος*, (*θαυμάω*) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —*έως*, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, (*θαυμάσιος*, *έργον*) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of *θαυμάζω*.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of *θαυμάζω*, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. *θαυμ-* or *θαμ-*, ἡ, ὄν, (*θαυμάζω*) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —*έως*, wonderfully.

θαυμάτομαι, Pass. (*θαῦμα*) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυματοποιέω, f. ἥσω, to do wonders. From *θαυμάτο-ποιός*, ὄν, (*θαῦμα*, *ποιέω*) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for *θαυμαστός*.

θαυματοουργέω, f. ἥσω, *θαυματοποιέω*. From *θαυμάτ-ουργός*, ὄν, (*θαῦμα*, *ἔργον*) = *θαυματοποιός*.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of *θάπτω*.

θάψινος, ἡ, ὄν, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapso.

*ΘΑΨΩ, Ep. for the prose θηλάω: aor. 1 inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσθαι, to suck, milk, ἐκπετανὸν γάλα θῆσθαι milk to milk the year round: 3 sing. aor. 1, θῆσατο μαστὸν be sucked the breast. *θάω, Lacon. θάω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεώ), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεῶ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾷθῆναι, ἡ, aor. 1 inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεαῖνᾱ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αἰτήτος, ον, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θεᾶμα Ion. θέημα, atos, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ᾱ] θεάομαι: f. θεάσομαι [ᾱ], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐθεασάμην: pf. τεθέσθαι: Dep.: (θδομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold: οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. 1 ἐθεάθην in pass sense, to be seen. See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾷτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὐ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾷτός, ἡ, ὅν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρῖζω, f. σω, (θεατρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θεατρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience. 3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show. [ᾱ]

θε-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θείον, τό, poet. for θείον, brimstone.

θείος, η, ον, Ep. for θείος, divine.

θειούται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειόω.

θειόω, Ep. for θειόω, to smoke with brimstone.

θείσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ἡ, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτος, η, ον, Ion. for θείος, θείος, divine.

θε-ήλατος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θεη-μάχια, ἡ, θεη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θέημων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θεη-πολέω, θεη-πολός, ὅν, poet. for θεοπ-.

θεήσεται, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θέησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θεητῆς, οὐ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατῆς.

θεητός, θέητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. *amita* and *mateterna*.

θειάω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θαιασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θειβάθεν, Θειβάθι, Aeol. for Θηβ-.

θειεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θειήν, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι,

θείκελος, = θέσκελος.

θειλό-πέδον, τό, (εἶλη, πέδον) a place in the sun-bine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θεῖμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι—also aor. 1 inf. of θείνω.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. 1 ἐθείνα: aor. 2 ἐθενον, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part.

θενών:—to strike, dash.

θειό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέμω) god-built.

θεῖομεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θείειον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. *sulfur*. θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods. 2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. *divinus*, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΟΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. *patruus* and *avunculus*: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖος.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (θεῖον, χρῶς) brimstone-coloured.

θειόω Ep. θειόω: f. ὥσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσα, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θειώς, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. *sulfureus*.

θελγεσὶ-μῦθος, ον, (θέλγω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θελγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλγω.

θελγῆτρον, τό, (θέλγω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΓΩ, f. ῶ: aor. 1 ἐθέλξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐθέλχην:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. *mulceo*: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, atos, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλησις, ἐως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ηρος, ὁ, (θέλγω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλγω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θελκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θέλξαι, aor. 1 inf. of θέλγω.

θελξεί, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλγω.

θελξι-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (θέλγω, νοός) charming or witching the heart.

θελξι-πικρος, ον, (θέλγω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θελξι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλγω, φρήν) = θελξίνοος.

θέλμισα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλυμα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕΛΩ, impf. θέλων: fut. θελήσω: aor. 1 ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἄμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμεΐλια, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμεΐλια θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελίωθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμεΐλια, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμεΐλια, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone; οἱ θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελίω, ἰ. ὥσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: —Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ep. for θεΐναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεμερός, ὦψ) of serious countenance, bonest.

θεμίζω, (θέμις) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. 1 θεμίσσασθα to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θέμις, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἡ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμις:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, θέμιστος, acc. Θέμις: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: I. law,

right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐστὶ 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ᾗ θέμις ἐστὶ as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμις, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances.

4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμις as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, justice.

θεμ-σκοπός, ὄν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμσ-κρών, οντος, ὁ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμις.

θεμστέιος, α, ον, (θέμις) lawful, righteous.

θεμστεύω, ἰ. σω, (θεμστίς) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμις.

θεμστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμστός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful.

θεμστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμστός.

ΘΕΜΟΝ, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. 1, ἣν θέμωσέ χερσιν ἱκέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

—θεν, inseparable Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to —δε, as, οἶκοθεν, οὐρανóθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally —θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμóθεν, σέθεν, ἔθεν. θένῃρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἀλὸς θέναρ the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβεω, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβής, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβῆναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεός, γλῶσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἡ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γένω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλητος, ον, (θεός, δηλέομαι) hurlful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [Ὶ]

θεό-δημτος, ον, Dor. —δηματος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόςδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαδέστατος.

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἡ, a being hated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θέουσα, Dor. for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλήτω, ἰ. ἤσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κραινῶ) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανῆς madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομαχέω, to fight against God: and

θεομαχία, ἡ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μίστης, ἐς, (θεός, μίστω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεός, μώρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός, μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μύστης, ἐς, (θεός, μύσος) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτos, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, *όν*; (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods.
 θεό-πομπος, *ον*, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.
 θεο-πόνητος, *ον*, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god.
 θεο-πρεπής, *ἐς*, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv. *-πῶς*.
 θεοπροπία, *το* prophesy, in part. θεοπροπείαν; and θεοπροπία, *ἡ*, or *-ιον*, *τό*, a prophecy. From θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρῶμαι) prophetic, boding, divining: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, *ὁ*, a prophet. II. a public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf. θεωρός.
 θεό-πιτυστος, *ον*, (θεός, πτύω) abhorred by the gods.
 θεό-πυρος, *ον*, (θεός, πύρ) kindled by the gods.
 θέ-ορτος, *ον*, (θεός, ὀρνυμαι) sprung from the gods.
 ΘΕΟΨ, *ὁ*, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God, as, Θεός δώσει God will grant; or, θεός τις a god, some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον:—σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἀνέυθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεῶν against his will:—as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's name. II. fem. θεά, for θεά, θεία, a goddess: esp. in Att. phrase τὸ θεῶ, the two goddesses, i.e. Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp. *θεώτερος*, more divine.
 θεό-δοτος, *ον*, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.
 θεό-δωρος, *ον*, poet. for θεοδώρητος.
 θεοσέβεια, *ἡ*, the worship or fear of God. From θεο-σεβής, *ἐς*, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, religious, devout. Adv. *-βῶς*, religiously.
 θεό-σепτος, *ον*, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.
 θεο-σέπτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, = θεοσεβής.
 θεοσ-εχθρία, *ἡ*, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated of the gods, ungodliness, impiety.
 θεόσ-στος, *ον*, poet. for θεούστος, sent by the gods.
 θεο-στήρικτος, *ον*, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.
 θεο-στιβής, *ἐς*, (θεός, στιβεῖν) trodden by God.
 θεο-στύγης, *ἐς*, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or of God, abominable. II. act. hating God.
 θεο-στυγής, *ον*, hated of the gods.
 θεό-στυτος, poet. also θεόσ-στυτος, *ον*, (θεός, στεύω) sent by the gods.
 θεό-ταυρος, *ὁ*, (θεός, ταύρος) the god-bull, a name for Zeus changed into a bull.
 θεο-τείχεος, *ἐς*, (θεός, τείχος) walled by the gods.
 θεό-τεκτος, *ον*, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.
 θεότης, *ἡ*, πτος, *ἡ*, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.
 θεο-τίμητος, *ον*, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.
 θεό-τιμος, *ον*, honoured of God.
 θεό-τρεπτος, *ον*, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.
 θεο-τρεφής, *ἐς*, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.
 θεοудεία, *ἡ*, the fear of God, holiness.
 θεοудής, *ἐς*, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence θεο-φάνια (sub. ἐρά), *τά*, (θεός, φανήναι) a festival at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn to the people.
 θεο-φιλής, *ἐς*, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.
 θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός: esp. in phrase, θεόφιν μῆστορ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, *ον*, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II. act. carrying a god or goddess.
 θεο-φόρος, *ον*, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II. θεόφορος, *ον*, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.
 θεό-φρων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded, godly, devout, Lat. pius.
 θεός, *ἡ*, ὡς, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.
 θεράπαινα and *-νίς*, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, fem. of θεράπων, a waiting-maid, handmaid.
 θεράπεια Ion. *-ῆτι*, *ἡ*, (θεραπεύω) a waiting on, service, attendance; θεράπεια θεῶν divine worship, 2. a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a body of attendants, suite, retinue.
 θεράπευμα, *ματος*, *τό*, (θεραπεύω) service done, attendance, nurture: medical treatment.
 θεράπευτέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cultivate: also one must cure.
 θεράπευτήρ, *ἦρος*, *ὁ*, and θεραπευτής, *οὔ*, (θεραπεύω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.
 θεράπευτικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve, attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; *ἡ* θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.
 θεράπεύω, *ἡ*, *ω*, (θεράπω) to wait on, attend, serve: to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to worship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, attend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. c. acc. rei, to take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν τὸ παρόν, to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ἡμέραν to observe a day, keep it holy. 4. to tend the sick, to treat medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate, till.
 θεράπῃτι, Ion. for θεραπεία.
 θεράπῃς, *ἡ*, *ον*, Ion. and poet. for θεραπευτικός.
 θεράπνη, *ἡ*, poet. for θεράπαινα, a handmaid:—and, θεραπνίς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, poet. contr. from θεραπαινίς.
 θεράποντις, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.
 ΘΕΡΑΤΙΩΝ, *οντος*, *ὁ*, an attendant, servant, differing from δοῦλος, as implying free service: in Homer, a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so, kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες Ἄρην, poets Μουσῶν θεράποντες. II. in Chios, the θεράποντες were slaves.
 θεράψ, *ὁ*, rare form for θεράπων, only found in accus. *θεράπα*, nom. pl. *θεράπες*.
 θέρεος, *α*, *ον*, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in summer; *αὐχμός* θ. summer-drought; *ἡ* θέρεια, Ion. *θερεῖη* (with or without *ῶρα*), summer-time, summer.
 θερέω, Ep. for θερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.
 θερίζω, *ἡ*, *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: aor. I *ἐθέρισα* syncop. *ἐθρίσα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐθέρισθην*: pf. *τεθέρισμαι*: (θέρος)—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn:—metaph. to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3. also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the—cf. *ἐαρίζω*, *χειμάζω*.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = *θείριος*; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι *the summer solstice*, i. e. the 21st of June. [Γ]

θερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (θέρος) prose form for *θείριος*, of, in, or during summer.

θερίσμος, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mowing, reaping, barvesting*.

θερίστῆς, οὐ, ὁ, (θερίζω) *a mower, reaper, barvest-man*.

θερίστριον or θερίστρον, τό, (θερίζω) *a light summer-garment*, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐθέρμηνα: (θερμός):—to warm, heat:—Pass. to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίσι to glow with hope.

θερμη, ἡ, (θερμός) *heat, feverish heat*. II. θερμαι, αἱ, *hot-springs*, Lat. *thermae*.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) *hot-bubbling*.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) *hot in counsel, rash*.

θερμό-δότης, ου, ὁ, fem. θερμό-δοτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) *one who brought the hot water* (Lat. *caldia*) *at baths or sacrifices*, Lat. *caldarius*.

θερμο-εργός, ὄν, = *θερμουργός*.

θερμό-νους, ονν, (θερμός, νοῦς) *heated in mind*.

θερμο-πύλαι, ὧν, αἱ, (θερμός, πύλη) *Hot-Gates*, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [ῥ]

θερμός, ἡ, ὄν, also poet. ὅς, ὄν, (θερῶ): warm, hot, boiling. II. metaph. hot, hasty, rash, reckless. 2. active, ready.

III. τὸ θερμὸν, heat, Lat. *calor*: also, θερμὸν (sub. ὕδωρ), *hot drink*, Lat. *caldia*: τὰ θερμά (sub. χωρία), *hot places*, or (sub. λουτρά), *hot baths*.

ΘΕΡΜΟΣ, ὁ, *the lupines*.

θερμο-τράγες, f. ἡσω, (θερμός, τρώγω) *to eat lupines*.

θερμο-ουργός, ὄν, (θερμός, *ἐργω) *doing hot and hasty acts*, rash, reckless, impetuous.

θερμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θερῶ) *to warm, heat, make hot*:—Pass. to grow hot.

θέρος, τό, (θερῶ) *summer, summer-time*: *summer-heat*: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρος in the course of summer. II. a barvest, a crop.

ΘΕΡΩ, fut. θερσώ, to warm, heat:—Homer uses only Pass. *θερομαι*, with fut. med. *θερσομαι*, aor. 2 ἐθέρην in subj. *θερέω* for *θερῶ*: to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θερέσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θέσις, εως, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a setting, placing, arranging*; ἐπέων θέσις *a setting of words in verse, poetry*. II. a deposit of money, earnest-money.

III. adoption as the child of some one; cf. *θετός*. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) *a being placed, position, situation*. 2. a position or thesis to be proved.

V. in metre the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (ἀρσις), in which it rises.

θεο-καλος, ον, (θεός, ἱσκα, ἱσκα) *godlike*: but generally, *marvellous, wondrous*, always of things, *θεο-εἰκελος* being used of persons; *θέσκελα ἔργα* works of wonder; neut. as Adv., *ἐἴκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ* he was wondrous like him.

θέσιμος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lawful, legitimate: θέσμις, τά, as Subst. laws, customs, rites.

θεσμο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) *a lawgiver*. II. the *θεσμοθέται* at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, (θεσμός, ποιέω) *to make laws*.

θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πολέω) *conversant with laws or customs*.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: irreg. pl. *θεσμά*, τά: (τίθημι):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. *institutum*: a rite, form, institution. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called *θεσμοί*, because each began with the word *θεσμός*; Solon's laws were named *νόμοι*. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, *justice*, like *δικαιοσύνη*.

θεσμοφόρια, ου, τά, (θεσμοφόρος) *the Thesmophoria*, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter *Θεσμοφόρος*: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σω, to keep the Thesmophoria; αἱ *Θεσμοφορίζουσαι*, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, *the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος*.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) *law-giving*: epith. of Demeter, Lat. *Ceres*, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόροι *Ceres and Proserpine*, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., *θεσμο-φύλακες*, like *νομο-φύλακες*, *guardians of the law*, a magistracy at Elis. [ῥ]

θεσ-πέσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θεός, ἔπος) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = *θείος*, divine: dat. fem. *θεσπεσίῃ* (sub. βουλῇ) as Adv., by the will of God. 2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent.

3. of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful. Hence *θεσπεσίως*, Adv. in divine manner; *θεσπεσίως ἐφύβηθεν* they trembled unspeakably.

θεσπί-δάής, ἐς, (θέσις, δαῶν ἅ) *kindled by a god*; *θεσπιδαῖς πῦρ*, supernatural, furious fire.

θεσπι-έπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσις, ἔπος) *prophetic*.

θεσπίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, Ion. inf. *θεσπίειν*: aor. I ἐθέσπισα Dor. -ἔσα: (θέσις):—to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine.

θεσπίζασα, Dor. for *θεσπίσασα*, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.

θέσπιος, ον, = *θεσπέσιος*.

θέσ-πις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) *inspired, prophetic, sacred*. II. = *θείος* II, divine, wondrous awful.

θέσπισμα, atos, τό, (θεσπίω) *an oracle*.

θεσπιωδέω, f. ἡσω, to sing in prophetic strain. *Εἰς ὅσον*

θεσπι-ωδός, ὁν, (θέσπις, ψῆδῃ) *singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.*

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἰδος, a Thessalian; also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people.

Θεσσασθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. 1, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσσαυτο, part. θεσσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) *prophetic.*
 θέσ-φάτος, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετίδειον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From
 Θέτις, ἰδος, ὁ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θητο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεύ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεύς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἡ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΪΝ Ep. also θέω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίοιο to run over the plain; περὶ τρίποδος θέειν to run for a tripod; περὶ ψυχῆς Ἑκτορος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἀντὶς ἡ πυμάτη θέει ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεάον, imperat. of θεάομαι.
 θεωμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games.

III. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦδ' ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see θεωρέω. Hence
 θεωρήμα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἡ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection. II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρίαι, ἡ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection. II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

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θεωρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II. τὰ θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ὦρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine.

Θηβα-γενής, ἐς, (Θήβη, γένεσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θηβαῖ, Adv. at Thebes.

Θηβαί, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, αῶ, αἰ, poet. also Θήβη, ἡ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβαι-γενής, ἐς, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαίους, ἐως Ion. ἐός, epith. of Jove, Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαῖκός, ἡ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Θήβαι) the Thebais, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaïd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θηβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

Θήβη, v. Θήβαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγᾶλέος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II. act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἡ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ἀ]

θηγάνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΤΩ, f. θήξω: aor. 1 ἔθηξα:—Pass., pf. τέ-

θηγμαῖ:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δόρυ θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θῶ-

έομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἔθηετο Ep. θηεῖτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἔθηευντο Ep. θηεῖντο; ἰθηνεύμεσθα Ion. 1 pl.; θηνεύμενος Ion. part.: θηήσαιο, -αιτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. 1 opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θήιος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θήικα, Ep. aor. 1 of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

kerulcbre of the dead; οἰκημα θηκαῖον *a burial vault*.
From

θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault*.

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, *sharpened*.

θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄω: (θηλή) :—*to give suck, suckle*. II. of the child, *to suck*; θηλάζων *suckling*.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ἴσω, (θηλή) *to flourish, abound*; c. gen., λειμῶνες ἰου ἡδὲ σελίνου θήλεον *the meadows were rich with violets and parsley*. II. *to make to bloom*.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθλα) *the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple*.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) *of female sex*.

θηλύ-γλωσσος, ὄν, (θήλυς, γλῶσσα) *with woman's tongue*.

θηλυδρίας, ὄν, ὁ, Ion. -ίης, (θήλυς) *an effeminate person*.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρία, εἶδος) *of womanish kind, effeminate*.

θηλυ-κρατής, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) *swaying women*.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ὄν, (θήλυς, κτείνω) *slaying by women's hands*.

θηλυ-μάνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) *mad for women*.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) *singing in soft strain*.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήλυς, μίτρα) *with a woman's head-dress*: fem. θηλύμπτρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλύ-μορφος, ὄν, (θήλυς, μορφή) *woman-shaped*.

θηλύ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνοος, ὄν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) *of womanish mind*.

θηλύνω, f. ὦνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—*to make weak and womanish*:—Pass. *to become so*.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, πούς) *θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot*.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) *befitting a woman*.

θήλυς, εἰα, v, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλεα, acc. θηλεῖν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθλα):—*of female sex, female*, opp. to ἀρρην; θήλεια θεός *a goddess*; θήλειαι ἵπποι *mares*. 2. generally, *of or belonging to women*; τὸ θήλυ *the female sex*. II.

of things, 1. *fruitful, prolific, nourishing*. 2. *tender, delicate*: in bad sense, *womanish, weak, effeminate*.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ὄν [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεραι θεαὶ or γυναικες.

θηλύ-σπορος, ὄν, (θήλυς, σπείρω) *born of woman*; γέννα θηλύσπορος *a race of females*.

θηλύτερος, α, ὄν, v. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ὄν, (θήλυς, τεκεῖν) *bearing girls*.

θηλύ-φρων, ὄν, (θήλυς, φρήν) *of woman's mind*.

θηλύ-χιτων, gen. αως, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χιτῶν) *with a woman's frock or dress*. [I]

θήμερα, by crasis for τῇ ἡμέρᾳ.

θημετέρου, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμευσιν, by crasis for τὸ ἡμευσιν.

θημιών, ἄνω, ὁ, (τίθημι) *like θαμός, a bear*.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, *surely now*; ἢ θην *in very truth*; οὐ θην *surely not*.

θηξάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηοῖο, Ep. for θεοῖο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗ'Ρ, θηρός, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, ὁ, *a wild beast, a beast of prey*: joined with a Subst., as θηρ λέων. 2.

any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) *a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase*:—eager pursuit of anything. II.

in collective sense, *the beasts, the game, quarry*.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) *a hunter*.

θηράμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) *that which is caught, prey, booty*.

θηράσμιος, ὄν, (θηράω) *to be caught or won*.

θηράτιος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θηράω, *to be caught or won*. II. θηρατέον, *one must catch or win*.

θηράτης, οὔ, ὁ, (θηράω) *a hunter, hunter after*.

θηράτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων *the arts for winning friends*.

θηράτρον, τό, (θηράω) *a thing to catch with, a net, trap*.

θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηράσομαι: (θήρα):—*to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch*. 2. metaph., like

Lat. *venari*, *to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly*. II. the Med. θηρώμαι is used in Act. sense, *to hunt after, seek for*: also in Pass. *to be hunted, pursued*.

θήρε, dual. nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ὄν, (θήρ) *of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus*: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, *the centaur*.

θήρεσσι, Ep. for θηροί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) *spoils, prey, game*. II. *bunting*.

θήρευσις, εως, ἡ, (θηρεύω) *a hunting, the chase*: metaph. *a hunting after*.

θηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) *a hunter*; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτῶσιν *with hounds and hunters*: also *a fisher*. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες *θ. hunting dogs, bounds*: ἡ θηρευτικὴ (with and without τέρχη), *the art of hunting, the chase*.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ) = θηράω, *to hunt, run down, catch*: *to hit, strike*: metaph. *to hunt or seek after*:—Pass. *to be hunted*: also *to be preyed upon*.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἦρος, and θηρήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, *a hunter*.

θηριομάχῳ, f. ἴσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) *a fight with wild beasts*. From

θηριο-μάχος, ὄν, *fighting with wild beasts*.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, *a wild animal, beast*; esp. of such as are hunted, *game*: *a beast, brute*, as opp. to birds and men. II. as real Dim. of θήρ, *a little animal*.

III. as a term of reproach, *beast!* like Lat. *bellua*, ὦ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηριώδης, *es*, (θηρίον, εἶδος) *full of wild beasts, infested by them*, Lat. *belluosus*.

II. *brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage*, Lat. *belluinus*.

θηροβολέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to strike or kill wild beasts*. From θηρο-βόλος, *ov*, (θήρ, βάλλω) *killing wild beasts*.

θηρο-βότος, *ov*, (θήρ, βόσκω) *fed on by wild beasts*.

θηρό-θυμος, *ov*, (θήρ, θυμός) *with brutal mind, brutal*.

θηρο-κτόνος, *ov*, (θήρ, κτείνω) *killing wild beasts*.

θηρ-ολέτης, *ov*, δ, (θήρ, ὀλλυμι) *a slayer of beasts*.

θηρο-νόμος, *ov*, (θήρ, νέμω) *feeding wild beasts*.

θηρο-σκοπός, *ov*, (θήρ, σκοπέω) *looking out for wild beasts*.

θηροσύνη, *ἡ*, (θήρ) *hunting, the chase*.

θηρο-τόκος, *ov*, (θήρ, τεκεῖν) *producing wild beasts*.

θηρο-τρέφος, *ov*, (θήρ, τρέφω) *feeding wild beasts*.

II. *proparox. θηρότροφος*, *pass. fed by beasts, feeding on them*.

θηρο-φόνος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, (θήρ, *φένω) *slaying wild beasts*.

θηροί, *dat. pl. of θήρ*.

θήρῳ, *crasis for τὸ ἡρῶν*.

ΘΗ΄Σ, θητώ, *δ*, *a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil*, Lat. *ascripius glebae*: also *a bired labourer*.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι, ἱππεῖς, ζευγίται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and in case of need, as heavy-armed.

II. *fem. Θήσσα* Att. θήττα, *ἡ*, *a labouring girl*.

2. as Adj., θήσσα τράπεζα *a menial's fare*.

θήσαι, *aor. i inf. of θάω*, *to suckle*.

θησαίω, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. i opt. of θάωμαι = θεάωμαι*.

θησάμενος, *aor. i part. med. of θάω*, *to suckle*.

θησατο, *3 sing. aor. i med. of θάω*, *to suckle*.

θησαυρίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (θησαυρίς) *to store or treasure up*, *lay by*: of fruits, *to lay up in store, preserve*. Hence

θησαυρίσμα, *ατος*, τό, *a store, treasure*.

θησαυρός, *δ*, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) *a store laid up, treasure*.

II. *a store or treasure-house: any receptacle for valuables, a chest, casket*.

Θησεῖον, τό, (Θησεῖα) *the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary for runaway slaves*.

II. τὰ Θησεῖα (sub. ἑρά), *the festival of Theseus*.

θησεῖς, *θησῶ*, Dor. 2 and *i sing. fut. of τίθημι*.

θησεῖω, *Desiderat. of τίθημι*, *I wish to place*.

θησέμεναι, *θησέμεν*, *Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι*.

θησεύμεθα, *Dor. i pl. fut. med. of τίθημι*.

Θησεύς, *ἰως*, δ, *Theseus, the most famous of the heroes of Athens*. (Prob. from τί-θημι, *the Settler, Civiliser*.)

θησθαι, *pres. inf. pass. of θάω*, *to suckle*.

θήσσα Att. θήττα, *fem. of θής*.

θήσω, *fut. of τίθημι*.

θητεία, *ἡ*, (θητεύω) *bired service*.

θητεύω, *f. σω*, (θή) *to be a menial, serve for hire*.

θητικός, *ἡ*, δ, (θή) *fit for menial service, menial*.

θήττα, *Att. for θήσσα*.

-θη, *insep. affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, ἀγρόθι, οἴκοθι, in the fields, at home*. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termination, as in *Ἰλιόθι πρὸς ἡῶθι πρὸς*.

Θᾶσ-ἀρχης, *ov*, δ, (Θᾶσος, ἀρχω) *the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers*.

Θᾶσεια, *ἡ*, *revelling*. From

Θᾶσεύω, (Θᾶσος) *to honour with sacred revelry*:—*Pass.*, Θᾶσεύεται ψυχῶν *he has his soul imbued with Bacchic revelry*.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, *δ*, *a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers*.

2. *any company or troop*. Hence

Θᾶσσω, *to make into a festive company*.

Θᾶσως, *Dor. acc. pl. of Θᾶσος*.

Θᾶσώτης, *ov*, δ, (Θᾶσώ) *the member of a company of revellers*; *c. gen.*, Θᾶσῶται τοῦ Ἐρωτος *worshippers or followers of Love*.

θιγγάνω, *lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ-* (which appears in *aor. 2* and in *te-tigi*, *pf. of tango*): *fut. θίγομαι*: *aor. 2* ἐθίγον—*to touch lightly, just touch, less strong than ἀπτομαι*; then generally *to touch: to touch, attempt: to reach, gain*.

θιγέειν *Ep. θιγέμεν*, *aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω*.

θίγημα, *ματος*, τό, (θιγέειν) *a touch*.

θίξομαι, *fut. of θιγγάνω*.

ΘΙ΄Σ, *gen. θινός*, *Ep. δ*, later *ἡ*:—*a heap of sand on the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand*: in *pl. θίνες, sand-heaps, sand-banks*:—*then any heap*: θίνες νεκρῶν *heaps of dead*: ὁστεῶν *this a heap of bones*.

2. *the sand at the bottom of the sea*: θῖς κελαινά *a dark, muddy bottom*: *metaph.*, ὥς μου τὸν θῖνα παράττεις *how thou troublest the very bottom of my heart*.

Θλαστός, *ἡ*, δ, *ov*, *crushed, bruised*. From

ΘΛᾶΨ, *inf. θλᾶν*: *fut. θλάσω* [α]: *aor. i* ἐθλάσα *Ep. θλάσσα*:—*Pass.*, *pf. τέθλασμαι*:—*to crush, bruise, pound, bray*.

ΘΛΙ΄ΒΩ [ι]: *fut. θλίψω*: *aor. i* ἐθλίψα:—*Pass.*, *aor. i* ἐθλίφθην, *aor. 2* ἐθλίβην [ι]: *pf. τέθλιμμαι*:—*to press, press hard, gall*:—*Med.*, θλίφεται ὤμων *be will rub his shoulders*.

2. *metaph. to oppress, afflict, distress*: *pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in, confined, narrow*. Hence

θλίψις, *εως*, *ἡ*, *a pressing, pressure*.

2. *metaph. oppression, affliction*.

θνάσκω, *Dor. for θνήσκω*.

θνατός, *Dor. for θνητός*.

θνήσκω, *lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-*: *fut. θανούμαι*, *Ep. inf. θανέσθαι*: *aor. 2* ἔθανον, *Ep. inf. θανέειν*: *pf. τέθνηκα*, whence *syncop. pl. τέθνᾶμεν, τέθνᾶτε, τεθνᾶσι*: *imperat. τέθνᾶθι*: *opt. τεθνᾶναι*: *inf. τεθνᾶναι* [α] *Ep. τεθνᾶμεν, τεθνᾶμεναι* [α], rarely τεθνᾶναι; *part. τεθνέως, τεθνώσα, τεθνώας* (or τεθνέως) *Ep. τεθνήκω*, *gen. ὄτος* *Ep. also τεθνήκωτος*; *3^d pl. pf. pf. ἐτέθνησαν*:—*from τέθνηκα* arose the *Att. future forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι*:—*to be dying, to die*, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 ἔθανον, *I died, am dead*; part. θανών, *dead*, Lat. *mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, perish.

θυτο-γενής, ἐς, (θυητός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θυητο-ειδής, ἐς, (θυητός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*.

θυητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Dor. θανάτος, ἄ, ὄν, (θνήσκω):—*mortal*, opp. to ἀθάνατος; *θυητοί mortals*. 2. of things, *befitting mortals, human*.

θοάζω, (θοός) *trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*. 2. *intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry along*.

II. = θάσσω, θακέω, to sit.

θουματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θουμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱμάτιον.

θουνάξω, (θούνη) = θουνάω, to feast. Hence

θουνάμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θουνατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θουνάω) a feaster.

θουνατήριος, ον, (θουνάω) of or for a feast.

θουνατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θουνάω) of or for a feast.

θουνατωρ, ορος, ὁ, = θουνατήρ. [α]

θουνάω, f. ἴσω, to feast on, eat.

II. to feast,

entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med.

θουνάσσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθουνήθην, pf. τεθουνάμαι:—to feast: to feast on, eat. From

ΘΟΥΝΗ, ἡ, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally, food, provender.

θουνήτωρ, ὁ, Ion. for θουνατωρ.

θουνίζω, f. σω, (θούνη) to feast, entertain.

θούτρο, for θείτρο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θολερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θολός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water. II. metaph. troubled by passion, turbid, agitated.

θόλλα, ἡ, (θόλος) a round vat to keep the sun off.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ἡ, a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, mud. II. the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (*sepia*), which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *loliigo*. Hence

θολόω, f. ὥσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like Lat. *perturbare*, to trouble, disquiet.

θοός, ἡ, ὄν, (θέω) quick, active, ready; *θοῇ νύξ* quickly-passing night; *θοῇ δαΐς* a basty meal. II.

sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θοόω, f. ὥσω, (θοός) to make sharp or pointed.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θράσσω.

θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θράσσω.

θορή, ἡ, = θορός.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θράσσω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θορός, ὁ, (θορεῖν) the semen genitale of the male.

θοροῦμαι, fut. of θράσσω.

θορυβεῖσθαι, Dor. 3 pl. of θορυβέω.

θορυβέω, f. ἴσω, (θόρυβος) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, I. to cheer, applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence *θορύβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to riot, tumultuous*.

ΘΟΥΡΤΒΟΣ, ὁ, the noise of a crowded assembly, I. in token of approbation, applause, cheers. 2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar, groaning.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θράσσω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θοῦδωρ, θοῦδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος.

Θουριό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (Θούριον, μάντις) a Thuriian prophet, generally a soothsayer.

θοῦρις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of sq.

θοῦρος, ὁ, (θορεῖν) leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager:—fem. θοῦρις, ἰδος, mostly as epith. of ἀλαΐ, impetuous might; *θοῦρις δαΐς* shield of impetuous warrior.

θώκος, ὁ, Ep. lengthd. from θῶκος, a seat. 2. a sitting, assembly.

θῶς, Adv. of θοός, quickly, soon.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηῖκη poet. Θρήκη, ἡ, Thrace.

Θράκιος, α, ον, Ion. Θρηῖκιος poet. Θρήκιος, (Θράξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θράνευω, f. σω, (θράνος) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan; *θρανέσσομαι*, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned.

θράνιον, τό, Dim. of θράνος, a small bench, stool.

θράνιτης, ον, ὁ, (θράνος) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. *ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης*. [I]

θράνιτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θράνιτης.

ΘΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a bench, form: esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme.

Θράξ, Θρακός, ὁ; Ion. Θρήξ, Θρήκιος, poet. Θρήξ, Θρηῖος, a Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξω, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσσω, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑΨΟΣ, εως, τό, = θάρσος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence. [α]

Θράσσω Att. Θράττω, ἡ, Ion. and poet. Θρήσσω Dor. Θρείσσω, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. ξω, Att. contr. from τάρσσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θράσσω-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυῖον) relying on strength of limb.

θράσσω-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of heart, stout-hearted.

θράσσω-μένμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely patient; cf. *Μέμνων*.

θράσσω-μήδης, ες, (θρασύς, μήδης) bold of device, daring, resolute.

θράσσω-μηχίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θρασύς, μηχανή) = θρασυμήδης.

θράσσω-μηχανός Dor. -μάχανος, (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσσω-μυθος, ον, (θρασύς, μυθεῖν) = θρασυμύθος.

θρασύνω, f. ὠν (θρᾶσύν) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαι τινι to rely on one.

θρᾶσύν-πόλεμος poet. θρασυπόλεμος, ον, (θρᾶσύν, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρᾶσύν-πονός, ον, (θρᾶσύν, πόνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΣΥΨ, εἰα, ὦ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρᾶσύν-σπλάγχχνος, ον, (θρᾶσύν, σπλάγχχνον) bold-bearded.

θρᾶσυστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θρᾶσυστομία, δ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρᾶσύν-στομός, ον, (θρᾶσύν, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρᾶσύντης, ητος, ῆ, (θρᾶσύν) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [ῆ]

θρᾶσύν-χείρ, χειρός, δ, (θρᾶσύν, χεῖρ) ῆ, bold of hand. Θράττα, Att. for Θράσσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θράνσ-άντυξ, ὕγος, δ, ῆ, (θράνω, άντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I ξθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέσσκον, Ion. for έθρεσκω, 3.pl. aor. I of τρέχω.

θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ῆ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτός, εἰα, έον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτόν, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, ον, able to feed, feeding, nourishing. II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρεπτήρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεττάνελεδ, a sound imitative of the cithara.

θρέττε, τό, = τὸ θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τὸ θρέττε, the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, poet. for έθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιω, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΩ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηϊκίη, ῆ, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρηϊκίος, η, ον, Ep. for Θρηϊκίος, Θράκιος.

Θρήϊξ, ἱκος, δ, Ion. for Θρήξ, Θράξ.

Θρήϊσσα, ῆ, Ion. for Θρήσσα, Θρήσσα.

Θρήνη, ῆ, Ion. for Θράνη. Hence

Θρήνηον, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρήνηος, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρήκιος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηγνέω, f. ῆσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn: δοιδῆν θρηγεῖν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηγητήρ, ἦρος, δ, θρηγητής, οὔ, a mourner, wailer.

θρήνιος, δ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral-song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνιος, vos, δ, (θρᾶνιος) a footstool. 2. a bench; θρήνιος έπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρήξ, ηκίς, δ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία, Ion. -ήτης, ῆ, (θρησκεῖω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκεύω, f. σω, (θρήσκος) to observe religiously, bold scrupulously.

θρησκητή, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ον, religious.

Θρήσσα, Ion. for Ερῆσσα.

Θρίατ, ὠν, α, the Thriac, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ῆ, ὠν, triumphal. From θρίαμβος, δ, a hymn to Bacebus: also a name of Bacebus.

II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγκίος.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, δ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκίος κύναιο a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finisb. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκίω, f. ὥσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλήν έθριγκάσεν άχέφω, be fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΥΔΑΞ, άκος, ῆ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [Υ]

θρίζω, poet. syncop. for θρερίζω.

Θρίν-ακία Ep. -λή, ῆ, and Θρίν-ακρίς, ίδος, ῆ, (θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, άκος, δ, (for τρήναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΞ, ῆ, gen. θρίχης, dat. pl. θρίξι:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θρίξ ὡν άέσσω only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, δ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ήδωτος, ον, (θρίψ, έδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπας, δ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ῆσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, shriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, δ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, είδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον; τό, only in plur. θρόνα, *flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth*. II. later, θρόνα are *flowers or herbs used as charms*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, thrones: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρόος Att. contr. θροός, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρῦλλιδιον, τό, Dim. of θρῦλλας.

ΘΡΥΛΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρῦλλέω (vulgo θρῦλλέω): f. ἴσω: pass. pf. τεθρῦλημαι: (θρῦλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling. II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρῦλουμένον or τεθρῦλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρῦλλίζω (vulgo θρῦλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρῦλος):—to make a false note in playing on the citbara.

θρῦλλισσω (vulgo θρῦλλισσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρῦλίχθην. (Akin to θρῦναι, θρῦπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρῦλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥΨΟΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἐθρύψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμμαι:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed.

II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated. III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαι τι, to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θορούμαι Ion. θορέομαι: aor. 2 ἐθορον, inf. θορεῖν Ep. θορέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet.

2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωσιός, ὁ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβρίας, ἰδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = θυμβρ-. ΘΥΤΑΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγᾶτέρος contr. θυγάτρος, dat. θυγᾶτερι θυγάτρι, acc. θυγᾶτέρα Ep. θυγάτρα, voc. θυγᾶτερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατριδώς, οὔ, Ion. -ιδώς, ἔον, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl.

θυεία, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρὸς θύελλαι storms of lightning; ἄτης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύος.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύηεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θύηλη, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ἴσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θυη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings. θύια or θύα [ῥ], ὁ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θύια, ὦν, αἰ, = θυιάδες.

θυιάς or θύας, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύϊνος, η, ον, made of the wood of the tree θύια.

θύϊω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θύλακος, a small bag.

ΘΥΛΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence

θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγκαρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (θυμός) to be wrath or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ἔς, (θυμός, ἀλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωτος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμᾶρῶ, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-άρης [ᾱ], ἔς, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΡΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-ἐπί-δεικνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δείκναι) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβρίας, ἰδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymelé, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ἴσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ἔς, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμιάμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιάτριον Ion. -ητρίον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censor.

θυμιάω, f. ἄσω, [ᾱ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθυμίγησα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμῖται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμῖδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [ῥ]

θυμῖημα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμῖται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμῖω.

θυμῖτηριον, τό, Ion. for θυματήριον.

θυμίνος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [ῥ]

θυμῖτης, ου, ὁ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρύς) heavy at heart.

θυμοβορέω, f. ἦσσι, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θυμο-δακτής, ἐς, (θυμός, δακείν) biting the heart.

θυμο-ειδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θυμό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχῃω, f. ἦσσι, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πλήθος) wrathful.

θυμο-ρᾶϊότης, οὔ, ὁ, (θυμός, ραῖω) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμὸν ἀφελῆσαι, ὀλέσαι to take away, destroy the life.

II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus; ἀνῶγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμὸν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλεῖν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένῃ θυμῷ most precious to my soul.

2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδάξετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θυμός [ῥ], ου, ὁ, or eos, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ἴν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμό-σοφός, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθόρεω, f. ἦσσι, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying; θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs; of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμώω, f. ὤσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσομαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθην: pf. τεθυμώμαι:—to be wrath or angry: to be wild or restive: τὸ θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, = θυμοειδής.

θυμωθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θυμώμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [ῥ]

θυνέω, = θύνω.

θυνηάω, f. ἄσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννος, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θύννευτικός, ἡ, ὤν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὁ, (θύω, θύνω) the tunny-fish, Lat. tunnus.

θύννοσκοπέω, f. ἦσσι, to watch for tunnies. From θύννο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θύνν-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύννος, Dor. for θύννως, acc. pl. of θύννως.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [ῥ]

θύο-δόςκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύόεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύος, eos, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κῶω, (θύος, κῶω = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices. Hence

θύοσκόος, ου, ὁ, the sacrificing priest.

θύώω, f. ὤσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass. ἔλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR; θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτῆ a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύραζε, Adv. to the door, outside the door; then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ ὀδῶν ὡσεὶ θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ηθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραϊος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θύραϊος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θύραϊος ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θύραϊοι stranger men; ὥλβος θύραϊος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σιν, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλίω, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θύραυλία, ἡ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αὐλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρέ-ασπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θυρεός, ἀσπίς) a large shield.

θύρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ῥ]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηθα, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύριδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, f. ἦσσι, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύρῳω, f. ὤσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοῶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μάνης, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τὰ, (θύω) any lig. b, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing. θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρμα, ατος, τό, (θυρίω) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ὄνος, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρῳρος, ὁ, ἡ, (θύρα, ὥρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαι, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed.

From θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the αἰγίς. [ῥ]

θύσανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θυσανώω) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, αν, τή, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θύσία) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστάς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστάδες λαοί the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θύτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θύτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence θυτήριον, τό, = θύω.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐθύσα: pf. τέθυκα: —Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense: —Pass., aor. I ἐτιθύην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense: —to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν

θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμους θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἑκατον βοῦν to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύνω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling. θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θύω, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θυή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θυή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θυκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θάκος, Ep. lengthd. θάκος, ὁ, Ion. for θάκος, a seat, chair. II. a sitting, assembly; θάκινδε to the sitting.

θάμα, θαμάζω, θαμάστος, Ion. for θαυμ-.

ΘΩΜΙΓΞ, ιγγος, ὁ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring. θαμίσω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θάμισυ, by crasis for τὸ ἡμισυ, the half.

θαμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a heap.

θαπέλα, ἡ, (θαπέω) a flattering, flattery.

θώπευμα, ατος, τό, (θαπέω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θαπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θώπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θαπέω, f. σω, (θάψ) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θαπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θάψ) fawning, flattering.

θάπλα, crasis for τὰ ππλα.

θώπτω, f. ψω, = θαπέω.

θωράκειον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωράκίζω, f. ἴσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate. II. generally, to bea'rb in armour, cover with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποιέω) making breastplates. θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θώρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλός θώρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος. θωρηκτής, οὗ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήξαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρήξομεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness: —Pass. θωρήσομαι, f. -ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθαρήχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk: —Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθέναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. ΘΩΞ, θωός, ὁ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωύκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θωύμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάστος, θωυμάσσης, θωυμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θώμα, θαυμάζω, etc.

θωύσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl: of a gnat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out: —c. acc., to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

Ι, ι ἰωτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.

The *subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as τῶι, not τῷ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as ΤΩΙ.

ι was easily exchanged with ε, whence forms like εἶλω ἱλλω, εἶλη ἱλη: ι was sometimes exchanged with ε, as ἐστία ἱστῖν: but more frequently ι is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in εἶν εἰς ξένος κενός διαί παρὰ for ἐν ἐς ξένος κενός διὰ παρὰ.

The Quantity of ι varies.

—ι, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. οὐτοσί, αὐτῇ, τούτῃ, Latt. *bicce, baecce, bocce*, ἐκεινοσί, ὅδῃ, τουτογῇ, etc.: also demonstr. Advts., as οὐτωσί, ὧδῃ, ἐνθαδῇ. Those that end in σί take the ν ἐφελευστικόν before a vowel, as οὐτωσίν, ἐκεινοσίν, οὐτωσίν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτῇ, οὐτωσί.

ΙΑ' Ion. ἱή, ἦ, = βοή, a voice, cry.

ἱα, ἱῆς, ἱῆ, ἱαν, old Ion. fem. of εἰς for μία, μίας, etc.

ἱά, τᾶ, irreg. pl. of ἱός, an arrow. [ῖ]

ἱα, τᾶ, pl. of ἱov, a violet.

ἱαί, exclam. of triumph.

ἱαθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἰάομαι.

ἱαβοί, strengthd. form of αἰβοί, to express disgust.

ΙΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἱανῶ: aor. I ἱηνα: aor. I pass. ἱάνθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., θυμὸν ἱαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

ἱακάζω, (ἱακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

ἱακτέω, f. ἱήσω, = ἱακάζω.

ἱακχος, ὁ, (ἱάχω) Iacchos, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἱαλεμίζω Ion. ἱηλ-, f. ἱσω, (ἱάλεμος) to bewail. Hence ἱαλεμιστρια Ion. ἱηλ-, ἡ, a wailing woman.

ἱάλεμος [ᾱ] Ion. ἱήλεμος, ὁ, (ἱά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

ἱάλλω, f. ἱάλλω: aor. I ἱῆλα, inf. ἱῆλαι: —to send forth: ἐν' οὐείατα χεῖρας ἱάλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes: περὶ χεῖρὶ δεσμὸν ἱῆλα I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail: ἀπυμῆσιν ἱάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr. (sub. εἰπών), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [ῖ] Hence

ἱαλτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ἱάμα Ion. ἱῆμα. ατος, τό, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

ἱαμβεῖος, ὄν, (ἱαμβος) in iambics: τὸ ἱαμβεῖον iambic verse.

ἱαμβίζω, f. ἰάσω, and ἱαμβίω, f. ἱσω, (ἱαμβος), to assail in iambics: generally, to lampoon.

ἱΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as ἔγῳ. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

ἱάν, ὁ, pl. ἱάνες, contr. for ἱάων, ἱάοες, an Ionian. ἱάνθην, aor. I pass. of ἱάω.

ἱΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἱήσομαι: aor. I ἱασάμην Ion. ἱησάμην: Dep.: —to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. I ἱάθην [ᾱ], and pf. ἱάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

ἱάοναυ, barbarism for the vocat. of ἱάων.

ἱάοες, pl. of ἱάων.

ἱΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἱάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. εἰπών), to rush, hurry, speed.

ἱΑΠΥΣ Ion. ἱῆπυς, ὄν, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

ἱάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of ἱών, Ionic. II. as Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. γλῶσσα or διάλεκτος), the Ionic dialect.

ἱάστ, 3 pl. pres. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἱῶσι, for ἱέασι, 3 pl. of ἱῆμι.

ἱάσιμος, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

ἱάσις Ion. ἱῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ἱΑΣΠΗΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

ἱαστί, Adv. (ἱάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

ἱασώ, gen. ὄος, contr. οῖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) ἱάο, the goddess of healing and heal.

ἱάτηρ Ep. ἱῆτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, poet. for ἱατρός, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [ῖ]

ἱάτω, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἱατορία, ἡ, (ἱάτωρ) the art of medicine.

ἱατός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἱατρείον, τό, (ἱάτηρ) a surgery.

ἱατρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἱατρός) of or for the art of healing:

ἡ ἱατρικὴ (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing.

ἱατρό-μαντις, εως, ἡ, (ἱατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἱατρός Ion. ἱῆτρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἱάτηρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., ἱατρός κακῶν, ὀργῆς, etc., a healer.

ἱατρο-τέχνης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

ἱαττάται, ἱαττάταιάξ, Interj. ab, woe is me!

ἱάτωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, Ion. ἱῆτωρ, poet. for ἱατρός. [ἱᾱ]

ἱαυ, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

ἱαυοί, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [ῖ]

ἱαύω, f. σω: aor. I ἱαυσα: (αὐω): —to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place: —λαίειν πύδα to rest the foot.

ἱ-ἀφῆτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱός, ἀφήτη) an archer. [ῖ]

ἱάφθην, aor. I pass. of ἱάω.

ἱαχάιος, α, ὄν, (ἱαχή) glad-sounding.

ἱάχτω, f. ἱήσω = ἱάχαι, to shout, cry aloud.

ἱαχή, ἡ, (ἱάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [ἱᾱ]

ἱάχημα, ατος, τό, (ἱάχτω) a cry, shout. [ἱᾱ]

ἱάχω, f. ἱαχῆσω: pf. ἱαχα, fem. part. ἱαχυσά: (ἱά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim. II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

Ἰάων, *onos*, δ, Ep. for Ἰων, an *Ionian*.

ἴβης, gen. Ion. ἴβιος Att. ἴβιδος, acc. ἴβιν, ἡ, the *ibis*, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

ἸΓΑΗ or ἰγδης, ἡ, a *mortar*.

ἰγμαι, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰγέομαι.

ἰγνύη, ἡ, (γίνυ) the *bow* or *binder part of the knee*, Lat. *popples*. [ῑ]

ἰγνός, ὅς [ῑ], ἡ, = ἰγνύη, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

Ἰδα Ion. Ἰδῆ, ἡ, *Ida*, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a *thick wood*, *wood*, *copse*. 2. *timber*; ἰδῆ ναπηγήσιμος *timber* for ship-building. [ῑ]

ἰδάλμιος, *ov*, (ἰδος) *causing sweat*.

ἰδέ, Ion for ἡδέ, and. [ῑ]

δε or ἰδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω, *lo*, *be-ld*. [ῑ]

δε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῑ]

ἰδεῖα Ion. -έη, ἡ, (ἰδεῖν) *form*. 2. generally, *the* or *appearance* of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. *species*. 3. *a nature, kind, sort; a way, man-*

ner, fashion. [ῑ]

ἰδεῖν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδσκοιν, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῑ]

ἰδῶ, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδῶα, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμεν, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδω. [ῑ]

ἰδῶω, for εἰδῶα, Dor. fut. of *εἶδω. [ῑ]

ἰδῶ, v. sub ἰδῶς.

ἰδαιτερος, ἰδαιτάτος, Comp. and Sup. of ἰδῶς, formed from ἰδῶ.

ἰδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ἰδῶς, βουλεύω) *to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way*.

*ἸΔΙΟΣ, α, *ov*, Att. also *os, ov*: *one's own, personal, private*, Lat. *privus, privatus*: opp. to public (δημόσιος). 2. *one's own*, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἰδιον or τὰ ἰδία *private property* or *concerns*. 3. *peculiar, separate, distinct*: hence *strange*. II. dat.

ἰδίᾳ is used as Adv. *privately*, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδίᾳ φρενός *away from one's senses*. 2. *on one's own account*. III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδαιτερος, ἰδαιτάτος (formed from ἰδίᾳ).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσια, ἡ, (ἰδῶς, συγκρίνω) *a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy*.

ἰδῶ, f. ἰσῶ [ῑ]: aor. I ἰδῶα: (ἰδος):—*to sweat: to sweat with fear*: in Prose usually ἰδρύω.

ἰδῶς, Adv. of ἰδῶς, *privately*.

ἰδωτεία, ἡ, (ἰδιώτης) *private life, a business*.

ἰδωτεύω, f. σω, *to live as a private man*. II. *to be without professional knowledge, be a layman*. From

ἰδιώτης, *ov*, δ, (ἰδῶς) *a private person, one in a private station*, opp. to στρατηγός, *a private soldier*: also an *individual*, opp. to πόλις. II. *one who has no professional knowledge, a layman*, opp. to one

who has; ἱατρός καὶ ἰδιώτης *a mediciner or an unprofessional man*; ποιητὴς ἢ ἰδιώτης *a poet or a prose-writer*: c. gen. rei, *unskilled or unversed in a thing*. 2. *an ill-informed, common-place fellow*.

III. ἰδιῶται *one's countrymen*, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *a private man, private or personal*, opp. to public. 2. *commonplace, trivial, awkward*.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of οἶδα. II. Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of οἶδα.

ἰδμεναι, Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of οἶδα.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, *knowledge, skill*. From

ἰδμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) *practised, skilled, versed in a thing*.

ἸΑΝΟΩ, f. ὦσα, *to crook, bend*:—Pass. *to double oneself up, writhe*, esp. for pain.

ἰδνώθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἰδνώω.

ἰδολατο, Ion. for ἰδοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδω.

ἰδοῦσα, Dor. for ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδω.

ἰδον, Ep. for εἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

*ἸΔΟΣ, *eos, τό*, *sweat, perspiration*. 2. *violent heat*. ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῦ, lo! *behold! see there!* in giving a thing, *there! see there!* 2. *well!* as you please! 3. *ironically* in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἀπατον, *yes to be sure, sheer wine*.

ἰδρεία Ion. ἰδρείη or ἰδρίη [ῑ], ἡ, (ἰδῶς) *knowledge, practice, skill*; ἰδρείη πολέμοιο *skill in war*.

ἰδῆς, gen. ἰδῆος Att. ἰδῆως, δ, ἡ, neut. ἰδῆ, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) *experienced, skilful*: as Subst., ἰδῆς *the provident creature* = *μύρμηξ, the ant*.

ἰδρός, δ, poet. for ἰδῶς. [ῑ] Hence

ἰδρώω, f. ὦσα, *to sweat, perspire*, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like *βιγῶω*, is contracted into *ω* and *φ* instead of *ου* and *οι* (as if it were ἰδῶω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδῶσῃ, fem. part. ἰδῶσα.

ἰδρύμα, τό, (ἰδρύω) *a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image*; ἰδρύμα πόλεως *the stay, support of the city*, like Lat. *column rerum*.

ἰδρύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἰδρύω.

ἰδρύτεον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρύω, *one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue*. II. pass.

οὐχ ἰδρύτεον *one must not sit still, loiter*.

ἰδρύω, f. ὦσα [ῑ]: aor. I ἰδῶσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρύθην [ῑ] not ἰδρύθην: pf. ἰδρύμαι: (ἰδῶ):—Causal of ἐξίωμα, *to make to sit down*; ἰδρύσαι στρατὸν *to encamp an army*:—Pass. *to be seated, sit still*: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῦμένος *firmly seated, steady, secure*. II. *to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples*:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρύμαι, *to found or set up for oneself*. III. *to fix, settle, establish* persons in a place; Ἀρῆ ἐμφύλιον ἰδρύσαι *to give footing to, introduce, intestine war*:—pf. pass. ἰδρύμαι, *to be placed, situated*; ἰδρῶσθαι εἰς τόπον *to settle in a place*:—Med. *to found or establish for oneself*.

ιδρώ, ιδρώς, Ep. for ιδρώτα, ιδρώτι, acc. and dat. of ιδρώς.

ιδρώην, opt. of ιδρώς.

ιδρώς, ὤτος, ὄ: Ep. dat. and acc. ιδρώς, ιδρώ: (ιδῶς): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ιδρώσαι, pres. part. fem. of ιδρώς.

ιδύια, ἡ, Ep. for εἰδυία, part. fem. of οἶδα (v. *εἶδω), always in phrase ιδύησι πρᾶνιδεσσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ἰδω Ep. ἰδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of *εἶδω.

ἰδών, ἰδούσα, aor. 2 part. of *εἶδω.

ἰε, ἰεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰει, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of εἶμι (as if from ἰέω).

ἰείη, Ep. for ἰοι, 3 sing. opt. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰέις, ἰείσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἰημι.

ἰεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἰημι.

ἰεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἰημι.

ἰεμεν, ἰεμέναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of ἰημι.

ἰεμενος, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ἰημι.

ἰεν, Aeol. for ἰεσων, 3 pl. impf. of ἰημι.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἰέναι, pres. inf. of ἰημι.

ἰερᾶκισκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἱεράξ, a small hawk.

ἹΕΡΑΞ, ἄκος, Ion. ἱέρηξ contr. ἱρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a hawk, falcon.

ἱεράομαι Ion. ἱρ-, Pass. (ἱερός) to be a priest or priestess.

ἱερατεία, ἡ, (ἱερατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood, ἱερατεῖα, ατος, τό, (ἱερατεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

ἱερατεύω, f. σω, (ἱερεύς) to be priest or priestess.

ἱερεῖα Ion. ἱρεῖα, ἡ, fem. of ἱερεύς, a priestess.

ἱερεῖον Ion. ἱερῆϊον or ἱρηῖον, τό, (ἱερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ἱερεύς, ἑως Ion. ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, (ἱερός) a priest, sacrificer.

ἱερευτο, for ἱερευέτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of

ἱερεύω Ion. ἱρεύω, f. σω, (ἱερός) to offer, sacrifice. 2. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

ἱερῆ, ἡ, =ἱερεῖα.

ἱερῆϊον, τό, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱερία, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἱερεῖα.

ἱερο-γλύφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱερός, γλύφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ἱερο-γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἱερός, γραμματεὺς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ἱερο-δῶκος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ἱερό-θυτος, ὄν, (ἱερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἱερόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

ἱερο-λογέω, (ἱερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.

ἱερο-λογία Ion. ἱερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.

ἱερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἱερο-μήνια, τά, (ἱερός, μήν or μηνί) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ἱερομνημονέω, f. ἦσω, to be ἱερομνήμων. From

ἱερο-μνήμων, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphibolyonic state to their Council along with the πύλαγρος.

ἱερόν, τό, v. ἱερός π.

ἱερο-νίκης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, νικάω) conqueror in the games.

ἱερο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἱερός, ποιῶ) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ἱερο-πρετής, ἑς, (ἱερός, πρέτω) beseeching a sacred place, person or matter: boly, reverend.

ἹΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2.

boly, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἱερός καὶ ὅσιος, sacred and profane; v. sub. ὅσιος. II. as Subst.:

1. ἱερόν Ion. ἱρόν, τό, a temple.

ἱερά Ion. ἱρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἱερά ῥέξιν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra. III. special phrases: 1. ἱερά νόσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob.

the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἱερά ὁδός, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ ἱερά τριήρης, the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ἱερό-στεπτος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, στέφω) wreathed in boly fashion.

ἱεροσυλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἱερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ἱεροσύλλα, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege. ἱερό-σύλος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, συλλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ἱεουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἱεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἱεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence

ἱεουργία Ion. ἱεροεργία, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ἱερ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἱερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ἱεροφαντήω, f. ἦσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἱερο-φάντης Ion. ἱρ-, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ἱεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κῶς.

ἱερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἱερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v]

ἱερό-χθον Ion. ἱρ-, ὁ, ἡ, (ἱερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.

ἱερόω, f. ὥσω, (ἱερός) to hallow, dedicate.

ἱερ-ώνυμος, ὄν, (ἱερός, ὄνομα) of boly name.

ἱερωστί, (ἱερός) Adv. in boly manner, piously.

ἱερωσύνη Ion. ἱρ-, ἡ, (ἱερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ἱεσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ἰημι.

ἱεῖθ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

ἱζάνω, (ἰζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat. II.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ΙΖΩ, impf. ἴζον Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. I, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴξῃω, aor. I ἴξῃα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still:—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῇ Τηυγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηυγέτον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, io! exclam. of joy. [ῖ]

ἰή, ἦ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound:

ἰήσας, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἰή) wailing, mournful, plaintive; ἰήσας βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή:

ἰήλα, inf. ἰήλαι, aor. I of ἰάλλω.

ἰήλωμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ-

ἰημα, τό = ἰαμα.

ἰημα, ἴης, ἴησι, 3 pl ἰάσι or ἰέσι; imperat. ἴε; subj. ἰώ; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰίμαι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰέας:—impf. ἴην, Aeol. 3 pl ἴεν:—fut. ἴσω:—aor. I ἴκα Ep. ἴκα:—aor. 2 ἴπ, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἴε, subj. ἴε, opt. ἴέην, inf. ἴέμαι, part. ἴας:—pf. εἶσα: plqpf. εἴεσκον. Pass. and Med., pres. ἰέμαι: impf. ἰέμεν: aor. I pass. ἴθην, also εἴθην: aor. I med. φάμην: aor. 2 med. εἴμην or ἔμην:

pf. pass. εἶμα: plqpf. εἴμην. Causal of εἶμι (ἰδο), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἰημα is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμὸς ἐπὶ γαίαν ἰεῖν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., καὶ δὲ κόρητος φρε νόμος she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπὶ πόσιος καὶ ἰδηντίος ἐξ ἔπου ἔντο, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἰημα, aor. I of ἰάω.

ἰη-παῖδων, ονος, ὁ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παῖδων: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παυμνίζω, f. ἰώω, to cry ἰη παῖδων or παῖδων!

ἰησασθαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of ἰάωμαι.

ἴησι, Ep. for ἴη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι ἰδο.

ἴησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἔμην.

ἰήσωμος, ἰήσιος, Ion. for ἰάω-

ἰησούς, ov, dat. also os, acc. οὖν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Yosua*, Saviour.

ἰητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, Ion. for ἰατήρ.

ἰητορία, ἰητρέας, ἰητροί, Ion. for ἰα-

ἰη-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἐς (ἰθὺς, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock.

II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to ὀρυκτά.

ΙΘΑΚΗ, ἡ, *Ithāca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακήνδε, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and

Ἰθακήσιος, α, ov, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*.

ἰθέα, ἡ, Ion. fem. for ἰθέα, v. ἰθὺς: [ῖ]

ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθὺς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*.

ἰθί, imperat. of εἶμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθμα, ατος, τό, (εἶμι) a step, movement.

ἰθὺ, neut. of ἰθὺς, used as Adv., like ἰθέως.

ἰθὺ-δικης, ov, ὁ, (ἰθὺς, δική) giving simple justice.

ἰθὺ-δρόμος, ov, (ἰθὺς, δρομεῖν) straight-running.

ἰθὺ-θραξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, θράξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθραξ, woolly-haired. [ῖ]

ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From

ἰθὺ-μάχος, ov, (ἰθὺς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθὺ-voos, ov, (ἰθὺς, νόος) honest.

ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰθῶ: aor. ἰθῶνα:—Pass. aor. I ἰθύνθη:—

Ion. and Ep. for εἰθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τῶ δ' ἰθύνθητην they ran even with one another. 2.

to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους, to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθὺ-πόρος, ov, (ἰθὺς, πορεύομαι) going straight on.

ἰθὺ-πτερόν, αρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, πτεροῦμαι) straight-flying, of an ashen spear-shaft. [ῖ]

ΙΘΥΣ, ἰθέα, ἰθί, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εἰθὺς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύντατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τῇ ἰθύνῃ (sub. ὁδῷ), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐς τῇ ἰθύνῃ, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθὺς or ἰθί, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺς μάχεσθαι to fight fairly, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθὺς, ὅς, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἰθύν, = ἰθί ὀρθύν, straight upwards. [ῖ]

ἰθύν-τερος, ἐς, (ἰθὺς, τεῖνον) stretched out, straight. [ῖ]

ἰθύν-τονος, ov, (ἰθὺς, τεῖνον) = ἰθύν-τερος.

ἰθύν-τρεχας, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθύν-τερος.

ἰθύν, f. ἰθύν: aor. I ἰθύναι: [ῖ] (ἰθὺς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθύνει νόον drove right against the mind. II. to be eager to do, bent upon a purpose.

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ἰθύν-τονος, ov, (ἰθὺς, τεῖνον) = ἰθύν-τερος.

ἰθύν-τρεχας, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθύν-τερος.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; *ἱκανὸν χρόνον* a long time; *τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν* to take security or bail, Lat. *satis accipere*. Hence *ἱκανότης*, *ἦτος*, *ῆ*, sufficiency, fitness.

ἱκανῶς, f. ὦσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify. *ἱκανῶ* [ᾶ], Ep. lengthd. for *ἱκω*, = *ἱκνέομαι*, only used in pres. and inf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. *ἱκάνομαι*.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of *ἱκανός*, sufficiently, Lat. *satis*; *ἱκανῶς ἔχειν* to be sufficient: Sup. *ἱκανώτατα*.

Ἰκάριος, α, ον, (*Ἰκάρος*) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἱκελος, η, ον, poet. form for *ἑκελος*, like. [r] Hence *ἱκελῶς*, f. ὦσω, to make like.

ἱκίσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱκίσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱκέσια, ῆ, (*ἱκέτης*) the prayer of a suppliant. II. as fem. of *ἱκέσιος*, a female suppliant.

ἱκέσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*ἱκέτης*) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἱκετα-δόκος, ον, (*ἱκέτης*, *δέχομαι*) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ἱκετεία, ῆ, = *ἱκεσία*, q. v.

ἱκέτευμα, ατος, τό, (*ἱκετεύω*) a mode of supplication.

ἱκετευτός, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From *ἱκετεύω*, f. σω: aor. 1 *ἱκέτευσα* [i Att., ὕ Ep.]:

(*ἱκέτης*):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἱκετήριος sync. *ἱκετήριος*, α, ον, (*ἱκέτης*) of or fit for suppliants. II. ῆ *ἱκετήρια* (sub. ἐλαία),

the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἱκέτης, ον, δ, (*ἱκίσθαι*) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ον, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἱκέτις, ιδος, ῆ, fem. of *ἱκέτης*.

ἱκηαι, Ep. for *ἱκη*, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱκμάω and *ἱκμαίνω*, to moisten. From

ἸΚΜΑ΄Σ, ἄδος, ῆ, moisture of any kind.

ἱκμενος or *ἱκμενος*, only in the phrase *ἱκμενος οἶρος* a fair breeze, (from *ἱκνέομαι*), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. *ventus secundus*.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from *ἸΚΝ* [r]: fut. *ἔξομαι* Dor. *ἔξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἰκόμην*: pf. *ἔγμαι*, part. *ἔγμενος*:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (*ἱκέτης*) to one, to beseech, entreat him.

3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, be seems; *τοὺς μάλιστα ἱκνέεται* whom it most concerns; *τὸ ἱκνέμενον* that which is fitting, proper.

ἱκνούνται, Dor. for *ἱκνύνται*, 3 pl. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱκνυμένως Ion. *ἱκνεομ-*, *ἱκνευμ-*, Adv. part. pres. of *ἱκνέομαι*, fittingly, aright.

ἱκοίμην, Dor. for *ἱκοίμην*, aor. 2 opt. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἸΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἱκραρ, Adv. (*ἱκω*) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἱκτήρ, ῆτος, δ, (*ἱκω*) a suppliant. II. Ζεὺς

ἱκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ἱκτήριος, α, ον, syncop. for *ἱκετήριος*.

ἱκτίδεος, α, ον, (*ἱκτίς*) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer *κτίδεος*. II. as Subst., *ἱκτιδέα*, contr.

ἱκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ῆ, weasel-skin.

ἸΚΤΙΝΟΣ, δ, a kite, Lat. *milvus*.

ἸΚΤΥ΄Σ, ἴδος, ῆ, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ἱκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἸΚΩ, impf. *ἱκον*: aor. 2 *ἔξον*: root of *ἱκνέομαι*, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time;

τὰ σὰ γόνα ἱκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. *ἱκνέομαι* 2, *ἱκέτης*):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; *ὑβρις τε βίη τε σιδήρεον οὐρανὸν ἱκει* violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; *χρεῖν ἱκει* me necessity is upon me; *ὑπνος γῆρας ἱκάνει με* come upon or over me.

ἱκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἸΛ, Dor. for *ἴλη*. [r]

Ἰλδόν, Adv. (*ἴλη*) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. *turmatim*: in abundance. [r]

Ἰλθθι, pres. imperat. of *ἴλημι*.

Ἰλάμοι, Ep. for *Ἰλάσκομαι*.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. *Ἰλαος*, ον, nom. pl. *Ἰλαρ*, neut. *Ἰλαα*:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. *Ἰλαος* σοί, (sc. ἔστω δ Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

Ἰλαρία, ῆ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

Ἰλαρός, ᾶ, ὄν, (*Ἰλαος*) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. *bilaris*. Adv. *-pās*. Hence

Ἰλαρότης, ῆτος, ῆ, gaiety, Lat. *bilaritas*.

Ἰλάσκομαι: fut. *Ἰλάσομαι* [ᾶ] Ep. *Ἰλάσσομαι* Dor. *Ἰλάσομαι*: aor. 1 *Ἰλασάμην*: Dep.: (*Ἰλαος*):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for.

III. aor. 1 imperat. pass. *Ἰλασθήτι*, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

Ἰλασμός, δ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [r]

Ἰλασόμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. of *Ἰλάσκομαι*.

Ἰλασσαι, Ep. for *Ἰλάσθι*, 2 sing. aor. 1 subj. of *Ἰλάσκομαι*.

Ἰλαστήριος, α, ον, (*Ἰλάσκομαι*) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., *Ἰλαστήριον*, τό, propitiation or the mercy-seat.

Ἰλαα, Att. neut. pl. of *Ἰλαος*.

Ἰλαος, Att. for *Ἰλαος*.

Ἰλη or *εἰλη* Dor. *Ἰλα*, ῆ, (*Ἰλλω*, *εἰλλω*) a crowd, band, troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron, Lat. *turma*, *ala*, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

company. 3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

ἤλθι, imperat. of ἔλθω.

ἤλθω, (ἤλαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἤλθῃσι, and 2 sing. opt. ἤλθῃς.

ἤλθω, = ἤλθω, esp. in imperat. ἤλθι Dor. ἰάθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as Subst. Ἰλιάς, 1. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις), the Iliad, of Homer.

Ἰλιγγάω, f. σω: aor. ἰλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

Ἰλιγγος, ὁ, (ἰλλω, εἰλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [ἴ]

Ἰλιγί, ἰγγος, ἡ, (ἰλλω) a whirling, whirlingpool:

Ἰλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Ἰλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος; Adv. at Troy.

Ἰλιορ-ραστής, ὁ, (Ἰλιος, ραίω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἰλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ἸΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

Ἰλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰλλω, εἰλω) a rope, band.

Ἰλλός, ὁ, (ἰλλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἰλω.

ἸΛΤ'Σ, ὅος, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. Ἰλῶος Homer, later Ἰλῶος.]

ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμάντινος, η, ου, (ἰμάς) of leathern ibongs.

ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaph. one of the feelers of the polygus.

ἸΜΑ'Σ, ἄντρος; ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμάσι Ep. ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or ibong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the ibong or lash of a whip. 2. the caesus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodite, Lat. caestus. 4. a latch, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a sbos-latchet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb, ἰμάς-κίτωείς ἐστί he's as tough as a ibong of dogskin.

ἰμάσθλη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, ἰμάσσω) the ibong or lash of a whip, generally a whipl. [ἴ]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ἄ]: aor. ἰμασα: (ἰμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smile.

ἰματιδόριον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον. [ἱμ-δᾶ]

ἰματιδίον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

ἰματίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένος, clothed.

ἰματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἰμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτών, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἰμάτινα, τὰ, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἰματι-φύλακτος, f. φων, (ἰμάτιον, φυλάκτω) to take care of clothes.

ἰματισμός, ὁ, (ἰματίω) clothing, apparel. [ἴ]

ἰμαίρω Aeol. ἰμάρω, (ἱμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἰμαίρωμαι as Dep., with aor. ἰ med. ἰμαίραμην, pass. ἰμέρην.

ἱμεν; ἱ pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱμεν; ἱμεναί, Ep. for ἱέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, δερκομαι) looking longingly.

ἱμερόεις, εσσα, ω, (ἱμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἱμερο-θῆλῆς, ἐς, (ἱμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθηλῆς) sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣ [ἴ], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἰμέρῳ, Aeol. for ἰμείρῳ.

ἱμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱμείρῳ) longed for, lovely.

ἱμμεναί, poet. for ἱμεναί, ἱέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἱμονιά; ἡ, (ἱμάς) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἱμονίαν, absol., a rope's length, i.e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἱν, Dor. for ἱ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ, Conjunction:—that in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: 1. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἡκεῖ, ἱν' ὅπως thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλὰς ἔδωκε μένος, ἱν' ἐκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. 3. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἱν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἕνα μέ, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, ἕνα δέ, ἕνα περ, ἕνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb., I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἱν' ἐτράφην ἡδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἕνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅπου, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἱν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

ἱνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἱνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλεΐωνι he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟΥΣ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian. II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ω, = Ἰνδικός.

ἱνς, pl. nom. of ἱς.

ἱνίον, τό, (ἡ) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [ἱν]

ἸΝΙΣ, ὁ, a son, child.

Ἰνός, ὅος, contr. ὄος, ἡ, I= afterwards worshipped as:

of Leucothea.

ἱν-όος, α, (ἱς, ὄος)



ἱζαλος, *ov*, (from *ἱζασω*, as if contracted from *ἱζα-
λοα*) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.

ἱζεσθαι, fut. inf. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱζευτής, *οὔ, δ*, (*ἱζέω*) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.

ἱζέω, *f. σω*, (*ἱζέω*) to catch birds by birdlime.

ἱζοβολέω, *f. ἦσω*, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From

ἱζο-βόλος, *ov*, (*ἱζέω*, *βάλλω*) setting lime-twigs.

ἱζο-εργός, *δ*, (*ἱζέω*, **έργω*) one who uses birdlime, a
fowler.

ἱζομαι, fut. of *ἱκνέομαι*.

ἱζον, Ep. aor. 2 of *ἱκνέω*.

ἱζοῦς, *δ*, Lat. *VISCUM*, misseltoe: also, the mis-
seltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the mis-
seltoe-berry, Lat. *viscus*.

ἱζο-φορεύς, *έας, δ*, (*ἱζέω*, *φέρω*) bearing misseltoe.

ἱζυῖς, *ός, ἡ*: dat. *ἱζυῖ* contr. *ἱζυῖ*: the waist.

ἱδ-βακχος, *δ*, (*ἰά, βάκχῃ*) *Bacchus* invoked with the
cry of *ἰά*:—a song beginning *ἰά Βάκχῃ*!

ἱδ-βλέφαρος, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *βλέφαρον*) violet-eyed.

ἱδ-βολέω, *f. ἦσω*, to shoot arrows. From

ἱδ-βόλος, *ov*, (*ἰδν*, *βάλλω*) shooting arrows.

ἱδ-στρυχός, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *βόστρυχος*) dark-haired.

ἱδ-δετός, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *δέω*) violet-twined.

ἱδ-δοκος, *ov*, (*ἰδν*, *δέχομαι*) bolding arrows.

ἱδ-ειδής, *ές*, (*ἱδν*, *εἶδω*) violet-coloured, of the sea.

ἱδ-εἰς, *εσσα, εν*, (*ἱδν*) violet-coloured, dark.

ἱδ-ιήν, Att. for *ἱδ-ιμ*, opt. of *ἱδ-ιμ* *ibo*.

ἱδ-ισαί, Dor. for *ἱδ-ισαί*, part. fem. of *ἱδ-ιμ* *ibo*.

ἱδ-ιμεν, Ep. for *ἱδ-ιμεν*, 1 pl. subj. of *ἱδ-ιμ* *ibo*.

ἱδ-μύγης, *ές*, (*ἰδν*, *μύγηναι*) mixed with poison.

ἱδ-μυρος, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *μύρος*) dark-fated, miserable.

ἱδ-ιον, *τό*, the violet, Lat. *viola*. [r]

ἱδ-ον, Ep. form of impf. of *ἱδ-ιμ* *ibo*.

ἱδ-οῦς, *άδος, ἡ*, *shaggy, hairy*. From

ἱδ-οῦς, *δ*, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [r]

ἱδ-ονία, *α, ov*, (*ἰά*) of *ἱδ*: *ἱδ-ονία κόλπος* the *Ionian*
sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of
the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have
swum,—not to be confounded with the *Ionian* sea.

ἱδ-όντες, part. pl. of *ἱδ-ιμ*.

ἱδ-πλόκαμος, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *πλόκαμος*) with violet locks,
dark-haired. [r]

ἱδ-ός [r], *δ*, with irreg. pl. *ἱά*, (*ἱέναι* inf. of *ἱδ-ιμ* *ibo*)
an arrow.

ἱδ-ός, *δ*, *rust, verdigris*, Lat. *aerugo*.

ἱδ-ός, *δ*, *poison*, esp. of serpents.

ἱδ-ία, *εα*, Ep. for *ἱδ-ία, μία*: dat. *ἱδ* for *ἱδ-ι*.

ἱδ-οστέφανος, *ov*, (*ἱδν*, *οστέφανος*) violet-crowned.

ἱδ-ότης, *ητος, ἡ*, *will, resolve*; mostly in dat., *θεῶν*
ἱδ-οῦ by the will or pleasure of the gods.

ἱδ-τύπης, *ές*, (*ἰδν*, *τυπῆναι*) struck by an arrow.

ἱδ-ού, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu*! seldom, like *ἰά*, a cry of
joy. [r]

ἱουδαῖος, *f. σω*, to live as a Jew. From

ἱουδαϊκός, *ἡ, όν*, of or for the Jews. Adv. —*κός*.

From

ἱουδαῖος, *α, ov*, of the tribe of Judah: as Subst.: 1.
a Jew, 2. *ἱουδαία* (sc. *γῆ*) the land of Judaea,

ἱουδαϊσμός, *δ*, (*ἱουδαῖος*) *Judaism*.

ἱουλάς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, a red fish.

ἱουλος, *ov*, (*οἶλος*) down, the first growth of beard:
ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἱουλοὶ the young hair beneath the
temples, i. e. the whiskers.

ἱο-χάιρα, *ἡ*, (*ἰός*, *χαίρω*) delighting in arrows, or
(from *χέω*) showering arrows.

ἱπνο-κῆψ, *ές*, (*ἱπνός*, *καίρω*) baked in the oven.

ἱπνο-λίβης, *ητος, δ*, (*ἱπνός*, *λίβη*) a boiler, caldron.

ἱπνο-ποιός, *ov*, (*ἱπνός*, *ποιέω*) working in an oven or
furnace; as Subst. a potter.

ἱπνοῦς, *δ*, an oven or furnace, Lat. *furnus*. II.
the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.

ἱπτος, *δ* or *ἡ*, (*ἱπτομαι*) in a mouse-trap, the piece of
wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a
trap; a heavy weight. Hence

ἱπ-ώω, *f. ὥσω*, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed
down or crushed; *εἰσφοραῖς ἱπνόμενος* squeezed hard
by taxes. [r]

ἱππ-αγρέται, *ων, οἱ*, (*ἱππείω*, *ἀγείρω*) three officers
at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as *ἱπ-
πεις* or body-guard for the kings.

ἱππ-ἀγωγός, *ον*, (*ἱππός*, *ἀγω*) carrying horses: *ἱπ-
παγωγοί* (sub. *ναῦς*) al, transport-ships for horses.

ἱππάζομαι, fut. *άσομαι* Dep. (*ἱππος*) to drive or
guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; *ἱπ-
πάσσειν* *χώραν* to ride over a country. II. as

Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be
broken in.

ἱππ-αιχμος, *ov*, (*ἱππος*, *αἰχμή*) fighting on horseback.

ἱππ-ἀλεκτρυών, *ονος, δ*, (*ἱππος*, *ἀλεκτρυών*) a horse-
cock: a gryphon, dragon.

ἱππᾶλλος, *ov, δ*, poet. form for *ἱππείος*.

ἱππᾶναι, (*ἱππος*) cry of the knights to each other in
comic imitation of the seaman's cry *ῥυπαρᾶναι*.

ἱππᾶριον, *τό*, Dim. of *ἱππος*, a little horse, pony.

ἱππ-αρμοστής, *οὔ, δ*, (*ἱππος*, *ἀρμοστής*) Lacedae-
monian word for *ἱππαρχος*.

ἱππαρχέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be a general of cavalry, to
command the cavalry. Hence

ἱππαρχία, *ἡ*, the command of the cavalry.

ἱππαρχικός, *ἡ, όν*, of or for cavalry. From

ἱππ-αρχος, and **ἱππ-άρχη**, *ov, δ*, (*ἱππος*, *ἀρχω*)
ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a gene-
ral of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

ἱππᾶς, *άδος, ἡ*, fem. of *ἱππικός*; *ἱππᾶς στολή* a
riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub.
τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

ἱππᾶσλα, *ἡ*, (*ἱππάζομαι*) riding, horse-exercise. 2.
chariot-driving.

ἱππᾶσμος, *η, ov*, (*ἱππάζομαι*) fit for horses or for
riding: easily ridden.

ἱππαστήρ, *ἦρος, and ἱππαστής, οὔ, δ*, (*ἱππάζομαι*)
a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

ἱππέα, *ἡ*, (*ἱππεύω*) horsemanship, riding, driving,
esp. racing. II. cavalry.

ἱππειος, *α, ov*, (*ἱππος*) of a horse or horses; *ἱππειος*
λόφος a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ἄνος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππευς, ἑως Ion. ἥος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἵππῆς, *Horsemen or Knights*, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback; see ἱππαγρέται.

ἵππευτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὗ, ὁ, a rider, horseman: from ἵππεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς):—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, *Eurus equitavit per undas.* II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππηας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς. ἵππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) like a horse. II. like a horseman.

ἵππησσι, Ep. for ἵππεύσι, pl. dat. of ἵππεύς. ἵππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) fit for riding or driving; ἵππηλασία ὁδὸς a chariot road.

ἵππ-ηλάτῃ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἵππηλάτης. ἵππηλάτῃω, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From ἵππ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, Ep. ἵππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) a driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [ἀ]

ἵππ-ηλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαίνω) fit for horsemanship or driving. ἵππ-ημολγοί, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the Mare-milkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἵππ-ἀναξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) chief of horsemen. ἵππικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγῶν ἵππικός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horsemen, equestrian: skilled in riding. 2. ἡ ἵππική (sub. τέχνη), horsemanship, riding. III. τὸ ἵππικόν, the cavalry. IV. Adv. —καί, like a horseman.

ἵππιος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses. ἵππιό-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χαίτη) shaggy with horse-hair.

ἵππιό-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππιος, χάρμη) one who fights from a chariot. 2. a horseman, rider.

ἵππιό-βαμῶν [ἀ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίνω) going on horseback, equestrian. 2. metaph., ῥήματα ἵπποβάμονα big-paced words, bombast.

ἵππιό-βάτης [ἀ], ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίνω) a horseman. ἵππιό-βότης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, βόσκω) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβόται were the knights, nobles.

ἵππιό-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βίσκω) fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.

ἵππιό-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἵππιό-γέρωνος, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέρανος) crane-cavalry. ἵππιό-γυψοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γυψ) vulture-cavalry.

ἵππιό-δάμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμῶν) horse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of horses.

ἵππιό-δάσας, ας, ἑμ., without any masc. ἵππιδάσας in use, (ἵππος, δασύς) epith. of κάπρος, thick with horse-hair, with rough horse-hair crest.

ἵππιό-δεσμα, αν, τό, (ἵππος, δεσμός) reins, a balter. ἵππιό-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a balter.

ἵππιό-διώκτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἵππιό-δρομία, ἡ, (ἵππιόδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence ἵππιό-δρόμος, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, delighting in the speed of horses.

ἵππιό-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course. ἵππιό-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραμῖν) a horse-courier.

ἵππιόθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) forth from the horse. ἵππιούν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππιό-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἵππιό-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) driving horses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.

ἵππιό-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἵππιό-κομῆς, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἵππιό-κομῖν κάνθαρον to groom one's beetle. From ἵππιό-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομῶν) keeping or grooming horses. II. as Subst., ἵπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἵππεῖς in war.

ἵππιό-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κομῶν) decked with horse-hair. ἵππιό-κορυστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.

ἵππιό-κρατέας, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence ἵπποκρατία, ἡ, victory in a skirmish of horse.

ἵππιό-κρημνός, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) tremendously steep; ἵππιόκρημνον ῥῆμα a neck-breaking word.

ἵππιό-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) sounding with the tramp of horses.

ἵππιό-λόφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) with horse-hair crest. ἵππιό-μάνης, ἐς, (ἵππο, μαῖνην) mad for horses: Lucartian.

II. as Subst., ἵππομάνης, ἑος, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad. 2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a humour which falls from mares. Hence ἵππο-μάνια, ἡ, a mad love for horses, racing, etc.

ἵππομάχαι, f. ἦσω, (ἵππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence ἵππομάχια, ἡ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) fighting on horseback: as Subst., ἵππομάχος, ὁ, a trooper.

ἵππο-νάμος, ον, n) driving horses. ἵππο-πέλος, ον, armed with horses: driver of horses.

ἵππο-π... the rider-horse of Egypt, διππῶν

ἵππος, δ, ἡ, a horse, *maré*, Lat. *equus*, *equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the *ebariot*, and hence also the *ebariot* itself; ἀφ' ἵππων from the *ebariot*: λαβε τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in *ebariots*; ἵπποι καὶ ποδοί horse and foot. II.

ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, ἡ χίλις ἵππος, a thousand horse. III. ἵππος ποταμός the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-laugh, v. ἵππο-κρημος, etc.

ἵππο-στόας, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, στεύω) driver of horses.

ἵππο-στόας, α, ον, horse-driving.

ἵππο-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaphor., 'Αελίου κνεφαία ἵπποστάσις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵπποσύνης, η, ον, = ἵππικός.

ἵπποτά, Ep. for ἵπποτης.

ἵπποτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵπποτα, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λέως ἵπποτης the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφέω, f. ἦσσι, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρέφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

ἵππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππ-ουρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ον, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππ-ώτης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππών, ἄνος, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνεῖα, ἡ, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἦσσι, to buy horses. From

ἵππ-ώνης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀνίσταμαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπταμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ἵτομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press bard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱέρα.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱέραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεία, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱρήν, ἔνος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱέραξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερία.

ἱρίς, ἴδος, ἡ: acc. ἱρίν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων). II. impersonated Ἴρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumias (the Wonderer).

ἱρίσιν, Ep. for ἱρίσιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ-, running in the sacred races. [ἱ]

ἱρο-εργίη, Ion. for ἱεουργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [ἱ]

ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [ἱ]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ-.

ἱρωσύνη, Ion. for ἱερωσύνη, priesthood.

Ἰς, ἡ, gen. ἰνός, acc. ἰνα: pl. nom. ἰνες, dat. ἰνεσι Ep. ἰνεσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχοιο the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [ἱ]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἰσ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἰσ-ἄδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἰσάξω, f. ἴσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or hold equal to another, c. dat.

ἰσάμι, Dor. for ἰσημι.

ἰσ-ἄμλλη, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμλλη) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἴθω. II. Ep. for

ἦσαν, ἦδεισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of εἶδω.

ἰσ-ἄνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. [ἰ]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἰσημι.

ἰσ-ἀργύρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἰσημι.

ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἰσημι, and of ἴδα (v. εἶδω B).

ἰσάσκειτο [ἱ], Ion. for ἰσάετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἰσάζω, she likened herself.

ἰσάτι, Dor. for ἰσησι, 3 sing. of ἰσημι.

ἰσ-ηγορεύω and Med. -έομαι, (ἴσος, ἡγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἰσ-ηγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἰσ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἰσ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἸΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἰσάμι, ἰσάτι: pl. ἰσάμεν, ἰσάσι or ἰσαντι; part. ἰσας.

ἰσ-ἥρημος, ον, (ἴσος, ἑρπύς) with as many oars.

ἰσ-ἥρης, ες, (ἴσος, ἀρεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἰσθ, ἴκω, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἰσθ, be, imperat. of εἶμι sum.

Ἰσθμία (sub. ἱερά), ον, τά, (ἰσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

Ἰσθμιάζω, f. ἴσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιάκος, ἡ, ὢν, (ἰσθμιον) of the Isthmian.

Ἰσθμιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰσθμός: al Ἰσθμάδες (sub. ἔσονται), *the Isthmian games*.

Ἰσθμῶν, τό, (Ἰσθμός) *a necklace*.

Ἰσθμός, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (Ἰσθμός) *of the Isthmus, Isthmian*.

Ἰσθμόθεν, Adv. *from the Isthmus*; and

Ἰσθμόθεν, Adv. *on the Isthmus*; and

Ἰσθμοῖ, Adv. *on the Isthmus*. From

Ἰσθμός, οὐ, δ, (εἰμι ἰδο) *a neck: any narrow passage*. 2. *a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus*: esp. as prop. n. *the Isthmus of Corinth*.

Ἰσθμῶδες, ες, (Ἰσθμός, εἶδος) *like an isthmus*.

Ἰσιός, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Ἰσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἰσιος: dat. Ἰσί: acc.

Ἰσιν:—Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

ἸΣΚΩ or ἰσχω, to make like; ἴσκει ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοία *speaking many lies he made them like truths*. II. *to bold or think like*; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἰσκόντες *thinking me like you*: absol., ἴσκειν ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ *each man imagined or supposed*. III.

in late Poets, ἴσκει, ἴσκειν, = ἔλεγεν, *he spake, said*. ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of ἰσθα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν; v. εἶδαι v.

ἰσο-βάρος, ἐς, (ἴσος, βάρος) *of equal weight*.

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) *godlike, equal to a god*. II. *equal in fortune or happiness*.

ἰσο-δίαυτος, ον, (ἴσος, διάυτα) *living on an equal footing*.

ἰσο-ἔγχις, ἐς, (ἴσος, ζυγῆραι) *equally balanced: equal*.

ἰσο-θεος, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) *equal to the gods, godlike*.

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) *equal to the danger*.

ἰσο-κληρος, ον, (ἴσος, κληρος) *equal in property*.

ἰσο-κράτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, κράτος) *of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others*. Hence ἰσοκρατία, ἡ, *equality of power and rights, political equality*.

ἰσο-ὀμαλός, ον, (ἴσος, ὀμαλός) *equally level, nearly equal*.

ἰσο-μήτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) *like one's mother*.

ἰσο-μάχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) *equal in the fight*.

ἰσο-μεγέθης, ες, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) *equal in size*.

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) *with equal forehead or front*.

ἰσο-μήκης, ες, (ἴσος, μήκος) *equal in length*.

ἰσομοιρῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἰσόμοιρος) *to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another*. Hence

ἰσομοίρια Ion. -λη, ἡ, *a sharing equally, equal partner: bip.*

ἰσο-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) *having an equal share of a thing*; γῆς ἰσόμοιρος ἀήρ *earth's equal partner* air.

2. generally, *equal, close, resembling*: φάος σκύτῳ ἰσόμοιρον *light close akin to darkness*.

ἰσο-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μῦθος) = ἰσόμοιρος, *resembling*.

ἰσο-ὄνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνειρος) *dream-like, vacant*.

ἰσο-νεκτός, ον, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκτος) *dying the same death*.

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνομος) *to have equal rights*. Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, *equality of rights, political equality*.

ἰσο-νόμος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) *having equal rights, enjoying freedom*.

ἰσο-παῖς, παῖδος, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) *like a child*.

ἰσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) *a span long*.

ἰσοπαλῆς, f. ἴσω, *to be a match for*. From

ἰσο-πάλης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πάλη) *equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal*.

ἰσο-πᾶλος, ον, = ἰσοπαλής.

ἰσο-πέδον, τό, *level ground, a flat: neut. from*

ἰσο-πέδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) *of even surface, level*.

ἰσο-πλάτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάτος) *equal in breadth*.

ἰσο-πλάτων, ανος, δ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) *a second Plato*.

ἰσο-πληθής, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλήθος) *equal in number or quantity*.

ἰσο-πρεσβύς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) *like an old man*.

ἰσοροπία, ἡ, *equipoise, equilibrium*. From

ἰσορ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ῥοπή) *equally balanced, in equipoise: equally matched*.

ἴΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσων, Att. ἴσος [Ὶ], ἴση, ἴσον, Ep. also ἴσος [Ὶ]:—*equal to, the same as, like*; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα *measure for measure*; ἴσος καὶ . . . *equally with*; ἴσον ἐμοὶ *equally with me*. II. *equally divided or distributed, equal*; ἴση μοῖρα *an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα)*; τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, *an equal share, fair measure*; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων *to obtain one's dues*: hence *fair, reasonable*, ἴσος ἀνὴρ *a fair, upright man*. 2. at Athens, *of the equal division of all civic rights*; τὸ ἴσον *equality*; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμοῦρα) *punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment*; ἴσαι (sub. ψήφοι) *votes equally divided*.

III. *of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus*; εἰς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. *in aequum descendere*; δι' ἴσου *at an equal distance or interval*. IV. Adv.

ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσων Att. ἴσων, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially: in Att. ἴσα generally means *equally*, ἴσως *perhaps*:—so also ἐξ ἴσου *equally*; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου *on an equal footing*; ἐν ἴσῳ *equally*; cp. ἐπίσῳ.

V. Att. Comp. ἰσάτερος. ἰσοσκελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, σκέλος) *with equal legs*; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον *a triangle with two sides equal*.

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτελής) *equality of taxation*.

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τέλειω) *accomplished for all alike*.

ἰσο-τελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τέλος) *paying alike, paying the same taxes*: at Athens the ἰσοτέλεις were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἰσο-τενής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τείνω) *equally stretched*.

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) *equality*.

ἰσοτίμια, ἡ, *equality of honour or privilege*. From ἰσο-τίμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) *beld in equal honour: having the same privileges*.

ἰσο-φάρζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres.

to match oneself with, cope with, vie with: ἰσοφάρζω

τινὶ ἔργα *to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.*

ισοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσοφόρος, *ov*, (ἴσος, φέρω) *bearing equal weights, equal in strength.*

ἰσοχέλῃς, *ές*, or ἰσοχέλιος, *ov*, (ἴσος, χέλιος) *level with the edge or brim.*

ἰσόχροος, *ov*, (ἴσος, χρόος) *equally woolly with.*

ἰσοχρονέω, *ί. ήσω*, *to be contemporary with.* From

ἰσόχρονος, *ov*, (ἴσος, χρόνος) *equal in age or time.*

ἰσοψηφία, *ή*, *equal right to vote.* From

ἰσόψηφος, *ov*, (ἴσος, ψήφος) *having an equal number of votes.*

II. *having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.*

III. *equal in numerical value, of words the letters of which make up the same sum.*

ἰσόψυχος, *ov*, (ἴσος, ψυχή) *of equal spirit or soul: κράτος ἰσόψυχον power of like spirit with men.*

ἰσός, *ί. ώσω*, (ἴσος) *to make equal; ισόσας τάφεισι τὰ τέρματα having made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole course:—Med., οὐνυχας χεῖρας τε ισόσαντο they made their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.*

ἰσάμεν, ἰσάμεναι, Ep. for ἰσάναμ, inf. of ἰσάμην.

ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἰσάσθην.

ἰσάω, rare collat. form of ἰσάμην, in 3 sing. pres.

ἴστα, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of ἴδα, v. *εἶδω v.

ἰστάται, Ion. for ἰστανται.

ἴσθημι (lengthd. from *ΣΤΑ΄Ν):—the tenses of ἴσθημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, *to make to stand*, pres. ἴσθημι, impf. ἴσθην, fut. στήσω, and aor. 1 ἴστησα, of Act.

B. Intrans. *to stand*, in aor. 2 ἴστην, pf. ἴστηκα, plqpf. ἴστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἰσάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἴσθήσομαι), aor. 1 ἰστάσθην [ἄ], pf. ἰστάμαι, plqpf. ἰστάμην. But the pres. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἰσάμην, as well as aor. 1 ἴστησάμην, must also be regarded as *med.*, in which case they take a causal sense, *to place.*

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἴστασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1 Ep. ἰστάσαν for ἴστησαν: syncop. dual and plur. perf. ἰστάμεν, ἰστάμεναι, ἰστάτε (or ἰσάτε), ἰστάσιν; imperat. ἰστάθι; subj. ἰσάω; opt. ἰσταίην; inf. ἰστάμεν (or ἰστάμεναι, ἰστάμεναι [ἄ]; part. ἰσάως ἰσάωσα, ἰσάως (or ἰσάως), gen. ἰσάωτος: Ion. ἰσάεως, ὥτος, also ἰσάης (Homer uses gen. ἰσάδωτος, acc. ἰσάδωτα, nom. pl. ἰσάδωτες): aor. 2 στάσκον, ες, ε, 3 pl. ἴσταν, σταν [ἄ]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στήης, στή, 1 plur. στέωμεν and στέλομεν for στάμεν: inf. στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, *to make to stand, set, place.* II. *to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.*

III. *to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; ἰσάναμ τινα χαλκοῦν to set*

up a person in brass, raise a brassen statue to him. 2. *to raise, raise up, stir; ἔρην στήσαι to begin a quarrel.* 3. *to set up, appoint, establish.*

IV. *to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρὸς τι one thing against another.*

B. Intrans. *to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἵνα χρεῖας ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι εἰς . . or παρὰ . . , to set oneself towards, go to.* 2. *to lie, be situated.*

II. *to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.* III. *to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἵστασθαι ὀρθός to rear up.* 2. *generally, to arise, begin; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένου as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνός τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἱστάμενος, μεσών, φθίνων.* 3. *to be appointed.*

ἰστίη, Ion. for ἰστία.

ἰστίησθαι, Ion. for ἰστιάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἰστιάω.

ἰσπιπτόριον, τό, Ion. for ἰσπιπτόριον.

ἰστίον, τό, (ἰστός) *a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἀγκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἰστίοις to keep the sails reefed.*

ἰσπιπτόριον, τό, Ion. for ἰσπιπτόριον.

ἰσπιπτόριον, τό, Ion. for ἰσπιπτόριον.

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ἰσπιπτόριον, τό, Ion. for ἰσπιπτόριον.

with, versed in: as Subst. *one who knows law and right, a judge.*

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχάς. [α]

ισχαδό-πώλις, ιδος, ή, (ισχάς, πώλω) *a woman who sells figs.*

ισχαιμος, ον, (ισχω, αιμα) *quenching blood*: ισχαιμον, τό, *a styptic.*

ισχαινω, f. l. for ισχναίνω.

ισχαλιός, α, ον, poet. for ισχνός, *dry, dried.*

ισχανάα, Ep. 3 sing. of ισχανάω.

ισχάνάω, Ep. lengthd. form of ισχάνω, ισχω, *to hold back, check, binder*:—Pass. *to check oneself, wait.* II. intrans. *to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.*

ισχάνω, = ισχανάω, *to check, binder*: c. gen. *to keep back from a thing.* [α]

ισχάς, άδος, ή, (ισχνός) *a dried fig.*

ισχέμεν, ισχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ισχω.

ισχω, imperat. med. of ισχω.

ισχίον, τό, (is, ισχός) *the socket in which the thigh-turns, the hip-joint*:—in pl. *the hips or loins.*

ισχναίνω, (ισχνός) *to make thin, dry, withered*:—Pass. *to become so*:—metaph., σφραγῶντα θυμὸν ισχναίνειν *to bring down the proud stomach.*

ισχυο-πάρεος, ον, (ισχνός, παρείω) *with withered cheeks.*

ισχνός, ή, όν, (ισχω) *thin, lean, withered, meagre.* II. of style, *poor, meagre.*

ισχνό-φωνος, ον, (ισχνός, φωνή) *with thin or weak voice.* II. *stuttering, stammering.*

ισχυρίζομαι, f. ισμοι Att. Ιούμαι: aor. I ισχυρίσάμην: (ισχυρός): Dep.:—*to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly*: esp. *to affirm obstinately*:—Pass. *to be strengthened, gain greater force.*

ισχυρός, ά, όν, (ισχύω) *strong, mighty, powerful.* 2. *stiff, firm, lasting, hard.* 3. *severe, great, excessive*: κατά ισχυρόν *by violence, force, opp. to δόλω.* Hence

ισχυρώς, Adv. *strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer*:—Sup. ισχυρότατα, *most certainly.*

ισχύς, υός, ή, (is, ισχω) *strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength.* 2. *a force of soldiers.*

ισχύω, impf. ισχύνω: f. ισχύω: aor. I ισχύσα [υ]: (ισχύς):—*to be strong, mighty, powerful*: *to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.*

ισχω, a form of έχω, only found in pres., and in impf. ισχων:—*to hold, check, restrain*: intr. *to stop*:—Med. *to hold oneself in, check oneself*: ισχεο bold! *be still!* c. gen., ισχεσθαι τινος *to desist from a thing*; ισχετο εν τούτῳ (impers.) *here it stopped.* II. later like έχω, *to hold or possess.* 2. *to have to wife.*

ισωνία, ή, (ισος, ώνή) *a fair price.*

ισ-ώνυμος, ον, (ισος, όνομα) *bearing the same name.*

ισως, Adv. of ισος, *equally, in like manner.* II. *fairly, equitably.* III. *probably, perhaps*: in Att. often joined with άν or τάχ' άν.

IV. with numerals, *about.*

ισωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of ισώω.

Ιταλία Ion. -λη, ή, *Italy.* [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ιταλίδης, ου, ό, poet. for Ιταλιώτης.

Ιταλικός, ή, όν, (Ιταλος) *Italian.*

Ιταλίσ, ιδος, pecul. fem. of Ιταλικός.

Ιταλιώτης, ου, ό, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ιταλιώτις, ιδος, *Italian.*

ΙΤΑΛΟΣ, ό, an Italian:—as Adj. *Italian.*

Ιταμός, ή, όν, (της) *beadlong, basty.*

ΤΕΑ Ion. -έη and -εη, ή, a willow, Lat. salix. II. *a wicker shield, a target.* Hence

Ιτένος, η, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

Ιτέον, verb. Adj. of έμυ ibo, *one must go.*

Ιτην, Ep. 3 dual impf. of έμυ ibo.

Ιτης, ου, ό, (έμυ ibo) *basty, impetuous: impudent.*

Ιτός, ή, όν, (έμυ ibo) *passable.*

Ιτριπείος, α, ον, like honey-cake. From

Ιτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesame and honey.

Ιττω, Boeot. for Ιτω, 3 sing. pf. of *είδω; Ιττω Ζεύς, *Zeus be witness!*

ΙΤΤΥΣ, υος, ή, the edge or rim of anything round, the felloe of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

Ιτω, 3 sing. imperat. of έμυ ibo.

Ιτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of έμυ ibo.

Ιυγή, ή, (ιύω) *a bowling, shrieking, yelling.*

Ιυμός, ό, (ιύω) *a shouting, shout of joy*: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

Ιυγέ or Ιυγέ, Ιυγγος, ή, (ιύω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. *a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.*

ΙΤΥΖΩ, fut. Ιύω: aor. I Ιύφα:—*to shout, holla*: also *to bowl, shriek.* (Formed from the sound.)

Ιυκτής, ου, ό, (ιύω) *one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper.* [ι]

Ιφθίμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (Ιφι) *strong, mighty, stout, stalwart*: of women, *goodly, comely.*

ΙΦΙ, Ep. Adv. *strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly*: old poet. dat. from Ις.

Ιφι-γένεια, ή, (Ιφι, γένω) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ιφιάνασσα.

Ιφιος, α, ον, (Ιφι) *strong, mighty*: of sheep, *goodly.*

ΙΦΤΟΝ, τό, a kind of pot-herb.

Ιχθυάζομαι, Dep. = Ιχθύω.

Ιχθύω, f. άω, (ιχθύς) *to fish, angle*: Ep. 3 sing.

Ιχθυά, impf. Ιχθυάσσκον.

Ιχθυόλλω, f. ήσω, *to strike fish, spear them.* From Ιχθυό-βάλος, ον, (ιχθύς, βάλλω) *striking or spearing fish*: Ιχθ. θηρα *a spoil of speared fish*:—as Subst.,

Ιχθυόβαλος, ό, an harpooner, spearer.

Ιχθυόβοτος, ον, (ιχθύς, βάσσω) *fed on by fish.*

Ιχθυόδιον, τό, Dim. of Ιχθύς, *a little fish.*

Ιχθυόδοκος, ον, (ιχθύς, δέχομαι) *holding fish.*

Ιχθυήρης, ά, όν, (ιχθύς) *fishy, scaly, foul.*

Ιχθυο-βόλω, Ιχθυο-βάλος, = Ιχθυοβ-.

Ιχθυο-ειδής, ές, (ιχθύς, είδος) *fish-shaped, fish-like.*

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχω) *to be held back*.
 καθελείν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω.
 καθ-εἰσσω, f. ζω, *to wrap round, infold*: Ion. plqpf. pass. κατειλίσσας, for καθειλεγμένοι ἦσαν.
 καθ-έλω, f. -έλω or -ελεύσω (as if from -ελέω):
 aor. 1 καθείλεσσα: pf. καθείλεκα:—Pass., aor. 1 καθ-εἰλύνσθην: pf. καθείλυνσαι:—*to draw down*, esp. of ships, *to launch*, Lat. *deduco*.
 καθελούσα, Dor. for καθελοῦσα, fem. of καθελών.
 καθελῶ, fut. of καθαιρέω.
 καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαιρέω.
 καθ-έννυμι, *to clothe*: see καταέννυμι.
 καθ-έτης, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) *in order, in succession*.
 κάθεξις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) *a biding, keeping bold of*.
 κάθεω, fut. of κατέχω.
 κάθ-εσμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔσμα) *a necklace*.
 καθ-έρπω, f. -ερπύσω (as if from -ερπών): aor. 1 καθ-εἰρπύσα: (κατά, ἔρπω):—*to creep or steal down*: metaph. of the first down, *to steal down the cheek*.
 κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθίημι.
 καθεσθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of καθέζομαι.
 καθεσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι.
 καθεστηκώς, νία, ὅς, pf. part. of καθίστημι.
 καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.
 καθεστῶτα, ὧν, τῶ, synop. part. pf. plur. neut. of καθίστημι, *existing laws, customs, usages*.
 καθ-ευδο: impf. Ep. καθ-εὔδον, Att. also καθ-εὔδον and ἐκαὔδον: fut. καθ-εὔδῃω:—*to lie down to sleep, sleep, slumber*: metaph. *to rest, be at rest*.
 καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, *to find out, discover*.
 καθ-εψιάσμαι, f. -ήσμαι, (κατά, ἐψιάσμαι): Dep.:—*to mock at, deride*: Ep. 3 pl. κατ-εψιάσνται.
 καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἔψω) *to boil down, digest*.
 II. metaph. *to soften, temper*.
 κάθη, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημαι.
 καθηγμένων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμῶν) *a leader, guide*.
 καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.:—*to lead the way, be guide*: hence *to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe*, Lat. *praeire verbis*. Hence
 καθηγητής, οῦ, ὁ, *a leader, guide, teacher*.
 καθήγησα, aor. 1 of καθ-ηγίζω.
 καθήγησα, aor. 1 of καθ-αγνίζω.
 καθ-ηδυνάσθω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἡδυνάσθω) *to squander in luxury*.
 καθήκα, aor. 1 of καθίημι.
 καθ-ήκω, f. ζω, (κατά, ἡκω) *to come or go down, go down to fight*.
 2. *to come down to, come or reach to, extend to*.
 II. *to reach as far as, to suffice or be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper*.
 2. part., τὸ καθήκον, ὄντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, *that which is meet or proper, one's duty*: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = τὰ καθεστῶτα, *the present state of things, circumstances*.
 καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἥλιος) *to bring the sun in upon, to illuminate*.
 καθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο: subj. κάθωμαι: opt. καθοίμην: inf. καθήσθαι: part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκάθμην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, *to have seated oneself, to be seated, sit*: of judges, *to have taken their seats in court*: generally, *to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell*: in bad sense, *to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed*: of an army, *to encamp*: *to lie in wait*.
 καθ-ημέριος, α, ὧν, also καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ' ἡμέραν) *happening every day, daily*.
 κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, aor. 1 of καθ-αίρω.
 κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημαι: but καθήσθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same.
 κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημαι:—καθήστο, 3 sing. impf. καθ-εὔδον, impf. of καθ-εὔδω.
 καθ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, *to make to sit down, set down*: *to establish, institute*: of sacred things, *consecrate*:—Pass. *to sit down, settle*.
 καθ-ίμαι, Pass. of καθίημι.
 καθ-ιερῶ, f. ὕσω, *to dedicate, consecrate, devote, bellow*.
 καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἰζω) *to sit down*.
 καθίζω, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq.
 καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or καθίζον Att. ἐκάθιζον (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. καθ-ιῶ Dor. καθίζω: aor. 1 ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθισα, Ep. part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. 1 is καθ-εἰσα, also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense: (κατά, ἰζω): I. Causal, *to make to sit down*: ἀγοράς καθίσαι *to make an assembly be seated*, i. e. *open one*: generally, *to set, appoint, constitute*.
 2. *to place or settle in a place, establish*.
 3. *to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so*.
 II. intr. *to sit down, be seated, sit*, esp. *to sit at meals*: of an army, *to sit down in a country, encamp*.
 καθ-ίημι, fut. καθήσω: aor. 1 καθήκα Ep. καθήκα: pf. καθ-εἶκα, pass. καθ-εἶμαι: (κατά, ἵημι):—*to send down, let down, let fall*, Lat. *demitto*: καθ-ιέναι τὴν ἀγκυραν *to let go the anchor*: καθ-ιέναι καταπειρη-τηρίην, *to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθ-ιέναι to sound*:—metaph. *to put forward, attempt*:—Pass. *to be carried down, reach or stretch down sea-wards*: καθ-εἶρο τὰ τεῖχη *the walls were carried down to the sea*.
 II. *to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest*.
 III. intr. *to come down upon, attack*.
 καθ-ίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθ-ικέομαι.
 καθ-ικερέω, aor. 2, *to intreat earnestly*.
 καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἱκέμην: (κατά, ἰκνέομαι): Dep.:—*to come down, come to, reach to*: hence *to touch, probe*.
 καθ-ιμάω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἱμάω) *to let down by a rope*.
 καθ-ίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. 1 part. of καθ-ίξω.
 καθ-ίξω, Dor. for καθίσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of καθ-ίξω.
 καθ-ιπτάσμαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—*to ride down, overrun with horse*: generally, *to trample down*.
 καθ-ιπτεῖω, f. ὤσω, *to ride down, trample under foot*.
 καθίσω, Att. aor. 1 of καθ-ίξω.
 καθίστα or -τη, for καθίστασι, imperat. of καθίστημι.
 καθ-ιστάω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-ίστημι.

καθ-ίστημι. I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατέστησάμην:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state.

II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plpf. καθεστήκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself. 2. to be set, established, appointed.

3. to stand quiet or calm; πνεῦμα καθεστώς a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω, καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as. καθολικός, ἡ, ὅν, (κάθολος) general, universal. καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage. καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to equip or array fully. καθ-οράω: f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθέοράκα: aor. 2 κατέιδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἴσω, to set in motion, impel. καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθαρμιάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιώω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, οσιώω) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part. καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner. καθ-οῦ, for καθέσω, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι. καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.

καθ-υδρος, ov, (κατά, ὑδωρ) full of water: κάθυδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periphr. for water itself. καθ-υμνέω, f. ἴσω, to sing of, to descant upon. καθ-υπεράκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, υπερ-ακοντίζω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-υπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, υπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-υπερτερος, a, ov, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, bigger, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυνέτατος, η, ov, biggest, uppermost.

καθ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνώω, f. ὤσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances.

II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing. καθ-υφίημι, fut. -υφήσω: (κατά, υφίημι):—let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυβρίεσθαι τι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

κάθωμαι, subj. of κάθημαι,

καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ὡς) according as, as.

ΚΑΙ, Conjunction, and, also.

I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἀρκτοι τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοὶ τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγενημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate.

II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἔπειτά με καὶ λίτοι αἰῶν then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καὶ μεμῶτα, μάχης στήσασθαι ὅτι, Hector will I keep away, how much soever or although he rage.

3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὸς καὶ ἀμείνων ἱππους δωρήσαιο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one).

4. so also in diminishing, ἔλενος καὶ καπνὸν ἀσπρόσκοντα νοῆσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἦν καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak. III. as, after ὅμοιος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνῶμῃσι ἐχρόντο ὁμοίῃσι καὶ οὐ they held the same opinion as you.

IV. of number, about; καὶ ἐς ἐβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70. καιάδας, ov, Dor. α, δ, a chasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)

καὶ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καὶ γὰρ δὴ for of a surety.

καὶ . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λίην κείνός γε ἐοικότες κείτῳ ἀλέθρη and indeed very deserved. Τε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καὶ δὲ, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero.

III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse.

IV. καὶ δὴ καί, and besides

that also, and moreover.

καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καὶ the thing is supposed as existing.

καίμην, Ep. for καίειν.

καὶ κε, καὶ κεν, Ep. for καὶ ἄν, καὶν.

καίκια, *ov, δ, the north-east wind.*
καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, *aye and very much.*
καὶ μὴν, *and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero.* II.
and further, and besides. III. in answers, well,
be it so.

καίνω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (καίνος) to make new, to have new; καὶ τι καίνει στέγη the house has something new about it; καίνισον ζυγὸν bear thy new yoke; καίνισαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.*
καίνο-πάθης, *és, (καίνος, παθεῖν) newly suffered, never before suffered.*

καίνο-πήγης, *és, (καίνος, πήγνυμι) newly fastened, new-made.*

καίνο-πήμων, *ov, gen. onos, (καίνος, πήμα) newly suffering, new to suffering.*

καίνο-ποιέω, *f. ἴσω, (καίνος, ποιέω) to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιήθην λέγεῖς; what new phrases art thou using? Hence*

καινοποιήτης, *οὐ, δ, an inventor of new pleasures.*

ΚΑΙΝΟΣ, *ή, ὄν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh, Lat. de novo.* II. newly introduced, new-fangled, strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.

καίνω-τάφος, *ov, (καίνος, τάφος) of a new tomb.*

καινότης, *ητος, ή, (καίνος) newness, freshness: novelty.*

καινοτομέω, *f. ἴσω, (καίνω-τομέω) to cut fresh into; in mining, to open a new vein: metaph. to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations in the state, Lat. res novas tentare.* Hence

καινοτομία, *ή, a cutting anew: innovation.*

καινο-τόμος, *ov, (καίνος, τεμείν) cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.*

καινοουργέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινοουργός) to make new.* II. to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινοουργία, *ή, innovation.*

καινο-ουργός, *όν, (καίνος, *έργω) making new, innovating: τὸ καινοουργόν a novelty.*

καίνω, *f. ὤσω, (καίνος) to make new, innovate:—Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation.* II.

to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καὶ νῦν, *and now, even now.*

ΚΑΙΝΥΜΑΙ, *impf. ἐκαινύμην [ῥ]: pf. (in pres. sense) ἐκέασμαι Dor. ἐκάδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense) ἐκέκασμην, formed as if from κάω:—to surpass, excel; ἐκαίντο φύλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσας be surpassed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέαστο Πανέληγας be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear; so in part, δόλοισι κεκασμένος surpassing all in wiles; but κεκασμένος also well-furnished.*

καὶ νῦν, *and now, even now.*

ΚΑΙΝΩ, *fut. κἄνω: aor. 2 ἐκάνων, inf. κἄνειν: pf. κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.*

καί-περ, *(καὶ περ) although, albeit.*

καὶ πῶς, *and how? but how? when a thing is supposed to be impossible: only interrog.*

καὶ ῥα, *Ep. and then, and so.*

καίριος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (καίρος) in season, seasonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.*

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, *vital; ἐν καιρίῳ or κατὰ καιρίον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub. πληγή) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καιρία accidents.* Hence

καιρίως, *Adv. seasonably.* II. mortally.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *δ, due measure, right proportion, fitness; καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly.* II. of Time, the right season, the right time for action, the critical moment, *Lat. opportunitas: generally, convenience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. καιρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely; ἐν καιρῷ τι εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι to suit one's convenience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρίον in due season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπὸ or ἀνευ καιροῦ or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tempore.*

III. of Place, the right point, right spot: also a vital part of the body.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *δ, the webbing or threads to which the threads of the warp are fastened.* Hence

καιροσέω, *a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ἰδομένων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be for καιροέσσαν, gen. pl. fem. of καιρέω.*

καιρο-φύλακτέω, *f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.*

καὶ ταῦτα, *and that, and besides, especially.*

καὶ τοι or καί-τοι, *and indeed: and yet, although.*

ΚΑΙΩ Att. κάω [ᾱ]: *impf. ἐκαίον Att. ἐκῶν Ep. κείον: fut. καύσω: aor. 1 ἐκαύσα, Att. also ἐκαε, Ep. ἐκα or ἐκεία (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκείθην: aor. 2 ἐκάην: pf. κέκαυμαι: I*

to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn. II.

to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, *Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κάκ κεφαλῆς.*

κάκ, *crasis for καὶ ἐκ.*

κάκ-ἄγγελος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill tidings.*

κάκ-ἄγγελτος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill tidings; κακάγγελτα ἀχὴ the sorrow of ill tidings.*

κακ-ἄγορος, *Dor. for κακήγορος.*

κακ-ανδρία, *ή, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) unmanliness, cowardice.*

κάκεϊ, *by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, and there, there also.*

κάκείνος, κάκείνον, *by crasis for καὶ ἐκείνος, etc.*

κάκ-εστῶ, *οὐς, ή, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp. to εὐεστῶ well-being.*

κάκη, *ή, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.*

κάκηγορέω, *f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse, slander.* Hence

κάκηγορία, *ή, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny; κακηγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.*

κάκ-ήγορος, *ov, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking, abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. κακηγορίστερος, —ίστατος.*

κῆκία, *ή, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.*

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. *pravitas*. II. disgrace, disbonour.

κακίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ὦ, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of κακός.
κάκιων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [T Ep., i in Att. poets.]

κακῶ, (κάκη) the Lat. *cacare*.
κακείαι, Ep. for κατακείαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.
κακκείοντες, Ep. κατακείοντες, part. of κατακείω.
κακ-κεφάλῃς, better divisim κακ κεφαλῇς, Ep. for κατὰ κεφαλῇς.

ΚΑΚΚΗ, η, human ordure, dung.
κακῆται Ep. κατακῆται, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.
κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κακ κορυ-, Ep. for κατὰ κορύθα, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατα-κρύπτω.
κακ-κύνγέτις, ἰδος, η, for κατακύνγέτις.
κάκῶ-βιος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a hard life, faring badly.

κάκοβουλευομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From.
κάκῶ-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλή) ill-advised, unwise.
κάκο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κάκῶ-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλῶσσα) ill-tongued;
βοή κακῶγλωστος a cry full of misery. 2. slanderous.

κάκοδαίμονῶ, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κάκοδαίμονέω, f. ἦσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy or unfortunate. Hence

κάκοδαίμονία, η, unhappiness, misfortune. II. a being possessed by a demon, raving madness.

κάκο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) having an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy, wretched.

II. as Subst. an evil genius.
κάκοδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (κακῶδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κάκοδοξία, η, (κακῶδοξος) ill repute, infamy.
κάκῶ-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κάκο-δρομία, η, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κάκο-εἶμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.
κάκοεργία, η, poet. for κακ-ουργία, ill-doing. From

κάκο-εργός, ον, (κακός, ἔργον) doing ill; κακόεργος γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. *fames improba*.

κάκο-ζοῖα, η, (κακός, ζοῖα poet. for ζῶη) a miserable life.

κάκοηθεια, η, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or habits. From

κάκο-ῆθης, ες, (κακός, ἥθος) of ill habits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακόηθες an ill habit, Lat. *scribendi cacoëthes*, an itch for writing.

κάκοθημοσύνη, η, disorderliness. From

κάκο-θημων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κάκο-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ον, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, η, = κακή Ἴλιος, evil or unhappy Ilium.
κάκοκέρδεια, η, base love of gain. From
κάκο-κέρδης, ἐς, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain.
κάκο-κνώμις, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, ibin-legged.

κάκο-κρίσις, η, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment.
κάκο-λαγέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at.

Hence
κάκολογία, η, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.
κάκο-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing, slanderous, abusive.

κάκο-μάντις, εως, δ, η, = κακός μάντις, prophet of ill.
κάκο-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κάκομετρέω, f. ἦσω, to give bad measure. From
κάκο-μέτρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κάκο-μηδής, ἐς, (κακός, μήδους) contriving ill, crafty.
κάκο-μήτης, ον, δ, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομηδής.

κάκομηχανέω, f. ἦσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base arts. Hence

κάκομηχανία, η, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

κάκο-μήχδνος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κάκο-μοῖρος, ον, (κακός, μοῖρα) ill-fated.
κάκο-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοῖς, η, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὖ-νοῖα.

κάκονομία, η, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution; bad government. From

κάκο-νόμος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κάκο-νοος, ον; contr. -νοως, ον, pl. κακόνιοι; (κακός, νόος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νοῦστατος.

κάκο-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst. κακόννυφος, δ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κάκο-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κάκο-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός) wise only for evil.
κάκοπαθία, η, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κάκοπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed. From

κάκο-παθής, ἐς, (κακός, παθεῖν) suffering ill, distressed.

κάκο-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κάκο-πατρις, ἰδος, δ, η, (κακός, πατήρ) having a low-born father, of low descent.

κάκο-πίνης, ἐς, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loathsome.
κάκοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κάκοποιτα, η, ill doing, damage.
κάκο-ποιός, ον, (κακός, ποιέω) doing ill, mischievous.

κάκο-ποτος, ον, (κακός, ποτός) ill-fated.

κάκο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πους, τό, gen. ποδός, (κακός, πούς) *with bad feet, weak in the feet.*

κάκο-πράγῃω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (κακός, πρᾶγῃω) *to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise.* Hence

κάκοπράγῃα, ἡ, *ill-success, failure.*

κάκο-πράγμα, ὄν, gen. ονος, (κακός, πρᾶγμα) *doing evil, mischievous.*

κάκο-πτερός, ὄν, (κακός, πτερόν) *ill-omened.*

κάκο-ράβῃα, ἡ, (κακός, ράπτω) *contrivance of ill, mischievousness.* 2. *ill contrivance, unskilfulness.*

κάκο-ρήμων, ὄν, (κακός, ῥήμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *telling of ill, ill-omened.*

κάκο-ροθῃω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (κακός, ῥόθος) *to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.*

κάκο-ρύπος, ὄν, (κακός, ῥύπος) *foul and filthy.*

ΚΑΚΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, bad, ill, bad in it's kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. *bad at one's trade;*

κακός ἀλήτης, *a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted;* cf. κάκη. 3. *of low birth, mean, vile.* 4. *in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked.* 5. *of things, bad, evil, mischievous:* of omens, *unlucky, ill-boding:* of words, *evil, abusive, foul.* II. as Subst. *κακόν,*

τό, *evil, ill, mischief:* also *woe, distress, loss:* also *bodily ill, injury.* 2. *in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἐρδειν to do evil or ill to any one.* III. Degrees of Comparison:—irreg. Comp. *κακίων, ὄν, Sup. κάκιος, ἡ, ὄν:* but *χείρων χειρίστος, ἡσίων ἡκίστος* are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = *άγαν*, Lat. *nimis:* but commonly it gives a collat. notion of *hurtful unlucky*, = *δυσ-*, as in *κακό-σινος:* sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in *κακό-πιστος:* sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as *Κακο-ίλιος* for *κακός ἰλιος.*

κάκο-σκελής, ἔς, (κακός, σκέλος) *with bad legs.*

κάκο-σκηνης, ἔς, (κακός, σκήνος) *of a bad, mean body.*

κάκ-ασμος, ὄν, (κακός, δσμή) *ill-smelling,*

κάκο-σπλάγχχνος, ὄν, (κακός, σπλάγχχνος) *faint-hearted, cowardly.*

κάκο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) *a bad crop.*

κάκοστομέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to speak evil of.* From

κικό-στομος, ὄν, (κακός, στόμα) *evil-speaking foul-mouthed.*

κάκο-στρωτος, ὄν, (κακός, στράννυμι) *ill-spread, rugged.*

κάκο-σύνθετος, ὄν, (κακός, συντίθημι) *ill put together, ill composed.*

κάκο-σχολος, ὄν, (κακός, σχολή) *inactive, idle, lazy.* II. act., *κακόςσχολοι πνοαί winds that wear men out in idleness.*

κάκοτεχνέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (κακότεχνος) *to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely,* Lat. *malitiose ago.* Hence

κάκοτεχνία, ἡ, *the practice of bad arts, mal-practices, esp. forgery, malversation.*

κάκο-τεχνος, ὄν, (κακός, τέχνη) *using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.*

κάκότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη.* II. *moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.*

III. *evil, distress, suffering.*

κάκοτροπία, ἡ, *bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness.* From.

κάκο-τροπος, ὄν, (κακός, τρόπος) *of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.*

κάκοτύχῃω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to be unfortunate.* From

κάκο-τύχης, ἔς, (κακός, τύχη) *unfortunate.*

κάκουργῃω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (κακούργος) *to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer:* c. acc. *to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm:* to ravage a country. Hence

κάκουργία Ep. *κακοεργία* [ἴ], ἡ, *the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy.* From

κάκ-ούργος Ep. *κακό-εργος, ὄν, (κακός, *εργώ)* *doing ill, knavish, villainous:* as Subst. *an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.* II. *doing harm*

to one, damaging, hurtful.

κάκ-ουχῃω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (κακός, ἔχω) *to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure.* Hence

κάκουχία, ἡ, *ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία χθονός the devastation of a country.*

κάκό-φάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) *sounding ill, ill-omened.*

κάκο-φράδης, ἔς, (κακός, φράζομαι) *devising ill, thoughtless, foolish.* Hence

κά το-φράδῃα Ion. -ἴη, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness.*

κάκο-φρονέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, *to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice.* From

κάκό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) *evil-minded, malicious, malignant.* II. *thoughtless, heedless.*

κάκό-χαρτος, ὄν, (κακός, χαίρω) *rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.*

κάκο-χράσμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσμαι) *with scanty means, poor.*

κάκό-ψογος, ὄν, (κακός, ψέγω) *malignantly blaming.*

κάκ-ώω, ἡ, ὥσω, (κακός) *to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat:* of things, *to harm, destroy:*—Pass. *to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer:* in pf. pass. part. *κεκακωμένος, disfigured, befouled.*

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for *κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι*, inf. of *κατέκτην*, aor. 2 of *κατακτείνω*.

κάκτᾱνε, Ep. for *κατάκτανε*, aor. 2 imperat. of *κατακτείνω*; also for *κατέκτανε*, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτανε, Ed. for *κατέκτεινε*, 3 sing. impf. of *κατακτείνω*.

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the cactus, a prickly plant.*

κάκύνω, ἡ, ὠνώ, (κακός) *to damage, injure:*—Pass. *to behave badly, act basely:* of soldiers, *to mutilate.* II. *to revile, reproach:*—Pass. *to be reproached.*

κακχεύειν, Ep. for *καταχέαι*, aor. 1 inf. of *καταχέω*.

κακώς, Adv. of κακός, *ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely.* Comp. *κάκιον*, Sup. *κάκιστα.*

κάκωσις, εως, ἡ, (κακός) *ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.*

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. *κακίων.*

κάλαθσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαθος, *a small basket.*

ΚΑ'ΛΑ'ΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket, a wicker band-basket,*

Lat. *calatibus*.
a kind of *cup*.

καλῆνός, η, *on*, coloured like the *κάλαϊς*, between blue and green, of changeable hue. From *κάλαϊς*, ὁ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the *topaz* or *chrysolite*.

καλῆμαία, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.
καλῆμενής, οὐ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod. II. stubble:

metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' ἵδομαι εἰσορόοντα γιγνώσκειν thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

καλῆμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From καλῆμη-τόμος, *on*, (καλάμη, *τεμεῖν*) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλῆμη-φάγος, *on*, (καλάμη, *φάγειν*) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλῆμη-φόρος, *on*, (καλάμη, *φέρειν*) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ἡ, (καλός, *μύθα*) mint. Hence Καλαμίνθιος, ὁ, *Minty*, name of a frog.

καλαμίνος, η, *on*, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

καλάμεις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλάμσκοκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

καλάμπτis, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμους, *εσσα*, *en*, of reed; καλαμώεσσα *λαχά* the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (*ῥύλη*), nor tree (*δένδρον*).

καλάμο-στεφής, *ἐς*, (κάλαμος, *στέφω*) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, *on*, (κάλαμος, *φθέγγομαι*) played on a reed.

καλάσις, *ιος*, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλαυροψ, *ος*, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέεσκον, *Ion*. impf. of καλέω; *Ep*. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκετο.

καλέοντι, *Dor*. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, *aor*. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. *aor*. I med. imperat. of καλέω.

καλέσσα, *Ep*. *aor*. I of καλέω.

καλεῦνται, *Dor*. for καλούνται.

καλεῦντο, *Ep*. and *Dor*. for ἐκαλούντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΨΩ: *Ion*. impf. of καλέεσκον: fut. καλέσω *Ion*. and *Ep*. καλέω *Att*. καλώ: *aor*. I ἐκάλεσα *Ep*. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):—*Med*. fut. καλέσομαι *Att*. καλούμαι: *aor*. I ἐκαλεσάμην: pf. καλεσάμην:—*Pass*. fut. κληθήσομαι, *paull*-post f. κελήσομαι: *aor*. I ἐκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*.

3. to call on or invoke the gods. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλεῖν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλεῖσθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλεῖν τινα ἐπικλησιν to call by name:—*Pass*. to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τὰδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλῆμεναι, *poët*. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

καλήτης, *Dor*. and *Att*. for κλητήη.

καλήτωρ, *oros*, ὁ, (καλέω) a crier.

καλλία *Ion*. -νή, ἡ, (κᾶλον) a wooden house, hut, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

καλλίς, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλιά, a hut.

καλινδέομαι, *Pass*. with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = ἀλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλα, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλίτω, *Ep*. for καταλείτω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλίπαις = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, *on*, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, *on*, ὁ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βότρυς, *u*, gen. *vos*, (καλλι-, βότρυς) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βώλος, *on*, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, *on*, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-tranquil.

καλλι-γάμος, *on*, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιξ, gen. *αικος*, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ῥ]

καλλι-δίνης, *on*, ὁ, (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δι]

καλλι-διφρος, *on*, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, *αικος*, ὁ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-ἐλαιος, ὁ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγρίελαιος.

καλλι-ἐπέω, f. ἤσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, *ἐς*, (καλλι-, ἔπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ιερῶ Ion. καλλ-ιρῶ, f. ἥσω, (καλλι-, ιερόν): —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*, *perlitare*:—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ζυγήναι) beautifully-yoked. καλλι-ζώνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θρίξ, τῖχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτew, f. ἥσai, to offer auspiciously. From καλλι-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κερως, ατος οἱ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-bill, a district near Troy. καλλι-κόμη Dor. —μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλίκομος, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμνον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρήνος Dor. —κραῖνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring,

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-λογέw, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully shaped.

καλλίμορος, ον, poet. for καλός, beautiful.

καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; τὸ καλλνικόν the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὄψ) Cal-li-ōpē, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλι-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II. = καλὴ παῖς, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρητος, ον, (καλλι-, παρειά) beautiful-cheeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν.

καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πέπλος, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκμος, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτος, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.

κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.

καλλι-πονος, ον, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρῶρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶρα) with beautiful prow, of ship: metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλος, οἱ, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates.

καλλι-πύργος, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργόω) built with beautiful towers.

καλλι-πώλος, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλ-ιρῶ, Ion. for καλλ-ιερῶ.

καλλι-ροος, poet. for καλλιρ-ροος.

καλλιρ-ροος, ον, contr. καλλιρ-ρους, ον, (καλλι-, ρῶ) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. of καλῶς, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀμυστία, the meed of valour.

καλλιστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεύw, f. σαι, (καλλιστος) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στέφανος, ον, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beautiful towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τόξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλίτριχος, acc. pl. of καλλίθριξ.

κάλλιψ, for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φύλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χόρος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χώρος, with beautiful places. II. (χώρος) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. εως Att. ον, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνw, f. ἔνω, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίw, f. ἴσω Att. ἰw, (κάλλος, ὄψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, = καλοῦ διδάσκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-κάγαθος, ὁ, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

κάλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

κάλο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcer; Ἀλκιβιάδης ὁ καλὸς Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty.

II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπῳ or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious.

III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλὸν moral virtue, Lat. bonestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. κάλιον, ὄν, Sup. κάλλιστος, ἡ, ὄν.

V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλας, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑ' ΔΙΠΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. κάλπιν or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a pithcr, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῥ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσσι, poet. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στρέφανος, ὄν, (κάλυξ, στρέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ἔκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting.

II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλύπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. -πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; δυοφερὰ καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΨΙΤΩ, f. ὕψω: aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύψας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκαλύψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Κάλυψω, gen. -δος contr. -οῦς, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαῖνω, (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχας, ατος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ' ΛΧΗ, ἡ, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλας, a small cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχειν or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχειν τινός to be well off for a thing.

2. = πᾶν, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ' ΛΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλα, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ὄν, ὁ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλου πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed:

κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ἐξίσαι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στροφός, ὁ, (κάλας, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

καμάκινος, ὄν, made of brittle wool. From

ΚΑ' ΜΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-prop.

II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑΤ' Α, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμ]

καμασθῖνες, οἱ, a kind of fish.

κάμασθρός, ὁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out.

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάματ-ώδης, ες, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαῖνω, Ep. for καταβαῖνω.

κάμε, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἱγίς, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gámal.)

κάμινετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμνος) one that works at a furnace; αὐλὸς καμινετήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

κάμινετής, οὗ, ὁ, = καμινετήρ.

καμῖνοι, dat. of καμινώ.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence

κάμινός, οὗς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καρμίξας, Ep. for καταρμίξας, aor. I part. of καταρμίγνμι.

καμ-μονή, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ὄν, Ep. for κατὰμορος, ill-fated.

καμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑ' ΜΝΩ: fut. καμῶμαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἐκάμω, inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. ἐκέμηκα,

Ep. pf. part. *κεκητώ, κεκηῶτι, κεκηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκηῶτας*: I. intr. *to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out*: c. part., *κάμνει πολέμῳ, ἐλαύνων*, one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. *to feel trouble or annoyance*: οὐκ ἔκαμον τανύων I found no trouble in bending the bow. 3. *to be worsted or beaten*. 4. *to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed*. 5. οἱ καμῶντες and οἱ κεκηκότες Ep. *κεκηκότες* or *κεκηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, οἱ κάμνοντες the sick; and *κεκηκότες* are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. *to work hard at, to bestow labour upon*. 2. *to work out, earn by toil*; in aor. 2 med., νῆσον ἐκάμωτο they worked, tilled the island for themselves.

κάμοι, by crasis for καὶ ἐμοί.

ΚΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, (κάμπω) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-post: metaph., μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point. III. *καμπάι*, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπυμος, ἡ, ον, (καμπή) bent, turning, double.

καμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a bend, an angle. II. the turning-point in a race-course.

ΚΑΜΠΤΩ, fut. κάμω: aor. I ἔκαμψα: Pass., aor. I ἐκάμψην:—*to bend, bow*:—esp., I. γόνα and γούνατα κάμπτειν, *to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest*. 2. γόνα κάμπτειν *to bend the knee in prayer*. 3. γόνα κάμπτειν *to bend the knee in running, to run*. II. *to bend, turn, guide anything*. 2. absol. *to turn round a point*: κάμπτειν ἄκρην *to double a headland*; κάμπτειν κύλπον *to skirt the bay*: metaph., κάμπτειν βίον *to turn the middle point of life, i.e. to draw near to its close*; cf. καμπή. III. like Lat. *flecto*, *to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent*: generally, *to bend, bumble*.

καμπύλος, ἡ, ον, (κάμπω) bent, curved. [ῥ]

καμφθεῖς, καμφθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of κάμπτω.

καμψί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κάμπω, ποῦς) bending the foot, swift-running.

κάμψις, εως, ἡ, (κάμπω) a bending, curving.

καμών, aor. 2 part. of κάμω.

κάν, crasis for καὶ ἄν:—also for καὶ ἦν, and if, even if. καν, crasis for καὶ ἐν, and in.

κάν, Ep. for κατά before ν, as καν νόμον for κατὰ νόμον. κάρηθρον or κάρναθρον, τό, (κάρη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Κανανίτης, ου, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek Ζηλωτής, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with Χαναανίτης, a Canaanite.

ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ, f. ἔω, to make a gurgling sound with water. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάρη) a wicker basket, Lat. *canistrum*. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κανῖ-φόρος, Dor. for κληφόρος.

κἀνάχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to ring or clasp, clang*, of metal: *to plash*, of water. From

κἀνάχῃ, ἡ, (κανάσσω) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; καναχή ὁδόντων the gnashing of teeth; καναχαὶ αὐλῶν the shrill sound of flutes. Hence

κἀνάχῃδ᾽, Adv. with a sharp, ringing noise.

κἀνάχῃς, ἐς, (κανάσσω) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, *plashing*.

κανάχῃσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of καναχέω.

κανάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of καναχίζω.

κἀνάχιζω, f. ἴσω, = καναχέω.

κάνδυσ, vos, ὁ, a Median garment with sleeves, also κανδύκη. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. κάνειον Att. contr. κανοῦν, τό, (κάννη) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (σῦκα) at sacrifices.

κἀνεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κείνω.

κάνη, ἡ, a rarer form of καννα. [ᾱ]

κάνην, Dor. for κἀνεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κείνω.

κἀνηφορέω, f. ἦσω, *to carry the sacred basket in procession*. From

κἀνη-φόρος, ον, (κάνεον, φέρω) carrying a basket: ἡ Κληφόρος the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

ΚΑΝΘΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *cantharus*, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinking-cup, Lat. *cantharus*. III. a kind of Naxian boat.

IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis.

κανθήλια, ον, τά, Lat. *clitellae*, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

κανθήλιος, ὁ, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, ανος, ὁ, (κάνθος) = κανθήλιος, a pack-ass.

ΚΑΝΝΑ or κάννη, ἡς, ἡ, a reed or cane, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence.

καννάβινος, ἡ, ον, βεμπῆν, made of bemp. From

ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος, acc. ἰδα, also gen. εως:—bemp, Lat. *cannabis*. II. anything made of it, tow.

καννεύσας, Ep. for κατανεύσας.

κάννη, ἡ, = καννα.

καννόμεον, better κἀν νόμον, Ep. for κατὰ νόμον.

κἀνονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κανών) a ruler.

κἀνονίσμα, τό, poet. for κανών, a rule: also a ruler.

κἀνοῦν, Att. contr. of κἀνεον.

κἀνεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κείνω.

κἀνώ, fut. of κείνω.

Κάνωβος or Κάνωπος, ὁ, Canopus, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κἀνών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κάνη, καννα) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, κανόνες are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηνίων) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called κανόνες, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the Canon or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of καίνω.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see Κάνωβος.

κάξ, crasis for καὶ ἐξ.

κάπ, Ep. for κατά before π or φ, as καπ πεδίων for κατὰ πεδίων.

κάπναια, by crasis for καὶ ἔπειτα, and then, and next.

κάπητος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. fossa: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΠΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a κάρηλος, a tavern, Lat. caupona. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (κάρηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; καπηλεύειν μάχην to make a trade of war, Ennius' bellum cauponari:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάρηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavish. Adv., καπηλικῶς ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλῆς, ἴδιος, fem. of κάρηλος, Lat. corpa.

κάρηλος, ὁ, (κάπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. caupo, opp. to ἔμπορος: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπι, by crasis for καὶ ἐπί.

καπίθη, ἡ, (κάπτω) a measure containing two χοίνικες.

κάπνη, ἡ, (καπνός) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (καπνός) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of καπνίζω.

καπνο-δόκη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (καπνός, δέχομαι) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, smoke, Lat. fumus. Hence

καπνώ, f. ὤσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπν-ώδης, ες, (καπνός, εἶδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for κήποι.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for κήπος.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππαδοκίζω, f. σω, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i.e. play the rogue. From

Καππαδοξ, οκος, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάππεσον, Ep. for κατέπ-, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω.

καππο-φόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a κάππα: cf. κοππατίας.

καπ-πύριζω, poet. for καταπύριζω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

καπράω, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, poet. for κάπρος, a wild boar. II.

as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. APER, the wild-boar.

καπρο-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, *φένω) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΠΤΩ, fut. κάψω: aor. 1. ἔκαψα: Ep. pf. part. κεκαφώς, for κεκάφως:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. κάπτειν θυμόν to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see ἀποκαύω.

καπ-φάλαρα, better καπ φάλαρα, for κατὰ φάλαρα.

κάρ, Ep. for κατά before β, as κάρ βόον for κατὰ βόον.

ΚΑΡ, κάρς, τό, the hair of the head, akin to κάρα; τίω δέ μιν ἐν κάρῳ ἀσθρ I value him but at a hair's worth. II. also for κάρα, κάρη, head, as in ἐπὶ κάρ head-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. Κάρς, pl. Κάρες:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., ἐν Καρὶ ἢ τῷ Καρὶ δινδυνεύειν to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. experimentum facere in corpore villi:—Fem. Κάειρα.

ΚΑ'ΡΑ Ion. κάρη [ᾱ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like κεφαλῆ, Lat. caput, to express a person, as Οἰδίου κάρα for Οἰδίου:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. κάρης, κάρη, κάρην. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. κάρητος κάρητι, κάρηματος κάρηματι.

κάρᾱβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κάρᾱβος, πρόσωπον) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑ'ΡΑ ΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. scarabaeus. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρᾱ-δοκέω, f. ἴσω, (καρά, δοκεύω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρᾱνιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάρᾱ) touching the head, beheading:

κάρᾱνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for κάρηνον.

κάρᾱνος, ὁ, (κάρᾱ) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence κάρᾱνώ, f. ὤσω, like κεφαλαίω, (κάρᾱνον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κάρᾱ-τομος, ον, (κάρᾱ, τεμνέω) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2: cut from the head:

κάρᾱνος, ον, = βάρβαρος, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑΤΙΝΑΙ or καρπάτιναι, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, moccasins.

καρδάμιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κάρδαμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent: τί καρδάμις; why chatter so much about cress (i.e. about nothing)?

ΚΑ'ΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. nastur-

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, poet. καρδία Ion. καρδίη, καρδίη, ἡ, the heart, Lat. cor; ἀπὸ καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. ex animo, to speak from the heart. II. the stomach.

καρδιᾶκός, ἡ, ὄν, (καρδία) of the heart or stomach: hence. II. dyspeptic.

καρδιο-γνώστης, ον, ὁ, (καρδία, γινώσκω) knower of hearts.

καρδιδ-δηκτος, ον, (καρδία, δάκνω) gnawing the heart.

καρδιο-συλκῶ, (καρδία, ἔλκω) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπέδιον, τό, the cover of a kneading-trough. II. a muzzle. From

ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ, ἡ, a kneading-trough, any trough. Κάρεσσιν, dat. pl. of Κάρ.

κάρη, Ipn. and Ep. for κάρα, the bead.

καρῆτος, καρῆτι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κάρα.

καρῆβάρεα Ion. -λή, ἡ, heaviness in the head: top-beaviness. From

καρῆβαρέω, f. ἦσω, to be heavy in the head, top-beavy. From

κάρη-βαρής, ἐς, (κάρη, βάρος) heavy in the head.

κάρη-κομώντες, or better κάρη κομώντες, οἱ, with hair on the head, long-haired, of the Achaeans, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called ὀπίθεν κομώντες.

κομώντες is Ep. part. pl. of κομᾶν; but there is no Verb κομηκομᾶν.

κάρειναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of κείρω.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. κάρηνα, (κάρη) the head; ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα, = ἄνδρες; βοῶν κάρηνα so many head of cattle.

II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, κάρητι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κάρη.

Κάρικο-εργής, ἐς, (Καρίκος, ἔργον) of Carian work.

Καρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, (Κάρ) Carian: Καρικὴ μούσα, ἡ, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

ΚΑΡΙΞ, gen. ἴδος or ἰδος, ἡ, Dor. also κουρίς or κωρίς, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. squilla. [ᾗ]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, with heterog. pl. καρκίνα, τά, a crab, Lat. cancer: also Cancer, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [Ὶ]

καρκινό-χαρας, ον, pl. Adj. (καρκίνος, χεῖρ) with crab's claws for bands.

ΚΑΤΝΕΙΑ or Κάρνεα, τά, a festival held in honour of Apollo Κάρνειος by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month Metageitnion, hence called Καρνεῖος μήν.

καρός, Dor. for κηρός.

Καρπάθος, ἡ, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer Κράπαθος.

καρπαλα, ἡ, a mimic dance of the Thessalians.

καρπάλλιος, ον, (καρπάλλω, Lat. carpo) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. αἶψα, rapidly.

κάρπισος, ἡ, with heterog. pl. κάρβασα, τά, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. carbasus. (Eastern word.)

καρπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. -ῶ (καρπύς) to pluck or gather fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return. II. to make fruitful, fertilise.

κάρπιμος, ἡ, ον, (καρπύς) bearing fruit, fruitful. καρπο-γένεθλος, ον, (καρπύς, γενέθλη) producing fruit.

καρπό-δεσμα, ον, τά, (καρπύς, δεσμός) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιός, ὄν, (καρπύς, ποίω) producing fruit. ΚΑΡΠΟΣ, ὁ, fruit; καρπὸς ὑποίρης, corn, but also of wine; οἱ καρποὶ the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

ΚΑΡΠΟΣ, ὁ, the joint of the arm and band, the wrist, Lat. carpus.

καρπο-τελής, ἐς, (καρπύς, τελῶ) bringing fruit to perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, ον, (καρπύς, τεκεῖν) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, ον, (καρπύς, φάγειν) eating fruit.

καρπο-φθόρος, ον, (καρπύς, φθείρω) spoiling fruit.

καρποφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, ον, (καρπύς, φέρω) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (καρπύς, φύλαξ) a watcher of fruit. [Ὶ]

καρπῶν, f. ὥσω, (καρπύς) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. καρπόμαι to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, ατος, τό, (καρπῶν) fruit: produce, profit.

κάρπωσις, εως, ἡ, (καρπύσμαι) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρίζουσα, Ep. for κατορρίζουσα.

κάρτις, Adv. (κάρτος) very, very much, Lat. valde; καὶ τὸ κάρτα, very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερῶ, f. ἦσω, (καρτερός) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c. acc. to endure manfully. 3. with a Prep. to bold out or bear up against a thing. 4. with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτέρησις, εως, ἡ, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, ἡ, = καρτέρησις.

καρτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (καρτερός) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θυμος, ον, (καρτερός, θυμός) stout-bearded.

καρτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κάρτος) = κρατερός, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; καρτερὰ ἔργα valiant deeds; κάρτερος ὄρκος a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3. master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are κρείσσων, κράτιστος.

καρτερό-χερ, ὁ, ἡ, (καρτερός, χεῖρ) strong of hand.

καρτερῶς, Adv. of κάρτερος, strongly; καρτερῶς ὑπνοῦσθαι to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for κράτιστος.

κάρτος, εὖς, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, *strength, vigour, courage*. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, *to strengthen*; aor. I med., ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας *they strengthened their ranks*; χεῖρας ἐκαρτύναντο *they strengthened or armed their hands*.

Καρυαίδες, *av, ai, (Karvai) the women of Caryae in Laconia*. II. in Architecture, Caryatides are *female figures used as bearing shafts*. [α]]

κάρυκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [υ] Hence

κάρυκινος, ἡ, *ov, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red*. κάρυκο-ποιέω, f. ἦσαι, (καρύκη, ποιέω) *to make a rich savoury sauce*.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

ΚΑΡΤΟΝ, *the nut*; κ. Περσικόν *the walnut*; κ. Εὐβοικόν *the chestnut*; κ. Ποντικόν *the filberd*.

κάρυο-ναύτης, *ov, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutshell*.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλεος, α, *ov, (κάρφω) dry, parched*: of sound, *bellow*.

κάρφη, ἡ, (κάρφω) *a dry blade of grass*.

καρφός, α, *ov, (κάρφος) of dry straw*.

καρφίτης [Γ], *ov, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw*.

κάρφος, εὖς, τό, (κάρφω) *any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip*, Lat. *palea*: *dry twigs, straws, bits of wool*, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. *bushes, chaff*, Lat. *quisquilias*. 2. *the dry sticks of cinnamon* were also called *κάρφη*.

ΚΑΡΦΩ, f. κάρψω, *to make dry or withered*:—Pass. *to wither away*.

καρχαλέος, α, *ov, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst*, Virgil's *siti asper*.

καρχαρο-δους or -όδων, ὄδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (κάρχαρος, δδούς) *with sharp jagged teeth*.

κάρχαρος, *ov, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged*: generally, *sharp, biting*.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *Carthage*: Καρχηδόνιος, α, *ov, and Καρχηδονιακός, ἡ, ὁν, Carthaginian*.

καρχήσιον, τό, *a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom*. II. *the masthead of a ship*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρῶ, Dor. for κηρῶ.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς and καὶ ἐς.

κάσπαβάζω, f. σαι, *to abuse in barlot's language*. From

κασαλβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a barlot, strumpet*.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, *ov, ὁ, a horse's caparison or bousing, a carpet or skin to sit upon*. (Akin to κάς, κῶας.)

ΚΑΣΣΙΑ Ion. -τή, ἡ, *cassia*, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ἡ, *a sister*: fem. of κασι-γνητός.

κάσι-γνητός, ὁ, (κάσις, γεννᾶν) *a brother*:—then *any blood-relation, a nephew or niece*. II. as Adj. *κασίγνητος, ἡ, ov, brotherly, sisterly*.

ΚΑΨΙΣ, *ios, ὁ or ἡ*: vocat. κάσι: *a brother or sister*. [α]

Κασσιτερίδες, *av, ai, the Cassiterides or tin-islands*. ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, ὁ, *tin*, Lat. *stannum*; χεῖμα κασιτέροιο *a plating of tin*.

κάσσυμα Att. κάττ-, *ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal*: generally, *a leather sole or shoe*. From

ΚΑΣΣΥΨΩ Att. καττῶ, *to stitch, sew together*. II. metaph. *to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot*. [υ]]

κάστων, by crasis for καὶ ἐστών.

Καστόρειος, *ov, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor*; Καστόρειος νόμος, *a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta*.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) *a famous Laconian breed of bounds, said to be first reared by Castor*: also *καστώρια κύνες*.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστόρνυμι.

Κάστωρ, *oros, ὁ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux*.

ΚΑΣΤΩΡ, *oros, ὁ, the beaver*.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσωριον, τό, *a brotbel*. From

κάσωρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = κασάλη, *a barlot*.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENITIVE: I. denoting *motion from above, down from*.

II. *down towards, down upon*; κατά χθονὸς ὄμματα πηῆσαι *to fix the eyes down upon the ground*; of a dart, *κατὰ γαίης ὄχετο* *it went down to the ground*:—so, *τοξεύειν κατὰ τινος* *to shoot at one* (because the arrow falls *down upon* its mark); *παίειν κατὰ τινος* *to strike at one*; *ὀμῶσαι κατὰ τινος* *to swear upon a thing*.

III. *against, in opposition to*; λόγος κατὰ τινος, Lat. *oratio in aliquem*, *a speech against one accused*; but, *πρὸς τινα, Lat. adversus aliquem*, *a speech in answer to an opponent*.

B. ACCUS.: I. of *motion downwards, κατὰ βῆον down the stream*. 2. of *motion or extension, over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as κατὰ γαίαν, πόντον: throughout, all along*: also of *Place, upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα*.

3. generally, of *Place, as, κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν by land and sea*. II. *distributively*, of a whole divided into parts; *κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρας by tribes and clans*; *κατὰ σφέας by themselves*; so, of time, *κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν year by year*; and of numbers, *κατ' ὀλίγους few at a time*.

III. of *object or purpose, πλεῖν κατὰ πρῆξιν to sail on a business*; *πλάζεσθαι κατὰ ληίδα to rove in search of booty*.

IV. of *fitness, according to, answering to*; *κατὰ θυμὸν according to one's mind*; so, *καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον after our liking*; *κατ' ἀνθρώπον according to the capacity of a man*; *κατὰ φύσιν naturally*; *κατὰ δύναμιν to the best of one's power*; *κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms agreed upon*. 2. *in relation to, concerning*;

τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον all that belongs to war; *τὸ καθ' ἑμᾶς*

as far as concerns you; *κατὰ τοῦτο* in this way; *κατὰ ταῦτα* in the same way.

V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατὰ ἐξήκοντα ἔτη* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατὰ τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατὰ Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; *οἱ καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by ἢ κατὰ..., when the *qualities* of things are compared; *μείζον ἢ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μείζω ἢ κατὰ δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κατά*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. *downwards, down*, as in *καταβαίνω*. II. *over against, in answer to*, as in *κατάδω*, Lat. *occino*. III. *against*, in hostile sense, as in *κατ' ἡγορέω*.

IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατακύνει*, *καταφαγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before γ, *κάκ* before κ, *κάμ* before μ, *κάν* before ν, *κάπ* before π or φ, *κάρ* before ρ, *κάτ* before τ or θ. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέζουσα*, *κάτθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ'* ᾄ.

κᾶτα, crasis for *καὶ ἔτα*, and then.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβάδην. Adv. (*καταβαίνω*) *going down: below, down-stairs*, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βᾶ*]

καταβαθμός, ὁ, (*καταβαίνω*) *a descent*: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβατήν, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαίω, f. -*βήσομαι*: pf. -*βέβηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. 1 pl. subj. *καταβείομεν*, for *καταβώμεν*; *κατάβα* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. 1 med. *κατεβήσαμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσετο*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήσεο*:—to go or come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δίφρου* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσατο* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs.

2. to go down to the sea.

3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend.

4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking.

II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

καταβακχίζομαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *βακχίζω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

καταβάλλω, fut. -*βᾶλῶ*: aor. 2 *κατέβαλλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *κάββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*:—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down.

2. to strike down, and so to slay.

3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea.

4. to put down, pay down; hence to pay off, *charges*.

5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

καταβάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into.

καταβάρω, f. *ῥω*, (*κατά*, *βάρω*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβάσις, *εἰς*, ἡ, (*καταβαίνω*) a going down, descending.

2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβαύξω, f. *ξω*, to bark or bay at, *τινός*.

καταβεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβείομεν, Ep. for *καταβώμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for *καταβήναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσεο, Ep. for *κατάβησαι*, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβιβάζω, f. -*βιάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαίνω*, to make to go down, bring down.

καταβιβρώσκω, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβρεν*:—Pass., aor. 1 *κατεβρώσθην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

καταβιῶω, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβιων*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

καταβλάσκω, f. *σκω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

καταβλάπτω, f. *βλάπω*, to damage.

καταβλητικός, ὁ, ἴν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

καταβληχάομαι, f. *ήσομαι*, Dep. to bleat aloud.

καταβλώσκω, f. -*μολοῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

καταβοῶω, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II.

c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, ἡ, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and

καταβόησις, *εἰς*, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning.

2. a paying down.

2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

καταβόσκω, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

καταβόστρυχος, ὁ, *ὄν*, with long flowing locks.

καταβραβεύω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

καταβρέχω, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass., aor. 1 *κατεβρέχθην*:—to wet through, drench.

καταβρίθω [*ῖ*], f. -*βρίσω*:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh.

II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ῖ*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. 1 *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαια*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

καταβροχίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχος*) to gulp down.

καταβρύκω [*υ*], f. *ξω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβῶσκα.
κατα-βρῶσω, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with hides.
καταβῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβῶσαι.

κατά-γαιος Att. -γαιος, ον, (κατά, γαῖος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground; κατά-γαιοι στρουθοί birds that turn instead of flying, ostriches.

καταγγελεύς, έως, δ, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer.
κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, ον, denounced, betrayed.

κατά-γεις, Att. for κατά-γαιος.

Κατα-γέλα, ή, (κατά, γελῶ) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From

κατα-γελῶ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I κατεγέλᾶσα:—Pass., aor. I κατεγέλᾶσθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.

κατά-γελως, ατος, δ, (κατά, γέλω) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.

κατ-αγγίγειν, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατ-αγγνυμι.

κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρασα or -εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα:—to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):—to grow old, Lat. senesco.

κατα-γίγαρτίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stirpate.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 κατέγνω:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγιγνώσκειν τινος ἀναρ-

την to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—Pass., καταγνωσθεῖς πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγιγνώσκειν τινος θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare aliquem mortis; καταγιγνώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.

κατ-αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.

κατ-αγίνομαι, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down. II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γινώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-
κατ-αγαῖζω, f. ἴσω, strengthd. for ἀγαῖζω.

κατα-γλωττίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ῶ: pf. pass. κατεγλωτ-
τισμαι: (κατά, γλωττα):—to kiss by joining tongues:
μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον a wanion, licentious song.

II. to use the tongue or speak against one.

III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence

καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanion kiss.
κάτ-αγμα, ατος, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend down.

καταγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of καταγιγνώσκω.

καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγιγνώσκω.

κατ-αγνύμι: fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξας: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέαγα Ion. κατέγηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατέαγην [ᾶ], inf. καταγῆναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. II.

in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέαγα, to be broken; κατ-εαγέναι or κατ-αγῆναι τὴν κεφαλὴν to have the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, εως, ή, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion. II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-αγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.

κατ-αγράφω, f. ψω, engraved, embrodered. From
κατα-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to paint over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατ-αγρέω, f. ήσω, to catch, overtake.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. ἄσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ-άγω, f. -ἄξω: aor. 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the high sea to land:—Pass. to come to land; opp. to ἀνά-γεσθαι (to put out to sea). 3. to draw out, spin. 4. to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατ-αγωγή, ή, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into harbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: hence

3. a resting-place, lodging-place.

κατ-αγώγιον, τό, (κατάγω) a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-αγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ισύμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. -δήξω, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυχέων, ουσα, better divisim, κατὰ δάκρυ χέων, shedding tears.

κατα-δακρύω, f. -σαι, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δάμνῶ, f. ἄσω: aor. I inf. med. καταδαμῶ-
σασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμῶ.

κατα-δεδινάω, f. ήσω, to squander, waste utterly.

κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρβάνω: aor. 2 κατέδαρπον, by poet. metaph. κατέδαρπον; also, in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατε-
δίρπον, poet. subj. καταδαρβῶ, part. καταδαρβείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατόμαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδείξ, ές, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. κατα-
δείστερος, weaker, inferior, see καταδείω.

κατα-δεί, impers. there is wanting: see καταδείω.

κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. I κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to show clearly, point out, make known; c. inf. to show how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ά] :—to show signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδέννυμι.

κατα-δέομαι, f. -δέσσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much : to intreat earnestly, Lat. *deprecari*.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρ῀κον, and in same sense pass. κατέδρ῀χην : Dep. :—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band : a magic knot, love-knot. κατα-δεύω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδενσα, to wet through : to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι : Dep. :—to receive, admit.

2. to receive back, take home again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast : Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II.

to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δέσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers : καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect : Comp. καταδεστέρας ἔχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-διαιτάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω : Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην : pf. καταδεδίκασμαι :—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός : absol. to condemn :—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation :—Pass., καταδεδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence : a fine. [Υ]

κατά-δικος, ov, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-δίωκω, f. ξω or ξομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect : to think, suppose : also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλώνω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave : also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλώσασθην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δυνέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ov, ol, (κατά, δούπος) the Cataracts of the Nile : also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero *Catadupa* as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδρ῀βάω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδρ῀βαιναι.

καταδρ῀βαιναι, aor. 2 of καταδρ῀χειν.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμεῖν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From κατα-δρύντω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύναι.

κατα-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύνω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύνω.

κατάδυσσε, εως, ή, (καταδύνω) a going down under water : of the stars, a setting : generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπείω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω : fut. -δύσω : aor. I κατέδυσσα : aor. 2 κατέδυν :

I. Causal, in pres. καταδύνω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσσα :—to make to sink, Lat. *mergere* ; καταδύσαι ναῦν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυκα, -δεδύκειν :—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun ; ἄμ' ἡλίου καταδύντι with sunset.

2. to go down into, to steal or creep into : to get into the midst of ; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms.

3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-ᾄδω Ion. -αείδω : f. -ᾄσομαι : rarely -ᾄσω :—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. *occinere* : absol. to sing a spell, charm.

II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δοροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes.

κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατᾄδω.

κατα-εμένω, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθέημι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for κατέισατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of κατέζω.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι : impf. καταείνον : to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζάινω : Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον : (κατά, αζάινω, αζω) :—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω :—to tie or yoke together, yoke :—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened : to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζάινω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast : Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκει.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against :—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [Υ]

κατα-θέομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθύναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταβείομαι, Ep. for -θέμαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταβόλεμον, Ep. for —θέμενον, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θέλω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence κατάθελξις, εως, ἡ, enchantment.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (κατατίθημι) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. σω, (κατάθεμα) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of κατατίθημι.

κατάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατατίθημι) a putting down: a paying down, discharging.

κατα-θέω, f. —θέουσμαι:—to run down: of ships, to run in'to harbour. II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., καταθεῖν χώραν to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. ξω, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θήλυνω, (κατά, θήλυς) to make womanish.

καταθήσῃ, Dor. for καταθήσω, fut. of κατατίθημι.

κατα-θήσκω, fut. —θήσομαι: aor. 2 κατέθανον Ep.

κατέθανον: pf. —τέθνηκα, part. —τεθνηκώς Ep. —τεθνή-

κώς, ώτος, inf. —τεθνάκει Ep. —τεθνάμεν [α]:—to, die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased.

Hence

καταθητός, ἡ, ύν, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθρόσσω.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ἴσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρήνέω, f. ἴσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσσω, f. —θροῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέθορον, inf.

θορεῖν:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., καταθρό-

σκεῖν τὴν αἵμασιν to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θρύβω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, θρύβω) to lose all heart,

to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ov, also η, ov, in or upon the mind, at heart: μηδὲ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω let not death sit heavy at thy heart.

II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ὤω [υ], to sacrifice: to offer, dedicate.

II. Med., καταθύεσθαι cura to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θυράκιζω, f. ὤω Att. ὤω, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βασις, εως, ἡ, poet. for κατάβασις.

καταί-βάτης, ov, ὁ, poet. for καταβάτης, (καταβαίνω) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, buried down, descending.

2. epith. of Ἀχέρως, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καταί-βάτης, ἡ, ὡν, poet. for καταβατής, giving a passage downwards: θύραι καταβαταὶ ἀνθρώποις gates by which men descend.

κατα-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. —αἰδέσομαι, aor. 1 pass. —γέδοσθην:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατα-αἶθλω, f. ἄνω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-αἰθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or bower over: πλοῦμαι ῥάτων κατααἰθύσσω his locks floated down his back.

κατα-αἶθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατα-αἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὤω, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατα-αινέω, f. ἔσω poet. ἴσω:—to agree to, assent to, approve of: κατανεῖν ἐπὶ τινι to agree to a thing on certain conditions.

II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατα-αἶρω, Ion. for καθαιρέω.

κατα-αἶρω, fut. —ἀρῶ, (κατά, αἶρω):—to take or put down.

2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατα-αἰσθάνομαι, f. —αἰσθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατα-αἰσῖος, ov, (κατά, αἰσῖος) righteous.

κατααισχυντήρ, ἦρος, a disgracer. From

κατα-αἰσχύνω, f. ὤνω, to shame, disgrace, dishonour.

III. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

κατα-αἰσχω, poet. for κατῖσχω.

κατα-αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [α], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with: c. acc., to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute.

II. the aor. 1 part. κατατριάθεῖς occurs in pass. sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταῖτυξ, ὄγος, ἡ, a low helmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατα-αἰσρέομαι, Pass. (κατά, αἰσρέω): to bang down.

κατα-καγχάζω, f. ἄσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for κατακαῖναι, aor.

2 inf. pass. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for κατακαίειν.

κατα-καίνω, fut. —καῖνῶ: aor. 2 κατέκαυον:—like κατακτείνω, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. —καῖω [α]: fut. —καίω: aor. 1 κατέκαυσα Ep. κατέκαυ: aor. 1 pass. κατακαύθη, aor. 2 κατέκαυ:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning:—Pass., κατά πῦρ ἔκαυ the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-καλέω, f. ἔσω, to call down, summon, invite.

II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, envelope:—Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-καμπύω, f. —καμπέω to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty: κατακαμπέων ἑλπίδας to bend down, break down hopes.

κατα-καίφω, to dry up, wither:—Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσους, aor. 1 part. of κατακαίω.

κατα-καυχέομαι, f. ἴσομαι. Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακαίω, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of κατακαίω.

κατακαίετε, 2 pl. of κατακαίω.

κατά-κειμαι, f. —κειομαι. Dep. to lie down: to lie hid: to lie stored up, to be laid by.

2. to lie sick. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείω, another form of κατακαίω, q. v.:—but also Ep. for κατακαίω, pres. subj. of κατακαίω.

κατα-κείω, f. —κείω, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κέω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακείοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*.

κατακέκλιτο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.

κατακράκτης, ου, ὁ, (*κατακράω*) a brawler.

κατα-κελεύω, f. *σω*, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.

κατα-κενέω, f. *ήσω*, to pierce through, sting severely.

κατα-κεραυνώω, f. *ώσω*, to strike down by thunder.

κατα-κερδαίνω, f. *άνω* or *ήσω*, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

κατα-κερτομέω, f. *ήσω*, to rail violently: to mock at.

κατακημένω, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κηλέω, f. *ήσω*, to soothe by charms: to enchant.

κατακήμεν, Ep. for *κατακήμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 1 subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κηρώω, f. *ώσω*, (*κατά, κηρός*) to cover with wax.

κατα-κηρύσσω Att. — *ττω*, f. *ύξω*, to proclaim or command by herald.

κατα-κίρνημι, poet. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well: —Pass. to be well mixed.

κατά-κισσος, ου, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.

κατά-κλαίω Att. — *κλάω* [ᾶ]: fut. — *καλύσομαι*: —to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλῆσθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. med. of *κατακλείω*.

κατα-κλάω, f. *άσω* [ᾶ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλᾶσα*: —Pass., aor. 1 *κατεκλάσθην*: —to break down, break short off, snap.

II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθῆναι, Dor. aor. 1 pass. inf. of *κατακλείω*.

κατα-κλάω, Att. for *κατακαίω*. [ᾶ]

κατακλείς, εἶδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακλήτις*, ἥτις, ἡ, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.

κατα-κλείω Ion. — *κλήτω* old Att. — *κλήω*: f. — *κλείω* Dor. — *κλάξω*: —Med., aor. 1 *κατεκλείσάμην* Dor.

κατεκλάξάμην: —Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. — *εκκληίσθην* Dor. — *εκλάχθην* (not — *εκλάσθην*): —to shut up, shut fast.

2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.

κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. *ήσω*, (*κληρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.

κατα-κληρονομέω, f. *ήσω*, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. *ήσω*, to receive as one's allotment.

II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.

κατακλιθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.

κατακλινής, ἐς, (*κατακλινήναι*) lying down, stretched at length.

II. sloping, steep.

κατα-κλινό-βατής, ἐς, (*κατά, κλίνω, βαίνω*) making one lie abed.

κατα-κλίνω [ῖ], f. — *κλινῶ*: aor. 1 *κατέκλινᾶ*: —to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius: —Pass. to lie down, esp. at table.

II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence

κατάκλισις, εως, ἡ, a making to lie down or sit at table: ἡ *κατάκλισις τοῦ γάμου* the celebration of a marriage.

κατα-κλύζω, f. *ύσω* [ῦ]: aor. 1 *κατέκλυσθαι*: —to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water.

II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence

κατακλυσμός, ὁ, a deluge, flood.

Κατα-κλώθες, αἱ, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Μοῖραι, Lat. *Parcae*.

κατα-κλώθω, f. — *κλώσω*, to spin out, of the Fates.

κατα-κνάω, f. — *κνήσω*: aor. 1 *κατέκνησα*: —to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.

κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακνάω*.

κατα-κνίζω, f. *ίσω*: aor. 1 *κατέκνισα*: —to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellisco*: —Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. *ήσω*, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. 1 inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθῆναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep.

II. to sleep through, sleep out: *κατακοιμήσαι τὴν φυλακὴν* to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f. *ίσω*, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.

κατα-κοινωνέω, f. *ήσω*, to make one a sharer, give one a share.

κατ-ἀκολουθέω, f. *ήσω*, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.

κατα-κομίδι, ἡ, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From

κατα-κομίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*: —to bring down, esp. to the sea.

2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ου, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.

κατ-ἀκονά, ἡ, (*κατά, ἀκονή*) destruction.

κατα-κονδύλλίζω, f. *ίσω*, to buffet severely.

κατ-ἀκοντίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά, ἀκοντιζω*) to strike down with darts.

κατα-κόπτω, f. *ψω*: aor. 1 *κατέκοψα*: —Pass., p. post f. *κατακεκόψομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεκόπην*: —to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay.

II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.

κατα-κοσμέω, f. *ήσω*, to arrange, set in order: ἐπὶ νευρῇ *κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

κατ-ἀκούω, f. — *ακούσομαι*, to hear and obey, be subject to.

II. to hearken to, give ear to, hear plainly.

κατα-κράζω, fut. — *κεκράζομαι*, to cry down, oido in crying.

κατα-κρᾶτέω, f. *ήσω*, to prevail over, subdue: —absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.

κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.

κατα-κρεμάννυμι or — *ύω*, fut. — *κρεμάσω* [ᾶ]: aor. 1 *κατεκρέμασα*: —to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.

κατα-κρεουργέω, f. *ήσω*, to cut up like a butcher.

κατα-κρήθεν, (*κατά, κῆρα*) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom: —metaph. entirely, utterly.

κατα-κρημνίμαι or — *άομαι*, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.

κατα-κρημνίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά, κρημός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.

κατά-κρημος, ου, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρινῶ: aor. I κατέκρινα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [Ὶ] Hence κατάκρισις, eos, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρυφή, ἡ, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κρώω, f. -κρώω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακτέκμαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω: fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτάνω Ep. -κτάνει: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον poet. κατέκταν, as, α, Ep. imperat. κάτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατέκταθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατέκταμην, part. κατακτάμενος: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κύνειν, f. ίσω [Ὶ]:—Pass., aor. I -εκύνισθην: pf. -κεκύνισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύντω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκυντα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κύρινω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρω, (κατά, κύρω) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρώεις = κατακυρώεις, condemned to something.

κατα-κωλύω, f. ύω [ῖ]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατακοχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ελαφονεύομαι, (κατά, ελαφόν) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λάβειν, f. ήσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλια, ἡ, evil report, slander: and

κατάλαλος, or, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 κατάλαβον: pf. κατέλαβη Ion. κατέλαβον:—Pass., aor. I κατέλαβην Ion. κατέλαβην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to prosecute. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath.

III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: imperat. καταλαμβάνεαι is happens to one: τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ συμβαίνοντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπέας, α, or, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λαμψω, to shine upon: to shine. κατ-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατέλεχθην, aor. 2 κατέλεγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατέλεγάμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατέλεγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, re-peat, detail, e.g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue. κατάλειπτος, or, (καταλείπω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιστον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτούργεω, f. ήσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over. καταλέξω, Dor. for καταλέγω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ήσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λέω, f. σω, (κατά, λένω) to stone to death. κατα-λέγθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-άλεω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. έω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληντικός, ἡ, ώ, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ἡ, ώ, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατέληψς, eos, ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seiz-ing, winning. II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λίθω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λίπτεω, f. ήσω, to entrust earnestly.

καταλλάγη, ἡ, exchange, profit made on ex-change. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -τω: f. άς: aor. I κατέβλη:—to change:—Med. to exchange, give in ex-change. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile:—Pass., with aor. I κατέβληθην, aor. 2 κατέβλην [α], to become reconciled.

κατ-άλλω, f. ήσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ίσμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ὁ, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army: or the catalogue those on the list for service.

κατ-άλοις, or, left, remaining.

κατ-αλοκίζω, f. ίσω, to cut into furtives.

κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-
 λούειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.
 κατα-λοφάδαι, Adv. = κατὰ λόφον, on the neck.
 κατα-λοχίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence
 καταλοχισμός, ὁ, distribution into troops.
 κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλούω.
 κατά-λύμα, (κατὰ, λύω) an inn, lodging.
 κατα-λύμαινομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.
 καταλύσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.
 κατάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting
 down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding:
 κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: gene-
 rally, a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging:
 also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.
 καταλύτης, οὔ, one who lodges in a place. From
 κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I. κατέλυσα:—to dissolve,
 put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put
 down a form of government: to depose from com-
 mand: to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring
 to an end, terminate: καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a
 war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace
 with him. II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.
 to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.
 κατα-λυφάω, f. ἦσω, to rest from a thing.
 κατα-λύγυνω, f. σω, (κατὰ, λύγος) to bewitch.
 κατα-μαλᾶκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to make soft or
 effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.
 κατα-μαλλᾶσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἄξω, to soften much,
 appease, pacify.
 κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 -έμαθον:
 pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to under-
 stand: to consider well.
 κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω:—to be stark
 mad.
 κατα-μάρπτω, t. -μάρψω, to catch bold of, catch.
 κατα-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness against:—
 Pass. to have evidence given against one.
 κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.
 κατα-μάω, f. ἦσω, (κατὰ, μάω) to pile up, bear up:
 Ep. aor. I med. κατὰμασάμην.
 κατα-αμβλύνω, (κατὰ, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off,
 make blunt or dull.
 κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with
 sheer wine.
 καταμείναι, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.
 κατα-μελέω, f. ἦσω, to give no heed to, neglect: ab-
 sol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.
 κατα-μελιτῶ, f. ὤσω, (κατὰ, μέλι) to shed honey
 over, of the nightingale's voice.
 κατάμεμπος, ον, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.
 as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From
 κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μεμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-
 ψάμην, pass. -εμέμφην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,
 find fault with. Hence
 κατάμεμψις, εως, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, ac-
 cusing.
 κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-
 tinue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to cut in pieces: to dis-
 tribute.
 κατα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure or mete out to: to
 measure.
 κατα-μηλόω, f. ὤσω, (κατὰ, μήλη) to put in the
 probe: metaph., κημὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-
 box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make
 him disgorge stolen goods.
 κατα-μηνύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ], to give information a-
 gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.
 καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.
 κατα-μίαινω, f. ἀνῶ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass.
 to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.
 squalere.
 κατα-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I κατέμιξα, Ep.
 part. καμίζας:—to mix, mix up, compound.
 κατα-μίσσω, = καταμύγνυμι.
 κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to spend in paying public
 officers.
 κατάμομφος, ον, (καταμέφομαι) faulty.
 κατα-μόνως, (κατὰ, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.
 κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἦσω, to conquer in single combat.
 κατα-αμπίχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.
 καταμύσσω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.
 κατὰμυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.
 κατα-ἀμύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.
 κατα-μυττωτέω, f. σω, (κατὰ, μυττωτόν) to make
 mincemeat of.
 κατα-μύω, f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσσα, poet. inf.
 καμύσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop
 asleep, dose: also to die.
 κατα-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force down into a place. II.
 to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.
 κατα-ἀνάθεμα, atos, τό, a curse. Hence
 καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.
 κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
 aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασάμην:—Pass. to
 take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
 κατα-ἀνάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω: aor. I κατενάλωσα:
 —to spend lavishly, εἰς τι upon a thing:—Pass., with
 pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.
 κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily
 upon.
 κατα-νάσσω, f. -νᾶξω, to beat down firmly.
 κατα-ναυμάχῃω, fut. ἦσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
 beat at sea.
 κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-
 mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-
 selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.
 to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.
 κατάνευσις, εως, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From
 κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσας:
 —to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονέω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-
 νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
 nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.
 κατα-νεφῶ, f. ὤσω, to overcloud.
 κατα-νήω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to heap or pile up.
 κατανήσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθρακίζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθρακίζω, f. ὥσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθραξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένιψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἀνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act is supplied by κατανών.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἄνω) down-bill, opp. to ἄντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, ἄντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. out-right, downright. [ε of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυψις, es, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-άνω Att. -ύτω: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προέξου κατανήνυσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νοτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νοτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω, f. -ξανώ: aor. I κατέξηνα:—Pass., aor. I κατεξάνην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξειν, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, ov, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιόω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour.

II. to bid; πολλά χαιρεῖν συμφοραῖς καταξιώ I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: Pass., pf. -έξυμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάρκος, Dor. for κατάρχος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (καταπήννυμι) fastened down or downwards; καταπακτὴ θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαίω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I κατέπασα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πατέω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαυμα, atos, τό, a check, bindrance; and κατάπανσις, es, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω poet. κατ-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing,

binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check:—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; καταπει-λεῖν ἐπι to use threatening words.

κατα-πειράτριά, Ion. -πειρητηρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελτάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός, a, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήννυμι.

καταπεπτηνία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπήτῃσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -πέρδεμαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέσσομαι:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέσω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -νω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾱ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with.

Hence καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην, part. κατεπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πετρώω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπέφρων, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφρον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήννυμι and -νω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—

Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πύμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πύμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάπιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2.

metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πυράσσω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πείσομαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάππεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισθώ Att. -ττώ: f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I

κατέπλασθαι:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered over.

καταπλάσσειν, ὄν, ἡ, Ion. for καταπλάσμα.

καταπλέω, f. ξω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατάπλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. —πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

καταπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: aor. I. κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. —πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the high sea to shore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατάπλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken.

κατάπληγξις, εὖς, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From καταπλήσσω Att. —τῷ: f. ξω: aor. I. κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2. καταπλήγην [ᾶ] Ep. κατεπλήγην:—

pf. —πέπληγμα:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατάπλοος contr. —πλους, ὁ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

καταπλουτίζω, fut. ισω Att. ἰώ, to make very rich, enrich.

καταπλύνω [ῦ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυνσις, εὖς, ἡ, a bathing in water.

καταπλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

καταπνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

καταπνέω, f. —πνέσομαι: aor. I. κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ἡ, a breathing or blowing.

καταπόδα and καταπόδας, Adv., for κατὰ πόδα, κατὰ πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθή, 3 sing. aor. I. subj. pass. of καταπίνω.

καταπολεμέω, f. ξω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

καταπονέω, f. ἥσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

καταποντίζω, f. ισω Att. ἰώ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

καταποντῶω, f. ὥσω, = καταποντίζω.

καταπορνέω, f. —εἶσω, to prostitute.

καταπράσσω Att. —ττω, f. —πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

καταπρηγής, ἐς, head foremost, with the forehead downwards; χεῖρ καταπρηγεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηγῶω, f. ὥσω, to throw down headlong.

καταπρίω [ῖ]: aor. I. κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

καταπροδίδωμι, f. —προδώω, to betray.

καταπροίσσομαι, f. —προίξομαι Att. προίξομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense: I. absol., οὐ καταπροίξεται ἔφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροίξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ καταπροίξεται he shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροίξει τοῦτο δρᾶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3. c. gen. pers., ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκείνος οὐ καταπροίξεται he shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ὄν, = καταπύγων.

καταπτάκων, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. —πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2. κατάπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτάκων occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or —χα, Ep. part. καταπεντήσας:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (καταπτύνω) to be spat upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχης, ἐς, (κατά, πτύχην) with ample folds.

κατα-πτύνω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: aor. I. κατέπτυσσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτύσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπύγος, ἡ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄντος, ἡ, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πύριξω, f. ισω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ἥσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. —ἀρη [ᾶ], ἡ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραϊσμένος, Ion. for καθηρημένος, pf. part. pass. of καθαίρω.

κατ-αράομαι: f. —άσομαι Ion. —ήσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά κατηρᾶτο be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. κατηραμένος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-ἀράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to burl down.

κατάρυτος, ὄν, (κατάρωμαι) accursed, abominable; κατ-αργέω, f. ἥσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren.

κατ-αργίω, f. ἥσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make useless or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργύω, f. ισω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry, κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργύρω, f. ὥσω, to cover or plate with silver.

κατ-ἀρδω, f. ἄρσω, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-ἐρέομαι or —έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι.

κατ-ἐργήλος, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ἐργός) making one sadder, horrible.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count or reckon among. 2. to count up:—Med. to recount.

κατ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-ἀρμόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.

κατ-ἀρνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -ἀρνήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἠρνήσθην:—to deny stoutly.

κατ-ἄρσω, f. -ἀρσώ, to plough up.

καταρρᾶγῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

καταρ-ραθιμέω, f. ἴσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρραθυμμένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.

καταρ-ράκω, f. ὠσω, (κατά, ῥάκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακαμένους, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

καταρράφος, ου, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.

καταρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρύησομαι: pf. -ερύηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form καταρρήνυ:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρύνει, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ῥω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρήξαντο τοὺς κιθῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρράγην [ᾶ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. κατέρραι to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρινάω or -ῥω, f. ἴσω, to file down: καταρρινημένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.

κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, ὁ, (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ἴσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρύνῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence

καταρρύνῃς, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.

κατάρρυντος, ου, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for καταρρωδέω.

καταρρώξ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρραι) broken, rugged.

κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρῆμα καταρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: καταρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence

κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστής, ἦρος, ὁ, (καταρτίω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ὠω [ῥ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. I pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῥ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined.

II. καταρτύκω, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.

κατάρ-ρutos, ου, poet. for κατάρρutos.

κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.

κατ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον. 2.

Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χερνιβὰ τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατάρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱεροῦ to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and -ῥω: f. -σβέσω: aor. I κατέσβεσα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ξριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σεύω, f. -σεύσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασεύειν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the hand, beckon.

κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασήπω.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσόμεν: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ᾶ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσηπα, to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.

κατ-ασθάλνω, to pant or snort against.

κατα-σιγάω, f. ἴσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicillise, i. e. make away with.

κατα-στέλλω, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on.

κατα-σιωπάω, f. ἴσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

κατασκάφῃ, ἡ, a rasing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφῃς, ἐς, dug down, deep-dug.

κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ῥω, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I κατεσκεδάσα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad

sense; κατασκεδάσαι φήμην τινός to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατέσκληκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up.

κατα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build:—Med., to build, construct a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so:—Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, atos, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, ό, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (παρoσκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνώ, f. ήσω, = κατασκηνώ.

κατα-σκηνόω, f. άσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, atos, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνωσις, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. λιταίε κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάζω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιών, poet. for κατασκιών.

κατα-σκιδνμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι.

κατά-σκιός, ov, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. II. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -έσκέψαμην; pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to view closely: to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence

κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ov, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκάπτω, fut. -σκάψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ύνώ, to lessen, abridge:—Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμύγχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:—Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit:—also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπατάλλω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or pull down; κατα-σπών τινα τών τριχών to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to haul down, set afloat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπέρω, f. -σπερώ: aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beset. II. to besprinkle.

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω: aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:—Pass., aor. I -έσπεσθήν: pf. -έσπειμαι:—to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. II. to honour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπονδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. -έσπονδάσθην, pf. -έσπονδασμαι; (κατά, σπονδάω):—to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle: νόσος καταστάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

κατα-στάθεις, aor. I part. pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στάσιάζω, f. άσω, to form a counter-party. II. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατά-στάσις, εως, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation.

II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

κατα-στέδων, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, ov, ό, (καθίστημι) an establisher.

κατα-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστεγάσμα, atos, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ov, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed.

κατα-στέλω, f. ψω, to tread on.

κατα-στέλλω, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. 2. to sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανών, f. άσω, to crown.

καταστεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned. From

κατα-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreath, crown.

κατα-στηλίτευω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, atos, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. I inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στιζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence: κατά-στικτος, ov, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled.

κατα-στύλω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation.

κατα-στοναχέω, f. ήσω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -στορέσω: aor. I κατεστόρεσα:—to spread or cover with a thing. II. to spread or strew on the ground: to overthrow, lay

low; καταστορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. *sternere aequor*.

καταστρέπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol. καταστράττει it lightens.

καταστράτωεδεύω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. *aratro vertere*. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; καταστραμμαι ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear.

III. to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέφας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

καταστηνιάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overbrowwing. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

καταστρόννυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

καταστύγω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστυγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

καταστυφέλος, ον, very hard or rugged.

καταστωμύλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατασύρω, aor. I -έσθω, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. *diripere*.

κατασφάγη, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From κατασφάζω or -σφάττω: f. ῥω: aor. 2 pass. -σφάγην [ᾱ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατασφράγιζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεῖν Ep. -έειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχέιν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, binding. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ον, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II. possessed.

κατασχιζω, f. ἴω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατασχολεύω, f. ἄσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνον τι κατασχολεύειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχόμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατασώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάνύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξίς, Dor. for κατατάξις, 2 sing. fut. of κατατάττω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ῥω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατεθναίη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθνήσκει.

κατατεθνέως and -ήως, Ep. gen. ὄτος, pf. part. of καταθνήσκει.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθνήσκει.

κατα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτῃκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert.

II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself: to stretch or extend towards, Lat. *tendere* in . . . 2.

to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέτῃμον: pf. κατατέμμηκα, pass. κατατέμμημαι:—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνειν τινά καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμνητο τάφροι trenches had been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ον, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ῥω: aor. I κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθημεν, κάθετε, κάθεσαν; καταβίωμεν, Ep. subj. for καταβῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθήμεν; and in Med., κατέθεθα, καταθέσθην, κατέθεμενοι, Ep. for κατέθεμεν, etc.; καταβίωμαι, Ep. subj. for καταβῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι ἀεθλον to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καταθεῖναι τισί τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινί to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τίλλω, f. ῥω, to defoul, Lat. *concacare*.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, fleshy circumcision.

κατα-τοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατράγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ἴω Att. ἰώ:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack.

III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -τέτριβην [χ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. *diem terere*:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [Γ]

κατα-τρίβω, *to squeak, scream shrilly.*
κατα-τρούζω, *f. άσω, to run down or over.*
κατα-τρούω, *f. ύσω, to chatter against.*
κατα-τρώω, *to rub down, wear out, exhaust.* [5]
κατα-τρώω, *fut. —τρώομαι: aor. 2 κατέτρώον:—*
to gnaw in pieces, eat up.
κατα-τρωματίζω, *Ion. for κατατρανύω.*
κατα-τυγχάνω, *fut. —τεύθομαι, to hit one's mark,*
reach, gain, obtain: absol. to be successful.
κατ-αυαίνω, *to dry, parch, or wither up.*
κατ-αυγάζω, *f. άσω, to illumine or light up:—Med.*
to gaze at.
κατ-αυδάω, *f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare.*
κατ-αυθί, *or better κατ' αυθί, Adv. on the spot.*
κατ-αυλέω, *f. ήσω, to play upon the flute to one:—*
Pass. to have the flute played to one: to resound with
the flute. II. *c. acc. to overpower by flute-*
playing: generally, to strike dumb.
κατ-αυλισάομαι, *f. ίσομαι: aor. 1 med. κατηυλισά-*
μην and pass. κατηυλισθην: Dep.:—to take up one's
quarters, encamp, settle, lodge.
κατ-αυτίκα, *better κατ' αυτίκα.*
κατ-αυτόθι, *Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αυτόθι.*
κατ-αυχένιος, *a, ov, (κατά, αυχήν) on or over the*
neck.
κατ-αυχέω, *f. ήσω, to exult much in.*
κατα-φάγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to eat up, de-*
vour. 2. *to consume in eating.*
κατα-φαίνω, *f. —φάνω, to make visible.* II. *Pass.*
to become visible, appear. 2. *to be clear or plain.*
καταφάνηαι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence*
καταφάνης, ές, clearly seen, conspicuous. 2. *ma-*
nifest, clear.
κατάφρακτος, *ov, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.*
κατα-φαρμακεύω, *f. σω, to anoint with drugs: to*
charm, bewitch.
κατα-φαυλίζω, *f. σω, to depreciate.*
καταφερής, *ές, (καταφερόμαι) sloping, slanting;*
εϋτε άν καταφερής γίγνηται ό ήλιος when the sun is
near setting. II. *inclined to a thing.*
κατα-φέρω: *f. κατοίωω or κατοίσομαι: aor. 1 κατή-*
νευκα:—to bring down:—Pass. to be brought down,
as by a river: to be weighed down by sleep. II.
to bring down from the high sea, bring to land:—
Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.
κατα-φεύγω, *f. φομαι: aor. 2 κατέφυγον:—to flee*
for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to.
Hence
κατα-φευκτέον, *verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.*
κατά-φευξις, *εως, ή, flight for refuge.* 2. *a place*
of refuge.
κατά-φημι, *to say yes, assent to.*
κατα-φημίζω, *f. σω and φω, to spread a report, an-*
nounce, proclaim.
κατα-φθατέομαι, *Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω =*
φθάνω):—to take first possession of, occupy.
κατα-φθείρω, *f. —φθερώ, to bring to nothing, ruin.*

κατα-φθινύθω, = καταφθίω. [5]
κατα-φθίνω: *aor. 1 κατεφθίνησα: pf. κατεφθίνηκα:*
—to waste away, decay, perish.
κατα-φθίω, I. *Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [5],*
aor. 1 κατέφθισα, to ruin, destroy, kill. II. *in-*
trans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην
[5], inf. —φθίσθαι:—to be destroyed, ruined, waste
away, perish; ως καταφθίσαις ώφειλες O that thou
hadst perished: part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.
καταφθορά, *ή, (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death:*
metaph. confusion, distraction.
κατα-φιλέω, *f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress.*
κατα-φλέγω, *f. φω, to burn down, consume.*
καταφλεξι-πολις, *ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer*
of cities.
κατά-φλεξις, *εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning.*
κατα-φοβέω, *f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay:*
—Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. 1 κατεφοβή-
σθην, to be afraid of.
κατα-φοιτάω *Ion. —έω, to come down regularly.*
κατα-φονεύω, *f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay.*
κατα-φορέω, *f. ήσω, to carry down or along: of a*
river, to carry down with the stream:—Pass. to be so
carried down.
κατα-φράζω, *f. σω, to declare.* II. *Med., with*
fut. —φράσομαι, aor. 1 med. —εφρασάμην, pass. —εφρά-
σθην:—to think upon, reflect upon: to remark,
observe.
κατάφρακτος, *ov, covered, decked: shut up in. From*
κατα-φράσσω Att. —πτω, f. φω, to cover, fence in.
κατα-φρονέω, *f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain,*
despise: to scorn, contemn. II. *to fix one's*
thoughts upon, think of: also to aim at, Lat. affec-
tare. III. *to think arrogantly, to presume: and*
simply to think, suppose. Hence
καταφρόνημα, *ατος, τό, contempt of others; μη*
φρόνημα μόνον, αλλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit,
but a spirit of disdain: and
καταφρόνησις, *εως, ή, a low opinion of others: pre-*
sumption: and
καταφρονητής, *ου, ό, a despiser: and*
καταφρονητικός, *ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful.*
Adv. —κώς, scornfully.
κατα-φροντίζω, *f. ίω Att. ιώ, to think or study a*
thing away.
κατα-φρύγω, *f. φω, to burn away.*
κατα-φυγάνω, = καταφεύγω.
καταφύγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence*
καταφύγη, *ή, a refuge, place of refuge.*
κατα-φυλάδον, *Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by*
tribes or clans.
κατα-φύλασσω *Att. —πτω, f. φω, to guard well.*
κατα-φυλλοροέω, *f. ήσω, to shed leaves: to decay.*
κατά-φύτος, *ov, (κατά, φυτόν) well-planted.*
κατα-φωράω, *f. άσω [α], to catch in a theft: gene-*
rally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.
κατα-φωτίζω, *f. ίω Att. ιώ, to illumine, light up.*
κατα-χαίρω, *f. —χαρήσω, to exult over one.*

κατα-χαλαζάω, f. ἦσω, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, on. (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brassy armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκός, f. ὥσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, atos, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέζω, f. -χέσομαι, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ἡ, condemnation by show of hands.

καταχεύει, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ep. -χεύω: fut. -χεῶ: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχέσθην [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύνην [ῥ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχῃτο, χατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2.

to melt down. II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχένη, ἡ, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χηρεύω, f. σω, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for κατηχῆς.

κατ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, on, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράομαι, f. -χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω

is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφίη κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρίπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, on, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρύσσω, f. ὥσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώω, also -χρώννυμι and -νω: f. -χρώσω:—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύνην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῥ]

κατάχυσμα, atos, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or -νω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ιῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. -ψακάζω, f. άσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, ikenent; καταψεύδεσθαι τινας to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, on, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψηχῶ, f. -ψηξω, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh. [ῥ]

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι:—κατέαγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass.

κατέαγών, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαζω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κάθηται, 3 pl. of κάθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβησθε, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκεν, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύω, f. ξω: (κατά, ἐγγύη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible,

compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγυή, ἡ, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελῶ.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, aor. I of καταδέω (Δ).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδραθον, aor. 2 of καταδράθω.

κατέδραμον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέδυν, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατ-έδω, Ep. for κατεσθίω.

κατεγγῶς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-είβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph.,

αἰὼν κατεῖπετο life ebbed or passed away.

κατειδέναι, inf. pf. of *κατεῖδω.

*κατ-είδω, I. in aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (which serves as aor. 2 to καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med.

κατειδόμεν, inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα,

inf. κατιδένα: to know, to be assured of.

κατ-εἰδωλος, *ον*, (κατά, εἰδωλον) *given to idols*.
κατ-εἰκάω, *φ. άσω*, to liken to:—Pass. to be or become like. II. to guess, surmise, conjecture: of evil, to suspect.

κατ-ελλέω, *φ. ήσω*, to force into a place, coop up:—Pass. to be cooped up.

κατεἰληφα, κατεἰλημμαι, *pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελλίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.

κατεἰλχάτο, *Ion. 3 pl. plpf. pass. of καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελλύω, *φ. ύσω [ῥ]*, to cover up, wrap up.

κάτ-εμι: *Ep. aor. 1 med. καταεἰσάμην*: (κατά, εἰμι) to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river, to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατεῖναι, *Ion. for καθεῖναι*, *aor. 2 inf. of καθίημι*.

κατ-εἰνῆμι, *Ion. for καθέννυμι*.

κατεῖπα, *aor. 1 = κατέπον*.

κατεῖπον, *inf. κατεῖπεν*, without any pres. in use: (κατά, εἶπον): to speak against, to accuse, charge. II. to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. to denounce, tell, to inform of.

κατεῖργαθόμην, *poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείργω*.

κατ-εῖργνυμι and -ύνω, = κατείργω.

κατ-εῖργω *Ion.* -έργω, *φ. έω*, to shut in, enclose, confine:—to press hard, reduce to straits. II. to binder.

κατ-εῖρω, *Ion. for κατερύω*.

κατ-εῖρωνεσθαι, *Dep. to use irony towards, banter: to dissemble*.

κατ-εἰσάγω, *φ. άξω*, to bring in to one's own loss. [ᾱ]

κατέκειρα, *aor. 1 of κατακείρω*.

κατέκη, *aor. 1 of κατακαίω*.

κατέκλᾰσα, *aor. 1 of κατακλάω*.

κατεκλάσθην, *aor. 1 pass. of κατακλάω*.

κατεκλάχθην, *Dor. aor. 1 pass. of κατακλείω*.

κατέκλῦσα, *aor. 1 of κατακλύζω*.

κατέκλων, *contr. impf. of κατακλάω*.

κατεκρίθην, *aor. 1 pass. of κατακρίνω*.

κατέκταν, *Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκταθεν, *Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκτανον, *aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέλαβον, *aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελαύνω: *fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ*: *aor. 1 κατήλασα*:—to drive down: to master.

κατ-ελέγχω, *φ. -γέω*, to convict of falsehood: to belie.

κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω*.

κατ-ελευσσομαι, *fut. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατελήφθην, *aor. 1 pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατελθεῖν *Ep. -θέμεν*, *aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατ-ελλίσσω, *Ion. for καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελκύω, *Ion. for καθελκύω*.

κατ-ελπίζω, *φ. έσω*, to hope confidently.

κάτεμεν, *Ion. 1 pl. aor. 2 of καθίημι*.

κατ-εναίρομαι, *Dep.*, with *aor. 1 med. κατηνῆράμην*, and also *aor. 2 act. κατήνᾰρον*:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, *Adv. (κατά, εναντίος) over against, opposite, fronting*.

κατ-ενδρίξω, *φ. έω*, strengthd. for ἐναρίξω, to kill.

κατένασσα, *Ep. aor. 1 of καταναίω*.

κατενεχθεῖς, *aor. 1 part. pass. of καταφέρω*.

κατ-ἐνήνοθε, *pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατηνήνοθεν ὤμους*: cf. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε; the simple ἐνήνοθε does not occur.

κατηνήρατο, 3 sing. *aor. 1 of κατεναίρομαι*.

κατενθεῖν, *Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατενύγησαν [ῥ], 3 pl. *aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω*.

κατ-ἐνωπᾶ and κατ-ἐνώπιον, *Adv. (κατά, ἐνωπή) right over against, right opposite, fronting*.

κατ-ἐξανίσταμαι, *Pass.*, with *aor. 2 act. -ἐξάνεστην*, to rise up against, contend against.

κατέξανται, 3 sing. *pf. pass. of καταξάινω*.

κατέξενομένος, *ὁ*, received as a guest, *pf. part. pass. of καταξένω*.

κατ-ἐξουσιάζω, *φ. άσω*, to exercise authority over.

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, *Med. to make a contract or engagement with one*.

κατ-επάγω, *φ. άξω*, to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another.

κατεπάλλμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεπάλλομαι*.

κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω*.

κατ-επέλω, *φ. έω*, to press down, oppress. 2. to urge, impel, stimulate, hasten; τὸ κατεπεῖγον urgent necessity. II. intr. to hurry, make haste.

κατέπεσον, *aor. 2 of καταπίπτω*.

κατεπέστην, *aor. 2 of κατεπίστυμι*.

κατέπεφνον, *redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω*.

κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. *Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήνυμι*.

κατέπηξα, *aor. 1 of καταπήνυμι*.

κατέπλᾰσα, *aor. 1 of καταπλάσσω*.

κατέπλευσα, *aor. 1 of καταπλέω*.

κατεπλήγην, *aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω*.

κατέπτισα, *aor. 1 of καταπτίνω*.

κατ-εργάζομαι, *fut. -άσομαι*: *aor. 1 κατεργάσθην*: *pf. κατεργασμαι*: *Dep.* (but *aor. 1* and *pf.* are also used in *pass. sense*):—to effect, accomplish, achieve. 2. like *Lat. conficere*, to make an end of, destroy, despatch: hence to overpower, conquer:—*pf.* in *pass. sense*, to be overcome. 3. in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—*aor. 1* in *pass. sense*, to be prevailed on. II. to work in, make; κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι to make honey: also to manufacture.

III. of things, to earn, to acquire by labour: absol. to go to work.

κατ-έργω, *Ion. for κατερίγω*.

κατερεικτός or -ερικτός, *όν*, bruised. From

κατ-ερείω, to tear, rend:—*Med.* to rend one's garments. II. to bruise or grind down; metaph., κατερείκειν θυμόν to wear away one's mind.

κατ-ερείπω, *φ. ψω*, to throw or cast down: to demolish, dismantle, lay waste. II. intr. in *aor. 2*

κατήρίπον, *pf. κατερήριπα*, to fall down, fall in.

κατέρεξα, *Ep. aor. 1 of καταρρέζω*.

κατ-ερεύω, *φ. έω*, to belch at or upon.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ἔφω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερῶ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέειρα), of the aor. κατέπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατεήσεται it shall be declared.

κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερέπω.

κατ-ερίτω, f. ὤω [ῶ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατερίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of καταρίβω.

κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

κατερύκνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ᾶ]

κατ-ερύκω [ῦ]; f. ἔω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. —εἰρύω: f. ὤω [ῦ]: aor. 1 κατεῖρῶσα: Pass., pf. κατεῖρσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere naves.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 3 κατήλυθον contr. κατῆλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερίω, v. sub κατέρω.

κατέσβεσα, aor. 1 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατέδηδοκα Ep. κατέδηδα: pf. pass. κατέδηδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατέσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατέσκευασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω.

κατέσκεψάμην, aor. 1 med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατέσκελκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω.

κατέσπειρα, aor. 1 of κατασπείρω.

κατέσπεισα, aor. 1 of κατασπένδω.

κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασέομαι.

κατέσθθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of καθίστημι.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατέστηψα, aor. 1 of καταστείβω.

κατέστως, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. 1.

κατέστησαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καθίστημι.

κατέστορεσα, aor. 1 of καταστορέννυμι.

κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. 1 of καταστράννυμι.

κατέστρυγον, aor. 2 of καταστρύγω.

κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατάκω.

κατέτηξα, aor. 1 of κατατήκω.

κάτευμα, ατος, τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or —ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-ευθύνω, f. ἑνῶ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ευνάζω, fut. ἄσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep: Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 κατεύνασθην.

κατευνάω, f. ἥσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω.

κατ-ευτρεπίω, f. ὤω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ἥσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἄνῶ, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχή, ἡ, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-εύχομαι, f. —ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφθγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon: καταπάλεμος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην,

pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφυγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω: fut. καθέξω and κατασχέσω: aor. 2 κάτ-εσχον poet. —έσχεθον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease. II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to bide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to bold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the big sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen: εὖ κατασχήσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper band.

IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγεμῶν, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for κατηγ—.

κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγόρεω, f. ἥσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass., κατηγορεύεται τι τινός a charge is brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ἡ, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ὁ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer.

κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of κατακίζω.

κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearkening to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearkening to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατῆλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατήλιψ, ἴπος, ἡ, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάχην [ᾶ], aor. 1 and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.

κατήλυσον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence κατήλυσεν, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.

κάτῃμαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.

κατημελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.

κατηναρίσθην, -ίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναρίζω.

κατήνεκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.

κατηνθρακώθην, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατανθρακίζω.

κατήνυσσα, aor. I of κατανύω.

κατήσος or κατήσος, ov, Dor. -όσος, (κατά, αἰ-ωρέω) hanging down: hanging on or to.

κατ-ηπίω, f. άσω, (κατά, ἥπιος) to soothe, assuage:—Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιόωντο.

κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.

κατηράσω [ά], 3 sing. aor. I of καταράομαι.

κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράομαι.

κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ίσω, to calm, appease, quiet.

κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, έρεφω) covered over, overhanging, overarched; δάφνησι κατῃρεφές overshadowed with laurels; κατῃρεφῇ πόδα τιθέναι to keep the foot covered by the fold of the robe, of one who stands still, opp. to ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen. covered with, laden with.

κατ-ήρης, ές, (κατά, ἀρᾶειν) fitted out, furnished, supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.

κατηριθμημένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.

κατηρίπον, aor. 2 of κατερείπω.

κατηρτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.

κατηρτισμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω.

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατήφεια Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κατῃφής) a casting the eyes downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.

κατῃφέω, f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From κατῃ-φής, ές, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, dejected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence

κατῃφών, όνος, ό, one who causes shame, a disgrace. κατ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a

thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be informed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth,

teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed in these elements; aor. I κατηχήθην, pf. κατήχημαι.

κατ-ηχής, ές, (κατά, ἤχος) sounding, resounding.

κατήχθην, aor. I pass. of κατάγω.

κάτθανον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκω.

καθάνουμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκω.

καθάψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταθάπτω.

κατ-θείην, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.

καθόμεν, Ep. for καθαίνω, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι: but καθόμεν, Ep. I plur. of same.

κάθετε, κάθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατατίθημι.

καθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

καθήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθημι.

κάθεο, Ep. for κατάθω, aor. 2 imperat. med. of κατατίθημι.

καθέσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατ-ίπτω, f. ψω, to harm, hurt, damage.

κατιάστ, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (είμι ibo).

κατιάστ, Ion. for καθιάστ, 3 pl. of καθίημι.

κατῑεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.

κατῑεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.

κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι.

κατ-ιθύνω, Ion. for κατευθύνω.

κατ-ικετεύω, Ion. for καθικετεύω.

κατ-ιλύω, f. ύσω [ύ], (κατά, ίλύε) to fill with mud or dirt.

κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (είμι ibo).

κατιπιάζομαι, κατιρῶ, κατισσῆμι, Ion. for καθ-ε

κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. *κατεῖδω.

κατ-ισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down.

κατ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to have power over, prevail against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to one's full strength, be in full vigour.

κατ-ισχω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold back, bold in, restrain, Lat. detineo:—Med. to keep by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide

or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέ-λας κατῑσχει ἐξ οὐρανόυ the light comes down upon the place from heaven.

κατιών, ύσσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (είμι ibo).

κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτ-οιδα, pf. of *κατεῖδω.

κατ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated.

Hence κατοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place: dwelling.

κατοικητήριος, α, ov, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting;

κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.

κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II. a colony.

κατ-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιώ, to bring or remove into a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed, settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places,

to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or established. III. to bring home, restore to one's country.

Hence κατοίκισις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colonisation.

κατ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place.

κάτ-οικος, ov, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting: as Subst., κάτοικος, ό, an inhabitant.

κατ-οικτεῖρω, to have compassion on. II. intr. to feel compassion, shew pity.

κατ-οικτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to have compassion on another:—Med. with aor. I pass. κατωκίσθην, to pity oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite pity. Hence

κατωκίσις, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.

κατ-οιμῶζω, fut. -άσομαι, to bewail, lament.

κάτ-οινος, ov, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι; Dep. to *have gone down*; or *κατοιχόμενοι*, the departed.

κατ-οικνέω, f. ήσω, to *shrink from doing a thing*.

κατοκωχή, ή, (κατέχω) a *being possessed, possession*. Hence

κατοκώχμιος, ον, *beld in possession, detained*. II. capable of being possessed, *frantic*.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to *slip down*.

κατ-άλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -ύλωα: (κατά, ἄλ-λυμι):—to *perish utterly*.

*κατ-ολολύζω, f. ὑζω, to *sbriek over*.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to *bewail, lament*. [v]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, ὀμβρός) to *rain upon*:—Pass. to be *rained upon*: to be *wet as with rain*.

κατ-όμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα:—to *swear to, confirm by oath*. 2. c. acc. pers. to *call to witness, swear by*. 3. c. gen. pers. to *take an oath against, accuse on oath*.

κατ-ονήνιμι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of *use, profit, advantage*:—Med. to *have the benefit of, enjoy*. [vi]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to *blame, slight*.

κάτ-οξυς, εια, υ, (κατά, ὀξύς) *very sharp, piercing*.

κατ-οπάζω, f. άσω, to *follow after*.

κατ-όπιν, Adv., = *κατόπισθε*.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὀπισθε) Adv. of Place, *behind, after, in the rear*. II. of Time, *hereafter*.

κατ-οπτέω, f. σω, (κατόπτης) to *spy out, observe*.

κατ-οπτήρ, ήρος, ὀ, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) a *spy, scout*.

κατ-όπτης, ου, ὀ, = *κατοπτήρ*,

κάτ-οπτος, ον, (κατά, ὀφται) to be *seen, visible*: c. gen. to be *seen from a place, within sight of*.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to *shew as in a mirror*: Med. to *behold oneself in a mirror*. 2. in Med. also to *reflect as in a mirror*. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a *mirror*, Lat. *speculum*, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθόραω.

κατ-οργάνίζω, f. ίσω, to *sound with music through*.

κατ-ορθόω, f. ώσω: aor. I *κατόρθωσα*:—to *set up-right, erect*. 2. metaph. to *keep straight, set right*:

to *direct or manage well*: absol. to be *right in a thing*:—Pass. to *succeed, prosper*: also to be *well determined or purposed*. II. intr. to be *successful*, go on *prosperously*. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, *that which is done rightly*: a *right action*. 2. a *success*.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to *rush downwards*.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ήσω, to be *dismayed at, dread*. II. absol. to be *afraid*.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορυχήσομαι:—to *bury, inter*: to *bide in the ground*.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to *dance in triumph over*, Lat. *insultare*: hence to *treat despitely, insult*. II. to *charm by dancing*.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to *contemplate, behold*.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅτι.

κατ-ουδαίος, ος; (κατά, οὔδας) *under the earth*.

κατ-ουλώω, f. ώσω, (κατά, ούλη) to *make to cicatrize or form a scar over*:—Pass. to *cicatrize, heal over*.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ήσω, to *make water upon*.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to *waft with a fair wind*. II. intr. to *sail before the wind, come safe to port*.

κατ-ουρῶω, f. ώσω, = *κατουρίζω*.

κατ-οφρυόομαι, (κατά, ὀφρύς) to *contract the eyebrows, frown*.

κατοχή, ή, (κατέχω) a *holding fast, detention*. 2. possession by a *god*.

κατόχμιος, ον, incorrect form of *κατοκώχμιος*.

κάτοχος, ον, (κατέχω) *holding fast*. II. pass. *beld fast, overpowered, constrained*. 2. *possessed, inspired*.

κατ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, ὀψις) *full in sight, opposite*.

κατόψομαι, used as fut. of *καθοράω*.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of *κατατάνω*.

καττίτερος, Att. for *κασσίτερος*, tin.

κάττυμα, καττύω, Att. for *κασσύμα, κασσύω*.

κατ-τῶ, Dor. for *κατά τοῦ*.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-υπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνῶω, Ion. for *καθυπνῶω*.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) *down, downwards*. II. *beneath, below, underneath*, opp. to ἄνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, those in the *neither world, the dead*: also, *dwellers on the coast or in the plain*, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω *upside down*. III. c. gen. under, below: *down from*. IV. Comp. *κατωτέρα*: Sup. *κατωτάτω*.

κατ-ώγειος, ον, Att. *κατώγεως*, αν, gen. ω, = *κατά-γειος*.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) *from below, up from below*. II. *below, beneath*.

κατ-ώθω, f. -ήσω: aor. I -έωσα, to *thrust down*.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) *head downwards*. [κᾶ]

κατώκησα, aor. I of *κατοικέω*.

κατώκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *κατοικέω*.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, ον, (κάτω, ὤμος) *down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος* a *quoit thrown down from the shoulder*.

κατ-ωμάδων, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) *from the shoulder, with the whole arm*.

κατωμοσία, ή, (κατόμνυμι) an *oath taken against one, accusation on oath*.

κατω-νάκη, ή, (κάτω, νάκος) a *coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος)*. [νᾶ]

κατ-ωρᾶίζομαι, Ion. for *καθορᾶίζομαι*.

κατώρθωσα, aor. I of *κατορθῶω*: but *κατώρθωσαι*, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ᾠρυξ, ὄχος, ὀ, ή, (κατορύσσω) *imbedded in the earth*. II. *buried, bidden in the ground, under ground*. III. as Subst., *κατᾠρυξ, ή, a pit, cavern*.

κατώτατος, η, αν, ατος, the *lowest*.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, *at the lowest part.*

κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) *lower*: of Time, *later.*

κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, *lower than, further downwards.*

κατω-φάγας, οὔ or ᾶ, δ, (κάτω, φαγείν) *glutton*, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φέρης, ἐς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) *hanging downwards, precipitous.*

κατ-ωχράω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ωχρός) *to turn very pale.*

κανάξαις, for κατ-φάξαις (with the digamma), 2 sing.

Ep. aor. I opt. of κατὰ-γνυμι.

καύλιος, η, ον, *made of stalk or stick.* From

ΚΑΤΑΟΨ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a handle, shaft:

spear-shaft: *the bilt of a sword.*

καύμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) *burning heat*, as of the sun;

καύματος, absol. *in the heat.* II. *feverish heat.*

Hence

καυμάτιζω, f. ἴσω, *to scorch, wither by heat.*

κανάκης, ον, δ, a Persian garment. [ᾶ] (Foreign

word.)

ΚΑΤΝΟΨ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a beat-shade, name of a broad-

brimmed Macedonian hat.

καύσιμος, ον, (καίω) *fit for burning, combustible.*

καύσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: *burning heat.*

Hence

καυσόμεαι, Pass. *to be on fire, intensely hot.*

καύστερα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, *burning.*

καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσων, ανος, δ, (καίω) *burning heat: a scorching*

wind.

καυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάζω, f. ᾶσω, *to sear with red-hot iron*: —

metaph. in Pass. *to be seared in conscience.* From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ον, δ, = καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύχημαι: Dep.:

—*to boast or vaunt oneself.* (Akin to αὐχέω, εὐ-

χομαι.)

καυχᾶσθαι, for καυχᾶ, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι.

καύχη, ἡ, = καύχῃσις, a boasting, vaunting.

καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2.

a subject of boasting.

καυχήμενος, ονος, δ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) *boastful.*

καύχῃσις, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of

boasting.

καχάζω, f. ᾶω Dor. αἶω, *to laugh loud*, Lat. *cacabin-*

or: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)

καχασμός, δ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

καχ-εταρεία, ἡ, (κακός, ἑταίρος) *ill company.*

καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) *living sad days,*

wretched.

καχλάζω, f. ᾶσω, redupl. from χλάζω, *to dash, splash,*

bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ηκος, δ, a pebble: collectively, *gravel,*

shingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ἡ, (κακός, ὀρμίζω) *ill harbourage.*

κάχυς, ὅος, ἡ, = κάχυς, *parched barley.*

κάχ-ὑποπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτος) *suspecting evil,*

meanly suspicious.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. *capsa.*

κάω [ᾶ], Att. for καίω, *to burn.*

ΚΕ, and before a vowel κε, Ep. and Ion. for ἄν,

Dor. κᾶ: ἄν κε, κεῖν ἄν, are sometimes found together:

κε is always enclit.

κέαζω, f. ᾶσω: aor. I ἐκέασα Ep. ἐκέασσα, κέασσα,

and κέασσα: Pass., aor. I ἐκέασθην Ep. κέασθην:

(κέω, κείω):—*to split, cleave*: of lightning, *to shiver,*

scatter: generally, *to sever, separate, divide forcibly.*

κέαρ, ἄπος, τό, Lat. *cor, the heart*:—contr. κῆρ, q. v.

κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κέαζω.

κέάται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of

κείμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλῇ, *the head.*

κεβλή-πύρις, (κεβλή, πῦρ) a bird called *the redcap.*

κεγχρίαίος, α, ον, (κέγχρος) *of the size or shape of*

a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [ῖ], ον, δ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (κέγχρος), *like*

millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρος, βάλλω) *scattering*

millet.

ΚΕΤΧΡΟΣ, δ, and ἡ, *millet*, Lat. *milium*: hence

any small grain: also *the spawn of fish.*

κεγχρώματα, ον, τά, (κέγχρος) *things of the size of*

millet-grains: *eyelet-holes* in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι: f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκέδασσα: aor. I

pass. ἐκέδασθην:—poët. for σκεδάννυμι, *to scatter,*

disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηδος) *careful, discreet, trusty.* II.

pass. *cared for, dear*: of things, *valued, prized.*

κέδρινος, η, ον, (κέδρος) *of cedar, made of cedar.*

κεδρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) *the cane of the cedar-tree*:

also a *juniper-berry.*

ΚΕΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, *the cedar-tree*, Lat. *cedrus.* II.

anything made of cedar; a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) *made of, or inlaid with,*

cedar-wood.

κείσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

κείται, Ion. 3 sing. of κείμαι.

κείω, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.

κείαντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κείαται, κείατο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κείθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, *thence.*

κείθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, *there: thither.*

ΚΕΙΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται: 3 pl. κείν-

ται, Ion. and Ep. κέαται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion.

κείονται: so 3 pl. impf. κείοντο Ion. ἐκείατο Ep. κεί-

ατο, κείατο: subj. κέωμαι, κέρ, κήγται Ep. κήγται:

opt. κείμην: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμε-

νος:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεύμαι. Used as Pass. to

τίσθαι.

Radic. sense, *to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep.* 2. *to lie idle or at ease, be inactive:* also *to lie still, rest;* κακὸν κείμενον abated, allayed evil.

3. of many conditions, as *to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead,* like Lat. jacere: of things, *to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins.*

4. of a corpse, *to lie unburied:* also *to lie uncared for, neglected.*

II. of places, *to lie, be situated.* 2. of things, *to be in or at a place,* where continuance is implied.

III. generally, *to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.*

IV. *to be laid up, laid in store:* τὰ κείμενα deposits.

V. *to be fixed, settled, laid down:* κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται δεῖλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.

2. freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι ἐν τινι *to be dependent on a person.*

κείμεν, Dor. for ἐκείμεν, impf. of κείμαι.

κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: *beirloom.*

κείμεν, Ep. impf. of κείμαι.

κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, *that, be, she, it;* dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on *that road:* also in *that way or manner.*

κενός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, *empty.*

κείως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείως, *in that way.*

Κείος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χίος.

κείρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω.

κερία, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swathing-band.

II. *the cord or sacking of a bedstead.*

κερύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ῥ]

ΚΕΙΡΩ: fut. κερῶ Ion. κερῶ Ep. κέρσω: aor. I ἐκείρω Ep. ἐκέρσα:—Med., fut. κερύμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρθην: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ᾱ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—*to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:*—Med. *to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:*—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς *to have their heads shorn.* 2. *to cut out, bew off.*

II. *to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees.* 2. generally, *to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.*

κείς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.

κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, *thither.*

κείσεσθαι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι.

κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμαι.

κείσομαι, fut. of κείμαι.

κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κείμαι, *to wish to lie down or sleep:* βῆ κείω he went to lie down.

ΚΕΙΩ, *to cleave*, radic. form of κείζω.

κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω.

κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.

κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v.

κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.

κεκάδων, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.

κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκᾱμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κᾱμνω:—subj. κέκᾱμοι, 3 pl. κέκᾱμοσι.

κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.

κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.

κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of κᾱννμαι.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.

κεκαυχῆμαι, pf. of καυχάμαι.

κεκάφως, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω.

κεκευθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω.

κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω.

κεκλᾶται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημαι, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κεκλείσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, *to subul.*

κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

κεκλήστω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκλήγοντες, as if from κεκληγγω.

κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλήμην, -ῆο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκλήσθαι: part. κεκλημένος.

κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.

κεκλησομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλᾶται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλῖμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.

κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.:* but c. acc. *calling on one, calling him for help.*

κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.

κέκλυθε, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κέκμηκα, pf. of κᾱμνω.

κεκμηώς, gen. ὅτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κᾱμνω.

κέκναισμαι, pf. pass. of κναιώ.

κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονιῶ.

κεκονίτω, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.

κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.

κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κεκορηώς, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορηότε.

κεκορυμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κορύσσω.

κεκοτῆώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.

κεκράνται, κεκράντω, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κραινῶ, κραινῶ.

κέκρυγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence

κέκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.

κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.

κεκράκτης, ου ὁ κᾱζῶ ο -ier, bawler.

κέκραμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.
 κεκραξί-δάμας, αντος, δ, (κέκραγα, δάμω) *be who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*
 κεκράζομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω.
 κέκραχθι, imperat. of κέκραγα, pf. of κράζω.
 κέκρηγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.
 κεκρίμενος, pf. pass. part. of κρίνω.
 Κεκρόπιδαι, αν, οί, *the sons or descendants of Cecrops*, i. e. the Athenians.
 Κεκρόπιος, α, αν, (Κέκροψ) *Cecropian*, i. e. Athenian; Κεκροπία (γη), ή, *Attica*; οί Κεκρόπιοι, *the Athenians.*
 Κεκροπίς, ιδος, pecul. fem. of Κεκρόπιος.
 κεκροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.
 Κέκροψ, σπος, δ, *Cecrops*, an ancient king of Athens.
 κεκρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κερύφαλος, δ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's head-dress*, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. *reticulum*. II. *the pouch or belly of a hunting-net.* III. *part of the headstall of a bridle.*
 κερύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κέκρημαι, pf. of κτάσμαι: inf. κεκρήσθαι.
 κεκύθωσι [ύ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.
 κεκύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.
 κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω.
 κελδευνός, ή, όν, Dor. κελαδεννός, ά, όν, (κέλαδος) *murmuring, noisy, boisterous*: also *clear-toned.*
 κελადέω, f. ήσω also ήσομαι: Ep. aor. I κελάδησα: (κέλαδος):—*to murmur, roar*, like the rushing of water. 2. *to utter a cry or sound.* II. *trans. to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke.* Hence κελάδημα, ατος, τό, *a murmur, din, roaring.*
 κελάδης, ου, ό, fem. —ήτις, ιδος, (κελαδέω) *loud-sounding, vocal, harmonious.*
 ΚΕ'ΛΑΔΟΣ, δ, *a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting*: rarely of the sound of music. Hence
 κελάδω, = κελαδέω, *to murmur, roar*, esp. of water.
 κελαινο-εγχής, ές, (κελαινός, έγχος) *with dark, bloody spear.*
 κελαινο-νεφής, ές, (κελαινός, νέφος) *black with clouds: cloud-ward.* 2. *cloud-black, livid.*
 κελαινό-βρωτος, αν, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) *gnawed black.*
 κελαινός, ή, όν, cognate form of μέλας, *black, swart: dark, gloomy*: *murky.*
 κελαινο-φάης, ές, (κελαινός, φάος) *dark-shining, murky.*
 κελαινό-φρων, αν, (κελαινός, φρήν) *black-bearded.*
 κελαινο-χρῶς, ὠτος, δ, ή, (κελαινός, χρώς) *black-coloured.*
 κελαινώω, (κελαινός) *to make black*:—Pass. *to become black.*
 κελαινο-ώπης, ου, Dor. —ώπας, ό, fem. —ώπις, ιδος: (κελαινός, ὤψ):—*black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.*
 κελαινώψ, ὠπος, δ, ή, = κελαινώπης.
 κελάρύω Dor. —σδω, = κελαδέω, *to babble, murmur.*
 κελάρυσεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελάρύω.

κέλει, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.
 κελίβη, ή, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*
 κελόντες, αν, οί, (κάλον, κήλον) *the beams in the loom* between which the web was stretched.
 κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
 κελυθήτης, ου, δ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*
 κελυθο-ποιός, όν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) *road-making.*
 κελυθο-πόρος, αν, (κέλευθος, πόρος) *a wayfarer.*
 κέλευθος, ή, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—*a road, way, path, track*, either by land or water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καί ήματος *the ways of night and day*, i. e. night and day. II. *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.* III. *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*
 κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war: the call of the κελυστή, which gave the time to the rowers.*
 κελυσμός, δ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*
 κελυσμοσύνη, ή, Ion. for κελυσμός.
 κελυστής, ου, δ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*
 κελυστός, ή, όν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*
 κελυντιώω, Freqventat. of κελεύω, *to be continually bidding or urging on.*
 κελεύω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently*:—of the κελυστή, *to give time to the rowers by his call.* II. c. dat. pers. *to call to, order.*
 κέλεω, δ, obsol. sing. of κελόντες.
 κέλης, ήτος, ό, (κέλλω) *a courser, race-horse*, driven or ridden singly. II. *a fast-sailing vessel*, with one bank of oars, Lat. *celes, celox.*
 κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.
 κελητίζω, f. ίσω, (κέλης) *to ride a race-horse*, generally, *to ride*: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.
 κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.
 ΚΕ'ΛΛΩ, f. κέλω: aor. I έκελσα: I. *trans. of seamen, to drive on, push asbore; νήα κέλωσι to run a ship asbore.* II. *intr. of ships, to run asbore, put into harbour*:—generally, *to reach a haven.*
 κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and έκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέκετο, έκέκετο, part. κεκλόμενος: (κέλλω):—*poët. for κελεύω, to urge on, exhort, cheer on, command.* II. also like καλέω, *to call, call to: to call by name.*
 κέλωαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.
 Κελτοί, οί, *the Kelts or Celts*; later Κέλται. Hence Κελτιστί, Adv. in Keltic or Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.
 κέλυφος, εος, τό, *a bush, rind, pod, shell*: metaph. of old δικασταί, άντομοσύνην κελύφη mere affidavit-bushes. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ΚΕ'ΛΠΕ, αρος, ό, α son.
 κεμάς and κεμμάς, άδος, ή, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.

κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, άγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.

κεν-ανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, άνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.

κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενεός, αύχη) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβρεις, ον, dead: in pl., κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβατέω, f. ήσω, (κενός, έμβατής) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενέο-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενέων, άνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντής, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ή, vainglory, vanity. From

κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κενό-δους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, δόους) toothless.

KENOΣ Ion. κενός, ή, όν; Ep. κενός:—empty: empty-banded. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενέα as Adv. in vain.

III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young.

IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ώτατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφος, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.

κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωνία, ή, vain talk, babbling: From

κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.

κενών Ion. κενώνω: f. ώσω, aor. I. έκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I. έκενώθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κενέσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κεν-τω. II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κεντώσε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κένταυρος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίδης, ον, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κώς.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae. II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

KENTEΩ: f. ήσω: aor. I. έκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for έκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ήνθον.

κεντώ, false form for κεντρώω.

κεντρ-ηνεκής, ές, (κέντρον, *ένέγκω) goaded on.

κεντρίζω, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μάνης, ές, (κέντρον, μανήναι) spurring to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπης, ές, (κέντρον, τυπῆναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρώω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρον, άνος, ό, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, άνος, ό, the Lat. centurio.

κέντωρ, οπος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κέομαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέος, ή, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕΠΗΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddý.

κεράσασθαι, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω.

κεράεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of κέρας.

κεράια, ή, (κέρας) a born.

II. anything like a born, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a born or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' 4.

anything made of born, e. g. a bow.

κεράϊζω, f. ίσω, later ίζω: aor. I. έκεράισα: (κέρας):—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill,

slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ίδος, ή, (κέρας) a worm that eats born.

κεράϊστής, ού, ό, (κεραϊζω) a ravager, robber.

κεράω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix; ζωρότερον κέραε mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικός, ή, όν, (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικός, ό, (κεραμείος) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κέραμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμεις, έως, ό, (κέραμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεις κεραμει κοττειε potter envies potter.

κεράμειω, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.

κεράμηϊος, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος.

κεράμηϊς, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, όν, = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. test

κεράμης, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [Υ], ἡ, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῷ κεραμῷ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur.

IV. χαλκῆν ἐν κεράμῳ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -νω: fut. κερᾶσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐκέρᾱσα Ep. κέρᾱσσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κερᾶσατο:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρᾱσθην and ἐκέρᾱθην [ᾱ]: pf. κεκέρασαι and κέκᾱμαι: (κεράω):—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητῆρα κερᾶσθαι to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴσφ κεκραμένην a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemperare.

κεράω-ξός, ov, (κέρᾱς, ξέω) polishing born, working in born; esp. for bows.

κεράός, ἄ, ov, (κέρᾱς) borned. II. made of born. κερα-οὔχος, ov, (ἐξω) = κερ-οὔχος.

κέρᾱς, τό; gen. κέρᾱτος Ep. κέρᾱος Att. contr. κέρᾱς; dat. κέρᾱτι, κέρᾱι, κέρᾱ:—dual κέρᾱε; κέρᾱ, gen. and dat. κέρᾱον, κέρᾱν: plur. κέρᾱα, κέρᾱ; gen. κέρᾱων, κέρᾱν; dat. κέρᾱσι Ep. κέρᾱσι and κέρᾱεσσι:—Ion. declension κέρᾱς, κέρᾱος, κέρᾱι: (akin to κέρᾱ):—the born of an animal: hence born, as a material for working.

II. anything made of born; esp. a bow: later, a born for blowing: also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born.

III. a born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it.

IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape.

V. the wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρᾱς Att. ἐπὶ κέρᾱς, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast.

VI. the sail-yard of a ship.

VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κεράσσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κερᾶννυμι.

κεραστής, ov, ὁ, (κέρᾱς) borned.

κεραστός, ἡ, ov, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered.

κερασ-φόρος, ov, (κέρᾱς, φέρω) born-bearing.

κερατέα or -ία, ἡ, (κέρᾱς) the locust-tree: its fruit was κερᾱτίον.

κεράτινος, ἡ, ov, (κέρᾱς) of born, made of born.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρᾱς, a little born. II. the fruit of the κερατέα or locust-tree.

κερ-αῦλης, ov, ὁ, (κέρᾱς, αὔλω) a born-blower.

κεραίνεις, ov, (κεραυνός) thundering.

κεραύνιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (κεραυνός) of a thunder-bolt.

II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ἴσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ov, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ov, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) the lightener and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ov, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΤΝΟΨ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάτης, ἐς, (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνός, f. ὤσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΨ, Ep. Radic. form of κερᾶννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδᾱνα Ion. ἐκέρδᾱνα: fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρδᾱσα: (κέρδος):—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited.

2. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ov, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning: sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέο-φρων, ov, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded.

κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιτος, ἡ, ov, Sup. of κερδίων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty.

II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ov, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΠΑΟΣ, eos, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἡ, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, sbrewdness: dat. κερδοσύνης as Adv. cunningly, sbrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδῶος, α, ov, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέρᾱ, Ion. for κέρᾱα, κέρᾱτα, pl. of κέρᾱς.

κέρᾱω, Ion. for κερᾱῶ, fut. of κέρᾱι.

κερκίζω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the κερκίς. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum. 2. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἡ, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda.

κέρκυρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἡ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραῖκός, ἡ, ὡν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κέρπω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὔ, δ, a money-changer.

κερο-βάτης [ἄ], οὔ, δ, (κέρας, βαίνω) born-footed, born-boofed, epith. of Pan.

κερο-βόας, οὔ, ἡ, (κέρας, βόω) sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.

κερό-δετος, οὔ, (κέρας, δέω) bound with horn.

κερόεις, ὅσσα contr. οὔσα, οἶν, (κέρας) borned.

κερο-οίαξ, ἄκος, δ, (κέρας, οίαξ) a rope belonging to the sailyards; cf. κέρας vi.

κερο-τύπέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the horn; generally, to dash or knock about.

κερο-ουλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας, ἔλκω) drawing a bow of horn.

2. of the bow, drawn by the horns.

κερουτιάω, (κέρας) to toss the horns or head.

κερο-ουχis, ἴδος, fem. of sq.

κερο-ούχος, οὔ, (κέρας, ἔχω) having horns, horned.

κερο-φόρος, οὔ, (κέρας, φέρω) horned.

κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κείρω.

κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κείρω.

κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence

κερτόμησις, εὖς, ἡ, jeering, mockery.

κερτόμια, ἡ = κερτόμησις.

κερ-τόμος and κέρ-τομος, οὔ, (κέαρ, τέμνω) heart-cutting, stinging; κερτόμια ἔπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words.

II. mocking, delusive. κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχνω) a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.

κερχνήs, ἡδός, and κερχνήs, ἡδός, ἡ, collat. forms of κέρχνη.

ΚΕΨΧΝΩ, to make rough or hoarse.

II. intr. and in Pass. to be hoarse, of the voice.

κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.

κεράν, part. of κεράννυμι.

κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶ.

κῆs, v. sub κᾶs.

κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.

κεστόs, ἡ, ὄν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστόs ἱμάs of the girdle of Venus: hence

II. as Subst. κεστόs, δ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.

κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) a pickaxe.

II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.

κευθᾶνω, poet. for κεύθω.

κευθμα, ατος, τό, and κευθμός, δ, = κευθμών.

κευθμών, ὄνος, δ, (κεύθω) any secret place, hole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast.

2. of the nether world, the abyss.

3. = ἀδύτον, the inmost place, sanctuary.

κευθούσα, Dor. for κεύθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.

κεύθος, εὖs, τό, (κεύθα) = κευθμών: in pl., κεύθεα γάιης the depths of the earth.

ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἐκύθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκευθεν Ep. κε-κευθεν:—to cover up, bide, conceal, shroud:—Pass.

to lie bidden. 2. to keep bidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι to keep a thing concealed from one.

3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plqpf. ἐκεκευθεν

as impf., I concealed, contained.

II. intrans. to

be concealed, lie bidden.

κεφαλᾶ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλῆ.

κεφάλαιος, α, οὔ, (κεφαλῆ) of or belonging to the head: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, chief.

II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλῆ, the head, as κεφάλαιον ραφανίδος the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-sum.

2. a summary, the sum of the matter: ἐν κεφαλᾷ or ἐν κεφαλαίῳ εἰπεῖν to speak summarily.

3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence

κεφαλαιῶ, f. ὦσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily.

II. to smite on the head, slay. κεφαλαί-ωδης, εs, (κεφαλῆ, εἶδος) principal, capital.

κεφαλαίωμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαῖος) the sum total. κεφαλ-αλγής, εs, (κεφαλῆ, ἄλγος) causing pains in the head. Hence

κεφαλαλγία, ἡ, head-ache.

ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, the head, Lat. caput; ἐs πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆs from head to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλῇn head foremost.

2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλῆ, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, ὦ καὶ κεφαλαί.

3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλᾶs setting their beads on the cast; ἐis κεφαλῇn τρέπουτ' ἐμοί on my head be it!

II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall: in pl. the head or source of a river.

III. κεφαλῆ περίθετος a wig or head-dress.

IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion.

κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλῆ.

κεφαλῆs, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλῆ, a little head or bulb.

II. a head, chapter, division.

Κεφαλλην, ἦνος, δ, a Cephalenian:—hence Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, Cephalenia, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia.

κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.

κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχάνδοτα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.

κεχαργμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.

κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.

κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.

κεχάρησομαι, Ep. paulo-post fut. of χαίρω.

κεχάρητο, κεχάρηντο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρῳs, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.

κεχάρισμένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully.

κεχάριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.

κεχάρितωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαρίτω. Adv. κεχαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.

κεχάρωτο, Ep. for κεχάρντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.

κεχάρντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κέχηνα, pf. of χαίνω or χάσκω, to gaze. Hence Κεχηναῖοι, *ov*, *ol*, *Gazers*, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι.
κεχλάδως, pf. part. of χλάω: there is also an acc. pl. κεχλάδοντας, as if from κεχλάω, like κεκληγγοντας from κεκληγγάω.

κεχλίσανκα, pf. of χλίσανω.
κεχλίσως, pf. part. of χλίσω.
κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολόω.
κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολόω.
κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χρηματίζω.
κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράσμαι.
κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.

κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίζεσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω.
κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.
κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.
Κέως Ion. Κέος, Ceos, an island in the Archipelago.
κέωμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

κή, Ion. for πῆ (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πη.
κήαι, Ep. aor. I inf. καίω; but κῆαι, 3 sing. opt.
κηάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of καίω.
κηγῶ or κηγών, Dor. for κάγῶ, i. e. καί ἐγῶ.
κηδεῖα, ἡ, (κηδος) care for the dead: obsequies. II.

affinity, connexion by marriage.
κηδεῖος, *ov*, (κηδος) cared for, dear, beloved. 2. careful for. II. of or for a funeral, sepulchral.

κηδεμονεύς, *έως*, *δ*, (κηδέω) = κηδεμῶν.
κηδεμῶν, *όνος*, *δ*, (κηδέω) one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian. II. a relation by marriage, Lat. *affinis*.

κήδεος, *ov*, = κηδέος.
κήδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κηδῶ.
κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κηδῶ.
κηδεστής, *ov*, *δ*, (κηδος) a connexion by marriage, Lat. *affinis*: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law. Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, connexion by marriage, affinity.
κηδευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (κηδένω) alliance by marriage, affinity. 2. one who is so connected, a connexion, Lat. *affinis*.

κηδένω, *f*, *ω*, (κηδος) to take charge of, care for, tend. 2. to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one. II. to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied. 2. to make a person one's kinsman by marriage.

κηδήσω, fut. of κηδῶ (as if from κηδέω).
κηδιστός, *η*, *ov*, Sup. formed from κηδος, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved. II. most nearly allied by marriage.

κηδος Dor. κᾰδος, *εος*, *τό*, (κηδῶ) care, concern, regard for another. 2. trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral. 3. an object of care, a care. II. connexion by marriage, Lat. *affinitas*.

κηδόσυννος, *ov*, (κηδος) anxious.

ΚΗ'ΔΩ, *f*, κηδήσω, to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κεκαδήσομαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, *η*, *ov*, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα.

κηδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε.
κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of καίω.
κηθάριον, *τό*, a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.
ΚΗΚΙ'Σ, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink. Hence κηκίω, Ep. impf. κηκίον:—to gush or ooze forth: also in Med., αἱμὰς κηκιομένα ἐλκείων clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Υ Ep., ἱ Att.]

κήλεος or κηλεος, *ov*, (καίω) burning, blazing.
ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, *f*, ἡσώ, to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to bewindle, beguile, seduce.

ΚΗ'ΑΗ, ἡ, a rupture, Lat. *bernia*.
κηληθμός, *δ*, (κηλέω) rapture, fascination.
κηλημα, *ατος*, *τό*, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell.

κηλησις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming.
κηλητήριος, *ov*, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing.
κηλιδῶ, *f*, *ώσω*, (κηλίσ) to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, dishonour, disgrace.

ΚΗΛΙ'Σ, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace.
ΚΗ'ΑΟΝ, *τό*, the shaft of an arrow: an arrow.
κήλων, *ωνος*, *δ*, (κηλον) a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well.

κηλώνειον Ion. -ήϊον, *τό*, = κήλων.
κημαντόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμαντόν.
κημέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

ΚΗΜΟ'Σ, *δ*, a muzzle or halter, put on a led horse. 2. the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψῆφοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημῶ, *f*, *ώσω*, (κημός) to muzzle a horse.
κήν, Dor. for κᾰν, i. e. καὶ ἐν: but κῆν for καὶ ἄν.
κήνθε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦνθε (i. e. καὶ ἤλθε).
κήνος, Aeol. for κείνος, εκείνος.

κήνσος, *δ*, the Lat. *census*, an assessment: tribute.
ΚΗ'Ξ, κηκός, ἡ, a sea-gull, sea-mew.
κήμεν, Ep. for κῆμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of καίω.
κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.

κήπελ, κῆπειτα, Dor. for κάπελ, κάπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-.
κήπευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (κηπέω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower.
κηπέυς, *έως*, *τό*, (κηπος) a gardener.

κηπέω, *f*, *ω*, (κηπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster.
κήπί, Dor. for κᾰπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.
κηπίον, *τό*, Dim. of κηπος, a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament.

κηπο-λόγος, *ov*, (κηπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden.
ΚΗ'ΠΟΣ Dor. κᾰπος, *δ*, a garden, an orchard or plantation: also the enclosure for the Olympic games: *ol* Ἀδάμιδος κῆποι, cresses and other plants grown

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κήπος, οὖρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΡ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κήρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself.

II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΡ, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρότι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, ἡ) to harm, hurt, destroy.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted.

Κηρεσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Κήρες or fates.

κήρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κήριον, κλέπτω) stealer of bonecombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a bonecomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφης, ἐς, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρο-δέτος, ον, (κήρος, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἥσω, (κηρός, δέμω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κήρ) from the heart.

κηρότι, Adv. (κήρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-πάγης, ἐς, (κηρός, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

ΚΗΡΟ΄Σ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κήρος, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχυτόω, f. ἥσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χυτος, ον, (κήρίς, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κηρύγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρίσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρυκαίνα, ἡ, fem. of κήρυξ, a female herald.

κηρυκεία Ion. —ήτι, ἡ, (κήρυξ) the office of herald.

κηρυκεον Ion. —ήτιον, τό, a herald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [v] Properly neut. from

κηρυκεῖος, α, ον, (κήρυξ) of or for a herald. [v]

κηρύκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρυκεῖν, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεῖω) a herald's proclamation, public notice. [v]

κηρύκευω, f. σω, (κήρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρύκητι, —κήτιον, Ion. for —εία, —είον.

κήρυλος Att. κειρύλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the balcyon. [v]

κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a herald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκηπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥ΄ΣΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: pf. κεκήρυχα:—Pass., fut. κηρύσσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύσομαι in pass. sense: pf. κεκήρυγμα:—to be or act as herald: to make proclamation as a herald, summon, convene as herald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κήρώ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κήρώ) waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κήξ, Dor. for καί εἰς.

κήται, Ep. for κέται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτειος, α, ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters.

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, (κήτος) any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κήτος, *φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon.

κοίλη Λακεδαιμῶν κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as if = κατάδας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κηῦ, by crasis for καί εἰς.

κηῦξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (κήξ) a sea-gull.

κηφᾶ, Dor. by crasis for καί ἔφη.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφῆνες, οἱ, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κηφθα, Dor. by crasis for καί ἦφθ.

Κηφισός, ὁ, the Cephissus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίς. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ες, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [α]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κιβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κιβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κιβδηλος, ον, (κιβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβισις, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώτιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτός.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κιγκλίω, f. ἔσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΤΚΑΙ΄Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber; the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΑΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wag-tail.

κιγχάνω [α], Att. fr. —

κίδναμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. —η, also κίθαρις, ios, ἡ, Lat. *cithara*, a lyre, *barp* or *lute*, like the φόρμυξ or λύρα.

κίθαρ-αοιδός contr. —φδός, δ, (κίθαρα, δοιδός) one who plays and sings to the lyre or *barp*, a *barper*:—Sup. κίθαροιδότατος. [ᾶ]
 κίθαριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (κίθαρις) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμυξ and λύρα, so that the κίθαρα, λύρα, and φόρμυξ must have been nearly the same.

κίθαρις, ios, ἡ, acc. κίθαριν, = κίθαρα: also music, *barping*, *playing*.

κίθαριστής, οὐ, δ, (κίθαριζω) a player on the lyre or *barp*, a *barper*. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of κίθαριστής.

κίθαριστός, ύος, ἡ, (κίθαριζω) a playing the lyre or *barp*, the art of playing it.

κίθαροδικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for *barp*-playing. From

κίθαρ-φδός, δ, contr. for κίθαροιδός.

κίθων, ἄνος, δ, Ion. for χιτών.

κίκεῖν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἐκικον; see κίκω.

κίκι, τό, = κρόταν. II. the berry of the κρόταν, *castor-berry*.

ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, δ, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.

κικκάβαυ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, *toowhit*, *toowboo*.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, δ, the *shell*, *shell* of fruit, Lat. *ciccus*.

κικλησκω, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, *summon*, *invite*: to call on, *invoke*: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κιννάω.

ΚΙΚΤΣ, ἡ, strength, vigour.

*ΚΙΚΩ, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἐκικον, inf. κίκεῖν, and Dor. aor. I ἐκίφα, med. ἐκίζαμην:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικεῖν.)

Κιλίκιος, α, ον, *Cilician*. From

Κιλίξ, ύκος, δ, a *Cilician*. [Υ] Hence

Κιλίσσα, ης, ἡ, a *Cilician woman*. 2. as Adj., fem. of Κιλίκιος.

κιλλί-βας, αντος, δ, a *tristle*, *stand* or *support* for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλος, ass, *baivw*: so Germ. *esel*, our *easel* and *horse*.) [Υ]

ΚΙΛΛΟΣ, δ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμῆριοι, οί, the *Cimmerians*, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Maeotis.

Κίμωλα (γη), ἡ, *Cimolian earth*, a kind of white clay, like *fuller's earth*, from Cimōlus in the Cyclades.

ΚΙΝΑΪΒΡΑ, ἡ, the rank smell of a goat. Hence κίναιβράω, to smell like a goat.

κινάδος, εος, τό: vocat. κινάδε, as if it were masc.:—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κινάθισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling. (From κινάθ(ι)ω, = κινέω.) [Υᾶ]

κιν-ἄχυρα, ἡ, (κινέω, ἄχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνεμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδυνεύειν, verb. Adj. one must venture; and κινδυνεύτης, οὐ, δ, an adventurous person:—from κινδυνέω, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, *bazard*.

2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδυνεύμα to venture the risk.

II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὗτοι γόητες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύει as impers. it seems to be, is likely:—Pass. to be *bazarded*, exposed to danger. From

ΚΙΝΔΥΝΟΣ, δ, a danger, risk, *bazard*, venture, Lat. *periculum*: an experiment, trial; κινδυνον ποιεῖν, Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.

κινεῖ, Dor. for κινεῖ, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω.

κινέω, f. ἤσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set a-going, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke.

4. κινεῖν πᾶν χρέμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.

med. κινήσομαι and pass. κινήθησομαι, aor. I ἐκινήθην: to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κινήμιος, δ, = κίνησις, motion.

κίνησις, εως, ἡ, (κινέω) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κί]

κινήτηρ, ἥρος, δ, = κινήτης. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, οὐ, δ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κινήτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κιννγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or hovering body, a phantom. [Υ]

κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κινύμι), = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [Υ]

κινυντο, Ep. for κέινυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κινύμι.

κινύρομαι [Υ], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινοὶ κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clasp murderously. From

κινύρός, α, ὄν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound.)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, οὐς, ἡ, Dor. for κίνησις.

κινό-κράνον, τό, = κινονόκρανον.

κίονεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, 1 pl. subj. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for κέκον, impf. of κίω.

κινονό-κράνον, τό, (κίω, κρανίον) the capital of a column.

κίσσι, dat. pl. of κίον, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ἡ, *Circé*, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odys. lib. 10, Hor. Epist. 1. 2, 23.

κικη-ήλατος, *ov*, (κίρκος, ἐλαύνω) *chased by a hawk*.
ΚΙΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κίρκος. Hence

κικρῶς, *f* ὥσω, *to hoop in, secure by rings*.
κικρνάω and -ήμι, poet. forms of κεράννυμι, *to mix wine with water*:—from κικρνάω comes 3 sing. pres. κικρνᾷ, 3 sing. impf. ἐκικρνα: from κικρνήμι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. κικρνη, part. κικρνάς.

ΚΙΨ, *δ*, gen. κίως, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, Lat. curculio.

κίστηρις, *ews*, *ή*, (κίς) the pumice-stone, Lat. pumex.

ΚΙΣΣΑ΄ Att. κίττα, *ή*, a chattering bird, the jay. II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίξω Att. κίτταβίξω, *f* ἴσω, *to scream like a jay*.
κισσάω Att. κίττάω, *f* ἴσω, (κίσσα II) *to crave for strange food*: generally, *to long or yearn after*.

κισσῆρης, *es*, (κισσός) *ivy-clad*.

κίσσηρις, *ews*, *ή*, = κίσσηρις, *q*. v.

κισσίνος, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) *of ivy*.

κισσο-δέτης, *ov*, *δ*, Dor. -δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) *bound or crowned with ivy*.

κισσο-κόμης, *ov*, *δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) *ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy*.

ΚΙΣΣΟ΄S Att. κίττός, *δ*, *ivy*, Lat. bedera.

κισσο-στέφανος, *ov*, and κισσο-στεφής, *es*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) *ivy-wreathed*.

κισσοφορέω Att. κίττ-, *to be decked with ivy*. From κισσο-φόρος, *ov*, (κισσός, φέρω) *wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy*.

κισσῶω Att. κίττ-, *f* ὥσω, (κισσός) *to deck with ivy*.

κισσύβιον [ῥ], τό, (κισσός) *a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it*.

κισσωτός, *ή*, *δν*, (κισσός) *decked with ivy*.

ΚΙΨΤΗ, *ή*, a box, chest, Lat. cista.

κιστίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕ΄A or κιντρία, *ή*, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, *η*, *ov*, (κίτρον) *of citron*.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κίτρεα, citron.

κίττα, κίτταβίξω, κίττάω, Att. for κισσ-.

κίττός, *δ*, Att. for κισσ-.

κικάνω [α], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κικάνειν, and Med. κικάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κίχημι;—Ep. subj. κικείω, opt. κικείην, inf. κικῆναι Ep. κικήμεναι, part. κικείς and Med. κικήμενος: so impf. ἐκίχην, 2 sing. ἐκίχεις (as if from κικέω); 1 pl. κίχημεν, 3 dual κικήτην: fut. κικήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκίχον Ep. κίχον, part. κικών: aor. 1 med. ἐκίχησάμην: Att. κικγάνω [α], *q*. v.:—*to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at*.

κικείην, opt. of κικάνω.

κικείς, pres. part. of κίχημι, = κικάνω.

κικέομεν, Ep. for κικώμεν, Ep. 1 pl. subj. of κίχημι.

κικήλα, *ή*, Dor. for κίχλη.

κικήμεναι, κικήμενος, v. sub κικάνω.

*κίχημι, v. sub κικάνω.

κικήσομαι, fut. of κικάνω.

κίχον, aor. 2 of κικάνω.

ΚΙΨΑΔΗ, *ή*, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. turdus.

κικλίζω, *f* ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to titter, giggle*, formed like καγχάζω from the sound. II. (κίχλη) *to eat*

κίχλαι, *to live daintily*.

κικλίσδοντι, Dor. for κικλίζουσι, 3 pl. of κικλίζω.

κικλισμός, *δ*, (κικλίζω) *a tittering, giggling*. II. (κίχλη) *dainty living*.

κίχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. 1 ἐχρησα: (see χράω c. n):—*to lend*. II. Mod. κίχρμαι, fut. χρήσομαι:

aor. 1 ἐχρησάμην:—*to have lent to one, to borrow*.

*ΚΙΨ, *to go*, pres. not used in indicat.; subj. κίω, Ep. 1 pl. κίομεν; opt. κίοιμι, part. κίον, κίουσα: impf. ἐκίον Ep. κίον:—*to go: of ships, to sail*.

ΚΙΨΝ, *ov*, *δ* and *ή*, a pillar, column. II. = στήλη, a gravestone, Lat. cippus. [ῥ]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, *to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech*.

κλαγγεύντι, Dor. for κλαγγοῦσι, 3 pl. of

κλαγγέω, = κλάζω, of hounds, *to give tongue*.

κλαγγή, *ή*, (κλάζω) *any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine*. Hence

κλαγγηδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, din.

κλαγρός, *ά*, *δν*, (κλάζω) *screaming, screeching*.

κλάγξας, aor. 1 part. of κλάζω.

κλάδᾱρός, *ά*, *δν*, (κλάω) *broken, fragile, brittle*.

κλάδας, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος.

κλάδας, Dor. for κλειδας, acc. pl. of κλείς.

κλαδί, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς.

κλαδίον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαδίσκος, *δ*, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδος, *ov*, *δ*, (κλάω) *a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants*.

ΚΛΑΪΨΩ, *f* κλάγξω: aor. 1 ἐκλαγξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἐκλάγον, inf. κλαγεῖν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγχα and κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, ὅτος, also κεκλήγων, οντος (as if from a new pres. κεκλήγω):—Pass., paulo-p. fut. κεκλαγξομαι:—*to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clasp, clang, rattle; of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay; of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, halloo, sbriek forth, cry out*.

κλαίσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαίω.

κλαῖς, gen. κλαῖδος, *ή*, Dor. for κληῖς, κλείς, Lat. clavis

κλαίστρον, Dor. for κλειστρον, κλειδρον.

ΚΛΑΪΨΩ Att. κλάω [α]: *f* κλαύσομαι Dor. κλαν-
σοῦμαι: also κλαήσω Att. κλάῃσω: aor. 1 ἐκλαυσα
Ep. κλαῦσα:—Pass., paulo-p. fut. κεκλαύσομαι: pf.
έκκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμαι:—*to weep, lament, wail*:
hence Att. phrase, κλαύσομαι *be shall weep*, i. e. *be*
shall repent it, have said so. i. e. *so, κλαίων at*

your peril, to your sorrow; κλάειν σε λέγω, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*. II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also

κεκλαυμένος *bathe in tears, weeping*.

κλάξ, ἄκος, ἡ, Dor. for κλεία, a key.

κλαξῶ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλαπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλᾶρος) *apportioning by lot*. [ᾶ]

κλᾶρος, κλᾶρώ, κλαρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσε, Ep. for ἐκλάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.

κλασσι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) *clod-breaking*.

κλάσις, εως, ἡ, (κλάω) *a breaking*. [ᾶ]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) *that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel*.

κλάσσε, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med. of κλάω.

κλαστάξω, f. ἄσω, (κλάω) *to prune a vine*, Lat. *raminare*: metaph. *to bring down, humble*.

κλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλάω) *broken in pieces*.

κλασῶ, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), *a weeping, wailing*. Hence

κλαυθυρίζω, f. σω, *to make to weep*. Hence

κλαυθυρισμός, ὁ, *a crying like a child*.

κλαῦμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) *a weeping, wailing*. II. *a trouble, misfortune*.

κλαυδάρα, by crasis for κλαύσει ἄρα. [σᾶ]

κλαύσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω.

κλαυσίω, (κλαύσις) *to wish to weep*; τὸ θύριον φεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσίᾳ the door is like to weep, i. e. *shall suffer, for creaking without cause*.

κλαυσσι-γέλως, ατος, and ω, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλως) *smiles and tears*. [ξ]

κλαυσί-μᾶχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) *parody on the name of Lamachus, Rue-the-fight*.

κλαύσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι.

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλαίω) *weep, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful*.

ΚΛΑΨ: f. κλάσω [ᾶ]; aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλημι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to weaken, enervate.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κᾶω for καίω. [ᾶ]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κλειδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεία, contr. of κλέα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδοῦχος Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδοῦχῃ θεᾷ to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλειδο-οὔχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) *holding the keys, having charge or custody of*: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείω, f. κλείσω Dor. for κληίω.

κλείθρον Att. κληθρόν Ion. κληθρόν, τό, (κλείω) *a bolt or bar for closing a door*.

κλανός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλέος) *famous, renowned, illustrious*.

κλειῖται, aor. I inf. of κλείω, Dor. for κληίω.

κλείς, ἡ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl.

nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς,

gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα: old Att. κληίς, gen. κλη-

δός, acc. κληδα:—a thing to close the door with: I.

a key, by which the bolt (ὄχεις) was shot or unshot

from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was

made fast to the handle (κορώνη). 2. a bar or

bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. 3.

metaph. of silence, κληίς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ a key on the

tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down;

κλήδας ἔχειν, like κληδοῦχῃν, to watch, have the

charge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.

the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληίς ἀπὸ ἑργεῖ αἰχένα

τε στήθος τε locks the neck and breast together. IV.

a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass,

such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as,

Κλείδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληίστός, ἡ, ὄν,

to be shut or closed.

κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.

κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλείω B), renowned, famous: of

things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΙΩ (A); f. κλείσω: aor. I ἐκλείσα:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—

Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω: f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκλήισα

Ep. κληίσα:—old Att. κληίω, f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκ-

λησα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat.

CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to con-

fine:—Pass. to be shut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλεώ, οὗς, ἡ, (κλέος) *Clio, the Celebrator, the Muse*

of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπω) *a thing stolen: a*

theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα,

κλεία for κλέα:—a rumour, report, common fame,

news; σὺν κλέος news of thee:—a mere report, opp.

to certainty; ἡμῖν δὲ κλέος οὐκ ἀκούομεν, οὐδέ τι

ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not any-

thing. II. good report, fame, glory: also repute,

whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν αἰδεῖν

to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρεσθᾶς

to win honour.

κλέπτω, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κλέπω, one must withhold;

κλεπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπω.

κλεπτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and κλεπτής, ον, ὁ, (κλέπω) a

thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, ἡ, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέ-

πτης the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἡ, thieviness, knavery. From

ΚΛΕ΄ΠΤΩ: f. ψω, or med. κλέβομαι: aor. I ἐκ-

λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [ᾱ], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. κέκλεμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπων, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a thief's look.

II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*. III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*.

IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it secretly.

κλεψίφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλεψίχωλος, ον, (κλέπτω, χωλός) *disguising lameness*. [Υ]

κλεψύδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ Ep. κλείω (κλέος) = κλήζω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κλήδες, Att. for κλείδες, nom. pl. of κλής.

κλήδην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών) a *sign or omen*.

κληδ-οὔχῳ, κληδ-οὔχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληδών and κληγδών: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report*: reputation, glory. III. a *calling, invocation*.

κλήζω (A), f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκλήσα: pf. pass. κέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληῖζω Dor. κλειῖζω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κλήζω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to shut*.

κληγδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΨΘΡΑ Ion. κλήθηρη, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κληθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κληθρον, = κλειθρον.

κληιδεοσι, Ep. for κληῖσι, dat. pl. of κληῖς.

κληῖζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλήζω.

κληῖθρον, τό, Ion. for κληθρον, κλειθρον.

κληῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλείς.

κληῖσα, Ep. aor. I of κληῖω, κλείω.

κληῖστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κληῖω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palmes*. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κλημαῖτις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κληρος, a *small portion*.

κληρονομέω, f. ἴσω, (κληρονομος) *to obtain a portion or lot*: *to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, *an inheritance*: and κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομέω) *an inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κληρος, νέμωμαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὁ, *an inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πάλλης, ἐς, (κληρος, πάλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κληρος Dor. κλᾶρος, ον, ὁ, a *lot*: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. *an allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*. III. *the clergy*, as opp. to the laity.

κληρουχέω, fut. ἴσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*. 2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) *of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land*.

κληρ-οὔχος, ον, (κληρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. *of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens*: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, a *portion-bolder*. 2. metaph., πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years*, i.e. advanced in years.

κληρώω, f. ὠσω, (κληρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληρούσθαι δούλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κληρώσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώω) *appointed by lot*.

κληρ, κληδός, old Att. for κλεῖς, κλειδός.

κληῖσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling*: a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence an *indictment, impeachment*. 2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*. 3. a *name, appellation*.

κληῖσις, εως, ἡ, (κλήω = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κληῖσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω:—also of κληῖζω.

κληῖτω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*. II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. *a witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*: *called out, chosen*.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβάνιτης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [Υ], τό, (κλίνω) *an inclination, slope*. II. *a region or zone of the earth, clime*: *climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλίμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning ascent: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *an instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.* III. in Soph. Trach., κλίμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grappings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a *climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abitu evasit erupit.*

κλίναν, Ep. for ἐκκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [Γ]

κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ἐς, (κλίνη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινῆθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινό-πετής, ἐς, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλινό-χαρής, ἐς, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [Γ]: fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλικα:

—Med., aor. I ἐκκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκκλινθήν and ἐκκλίσθην [Γ], aor. 2 ἐκκλινῆν [Γ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—*to make slope or slant, incline.* 2. *to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against.* 3. *to turn aside; ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the eyes.*

4. *to make recline or sit down, esp. at meat.*

II. Pass. *to be bent: to bend aside, swerve.* 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing.* 3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.*

4. *of Places, to be sloping: λίμνη κεκλιμένη sloping towards the lake.* 5. *to wander from the right course.*

III. Med. *to decline, verge:* so later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines; κλίνειν ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον *to fall away for the worse.*

κλισία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down: a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλισία, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλισίαί formed a camp.* II. *a couch, bed.* III. *a company of people sitting at meals.*

κλισιάδες, αὐ, αἱ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance.* Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from κλείω *to shut.*

κλιστήθην, Adv. (κλισία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλιστήνδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλίσσον, τό, (κλισία) *the outbuildings round a herdsman's lodge.*

κλίσυς, ὤς, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II. *a lying down, reclining.* [Υ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, *a climate.* [Υ]

κλίτύς, ὤς, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping place, slope, lat-side, Lat. clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω):—*a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.*

κλονέω, f. ἦσω, (κλίνω) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, *the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.*

κλοπαῖος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπεύς, ὤς, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. *a stealthy act, fraud; ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.*

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοτοπεύω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.*

κλύδων, αὐός, ὁ, (κλύω) *a wave, billow, surge.* II.

metaph., κλύδων κακῶν *a flood of ills.* Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. *to be tossed by the waves.*

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, *a little wave, ripple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον: fut. κλύσω [Υ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυσμα:

—*to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ἡμόνος the waves dashed, broke against the shore.* II. *to wash off or away: to wash out.*

2. κισύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ *a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.*

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, *famous.* [Υ]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύω) *a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or drench.* II. *the part washed by the waves, the beach.*

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύτό-δενδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλύτο-εργός, ον, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλύτο-καρπός, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with fruit.*

κλύτο-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλύτο-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλύτο-νοός, ον, contr. -νοὺς, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος) *famous for wisdom.*

κλύτο-παῖς, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous children.*

κλύτο-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλύτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (κλύω) *beard of, to be beard of, famous, glorious, renowned.* 2. *of things, glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.*

κλύτο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for art, renowned artist.*

κλύτο-τόξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow, renowned archer.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and pl. (as if from κλύω), κλύθι, κλύτε, Ep. redupl. κέκλυθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to, hearken to: but also c. gen. to obey.* 3. *to bear, learn by bearing, ascertain.*

4. *generally, to per-*

ceive, II. *to bear oneself called, be called so and so*, like ἀκούω, Lat. *audio*; κακῶς κλύειν *to be ill spoken of*.

ΚΛΩΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a cage, bird-cage*.

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώω) *the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse*.

ΚΛΩΖΩ, f. κλώω, *to croak, have a hoarse note*, properly of jackdaws.

ΚΛΩΘΩ, fut. κλώσω, *to twist, spin*, esp. of the goddesses of fate. Hence

Κλωθώ, οὗς, ἡ, Lat. *Klotho*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμάκοις, εσσα, εν, *stony, rocky, rugged*. From

ΚΛΩΜΑΣ or κρώμας, ἄκος, os, *a heap of stones*.

κλών, gen. κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, *a young shoot, sprout, twig*, Lat. *surgulus*.

κλωνίον, Dim. of κλών.

κλωφός, Att. for κλοιός.

κλωπεύω, f. σω, = κλοπεύω, *to steal*.

κλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώψ) *thievish, furtive*.

κλωπο-πάτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (κλώψ, πατήρ) *of a thievish or unkindly father*. [ᾶ]

κλωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλώω) *a thread, yarn, line*.

κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώω) *spun, twisted*.

κλώψ, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπω) *a thief*, Lat. *fur*.

κνάλω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

κνάκων, ανος, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, *the goat*: see κνηκός.

κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κνᾶμός, Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπω, old Att. for γνάμπω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω: f. ψω: (κνάω) *to scratch*: esp. *to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth*, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used. II. metaph. *to mangle, tear, lacerate*.

κνάσαιω, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω.

κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κνᾶφεῖον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (κνάπτω) *a fuller's shop*.

κνᾶφεύς or γναφεύς, εως, ὁ, Lat. *fullo*, *a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner*.

κνᾶφεύω, f. σω, (κναφεύς) *to full or card cloth*.

κνᾶφήϊον, Ion. for κναφεῖον.

κνάφος, ὁ, (κνάω) *the prickly teasel*, Lat. *spina fulonica*, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also *a carding-comb*; also used as an instrument of torture.

ΚΝΑΨΩ, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνῆς, κνῆ, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. ἐκνη Ep. κνῆ (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I ἐκνησα:—*to scrape or grate*, Lat. *radere*: *to scrape off*: metaph. *to wear down, scrape away*:—Med., κνᾶσθαι τὰ ὦτα *to tickle one's ears*.

κνεφάζω, f. ἄσω, (κνέφας) *to cloud over*.

κνεφαῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κνέφας) *dark, gloomy, murky*.

2. *in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak*.

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα poet. κνέφει: (νέφος) *darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn*, Lat. *diluculum*.

κνῆ, Ep. for ἐκνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) *to scratch*.

II. *to*

tickle:—Pass. *to itch*.

κνηκίας, ον, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.

ΚΝΗΚΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *cnecus* or *cnicus*, a plant of the *tribble* kind.

κνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κνᾶκός, ἄ, ὄν, (κνήκος) *pale yellow, whitish yellow*, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.

κνήμη-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) *white-legged*.

ΚΝΗΜΗ, ἡ, *the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg*, Lat. *tibia*.

κνημῖδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) *wearing greaves to protect the leg*.

κνημῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) *a greave, leg-armour*, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημίδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφύρια); but βόειαι κνημίδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.

κνημός, ὁ, (κνήμη) *the slope or shoulder of a mountain*; as it were *the leg*, opp. to πούς (the foot).

κνησιῶω, f. ἄσω, Desiderat. of κνάω, *to wish to scratch, to itch*.

κνήσμα, τό, (κνάω) *an itching*.

κνησμονή, ἡ, = κνήσμα.

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνάω) *a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater*.

κνίδη, ἡ, (κνίζω) *a nettle*, Lat. *urtica*. [ῖ]

Κνίδιος, α, ον, *Cnidian, of or from Cnidos*. From Κνίδος, ἡ, *Cnidus*.

κνίδη, ης, ἡ, = κνίδη. From

κνίζω: f. κνίσω: aor. I ἐκνισα Dor. ἐκνίξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—*to scrape or grate, rasp*.

II. *to make to itch*: hence metaph. *to nettle, tease, chafe, vex*:—Pass. *to be teased, chafed, fretted*.

κνίπός, ὄν, (κνίζω) *scraping, niggardly, miserly*.

ΚΝΙΣΑ Ep. κνίσση, ης, ἡ, Lat. *nidor*, *the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice*. II. *the fat-caul*, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: *the fat itself*. Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισαίεις.

κνισάνει, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάεις.

κνισάω, f. ἦσω, (κνίσα) *to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice*. II. intr. *to raise the steam of sacrifice*.

κνισῶω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισαίης Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) *full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming*.

κνίσμα, τό, (κνίζω) *that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping*.

κνισμός, ὁ, (κνίζω) *an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting*.

κνισο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, (κνίσα, διώκω) *hunting after the smell of roast meat*, name of a mouse.

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα, κνισαίεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισάω) *steaming with burnt sacrifice*.

κνίψ, ὁ, also ἡ, gen. κνίπης, pl. κνίζω) a kind of *emmet*, which gnaws figs.

κνύζω, contr. for κνύζω.

κνύζομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to *wbine*, *wbimper*, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνύζηθμός, ὁ, a *wbining*, *wbimpering*.

κνύζημα, τό, = κνύζηθμός.

κνύζω, f. ὥσω, to *disfigure*, *make dim and dark*.

κνύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: (κνάω) to *scratch* or *touch gently*.

κνώδαλον, τό, any *dangerous animal*, a *monster*, *beast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδούς) a *sword*: pl. κνώδοντες, *two projecting teeth* on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφους διπλοὶ κνώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.

ΚΝΩΨΩ, only used in pres. to *nod*, *slumber*, *sleep*.

κοάλεμος, ὁ, a *stupid fellow*, *booby*. [ᾱ]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκέξ κοάξ κοάξ.

κοάω, v. κέω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a *knavisb trick*. From

κοβαλίκευω, to *play the knave*. From

κόβαλος, ὁ, an *impudent rogue*, an *arrant knave*: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, *knavisb tricks*, *rogueries*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a *muscle* or *cockle*, Lat. *concha*: also a *muscle-shell*. II. *the case round a seal* attached to documents: (hence ἀνακογχυλιάω), to *unseal*).

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἡ, = κόγχη, a *muscle* or *cockle*.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, ὁ, a *shelly marble*. [ᾱ]

κογχυλίον, τό, (κογχύλη) a *muscle* or *cockle*: also

its *shell*, generally, a *bivalve-shell*. [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ου, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an *as*, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

ΚΟΕΨ or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, to *mark*, *perceive*, *hear*, *observe*.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. *cotburnus*, a *buskin* or *high boot*, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2.

the *κόθορνος* was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the *soccus* of Comedy.

3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, ὁ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a *trimmer* or *time-server* in politics.

κόθουρος, ου, = κόλουρος, *without a sting*.

ΚΟΨ, sound to express *the grunting* of young pigs. κοΐζω, f. ἴσω, (κοΐ) to *grunt like a young pig*.

κοΐη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. *how?* in *what manner?* in *what respect?*

κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνω: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλήναι, Att. ἐκοιλᾶνα, inf. κοιλᾶναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοῖλος):—to *make hollow*, *scoop*, *borrow out*.

κοίλη, ἡ, a *borrow*, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a *δήμος* or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (κοῖλος) *the borrow of the belly*,

the belly, Lat. *venter*.

2. *the contents of the belly*,

the bowels: *tripe*: *black-puddings*.

κοιλιο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (κοιλία, πωλέω) a *tripe* or

black-pudding seller.

κοιλο-γαστήρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) *bollow-bellied*: hence *hungry*, *ravenous*.

κοιλδ-πεδος, ου, (κοῖλος, πέδον) *lying in a bollow*.

ΚΟΙΛΩΣ, η, ου, *bollow*, *bollowed*; κοῖλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς or κοίλη alone was *the bollow* or *bold* of the ship: of Places, *lying in a bollow* or *vale*: of a road, *cut deep*, *overhung*: κοῖλον, τό, a *bollow place*, *bollow*, *recess*; κοῖλος χρυσός *gold made into bollow vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-ὀφθαλμος, ου, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) *bollow-eyed*.

κοιλο-χείλης, ἐς, (κοῖλος, χεῖλος) *bollow to the rim*.

κοιλῶ, f. ὥσω, (κοῖλος) to *make bollow*.

κοιλ-ώδης, ἐς, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) *bollow-looking*.

κοιλῶμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλῶ) a *bollow*.

κοιλ-ᾠνῆς, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) *bollow-boofed*.

κοιλ-ώπης, ου, ὁ, fem. κοιλῶπις, ἰδος, = κοιλῶπός.

κοιλ-ωπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὦψ) *bollow-looking*.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἤσω, (κεῖμαι) to *lull to sleep*, *put to sleep*, *put to bed*.

2. generally, to *lull*; still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage. II. Med. and

Pass., fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμήσασθην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην:—to *fall asleep*, *go to bed*: of animals, to *lie down*; κοιμήσατο χάλκειον ὕπνον *he slept a brassen sleep*, i. e. the *sleep of death*.

2. to *sleep the sleep of death*, *be fallen asleep*.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep*; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα *intercourse of the mother with her own son*.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, ἐως, ἡ, (κοιμάω) a *sleeping*: also 2. *rest*, *repose*.

κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = κοιμάω, to *put to sleep*:—to *lay asleep*, of the *sleep of death*.

2. generally, to *lay to rest*, to *quench*; to *appease*, *assuage*. Hence

κοιμιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one *putting to sleep*.

κοινάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινάν, κοινανός.

κοινᾶνέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινᾶσσομαι, fut. of κοινῶ.

κοινῶσαντες, Dor. for κοινῶσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινῶ.

κοινή, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., in *common*, by *common consent*. 2. *publicly*.

κοινο-βουλῆω, (κοινός, βουλή) to *deliberate in common*.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) *community of altars*, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.

κοινδ-λείκτρος, ου, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed*, a *bedfellow*, *consort*.

κοινο-λεχτής, ἐς, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed*, a *paramour*.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. *ἐκονοιογησάμην* and pass. *-ήθην*: pf. *κεκοινολόγημαι*: (*κοινός*, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, *ον*, contr. *-πλους*, *ον*, (*κοινός*, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, *ο*, *ή*, *πον*, τό, gen. *πόδος*, (*κοινός*, πούς) with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΨ, *ή*, *όν*, also *ός*, *όν*, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθὸν the common weal.

2. τὸ κοινὸν the state, Lat. *res publica*; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινού by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible.

2. of common origin, kindred.

IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινότης, *ητος*, *ή*, a sharing in common, fellowship.

II. *affability*.

κοινό-τοκος, *ον*, (*κοινός*, τεκεῖν) born of common parents.

κοινο-φιλής, *ές*, (*κοινός*, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινό-φρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*κοινός*, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινόω, *φ*, ὥσω: Dor. fut. *κοινάσομαι*, aor. I *ἐκοινάσα*: (*κοινός*):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in.

2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or unclean.

II. Med. to communicate, like the Act.

2. take counsel, consult.

3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to bold communion, have intercourse with.

κοινών, ὄνος, Dor. *κοινῶν*, ἄνος, *ο*, = *κοινωνός*.

κοινωνέω, *φ*, ἡσώ, (*κοινωνός*) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; *κοινωνεῖν τι* to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνήμα, ματος, τό, a communication: and

κοινωνία, *ή*, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, *ή*, *όν*, communicative, social. From

κοινωνός, *ο*, also *ή*, (*κοινός*) a companion, partner, fellow, associate.

II. as Adj. = *κοινός*.

κοινώς, Adv. of *κοινός*, in common, jointly: by common consent.

2. publicly.

κοῖος, *η*, *ον*, Ion. for ποῖος, *α*, *ον*.

κοιρανέω, *φ*, ἡσώ, (*κοίρανος*) to be lord or master, to rule, command.

2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. *-ία*, *ή*, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, *ον*, *ο*, = *κοίρανος*.

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, *ο*, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοισυρόομαι, Pass. (*Κοισύρα*) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάζω, (*κοίτη*), to put to bed: Med., with Dor.

aor. I *κοιταζάμην*, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, *α*, *ον*, (*κοίτη*) lying in bed, abed, asleep.

2. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, *ή*, (*κείμεναι*) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; *κοίτην* ἔχειν to be pregnant;

κοῖται in pl. lewdness.

2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. *sleep*, the act of going to bed; τῆς κοιτῆς ὥρη bed-time.

κοῖτος, *ο*, = *κοίτη*.

2. a going to bed: *sleeping*, *sleep*. Hence

κοιτῶν, ὄνος, *ο*, = (*κοίτη*) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, *η*, *ον*, scarlet, Lat. *coccineus*. From

ΚΟΚΚΟΣ, *ή*, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-berry used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo: hence a cry or call to a person; *κόκκυ*, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκύζω Dor. *κοκκύσσω*: *φ*, ὥσω: pf. *κεκόκκυκα*;

(*κόκκυξ*):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow.

II. to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυξ, ὄγος, *ο*, (*κόκκυ*) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσσω, Dor. for *κοκκύζω*.

κόκκων, ἄνος, *ο*, (*κόκκος*) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκύαι, *οἱ*, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of *κολάζω*.

κολάζω *φ*, *κόλασσω*: aor. I *ἐκόλασα*: also in Med., fut. *κολάσομαι*, Att. contr. *κολᾶμαι*, *κολᾶ*: aor. I *ἐκόλασάμην*:—Pass., fut. *κολασθήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐκόλασθην*: pf. *κεκόλασμαι*: (*κόλος*, akin to *κολούω*):—to prune, retrench: metaph. to bold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass. to be punished.

Κολαινίς, ἴδος, *ή*, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεια, *ή*, (*κολακεύω*) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶκευμα, τό, (*κολακεύω*) a piece of flattery. [δ]

κολᾶκευτός, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. of *κολακεύω*, to be flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*κολακεύω*) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκεύω, *φ*, ἡσώ, (*κόλαξ*) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass. to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ώνυμος, *ο*, (*κόλαξ*, ὄνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonyms.

ΚΟΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, *ο*, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ἦρος, *ο*, a chisel, graver. From

ΚΟΛΑΤΙΤΩ, *φ*, ψω, to bew, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κόλασσις, *εως*, *ή*, (*κόλαζω*) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (*κόλαζω*) chastisement, punishment.

κόλαστέρα, *ή*, fem. of *κολαστήρ*.

κολαστήριος, *ον*, (*κολαστήρ*) fit for punishing.

II. as Subst., *κολαστήριον*, τό, a prison.

2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, *ο*, = *κολαστής*.

κολαστής, *οὔ*, *ο*, (*κόλαζω*) a chastiser, punisher.

κολαστρία, *ή*, fem. of *κολαστήρ*.

κολᾶφίζω, *φ*, ἰσώ Att. *ῶ*, (*κόλαφος*) to give one a box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, *ο*, (*κολᾶπτω*) a box on the ear, cuff.

κόλεον Ion. *κουλέον*, τό, = *κολεός*, a sheath.

κολεός, *ο*, or *κόλεον*, τό, *κουλέον*, τό, (*κοῖλος*) a sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, *φ*, ἡσώ, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. *κόλλη*, *ης*, *ή*, *γίω*, Lat. *gluten*.

κόλλαβος, ὁ, = κόλλωφ.

cake, named from its shape.

κολλάω, f. ἤσω, (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld.

II. to join together, unite:—Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to.

κολληῖς, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) glued together, close-joined.

κόλλησις, εως, ἡ, (κολλάω) a gluing, cementing: κόλλησις σιδήρου a welding of iron.

κολλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολλάω) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.

κολλικο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλιξ, φάγειν) roll-eating.

ΚΟ'ΑΛΙΞ, ἰκος, ὁ, a long roll of coarse bread.

ΚΟ'ΛΛΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλωπα ὄργην ἀνεῖναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλυβιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) a money-changer.

ΚΟ'ΔΑΥΤΒΟΣ, ὁ, a small coin. 2. in plur., κόλ-λυβα, τά, small round cakes. [ῥ]

κολλύρα, ἡ, = κόλλιξ. [ῥ]

κολλύριον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, eye-salve, Lat. collyrium, so called because it was made up in small cakes. [ῥ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κόλος) docked, curtailed, Lat. curtus: of animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated. Hence

κολοβώω, f. ὥσω, to dock, curtail, shorten

κοιοι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (κοιοίος, ἀρχω) a leader of jack-daws, a jackdaw-general.

κοιοιάω, f. ὥσω, (κοιοίος) to scream like a jackdaw.

κοιοίος, ὁ, a jackdaw, Lat. graculus: proverb., κοιοίος ποτὶ κοιοῖον = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκάστια, ἡ, or κολοκάσιον, τό, the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) a large heavy wave before it breaks, the heavy swell before a storm.

κολοκύνθη or -κύντη, ης, ἡ, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. cucurbita. Hence

κολοκυνθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, food prepared from pumpkins.

κολοκύνθινος, η, ον, made from pumpkins.

κόλον, τό, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From ΚΟ'ΛΟΣ, ον, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. curtus; κόλον ὀδῶν a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., bornless, short-borned.

κολοσσός, ὁ, a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσυρτός, ὁ, a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar.

κολοῦω, f. ὠω, a. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκο-λούθη and -οῦσθην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -οσμαι: (κόλος):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσηγὼν κολουεῖν to cut short a word in the middle, Lat. praecidere, i.e. leave it unfinished; δῶρα κολουεῖν to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like κόλλω, to check, restrain, put down.

κολοφών, ὡνος, ὁ, a top, finishing, end.

II. a kind of wheaten

κολπίας, ον, ὁ, (κόλπος) swelling in folds.

ΚΟ'ΑΠΟΣ, ὁ, the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb. II. the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket. III. any

lap or hollow; θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδύναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves. 2. a bay or creek of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. sinus. Hence

κολπώω, f. ὥσω, to form into a lap or fold: to make a sail belly or swell.

κολπ-ώδης, ες, (κόλπος, εἶδος) embosomed, embayed.

ΚΟΑΤΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to dive: to swim. Hence

κολυμβήθρα, ἡ, a place for diving, a swimming-bath: and

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κολυμβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κο-λυμβάω) a diver, swimmer.

κολυμβίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κολυμβάω) a sea-bird, a diver.

κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) a diver, swimmer. II. = κολύμβησις.

Κόλχος, ὁ, a Colchian:—hence Adj. Κολχικός, ἡ, ὄν, Colchian; pecul. fem. Κολχίς, ἰδος.

κολῶω Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, (κολός) to brawl, scold.

κολῶμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. tumulus.

κολωνία, ἡ, the Lat. colonia, a colony.

κολωνός, ὁ, (κόλων) a bill; κολωνὸς λίθων a heap of stones. II. Colonos, a demos of Attica lying

on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.

κολῶός, οὔ, ὁ, (κοιοίος) a brawling, wrangling.

ΚΟΜΑ'ΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, the strawberry-tree, arbutus.

κομᾶρο-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) eating the fruit of the arbutus.

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. κομάων: fut. ἤσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to let the hair grow long, wear long hair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to

plume oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οὗτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι be aimed at the monarchy.

Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομῶντες Ἀχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, to be decked

with manes. III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.

κομέσκες, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to take care of, attend to, tend.

κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

ΚΟΜΗ, ἡ, the hair, Lat. coma; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like coma, the foliage, leaves, of trees.

Κομητ-ἁμύνις, ον, ὁ, (κομήτης, Ἀμύνις) Comcomb-Amynias.

κομήτης, ον, ὁ, (κομάω) long-haired; ἰδς κομήτης a feathered attow. 2. leafy, grassy. II. a comet.

κομιδή, ἡ, (κομίζω) attendance, attention, care: also

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commedius frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores. 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. 3. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομῖδι, dat. of κομῖδη used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομῖδι μὲν οὖν very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

κομμεύμεθα, Dor. for κομμούμεθα, 1 pl. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. 1 ἐκόμισα Ep. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα:—Med., Att. fut. κομίσουμαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐκομισάμην and κομισάμην:—Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐκομίσθην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομέω):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably.

2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμισε mind thine own affairs. II. to carry away, in order to save;

νεκρὸν κομίζειν to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύομαι; κόμισαι με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in com: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κομίσουμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. κομίσαιω, 2 sing. aor. 1 med. opt. of κομίζω. κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. 1 of κομίζω.

κομιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστήρ, ἦρος, δ, = κομιστής.

κομιστής, οὔ, δ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor.

κόμιστρον, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομῖα, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω.

κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματος of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. II.

a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence κομματικός, ἡ, ὄν, framed in short clauses.

ΚΟΜΜΙ', τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*: indecl.

κομμός, οὔ, δ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. *placuit*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομδώντε, κομδώντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of κομῖαω.

κομδώντι, Dor. for κομῖσι, 3 pl. of κομῖαω.

κομπάζω, f. ἄσω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασέω, δ, Comic word, one of the borough

κόμπος, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπάω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clasp, rattle. II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος, λακέω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακότης, ον, δ, braggart, boaster. [ῥ] ΚΟΜΠΟΣ, δ, a noise, din, clasp, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal. II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, δ, (κομπέω) a boaster.

κομπο-φάκελον-ρήμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελος, ῥήμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, ες, (κόμπος, ἔδος) boastful.

κομψεία, ἡ, (κομψέω) elegance, refinement: affectionation.

κομψ-ευρίπικως, Adv. (κομψός, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectionation of Euripides.

κομψέω, f. σω, (κομψός) to make elegant, refine; κόμψενε τὴν δόξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, ἐς, (κομψός, πρέπω) dainty-seeming.

κομψός, ἡ, ὄν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*. 2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομψώς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομφοτί-πως ἔχειν to be better in health.

κονάβω, f. ἴσω, (κονάβω) to resound, clasp, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clasp, ringing.

κονάβίζω, f. ἴσω, = κονάβω.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, δ, a clashing, ringing.

ΚΟΝΑΥ'ΔΟΣ, δ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κονέω, f. ἴσω, (κόνεω) to raise dust, to hasten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ἡ, (κόνεω) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδῶν ὑπένεπθε κονίη ἴστατ' ἀειρομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονία, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*; πίπτειν ἐν κονίῃσι, to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly ι.]

κονίανός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From

κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονιάμαι: (κονία) —to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι πλάττονται sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κενόνισμαι; see κονίω.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (κόνις, ὄρνυμι) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κονιορτός ὕλης κεκαυμένης a cloud of wood-ashes. II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ον, (κόνις) dusty.
ΚΟΝΙΣ, ιος Att. εως, ἡ: dat. κόνι for κόνι: = κονία, dust. II. the dust of ashes, ashes. III. the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil. [ῥ]

κονίσθαλος [ῥ], ὁ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust.
κονίω: fut. ἴσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. κενόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κενόνιτο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κενονιμένος all covered with dust, i.e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνισσαι λαβὼν make haste and take. 2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over. II. intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.

κοννέω, contr. κοννῶ, = γιγνώσκω.
ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, the beard. 2. Κόννος, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόννου ψήφος, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὔ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. *contus*. 2. the shaft of a pike.
κοντο-φόρος, ον, (κοντός, φέρω) carrying a pole or pike: burling a pike.

ΚΟΝΤΥΛΑ contr. κονύλα, ης, ἡ, fleabane, *pulicaria*.
κοπάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπανον, τό, (κόπτω) an instrument for braying, a pestle: also 2. = κοπίς, an axe.
κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κόπτω: κοπέεις, aor. 2 part. pass. κοπετός, ὁ, (κόπτομαι) a wailing, mourning.

κοπέως, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) a chisel.
κοπή, ἡ, (κόπτω) a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.

κοπιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐκοπιᾶσα: pf. κεκοπιᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work hard, work till one is weary. II. to be tired, grow weary: κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν to be exhausted by good things.

κοπίς, εως, ὁ, (κόπτω) a babbler, wrangler.
κοπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κόπτω) a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.

κόπος, ον, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking, beating. II. toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence κοπόω, f. ὥσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπιᾶω.

κόπτα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was ϙ, cf. κοππαρίας. In the alphabet Κορρα stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταῦ and σάμμι, qq. v. Hence

κοππαρίας, ου, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter Κορρα (ϙ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφόρας.
κοπρᾶγωγέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung. From

κοπρᾶγωγός, ὄν, (κόπρος, ἄγω) carrying dung.
κόπρειος, α, ον, (κόπρος) full of dung, filthy.
κοπρία, ἡ, (κόπρος) a dung-bill.

κοπρίζω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσω, (κόπρος) to dung, manure; κοπρο-λόγος, ον, (κόπρος, λέγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἡ, dung: manure: filth, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ον, (κόπρος, φέρω) carrying dung; κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.

κοπρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κόπρος) a place for dung, privy.
κόπτουσα, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω.
κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόπτω) beaten, bruised, pounded.

ΚΟΠΤΩ: κόψω: aor. I ἐκόψα: pf. κέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπην: pf. κέκοπμαι:—to strike, smite, cut. 2. to knock down, fell, slay. 3. to cut off, chop off; δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν τὴν χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; φρενῶν κεκομμένους, deprived of sense or reason. 4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. *percutere nummos*:—Med. to coin oneself money. 5. κόπτειν τὴν θύραν to knock or rap at the door, Lat. *pulsare*. 6. to cut small, chop up. 7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen. II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. *plangere*: also, κόπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. *plangere aliquem*.

κορᾶκνός, ὁ, (κοράξ) a young raven.
ΚΟΡΑΞ, ὅκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοὶ κοράκες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; ἔρρε ἐς κοράκες, or ἐς κοράκας alone, like Lat. *pasce corvos*, go and be hanged! βῆλλ' ἐς κοράκας hang him! hang it! II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, 1. an engine for grappling ships. 2. a booked handle of a door, like κορώνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.
κόραυνα, ἡ, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβάν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering. 2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (κορδαξ) to dance the κορδαξ.
κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the κορδαξ.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ὅκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κορδακα ἐλκύναι to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΑΥΛΗ [ϣ], ἡ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; ἐγκεκορδυλημένοις wrapped or rolled up.

κορέειν, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.
κορέννυμι, f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: aor. I ἐκόρεσα Ep. κέρεσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ep. ἐκορεσάμην and κορεσσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορέσθην: pf. κεκώρεσμαι Ion. κεκώρημαι; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορηγός, ὅτος: (κόρος):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing.

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι *to have one's fill of strife*.

κορεγαίωτο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορεσθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenhood. From

κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κῆρη):—*to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood*.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. ἥσω, *to sweep, brush*; κορεῖν τὴν Ἑλλάδα *to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people*.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κῆρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κῶρα, ἡ, fem. of κῆρος, κούρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κούραι Διός. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching over the hand.

Κῆρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κούρῃ.

κῆρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κῆρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύνω, = κορθύω. [ῥ]

κόρθυς, vos, ἡ, (κύρις) a rising, beap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κύρις) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:—Pass., κύμα κορβύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙ'ANNON, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κῆρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κῆρη, κῆριον): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορίνθιος, α, ον, also Κορινθιακός, ἡ, ὄν, and fem.

Κορινθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κόρινθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently

Ἐφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθεν, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κῆρη, a little girl.

ΚΟΡΙΣ, ios Att. eas, ὅ, a bug: pl. κύρις, οἱ.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κῆρη.

κόρκωρος or κόρχωρος, ὅ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpinella. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγη, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound.)

κορμός, ὅ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ου, ὅ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον ἔχειν τίνας to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence

II. insolence, petulance; πρὸς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ου, ὅ, Ion. κῶρος Dor. κῶρος, (κείρω) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names, a son. Cf. κῆρη.

κόρος, ὅ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρση, ἡ, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. ἄσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ἴσω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντ-ώδης, ες, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβης, αντος, ὅ, a Corybant priest of Cybelé in Phrygia. [ῥ]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = κούδος.

κούριδος, ὅ, and κορύδος, ἡ, (κύρις) the crested or tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κούριζα, ης, ἡ, (κῆρη, κύρις) a cold in the head, a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύρις.

κορυθ-άτις, ἱκος, (κύρις, ἄισσω) helmet-sbaking, with waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αίολος, ον, (κύρις, αἰόλος) with glancing helm.

κόρυμβος, ὅ, pl. κορύμβας as well as κύριμβοι: (κύρις, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κύριμβας νηῶν the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορνάω, f. ἥσω, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορνῆ, ἡ, (κύρις) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [ῥ]

κορνῆτης, ου, ὅ, (κορνάω) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορνῆ-φόρος, ον, (κορνῆ, φέρω) club-bearing: κορνῆφόροι, οἱ, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορνιάω, = κορνάω: in Ep. part., κορνιῶντα πέ- τηλα sprouting leaves.

κορυππίλος, ὅ, one that butts with the head. [γ] From

κορυππῶ, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ὅθος, ἡ, acc. κούρυθα and κορύν, (κάρα) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:—Med., aor. I ἐκορύσαμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκορύθηναι:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυθμένα χαλκῷ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide. II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κύμα the river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, ὅ, a man armed with a helmet, an armed warrior.

κορυφαία, ἡ, (κορυφή) the head-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a bunting-net:—strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ον, (κορυφή) at the head:—δ κορυ-

φαῖος *the foremost man, leader, chief*; in the Att. Drama, *the leader of the chorus*.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) *the bead, top, summit: the crown or top of the bead.* 2. *the top or peak of a mountain.*

3. metaph. *the highest point, acmé, prime.*

κορυφῶω, f. ὤσω, (κορυφή) *to bring to a bead, make peaked*:—Pass., κύμα κορυφούται *the wave rises to a crest.* II. like κεφαλαῖος, *to bring to an end, sum up.*

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἑκάβη) *an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba.* [ἄ]

κορωνέως, α, ἡ, of a raven-gray colour. From

κορώνη, ἡ, (κορώνς) *a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow.* 2. *a crow or raven, Lat. cornix.* II.

anything booked like a crow's bill, as, 1. *the*

bundle on a door. 2. *the tip of a bow, on which*

the bowstring was hooked. 3. *the tip or projection*

of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked.

Cf. κύραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄσω, (κορώνη II) *to bend, curve*: of a horse, *to arch the neck.*

κορωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. *crook-beaked*: generally, *crooked, curved, bent, booked.* 2. of

kine, *with crumpled horns.* II. as Subst. any-

thing curved: 1. *a wreath or garland, Lat. co-*

rona. 2. *a flourish with the pen at the end of a*

book: generally, *the end, completion.*

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, Βαλεῖν) *shooting crows*:

—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, *a sling or cross-bow*

for crow-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κύραξ) *curved, bent*: of kine, *with*

crumpled horns.

κοσκινηδόν, Adv. (κύσκινον) *as in a sieve.*

κοσκινό-μαντις, ιος Att. εως, ὁ, and ἡ, (κύσκινον,

μάντις) *a diviner by a sieve.*

ΚΟΨΚΤΗΝΟΝ, τό, *a sieve.*

κοσκυλάτια, ον, τά, (σκύλλω) *parings or shreds of leather*: metaph. *of the scraps of flattery of the*

tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ἤσω, (κόσμος) *to order, arrange*: esp.

to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσ-

μησάμενος πολίτητας *having marshalled his country-*

men; δόρπον κοσμεῖν *to arrange a repast.* II.

to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick

out, embellish. 2. of persons, *to honour them,*

adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass.

to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) *an orderer, arranger.* 2.

an adorning.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) *well-arranged, regular.*

κοσμήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κοσμέω) *a commander.*

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) *of the world, earthly,*

worldly.

κόσμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) *well-ordered,*

moderate, regular: of persons, *orderly, well-behaved,*

modest; τὸ κόσμον *order, decorum.* Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ἡ, *propriety, decorum, orderly be-*

haviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμος, *regularly, decently*:

Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (κοσμέω, κύμη) *dressing the*

bair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κύσμος, κρατέω) *ruler of*

this world. [ἄ]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κύσμος, πλέκω) *framing or*

bolding together the world.

κόσμος, ον, ὁ, (κομέω) *order*; κατὰ κόσμον *or*

κόσμῳ *in order, duly*; οὐδένι κόσμῳ *in no sort of*

order. 2. *good order, good behaviour, decency.* 3.

a set form or order: of states, *government.* 4. *the*

mode or fashion of a thing. II. *an ornament,*

decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2.

an honour, credit. III. *the world or universe,*

from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) *world-destroy-*

ing.

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πύσος.

κόσσαβος, ὁ, Ion. for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὁ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, *to bear hatred against.*

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:—

Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut.

κοτέσσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην:

(κότος):—*to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice*

against, envy, Lat. invidio: proverb., κεραμεὺς κερα-

μεῖ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) *angry, wrathful, jea-*

lous.

κοτίνη-φόρος, ον, (κύτινος, φέρω) *producing wild*

olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΞ, ὁ or ἡ, *the wild olive*, Lat. ole-

aster.

κοτῖνο-τράγος, ον, (κύτινος, τράγειν) *eating the wild*

olive.

κότορνος, ὁ, Ion. for κόθορνος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will*:

also, *anger, wrath*: later, *envy, jealousy.*

κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κότταβος) *to play at the*

cottabus.

κοττάβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὁ, *the cotta-*

bus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-

parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode

was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly

into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the

sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game

was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, *a small fig*, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΤᾶΔη, ἡ, *a small cup or vessel.* 2. *a liquid*

measure containing 6 κύαθοι or a $\frac{1}{2}$ ξέστης, nearly a

$\frac{1}{2}$ pint. II. *the cup or socket of the hip-bone.*

Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *any cup-like hollow*: in pl. *the*

χρυσὸν ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράνται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power:

later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. II. intr.

also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΙΠΑ'ΛΗ [ἄ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραπάλης after the debauch was over.

κραιπᾶλό-κωμος, ον, (κραπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπ-άζω, like *rapidus* from *rap-io*) tearing, sweeping, rusbing: cf. *καρπάλιμος*. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph., hasty, hot, impetuous.

κραιπνός-σῦτος, ον, (κραιπνός, σέομαι) swift-rusbing.

κραιπνο-φόρος, ον, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

κρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κράζω) clamorous.

ΚΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambé*.

ΚΡΑΜΒΟΣ, ἡ, ον, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράνᾱή-πέδος, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) with stony soil. κρᾱναί, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

ΚΡΑΝΑΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. *λεπτόγειω*: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κράνέσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κρᾱναί.

κράνεᾱ Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κράνᾱνος, ἡ, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, *κρανείνον ἀκόντιον*, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor. for κρήνη. [ἄ]

κρανθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρᾱναί.

Κρανίας, Κράνις, Dor. for Κρηνίας, Κρηνίς.

κρᾱνίον, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

ΚΡΑΝΟΝ, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κράνοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, ὄν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making helmets: as Subst., *κρανοποιός*, ὄ, a helmet-maker.

κράνος, εὖς, τό, (κάρα) a helmet. [ἄ]

κράντειρα, ἡ, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κρᾱναί) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, οπος, ὄ, (κρᾱναί) a ruler, sovereign.

ΚΡΑ'Σ, ὄ, collat. form of κάρα, gen. *κράτος* (which is sometimes fem.), dat. *κράτῃ*, acc. *κράτα*: plur., gen. *κράτων*, dat. *κράσι* Ep. *κράτεσσι*: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., *κράτῳ*, *κράτι*, pl. nom. *κράατα*:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κράσις, εὖς, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*.

III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. *τοῦνομα* for *τὸ ὄνομα*, *ἀντήρ* for *ὁ ἀντήρ*.

ΚΡΑ'ΣΙΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδῶ, f. ὥσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

κράσσων, ον, Dor. for κρέσσων, κρείσσαν.

κράτα, τό, indecl., = κάρα:—but also *κράτα*, τόν, acc. of *κράς*.

κράτα-βόλος, ον, (κραταίος, βάλλω) hurled with violence.

κράται-γύαλος, ον, (κραταίος, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

κράταις, ἡ, = κράτος, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ' ἀποστρέψασκε κραταίς αὐτῷ then did mighty force turn it back again. II. Κράταις, as pr. n. Crataeis, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κράται-λεως, ον, gen. ω, (κραταίος, λᾱς) stony, rocky, rugged.

κράταίος, ἄ, ὄν, (κράτος) poet. for κρατερός, mighty, strong, resistless.

κράταίω, f. ὥσω, later form for κρατῖνω.

κράταλ-πέδος, ον, (κραταίος, πέδον) with bard ground or soil.

κράταλ-πους, ὄ, ἡ, -ποιν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also *κραταίπους*: (κραταίος, ποῦς) stout-footed, sure-footed.

κράταλ-ρίνος, ον, (κραταίος, ρίνος) strong-shelled.

κράτερ-αίχμης, ον, ὄ, also κρατ-, (κρατερός, αἰχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κρατερός poet. καρτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κράτος, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant: but also *hard-bearded*, cruel, harsh, rough: so, *χάρος κρατερός* *bard*, solid, ground. 2. also strong, violent.

κράτερό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stout-bearded, dauntless.

κράτερό-χειρ, χειρος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand.

κράτερ-ὤνυξ, ὤχος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κρατερός, Adv. of κρατερός, strongly, stoutly: sternly, roughly.

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of *κράς*. [ἄ]

ΚΡΑΤΕΤΤΑΙ', ὤν, οἰ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κράτῶ, f. ἤσω: (κράτος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, hold sway: c. dat. to rule among, *ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατεῖν*. 2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over: also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei, to hold fast, seize, secure. IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κράτηρ Ion. κρητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; *κρητήρα κεράσασθαι* to mix a bowl. II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κρατησί-μαχος, *ον*, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κρατησί-πους, *ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, γεν. ποδος*, (κρατέω, πούς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κράτης-ἵππος, *ον*, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κράτι, *dat. sing. of κράς.*

κράτιστεύω, *f. σω*, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος *Ep. κάρτιστος, η, ον*, and as irreg. *Sup.* of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.*

2. *best, most excellent.*—The Comp. in use is κρείσσων. [*α*]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ *poët. κάρτος, εος, τό, strength, might, prowess: force, violence; πόλιν ἐλείν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally, *might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.*

III. *mastery, victory.*

κράτος, *gen. of κράς.*

κράτύνω *Ep. καρτύνω: f. ὤνω*: (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks:—*Pass. to become strong, be strengthened.*

2. *to harden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.* 2. *to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [*υ*]

κράτῡς, *masc. Adj.*, only found in nom., (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [*υ*]

κραυγάζω, *fut. άσω*, (κραυγή) *to scream, sbriek.*

Κραυγασίδης, *ου, ὁ*, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, *ἡ*, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, sbrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, *ὁ*, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, *ἶδος, ἡ*, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, *τό, Dim.* of κρέας, *a slice of flesh.*

κρεανόμεω, *f. ἦσω*, (κρεάνομος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. to divide among themselves. Hence*

κρεανομία, *ἡ*, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεά-νόμος, *ον*, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος, ὁ*, *a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕΑΣ *Dor. κρῆς, τό; gen. κρέας: plur. κρέα: gen. κρεῶν Ep. κρεῖων; dat. κρέῃσι Ep. κρέεσι:—flesh, a piece of meat: meat.*

2. *a carcass: a body, person.*

κρη-δόκος, *ον*, and κρεο-δόκος, *ον*, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρεῖον, *τό*, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρέιουσα, *fem. of κρεῖων, q. v.*

κρεισσό-τεκνος, *ον*, (κρείσσαν, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, Att. κρείττων *Ion. κρέστων Dor. κάρων:—stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμί sum and part., as κρείσσαν γὰρ ἤσθα μηκέτ' ὦν ἡ ζῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding; ὕψος κρείσσαν ἐκπηδήματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσαν' ἀγχόνης too bad for hanging.

III. *superior to, master of; κρείσσαν χρημάτων superior to bribes.*

IV. in moral sense, *better, more excellent.* (κρείσσαν is used as irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg.

ΚΡΕΙΨΝ, *οντος, ὁ: fem. κρείουσα, ἡ:—a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναξ.*

κρεῖων, *Ep. for κρεῖων, gen. pl. of κρέας.*

κρεκάδια, *ων, τά*, (κρέω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, *ἡ, ὅν*, *struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; played, sung.* From

ΚΡΕΚΩ, *f. ζω: aor. I ἐκρεφα:—to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.*

2. *to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument.*

3. *generally, to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, *ἡ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμάμαι, *shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμωμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρέμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.*

κρεμάννυμι rarely *λύω: fut. κρεμάσω* [*α*] Att. κρεμῶ, *ας, ᾶ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμών: aor. I ἐκρέμασα Ep. κρέμασα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσασθαι:—Pass., κρεμάννυμαι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—to hang, bang up, let hang down: to bang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα* to bang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., *πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι* to bang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea.

II. *Pass. to be bung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.* 2. *metaph. to be in suspense.*

κρεμάσας, *aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμασθεῖς, *aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμαστός, *ἡ, ὅν*, (κρεμάννυμι) *bung up, hung, hanging: c. gen. bung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος bung by the neck.*

κρεμάστρα, *ἡ*, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, *Root of κρεμάννυμι, to bang, bang up.*

κρεμβάλλω, *f. άσω*, (κρέμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets. Hence*

κρεμβάλλαστός, *ύος, ἡ*, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕΜΒΑΛΑ, *τά*, *castanets.*

κρεμήσομαι, *fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμαμαι.*

κρεμῶ, *Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρέξ, *ἡ, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex*, (κρέω) *a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέο-βοτος, *ον*, (κρέας, βόσκω) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεοκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλης, *ων, ὁ* (καίας, πώλῳ) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, f. ἴσω, (κρεουργός) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and

κρεουργία, ἡ, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.

κρε-ουργός, ὄν, (κρέας, ἔργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, ὁ, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργόν ἡμέρα a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, ὄν, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carnivorous.

κρέσσαν, ὄν, gen. ονος, Ion. for κρείσσαν.

κρέων, ὄντος, = κρέων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήνυος, ὄν, good, agreeable. II. true, real.

κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κράα, δέω) a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρήνηαι, aor. I inf. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραίνω.

κρήνηον, aor. I imperat. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραίνω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κράς) from the head, from above.

κρημνάς, part. of κρήνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρήμναι, to hang down, be suspended: to float or bower in air.

κρήμη, for κρήμαθι, imperat. of κρήνημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [α], ὄν, ὁ, (κρημνός, βαίνω) bunter of the steeps.

κρημνο-ποιός, ὄν, (κρημνός, ποίω) talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνός, ὁ, (κρεμάννυμι) an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρημνός, εἶδος) precipitous, steep.

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραίνω.

κρηναίος, α, ὄν, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain: κρηναῖον ὕδωρ spring water.

ΚΡΗΝΗ Dor. κράνα, ἡ, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-head. Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring: and

κρήνηδε, Adv. to a well or spring.

κρηνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of κρηναίος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρῆνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρῆνιδες.

κρηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κρήνη. [Γ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραίνω.

ΚΡΗΠΗΪΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue. 2. the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido: generally, an edge. [Γ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, ὅ, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα. Hence

Κρήσιος, α, ὄν, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κέρασαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι. κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, ἡ, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete: and

Κρήτηδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίζω, f. σαι, (Κρής) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. -κῶς, in Cretan fashion. II. κρητικός (sub. ἱμάτιον), τό, a garment of Cretan fashion. III. κρητικός (sub. ποῦς), ὁ, a metrical foot, e. g. Ἀντίφον [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).

κρητισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (Κρητίζω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.

κρίβαντίτης [Γ], ὄν, ὁ, baked under a pot or pan:—

κρίβαντίτης (sub. ἄπτος), ὁ, a loaf so baked. From

κρίβανος, ὁ, Att. for κλῖβανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [Γ] Hence

κρίβανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = κρίβαντίτης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐκρίκον: pf. κέκριγα:—to creak, Lat. stridere: to screech, squeak, (Formed from the sound.)

κρήδόν, Adv. (κρίος) like a ram.

κριθαία, ἡ, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage.

κριθάω, f. ἴσω, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κριθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗΪ, ἡ, and in plur. κριθαί, α, barley: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley. [Γ]

κριθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κριθιάσις, εως, ἡ, (κριθή) a disease of horses, caused

by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.

κριθίζω, f. σαι, (κριθή) to feed with barley.

κριθίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (κριθή) made of barley.

κριθο-τράγος, ὄν, (κριθή, τράγειν) barley-eating.

κριθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, ὁ, = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) a judgment, sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμμον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κρημν-ώδης, ἐς, (κρίμμον, εἶδος) like coarse meal: κατανίπει κρημνῶδη it snows thick as meal.

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝΟΝ, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, εος, τό. [Γ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [Γ]: fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινούμαι: aor. I ἐκρινάμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [Γ], older ἐκρίσθην, whence part. κρινθείς: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κερίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished.

2. to decide a contest or dispute, e.g. for a prize; *σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν* to judge crooked judgments. i.e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. *κρίνομαι*, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel.

3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is.

III. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried.

2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριζός, δ, Dor. for *κρισός*, *κριός*.

κρίτο-βόλος, ον, (*κριός*, *βάλλω*) ram-slaying.

κρίτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (*κριός*, *πρόσωπον*) ram-faced.

ΚΡΙΤΟΣ, δ, a ram, Lat. *aries*. 2. a battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ης, ή, *Crisa* or *Crissa*, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. *Κρίσατος*, α, ον, *Crissaeon*.

κρισις [Ὶ], εως, ή, (*κρίνω*) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing.

2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence.

3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel.

III. the event, issue, decision.

κριτήριον, τό, (*κριτής*) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test.

2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κριτής, οὔ, δ, (*κρίνω*) a discernor, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests.

2. *κριτής ἐνυπνίων*, an interpreter, expounder of dreams.

Hence *κριτικός*, ή, όν, (*κρίνω*) able to discern and decide, critical.

κριτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *κρίνω*, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep. for *κρούω*, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of *κρόκη*.

κροκάλη, ή, = *κρόκη* II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [α]

κρόκεος, ον, (*κρόκος*) saffron-coloured.

κρόκες, αἱ, heterocl. nom. pl. of *κρόκη*.

κρόκη, ή, with heterocl. acc. *κρόκα* and nom. pl. *κρόκες*, as if from a nom. *κρόξ*:—the woof or weft, Lat. *subtremen*, opp. to *στήμιον* the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool.

II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήτιος, η, ον, poet. for *κρόκεος*, saffron-coloured.

κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *βάπτω*) saffron-dyed.

κροκο-βάφης, ές, (*κρόκος*, *βαφῆναι*) crocus-dyed, of crocus-blue, i.e. purple, red, not yellow (see *κρόκος*).

κροκόδειλος, δ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, δ *κροκόδειλος* δ *ποτάμιος*, called by the natives *χάμψα*.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (*κρόκος*) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., *κροκόεις* (sub. *πέπλος*) δ, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *πέπλος*) saffron-robed.

ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ου, δ, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [Ὶ], ύδος, ή, (*κρόκη*) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of *κροκωτός*, a short, saffron robe.

κροκωτός, ή, όν, (*κροκίω*) saffron-dyed or coloured.

II. as Subst., *κροκωτός* (sub. *πέπλος*), δ, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφορέω, f. ήσω, to wear a saffron robe. From *κροκωτο-φόρος*, ον, (*κροκωτός*, *φέρω*) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμύ-οξύ-ρεγμια, ή, (*κρόμμυον*, *ὄξος*, *ἐρεγγμύς*) a bunch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΤΟΝ or *κρόμμυον*, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ου, δ, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, i.e. Zeus: cf. *Κρονίαν*, *Κρόνος*. [Ὶ]

Κρονικός, ή, όν, (*Κρόνος*) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (*Κρόνος*) of *Cronos* or *Saturn*; τὰ *Κρόνια* (sub. *ιερά*), τὰ, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon;

Κρονίαν ὄζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ιππος, ό, (*Κρόνος*, *ἵππος*) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίων, δ, gen. *ιόνος* [Ὶ], but also *Κρονίανος*, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, Zeus.

Κρόνος, ο, *Cronos*, Lat. *Saturnus*, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age.

II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, ών, αἱ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλλω, f. *ίσω*, (*κρόταλον*) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (*κροτέω*) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κρότάφος, δ, (*κροτέω*) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. *tempora*: also the sides of the face.

2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ήσω: (*κρότος*):—to make to rattle or clasp.

II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; *εἶθ' οὖν τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτῆσθαι*, let the matter be struck at once, i.e. 'strike while the iron is hot.'

2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud.

III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτησμός, δ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *κροτέω*, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows.

2. rattled or whirled rattling along.

3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ου, δ, (*κρούω*) the sound of striking; *κρότος χειρῶν* a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ώνος, δ α. α. Lat. *ricinus*. II. the

palma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κρούμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. 2. a sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρουίνισμα, ατος, τό, a gusbing or stream. From ΚΡΟΤΝΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a spring, well-head: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραιο, ὁ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος) a pourer forth of weak, wasby twaddle.

κρουσι-δημέω, ἡ ἴσω, (κρούω, δῆμος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσας, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.

κρουστίον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at. κρουστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for striking. II. metaph.

striking, astonishing, forcible; τὸ κρουστικὸν striking eloquence. From

ΚΡΟΤΩ, ἡ ἴσω: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and —σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χεῖρας to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing. 2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door. 4. Med. κρούεσθαι πρὶν μαν to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. —δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρύβδηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύβρος, ἄ, ὄν, (κρύος) icy, chill, chilling. κρύμς, ὁ, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρύμ-ώδης, ες, (κρυμύς, εἶδος) icy-cold: frozen, icy. κρύβεις, εσσα, εν, = κρυέρς, icy-cold, chilling.

ΚΡΥΟΣ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, horror.

κρυπάδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (κρύπτω): secret, bidden, clandestine.

κρυπάζω, ἡ ἄσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεία, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.

κρυπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal. κρυπτεύω, ἡ ἴσω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II.

to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, to have snares laid for one.

κρυπτή, ἡ, a covered place, vault, crypt. From κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, bidden, secret.

ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἐκρύψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύβομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. to bide oneself, lie bidden.

II. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψῃς τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυσταλλίζω, ἡ ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλινος, ἡ, ον, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal.

κρυσταλλό-πηκτος, ον, or κρυσταλλο-πήξ, ἡ γος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congealed to ice, frozen.

κρύσταλλος, ὁ, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II. ὁ and ἡ, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]

κρύφατος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, covert. Adv. —ως.

κρύφῃ Dor. —φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, in secret. κρύφῃδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθῃ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κρύπτω) secret, bidden, clandestine. [ῥ]

κρύφς, ὁ, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity. κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψί-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) bidding the forehead.

κρυψί-νοος, ον, contr. —νους, ουν: (κρύπτω, νύος): bidding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρύψις, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) a bidding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

ΚΡΩΒΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ὁ, (κράζω) the croaking or cawing of a crow. ΚΡΩΖΩ, ἡ κρῶζω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρῶσσαι, Ion. for κρῶσαι.

κρῶσσιον, τό, Dim. of κρῶσος.

ΚΡΩΣΣΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a water-pail, picher, jar. 2. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίνω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ῥ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ῥ]

κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΝΩ: Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι

Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. ἐκτόμαι, opt. κεκτήμην or —ψιμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring; also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; ὁ κεκτημένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένος my master; ἡ ἐμῇ κεκτημένη my mistress.

III. aor. I ἐκτηθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but,

κτέανον, ὁ, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΨΙΞ [ψ], *ικος, ή, a cup, drinking-cup*.
κυψιστή, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυψίω.
κυψισμα, ατος, τό, (κυψίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ψ]

κυψίχνη, ή, (κύψιξ) a small cup. Hence
κυψίχνηιον, τό, a little cup or box.
κυψίω [ξ], late form for κυψίνδω.
κύλλαστις Ion. κύλληστις, ιος, ό, Egyptian bread made from δάυρα.

κυλλή, ή, see κυλλός.
Κυλλήνη, ή, Cyllené, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called Κυλλήνιος, ό.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ξ], ονος, ό, (κυλλός, ποίς) maimed of foot, baling, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ή, όν, crooked, crippled, balt. 2. κυλλή χείρ is the hand with the fingers bent to make a hollow for alms; έμβαλε κυλλή (sub. χείρι) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κυλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οιδάω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κύω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, ώς τὸ κύμα έστρωτο when the waves abated. II. like κύμα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαινω, f. άνω, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence
κυματίας, ου, ό, Ion. ής, (κύμα) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κυματο-άγής, ές, (κύμα, άγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κυματόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for κυματίας.
κυματο-πλήξ, ήγος, ό, ή, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beat'en.

κυματώω, f. ώωω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over:—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κυματ-ωγή, ή, (κύμα, άγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβαλίζω, f. ίσω, (κυμβαλον) to play the cymbals.
κυμβάλων, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.
κυμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) head-foremost, Lat. *pronus*. II. κύμβαχος, ό, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥ ΜΒΗ, ό, a hollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. *cymba*. Hence
κυμβιον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύμινδης, Ion. name of the bird χαλκίς, the night-bird: χαλκίδα κικλήσκουσι θεοί, άνδρες δέ κύμινδιν.

κυμίνεω, f. σω, (κύμινον) to strew with cummin.

ΚΥ ΜΙ ΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. *cuminum*.
κυμίνο-πρίστης, ου, ό, (κύμινον, πρίω) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κυμίνο-πριστο-καρδάμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμινοςπρίστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-leaf, of an excessive miser. [ψ]

κύμο-δέμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων.

κυνώγεια, κυνώγεις, Dor. for κυνήγ-
κύν-αγός, ον, Dor. for κυνήγ/ε, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, άγω):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman.

κύν-άγχη, ή, (κύων, άγχομαι) cynanché, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-αγωγός, ό, (κύων, άγω) a dog-leader, huntsman.

κύν-άλωπηξ, εκος, ή, (κύων, άλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνά-μυια, ή, (κύων, μυία) dog-fly, shameless fly.

κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [α]

κύνάς, άδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. *caninus*. II. as Subst., κύνάς (sub. θρίξ), ή, dog's hair, of a bad fleece.

κύνάω, f. ήω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κύνή, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of κύνιος, sub. δορά), ή, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for ένύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνειω.

κύνειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog.

κύνεες, α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of κύων.

ΚΥ ΝΕΨ: to put. κύνησμαι, but also κύσω [ψ], poet. κύσω: aor. I ένύσα Ep. κύσα, ένκυσα, κύσσα:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνή, ή, Att. contr. for κυνή.

κυνηγεία, ή, = κυνηγείον.

κυνηγέσιον, τό, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. ήσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ό, Dor. κυνώγεις, (κύων, ήγέομαι): a hunter, huntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ή, όν, of or for hunting.

κύν-ηγέτης, ίδος, ή, fem. of κυνήγης, a huntress.

κύνηγία, ή, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, οί, (κύων vi, ποίς) the fetlocks of a horse.

Κύνθος, ό, Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis: whence Apollo is called Κύνθος, Cynthian, and Κύνθο-γενής, Cynthus-born.

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ή, όν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus*.

κύνισκη, ή, (κύων) a bitch-puppy.

κύνισκος, ό, (κύων) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, δραμείν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύνο-θαρής or -θαρής, ές, (κύων, θαρήω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κύνων, κεφαλῇ) *dog-headed*. 2. as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, *ὁ*, the *dog-headed ape*.
κύνο-κλέπτος, *ον*, (κύνων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.
κύνο-κόπεω, *ι*, ἦσω, (κύνων, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.
κυνόμυα, = κυνάμυα.

κύνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κύνων, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.
κύνο-ραιστής, *ου*, *ὁ*, (κύνων, ραίω) *a dog-tick*.
κύνος, *γεν*. of κύνων.

Κύνοςαργες, *εος*, τό, Cynosarges, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνος-ουρα, *ἡ*, (κύνος, οὐρά) *a dog's tail*: esp. the Cynosure, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.

κύνο-σπάρακτος, *ον*, (κύνων, σπάρασσω) *torn by dogs*.

κυν-οὔχος, *ὁ*, (κύνων, ἔχω) *a dog-bolder, dog-leash, slip*. II. *a dog-skin sack*, used in hunting.

κύνό-φρων, *ον*, *γεν*. ονος, (κύνων, φρήν) *dog-minded, sordid or shameless of soul*.

κύνος-βάτος, *ἡ*, (κύνων, βάτος) *dog-torn, a kind of wild rose*.

κύντερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from κύνων, *more dog-like*, i. e. *more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup. κύντατος, *η*, *ον*, *most shameless*.

κυνώ, *οὐς*, *ἡ*, (κύνων) *a she-dog, bitch*.
κύν-ώπης, *ου*, *ὁ*, (κύνων, ὤψ) = κυνὸς ὄμματ' ἔχων, *the dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless one*:—fem. κύν-ώπης, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, *the shameless woman; also fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κύπαιρος, Dor. for κύπαιρος.

κύνπαρισις *Att.* -τῆνος, *η*, *ον*, (κύνπαρισις) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥ-ΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ *Att.* -ττος, *ἡ*, *a cypress*, Lat. *cupressus*.

ΚΥ-ΠΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπαιρος, *ὁ*, a marsh-plant, used to feed horses, *galingal*.

κύνελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (κύνελλον, μάχομαι) *at which they fight with cups*, cf. Horace's *scyphis pugnare*.

κύνελλον, τό, (κύπη) *a capacious drinking-vessel, a beaker, goblet*. [ῥ]

κύπερος, *ὁ*, Ion. for κύπαιρος.

κύπη, *ἡ*, = γύπη, *a bole, hollow*.

Κυπρίδιος, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπρις) *of or like Cypris, lovely, tender, delicate*. [ῖδ]

Κύπριος, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπρις) *of Cyprus, Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, ἰδος, *ἡ*, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of Venus, from the island of Cyprus, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, *ἔς*, (Κύπρις, *γένω) *Cyprus-born*: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια *Ἐρ*. -γενέα, *ἡ*.

Κυπρόθεν, *Adv.* from Cyprus: and Κύπρονδε, *Adv.* to Cyprus. From

Κύπρος, *ου*, *ἡ*, Cyprus, a Greek island on the southern coast of Asia Minor. (Hence Lat. *cyprum*, our *copper*.)

κυντάζω, *ι*, ἄσω: Frequentative from κύπτω, *to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about a thing*.

ΚΥΠΤΩ, *ι*, κύψω: aor. I ἐκύψα: pf. κέκυφα:—*to bend forward, stoop*: *to bow down under a burden*;

κέρεα κευφότα ἐς τὸ ἐμπροσθεν *horns growing bent*

forward; often in aor. I part. with another Verb, θέει κύψας *runs with the head down*; κύψας ἐσθίει *eats stooping*, i. e. *greedily*.

Κύρβας, *αντος*, *ὁ*, shortd. form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσια, *ἡ*, a Persian bonnet or bat, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβεις, *γεν*. κύρβειν, dat. κύρβεσι, *triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides.

II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

κύρβις is used later of a pettifogging lawyer.

ΚΥΡΕ'Ω and ΚΥΡΩ [ῥ]: impf. ἐκύρουν [ῥ] and ἐκύρουν with *Ἐρ*. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κύρησω and κύρω: aor. I ἐκύρησα [ῥ], inf. κύρησαι, part. κύρησας; and *Ἐρ*. ἐκυρσαι, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσαι: I. followed by a case, 1. dat. *to hit, light upon, reach, attain*:

to meet with, fall in with; as λέων σώματι κύρσας. 2. dat. with ἐπὶ or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. *gen.* *to reach to*, as far as: *to arrive at, gain, win, obtain*. 4. acc. *to reach, obtain*; also *to find by chance*. II. intrans. *to happen, come to pass, turn out*. 2. absol. *to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., τόδ' ἂν λέγων κύρησας *you would be right in saying this*. 3. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. *to turn out, prove, happen to be so and so*; κυρεῖ ὧν *be happens to be*.

κύρηβάζω, *ι*, ἄσω, (akin to κυρίσω) *to butt with the horns*: generally, *to strike*. Hence

κύρηβάσια, *ἡ*, *a butting: fighting*.

ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, *ων*, τά, *chaff, husks, bran*.

Κυρηναῖος, *α*, *ον*, of Cyrené. From

Κυρήνη, *ἡ*, Cyrené, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κύρια, *ἡ*, the mistress, lady.

κύριακός, *ἡ*, ὄν, (κύριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master*; esp. *belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*: hence ἡ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), *the Lord's day, dies dominica*: τὸ κυριακόν, *the Lord's house, whence our kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, *ι*, ἄσω, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (κύρος): 1. of men, *having power or authority over, lord or master of*, c. *gen.*: κύριός ἐμι *c. inf.*, *I have the right or am entitled to do*. II. of things, *decisive, valid*: *critical*. 2. *authorised, ratified*. 3. of times, *fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία *an ordinary assembly*, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned.) 4. *principal, chief*. 5. esp. of language, *strict, literal*. III. as Subst., κύριος, *ὁ*, a lord, master: an owner, possessor: 2. ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. *YEHOWAH*, *THE LORD*: in N. T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, *ητος*, *ἡ*, *power, rule, dominion*.

κυρίσω *Att.* -τω, fut. ἔσω, (κύρε) *to butt with the horns*: also *to strike or dash against, of floating bodies*.

κύριως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly.

κυρεῖν, rare form for κυκάναι.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εος, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security. III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ό, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ώρω. aor. I ἐκύρωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκυράσθην: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκώρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρωσι, κύρωας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρωσι, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οὔ, ό, (κυρτή) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ή, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ό, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ή, όν, curved, bent, arched; ώρω κυρτώ round, bumped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτός, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ή, (κυρώσι) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ό, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσι, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ή, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΙΣΟΣ, ό, cytissus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κυτρίς, ιδος, ή, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γάστωρ, opos, ό, ή, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρ-.

κύτταρον, τό, = sq., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ό, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity; κύτταρος οὐρανοῦ, the vault of heaven, Lat. caelum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύφ-ἀγώς, ό, (κυφός, ἀγώ) with arching neck.

κύφαλος, α, on, ποβτ. for κυφός.

κύφος, ή, όν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ανος, ό, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κύψελη, ή, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαι, οί, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to bold, contain:—I c. acc., like κυέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. I

act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκύσαμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΩΝ, ό and ή, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα voc. κύων:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνών, dat. κυσ

Ep. κύνεσαι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θηρευταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian.

II a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνός κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνός κύνες.

IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the felloe-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for κω.

κώας, later contr. κώς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κώα, dat. κώσαι: (κείμαι):—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κωδίων. [α]

κώδεα, ή, the head: the head of a poppy.

κώδιον, τό, Dim. of κώας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩΔΩΝ, ανος, ό Att. ή, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κώδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κωδωνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to try or prove by ringing.

κωδωνό-κροτος, on, (κώδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρος, on, (κώδων, φάλαρα, πώλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (κώδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κώδων):—so in Pass., παντα κωδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i.e. the sentinels are challenged.

κώα, κώεσι, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κώας.

ΚΩΘΩΝ, ανος, ό, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κωθών.

κωίλος, α, on, Aeol. for κωίλος.

Κώος, α, on, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κωκήμα, ατος, τό, (κωκύνω) a shriek, wail, lament.

κωκύντος, ό, (κωκύνω) a shrieking, wailing. II. as pr. n., Κωκύντος, ό, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥΤΩ, f. ίσω [v] or ύσομαι: aor. I ἐκώκυσα Ep. κώκυσα:—to shriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, on, ό, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλὰς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κώλον.

κωλή, ή, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κώλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ἦπος, ἡ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἡ, *Colias*, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΑΟΝ, τό, *a limb, member of a body.* II. generally, *a member or part of anything.* I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. *one limb or half of the race-course.* 3. *a member or clause of a sentence.*

κώλυμα, ἄτος, τό, (καλύω) *a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.* II. *a defence or precaution against a thing.*

καλύμη, ἡ, — κάλυμα, [ῥ]
καλωσι-δρομος, η, ον, (καλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

καλωστέον, verb. Adj. of καλύω, *one must binder.*

καλωστής, οὗ, ὁ, (καλύω) *a binderer.*

καλωστικός, ἡ, ὢν, (καλύω) *binderer, preventive.*

καλώω [ῥ]: f. ὤσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. καλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. καλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκάλισθην: pf. κεκάλυμαι: (κῶλος):—akin to κολοῖω, *to cut short*: hence *to let, binder*: 1. c. inf. *to binder one from doing, forbid to do.* 2. c. gen. rei, *to let or binder one from a thing.* 3. c. acc. rei, *to binder, prevent a thing.* 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ καλῶσθαι *one to binder, a preventive*: τὸ καλῶν *a hindrance*: also οὐ καλῶει *there is no hindrance.* II. Pass. *to be bindered.*

κῶμα, ἄτος, τό, (καίμαι, κοίμω) *a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor.* 2. *a leiburg, a trance.*

κωμάω: fut. ὄσω or ὄσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμασα: Dor. pres. κωμάσσω, f. ὀσομαι, aor. I ἐκώμασα: (κῶμος):—*to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry.* 2. *to celebrate a kῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the kῶμος.* 2. generally, *to visit or banquet in kῶμος in the manner of revellers: to burst in, join a kῶμος in.*

κωμ-άρχης, οὗ, ὁ, (κῶμη, ἀρχω) *the head of a village.*

κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάσαι.

κωμαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (κωμάω) *a reveller, merry-maker:—of Bacchus, the jolly god.*

κωμῆστορ, οὗ, ὁ, poet. for κωμῆστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, φ., = Lat. vicus, an *enclosed village* or *enclosed town*, a Dor. word—the Att. δῆμος: κωμὶ κῶμας οἰκεῖσθαι *to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns.*

II. of a city, a *quarter, ward, district.* Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. *in villages, Lat. rusticum.*

κωμητής, οὗ, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a villager, countryman.* II. in a city, *one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.*

κωμητής, the form of κωμητής.

κωμητοῦμαι, Dep. to speak like a comic poet. From

κωμῆδης, ἡ, ὢν, (κῶμη) *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμῶ-πῶλος, οὗ, ὁ, (κῶμη, πῶλος) *a village-horse, a horse bred in a neighbouring kῶμη.*

κῶμος, οὗ, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, festal processions, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games.* II. *the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμῶδέω, f. ἤσω, (κωμῶδός) *to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised.* κωμῶδία, ἡ, (κωμῶδέω) *a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition.* There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμῶδικός, ἡ, ὢν, *of or for comedy, comic.* κωμῶδῶ-γελως, ἄτος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, γέλως) *a comic actor.*

κωμῶδο-γράφος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, γράφω) *a comic writer.* κωμῶδοδιδασκάλια, ἡ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art.* From κωμῶδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, διδάσκαλος) *a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.*

κωμῶδο-λοιχέω, f. ἤσω, (κωμῶδός, λείχω) *to play the parasite and buffoon.*

κωμῶδο-ποιητής, οὗ, ὁ, and κωμῶδο-ποιός, ὁ, (κωμῶδός, ποιέω) *a maker of comedies, comic poet.*

κωμῶδός, ὁ, (κῶμη, ἀοιδίς) *a comedian: 1. a comic actor.* 2. *a comic poet.*

κωμῶδο-τράγηδία, ἡ, (κωμῶδός, τραγῳδία) *a tragic-comedy.*

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, hemlock, Lat. cicuta. 2. *hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.*

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, *a small cone.*

κωνίτης [ῥ], οὗ, ὁ, fem. —itus, idos, *extracted from pine-cones.*

ΚΩΝΟΣ, οὗ, ὁ, *a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree.* 2. *the cone or peak of a helmet.*

κωνο-φόρος, οὗ, (κῶνος, φέρω) *cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.*

κωνομεῖον, τό, = κωνομεῖον, Lat. compositum.

κωνομεῖον, ἄτος, ὁ, (κῶνος) *an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.*

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ἄτος, ὁ, a goat, Lat. capra.

Κῶπος, α, οὗ, *from the island Cos, Coan.* II. ὁ Κῶπος, often written κῶος (sch. βῆλος), *the highest throne with the dice, counting six, opp. to ἵδιος, which counted one: hence the proverb Κῶπος ἔστις Σίωρ.*

κωνῶν, ἑσ, ὁ, (κῶν) *a piece of wood for an ear, a spur for an ear.*

κωνῶν, ἑ, οὗ, (κῶν) *to thrust into ears.* 2. *to fit ear with ears.*

κωνῶν, φ, (ἐκὼν κωνῶν, κῶν), *as λαβὴ πῶν λαβῶν* *not handle, as the handle of an ear: then, the ear itself.* 2. *the handle or leaf of a sword, the*

bilt, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the bundle of a key*. 4. *the bundle or baf of a torch*. Hence

κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*.

κωπηλάτω, f. ήσω, to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards. From κωπη-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (κώπη, ελαίνω) a rower, Lat. *remex*.

κωπη-ήρης, ες, (κώπη, άραρείν) furnished with oars. II. *holding the oar*.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κόριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

ΚΩΡΥΚΟΣ, ό, a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at, like the quintain.

Κώρυκος, ό, *Corycus*, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi.

Κῶς Ep. Κῶος, ή, gen. Κῶ, the island Cos, in the Aegaeon sea, opposite Caria.

κῶς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς.

κωτλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κωτλλω.

ΚΩΤΤΑΛΩ, to prate, chatter, Lat. *garrire*: to wheedle, coax. II. trans. to chatter to, talk over. Hence

κωτῖλος, η, ον, *chattering, prattling*: of a swallow, twittering. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [r]

κωφάω, f. άσω, (κωφός) to make deaf or dumb. II. to dull, blunt.

κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπτω) blunt, opp. to δξύς. II. of the senses, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κωφόν κύμα a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, *dumb*, *mute*, *speechless*; also *insensate*, *unmeaning*. 2. also *dull of bearing*, *deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind*, *stupid*, *obtuse*.

κῶχτο, by crasis for καὶ ῶχτο, impf. of οἴχομαι.

κῶψον, by crasis for καὶ ὤψον.

Λ

Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000. The Lacedaemonians bore Λ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ήνθον φίντατος for ήλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνέμων. II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as είβα for λείβα, αἰψηρός for λαιψηρός. III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τρέλλιστος. IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκαρος for ναύκληρος. V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to ὕζειν, ὀδ-ωδέναι.

VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μύγισ and μόλις. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλίλλογος έλλείπω.

ΛΑ', insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαί-, λι-, δα-, (α-), e. g. in λά-μαχος very warlike, λα-κατ-άρατος much accursed.

ΛΑ'ΑΣ, ό, gen. λάος, dat. λαῖ, acc. λᾶν: plur., gen. λᾶων, dat. λάεσι Ep. λάεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λᾶς, acc. λᾶν:—a gen. λᾶων also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS*, a stone. II. a rock, crag.

λαβείν Ion. λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λαβείν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λάβειν, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λάβη, ή, (λαβείν) the part to hold by, a handle, baf, bilt; λαβήν δοῦναι to give one a grip or hold, metaph., to give one a handle, something to lay hold of, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λαβούσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρ-άγορης, ου, ό, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγορεύω) a bold, rash talker, braggart.

λάβραξ, ακος, ό, (λάβρος) a sea-wolf.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) to talk boldly vaunt.

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πούς) rapid impetuous.

λαβροποτέω, f. ήσω, to drink hard. Fro

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) a hard

ΛΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ον, furious, boisterous, bluster

ment. 2. of persons, boisterous, furious,

also gluttonous, greedy.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) to talk boldly. Hence

λαβροστομία, ή, bold, rash talking.

λαβρό-στομος, ον, (λάβρος, στόμα) talking rashly.

λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also greediness.

λαβρό-συτος, ον, (λάβρος, σέω) rushing furiously.

λάβρος, Adv. of λάβρος, violently, greedily.

λάβυρινθος, ό, a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete. II. anybing of spiral or twisted shape. (Foreign word.)

λάβυρινθ-ώδης, ες, (λάβυρινθος, είδος) like a labyrinth, intricate.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.

λαγάρizω, f. σω, (λαγάρός) to make slack or hollow:—Med. to become hollow or gaunt from hunger.

λαγάρός, ά, όν, slack, hollow, sunken. II. slack, pliant, flexible. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence

λαγάρω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or loose.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λαγίζω) = λάξ, with the beel.

λάγειος, ον, also α, ον, (λαγός, λαγώς) of or from a bars.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ὁ, (λαός, ἡγέομαι) *leader of the people*.

ΛΑΤΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, a *flagon*, Lat. *lagena*.

Λάγινος, η, ου, (λαγός) *of or from a bare*.

Λάγιον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a *leveret*.

λαγνεία, *lewdness, lust, desire*. From

ΛΑΤΝΟΣ, ου, *lewd, lustful*.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) *bare-devourer*.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, θηράω) a *bare-hunter*.

Hence

λαγοθηρέω, *to hunt bares*.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, *to kill bares*. From

ΛΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, collat. form of λαγός, a *bare*.

Λάγυνος, ὁ, also ἡ, = λαγύνος. [Later also ὅ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ: fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάζομαι: aor. 2 ἔλαχον Ep. ἐλλάχον: pf. εἴληχα poet. ἐέλοχα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήχην: pf. εἴληγμα:—*to obtain by lot or fate*: generally, *to obtain, get possession of*: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχεῖν *to have a post assigned one by lot*. 2. *to have assigned to one, to have for one's share*; esp. of the gods, Κῆρ λάχε γεινόμενον Fate *bad him given over to her at his birth*: hence *to protect as the tutelary deity of a place*: also of men, *to obtain for one's share*: later, *to obtain by inheritance, succeed to*. 3. absol. *to draw lots*: *to*

τ office by lot, *to cast lots for*: c. inf., ὁ λαμαρχέειν *he who had the lot to be polemarch*: λαχόντες *those on whom the lot fell*. 4. w-term, λαγχάνειν δίκην τινί *to sue one at law*, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) *to sue inheritance*. II. with partitive gen., *to bare of, become possessed of a thing*. III. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐλάχον, *to put in possession*, λαχεῖν τινά πυρός *to grant one the right fire*. IV. intr. *to fall to one's lot or share*: *to be assigned by lot*.

λαγω-βόλος, τό, (λαγός, βάλλω) a *staff for flinging at bares*, also used as a *shepherd's crook*, Lat. *pedum*: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγωῦδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a *leveret*.

ΛΑΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, also ὁ, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσι, any hollow: esp. like κενών, *the hollow part below the ribs, the flank*: in pl. λαγόνες, *the flanks, loins*.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγός, βαλεῖν) *biting bares*.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ου, ὁ, Ep. for λαγός, *a bare*.

Λαγώς, α, ου, contr. for λαγώεις, (λαγός) *of or from a bare*:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) *bare-flesh, roast bare*, and generally, *dainties, delicacies*.

ΛΑΤΩΣ, ὁ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. Λαγώς, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a *bare*.

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λᾶω, *to see*.

λάε, dual nom. of λάας a *stone*.

λάεσσιν, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a *stone*.

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, *to take, seize, grasp, catch, bold*; λάζεσθαι τινα ἀγκάς *to take one in the arms*: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι *to take back one's words, retract*.

Λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ἡ, Dor. for λήθη.

λᾶθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, *escaping the wind*.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λᾶθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λᾶθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λᾶθι-κηδής, ἐς, (λαθεῖν, κῆδος) *banishing care*.

λᾶθι-πονός, ου, (λήθω, πόνος) *forgetful of sorrow, grief*; βίος τοῦ λανθάνοντος, a *life forgetting*, i.e. *exempt from, pain*.

λᾶθι-φθογγος, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογγή) *robbing of voice striking dumb*, epith. of death.

λαθολατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λᾶθος, εὸς, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λᾶθρα, v. sub λᾶθρη. Hence

λαθραῖος, α, ου, also ος, ου, secret, *hidden, stealthy, covert*. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραιότατα.

λᾶθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λᾶθρᾶ: (λαθεῖν): *secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly*: c. gen. *without one's knowledge*; Καδμείων λᾶθρα *without the knowledge of the Cadmeans*.

λᾶθρηδόν, Adv. = λᾶθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λᾶθριος. Adv. -ως. [Υ] λᾶθριος, ου, (λᾶθρα) *stealthy, secret, furtive*.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λᾶθρα, βαλεῖν) *biting secretly*.

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ὁ, (λᾶθρα, δάκνω) *biting secretly*.

λαθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λᾶθρα, ποῦς) *stealthy-footed, silent-footed*.

λάθω, λᾶθών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λαί-, insepr. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαίγξ, ἔγγος, ἡ, Dim. of λάας, a *pebble*.

λαίθ-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. ἄσομαι, (ληκάω) *to wench*.

λαικαστής, ου, ὁ, (λαικάζω) a *wencher*: fem. λαικάστρια, a *barlot*.

ΛΑΓΛΑΨ, ἄπος, ἡ, a *tempest, storm, hurricane*.

λαῖμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λῆμα, αἷμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαί-, μάργος) *greedy, gluttonous*. II. talkative.

λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) *to swallow greedily, bolt, devour*: intr. *to be greedy*.

λαιμη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δάκτης, ἐς, (λαιμός, δακεῖν) *throat-biting*.

λαιμοπέδη, ἡ, (λαιμός, πέδη) a *dog-collar*. II. a *spring for catching birds*.

λαιμο-ρύτος, ου, (λαιμός, ῥέω) *gushing from the throat*.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the throat, gullet*.

λαιμό-τμητος, ου, (λαιμός, τμητός) *with the throat cut or severed*.

λαιμο-τόμος, ου, (λαιμός, τεμείν) *throat-cutting*. II.

pass. λαμβότομος, *ov*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *a, ov*, = λαῖνος. [γ]

λαῖνος, *η, ov*, (λαῖος) of stone, stony; λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i. e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, τό, Dor. for λήιον.

λαῖός, *ά, όν*, left; λαῖās χειρός on the left hand; so πρὸς λαῖά χερί; ἐπὶ λαῖον on the left.

λαῖο-τομέω, *f. ήσω*, (λαῖον, τεμεῖν) to plough land.

λαῖσθήιον, τό, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the δάσις, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΤΜΑ, τό, the deep sea.

ΛΑΙΓΦΟΣ, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαῖψηρό-δρομος, *ov*, (λαῖψηρός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

λαῖψηρός, *ά, όν*, (λαῖ-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift.

λαῖκῶ, = λακῶ, λάσκα, to sbout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, *ή*, fem. of Λάκων, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*. 2. (sub. γυνή), a *Laconian woman*.

Λακαινῶν, Dor. gen. pl. of Λάκαινα.

Λάκάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λᾶ-καταπύγων, *ov*, (λα-, καταπύγων) very lustful. [β]

λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσκω.

Λακεδαίμων, *ovos, ή*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of *Laconia*; also *Laconia* itself.

λάκειν, aor. 2 inf. of λάσκω.

Λάκερυζα, *ή*, (λακῶ) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a cawing crow; λακέρυζα κύνων a yelping dog.

λάκῶ, Dor. for ληκῶ.

λάκῃσω, fut. of λάσκω.

λάκίζω, *f. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to rend, tear.

λάκίς, *ιδος, ή*, (λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending;

λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, *ατος, τό*, (λάκίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λακιστός, *ή, όν*, (λακίω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακκό-πρωκτος, *ov*, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πυγος, *ov*, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακκόπρωκτος.

ΛΑΚΚΟΣ, *δ*, any hollow, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vinarium*.

Λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

λακ-πάτητος, *ov*, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πᾶ]

λακτίζω, *f. ήσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (λάξ) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζειν τὸν πεσόντα to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; λακ-

τίζειν πρὸς κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

Λάκτισμα, τό, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, *ov, δ*, (λακτίω) one who tramples; λακτιστὴς ληνοῦ a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκων, *ovos, δ*, a *Laconian* or *Lacedaemonian*; and as Adj. *Laconian*: fem. Λάκαινα. Hence

Δακωνίζω, *f. ήσω*, to imitate the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak *laconically*. II. to be in the *Lacedaemonian* interest. Hence

Δακωνικός, *ή, όν*, *Laconian*; τὸ Δακωνικόν the *Laconian people*:—ή Δακωνίη, I. (sub. γῆ), *Laconia*.

2. (sub. κρηπίς), a kind of man's shoe.

Δακωνίς, *ιδος, fem. of Δακωνικός*, I. (sub. γυνή), a *Laconian woman*. 2. (sub. γῆ), the *Laconian land*.

Δακωνισμός, *δ*, (Δακωνίω) the imitation of the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the *Lacedaemonian* interest, *Laconism*.

Δακωνιστής, *ov, δ*, (Δακωνίω) one who imitates or takes part with the *Lacedaemonians*, a *Laconizer*.

Δακωνο-μᾶνέω, (Δάκων, μανῆναι) to be mad after the *Lacedaemonians*, to have a *Laconomania*.

λαλαγεύντες, λαλαγεύντι, Dor. for λαλαγοῦντες, λαλαγοῦσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λαλάγῳ, *f. ήσω*, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, *ατος, τό*, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling.

λαλάξω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λάλαξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres. ind. of λαλέω.

ΛΑΛΕΩ, *f. ήσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λαλητέος, *a, ov*, verb. Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of.

λαλητής, *ov, δ*, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λαλητικός, *ή, όν*, (λαλέω) given to talking.

λαλητρίς, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of λαλητής, a gossip.

λαλιά, *ή*, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, *a, ov*, poet. for λάλος.

λάλλαι, *αι*, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, *ov*, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος.

λαμά, Heb. for what? why?

Λαμαχ-ἱππιον, τό, (Λάμαχος, ἱππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey *Lamachus*.

λά-μάχος, *ov*, (λα-, μάχη) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω: fut. λήψομαι Ion. λάμφομαι Dor. λαφούμαι, —εῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔλαβον Ep. ἔλαβον Ion. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβε, inf. λαβεῖν, part. λαβών, οὔσα, όν:—pf. εἴληφα Ion. λελάθηκα: plqpf. εἰλήφειν:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ep. redupl. inf. λελαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἴλημμαι poet. ἐέλημμαι Ion. ἐέλαμμαι.

To take, take bold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, τὴν πτερυγος λάβειν he caught her by the wing:—metaph., φρενὶ λαβεῖν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep bold of, grasp tight: also to get bold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὀρέων to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire.

V. λαμβάνειν τινα ὑρκίσει to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense.

VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife. 2. of a woman, to conceive.

3. δίκην λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. sumere poenas: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas.

Λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

Λαμπάδ-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπαδηδρομία. From

λαμπάδ-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-οὔχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp.

2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία. II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετάω, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετών.

λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἴδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπω, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρόν ὕδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct.

2. of the wind, fresh, keen. 3. metaph. evident, clear, manifest.

II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφωνία, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρόφωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρόνυξ, f. ἡνώ: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύναμην:—Pasc., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant.

II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in.

III. Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὅμμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted.

2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπρέος, ον, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτήρ-οὔχια, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτήρουχιαί the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήροισι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear.

3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious. II. trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λάμυρος, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous.

III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρῶς, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον.

λαμψήναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω. Λάμψομαι, Ion. for λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΛΗ΄ΘΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λᾱσῶ: aor. 2 ἐλάθον: pf. ἐλέγηθα: plqpf. ἐλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθειν ἑκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector.

2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπτων he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μὴ διαφθαρείς λάθῃ lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἕως πάντων λάθῃ διαφθαρείς until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λελᾶθον, subj. λελάθῃ:—to make to forget: hence,

III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾱσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθωμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λελᾶθον, subj. λελάθῃ:—to make to forget: hence,

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III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾱσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθωμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λελᾶθον, subj. λελάθῃ:—to make to forget: hence,

III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾱσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθωμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. λέλησμαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασμαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

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—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also *a land-army* opp. to a fleet; also *the common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects of a prince*.

λᾶος, irreg. gen. of λᾶας, *a stone*.

λᾶο-σεβής, ἐς, (λαός, σέβομαι) *revered by the people*.

λᾶοσ-σός, ον, (λαός, σεύω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λᾶο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (λᾶας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λᾶο-τίνακτος, ον, (λᾶας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λᾶο-τρέφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

λᾶο-τύπος, ον, (λᾶας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαοτύπος, ὁ, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λᾶο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.

λᾶο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, *φένω) *slaying the people*.

λᾶο-φόρος Att. λω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος ὁδός *a road, highway*.

λαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λαπάρῃ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, *the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λαπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λαπάω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΠΗ, ἡ, *pblegm*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., ἀνγλίω *lápā* in sunless damp, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ᾶ]

λαπῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λαπίθαι, οἱ, the *Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [ῥ]
λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. 1 ἐλαπα: pf. ἐλάπα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lambo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (λαρός) *fatted, fat*.

λαρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = λάρος, *a gull*.

Λάρισα Ion. Ληρ-, ἡ, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαρισαῖος, α, ον, *Larissaeon, of or from Larissa*.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κτ]

ΛΑΡΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛΑΡΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a coffer, box, chest*: a cinerary urn = an ark.

ΛΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ᾶ, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. *λαρώτατος*: but the reg. Comp. *λαρότερον* occurs as Adv.

λαρυγγιάω, (λάρυγξ) *to scream, screech*.

λαρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ῶ, (λάρυγξ) *to bawl, bel-love*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΡΥΓΞ, gen. υργγος, ὁ, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

λᾶς, λᾶος, ὁ, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λᾶας.

ΛΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum, a night-stool*. [λα]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζω, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λασεύμαι, Dor. for λήσσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω: I pl. *λασεύμεθα*, for *λησόμεθα*.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ἡ, *mockery, insult*.

λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λαστο-αἴχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αἰχῆν) *with sbaggy neck*.
λαστο-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λάσιος, θρίξ) *sbaggy-haired*.

λάσιος, α, ον, Att. ος, ον, *sbaggy with hair or wool, bairy*. II. *sbaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ᾶ] Hence

λαστο-στερνός, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνων) *with bairy chest*.

ΛΑΨΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λάκω, λάκω): fut. λάκῃσομαι: aor. 1 ἐλάκησα [ᾶ]: aor. 2 ἐλάκων, inf. λάκείν: pf. ἐλάκα Ion. ἐλέκηκα, Ep. part. fem. ἐλακύνια:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλάκωμην, Ep. redupl. ἐλακώμην, whence 3 plur. ἐλακόντο [ᾶ]:—*to ring, clasp, crash, crackle*: of axes, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also II. of animals, *to sbriek, scream*: of dogs, *to bowl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, to bowl, bay*.

λάσῳ, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑΨΑΞ, ἄγος, ἡ, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ἐς, (λατώ, *γένω) *born of Latona*.

λατομέω, f. ῶμαι, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

λατομία, ἡ, *a stone-quarry*.

λα-τόμος, ὁ, (λᾶς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

λατρεία, ἡ, (λατρεύω) *bired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λάτρευμα, τό, *bired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρις) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 2. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

λάτριος, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, *a bired servant, Lat. latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; λατρων ἄπρεθε *without rent or quittance*.

λαυκάνη, ἡ, = λαυμός, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΥΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ἡ, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λαφυγμός, ὁ, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

λαφύρ-αγωγέω, f. ῶμαι, *to make booty of*. From

λαφύρ-αγωγός, ὄν, (λάφυρα, ἄγω) *carrying off booty*.

λαφύρο-πώλειω, f. σω, *to sell booty*. From

λαφύρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty*, Lat. *sector*.

λαφύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously*, gorge, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λαφύστιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛΑΧΑΙΝΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. 1 ἐλάχηνα:—*to dig*.
λαχάνεω, f. σω, (λάχανον) *to plant with pot-herbs*:—Med. *to gather herbs*.

λαχανη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering herbs*.

λαχάνίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence λαχάνισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά, garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, ποίβερα, vegetables, greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχανο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-grocer: fem. λαχάνο-πωλήτρια, and λαχάνο-πωλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἐλάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχὺς, small; or fem. of an Adj. λαχὺς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled, fertile.

λάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω.

Λάχεσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λαχεῖν) Lachesis, one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II. lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

λαχναῖος, α, ον, woolly, bairy, downy. From ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, bairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with bairy limbs.

λάχνος, ὁ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ὥσω, to make bairy:—Pass. to grow downy.

λαχν-ῶδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λαχοῖην, Att. for λάχοιμ, aor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λάγειν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II. the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [α]

λάχων, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαψέμεαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λάψων, fut. part. of λαπτω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΑΨΩ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at; old Ep. word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing. impf. λάε. [α]

*ΛΑΨΩ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

Λείαινα, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

Λεαίνω, f. λεῶνω Ep. λεῖανω: aor. 1 ἐλέηνα Ep. λέηνα: (λείος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth; λεαίνειν κελύθειον to smooth the way. II. to rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to destroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or soften down.

Λεάντρεα, ἡ, fem. of λεαντήρ.

λεαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (Λεαίνω) a polisher.

Λεῖψης, ἦρος, ὁ, (Λεῖβω) a kettle, caldron. II. the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνυψ) was handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan kings.

III. a cinerary urn.

Λεγωῖν, ὄνος, ὁ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion.

Λέγομαι, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, 1 and 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΤΩ, f. Λέτω: aor. 1 ἐλέτα: pf. εἴλοχα:—Med. fut. λέτομαι: aor. 1 ἐλέατην:—Pass. fut. λεχθήσομαι: panlo-post fut. λελέτομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἐλέχθη, aor. 2 ἐλέτην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέτην, 3 sing. λέκτο: pf. εἴλεμαι or ἐλέεμαι: 1. Act. TO LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med. TO LIE, to lie down. II. to lay in order, arrange, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. III. to reckon, count, tell or reckon up. IV. to recount, tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of oracles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινας to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινα ποιεῖν τί to tell, bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέγεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the saying goes.

λεηλασία, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From

λεηλατέω, f. ἥσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle, to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

λεηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (Λεῖα, ελαίνω) one who drives off booty, a plunderer, marauder. [α]

ΛΕΙΤΑ Ion. λητή, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle; hence what can be driven off as booty.

Λεῖανω, fut. λεῖανέω, Ion. and Ep. for Λεαίνω.

ΛΕΙΒΩ, ψω: aor. 1 ἐλεῖβα:—to pour, pour forth: mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβεσθαι δακρύοις to melt into tears: hence to melt or pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

Λεῖζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληῖζομαι.

Λεῖηναν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of Λεαίνω.

Λεῖηνος, Ep. aor. 1 part. of Λεαίνω.

Λεῖμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = Λεῖμων, a meadow: a garden.

Λεῖμμα, ατος, τό, (Λεῖτω) a remnant, remains.

Λεῖμων, ὄνος, ὁ, (Λεῖβω) any moist grassy place, a meadow, mead, Lat. pratium.

Λεμωνιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of Λεμωνίας; ῥύμφη Λεμωνιάς a meadow-nymph.

Λεμωνίος, α, ον, (Λεῖμων) of a meadow.

Λεμωνίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of Λεμωνίος.

Λεμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (Λεῖμων) from a meadow.

Λεο-γένεος, ον, (Λεῖος, γένεσθαι) smooth-chinned.

Λεο-κύμων, ον, (Λεῖος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

Λεο-μίτος, ον, (Λεῖος, μίτος) smoothing the threads of the warp.

Λεοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεωντή, a lion's skin.

Λεοντο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (Λεῶν, μάχη) poet. for λεωντ-, a lion-fighter.

Λεοντο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (Λεῶν, πάλη) poet. for λεωντ-, wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΟΣ, α, ον, or ος, ων, Lat. LAEVIS, smooth: of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth: c. gen., Λεῖος περὶ ὁὖρον level and free from rocks. 2. with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth, soft, gentle.

Λεῖος, ἦρος, ὁ, (Λεῖω) smoothness.

Λέουσι, poet. for **λέουσι**, dat. pl. of **λέων**.
λειπτόν, verb. Adj. of **λείπω**, one must leave.
ΛΕΙΠΩ, f. **λείψω**: aor. 2 act. **ἔλιπον**, inf. **λίπειν**;
 (aor. 1 **ἔλειψα** only in late writers): pf. **ἔλειπα**:—
 Med., fut. **λείψομαι** in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. **λειφ-**
θήσομαι, paullo-post. fut. **λελείψομαι**: aor. 1 **ἔλειψ-**
θη: aor. 2 **ἔλιπον** [γ]: pf. **ἔλειμμαι**: plqpf. **ἔλελείμ-**
μην:—Lat. **LINQUO**, to leave, leave remaining: of
 dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med.
 to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memo-
 rial. 2. to desert in danger, abandon, for-
 sake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left re-
 maining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part.
λειμμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior
 to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left
 without: to come short of., be inferior, worse, weaker
 than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III.
 intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be want-
 ing, cease, Lat. **deficere**.
λειριεύς, **εσσα**, εν, (**λείριον**) of or like a lily, lily-
 white, delicate.
ΛΕΙΨΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. **lilium**.
λείστος, see **ληϊστός**.
λείτος or **λείτος**, εν, (**λαός**, **λέως**) of the people, Ion.
 for Att. **δημόσιος**.
λειτουργία, f. ἡσω, (**λειτουργός**) to perform public
 duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve
 public offices at one's own cost: cf. **leitourgia**. II.
 to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence
λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy,
 i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the
 richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly
 in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II.
 divine service, whence our word **Liturgy**.
λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, performing public service, mini-
 stering. From
λειτουργός, ὄν, (**λείτος** or **λείτος**, **ἔργον**) perform-
 ing public duties, serving the state. II. a priest,
 minister of God.
ΛΕΙΧΗΝ, ἦρος, ὅ, a tree-moss, lichen. II.
 hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of
 the ground, a blight, canker.
ΛΕΙΧΩ, f. **ἔω**: aor. 1 **ἔλειξα**:—Lat. **LINGO**, to
 lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. **λελειχότες**.
λείψας, aor. 1 part. of **λείβω**.
λειψάνη-λόγος, εν, (**λείψανον**, **λέγω**) gathering
 remnants.
λείψανον, τό, (**λείπω**) a piece left, remnant, relic,
 wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. **reliquiae**.
Λειψο-ὕδριον, τό, (**λείπω**, **ὕδωρ**) an ill-watered dis-
 trict near mount Parnes in Attica.
λείων, ὅ, poet. for **λέων**, hence Ep. dat. **λείουσι**.
λεκάνη, ἡ, (**λέκος**) a dish, pot, pan. [ἄ] Hence
λεκάνης, ἡ, **λεκάνιον**, τό, **λεκάνισκη**, ἡ, Diminutives
 of **λεκάνη**:—a little dish or pan, platter.
λεκίθο-πώλης, ου, ὅ, fem. —**πωλῖς**, ἴδος, (**λέκιθος**,
πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.
ΛΕΚΤΟΣ, ὅ, pulse-porridge.

ΛΕΚΟΣ, εως, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.
λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (**λέγω**) good at speaking, fluent,
 eloquent. II. suited for speaking.
λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of **λέγω**.
λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (**λέγω**) gathered, chosen, picked
 out. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.
λέκτρον, τό, (**λέγω**) a couch, bed, Lat. **lectus**: **λέκ-**
τρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.
λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of **λαμβάνω**.
λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of **λαμβάνω**.
λελάβη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of **λαμβάνω**.
λελάβοντο, **λελαθέσθω**, **λελαθέσθαι**, 3 pl. indic., 3
 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of **λαμβάνω**.
λέλακα, pf. of **λάσσω**.
λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of **λάσσω**.
λελάκνυα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of **λάσσω**.
ἐλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of **λαμβάνω**.
ἐλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of **λαμβάνω**.
ἐλάσχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of **λαγχάνω**.
λελάχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of **λαγχάνω**.
ἐλείπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of **λείπω**.
λελείφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of **λείπω**.
λελειχότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of **λείχω**.
ἔλευσμαι, pf. pass. of **λέω**.
ἐλέχθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of **λέγω**.
ἐλήθα, pf. of **λαμβάνω**.
ἐλήκα, Ion. pf. of **λάσσω**: part. **λεληκώς**.
ἐλήμμαι, poet. pf. pass. of **λαμβάνω**.
ἐλήσμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of **λαμβάνω**: but **ἐλήσμαι**,
 pf. pass. of **ληϊσμαι**.
ἐλήλμαι, old Ep. pf. of **ἡλαιομαι**, (and therefore
 properly **λελήλμαι**), to strive eagerly, long for, be
 zealous for: part. **λελημένος**, zealous, basty, eager.
λελιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of **λίπτω**.
ἔλεγα, pf. of **λέγω**.
λελογισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of **λογίζομαι**, de-
 liberately, advisedly.
ἐλογχα, pf. of **λαγχάνω**.
ἐλόγχη, poet. for **ἐλελόγχει**, 3 sing. plqpf. of
λαγχάνω.
ἔλοιπα, pf. of **λείπω**.
λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of **λούω**.
ἐλούσμαι, pf. pass. of **λυμαίνομαι**. [ῥ]
ἔλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of **λύω**:—**ἔλυντο**, Ep. for
ἐἔλυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.
ἐλύτο, Ep. for **ἐἔλύτο**, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of **λύω**.
ἐλώθημαι, pf. in pass. sense of **λωβάομαι**.
ΛΕΜΒΟΣ, ὅ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a
 felucca.
λέμμα, ατος, τό, (**λέπω**) that which is peeled off, peel,
 husk, skin, scale.
λέντιον, τό, the Lat. **linteum**, a linen cloth, napkin.
λέξο, Ep. for **λέξαι**, aor. 1 imperat. med. of **λέγο-**
μαι, to lie down.
λέξις, εως, ἡ, (**λέγω**) a speaking, speech. 2. a way
 of speaking, diction, style.
ἔξο, Ep. for **λέξαι**, aor. 1 med. imperat. of **λέγο-**
μαι, to lie down.

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-beaded.

λεοντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πονυ, τύ, (λέων, πούς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, *φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

λεοντο-φύης, ἐς, (λέων, φύη) of lion nature.

λεοντό-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαῖνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕΥΠΑΔΑΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ).

λεπταῖος, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy.

λέπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

λεπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

λεπιδόμααι, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales. Hence

λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός θώραξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπας) a scale, busk, shell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ἡ, (λέπος) the leprosy.

λεπράς, ἄδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, ἁ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy.

λεπτάκινός, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for λεπταλέος.

λεπτάλεος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτο-ἐπὶ-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

λεπτό-γειος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ον, (λέπτος, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμω) slightly built: slight.

λεπτολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι, as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λέπτος, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks:—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

λεπτότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτουργέω, f. ἴσω, (λεπτουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτο-ουργής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

λεπτο-ουργός, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-ϋφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [ὑ]

λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fine sand.

λεπτύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτῶς, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small busk, thin rind. From λεπύριον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, busk, rind.

ΛΕΥΠΩ, fut. ψω: aor. I. ἔλεψα:—to strip off the husks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = Λεσβιάζω.

Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and bear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-ball. II. talking, gossip: in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχηνεύω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγᾶλέος, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ον, ὁ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λεὺ), a Levite. [I] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

λευκαίνω, (λευκός) to whiten, blanch, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

λευκᾶν, Dor. for λευκῶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκᾶναι, aor. I inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάρα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

Λευκάς, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

Λευκᾶς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

λευκ-ασπής, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded. λευκή, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the

white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ήρεμος, ον, (λευκός, ἑρεμύς) with white or foaming oars.

λευκ-ήρης, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραιεῖν) white, blanched.

Λευκιππίδες, αἱ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

Λευκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [τ], ου, δ, = λευκός.

Λευκο-θεά, ἡ, (λευκή, θεά) *the white goddess*; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.

λευκό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, θρίξ) *white-haired*.
λευκο-θάραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, θάραξ) *with white cuirass*.

λευκό-ιον, τό, (λευκός, ἴον) *the stock or wall-flower*.

λευκο-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κύμα) *white with waves, surfy*. [ῥ]

λευκό-λινον, τό, (λευκόν, λίνον) *white flax* for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.

λευκο-λόφος, ου, δ, and λευκό-λοφος, ον, (λευκός, λόφος) *white-crested*:—λευκόλοφον, τό, *a white bill*.

λευκο-όπωρος, ον, (λευκός, όπωρα) *with white autumn fruits*.

λευκο-παρείος Ion. -πάρης, ον, (λευκός, παρεία) *fair-cheeked*.

λευκο-πέπλος, ον, (λευκός, πέπλος) *white-robed*.

λευκο-πήχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πήχυς) *white-armed*.

λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (λευκός, πλήθος) *filled with white* or *with persons in white*.

λευκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ποιη, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς) *white-footed*: *barefooted*.

λευκο-πρεπής, ἐς, (λευκός, πρέπω) *white-looking*.

λευκό-πετρος, ον, (λευκός, πετρόν) *white-winged*.

λευκό-πῶλος, ον, (λευκός, πῶλος) *with white horses*: *riding a white horse*.

ΛΕΥΚΟΨ, ἡ, ὅν, *light, bright, brilliant, clear*: of water, *bright*. II. *white, gray, bary*: of the skin, *white, fair*, but also, *blanched, pale, wan*. 2. λευκός χρυσός, *pale* (i. e. alloyed) gold, opp. to ἀπεφθός or refined. 3. metaph. *fair, happy, joyful, gay*. 4. of sound, *clear*, like λαμπρός.

λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (λευκός, στέφω) *white-wreathed*.

λευκό-στικτός, ον, (λευκός, στίζω) *speckled with white, grizzled*.

λευκό-σφύρος, ον, (λευκός, σφυρόν) *white-ankled*.

λευκό-τροφός, ον, (λευκός, τρέφω) *white-growing*.

λευκο-φάης, ἐς, (λευκός, φάος) *white-gleaming*.

λευκο-φόρος, ον, (λευκός, φέρω) *white-robed*.

λευκ-όφρυς, υ, (λευκός, όφρύς) *white-browed*.

λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, χιτών) *white-coated*. [τ]

λευκό-χρoος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χρoά) *white-coloured*: heterocl. acc. λευκόχροα.

λευκό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, χρώς) *white-skinned*.

λευκόω, f. ὠσαι, (λευκός) *to whiten*: *to paint white*:—Med., λευκοῦσθαι *πλατο* *to whiten* their shields. II.

λευκοῦν *πύδα* *to bare* the foot.

λευκ-ώλενος, ον, (λευκός, ὠλένη) *white-armed*.

λευκωμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκώ) *anything whitened*: *a white tablet* for public notices, Lat. *album*.

λευρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λείος) *smooth, level, even*. II. *smooth, polished*.

*ΛΕΥΣ, ὁ, = λάας, *a stone*: hence

λεύσιμος, ον, *stoning*; λεύσιμος θάνατος *death by*

stoning; λεύσιμοι *δράλ* *curses that will end in stoning*;
λεύσιμος *δίκη* *the penalty of death by stoning*.

λευσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (λεύς, λείω) *a stoning*.

λεύσσω, fut. λένσω (only in late authors), *to look* or *gaze upon*, see, behold. 2. absol. *to look*; ὁ μή

λεύσσαν, *he that sees not*, i. e. *one that is dead*.

λευστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (λεύς, λείω) *one who stones* or *deserves stoning*:—as Adj., λευστήρ *μóρος* *death by stoning*.

λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (λεύς):—*to stone*.

λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (λέχος, ποία) *with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy*.

λεχ-ήρης, ἐς, (λέχος, δραρεῖν) *bed-ridden*.

λεχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.

λέχος, εος, τό, (λέγω I) *a couch, bed*. 2. *a bier*. II. *the marriage-bed*: *a marriage*. Hence

λέχοσθε, Adv. *to bed*.

λέχριος, α, ον, *slanting crosswise, oblique*. From

ΛΕΨΧΡΙΣ, Adv. *slanting, crosswise, atwart*.

λεχώ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, (λέχος) *a woman in child-bed*.

λεχώϊος, ον, (λεχώ) *of, belonging to child-bed*.

Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεώ, κόρα) *the temple of the daughters of Leos*.

ΛΕΨΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. *LEO*, *a lion*: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεὺς σε λείοντα γυναῖξί θῆκε *Zeus made thee a lion toward women*, i. e. *their destroyer*.

λε-ωργός, ὄν, (Adv. λέως, ἔργον) *all-daring, audacious*: as Subst., *λεωργός*, ὁ, *a knave, villain*.

λέως, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for λάος, nom. pl. λεῖ, *people*; ακούετε λεῖ *hear O people*, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.

λέως, Adv., Ion. for λῶν, *entirely, wholly*.

λεω-σφέτερος, ον, (λέως, σφέτερος) *only in Hdt. 9. 33, λεωσφέτερον ἐποιήσαντο Τισαμένον* *they made him one of their own people*.

λεω-φόρος, ον, (λέως, φέρω) *bearing people, frequented*: λεωφόρος (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, *a thoroughfare*.

λῆ, 3 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

ΛΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to ΛΑΨ, *allay, abate*, like παύω: c. gen., ληγειν χείρας *φόνου* *to stay one's hands from murder*. II. more freq. intr., *to leave off*, or *cease from*, ληγειν *ἔριδος* *to cease from strife*; c. part., λήγω *ἐναρίζω* *I cease slaying*:—also absol. *to cease, make an end*.

λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) *gum ladanum, gum mastich*.

ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λῆδος, *a light dress*. [δ]

ΛΗ΄ΔΟΝ, τό, *the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found*.

ληῖδος, εος, τό, (λείος) *a thin cloth, light dress*.

ληῖομαι, Att. for ληῖομαι.

ληθαῖος or ληθαῖος, α, ον, (λήθη) *of or for forgetfulness, oblivious*. II. *of or from Lethe, Lethean*.

ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: see λανθάνω π.

ληθαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drowsy, slothful*. From

λήθαργος, ον, (λήθη) *forgetting*, c. gen.: absol. *forgetful, lethargic*.

ἰός, ἡ, ὅν, (ληθάνω) *causing forgetfulness*.
 ὄν, ὄνος, ἡ, poet. for λήθη.
 Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθομαι) *a forgetting, forget-*
 Lat. obliuio. II. *Leibé, the river of obli-*
 the lower world.
 is, τό, Dor. λάθος, = λήθη.
 ΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάν-
 whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.
 άνειρα, ἡ, (λήϊς, άνήρ) *making prey of men*.
 ιάς, άδος, poet. fem. of λήϊδιος, *captive*.
 μ-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, fem. λήϊ-βότερα, (λήϊον, βό-
) *crop-devouring*.
 ηϊδιος, α, ον, (λήϊς) *taken as booty, captive*.
 ηϊζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. λήισσομαι Ep. λήϊσσο-
 : aor. I ἐληϊσάμην Att. ἐλρησάμην, Ep. 3 sing.
 ηισσατο:—Pass., pf. λέλρησαι: Dep.: (λήϊς):—to
 ge as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain
 y force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. III.
 pf. λεληισμαι occurs in pass. signif., to be spoiled,
 taken as booty.
 λήϊη, Ion. for λεία.
 ληϊ-νόμος, ον, (λήϊον, νέμω) *dwelling among the*
corn-fields.
 ΔΗΪΟΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.
 ληϊς, ἰδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, booty, spoil. 2. a
 herd or flock, cattle.
 ληϊσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληϊζομαι.
 ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ληϊζομαι) Ep. for Att. λρηστής.
 ληιστής, οὔ, ὅ, Ion. for λρηστής.
 ληιστωρ, ορος, ὅ, = ληιστήρ.
 ληιστός or λείστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ληϊζομαι) *carried off as*
booty, to be won by force.
 ληιστός, ύος, ἡ, (ληϊζομαι) *plundering, spoiling*.
 ληϊτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ληϊς) *she who makes or dispenses*
booty, epith. of Athena.
 λήϊτον [τ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρυτα-
 νεϊον, the town-hall. Properly, neut. of λήϊτος.
 λήϊτος, η, ον, (λεός, λαός) *of the people, public*.
 ΔΗΚΕΪΩ Dor. λακίω, to sound, = λάσκω. Hence
 ληκίνδα, Adv. *sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time*.
 ληκύνθον, τό, Dim. of ληκύνθος, a small oil-flask.
 ΔΗΚΤΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [ῥ]
 λήμα, τό, (*λάω, λῶ) *wish, will, purpose*: in good
 sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.
 λημάλιος, α, ον, (λήμη) *bleared, purblind, of the*
eyes, Lat. lippus.
 λημᾶτιώω, (λήμα) *to be spirited or resolute*.
 λημῶω, (λήμη) *to be bleared: to be purblind*.
 ΔΗΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. grania, a tumour that gathers in
 the eye, rheum: αἱ λήμαι, sore eyes.
 λήμμα, τό, (εἰλημμαι) *anything received, income,*
receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.
 Λήμνιος, α, ον, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From
 Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegaean
 sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.
 Αηναϊκός, ἡ, ὅν, (Αηναία) *belonging to the Αηναία*.
 -ον. (ληνός) *belonging to the wine-*
-neaus, epith. of Bacchus

as god of wine...
 the Lenaea, an Athenian festival...
 Αηναίων in honour of Bacchus, at which...
 dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3.
 Αηναιον, τό, the Lenaem, or place at Athens where
 the Lenaea were held.
 Αηναϊτης, ον, ὅ, = Αηναϊκός.
 Αηναίων, ὄνος, ὅ, old name of the Att. month Γα-
 μυλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the
 latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh
 month of the Attic year.
 ΔΗΝΟΣ Dor. λᾶνός, οὔ, ἡ or ὅ, a trough, Lat.
 alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for water-
 ing cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.
 ΔΗΝΟΣ Dor. λᾶνος, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.
 λήξαιμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.
 λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) a cessation, end.
 λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήξομαι) appointment by lot, allot-
 ment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged
 with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λήξις τοῦ
 κληρον an application for one's lawful inheritance.
 λήξομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.
 λήός, rare Ion. form for λαός.
 ληπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be
 taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one
 must take or accept.
 ληπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken
 or comprehended.
 ληρέω, f. ἦσω, (λῆρος) to be foolish or silly, behaves
 foolishly; ληρεῖ ἔχων be keeps on acting foolishly.
 ΔΗΨΟΣ, ὅ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.
 ληρός, οὔ, ὅ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.
 λῆς, 2 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.
 λησιμ-βροτος, ον, (λῆθω, βροτός) taking men un-
 awares, a cheat.
 λησιμοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From
 λῆσιμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λῆθω) forgetting, unmindful.
 λήισομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.
 ληστοία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, r-
 bery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.
 ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) to be a robber or piri-
 c. acc. to plunder, sack.
 ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From
 ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὔ, ὅ, (λῆξομαι) a r-
 plunderer: esp. a pirate.
 ληστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piri-
 τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κῶς, in the man-
 ner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the r-
 of pirates.
 λῆστις, ἡ, (λῆθω) a forgetting.
 ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (ληστής, κτείνω) slaying
 ληστροκός, ἡ, ὅν, = ληστικός, piratical; τὸ
 κόν a pirate-vessel.
 ληστροίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of ληστροκός.
 λῆσω, fut. of λανθάνω.
 Λητο-γενής, ἐς, Dor. Λᾶτ-, (Λητώ, *γέν-
 Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατ-
 Diana.

Ἀητοῖδης Dor. Ἀδτ-, ου, δ, (Ἀητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [Ὶ]

Ἀητώ, δος contr. οὐς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Ἀητοῦς, dat. Ἀητοῖ, acc. Ἀητώ, voc. Ἀητοῖ.

Ἀητῶς Dor. Ἀδτ-, α, ον, (Ἀητώ) of or born of Latona: fem. also Ἀητωῖς, ἴδος.

Ἀηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λαμβάνω.

Ἀήψις, ἡ, (ἀήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

Ἀήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ἈΓ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-.

ἈΓ'Α'ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. I ἐλάσθην: Pass.:-to bend sideways, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λασθεῖς having fallen; πτερὰ πυκνὰ λασθεν the thick wings drooped.

Ἄλιν Ion. Ἄλην, Adv. (Ἄι-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [i both long and short.]

Ἄλσρός, ἄ, ὄν, = χαλσρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

Ἄσθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

Ἄσθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of λιάζομαι.

Ἄββζω, f. σω, (Ἄββς) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

Ἄββανος, ὁ, the frankincense-tree, producing Ἄββανωτός. II. = Ἄββανωτός, frankincense.

Ἄββανω-φόρος, ον, = Ἄββανωτοφέρους.

Ἄββανωτός, οὐ, ὁ, (Ἄββανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree Ἄββανος. II. a censer.

Ἄββανωτο-φόρος, ον, (Ἄββανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

Ἄββς, ἄδος, ἡ, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων Ἄββδες streams of tears.

Ἄββερτίνος, ὁ, the Lat. libertinus, and Ἄββερτος, ὁ, the Lat. libertus, a freedman.

Ἄββος, τό, = Ἄββς, tears: but Ἄββός, gen. of λίψ.

Ἄββός, ἄ, ὄν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Ἄββή, ἡ, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Ἄββς, υός, ὁ, fem. Ἄββςσα, (Ἄββή) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Ἄββςςτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Libya, African.

ἌΓΓΑ-, Adv. of λιγύς, as ἄγα of ἄγυς, loudly, clearly, ubrillingly, sbrilly. [Ὶ]

Ἄγαλνω, (λιγύς) to cry out with clear loud voice: to sbriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

Ἄγγω, (λιγύς) only found in Ep. aor. I, λίγγε βίβς the bowstring twanged.

Ἄγγην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim.

Ἄγγων, poet. for λιγγίων, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύς.

Ἄγγως, Adv. of λιγύς, loudly, clearly, sbrilly.

ἌΓΓΝΤ'Σ, υός, ἡ, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

Ἄγγε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of λίγγω.

Ἄγγυ-ηχής, ἐς, (λιγύς, ἡχή) clear-sounding.

Ἄγγυ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγύς, θρός) clear-singing.

Ἄγγυ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

Ἄγγυ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

Ἄγγυ-πνεῖων, οντος, (λιγύς, πνέω) sbrill-blowing, whisling, rustling.

Ἄγγυ-πνοῖος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοή) = λιγυπνεῖων.

Ἄγγυ-πτέρυγος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) cbrirping with the wings, of the cicada.

Ἄγγυρίζω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

Ἄγγυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιγύς) sbrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

Ἄγγυρός, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ἌΓΓΥ'Σ, λιγγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, sbrilling. [Ὶ]

Ἄιγυς, υος, ὁ, ἡ, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

Ἄιγυ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

Ἄιγυ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ἌΓΓΩ, f. ξω, (akiu to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγύην and ἐπι-λιγύην.

Ἄιγν, Adv., Ion. for Ἄιν.

Ἄιθάζω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

Ἄιθαξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λίθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

Ἄιθας, ἄδος, ὁ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

Ἄιθεος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

Ἄιθη-λογής, ἐς, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

Ἄιθίδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

Ἄιθινος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -ως, like stone, with stony look.

Ἄιθό-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

Ἄιθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From Ἄιθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones: οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

Ἄιθόβολος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

Ἄιθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor. [Ὶ]

Ἄιθο-δερκής, ἐς, (λίθος, δερκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

Ἄιθό-δμητος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

Ἄιθο-δῆμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ὁ, a mason.

Ἄιθο-εργός, ὄν, (λίθος, *έργω) turning to stone.

Ἄιθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

Ἄιθο-κτονία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

Ἄιθό-λευστος, ον, ὁ, (λίθος, λένω) stoned with stones; λιθόλευστος Ἄρης death by stoning.

Ἄιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From Ἄιθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn: cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, δ, a mason, = λιθόδομος.

λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) polishing stone: as Subst., λιθόφοος, δ, a marble-mason.

λιθο-πούς, ον, (λίθος, ποίεω) turning to stone.

λιθόρ-ινος, ον, (λίθος, ῥινός) with stony skin.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [r], ον, δ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔψεν to boil a stone, i. e. to lose one's labour. 2. stone as a substance.

II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass. III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx. IV. the piece on a draught-board.

λιθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λιθό-στρωτος, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

λιθοτομία, ἡ, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

λιθουργέω, f. ἴσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

λιθ-ουργός, ον, (λίθος, *έργω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθουργός, δ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry stones. From

λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones.

λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like stone, stony.

λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

λικμάω, f. ἴσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn. 2.

metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ἦρος, δ, a winnower of corn.

λικμητός, δ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ, οὐ, δ, = λίκνον.

ΛΙΚΝΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan. II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacchi. III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession.

λικρίφης, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λέχρις, λέχριος.)

λίλαομαι, (λι-, λελίμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, λιλαιομένη χροὸς δσαι longing to taste flesh: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λιμαίνω, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσιν, Ep. for λιμένιν, Dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λιμένης [r], ον, δ, fem. -ῆτις, ἴδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

λιμεν-ορμητὴς [r], ον, δ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) stationed in the harbour.

ΛΙΜΗΝ, ἑνος, δ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge.

3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

Λιμηρὸς, ἁ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished.

Λίμναι, αἱ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

Λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marshy, of or from the mere, ὄρνιθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

Λιμνάς, ἁδός, ἡ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

Λιμνάτης [ā], fem. -ᾱτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ῆτις.

Λίμνη, ἡ, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marshy lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

Λιμνήτης, ον, δ, fem. -ῆτις Dor. -ᾱτις, ἴδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

Λιμνο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsh-born.

Λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like a marsh, marshy.

Λιμο-θνής, ἦτος, δ, ἡ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, δ, also ἡ, hunger, famine.

Λιμο-φορέυς, δ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

Λιμ-ώδης, ἐς, (λιμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

Λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

Λίνευτής, οὐ, δ, (λίνον) a hunter with nets.

Λινό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

Λινό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

Λίνο-θήρας, ον, δ, (λίνον, θηράω) a hunter with nets.

Λίνο-θώρηξ, ἦκος, δ, ἡ, Ion. for λινωθώραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

Λινό-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) spinning flax.

Λινό-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνον σπέρμα lint-seed. [r]

Λινό-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

Λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

Λινοπτόμαι, Dep. (λινόπτης) to watch the nets.

Λινό-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

Λίν-ὄπτης, ον, δ, (λίνον, ὄψομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

Λινορ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ράπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος λινορραφής a ship having ber sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, δ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, δ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἴλινον.

Λινοσπασία, ἡ, a laying of nets. From

Λινο-στατέω, f. ἴσω, (λίνον, ἵσταναι) to lay nets.

Λίνους, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

Λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.

Λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases δλεῖναι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίῳ, probably used as an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίπος.) [r]

λιπαῖνος, f. ἀνώ, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint: metaph. to make fat, enrich:—Med. to anoint oneself.

λιπαρό-ἀμπυξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἀμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

λιπαρέω, f. ἥσω, to persist, bold out, persevere; c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c. inf., λιπαρεῖς τυχεῖν thou art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡΗΨ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρήτειον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.

λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.

λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

λιπαρό-κρήδεμνος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright head-band or fillet.

λιπαρό-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπαρός, ὁ, ὅν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λιπαρό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, and -χρως, οτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χρῶς, χρῶς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λιπαρός, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπαρός, Adv. of λιπαρός, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΨ, aos, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [r]

λιπαυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λιπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.

λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνῃ) without dowry, destitute.

λιπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous: ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λιπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age: hence generally, of unknown age.

λιπό-γυος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιπούσα, λιπούσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λιπο-μήτηρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

λιπό-ναυς Dor. also λιπό-νᾶς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λιπο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

λιπό-νεως, ον, = λιπόναυς.

λιπο-πάτρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λιπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λιπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΙΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

λιπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λιπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λιπο-στράτια, ἡ, and λιπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

λιπο-τάξια, ἡ, and λιπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λιπο-τρίχης, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

λιπο-ψυχέω, f. ἥσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit.

λίπων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λίπομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμαι: (formed from prefix λι-)—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λίπών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λῖς, ὁ, acc. λῖν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λῖες, λῖεσαι.

λῖς, ἡ, Ep. apocopate form for λισσῇ, σμοῖβ; λῖς πέτρῃ a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίσση, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίσσος, ἡ, ον, (λίσσος, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λίσσας, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσος, smooth:—as

Subst., λίσσας, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff; cf. λίσσος.

λίσσεσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΨΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. I ἐλίσσῃν Ep. ἐλλίσσῃν: aor. 2 ἐλγτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep.:—to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λίσσος, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος, λίσσος) smooth; λισσῇ πέτρῃ a smooth, bare cliff; cf. λίσσας.

λίστός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λίστρεω, f. σαι, to dig, hoe; φυτὸν λίστρευν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λίσσος) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes; v. sub λῖς II.

λιταῖω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

λιτανεύομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. I subj. of λιτανεύω:

λιτάνεύω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with λλ metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνεον, aor. I ἐλλιτάνευσα: (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λιτάνος, ἡ, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst.,

λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

λιταργίζω, f. σαι, to hasten, run, hurry. From

λιτ-αργος, ον, (λι-, ἀργός) running quick.

λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

Λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσασθαι) *a prayer, entreaty, supplication.* II. Λιταί, *Prayers*, personified as goddesses, in II. q. 502, sq.

Λιτοῖμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσασθαι.

Λίττομαι [Ὶ], rarer pres. for λίσσασθαι, *to pray.*

Λιτός, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος) *smooth, plain*, Lat. *simplex*.

Λιτός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσασθαι) *praying, supplicatory.*

Λίτρα, ας, ἡ, Lat. *libra*, *a pound*: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

Λιτραῖος, α, ὄν, *worth a λίτρα.*

Λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύρσης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -σας, *Lityerses*, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Δίνος, Μανέρος.

Λίττυον, τό, the Roman *lituus* or augur's rod.

Λιχάνος, ον, (λείχω) *licking*: as Subst., Λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλος), ὁ, *the fore-finger.*

Λιχτήν, ἦνος, ὁ, v. sub λειχτήν.

Λιχμάζω, f. ἄσω, (λείχω) *to lick.*

Λιχμάσθαι, Dep. (λείχω) *to lick, to play with the tongue*, esp. of snakes.

Λιχναία, ἡ, *daintiness, greediness.*

Λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) *nice in eating, dainty.*

Λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) *dainty, lickish, greedy.* 2. metaph. *curious, eager.*

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, (λείβω) *the SW. wind*, Lat. *Africus*.

Λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβος, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) *any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.*

Λό', for λούε; see λούω.

Λοβός, οὔ, ὁ, (λέπω) *the lobe or lower part of the ear*:—*the lobe of the liver.* 2. *a pool.*

Λογάζην, Adv. (λογάζ) *picking out*, esp. of stones *picked out* for building, without being squared. [α]

Λογάς, ἄδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) *gathered: picked, chosen*, esp. of soldiers.

Λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) *to be fond of talking.*

Λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) *a speaking-place*: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the *speakers* or actors, Lat. *pulpitum*.

Λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) *a collection for the poor.*

Λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, *a little fable.* [Ὶ]

Λογίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι Att. ἰοῖμαι: aor. 1 med. ἐλογισάμην, pass. ἐλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—*to count, reckon, calculate, compute*; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίζεσθαι *to calculate off hand.* II. *to take into account, consider*: c. acc. *to count or consider* as so and so. 2. c. inf. *to count or reckon upon doing.* 3. *to calculate, reason*: also, *to conclude by reasoning, infer.* III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, *to be computed or calculated.*

Λογικός, ἡ, ὅν, (λόγος) *belonging to speech or speaking.* II. *belonging to the reason, rational.* 2. *fit for reasoning*: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), *Logic.*

Λόγιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (λόγος) *worth mention, remarkable, considerable.*

Λόγιον, τό, *a declaration, oracle*: neut. of λόγιος.

Λόγιος, α, ὄν, (λόγος) *skilled in words*: I.

learned, esp. *learned in history*: as Subst., λόγιος, ὁ, *a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer*, as opp. to ποιητής. II. *eloquent.*

Λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *reckoning, computation.* II. *consideration, reasoning, reflexion*: *a conclusion.*

Λογιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) *a calculator, computer.* II. in pl. *auditors*: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

Λογιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (λογιστής) *skilled in calculating.* II. *skilled in reasoning or arguing.*

Λογογράφία, ἡ, *prose-writing*, opp. to poetry. From

Λογο-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) *writing prose*: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὁ, *a chronicler, annalist.* II.

Λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) *to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports.* Hence

Λογοποιός, ὁ, *the invention of stories, tale-telling.*

Λογοποιεῖν, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) *word-making*:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, *a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer.* 2. *a writer of fables.* II.

Λογομαχία, ἡ, (λόγος, μάχη) *warring about words.* Λογοποιεῖν, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) *word-making*:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, *a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer.* 2. *a writer of fables.* II.

Λογοποιός, ὁ, *one who wrote speeches for others to deliver.* 2. *an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.*

Λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. *the word by which the inward thought is expressed*: also II. *the inward thought or reason itself.*

I. Lat. *oratio, vox*, *that which is said or spoken*: I. *a word*, in pl. *words, language*; ὡς εἰπεῖν λόγῳ in *a word*:—in Att., *talk, pretence*; τῷ λόγῳ in *pretence*, opp. to ἐργῳ in *reality.* 2. *a saying, expression*: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3. *conversation, discussion*; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν, *to have a conference or interview.* 4. *a speaking or talking about a thing*; λόγον ἄξιος *worth talking of, worth mention*:—*a report, rumour*; λόγος ἐστὶ or ἔχει, *so the story goes*, Lat. *fama fert.* 5. *a tale, story*, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ιστορία): a. *fictional story, fable*, such as those of Aesop. b. *a story, narrative*, mostly in pl., *history, chronicles*: in sing. *one part of the narrative.* 6. *λόγοι, prose-writing, prose*, opp. to ποίησις, *a book.* b. at Athens, *speeches*: *a speech*; *the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence.* 7. *the right or privilege of speaking*, Lat. *copia dicendi*, λόγον τινα δίδοναι *to give one the right of speaking*, i. e. *a hearing.* 9. *like ῥῆμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.*

II. Lat. *ratio, thought, reason*; κατὰ λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον ἑαυτῷ δίδοναι *to allow himself reflexion*, i. e. *to think over a thing.* 2. *account, consideration, esteem.*

regard; λόγου ποιεῖσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινὸς ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενὶ λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὶ λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man.

3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον διδόναι to give an account. 4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ it stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΛΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-bead, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a

LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχ-ήρης, es, (λόγχη, ὠραεῖν) armed with a spear.

λογχιδίων, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

λόγχιμος, on, (λόγχη) of or with a spear.

λογχο-ποιός, όν, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears.

λογχο-φόρος, on, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:—as Subst., λογχοφόρος, ό, a spearman, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ἡ, όν, (λόγχη) lance-beaded.

λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος.

λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρόν, λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρ-.

λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοιγίος, ion, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΓΟΣ, οὐ, ό, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

λοιδορέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἔλοιδόρησα:—Med. and Pass., f. -ἥσομαι: aor. I ἔλοιδορήσῃην and ἔλοιδορήθην: (λοιδορος):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another; but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οὐ, ό, a railing at, abusing.

λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

λοιδορος, on, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ό, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

λοιπός, ἡ, όν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τὸ λοιπὸν (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήτις, on, Ep. for λοισθίος, λοισθός; λοισθήτιον the prize for the last in the race.

λοισθίος, a, on or os, on, = λοισθός.

λοισθος, on, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λοισθότατος, last of all.

λόκκη (not λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

Λοκρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst.

(sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, on, ό, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

Λοξο-βάτης, on, ό, (λοξός, βαίνω) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, όν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξὸν or λοξὰ βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipo.

Λοξο-τρέχης, ίδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπᾶδ-αρπαγίδης, on, ό, (λοπάς, ἀρπάζω) a disbsnatcher.

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little disb, platter. [δ]

ΛΟΠΑΨ, άδος, ἡ, a flat disb, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ίδος, ἡ, = λεπίς.

λοπός, οὐ, or λόπος, on, ό, (λέπω) a sbell, busk, bark, peel.

λουέω, Ep. for λούω.

λούμαι, Att. for λούσομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω.

λούσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λούσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσά, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιάω, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λουτήριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δαΐκτης, on, (λουτρών, δαίζω) slain in the bath.

λουτρών Ep. λοετρών, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place. II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing. III. libations.

λουτρο-φόρος, on, (λουτρών, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτρο-φόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχοέω, to pour water into the bath. From λουτρο-χόος, on, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρών, λοετρών, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτρών, ώνος, ό, (λουτρών) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΥΤΩ: fut. λουσώ Dor. λουσάω: aor. I ἔλουσα Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἔλουσάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass., aor. I ἔλουσθην:—pf.

λέλουμαι.—From the unconstr. form λοέω come the Ep. impf. λόεον, aor. I inf. and part. λοέσσαι, λοέσσας: Med., fut. λοέσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and part. λοέσαστο, λοεσσάμενος.—Several forms also come from λώω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λώε, λόν; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλούμεν (contr. from ἐλόομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. ἐλούτο, ἐλούντο, inf. λύεσθαι, λούσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος Ὕψικρανοῦ (of a star just risen) fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

λοφάω, f. ἥσω, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be sick, ill of a crest.

λοφεῖον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

·λοφία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (λόφος) *the mane* of animals, esp. of horses, *the bristly back* of boars: ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφίη κατέχρα *the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

λοφίτης, ου, ὁ, (λόφος) *a dweller on the bills.*

λοφνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) *a torch of vine-bark.*

λοφο-ποιός, ὢν, (λόφος, ποίω) *making crests*: as Subst., λοφοποιός, ὁ, *a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΦΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the back of the neck, the neck*, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν *to have the neck under the yoke.* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill*, Lat. *jugum, dorsum*: *a bill.* III. *the crest of a helmet*, Lat. *crista*, commonly of horse-hair. 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown*: *the crest or tuft on the head* of birds, Lat. *crista*, *a cock's comb.*

λόφωσις, ἡ, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest*: *the crest itself.*

λοχ-ἡγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχαγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company.* Hence

λοχαγία, ἡ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ἄγός, οὔ, ὁ, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company*, Lat. *centurio.*

λοχάω, = λοχάω.

λοχάω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχάωσι, part. pl. λοχάωντες: (λόχος) — *to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for*, c. acc. pets. II. absol. *to lie in wait or ambush.* III. c. acc. loci, *to beset with an ambush.*

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λόχμιος, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice.* 1. as Subst., λόχμις, τὰ, *a thicket, coppice.*

λοχμ-ώδης, ες, (λόχμη, εἶδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

λόχονδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade.* From

λόχος, ὁ, (λέγω, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade*: *the lair of wild beasts.* 2. *the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush*; λόχον εἶσαι *to place an ambushade*; λόχονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστῆτας *to pick out the best men for an ambushade.* 3. *any armed band, a company*, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was *the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα* (q. v.): generally, *any body or company of people.* II. *a lying in*: *child-birth*, like λοχεία.

λοχώντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

λόω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

λύα, ἡ, (λύω) *dissolution*: *faction, riot, sedition.*

Λύαιος, ὁ, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care*, epith. of Bacchus, *Lyaeus*; cp. Lat. *Liber.*

λύγδην, Adv. (λύζω) *with sobs.*

λυγδίνεος, α, ον, and λυγδίνος, ἡ, ον, *of white marble.* 2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΓΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

ΛΥΓΗ, ἡ, *shadow, darkness, gloom.* [ῥ]

λυγίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. λυγίζω: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίχθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λόγος)—*to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling.* II. Pass. *to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

λύγινος, ἡ, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or witby*, Lat. *viētus.*

λυγίζειν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting*: metaph. *the winding and twisting* of a sophist.

λύγκειος, α, ον, (λύγξ, ὁ) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΓΞ, λυγκίος, ὁ, *a lynx.*

λύγξ, λυγγός, ἡ, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

ΛΥΓΟΣ, ἡ, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen.* II. *a willow-like tree, a witby*, Lat. *vilex agnus castus.* [ῥ]

λύγο-τευχής, ες, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

λυγώ, ὥσω, = λυγίζω.

ΛΥΓΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὢν, *mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal*: φάρμακα λυγρά *baneful drugs*; εἵματα λυγρά *sorry garments*; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, *bane, misery, ruin.* II. of men, *baneful, mischievous.* 2. *sorry, weak, cowardly.* Hence

λυγρῶς, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

Λύδία, ἡ, *Lydia*, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.

Λυδίω, f. ἴω, (Λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδῖος, α, ον, (Λυδία) *Lydian*; ἡ Λυδία λίθος, *a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*

Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, a *Lydian*.

ΛΥ'ΖΩ, f. ῶω, to have the hiccup or hiccup. II. to sob, Lat. singultire: to wbine, whimper.

λύθην, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω. II. λύθην, aor. I part. neut. pass.

λύθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὁ, filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood. (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθρώδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) like gore, defiled with gore.

ΛΥΚΑ-ΒΑΣ, αντος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαίνω) the path of light, the sun's course, the year. II. as Adj. making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ἔραι.

Λύκαινα, ἡ, (λύκος) a she-wolf. [ῥ]

Λύκαιον, τό, Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.

Λύκαιος, α, ον, Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst., Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖον, τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λύκαια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the festival of Lycaean Jupiter:—also the Roman Lupercalia.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. in the Lycaonian language.

ΛΥΚ-ΑΥΓΗΣ, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) of or at the gray twilight: as Subst., λυκανγές, τό, early dawn.

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, a Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycania, in the South of Asia Minor.

Λύκη, Att. contr. Λυκή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it, cf. κυνέη.

Λύκειον, τό, the *Lyceum*, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λυκαῖος.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος; 2. from Λυκία, the Lycian god, like Λυκηγενής; or, 3. from *λυκή (light), the god of day.

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Λύκη, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκή.

*ΛΥ'ΚΗ, light, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός, Lat. luceo, lux, etc.

Λυκή-γενής, ἐς, (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.

Λυκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) wolf-like.

Λυκία, ἡ, Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor:—Λυκηθεν, Adv. from Lycia: Λυκήνδε, Adv. to Lycia.

Λυκιο-εργής contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) of Lycian workmanship.

Λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργές javelins for killing wolves.

Λυκο-θαρός, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) bold as a wolf.

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) wolf-slaying: epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.

Λυκο-ραστής, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραῖω) a wolf-worrier.

ΛΥ'ΚΟΞ, ὁ, a wolf:—proverb., λυκὸν ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i.e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, *Moe-rim lupi videre priores*. II. in pl. spikes on the

bits of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. *lupi, lupata*, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

ΛΥΚΟ-ΦΩΣ, ατος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. *diluculum*.

Λύκωω, f. ῶωω, (λύκος) to tear like a wolf:—Pass. to be torn by wolves.

Λύμα, ματος, τό, filth or dirt removed by washing: also the dirty water, washings, offscourings. II. moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. an abandoned man. (From λύω, Lat. *luo*.)

Λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμάνομαι: aor. I ἐλυμνήμην: also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage:—to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy: also, to persecute. II. the pres. λυμαίνωμαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be maltreated, destroyed. Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spoiler, destroyer: and Λυμαντήριος, α, ον, injurious, destructive: c. gen., ruining another.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = λυμαντήρ.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = λύμη. [ῥ]

Λυμῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (λύμη) a destroyer, spoiler.

ΛΥ'ΜΗ [ῥ], ἡ, outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace: generally, maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction; ἐπὶ λύμῃ for the sake of insult.

Λύμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμνήμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπῶω, f. ῥῶω, (λύπη) to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy: of light troops, to harass, annoy:—Pass., with f. med. λυπησομαι, to be sad, to be grieved.

ΛΥ'ΠΗ [ῥ], ἡ, pain, either of body or mind, Lat. *dolor*: grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.

Λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπῶω) pain, distress.

Λύπην, Dor. inf. of λυπῶω.

Λυπηρός, α, ὄν, (λυπῶω) painful, Lat. *molestus*.

Λυπηρέων, verb. Adj. of λυπῶωμαι, one must feel pain.

Λυπρός, α, ὄν, (λυπῶω, λυπηρός) wretched, distressed, poor, sorry. II. painful, distressing.

ΛΥ'ΡΑ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *lyra*, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμυγξ.

Λύρ-αἰδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αἰδός) one who sings to the lyre.

Λύριζω, f. ῖσω, (λύρα) to play the lyre.

Λυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λύρα) singing to the lyre: as Subst., λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λύρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθῶω) delighting in the lyre.

Λύρο-θελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλγω) charmed by the lyre.

Λύρο-κτύπη, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) a sounding the lyre.

Λύρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποιέω) making lyres.

Λύρ-ώδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) adapted to the lyre, lyrical.

Λύρ-ωδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραοῖδός.

Λύρ-ἄνις, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἀνία) ending sadness.

Λύσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

λυσι-γάμος, *ον*, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage.
 λυσι-ζωνος, *ον*, or *η*, *ον*, (λύω, ζώνη) loosing the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

λυσι-κάκος, *ον*, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.

λυσι-μάχος, *ον*, or *η*, *ον*, (λύω, μάχη) ending strife.

λυσι-μελής, *ές*, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.

λυσι-μέριμνος, *ον*, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away.

λύσιμος, *ον*, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.

λυσι-ποθος, *ον*, (λύω, πόθος) delivering from love.

λυσι-πονός, *ον*, (λύω, πόνος) freeing from toil.

λύσις [ῥ], *gen. εως* *Ion. ιος*, *ή*: (λύω): a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις *χρεῶν* liquidation of debt. 2. means or power of releasing or loosing.

λυσιτελέω, *φ. ήσω*, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: impers., λυσিতেλεῖ, *it profits, benefits*: with a comp. force, τεθνάμην λυσিতেλεῖ *ή* *ζήν* *it is better to be dead than alive*; οὐ λυσিতেλεῖ *μοι* *it profits me not*; neut. part. τὸ λυσিতেλόν, τὰ λυσিতেλόντα *profit, gain, advantage*. From

λυσι-τελής, *ές*, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp. -έστερος, *Sup. -έστατος*.
 λυσিতেλόντως, *Adv. pres. part. of λυσিতেλέω*, usefully, profitably.

λυσι-φλεβής, *ές*, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins.

λυσι-φρων, *ονος*, *ό*, *ή*, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the mind.
 ΛΥ΄ΣΣΑ Att. λύττα, *ή*, rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence

λυσσαίνω, *to be raging-mad, to rave*.
 λυσσάς, *άδος*, *ή*, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving.

λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) *to be raging, furious*,

esp. in battle. 2. *to be raging-mad, to rave*.

λυσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) *a fit of madness*: in pl. *ravings*.

λυσσην, *Dor. inf. of λυσσάω*.

λυσσητήρ, *ήρος*, and λυσσητής, *οῦ*, *ό*, (λυσσάω) *one that is raging or raving-mad*: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνης, *ές*, (λύσσα, μανήναι) raging-mad.

λυσσο-ώδης, *ές*, (λύσσα, εἶδος) like madness: raging-mad, raving.

λυτέον, *verb. Adj. of λύω*, *one must loose*.

λύτηρ, *ήρος*, *ό*, (λύω) *one who looses, a deliverer, releaser*. II. *an arbitrator, settler*.

λύτῃριος, *α*, *ον*, or *ος*, *ον*, (λύω) loosing, releasing: *c. gen. delivering or setting free from*.

λύτο [ῥ], *Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω*: but λύτο, *contr. for λύετο*, *Ep. impf. pass. of λύω*.

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) *the price paid*: 1. *a ransom, price of redemption*, mostly in pl. 2. *an atonement*.

λυτρώω, *φ. ώσω*, (λύτρον) *release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom*. 2. *Med. to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem*. 3. *Pass. to be ransomed*.

λύτρωσις, *εως*, *ή*, (λυτρώω) *a ransoming*. 2. *Redemption*.

λυτρωτής, *οῦ*, *ό*, (λυτρώω) *a ransomer, redeemer*.

λύττα, λυττάω, *Att. for λύσσα, λυσσάω*.

λύχνα, τό, *irreg. pl. of λύχνος*.

λυχνεῖον or λυχνίον, τό, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

λυχνέων, *άνος*, *ό*, (λύχνος) *a place to keep lamps in*.

λυχνία, *ή*, (λύχνος) *a lamp-stand*.

λυχνίδιον, τό, *Dim. of λύχνος*, *a small lamp*.

λυχνο-κάτα, *ή*, (λύχνος, καίω) *a lighting of lamps, illumination*, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns.

λυχνο-ποιός, *όν*, (λύχνος, ποιέω) *making lamps or lanterns*.

λυχνό-πολις, *ή*, (λύχνος, πόλις) *city of lamps*.

λυχνο-πώλης, *ον*, *ό*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) *a dealer in lamps or lanterns*.

ΛΥ΄ΧΝΟΣ, *ό*, pl. λύχνοι and λύχνα, *a light, lamp*; *περί λύχνων άδάς* about the time for lamp-lighting, i. e. at dusk.

λυχνοφορέω, *φ. ήσω*, (λυχνοφόρος) *to carry a lantern*: Lacon. part. λυχνοφορίοντες.

λυχνο-φόρος, *ον*, (λύχνος, φέρω) *carrying a lamp*.

ΛΥ΄Ω, *fut. λύσω* [ῥ], *aor. 1 έλύσα*: *pf. έλύκα*:—*Pass.*, *fut. λυθήσομαι* and *paulo-post. fut. λελύσομαι* [ῥ]: *aor. 1 έλύθην* [ῥ]: *Ep. aor. 2 pass. λύμην* [ῥ], 3 *sing. λύτο*, 3 *pl. λύντο*: *pf. έλέυμαι*, *plqpf. έλελύμην* [ῥ], 3 *sing. Ep. λύτο*, *for λελύτο*.—*To loose*: *to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken*; λύειν ὄφρην *to unbend the brow*; λ. στόμα *to open the mouth*; etc.:—*Med. to loosen or undo for oneself*. 2. *of horses, to unyoke, unbarness*. 3. *generally, to loose, release, set free*. 4. *to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release*:—*Med. to release by payment, ransom, redeem*. II. *to loosen, weaken, relax*; λύειν γυῖα, γούνατα *to loose the limbs, knees*, i. e. *unnerve, enfeeble*, and often in Homer, *to slay, kill*. III. *to dissolve, break up*. 2. *to break down, lay low, demolish*. 3. *generally, to undo, do away with*: of disputes, *to put down*: of laws, *to repeal, annul*; λύειν σπονδάς *to break a treaty*. 4. *to dismiss, assuage, calm*. 5. *to undo, atone, make up for*, *Lat. luere, rependere*; so λύειν ἀμαρτίας.

IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθός *λύειν* *to pay rates or taxes*: hence, 2. λύειν τέλη = λυσিতেλεῖν, *to profit, avail*; οὐ λύει τέλη *it boots not*; also λύειν, *absol. without τέλη, to profit*.

λῶ, *contr. from λάω*, *I will, wish or desire*, a Doric defect. *Verb. only used in sing. λῶ, λῆς, λῆ*, 3 *pl. λῶντι*; subj. λῆς, λῆ; opt. λῆη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι *Ion. -έομαι*: *φ. -ήσομαι* *Dor. λωβάσομαι*: *aor. 1 med. έλωβήσάμην*: (but *aor. 1 έλωβήθη* and *pf. λελώβημαι* in *pass. sense*): *Dep.:* (λῶβη):—*to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat*: *to maim, mutilate*: *to dishonour*. 2. *absol. to act outrageously or despitefully*. II. *pf. part. λελωβημένος*, in *pass. sense, mutilated*.

λωβεύω, f. **σω**, (λῶβη) *to mock, make a mock of*.
ΛΩ'ΒΗ, ἡ, *ill-usage by word or deed, despiteful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming.* 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.
λωβήθηνα, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.
λωβήτειρα, fem. of λωβητήρ.
λωβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λωβάομαι) *one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer.* II. pass. *a worthless wretch.*
λωβητής, οὗ, ὁ, = λωβητήρ; **λωβητῆς τέχνης** *a disgrace to his trade.*
λωβητός, ἡ, ὅν, (λωβάομαι) *ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured.* II. act. *insulting, abusive: baneful.*
λωβήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = λωβητήρ.
λῶια, **λῶϊτερος**, v. **λῶϊων**.
λῶϊων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, **λῶϊων**, τό: Att. contr. **λῶϊων**, λῶϊον: neut. pl. **λῶϊονα**, syncope. **λῶια**: (λῶ *to wish*): —*more desirable; better*:—Sup. **λῶϊστος**, η, ον, contr. **λῶϊστος**.—There is also a second Comp. **λῶϊτερος**, ον.
ΛΩΜΑ, ατος, τό, *the hem or border of a robe.*
Hence
λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. *a fringe, flounce.*
λῶντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, *to wish*.
λῶπη, ἡ, (λέπω, λῶπός) *a covering, mantle.* 2. *a skin, busk, sbell.*
λωπιζω, f. **ίσω**, (λῶπη) *to cover, wrap up.*
λωποδιδεύω, f. ἡσω, *to steal clothes*: hence trans. *to rob, plunder.* From
λωπο-δύτης [ϝ], ον, ὁ, (λῶπος, δύω) *one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.*
λῶπος, ὁ, = λῶπη.
λῶστος, η, ον, Att. contr. from **λῶϊστος**, Sup. of **λῶϊων**, *most desirable, best.*
λωτεύντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of **λωτέοις**.
λωτίζω, f. **ίσω**, (λωτός) *to pluck flowers*:—Med. **λωτίζομαι**, *to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.*
λῶντιος, η, ον, (λωτός) *of lotus.*
λῶτισμα, τό, (λωτίζω) *a flower*: metaph. *the flower, choicest, best.*
λωτέοις, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) *overgrown with lotus*; **πεδία λωτεύοντα**, Ion. for **λωτέοντα**, *lotus-plains.*
ΛΩΤΟΣ, οὗ, ὁ, *the lotus*, name of several plants:—I. *the Greek lotus*, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed. II. *the Cyrenean lotus or jujube*, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called **Λωτοβῆγι**: the fruit was *boney-sweet*, **μελιθήης**: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. *the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile.* IV. there was also a *lotus-tree* growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence **λωτός** is used poet. for a *flute*.
λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) *growing lotus.*
λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) *eating lotus*: as Subst., **Λωτοφάγοι**, οί, *the Lotus-eaters*, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.
λωτρὸν, **λωτρο-χόος**, Dor. for **λωτρ-**.

λωτῶ, Dor. for **λωτοῦ**, gen. of **λωτός**.
λωφάω Ion. —**λω**, f. ἡσω, (λόφος) *to rest from toil, take rest*: c. gen. *to have rest, abate from.* 2. *to abate*, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. *to lighten, relieve, release.*
λωφήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of **λωφάω**.
λῶφήσις, ἡ, (λωφάω) *rest from*:—*remission, cessation.*
λῶφον, neut. **λῶφον**, Att. contr. for **λῶϊον**, **λῶϊον**.

M

M, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.
Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as **μετά** into **πεδά**. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e.g. **ἄμμες ὕμμες**, for **ἡμείς ὑμείς**. III. μ becomes ν, as, **μὲν** Dor. **νὲν** μῆ, Lat. **ne**. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as **ἰὰ μᾶ**, **δοσχος μόςχος**, **ὄχλευς μοχλεύς**, **Ἄρης** Lat. **Mars**. 2. in the middle of a word, as **πίμπλημι πίπλημι**, **πίμπρημι πίπρημι**, **ἄμβροτος ἄβροτος**, **ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος**, etc. V. μ sometimes has α or ο prefixed, as, **μέλγω ἄμέλγω**, **μέργω ἄμέργω**, **μόργνημι ἄμόργνημι**. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, **σμάραγδος μάραγδος**, **σμάω μάω**, **σμικρό μικρός**, **σμηγερός μογερός**. μ', apostroph. for **με**.
μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. *in affirmation*; **ναὶ μά τούδε σκήπτρον** *yea by this sceptre.* II. *in negation*; **οὐ μά γὰρ Ἀπόλλωνα** *nay by Apollo.* III. Att. **μά** is used absol., **μά Δία**, *by Zeus*! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, **ναὶ μά τόν**, **οὐ μά τόν** (sub. **Δία**). V. **μά** is sometimes omitted after **οὐ**; as, **οὐ τὸν Δία**, **οὐ τὸν θεόν**, *no by Jove, etc.*
μᾶ, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for **μάτηρ μήτηρ**, as **μᾶ γὰρ** for **μήτηρ γὰρ**: cf. **βᾶ**, **δᾶ**, **λᾶ**.
μαγάδιον, τό, *the bridge of the magadis. [α] From **μάγαδις**, ἡ, gen. **ιδος**: irreg. dat. **μαγάδι**: acc. **μάγαδιν**:—*the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.*
μαγγάνευμα, τό, *a piece of jugglery*: pl. **juggleries**, *mountebank's tricks*: and
μαγγάνευτης, οὗ, ὁ, *a juggler, mountebank.* From **μαγγάνευω**, f. **σώ**, (**μάγαγον**) *to cheat by sleight of hand*: *to bewitch.* 2. intr. *to play tricks.*
ΜΑΓΓΑΝΟΝ, τό, *any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus.* II. = **γάγγαμον**, *a bunting-net.*
μάγεια, ἡ, (**μαγεύω**) *the religion of the Magi.* 2. *magic, art.*
μαγειρεῖον, τό, (**μάγειρος**) *a place for cooking*. 2. *cook-shop.* II. Maced. *a pot, kettle*.*

μαγειρικός, ὁ, ἄν. (μάγειρος) *fit for a cook or cookery*: ἡ **μαγειρική** (sub. τέχνη), *cookery*. Hence

μαγειρικῶς, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically.

μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a buteher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγεω) a piece of magic art: in pl. *charms, spells*.

μάγισσα, f. σω. (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician; **μαγεύειν** μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. **Μάγνησσα**, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also **Μαγνήτης**, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτις, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἑρακλεία.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: **μαγικός**: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ἄ]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγιώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἤσω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald.

μάδα, Dor. for μάζα.

ΜΑΔΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός.

μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread; μάζαν μεμῆχώς

having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

ΜΑΖΟ'Σ, οὔ, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέφνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. **μαστός** differs from **μαζός** only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεύμαι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματική (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt. II. neut. **μαθητέον**, one must learn.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μαθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. discipulus.

μαθητάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω; to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt. **μαθήτρια**, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθοῖσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθον [ἄ], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ἄ], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΙ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse, foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also **Μαῖάς**, ἄδος, ἡ.

Μαίανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύμαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα m) to serve as a midwife: trans. to batch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ὄνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμακτης held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαίμασσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαίμασσω, = μαίμω, to burst forth.

μαίμω, Ep. 3 pl. **μαίμωσι**, part. **μαίμων**, -ώσσα: f. ὥσω: Ep. aor. 1 **μαίμωσι**: (redupl. of μάω, as παίφασσω from πάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαίνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our hering.

μαίνεις, ἴδος [ῥ], ἡ, Dim. of μαῖνη, a sprat.

μαινόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. **μαινόλις**, ἴδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ον, = μαινόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. **μανήσομαι** and **μᾶνῶμαι**: pf. with pres. sense **μέμνηα**, also (in pass. form) **μεμάνημαι**: aor. 1 med. **ἐμνήμην**, aor. 2 pass. **ἐμάνην**, part. **μαίνεις**, inf. **μάνηναι**: (*μάω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, **μαίνόμενος** Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—**μαίνεσθαι** ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, **πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι**, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. 1 act. **ἐμνηα**, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΙ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. **μάσομαι** [ἄ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐμπαιόμαι.

μαίδομαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. = μαיעύμαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star.

Μαυτιστί, Adv. in Maotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑΡ [μά], ἄρος, ὁ: fem. **μάκαρ** or **μάκαιρα**:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. **μάκαρες**, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. III. the dead were esp. called *μάκαρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μάκαρον ἤνσιοι* the islands of *the blest*, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάτερος, -τατος*. *μακάρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

μακάδρια, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. *the abode of the blessed*.

μακάριζω, fut. 1st Att. *ἰώ, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem happy: to bless*.

μακάριος, α, ον, or ος, ον, collat. form of *μάκαρ*, *blessed, happy, fortunate*:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

μακάρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακάριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. *-τως*.

μακάριτης [Ὶ], ον, ὁ, like *μάκαρ* III, *one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακάριτης, ἰδος*.

μακαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδόνιος, α, ον, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὄν, Macedonian. From

Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Macedonian.

μακέλλα, ποῖτ. also μακέλι, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δικάλλα from δῖς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.

μακέλλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-bouse, sbambles, market.

μᾶκεστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μᾶκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μάκηδων, ὄνος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοῦς, f. ἄσω, [ᾱ], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοῦς, dreaming, mooning.

μᾶκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μᾶκος as Adv., = μακράν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμῇ), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεία), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αἰων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἰών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: of μακράωνες the immortals.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

μακρ-αὐχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

μακρ-ηγροῦν, f. ἦσω, (μακρός, ἄγροειν) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prosing.

μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βιος, ον, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: οἱ Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίσιος, ον, (μακρός, βίσιος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρό-γηρος, αν, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ον, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (μακροθυμός) to be long-suffering, patient: μακροθυμεῖν εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering.

μακρό-θυμος, ον, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. -μως, patiently.

μακρολογέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ον, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ἄ, ὄν, (μᾶκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time. 1. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2.

tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant; *μακραὶ ἐπιβοήθειαι* succours from a distance: *ἐπὶ μακρόν* far, for a long way; *ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον* as far as possible.

4. dat. *μακρῷ* is often used, like *πολῷ*, by far, much; *μακρῷ πρώτος* by far the first.

II. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; *διὰ μακροῦ* (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; *εἰς μακρόν* for a long time.

2. long, tedious; *διὰ μακρῶν* at great length.

III. regul. Comp. *μακρότερος*; Sup. *μακρότατος*: Irreg. Comp. *μᾶσσων, μᾶσσον*; Sup. *μήκιστος* Dor. *μάκιστος*, formed from *μήκος*, as *αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*.

IV. the neut. pl. *μακρά* is used as Adv., *μακρά βιβάς* taking long strides; *μακρά μεμῶκως* loudly bellowing; *μακρά προσεύχεσθαι* to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὸν αὐτεῖν* to shout aloud.

μάκρος, εος, τό, = μᾶκος, μήκος, length.

μακρο-τένων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ον, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένον.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, ὁ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ον, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring.

μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μάκτινα, Dor. for μηκτινα.

μάκων, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μακάωμαι.

μάκων [ᾱ], ανος, Dor. for μήκων, ανος.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ', Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite: 1. strengthening the word with which it stands; *μάλα πολλά* very many; *μάλ' εὖ* right well;

μάλ' αὐτίκα quite directly; *μάλα διαμπερές* right through; *οὐ μάλα* by no means, on no account. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὴ . . . now in very truth . . . ; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμῶς though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μάλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. *potius*. 2. too much, far too much. 3. μάλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; *ῥητέρος μάλλον* more easier; *ἐχθίαν μάλλον*; etc. 4. μάλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν ἄλῃν διαφθεῖρειν μάλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους: in this case μάλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὸς μάλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὖσι), Lat. *imprimis*, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. *vel maxime*.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, *malobaitrum*, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλακαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πονν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μαλακία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλακίω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλακίζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate. II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακίσάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate.

2. to be softened or appeased.

μαλακίων, ονος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κί]

μαλακο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑΛΛΑΚΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *MOLLIS*, soft; μαλακὸς λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2 in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλακό-χειρ, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-handed, soothing.

μαλακίω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλακός, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -τω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him. II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλακός) a mallow, Lat. *malva*.

μαλέρως, ἄ, ὄν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΑΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. *ala*: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μᾶλης or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΑΘΑ' or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθακίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθακίνος, ἡ, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστέον or -εα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθακός, ἡ, ὄν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακώς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθάσσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθαχθῆναι ὑπνω to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, α, ον, Dor. for μήλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλλός) hair, a lock of hair. [ᾱ] Μάλis, ἰδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλis, (μᾶλον, = μήλον) α νυμφρ who protects the flocks (μήλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III.

μάλλα, by crasis for μη ἀλλά, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II.

ΜΑΛΛΟ΄Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον.

μᾶλον, Dor. for μήλον v.

μαλο-πάρηος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρηος.

μᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-.

μάμμη and μᾶμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother: like ἄππα, ἄφφα, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother. III. later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκτιος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαίμων αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμη) a mother.

Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μῆν.

ΜΑ'ΝΔΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. *mandra*: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. *pala*, *junda*.

μανδράγορας, ον, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant.

μᾶνεis, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of μαίνομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Λίνος.

μάves, Dor. for μήves, pl. of μῆν.

μᾶνῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of μαίνομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. μᾶθησομαι Dor. μᾶθευμαι: aor. 2 ἐμᾶθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμάθεis, ἐμμάθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with. II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about. III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. *teneo*; μανθάνεις: do you understand? Ans., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly! —c. part., μανθάνε ἐν, know that you are. IV.

ΜΑ'ΡΠΤΩ, fut. *μάρψω*: aor. I *ἐμαρψα*: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 *μέμαρπον*: and a shortd. aor. 2 *ἐμάπον*, inf. *μάπτειν*, whence 3 pl. opt. *μεμάοιεν*: pf. part. *μεμαρπώς*:—to grasp, bold, catch: to lay bold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑ'ΡΣΙΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. *marsupium*.

ΜΑ'ΡΤΥΡ, ὅρος, δ and ἡ, Aeol. for *μάρτυς*. Hence *μαρτύρεω*, f. ἴσω:—Pass., fut. I *μαρτύρηθῃσμαι*, but also f. med. in pass. sense, *μαρτύρησμαι*: aor. I *ἐμαρτύρηθην*: pf. *μεμαρτύρημαι*:—to be a witness: to bear witness: *μαρτυρεῖν τινί* to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II.

later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, ατος, τό, testimony.

μαρτύρια, ἡ, (*μαρτυρέω*) a bearing witness. 2.

witness, testimony, evidence.

μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., *μαρτύρια*, τά, evidence. [ῥ] From

μαρτύρομαι [ῥ]: f. ὑρούμαι: aor. I *ἐμαρτύράμην*: Dep.: (*μάρτυς*):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. *μαρτύρομαι*, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, δ, Ep. form of *μάρτυς*, a witness.

ΜΑ'ΡΤΥ'Σ, δ or ἡ, gen. *μάρτυρος*, acc. *μάρτυρα*, as if from *μάρτυρ*, but also acc. *μάρτυν*: pl. *μάρτυρες*, dat. *μάρτυσι* poet. *μάρτυσσι*:—a witness.

μαρτυκάομαι, *μαρτυκμα*, Dor. for *μηρυκ-*.

μαρύομαι, Dor. for *μηρύομαι*.

μάρψαι, aor. I inf. of *μάρπω*.

μάσσομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep., (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) to chew.

μάσασθαι [ᾱ], aor. I inf. of Root **μάω*, to touch.

μάσδα, *μασδός*, Dor. for *μάζα*, *μαζός*.

μάσθλη, ἡ, = *ιμάσθλη*, a leathern tbong. Hence *μάσθλης*, ἡτος, δ, a leathern tbong. II. metaph.

a supple, slippery knave.

μασθός, δ, a Dor. form of *μαστός*, *μαζός*.

μασί, Dor. for *μησί*, dat. pl. of *μήν*.

μάσομαι [ᾱ], fut. of **μάω* π.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. *Massilia*, *Marseilles*. Hence

Μασσαλιώτης, ου, δ, a man of *Marseilles*.

μασσάομαι, etc., = *μασάομαι*.

μάσσω Att. *μάττω*: fut. *μάζω*: aor. I *ἐμαφα*: pf. *μέμαχα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐμάχθην*: pf. *μέμαγμα*:

(**μάω*):—to touch, bundle. II. to work with the bands, to knead dough, Lat. *pinso*:—Pass., σίτος *μεμαγμένος* dough ready kneaded.

μάσσων, δ, ἡ, neut. *μάσσον*, gen. *μάσσονος*, irreg. Comp. of *μακρός* for *μακρότερος*, longer, larger.

μάσταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (*μασάομαι*) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστᾶρύξω or *-ίξω*, to tumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστερα, ἡ, fem. of *μαστήρ*.

μαστεύω, f. *σω*, = *ματεύω*, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (**μάω*) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ου, searching.

μαστιγέω, false form for *μαστιγῶ*.

μαστιγίας, ου, δ, (*μάστιξ*) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. *verbero*.

μαστιγο-φόρος, ου, (*μάστιξ*, *φῆρω*) carrying a whip: as Subst., *μαστιγοφόρος*, δ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγῶσα, f. ὤσω: pf. aor. I *ἐμαστιγῶσα*:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense *μαστιγώσσομαι*: pf. *μεμαστιγώμαι*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ου, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγώτεος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of *μαστιγῶ*, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστιζῶ, f. ἴω: aor. I *ἐμάστιξα* Ep. *μάστιξα*: (*μάστιξ*):—to whip, flog.

μαστικτωρ, ορος, δ, (*μαστιζῶ*) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (*μάω*, *μάσσω*) a whip, scourge; ἵππου *μάστιξ* a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; *μάστιξ* Πειθοῦς the lash of eloquence.

μαστιλῶν, Ep. part. of *μαστήω*.

μάστις, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for *μάστιξ*; dat. *μάστῃ*.

μαστιλῶ, Dor. for *μαστιζῶ*.

μαστιχῶ, (*μάσταξ*) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. *μαστιχῶντι*.

μαστήω, collat. form of *μαστιζῶ*, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., *μαστήεται* πλευρὰς οὐρῇ [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (*μαστός*, *δέω*) a breast-band.

μαστός, οὐ, δ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. *μαζός*. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III.

a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπέλα, ἡ, a pandering.

μαστροπεύω, f. *σω*, (*μαστροπέω*) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαστροπός, δ and ἡ, (*μάω*, *μαστήρ*) a pander, pimp, Lat. *leno*, *lena*.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (*μάλη*) the armpit, Lat. *ala*, *axilla*. [χᾱ]

μασχάλλω, f. ἴω, (*μασχάλη*) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied,

that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχαλίστηρ, ἦρος, δ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the

λέπαδρον: generally, a girdle, band.

ματᾶζω, (*μάτην*) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

ματαιῶζω, (*μάταιος*) = *ματᾶζω*.

ματαιολογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

ματαιο-λόγος, ου, (*μάταιος*, *λέγω*) idly talking.

μάταιος [ᾱ], α, ου, or os, ου, (*μάτη*) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

ματαιώτης, ἡτος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

ματάως, Adv. of *μάταιος*, idly, without reason.

ΜΑ'ΤΑ'Ω, f. ἴσω, (*μάτη*) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag: οὐ *ματᾶ* τοῦργον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

ματεύω, f. *σω*: aor. I *ἐμάτευσα*: (**μάω*):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after:

to search, explore.

μεγαλείος, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, magnificently.

μεγαληγορέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγορος) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγαληγορία, ή, big talking.

μεγαλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγαληγορία, ή, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγαλ-ήνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνήρ) heroic, big-minded. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγαλ-ήτωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, ήτορ) great-bearded: magnanimous.

μεγαλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself haughtily.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, ή, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγαλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, big-minded.

μεγαλό-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγαλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From

μεγαλό-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δῶρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλο-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οἶτος) very wretched.

μεγαλο-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κεύθω) concealing much: hence *capacious*.

μεγαλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγαλό-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of big design, ambitious.

μεγαλό-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγαλό-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγαλό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, Ἀθήναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγαλο-πράγμαον, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πρᾶγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From

μεγαλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπώς Ion. -έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

μεγάλος, v. μέγας.

μεγαλο-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγαλό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) big-spirited.

μεγαλό-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, ή, = μέγας.

μεγαλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγαλό-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generous proudly.

μεγαλοφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be big-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, *haughty*. H.

μεγαλοφροσύνη, ή, greatness of mind: in bad sense, *pride, haughtiness*.

μεγαλό-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (μέγας, φρήν) big-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, *proud, haughty*.

μεγαλοφωνία, ή, big talking, vaunting. From

μεγαλό-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλοψυχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, *arrogance*. From

μεγαλό-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) big-souled, great-bearded, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. 2.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγαλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, ὄνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλω, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγάλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, *bugely*: also magnificently.

μεγαλωσύνη, ή, (μέγας), greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μεγ-άνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνήρ) manly, heroic. [ā] Μέγαρα, ον, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεὺς, έως, ό, a

Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ώ, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Δακονίζω.

Μεγαρικός, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γή), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and

Μεγαροί, Adv. at Megara.

μέγαρον, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the ball. 2. a woman's apartment. 3. a bed-

chamber. II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a house in plur. III. the sacred chamber in

the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μέγαρόνδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΤΑΨ, μεγάλη [ā], μέγā: gen. μεγάλου, ης, ον: dat. μέγαλφ, η, φ, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγā:

dual μεγάλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in ος: but the regul. form ΜΕΤΑΛΩΣ is

never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.: large, big, great:—hence, 1. great, vast,

tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4.

in bad sense, over-great, excessive: μέγα φρονεῖν to have too big, presumptuous thoughts. III. be-

sides the Adv. μέγας and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μέγαλα are used as Adv., very

much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ' άμείνων, far better. IV. Comp. μέϊζον, neut. μέϊζονος; in Ion. prose

μεΐζων, μέσδων, Boeot. μέσσαν: greater, great, more than enough.—Sup. μέ-

ναι, largest.

μεγ-άνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνήρ) manly, heroic. [ā] Μέγαρα, ον, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεὺς, έως, ό, a

Μεγαρίζω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be big-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, *haughty*. H.

μέγθος Ion. **μέγθος**, εος, τό, (**μέγας**) greatness, height: magnitude, bulk, size; **μεγάθει** σμικρὸς small in size; **μεγάθει μέγας** large in size:—the acc. **μεγάθος** is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like **μεγάλας**, greatly, λάμποντες **μέγας** shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες **μεγάθρα** rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μεγῆρας, aor. I part. of **μεγαῖρω**.
μεγ-ήρατος, ον, (**μέγας**, ἑρατός) passing lovely.
μεγιστᾶνες, οἱ, (**μέγιστος**) the nobles, chief men.
μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (**μέγιστος**, πόλις) making cities greatest or most blest.

μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of **μέγας**.
μεγιστό-τιμος, ον, (**μέγιστός**, τιμή) greatest in honour.

μεδῶν, οντος, ὁ, = **μέδων**, one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of the guardian gods; Ἰδηθεν **μεδῶν** guardian of Ida. 2. fem. **μεδούσα**, = **μέδουσα**, always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, **μέδῃω**, to rule.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of **μέδομαι**.
ΜΕΔΙΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, Ion. also ἡ, the **medimnus** or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἔκτεῖς, 48 χοῖνικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ΜΕΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. **μεδήσομαι**: Dep.: to give heed to, attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμοιο **μέδεσθαι**, to be thinking of, preparing for battle. II. to plan, contrive or devise.

μέδουσα, fem. of **μέδων**, like **μεδούσα**, a ruler: hence as name of the Gorgon, **Medusa**.

μέδων, οντος, ὁ, one who rules over: a guardian, lord. Properly part. of an old Verb **μέδω**, to rule.

μέζα, αν, τά, = **μήδεα**, the genitals.

μέζωνος, Ion. Adv. of **μέζων**.

μέζων, ον, Ion. for **μεῖζων**, Comp. of **μέγας**.

μεθ-αἰρέω, aor. 2 **μεθείλον** Ion. **μεθέλεσκον**:—to catch in turn.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. **μετάλ-μενος**:—to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after, overtake.

μεθ-ἄμεριος, Dor. for **μεθ-ημέριος**.
μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σω: aor. I **μεθάρμοσα**:—to dispose differently, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass. **μεθάρμομαι**, to alter one's way of life; **μεθάρμοσαι** (aor. I imperat.) νέους τρόπους adopt new habits.

μεθέηκα, Ep. for **μεθήκα**, aor. I of **μεθίημι**.

μεθέην, aor. 2 opt. of **μεθίημι**.

μεθείλον, aor. 2 of **μεθαίρω**.

μεθεῖναι, **μεθείς**, aor. 2 inf. and part. of **μεθίημι**.

μεθεῖω, Ep. for **μεθέω**, **μεθῶ**, aor. 2 subj. of **μεθίημι**.

μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of **μετέχω**, one must share in.

μεθέλεσκον, Ion. for **μεθαίε**, 3 sing. aor. 2 of **μεθαίρω**.

μεθέμεν, Ep. for **μεθεῖναι**, aor. 2 inf. of **μεθίημι**.

μέθεν, Dor. for **ἐμέθεν** = **ἐμοί**, gen. of **ἐγώ**.

μεθέξομαι, fut. of **μετέχω**.

μεθ-έπω, impf. **μεθέπων** Ep. **μέθεπον**: fut. **μεθέψω**: poet. aor. 2 **μετέσπον**, inf. **μετασπεῖν**, part. **μετασπών**: aor. 2 med. **μετεσπόμεν**:—to follow after, follow closely, hard upon, chase, Lat. *insequi*. 2. to seek or search after. 3. to visit. 4. metaph. to manage, dispose; **ἄχθος νάνω** **μεθέων** disposing a burden on his back. II. trans., **Τυδείδην μέθεεν ἵππους** be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

μεθ-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to translate.

μεθίστηκα, pf. of **μεθίστημι**.

μέθη, ἡ, (**μέθυ**) strong drink. II. drunkenness.

μεθήκα, aor. I of **μεθίημι**.

μεθ-ήκω, to have come in quest of.

μέθ-ημαι, properly pf. of **μεθ-έζομαι**, to be seated among.

μεθ-ημερινός, ἡ, ὅν, (**μετά**, ἡμέρα) happening by day, in open day-light, Lat. *diurnus*.

μεθ-ημέριος, ον, = **μεθημερινός**.

μεθημοσύνη, ἡ, remissness, carelessness. From **μεθ-ήμων**, ον, gen. ονος, (**μεθίημι**) remiss, careless.

μεθηρμωσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of **μεθ-αρμόζω**.

μεθησέμεναι, **μεθησέμεν**, Ep. fut. inf. of **μεθίημι**.

μεθίεν, Ep. for **μεθίσαν**, 3 pl. impf. of **μεθίημι**. [Υ]

μεθ-ίημι, inf. **μεθεῖναι** part. **μεθείς**: fut. **μεθήσω**: aor. I **μεθήκα** Ep. **μεθέηκα**: aor. 2 inf. **μεθεῖναι** part.

μεθείς:—Med. **μεθείμαι**: f. **μεθήσομαι**: 3 sing. aor. 2

μεθεῖτο, inf. **μεθέσθαι**.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing.

pres. **μεθείς**, **μεθεῖ** (as if from **μεθείω**), Ep. inf. **μεθ-**

ιέμεν, **μεθειέμεναι**: 2 and 3 sing. impf. **μεθείς**, **μεθεῖ**

(as if from **μεθείω**), 3 pl. **μεθίεν** (for **μεθίσαν**): aor. I

μεθήκα and **μεθέηκα**: aor. 2 subj. **μεθεῖω** for **μεθῶ**,

inf. **μεθέμεν** for **μεθεῖναι**:—Herodotus has 3 sing.

pres. **μετίει** (not **μετίει**), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.

μετίετο or **ἐμετίετο** (for **μεθείετο**); fut. pass. **μεθή-**

σομαι; pf. pass. part. **μεμετιμένος** (for **μεθειμέ-**

νος). I. trans. to set loose, let go, I. c. acc.

pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at li-

berty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw;

μεθιεναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; **μεθ-**

ιέναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i. e. shed them; **μεθ-**

ιέναι γλῶσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian

words. 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give

up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to

or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. 6.

to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. **μεθίε-**

σθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, **παῖδός οὐ**

μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, **παῖδα**

οὐ μεθήσω. III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's

efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally,

to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. 2. c.

gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to

abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., **κλάνους καὶ**

ὀδυράμενος μεθέηκε having wept and bewailed be left

off. [Υ in Att.; Ψ in Ep., except *metri gratia*.]

μεθ-ίσταμαι, collat. form of **μεθίστημι**.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut.

μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. **μετέστησα** and med. **-έστη-**

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [α]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθεστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μέθ-οδος, ἡ, (μετά, δός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὅρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμύω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὁρμή) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμήθεις following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with νῆας omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕΘΥ, ὕος, τό, wine, Lat. merum. μεθ-υδρία, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

μεθ-ύριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnia.

μεθύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gushing with wine.

μεθύ-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, ὑποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μέθυσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσσω, f. ὕσω (ῥ), aor. I ἐμέθυσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος.

μέθυσος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθ-ύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυ-οφάλης, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλήναι) reeling-drunk.

μεθυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (μέθυ) a drunkard.

μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μέθυ, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσσω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 sub. of μεθήμι.

μει-ἀγωγέω, f. σω, (μείον, ἀγωγός) to bring too little; μειαγωγεῖν τὴν τραγῳδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μείον.

ΜΕΙΔΑΪΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος. Hence

μειδίημα and μειδίημα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling. μειδιάω, f. ἄσω [α], collat. form of μειδάω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδιῶν.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἰων, τά, (μειλίσσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μειλιγμα, ατας, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλιγματα θυμοῦ scraps to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae. 3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, atonements.

μειλίνος, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, asben.

μειλίσσω, f. ξω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδέ τί μ' αἰδόμενος μειλίσσαιο μηδ' ἐλεάσων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -λη, ἡ, (μειλίχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσανδᾶν μειλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτύμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχ-ο-γῆρυς, υ, (μειλίχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced.

μειλίχ-ο-δωρος, ον, (μειλίχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μείον, ονος, τό, neut. of μείων, less, too small. II. μείον, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείον, too light! see μειαγωγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἴσω, (μείον, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence

μειονεξία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μειώω, f. ὠσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in honour, degrade. 3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-boy-chea

μειρακιεύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. adolescenturire.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιόμοι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειράκιση, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειράκιος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΙΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΙΡΟΜΑΙ, pf. ἔμμορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἡμισυ μείρεο τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἔμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἔμμορε τιμῆς be hath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqpf. εἶμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, ἡ, on, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἰμαρμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένη from πεπρωται.

μεῖς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μῆν, a month.

μεῖωμα, ατος, τό, (μείω) a diminution: a fine.

μεῖων, neut. μέιον gen. μέιονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and δλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, on, μελάγ-γεῖος, on, and μελάγ-γεως, on, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα=γη) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελάγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κροκος, on, (μέλας, κρέω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, on, ὁ, (μέλας, χαιτή) black-haired.

μελάγχειμα, on, τό, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχμιος, on, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χμιος, as δυσ-χμιος from δυσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, on, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked: of Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, on, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελαγ-χροῖτης, ἐς, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχροος.

μελάγ-χροος, on, contr. -χροους, on, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχροες.

μελαγ-χρῶς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρῶς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. tecta, a house.

μελαθρόφιν, poet. gen. of μελαθρον.

μελαῖνω, f. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μελάσμαι: (μέλας)—to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἐς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἐς, (μέλας, βαθῆναι) dark-dyed.

μελάμ-βωλος, on, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πάγης, ἐς, Dor. for μελαμπηγῆς, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.

μελάμ-πεπλος, on, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, on, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελάμ-πτερος, on, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φάτης, ἐς, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φύλλος, on, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μελάν, ανος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελάν-αιγίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἰγίς) with dark aegis.

μελάν-αυγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελάν-δετος, on, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, on, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink: κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελάν-δρον, τό, (μέλας, δρύς) beard of oak.

μελάν-εἰμων, on, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαινῶ), or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ἐς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελάνια, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελάνδ-ζυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελάνδ-κάρδιος, on, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελάν-ὀμμάτος, on, (μέλας, ὀμμα) black-eyed.

μελάνδ-νεκτο-εἰμων, on, gen. onos, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελάνδ-πτερος, on, and μελάνδ-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελάν-οστος, on, (μέλας, ὀσσε) black-eyed.

μελάν-οστος, for μελάνοστος, on, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελάν-ουρος, on, fem. μελάν-ουρίς, ιδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελάνδ-χροος, on, = μελάγχροος.

μελάνδ-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρως.

μελαν-τειχῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, a, on, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τράγης, ἐς, (μέλας, τραγείν) black when eaten.

μελάν-υδρος, on, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [ᾶ]

ΜΕ'ΛΛ'ΑΣ, Aeol. μέλαις, μέλαινα, μέλ'αν: gen. μέλανος, μελαινῆς, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

II. Comp. μελάντερος, a, on.

ΜΕ'ΛΔΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μέλδωμι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαινῶ, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen.

II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδῃμα, ατος, τό, *care, anxiety, concern.* II. *the thing cared for.* Hence

μελεδῃμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, *caring for, anxious about.* II. *busy.*

μελεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδώνη.

μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, ποῖτ. for μελεδωνός.

μελεδώνη, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) *care, sorrow.*

μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδαίνω) *one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender.*

μέλει, *impers.*, see μέλω.

μελειστί, Adv. (μελεῖζω) *limb from limb.*

μελο-παθής, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) *suffering misery.*

μελο-πόνος, *ον*, (μέλεος, πόνος) *labouring in misery.*

μέλεος, α, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (μέλω) *fruitless, vain, empty: neut. μέλεον* as Adv. *in vain.* 2. *unhappy, wretched.*

μελο-φρων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) *wretched in mind.*

μελοσί-περος, *ον*, (μέλος, πτερόν) *singing with its wings.*

μέλεται, 3 *sing. pres. med. of μέλω.*

μελετάω, *f. ἦσω*:—*to care for*, c. gen. II. c.

acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. *excolere: to court: to practise, exercise: μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom: also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόξῳ to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself: ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετᾶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take heed, take thought.* 2. c. *acc. pers. to exercise or train one.* From

μελέτη, ἡ, (μέλομαι) *care, attention* 2. *practice, exercise.* II. *care, anxiety.*

μελέτημα, ατος, τό, (μελετάω) *a practice, study.*

μελετηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μελετάω) *practising diligently.*

μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, *one must practise.*

μελετωρ, *οπος*, ὁ, (μέλω) *one who cares for, a guardian, avenger.*

μεληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.

μέλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλω) *an object of care: a beloved object.* II. *a charge, duty: care, anxiety.*

μελησόμεν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.

μεληστή-βροτος, *ον*, (μέλησις, βροτός) *cares for by men.*

Μελιτιδης [Ὶ], *ον*, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μέλητος.

ΜΕΛΙΤ', ἴτος, τό, Lat. *MEL*, *boney.*

μελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the ash, Lat. *fraxinus*: from its toughness it was used for spears. II. *a spear.*

μελί-βόας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) *with boney-tone.*

μελί-βρομος, *ον*, (μέλι, βρέμω) *boney-toned.*

μελί-γδοντος, *ον*, (μέλι, δονπέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-γῆρυς Dor. -γαρυς, *vos*, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γῆρυς) *boney-voiced, musical.*

μελί-γλωσσος, *ον*, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) *boney-tongued.*

μέλιγμα, ατος, τό, (μελί(ω)) *song: a pipe.*

μελίζω Dor. μελίσσω, (μέλος) *to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι.* 2. *trans. to sing of, celebrate in song.*

μελί-ηδής, ἐς, (μέλι, ἡδύς) *boney-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing.*

μελί-θρεπτος, *ον*, (μέλι, τρέφω) *boney-fed.*

μελί-θροος, *ον*, contr. -θρους, *ον*, (μέλι, θροέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-κῆρον, τό, (μέλι, κῆρος) *a boneycomb.*

μελί-κομπος, *ον*, (μέλι, κομπέω) *sweet-sounding.*

μελί-κράτος Ion. -κρητος, *ον*, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) *mixed with boney: μελί-κρητον* Att. -κράτον, τό, *a drink of boney and milk offered as a libation.*

μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτάς, ἄ, ὁ, (μελί(ω)) *a singer, player, esp. a flute-player.*

μελί-λωτον, τό, also μελί-λωτος, ὁ, (μέλι, λωτός) *melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained.*

ΜΕΛΙΝΗ, ἡ, millet, Lat. *panicum*: in pl. millet-fields. [Ὶ]

μέλιнос Ep. μελίνος, ἡ, *ον*, (μελία) *asben*, Lat. *fraxineus.*

Μελίνο-φάγοι, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγειν) *the Millet-eaters*, name of a Thracian tribe.

μελί-παις, παῖδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) *with boney-children*, epith. of the bee-hive.

μελί-πνοος, *ον*, contr. -πnovος, *ον*, (μέλι, πνέω) *boney-breathing, sweet-breathing.*

μελίρ-ροος, *ον*, (μέλι, ῥέω) *flowing with boney.*

μελίρ-ρύτος, *ον*, = μελίρροος.

μελίσσω, Dor. for μελί(ω): μελίσσεν, Dor. inf.

μέλισμα, ατος, τό, (μελί(ω)) *a song, chant: a tune.*

μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ἡς, ἡ, (μέλι) *a bee.* 2.

a priestess of Delphi. II. *boney itself.*

μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, α, *ον*, (μέλισσα) *of, belonging to bees: μελίσσειον κηρίον a boneycomb.*

μελισσό-βοτος, *ον*, (μέλισσα, βύσχω) *fed on by bees.*

μελισσο-νόμος, *ον*, (μέλισσα, νέμω) *keeping bees.* II.

(μέλισσα 1. 2) *a priestess.*

μελισσο-πόνος, *ον*, (μέλισσα, πονέω) *tending bees.*

μελισσο-σός, *ον*, (μέλισσα, σός) *guardian of bees.*

μελισσό-τοκος, *ον*, (μέλισσα, τεκείν) *produced by bees, bonied.*

μελισσο-τρόφος, *ον*, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) *feeding bees.*

μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ὄνος, ὁ, (μέλισσα) *a bee-bouse, apiary.*

μελί-σταγής, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) *dropping boney.*

μελί-στακτος, *ον*, = μελιστάγης.

μελίτεια, ἡ, (μέλι) *a herb, baulm*, Lat. *apistrum.*

μελί-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρπω) *boney-sweet.*

Μελιτίδης, false form for Μελητιδης.

μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) *bonied, sweet.* II.

made of boney: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα (sub. μά(α)), ἡ, *a boney-cake.*

μελίτο-πώλης, *ον*, ὁ, (μέλι, πωλέω) *a dealer in boney.*

μελιτοῦττα, v. μελιτόεις.

μελιτόω, *f. ὥσω*, (μέλι) *to sweeten with boney.*

μέλιττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, *a bee.*

μελιττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, *a small bee.*

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσ-.

μελιτ-ώδης, ες, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελιτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτώω) a honey-cake. [τ]

μελι-φθόγγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

μελι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελι-φύρτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.

μελι-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as honey, tawny.

μελι-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χρώα) honey-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, ες, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελι-χρους, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώα) = μελίχρους.

μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητῶν, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλό-γᾶμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, ὅν, (μέλλω, δείπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, ον, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. ἔμελλον: fut. μελήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἡμελλον, ἡμέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II.

to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἔμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must:

μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι Διὶ πατρὶ it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability;

τὰ δὲ μέλλειν ἀκούμεν you are likely to have heard of it; οἱ που μέλλουσιν ἄριστοι βουλὰς βουλευεῖν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III.

to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV.

μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted;

ὅ τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε, what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ὁ μέλλων χρόνος the future time;

ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλῶ, οὔς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογράφία, ἡ, song-writing. From

μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, ὅν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπτω, f. ἴσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέληθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέληθρα κυνῶν a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Μελπομένη, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψα: aor. I ἔμελψα: (μέλος):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλπομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι καθάρῃω to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελῶδιον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἔμελε, fut. ἐλήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρὴ τὰδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δέ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμέληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλῶτα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plqpf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ἡ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τείχος the wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολλέμοιο μεμηλῶς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μελήθηται, to care for, take care of.

μελωδός, f. ἴσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence

μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μέλ-ωδός, ὅν, (μέλος, φῶν) singing, musical.

μέμας, pf. of *μάω: 3 pl. μεμάασι.

μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μαθήνομαι.

μεμάκνυα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μακάομαι.

μεμάμεν, Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμάνημαι [μά], pf. of μαίνομαι, formed as if from *μανέομαι.

μεμάστες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμάποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάπτω.

μεμαρτώας, pf. part. of μαρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.
μεμῶς, μεμῶν, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμῶτες, μεμῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, nom. and acc. plur.

μέμβεται, μέμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέλῃται, ἐμεμέλῃτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μεμβάωκα, pf. of βλάωσκω.

μεμβράνα, ἡ, Lat. *membraṇa*, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑ'Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a small kind of anchovy. [ἄ]

μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκῶς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μέμηλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχανήμενος, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίσασμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μέμνημι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμνῆμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μινῃσκω.

μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μινῃσκω.

μεμνέωτο, Ion. for μέμνητο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μινῃσκω.

μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μινῃσκω, inf. μεμνήσθαι.

μεμνήμην, μεμνήμην, pf. opt. pass. of μινῃσκω.

μεμνηστέμενος, pf. part. pass. of μινῃσκω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μινῃσκωμαι.

Μέμνων, ὁ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute.

μεμδλνγκα, -υσμαί, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

μέμωνα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (*μάω):—*to wish, long, yearn, strive*; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμونه my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μέρομαι.

μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω.

μεμούνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονάω.

μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) *to be blamed, blame-worthy, contemptible*.

II. act. *blaming, bearing a grudge against*.

μέμυκα, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕΜΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμφομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεψάμην, pass. ἐμεψόμην: Dep.:—*to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with*, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, *to complain of* a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., *δ μάλιστα μέμφονται ἡμῶν* which is the chief complaint they make against us.

II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, *to object* a thing to another: *reproach him with it*: c. dat. pers. *to find fault with*.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ὄν, (μέμφομαι, μοίρα) *complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented*.

μέμψις, εὖς, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) *a blaming, reproach, reproof*.

2. *a complaint*.

ΜΕ'Ν, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand . . . , on the other; as well . . . as, while*; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὐτε, αὖθις; also by μέντοι, εἰτα. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, ὡς μέν λέγονται as they say, (*but as I do not believe*). Μέν was orig. the same as μὴν, and ἡ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἡ μὴν as a form of protestation.

II. μέν before other Particles: 1. μέν ἄρα, Ep. μέν ἄ, accordingly, and so. 2. μέν γε or μέν . . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. *certe*. 3. μέν δὲ however. 4. μέν οὖν or μενούν, Lat. *imo vero*, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε or μενούνγε, yea rather.

5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. b. to recall what has gone before, now. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναί(χ)μης, ὁ, δ, (μένω, αἰχμή) *sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching*.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) *to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing*: c. gen., μενεαίνειν μάχης *to long for battle*.

II. *to be angry, rage, be furious*:—*to be convulsed in death*.

μεν-έγγης, ἐς, (μένω, έγγος) *steadfast in fight*.

μενε-δήϊος, ὄν, (μένω, δήϊος) *standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching*.

μενεήνόμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Μενέ-λαός, Att. Μενέλεως Dor. Μένελας, ὁ, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) *Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men*.

μενε-πόλεμος, ὄν, (μένω, πόλεμος) *staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute*.

Μενεσθεύς, εὖς, Ion. ἦος, δ, (μένω) *Menestibeus, i. e. the Abider*.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, *one must abide*.

μενετός, ἡ, ὄν, (μένω) *standing one's ground, steadfast*: also *patient, long-suffering*; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ *opportunities will not wait*.

μενε-φύλοπις, ἰος, δ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ϋ]

μενε-χάρμης, ὄν, δ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ὄν, (μένω, χάρμη) *staunch in battle, resolute*.

μενο-εικής, ἐς, (μένος, εἰκός from *εἶκω) *suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful*: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενουίνω, f. ἦσω: Ep. impf. μενούειν: Ep. pres. μενουίνω, 3 sing. μενουινά: Ep. aor. I μενούνησα, 3 sing. opt. μενουήσσει: (μενουή):—*to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for*.

2. *to purpose, intend*.

μενουή, ἡ, *eager desire*.

μενουίνω, Ep. for μενουινά.

ΜΕ'ΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, *force, strength of body, prowess*.

2. of animals, *strength, fierceness, spirit*.

3. of things, *strength, might, force*: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος *a flow of black blood*.

II. *spirit, ardour*: μένει, dat. *with fury, violently*.

2. *wish, bent, purpose*.

3. generally, *temper, disposition*.

III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like βίη, ἴς; as ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο the sacred Alcinoüs himself.

ΜΕΝΟΥΝ, ΜΕΝΤΟΙ, etc., v. sub ΜΕΝ π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μενῶ, Ep. uncontr. μένω: aor. 1 ἔμεινα: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion. II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἔλθειν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Dor. μερίσδω, f. ἴω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.

μερίμνῃ, ἡ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μερίμνάω, f. ἴσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλὰ μερίμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μερίμνητις, οὔ, ὁ, one who is careful about things. μερμυνο-τόκος, ον, (μέριμνα, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μερμυνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέριμνα, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, ὁ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, ὁ, (μερίς) a partaker. [f]

μέριμος, ον, (μέριμνα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέριμνα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέριμνᾶ, ἡ, poet. for μέριμνα, care, trouble. Hence μεριμνίζω, f. ἴζω: Ep. aor. 1 μερήριξα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to hesitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΡΜΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήσιος, ον, (μέροψ) human.

ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἐμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοῦμὸν or τὸ σὸν μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me attinet. 3. ἐν μέρει τιθεῖν, to put in the class of . . . consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. in numero habere.

μέρ-οψ, οπος, ὁ, (μείρομαι, ὕψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέσ, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾱ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βούς) a leather strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσο-πόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτή) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρία, ἡ, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημ-μεσάτιος, ον, μέσᾱτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μέσᾱτος and μεσᾱάτιος.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. μέσσαιλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the αὐλή or hall:—as Subst., μέσσαιλος, ὁ, or μέσσαιλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἡ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδω, ον, Dor. for μέζω, μέζων.

μεσηγύ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσσηγύ, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος):—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II.

of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst., μεσηγύ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγύ ἡματος midday, noon.

μεσήεις, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. μεσ-αμβρία, ἡ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἵσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridari.

μεσημβρινός, ἡ, ὅν, commoner form for μεσημερίος, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάλλη μεσημβρινή noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός.

μεσ-ήρης poet. μεσσήρης, ες, (μέσος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) set in the middle, midmost; Ξεῖρος ἐπὶ μεσσήρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεσῑτεύω, f. σω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεσίτης, ον, ὁ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [f] μεσίτης, ἰδος, fem. of μεσίτης.

μεσό-γαῖος or -γεῖος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσό-γεως, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δεμη, ἡ, (μέσος, δέμω, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κούλη μεσοδέμη the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. μέσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβής, ἐς, (μέσος, λαβεῖν) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, *ον*, (μένος, λεῦκος) middling white, half white.

μεσ-ὀμφαλός, *ον*, (μένος, ὀμφαλός) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, *ον*, (μένος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ep. μεσσοπ-, ἐς, (μένος, παγήναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-πάλης, ἐς, Ep. μεσσοπ-, (μένος, παλῆναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, *ον*, (μένος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, *α, ον*, (μένος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ἡ Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πύλη, ἡ, = μέση πύλη, the middle gate. [ῥ]

ΜΕ'ΣΟΣ Ep. μέσσος, *η, ον*: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ἡμῶν mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between:—proverb. from the wrestling ring, ἔχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle.

II. middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank. III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ἐς μέσον τιθέναι τι to set a prize before all, in public; Lat. in medio ponere; so, ἐς μέσον ἀμφοτέροις δικάζαν to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέξασθαι to remain neutral; διὰ μέσον, between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime.

IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. in the middle, like μέσως, moderately. V. poet. Comp. μεσαίτερος, Sup. μεσαίτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, ἐς, (μένος, σχίζω) split in two.

μεσότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (μένος) a middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μένος, τοῖχος, a partition-wall).

μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From

μεσό-τομος, *ον*, (μένος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσο-ουράνημα, *ατος, τό*, (μένος, οὐράνός) the meridian or zenith. 2. the mid-heaven.

μεσῶ, *ἡ, ὥσω*, (μένος) to be in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate; ἡμέρα μεσούσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσούν midsummer. 2. c. gen. to be in the middle of, μεσούν τῆς ἀναβάσεως to be in the middle of the ascent.

ΜΕ'ΣΠΛΑΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar.

μέσᾱτος, *η, ον*, = μέστος, poet. for μέσος.

μέσο-αυλός, *ο, ὁ* or μέσο-αυλον, τό, poet. for μέσων.

μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, poet. for μεσηγύ.

μεσο-ήρης, *ες, ποῖτ.* for μεσήρης.

Μεσσίας, *ον, ὁ*, Heb. the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed.

μεσοόθεν, Ep. for μεσότην, Adv. (μένος) from the middle.

μεσούθι, Ep. for μεσότη, Adv. (μένος) in the middle.

μεσο-πάλης, μεσο-πόρος, poet. for μεσοπ-.

μέσσος, *η, ον*, poet. for μέσος.

ΜΕΣΤΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν*, full, filled, filled full:—c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστὸς ἦν θυμούμενος he had his fill of anger.

μεστῶ, *ἡ, ὥσω*, (μεστὸς) to fill full, glut, cram:—Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφᾱ, poet. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.;

μέσφ' ἡὺς till morn:—μέσφ' ὅτε until.

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

ΜΕΤΑ, poet. μετά, Dor. πῆδα or πῆδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between.

II. in common with, with the help or favour of; μετ' Ἀθηναίων with the help of Athenians.

III. with, by means of; as μετ' ἀρετῆς προτείνειν.

WITH DAT. only poet. properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετὰ οἷς ταυροῖσιν last over and above his companions. 2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, μετὰ νηυσί, κύμασι, ἀσπράσι; so also, μετὰ πνοιῖς ἀνέμοιο in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετὰ φύλα θεῶν, μετὰ λαόν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense; hence with a view to, looking to; πόλεμον μέτα θαυρήσαντο they armed for the battle.

II. of Place, after, next after, behind; μετὰ κίλινον ἔσπετο μῆλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether.

2. of Time, after, next to; μετὰ ταῦτα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ἡμέραν in the course of the day, Lat. interdiu.

3. of order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ μετ' ἀμύμονα Πηλεΐωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus.

III. after, according to; μετὰ σὸν καὶ ἐμὸν κῆρ as you and I wish.

IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετὰ πάντας ἀριστος best of all, among all.

AS ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards.

III. thereafter, afterwards; μετὰ γὰρ καὶ ἀλγεσι τέρπεται ἀνὴρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Μέτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

IN COMPOS. μετά implies community or participation, as in μετα-δίδωμι.

II. interval of space or time, between, during, as in μετ-αἶχμον.

III. succession of time, as in μετ-αὐτίκα.

IV. towards, in pursuit, following, as in μετα-διώκω, μετ-οίχομαι.

V. letting go, as in μεθ-ίημι.

VI. after, behind, as in μετὰ-φρονω.

VII. back-wards, back again, reversely, as in μετα-τρέπω, μετα-στρέφω.

VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετα-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γινώσκω, etc.

μετάβα, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βαίνω, *ἡ, -βήσομαι*: aor. 2 μετέβην: pf. μετα-βέβηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μετα-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: aor. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i. e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose.

III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose. 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μετα-βάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβᾶς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβάσις, ἡ, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting, changing. II. change, alteration.

μετα-βέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks. 2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ῆ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-ἄγγελος, ον, δ and ἦ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Μετα-γετνίων, ὄνος, δ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Laconian Καρνείος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: pf. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late. II. to change one's mind: a. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μετάνγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (μεταγνώμαι) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. -ἄξω: aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another. II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμα, pf. pass. of μεταδοκίω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμος, ον, (μετά, δῆμος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-διαίτάω, f. ἦσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδομι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share. II. to give after.

μετα-δίομαι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From μετα-διώκω, f. -διώξομαι later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely. II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμα:—to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκεῖ, μετέδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι μὴ στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ἡ, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἡ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξ, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

μετάθεσις, ἡ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μετά, poet. for μετά.

μετα-ἵζω, poet. for μεθίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίσσω.

μετ-αἴρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to go away, depart.

μετ-αἵσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-αίτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αἷτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνον an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αἰχμιος, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αἰχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθίζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετα-κἀλέω, f. ἐσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετᾱ-κιάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδῖον μετεκιάθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετα-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to remove: to change, alter:—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακινήτης, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετα-κλάω, to break and so change.

μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction:—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετᾱ-κοινός, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετα-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετα-κυλινδέω, f. ἦσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδεῖν αὐτὸν to roll oneself over.

μετα-κύμος, ον, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves; ἄσας μετακύμων between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [ῥ]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: pf. -έληφα: pass. -έλημμαι:—to have or get a share of, to partake in:—Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινας to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτὸν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to feel remorse, to repent. μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλήγω, fut. ἔω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγῃ, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change: μεταλλαγή τὰς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετ-άλλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I μετήλλαξα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλωτος, Dor. for μετᾱλλήτος.

μετ-άλλω, f. ἦσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry: ἄλδς μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεια καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρυσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάλλεμος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι.

μετα-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζύς) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετα-μαίομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere.

μετ-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, remove. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: I. impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι οὕτως ἀπολογησαμένῳ I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., μεταμελὼν μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. 2. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστανι μετέμελε τὸ εἰρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance: and

μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήσθην: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose.

μετά-μελος, ὁ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετα-μέλπομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among.

μετα-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετα-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with.

μετα-μίσγω, = μιγαμύννυμι.

μετα-μορφομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured.

μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-ἄμῳνος, ον, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μετᾱμῶνια βάζειν to talk idly.

μετ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose:—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετα-ναιετάω, to dwell with.

μετα-ναίετης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-ανάστασις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετα-νόστης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστος, ον, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετ-ανέστηκα, -ανέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετ-ανίστημι.

μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

αορ. 2 *μετανέστην*, pf. *μετανέστηκα*, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3.

to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ἡ, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλήω, f. ἦσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (*μετά*) Adv. of Place, between, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυσωλή, ἡ, rest between times.

μετα-πείθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from

μετα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. *arcessere*: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πήσομαι: αορ. 2 -επτάμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: αορ. 2 -έπεσον: pf. *πέπτωκα*:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly.

2. of votes, to change sides. 3. of conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποιῖος, ον, (*μετά*, *ποινή*) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: αορ. I pass. *μετεπορεύην*: Dep. I:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ἐς, distinguished among. From

μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, αορ. 2 part. of *μεταπέτομαι*.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ἦσω, (*μετά*, *πτοιέω*) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (*μετά*, *πυργός*) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ᾄριθμος, ον, (*μετά*, *ἀριθμός*) counted among.

μεταρ-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ἴσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ἦσω, (*μετάρσιος*, *λέσχη*) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ἡ, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. *πεδάρσιος*: (*μεταίρα*) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty.

II. like *μετέωρος*, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιύω, f. ὥσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. *μεταρ-σεύομαι*: Ep. αορ. 2 *μετεσσύμην*, 3 sing. *μετέσσυτο*: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of *μεθέπω*.

μετασπών, αορ. 2 part. act. of *μεθέπω*.

μέτασαι, αἱ, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and ἔρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From *μετά*, as *περισσός* from *περί*.)

μεταρ-σεύομαι, Ep. for *μετασεύομαι*.

μετασταθῶ, αορ. 1 subj. pass. of *μεθίστημι*.

μεταστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, αορ. 2 part. of *μεθίστημι*.

μετάστας, εως, ἡ, (*μεθίσταμαι*) a removal from one place to another; *μετάστασις* ἡλίου an eclipse. 2.

μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. *decease*. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στέλω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, *μεταστήσω*, αορ. I part., and fut., of *μεθίστημι*.

μετα-στοιχεῖ or -ἔ, Adv. (*μετά*, *στοῖχος*) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's camp.

μεταστρέφῃς Ep. fut. pass. of *μεταστρέφω*.

μεταστρεφείς, αορ. I pass. part. of *μεταστρέφω*.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—

Pass., αορ. I *μετεστρέφην*, αορ. 2 *μετεστρέφην* [ᾶ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in αορ. I part. *μεταστρεφείς*. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen. 3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, αορ. 2 inf. of *μετέχω*.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (*μετέχω*) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, (*μετά*, *σχήμα*) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: αορ. I *μετέθηκα*:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—

Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; *μετατίθεσθαι τὴν γνώμην* to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -ρέθομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -τρέβομαι : aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω) :—to run after.

μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετά-τροπος, ov, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπάω, f. ἦσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετα-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετα-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετα-αὐθις Ion. -αὐτις, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετα-αὐτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρειν, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert:—Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among. μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I μετεχειρίσασθην:—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίσθαι πρᾶγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ov, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μετάρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ov, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψάλλω, to brush against.

μετέδοσι, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετεγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφθήσεται.

μετέγων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. I of μεταδίδωμι.

μέτειπε, μέτειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετείπε, etc.

μετέστη, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.

μετέθηκε, aor. I of μετατίθημι.

μετέλθα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσσομαι: (μετά, εἰμι

sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. II.

impers., μέτεστί τοι τινος I have a share of a thing; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim:

—sometimes with a nom., μέτεσσι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, εἰμι ibo) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2.

to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to.

III. to pass over, go over to the other side. μετ-είπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετάφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετείς, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθίημι. μετεσάμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (εἰμι ibo).

μετείω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εκβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκίαθον, impf. of μετακιάθω.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμειβον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μετεμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-ἐμφύτος, ov, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh. μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέπω, to speak among.

μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere. μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἔτεροι) some others. μετόν, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-έπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come among. 2. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger: in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασείομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετεύχομαι, f. -εύχομαι, Dep. to *change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.*

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μεταφῆμι.

μετέχω, f. μετέχω, to *partake of, have a share of*, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθῶν *τινι* to *enjoy an equal share of good with another.*

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to *raise to a height, raise, lift up*: Pass., (μετεωρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει) *keeping out on the high sea.* II. metaph. to *buoy up or excite*: to *buoy up with false hopes.*

μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to *prate about the heavenly bodies.*

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to *talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies.* Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a *treatise on the heavenly bodies.*

μετεωρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) *talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.*

μετέωρος Ep. μετ-ήσος, ου, (μετά, ἔωρα or αἰώρα) *suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air.* 2. of a ship, *on the high sea, out at sea.* II.

metaph. of the mind, *excited, in suspense, Lat. spe erectus*: hence *wavering, fluctuating.* III. τὰ μετέωρα, *things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena*; generally, *abstruse, lofty speculations.*

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, ὁ, a *meteorological philosopher.*

μετεωρο-φέναι, ἄκος, ὁ, a *meteorological quack.*

μετήγαγον, aor. 2 of μετῆγαμι.

μετήλαθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετήλλαξα, aor. 1 of μεταλλάσσω.

μετ-ήνεμος, ου, (μετά, ἄνεμος) *swift as the wind.*

μετ-ήσος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετήρα, aor. 1 of μεταίρω.

μετήσασθαι, Ion. for μεθήσασθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθήμι.

μετηύδων, as, a, impf. of μετανύδω.

μετῆι, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθήμι; also 3 sing. pres.

μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθήμι.

μετ-ἱμμι, μετ-ἱστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.

μετ-ἰσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία 1. 2. *the Captivity of the Jews.* From

μετοικέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to *change one's abode, remove to a place*, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to *settle in.* absol. to *be a μέτοικος or settler.* Hence

μετοίκησις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία 1: and

μετοικία, ἡ, *change of abode, migration.* II.

a *settling as μέτοικος, a settlement*: society. 2. *the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.*

μετ-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to *lead to another abode*:

—Pass. to *be led to another country, to emigrate.*

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος:

τὸ μετοικικόν *the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.*

μετοίκιον, τό, *the tax of twelve drachmae paid by the μέτοικοι at Athens.* From

μέτ-οικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) *changing one's abode, settling elsewhere.*

II. at Athens, μέτοικος, ὁ and ἡ, a *foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. inquilinus.*

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, *the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.*

μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσσομαι, Dep. to *have gone after, to be gone in pursuit.* 2. to *have gone among or through.*

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετ-οκλάζω, f. σω, to *keep shifting one's knees*, of a coward *crouching in ambush.*

μετ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to *change the name, call by a new name*:—Pass. to *take a new name.*

μετ-όπιπ, Adv. = μετόπισθε.

μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, *from behind, backwards*:—of Time, *after, afterwards.* II. as Prep. with gen. *behind.*

μετοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the end of autumn, *verging on winter, autumnal.* From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὄπωρα) *the season after ὄπωρα, late autumn*; cp. φθινόπωρον.

μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) *the space between rows of vines.*

μετ-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτειμι inter-sum) *participation, communion*: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a *partaking of, communion.*

μετ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to *remove by a lever, hoist out of the way.*

μετοχλίσσει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of μετοχλίζω.

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) *partaking of*:—as Subst. a *partaker, partner, accomplice.*

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to *measure*: I. of Space, to *measure*, i. e. *pass over*, Lat. *metiri, emetiri*:—Med.,

μετρέϊσθαι ἵχνη to *measure the footmarks with the eyes.* II. of Number, to *count*: to *measure out, dole out.* 2. of Size, Value, etc., to *measure, estimate, compute.* Hence.

μέτρημα, atos, τό, *that which is measured out*: 1. a *measured distance.* 2. a *measure, dole.*

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a *measuring, measurement.*

μετρητής, ου, ὁ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορεύς, Lat. *metrēta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12

χύες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held $\frac{3}{4}$ of a μετρητής.

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) *measured, measurable.*

μετρίᾳ f. σω, (μέτριος) to *be moderate*: to *be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled.* II. trans. to *moderate.*

μετριοπάθω, f. ἴσω, to *be moderate or merciful towards.* From

μετριο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) *bearing moderately.*

μετριο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a *moderate drinker, moderate in potations*: Sup. μετριοποτίστας.

μέτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, few. III. of Degree, *holding to the mean, moderate*: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον *the mean*. 2. *tolerable*. 3. of Persons, *moderate, temperate*: also *fair, reasonable*. 4. *suitable*.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίως, see μέτριος.

μετρίότης, ἥτος, ἡ, (μέτριος) *moderation*.

μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, *moderately, in due limits or measure*. 2. *modestly, temperately: on fair terms*.—Comp. μετρίωτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. *the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself*. 3. *any space measured or measurable*; μέτρον ὕψους *the size of the harbour*; μέτρον ἡβης *the full measure or prime of youth*. II. *the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness*.

III. *metre*, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ῥυθμός (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνμία, ἡ, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, *the use of one word for another, metonymy*.

μετωπῶδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forehead foremost, fronting*: of ships, *in line*; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρας, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forehead*.

μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, *the forehead*.

μετ-ωπον, τό, (μετά, ὤψ) *the space between the eyes, the forehead, front*. II. *the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army*.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) *with ingenuous countenance*.

μεῦ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ΜΕΧΡΙ, rarely μέχρις even before a vowel: I. Prep. with gen. *until, unto, to a given point*. 1. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης *as far as the sea*. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρις *until when?* μέχρις οὗ; μέχρις δσον; *until when? how long?* μέχρι τινός *for a space*; μέχρι τοῦδε *until now*. II. in Ion., μέχρι οὗ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οὗ ἡκτὼ πύργων, *as far as eight towers, instead of μέχρις οὗ ἡκτὼ πύργοι εἰσίν*. III. Conjunct. *until*, with indic., μέχρι ἕως ἐγένετο *till morning came*; with ἄν and subj., μέχρι ἂν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν *till we see this*: also, μέχρι οὗ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. *not*, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one *thinks* a thing is *not*, οὐ that it is *not*: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἕως ἄν, because these speak of a thing *not as a fact, but as a supposition*: whereas ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a *fact*. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὥς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὥς μή . . . ὧνται *that*

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πῦθέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειν ἄν *the not-knowing would grieve me*. 4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπενεῖκας = εἰ μὴ ἀπῆναικε, *if he had not carried away*. II. μή is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. *ne*, it stands first in the sentence: 1. with the pres. imperat, μὴ λέγε. 2. with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέξης. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γάρ οὐγ' ἔλθοι ἀνὴρ *O that he may not come!*

B. μή, CONJUNCTION, *that not, lest*, Lat. *ne*: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ *I flee lest I may be caught*. II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθῆην *I fled lest I might be caught*. III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γίνῃται, Lat. *vereor ne fiat*, *I fear lest it happen*, i. e. *I fear it will happen*.—For this subj., the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μή is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ἴσται Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενεῖκαί *Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, δὸς μὴ Ὀδυσσῆα οἶκαδ' ἰκίσθαι*. V. μή is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, καλύειν, εἰργεῖν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν *to deny the doing a thing*; also after Nouns of like sense, as κώλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδάν.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἢ μὴ ποῦ . . . φάσθε; *surely ye did not say?* 2. μή is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by *whether*, as, δεῖδω μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτέα εἶπεν *I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true*.

μή γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, *no certainly*, Lat. *nullo modo*, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα, *let him not say the name*; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω], *no, certainly*.

μή γε, *not at least*, strengthd. for μή.

μηδ-ἄμᾶ and μηδ-ἄμῃ, Adv. of μηδαμῶς, *nowhere*. II. in *nouise*, *not at all*.

μηδαμῶθεν, Adv. (μηδαμῶς) *from no place*; μηδαμῶθεν ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδαμῶθι, Adv. *nowhere*: and

μηδαμοί, Adv. *nowhitber*. From

μηδ-ἄμός, ἡ, ὅν, for μηδὲ ἄμός, *not even one, not any one, no one, none*. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδαμῶς, Adv. of μηδαμῶς, *in no way, not at all*.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, Lat. *neque, nec*. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ . . . μηδέ . . ., neither . . . nor . . ., Lat. *neque . . . neque . . .* II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, *not even*, Lat. *ne . . . quidem*.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εμᾶ, μηδ-έν, gen. μηθενός, μηδεμᾶς,

μηδενός, etc.:—declined like εἷς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἷς) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. ὁ οὗ ἢ μηδέν (sc. ὅν, οὐσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδέποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never.

μηδέπω, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet.

μηδεπώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

μηδ-έτερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two.

μηδ-ετέρωσα, Adv. to neither side.

μή δῆ, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress: esp. to side with the Medes, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικὰ (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman.

Μηδιωμός, ὁ, (Μηδίζω) a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδο-κτόνος, ον, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying.

μηδομαι, f. μῆσομαι: aor. I ἐμῆσαμην: Dep.: (μῆδος):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδο-σπότερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ὑπότερος) neither of the two.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, εος, τό, only used in plur. μήδεα, counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μήτις, care, anxiety: σὰ μήδεα care for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδ-οπισσούν, neut. μηδοσιούν, for μηδὲ ὅστις οὖν, μηδὲ ὅτι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μῆδος) counsel, prudence.

Μηδο-φόνος, ον, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηθεῖς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδεῖς, μηδέν.

ΜΗΚΑΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μᾶκων: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμκα, part. μεμῆκας, shortd. fem. μεμᾶκνῖα (so βέβρῦχα, μέμῆκα from βρυχάομαι, μῆκαομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμέμῆκον:—to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, sbriek, cry.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (μῆ, ἔτι) no more, no longer, no further.

μηκιστος, η, ον, Dor. and Att. μᾶκιστος, [ᾶ], α, ον, (μῆκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μῆκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μῆκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness.

μή-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. -ῶν Ion. -ῶν: Dor. μᾶκύνω: (μῆκος):

—to lengthen, prolong. 2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνειν βοήν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμᾶκύναντο κόλποισιν erected a tall statue.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μᾶκων, εως, ἡ, the porphy. 2. the head of a porphy. 3. porphy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μῆλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus. μήλειος, ον, also α, ον, (μῆλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Melis or Malia. Μηλιάδες or Μηλιάδης, αἱ, (μῆλον α or β) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, εως, ὁ, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis. II. as Adj., Μηλιεὺς κόλπος the Maliac gulf.

μηλίνας, η, ον, Dor. μάλινος, α, ον, (μῆλον β) of an apple-tree.

Μήλιος, α, ον, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Μηλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and μηλο-βότης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μῆλον, βόσκω) a shepherd.

μηλο-βοτος, ον, (μῆλον, βόσκω) grazed by sheep. μηλο-δόςκος, ον, (μῆλον, δέχομαι) sheep-reeveing.

μηλο-θύτης, [ῥ], ου, ὁ, (μῆλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sheep, a priest: βασιλεὺς μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar.

μηλολόνη, ἡ, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ον, τό, (Α) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἀρσένα μῆλα rams, weathers: the pl. μῆλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ον, τό, (Β) Dor. ΜΑΛΟΝ, Lat. MALUM, an apple: generally, any tree-fruit, as, μῆλον Κυδάνιον the quince, μῆλον Περισκόν the peach, μῆλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts: or of the cheeks, Lat. mālae.

μηλο-νομεύς, εως, or μηλο-νόμης, ου, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (μῆλον α, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman.

μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μῆλον α, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάριος, ον, Dor. μαλοπάριος, (μῆλον β, παρεία) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλο-σκοπος, ον, (μῆλον β, σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλο-σπορος, ον, (μῆλον β, σπείρω) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σόςος, ον, poet. for μῆλοσόςος, (μῆλον α, σώζω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγω, f. ἦσω, to slay sheep; ἱερὰ μῆλοσφαγεῖν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλο-σφάγος, ον, (μῆλον α, σφάζω) slaying sheep.

μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μῆλον α, τρέφω) sheep-feeding.

μηλ-οὔχος, ὁ, (μῆλον β, ἔχω) a girdle that confines the breasts.

μηλο-φόνος, *ov*, (μήλον *λ*, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφορέω, *f*, ήσω, *to carry apples*. From
 μηλο-φόρος, *ov*, (μήλον *β*, φέρω) *bearing apples*.
 μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, *δ*, and ή, (μήλον *λ* or *β*, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [ῥ]
 μηλωτή, ή, (μήλον *λ*) *a sheep's skin*.
 μῆλ-ωψ, *opos*, *δ*, ή, (μήλον *β*, ὤψ) *looking like an*
apple, yellow, golden.

μή μάν, *pay verily*.

μή μέν, *Ion. for μή μάν*.

μήν, *Dor. and Ep. μάν*, a Particle strengthening
 affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; ή μήν
 or ή μάν, *in very truth, yea verily*, used at the begin-
 ning of an oath: *καὶ μήν*, *Lat. et vero, and yet, nay*
more: *ἀλλὰ μήν yet truly*, *Lat. verum enimvero*: οὐ
 μήν *assuredly not, so too μή μήν; τί μήν; what then?*
i. e. of course. II. = μέντοι, *however*.—Μήν was
 orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of
 the long vowel η it became the more emphatic form:
 but ή μέν, μή μέν, were retained in *Ep. and Ion.*, =
Att. ή μήν, μή μήν.

ΜΗΝ, *δ*, *gen. μηνός*: *dat. pl. μηνί*, *Aeol. and Dor.*
meis:—*Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: *κατὰ μήνα*
month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month
 was divided into two parts, *μήν ἱστάμενος*, the month
 rising, and *μήν φθίνων* the month waning. The Attic
 division was into three, *μήν ἱστάμενος*, *μεσῶν*, *φθίνων*:
 the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards,
 as *μηνὸς τετάρτη φθίνοντος* the fourth day from the
 end of the month; sometimes onwards, as *τῇ τρίτῃ*
ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the
 month. II. = *μηνίσκος* II.

μηνάς, ἄδος, ή, = *μήνην*, the moon.

μήνατο, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of μαινομαι*.

μήνεσι, corrupt form of *μηνί*, *dat. pl. of μήν*, *μηνός*.

μήνη, ή, (μήν) *the moon*, *Lat. luna*. Hence

μηνιάιος, *α*, *ov*, *monthly*.

μηνιθμός, *οὐ*, *δ*, (μηνίω) *wrath*.

μηνίμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (μηνίω) *the cause of anger; μηνιμα*
θεῶν the cause of divine wrath. 2. *guilt of blood,*
blood-guiltiness.

ΜΗΝΙΞ *Dor. μάνις*, *ιος*, ή, *Att. gen. μηνίδος*,
wrath, anger: also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, *δ*, *Dim. of μήνη*, a crescent, *Lat. lu-*
nula. II. a crescent-shaped body, *to protect the*
head of statues.

μηνίω *Dor. μανίω*: *f. μηνίσω* [ῥ]: *aor. 1 ἐμήνισα*:
 (μήνις):—*to cberish wrath, be wroth against*: also *to*
declare one's wrath against a person.

μνηο-εἰδής, *ἐς*, (μήνην, εἶδος) *crescent-shaped*, *Lat. lu-*
natus: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μηνίμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (μηνίω) *an information*.

μηνυτήρ, ήρος, *δ*, (μηνύω) *an informer, guide*.

μηνυτής, *οὐ*, *δ*, (μηνύω) *masc. Adj. bringing to*
light. II. as *Subst. an informer*, *Lat. delator*.

μηνύτρον, *τό*, (μηνύω) *the price paid for informa-*
tion, reward: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, *ορος*, *δ*, = *μηνυτήρ*. [ῥ] From

ΜΗΝΥ'Ω *Dor. μανύω*: *f. μηνύσω* [ῥ]: *aor. 1 ἐμή-*
νυσα:—*Pass.*, *aor. 1 ἐμηνύθην* [ῥ]: *pf. μεμήνυμαι*:—
to disclose, reveal, make known: *betray*. II. at

Athens, *to inform or lay public information against*
 another: *impers. in Pass.*, *μηνύεται information is*
laid: but in *Pass.* also of persons, *to be informed*
against.

μή ὅπως (an ellipse for μή ὑπολάβητε ὅπως . . .),
 followed by *ἀλλά*, *do not suppose that . . . but . . ; not*
only not so . . , but . .

μή ὅτι, = *μή ὅπως*, followed by *ἀλλά*, *not only not*
so . . , but . . ; not to mention that . . , let alone, *Lat.*
ne dicam.

μή οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after
 Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as *δέδοικα*
μή οὐ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. *to δέδοικα μή*
γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have
 their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive,

after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as *οὐδέεις σοι*
ἀντιλέγει τὸ μή οὐ λέγειν no one disputes your right
 to speak (where μή οὐ may be translated by *Lat.*
quin, quominus), *nemo te impediet quin dicas*. 2.

generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is ex-
 pressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύναμαι, οὐκ ἔστι,
 etc.; as *οὐ οἰκὸς ἐστὶ Ἀθηναίους μή οὐ δοῦναι δίκας* it
 is not reasonable that the Athenians should not . . .
Lat. non potest fieri quin . . ; so also, with a negat.
 implied, as, *δεινὸν ἐδόκει . . μή οὐ λαβεῖν* it seemed
 strange not to take.

III. with a Participle, *δυ-*
σάλγητος γὰρ ἦν, μή οὐ κατοικτείρων for I were un-
 feeling, did I not pity.—In II. and III. μή might stand
 without οὐ.

μή πολλαίς, *lest perchance*, *Lat. ne forte*.

μή ποτε, = *μή ποτε*, I. with subj. *that at no*
time, lest ever, *Lat. ne quando*. 2. with infin. *never*.

μή που, *lest anywhere*: *lest perchance*.

μή πω, = *μή πω*, *not yet*, *Lat. nondum*: *μήπω γε*,
nay, not yet.

μή πώποτε, *never yet*.

μή πως, = *μή πως*, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest*
perchance. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μηρία, *τά*, = *μηρία*, *thigh-bones*.

μηρία, *τά*, never used in sing., (μηρός) *the thigh-*
bones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg
 (ἐκ μηρία τάμων), and wrapped in two folds of fat
 (μηρία κνίστη ἐκάλυψαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they
 were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = *μη-*
ροί, *the thighs*.

μηρίαίος, *α*, *ov*, (μηρός) *of or belonging to the thigh*,
Lat. femoralis: ή *μηρίαία*, *the thigh*.

μήρινθος, *ov*, ή, (μηνίω) *a cord, line, string*; pro-
 verb., ή *μήρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε* the line caught nothing,
i. e. it was of no avail.

ΜΗΡΟ'Σ, *οὐ*, *δ*, *the upper part of the thigh, the ham*.
μηρο-τράφης, *ἐς*, (μηρός, τραφῆναι) *nursed in the*
thigh, *epith. of Bacchus*.

μηρο-τύπης, *ἐς*, (μηρός, τυπῆναι) *striking the thigh*.
μηρυκάομαι, *Dep. to chew the cud*, *Lat. ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ, f. -ύσομαι [ῥ]; aor. I ἐμηνύσαμεν:—to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μηνύσασθαι to weave the wool into the warp.

II. μηνύομαι is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸς μηνύεται περὶ χεῖλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μήσαο, μήσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I of μήδομαι.

μήσεις, Ep. 2 sing. of μήδομαι, fut. of μήδομαι.

μήστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of μήδομαι.

μήσωρ, ὁ, (μήδομαι) an adviser, counsellor; μήσωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μήτε, = τή τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε . .

μήτε, neither . . nor.

ΜΗΤΗΡ Dor. **ΜΑ΄ΤΗΡ**, ἡ, gen. μητέρος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας:—Lat. MATER, MOTHER: of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μήτηρ μῆλων mother of flocks; γῆ μήτηρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μητήρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μήτι, neut. of μή-τις, μήτινος.

μήτι, contr. for μήτι, dat. of μήτις, μήτιος.

μητιάσθαι, μητιάσθε, Ep. for μητιάσθαι, μητιᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητιάω, f. μητιάσω: (μήτις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. μητιέτᾱ, ὁ, (μήτις) counsellor.

μητιεύς, εσσα, εν, (μήτις) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐμητίσαμεν: Dep.: (μήτις):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ep. for μητιών, part. of μητιάω.

μητιόωσι, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of μητιάω.

ΜΗΤΙΣ, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. ἴδος; Ep. dat. μήτι for μητί; acc. μήτιν:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning; craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ὁ, ἡ, μήτι, τό, gen. μήτινος: (μή, τίς):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. ne quis, ne quid. II. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest by any means, that by no means: also separately, μή τι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of μή, in nowise, nay: μήτοι γε, nay upon no account.

μήτρα, ἡ, (μήτηρ) Lat. ma'trix, the womb.

μητρ-ἀγύρτης, ὁ, ὁ, (μήτηρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybelé, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἀδελφεός or μητρ-ἀδελφος, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. ματρ-, (μήτηρ, ἀδελφός) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-ἀλοίας or μητρ-αλφας, ὁ, ὁ, (μήτηρ, ἀλοία) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of μήτριος.

μητρίδιος, α, ὁ, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ὁ, (μήτηρ, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητρώθεν Dor. ματρώθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ἡ, (μήτηρ, κασιγνήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ὁ, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. μητροκτονος, ὁ, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ [ᾱ], ὁ, ὁ, = μητρός μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾱ], ὁ, ὁ, = μητρός πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ἡ, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ὁ, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending mothers.

μητρόρ-ριπτος, ὁ, (μήτηρ, ῥίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ὁ, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ὁ, also ἡ, ὁ, (μήτηρ, *φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ὁ, ὁ, (μήτηρ, *φένω) a matricide.

μητρυνά, ἡ, Ion. μητρυνή, ἡ, ἡ, (μήτηρ) a step-mother, Lat. noverca: metaph. a rocky coast is called

μητρυνία νεών.

μητρῶος Ep. μητρῶϊος, α, ὁ, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μητρῶς, ὁ; gen. μήτρουος and ὦ; acc. μήτρωα and ὦν; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -άσθε, Ep. for μηχανάσθαι, -άσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμηχανήσαμεν: pf. μεμηχανήμαι: Dep.: (μηχανή):—Lat. machinari, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανάωντας: but perf. μεμηχανήμαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοφῶμην, -όφω, -όφω, Ep. for μηχανοφῶμην, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανέομαι, Ion. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανή, ἡ, (μήχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, arts, wiles: c. gen., μηχανῶν κακῶν a contrivance against

ills: μηδεμῇ μηχανῇ by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχάνημα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ὁ, ὁ, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious, clever*. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), *mechanics*.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.
μηχανο-δίφης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, δίφω) *inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious*.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious*.
μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) *making machines*: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, an engineer, maker of war-engines.

μηχανορράφει, f. ἦσω, *to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily*. From

μηχανορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, ράπτω) *contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving*.

μηχανο-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. cunningly contrived.

μηχανδωνται, -δωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι.

μήχαρ, τό, = μήχος, a means, contrivance.

ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, a means, expedient, contrivance.

μῖα, ἡ; gen. μῖας Ion. μῆς; dat. μῖ, μῇ; acc. μῖαν:—fem. of εἷς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μῖνῶ: aor. I ἐμίνα Att. ἐμίνα: pf. μεμίαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμάνθη: pf. μεμίασμαι or -αμαι:—to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare. 2. to stain, defile, soil. 3. metaph. to taint, defile, pollute.

μῖαιφονέω, f. ἦσω, (μῖαιφονος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence

μῖαιφονία, ἡ, bloodguiltiness.
μῖαι-φόνος, ον, (μῖαινω, *φένω) *blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty*:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μῖανθην, Ep. for ἐμάνθην, aor. I pass. of μῖαινω.
μῖάρια, ἡ, (μῖαρός) *brutality*. II. defilement.

μῖαρό-γλωσσος, ον, (μῖαρός, γλῶσσα) *foul-mouthed*.
μῖαρός, á, ὄν, (μῖαινω) *defiled with blood*. 2.

generally, polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. μῖαρός, brutally.

μῖασμα, ατος, τό, (μῖαινω) *a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution*.

μῖασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μῖαινω) *pollution*.
μῖαστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μῖαινω) *a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution*, Lat. homo peculiaris. II. ἀλά-

στωρ, an avenger of such guilt.

μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) *mixed or blended with*.

μῖγάομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμαι.

μῖγάς, áδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίγα) *mixed up, promiscuous*.

μῖγδα and μῖγδην, Adv. *promiscuously*.

μῖγεῖν, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖγήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖγμα, ατος, τό, (μίγνυμι) *a mixture, compound*.

ΜΙΛΗΤΙ and -ῶ, also ΜΙΣΤΩ: f. μῖζω: aor. I ἐμίξα, inf. μῖξαι:—Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μίγομαι: fut. med. μῖξομαι, fut. I pass. μῖχθήσμαι,

f. 2 μῖγῆσομαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίχην [χ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμικτο, μῖκτο: pf. μέμικμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, to join, bring together, bring in contact with. 3. to make acquainted with, unite with: also, μῖξαι τινα ἀνθεσι to cover one with flowers.

II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίῳι μῖγῆναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ἐς Ἀχαιοὺς, to go to join the Achaeans. 2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.

μῖγνύω, = μίγνυμι.

μῖγην, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μῖαινω.

μῖη-φόνος, ὄν, = μῖαιφόνος.

μῖκός, á, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, little.

μῖκρ-αῦλαξ, áκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αὔλαξ) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μῖκρ-ἐμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἐμπορος) a pedlar.

μῖκρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγος) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence

μῖκρολογία, ἡ, minute discussion, frivolity.

μῖκρο-λόγος, ον, (μικρός, λέγω) *reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean*. 2. cavilling about trifles, captious.

μῖκρο-πολίτης (ῖ), ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ιδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πολίτης) a citizen of a petty town or state.

ΜΙΚΡΟΣ, Ion. and old Att. συμμικρός Dor. μῖκρός, á, ὄν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant: of Time, little, short.

II. Adv. usages: gen. μικροῦ (sub. δεῖ) it wants but little, almost:—dat. μικρῷ by a little: acc. μικρόν a little. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν for a little, but a little: κατὰ μικρόν little by little, or into small parts: μετὰ μικρόν after a little; παρὰ μικρόν within a little, almost.—

Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μικρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μείων, μείστος, μειότερος, μειότατος are used.

μῖκροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, petty ambition.

μῖκρο-φιλότιμος, ον, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) *ambitious of petty distinctions*.

μῖκροψυχία, ὁ, littleness of soul, meanness of spirit. From

μῖκρῶ-ψυχος, ον, (μικρός, ψυχή) *little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry*.

μῖκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μῖκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μίγνυμι) *mixed, compound*.

μῖλαξ, áκος, ἡ, Att. for σμῖλαξ, the yew-tree. II. a convolvulus.

Μιλήσιος, á, ον, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μῖλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. II.

a copper vessel for boiling water in.

μῖλιον, τό, a Roman mile.

stadcs, = 1680 yards. i.

μιλτεῖον, τό, a vessel for keeping *μίλος* in.
 μιλτ-ηλῆφης, ἐς, (μίλος, ἀλιφῆνα) painted red.
 μιλο-πάρης, ον, (μίλος, παρεία) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, red earib, red calk or oebre, ruddle, Lat. *rubrica*. II. *vermilion*, Lat. *minium*.
 μιλο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλος, φυρῆνα) smeared with oebre.

μιλτώ, ὡ, ὥσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι; (μίλος):—to colour with oebre, paint red; σχοίνον μεμιλωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλος, εἶδος) of the nature or colour of *μίλος*.

μίμαρκυς, ἡ, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.)
 Μίμας, ατος, ὁ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙΜΕΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμυμίσαμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἡ, ὄν, imitative.
 μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μυμέομαι) an imitation, copy.
 μίμησις, ἡ, (μυμέομαι) imitation.
 μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μυμέομαι, to be imitated. II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μίμητις, οὔ, ὁ, (μυμέομαι) an imitator, copyist.
 μίμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) imitative.
 μίμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.
 μίμνάω, frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσῃ: aor. I ἐμνήσα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory of others.

II. Med. and Pass. μυνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑΟΜΑΙ, μνώμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήσαμην, pass. ἐμνήσθην:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. *memini*, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνημαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνήμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μεμνέφτο: infin. μεμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐμμενέατο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλκῆς μνήσασθαι to betrink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μεμνημαι ἐλθών I remember having come. 2. to mention, make mention of. 3. to give heed to, judge of.

μύμνοντι, Dor. for μύμνουσι, 3 pl. of μύμνω. 2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μύμνω, for μύ-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μύμο-λόγος, ον, (μύμος, λέγω) mocking one's words.

II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙΤΜΟΣ, ον, ὁ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime.

II. a mime, a kind of drama.
 μῖν [ῖ], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νν: μῖν αὐτόν himself; but, αὐτόν μιν oneself, for εαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτοῖς, αὐτάς, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. εαυτόν.

ΜΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθώ, ὡ, ὥσω, to befoul with dung.

Μινύαι, οἱ, the *Minyans*, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήϊος, of the *Minyans*.

ΜΙΝΥΘΩ [ῶ], Ion. impf. μινυθεσκον, Lat. *minuo*, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence

μίνυθα, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μινυθάδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυθαδιώτερος.

μινυρίζω, ὡ, ἴσω, (μινυρός) to moan, wbine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. *minurire*. Hence μινυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, bumbing.

μινυρίσμός, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling. μινυρόμαι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [ῶ]

ΜΙΝΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, wbinng, whimpering.

μινύ-ωπιος and μινύ-ωπος, ον, (μινυθα, ὥπα) short-lived.

Μίνως, ὁ, *Minos*, king of Crete: gen. Μίνωος and Μίνω; dat. Μίνωι, Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and Μίνων:—hence Adj. Μινωίως Att. Μινώιος, α, ον, of *Minos*.

μῖξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξις, εως, ἡ, (μῖξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μῖξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μῖξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μῖξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖξω, θήρ) half beast.

μῖξο-θροος, ον, (μῖξω, θρός) with mingled cries.

μῖξο-λευκος, ον, (μῖξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μῖξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξομ-βροτος, ον, for μῖξομ-βροτος, (μῖξω, βρότος) half mortal.

μῖξο-νόμος, ον, (μῖξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μῖξο-πάρθενος, ον, (μῖξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μῖξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μῖσο-αγαθία, ἡ, hatred of good. From

μῖσο-άγαθος, ἡ, ον, (μῖσος, ἀγαθός) hating good.

μῖσο-αθηναῖος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀθηναῖος) hating the Athenians.

μῖσο-αλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μῖσος, ἀλάζων) hating boasters.

μῖσο-ἀλέξανδρος, ον, (μῖσος, Ἀλέξανδρος) hating Alexander.

μῖσο-ἀμπελος, ον, (μῖσος, ἀμπελος) hating the vine.

plus hydrophobes, ex. (pinac, hydrophobe) bating man-
blad, in (anathetis).

the Greeks, and the

attempts; 8. (judges) brief loudness or greediness; 9. no further brief loudness; 10.

biochemical, and clinical data. The authors are indebted to Dr. J. H. W. Lam, University of Hong Kong, for his critical reading of the manuscript.

muŋ-ŋa:ŋa, 1. 1st, 2. 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211th, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311th, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411th, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511th, 512th, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611th, 612th, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th, 691st, 692nd, 693rd, 694th, 695th, 696th, 697th, 6

Remember the saying in a illness or injury (as first one goes, from the time of Christ, there, for every day No

to serve for direct & indirect, to provide as any

talents, Lat. locare aedem construendam. II. Med.,
ἐπισθάνομαι; aor. ἑπισθάνασαυ: pf. (in med.

utrumque: q. (in pass. sense) *papaveris*.—to be hired for pay. Hence
utrumque, *utro*, *utroque*, *utroque*, *utroque*.

mercenary.

where $\delta_{\text{H}} = 0$, (where, $\delta_{\text{H}} = 0$) dating the common.
dating democracy.

From

yitoo-nopwa, y. (yitoo, words) entered c^d work.
 yitoo-nopwa, y. (yitoo, words) entered c^d work.

100

μισοσύλλας, *ov, δ*, (μῖσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
 μισοτύραννος, *ov*, (μῖσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
 μισοφιλιππος, *ov*, (μῖσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
 μισόχρηστος, *ov*, (μῖσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
 μισοψευδής, *ēs*, (μῖσος, ψεύδης) *bating lies*.
 ΜΙΣΤΥΛΛΑΣ, *f. ἰλῶ*, *to cut up meat before roasting*.
 μίτο-εργός, *ov*, (μίτος, ἔργον) *working the ibread*.
 μίτο-ράφης, *ēs*, (μίτος, ραφήναι) *sewn with ibread, baving mesbes of ibread*.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, *ov, δ*, *a thread of the warp*, *Lat. tela*:—
 generally, *a thread: a web*. [γ] Hence
 μίτω, *f. ὦσω*, *to stretch the warp in the loom*:—
Med. to ply the loom; metaph. φθόγγον μτώσασθαι
to let one's voice sound like a harp-string.
 μίτρα, *Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ἡ*, (μίτος) *a linen girdle*
or band, worn below the θώραξ: generally a girdle,
zone. II. *a beadband, a snood*. 2. *a Persian*
cap, like κυρβάσια.

Μίτρα, *ἡ, ἡ*, the Persian Aphrodité or Venus.
 μίτη-φόρος, *ov*, (μίτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μίτρα,*
whether girdle or bead-dress.
 μίτρο-δετος, *ov*, (μίτρα, δέω) *bound with a μίτρα*.
 μίτροφορέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to wear a μίτρα*. From
 μίτρο-φόρος, *ov*, = *μίτηρφόρος*.

ΜΙΤΥΛΟΣ, *or μύτιλος, η, ov*, *Lat. mutilus, cur-*
tailed, esp. bornless. [γ]

μύ-ῶδης, *ēs*, (μύτος, ἔλδος) *like ibread, of linen*.
 μύχθηναι, *aor. i inf. pass. of μύγνυμι*.
 μύχθη, *Ep. 3 sing. aor. i pass. of μύγνυμι*.
 μύχθμεναι, *Ep. aor. i pass. inf. of μύγνυμι*.

MNA' *Ion. μνεία, ἡ; gen. μνάς; nom. pl. μναί*:—
 the *Lat. MINA*, I. *a weight, = 100 drachmae*
 = 15 oz. 83½ grs. II. *a sum of money, also =*
100 drachmae, = 4l. Is. 3d.:—60 *μναί* made a talent.

μνάμα, *μνάμεϊον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ-*

MNA'OMAI (A), *contr. μνώμαι, used in the contr.*
forms 3 sing., i and 3 pl. μνάται, μνώμεθα, μώνται;
imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνάσθαι; part. μνώ-
μενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνά inf.
μνάσθαι; 3 sing. Ion. impf. μνάσκετο for ἐμνάτο,
Ep. 3 pl. μνώοντο, part. μνώόμενος:—*to woo to wife,*
woo, court. II. *generally, to court, sue for, solicit,*
canvass for, Lat. ambire.

MNA'OMAI (B), *contr. μνώμαι, to remember, Ep.*
and Ion. for μνηήσκομαι.

μνάσθαι, *inf. of μνάομαι to woo*.
 μνάσθω, *3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι to woo*.
 μνάσομαι, *Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μνήσκειν*.
 μναστήρ, *δ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ-*.
 μνάστις, *ἡ, Dor. for μνήστις, q. v.*
 μνεία, *Ion. for μνά*.

μνεία, *ἡ*, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II.
mention; μνείαν ποιεῖσθαι τινας, Lat. mentionem
facere.

μνήμα *Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. mo-*
numentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a
person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monu-
ment. II. = *μνήμη, memory*.

μνημεῖον *Ion. -ήϊον Dor. μνάμεϊον, τό, (μνήμα)*
Lat. monumentum, a memorial, remembrance, record
of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument.

μνήμη, *ἡ*, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory, recol-*
lection. 2. *the faculty of memory; μνήμης ὕπο from*
memory. 3. *a memorial, monument*. II.

mention or notice of a thing.
 μνημήϊον, *τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον*.
 μνημονεύω, *f. σω, (μνήμων) to remember, call to mind,*
recollect. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention,*
say, Lat. memorare. II. *Pass., with f. med.*

-εὔσομαι and pass. -εuthήσομαι: aor. i ἐμνημονεύθην:
—to be remembered, bad in memory, mentioned.

μνημονικός, *ἡ, ὅν, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance*
or memory; τό μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory. II.
of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικῶς, *Adv. from or by memory, readily*.

μνημοσύνη, *ἡ, (μνήμων) remembrance, memory, Lat.*
memoria. II. *as prop. n. Mnemosyné, the mother*
of the Muses; because before the invention of writing
memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημόσυνον *Dor. μνάμ-, τό, (μνήμων) a remem-*
brance, memorial, record of a thing: also a reminder,
refresher. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.
 μνήμων, *δ, ἡ, neut. μνήμων, (μνάομαι B) mindful,*
remembering: c. gen. mindful of. 2. *ever mind-*
ful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, *aor. i inf. and aor. i med. imperat. of μ-*
μνήσκειν.

μνησαίετο, *Ion. for μνήσαιετο, 3 pl. aor. i med. opt.*
of μμνήσκειν.

μνήσασθαι, *aor. i inf. med. of μμνήσκειν*.

μνήσασκετο, *Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. i med.*
of μμνήσκειν.

μνησθῆναι, *aor. i pass. inf. of μμνήσκειν*.

μνήσθητι, *2 sing. aor. i imperat. pass. of μμνήσκειν*.

μνησί-δωρέω *Dor. μνάσ-, f. ἦσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)*
to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful.

μνησικακέω, *f. ἦσω, to remember old injuries: to*
bear ill-will or malice; οὐ μνησικακεῖν to bear no
malice, pass an act of amnesty. II. *also c. acc.*
rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνησικακεῖν to remind of the ills of
age. From

μνησί-κάκος, *ov, (μνάομαι B, κακόν) remembering*
old injuries, bearing malice.

μνησί-πῆμων, *ov, gen. onos, (μμνήσκειν, πῆμα) re-*
mindings of misery.

μνήσις *Dor. μνάσις, εως, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) remem-*
brance, memory.

μνήσομαι, *fut. med. of μμνήσκειν*.

μνήστειρα, *ἡ, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) a*
bride. II. *fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) reminding of*.

μνήστευμα, *ατος, τό, (μνηστειν) courtship, wooing:*
in plur., espousals.

μνηστεύω, *f. σω: aor. i ἐμνηστευσα: (μνάομαι B):*
—Pass., aor. i ἐμνηστεύθην:—to woo, court, seek in
marriage: to spouse: Pass. to be courted. II.

to promise in marriage, betroth: Pass. to be betrothed.

μνηστήρ Dor. μναστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (μνάομαι A) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom.

II. (μνάομαι B) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεςσι, Ep. for μνηστῆρσι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστis Dor. μνῆστis, ios, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνάομαι) wooed, wedded. μνηστός, υός, ἡ, Ion. for μνηστεία, a wooing, courting, seeking in marriage.

μνήστωρ, opos, δ, (μνάομαι) mindful of.

μνήσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.

μνιάρός, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, soft as moss. From

MNÍON, τό, moss, sea-weed.

μνός contr. μνοῦς, δ, fine down.

μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι to woo.

μνώμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.

μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B.

μωγρός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μωγέ, f. ἡσω, (μώγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μωγέων = μώγis, with trouble, hardly; μωγέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, hardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μωγί-λάλος, ov, (μώγis, ἀλλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μώγis, Adv. (μώγος, μωγέω) with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely: like the later μώλis. Hence

ΜΟΤΟΣ, ov, δ, toil, trouble: bardship, pain, sorrow.

μογοσ-τόκος, ov, (μώγος, τεκεῖν) helping women in bard travail.

μόδιος, δ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, = $\frac{1}{2}$ of a medimnus = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΘΟΣ, δ, battle, the battle-din: μόθος ἵππων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, avos, δ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ἡς, ἡ, (μεῖρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μόρος, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατὰ μοῖραν εἴπεις thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμειν τίνι to give one his due: hence 4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοῖρῃ ἀγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοῖρα, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω: (μοῖρα)—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοῖρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοῖριδος, α, ov, also os, ov, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοῖρῶ-κραντός, ov, (μοῖρα, κρᾶνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἡ, Aeol. for Μούσα: Μοῖσᾶν, Aeol. for Μουσᾶν, pl. gen.

Μοῖσαιος, α, ov, Aeol. for Μοῖσειος.

μοιχ-άγρια, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρια) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχάλλis, ἴδος, ἡ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecba: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress.

μοιχέω, f. ἡσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to bold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moecbari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moecbari.

μοιχίδιος, α, ov, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοίχιος, α, ov, adulterous. From

ΜΟΙΧΟ΄Σ, οὔ, δ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moecbus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μὴ μαχαίρα to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΊ'Ν, aor. 2 inf. of βλάσσω.

μολιβ-αχθής, ἐς, (μόλιβος, ἀχθος) loaded with lead. μολίβος, ov, δ, poet. for μόλυβδος, lead.

μόλis, Adv., later form for μώγis, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλis not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οὔ, δ, a glutton, greedy beggar.

μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολοῖσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, ὄν, Molossian; κύων Μολοσσικός the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. ὁ μολοσσός (sub. ποῦς), in

Prosody, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. πρηνήτης.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλάσσω.

μολπάζω, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence μολπαστής, οὔ, δ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ἡ, (μέλπω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II. generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπητής Dor. -ατης, ἴδος, ἡ, (μολπή) a songs'ress. μολύβδαινα, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολύβδινος, η, ov, (μόλυβδος) leaden, of lead. μολυβδῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) like μολύβδαινα, the leaden weight on a net. II. a leaden ball or bullet.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ov, δ, lead. II. plumbago, black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χέω, f. ἡσω, (μόλυβδος, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολύνω-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πράττω);—to be mixed up in a dirty job.

ΜΟΛΥΝΩ [υ]: f. ὄνω: pf. pass. μεμόλυνσαι:—*to stain, sully, defile, corrupt*: also *to seduce* a woman:—Pass. *to be or become vile, wallow*.

μολυσμός, ὁ, (μολύνω) *defilement, pollution*.

μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of Βλάσσω.

μομφή, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) *blame, reproof, complaint*:—*a cause of complaint*.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) *to be alone, live in solitude*.

μοναμπύκλια, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, *a race-horse that runs single*.

μον-άμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, άμπυξ η) *having one frontlet*; μονάμπυκες πῶλοι *horses that run single, race-horses*: also of a bull, *having no yokefellow*.

μοναρχέω Ion. μουν-: f. ἡσω: (μόναρχος):—*to be monarch or sovereign*; ἐπὶ τούτου μοναρχέοντος *in this king's reign*. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ἡ, *absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy*.

μόν-αρχος Ion. μουν-, ὄν, (μόνος, άρχω) *ruling alone, sovereign*.

μονάς Ion. μουνάς, άδος, ἡ, (μόνος) *properly a fem. Adj., solitary, single*: also masc. of a man, *alone, by oneself*. II. as Subst., μονάς, ἡ, *a unit*.

μονάχῃ, Adv. *properly dat. fem. of μοναχός, in one way only*: *singly or alone*.

μονάχος, ἡ, ὄν, (μόνος) *solitary*:—as Subst. μοναχός, ὁ, *a monk*.

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ὄν, ὁ, (μόνος, έρέτης) *one who rows singly, a sculler*.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) *a staying, abiding, tarrying*. 2. *a place to stay in, mansion*.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *a bunt of one day*.

μον-ήρης, es, (μόνος, άρρεύν) *single*; ναῦς μονήρης *a ship with one bank of oars*.

μόνιμος, ὄν, or η, ὄν, (μονή) *staying, fixed*: of persons, *steadfast, constant*. 2. of conditions, *abiding, lasting*, Lat. *stabilis*.

μόν-ιππος, ὄν, (μόνος, ίππος) *with one horse, a horseman*, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (μόνος, βαίω) *walking alone*: of metre, *consisting of one foot*. [Bā]

μονό-γάμος, ὄν, (μόνος, γαμέω) *marrying one wife*.

μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνογ-, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of sq.*

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. μουνογ-, ές, (μόνος, γένος) *only-begotten*: *born from one and the same mother*.

μονό-γληνος, ὄν, (μόνος, γλήνη) *one-eyed*.

μονο-δάκτυλος, ὄν, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) *one-fingered*.

μονο-δερκτής, ὄν, ὁ, (μόνος, δέρκομαι) *one-eyed*.

μονό-δουπος, ὄν, (μόνος, δοῦπος) *of unvaried sound*, *monotonous*.

μον-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὁδοίς) *one-toothed*.

μονό-δροπος, ὄν, (μόνος, δρέπω) *plucked from one stem*: *cut or carved from one block*.

μονο-εἶδης, ές, (μόνος, είδος) *of one kind, simple*.

μονο-έγγης, ές, and μονόζυγε, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) *having one horse yoked*: generally, *single, alone*.

μονο-ήμερος, ὄν, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *lasting but one day*.

μονο-κέλης Ion. μουνο-κ-, ἡτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) *a single horse*.

μονό-κερως, ὄν, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μόνος, κέρας) *one-horned*: as Subst. *a unicorn*.

μονό-κλαυτος, ὄν, (μόνος, κλαίω) *with one mourner*.

μονό-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) *a bed for one only, a coffin*.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἡσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) *to sleep alone*.

μονο-κρήπις, ίδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπίς) *with but one sandal*.

μονό-κροτος, ὄν, (μόνος, κροτέω) *with one bank of oars*.

μονό-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ὄν, (μόνος, κῶλον) *with but one limb*: of buildings, *with but one room*: περίοδος μονόκωλος *a sentence consisting of one clause*.

μονό-κωπος, ὄν, (μόνος, κωπή) *with a single oar*: *with a single ship*.

μονό-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ὄν, (μόνος, λίθος) *made out of one stone*.

μονο-μάτωρ, ὄρος, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [ā]

μονομάχέω Ion. μουν-, f. ἡσω, (μονομάχος) *to fight in single combat*: of the Athenians at Marathon, μούνοι μονομαχήσαντες τῷ Πέρσῃ *having fought single-banded with the Persian*. Hence

μονομαχία Ion. μουνομαχίη, ἡ, *single combat*.

μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ὄν, (μόνος, μάχομαι) *fighting in single combat*: *wielded in single combat*.

μονο-μήτηρ, ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) *left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother*.

μονο-νυχί Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) *in a single night*.

μονό-ξύλος, ὄν, (μόνος, ξύλον) *made from a single log*. II. *made of wood only*.

μονό-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) *act. having but one child*. II. pass. = *μόνος παῖς, an only child*.

μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ὄν, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) *one who conquers alone in wrestling*. [ā]

μονό-πέλμος, ὄν, (μόνος, πέλμα) *with but one sole*.

μονό-πέπλος, ὄν, (μόνος, πέπλος) *left without a robe, clad in a tunic only*: v. άπεπλος.

μονό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος, ποῦς) *one-footed*.

μονό-πῶλος, ὄν, (μόνος, πῶλος) *with one horse*.

μον-ορύχης, ὄν, ὁ, (μόνος, ὀρυγῆναι) *digging with one point*. [υ]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. μούνος, η, ὄν, Dor. μῶνος, α, ὄν, *alone, left alone, forsaken*: c. gen., *μόνος σου ref'd of, deprived of thee*. II. *alone, only*: often with gen.

added, μούνος πάντων ανθρώπων *alone of all men*.

III. like Lat. unus for *unicus, standing alone, single in its kind, unique*. IV. Sup. μονώτατος, *the one only person, one above all others*, cf. αὐτότατος.

V. neut. μόνον as Adv., *alone, only, merely*; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, *all but, well nigh*.

μονο-σίδηρος, ὄν, (μόνος, σίδηρος) *made of iron only*.

μονοστρέω, f. ἡσω, *to eat but once in the day*. From

μονό-σίτος, ὄν, (μόνος, σίτος) *eating but once a day*.

mals, a calf: also a young bull: a beifer.
boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. *juvenca*.
any young animal.

μουνάξ, Adv. (μῦνος) singly, alone.

μουναρχέω, Ion. for *μοναρχέω*.

μῦνος, Ion. for *μόνος*. For all Ion. forms beginning with *μουν-*, see under *μυν-*.

Μουνύχια, ἡ, *Munychia*, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνύχιαζε, Adv. to *Munychia*: and

Μουνύχιασι, Adv. at *Munychia*.

Μουνύχιων, ὄνος, δ, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of *Munychian Artemis*, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνυθéis, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of *μυνάω*.

μουν-ώψ, Ion. for *μυνάψ*.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ἡ, Aeol. Μοῖσα Dor. Μῶσα Lacon. Μῶα, ας, ἡ, the *Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,—Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpoméné, Terpsichöré, Erato, Polyhymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliôpé. II. later, *music*, song: also *eloquence*; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσ-ἀγέτης, ον, δ, Dor. for *Μουσηγ-*, (Μοῦσα, ἡγέομαι), the leader of the Muses, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσαῖον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or haunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσαῖα θρηνημασι ξυνυδά balls resounding with lamentations; μουσαῖα χελιδόναν places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοισαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses..

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (μοῦσα) to sing or play.

μουσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, δ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to ἀμυστος. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments.

III. Adv. —κῶς, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. —κάτατα.
μουσιόδω, Dor. for μουσίζω.
μουσρό-δομος, ον, (μοῦσα, δέμω) built by song.
μουσομάνειω, f. ἦσω, to be *Muse-mad*, smitten by the Muses. From

μουσο-μάνης, ές, (μοῦσα, μανῆναι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσρό-μαντις, εω, δ, ἡ, (μοῦσα, μάντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (μοῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to write poetry about. From

μουσο-ποιέω, ὄν, (μοῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιέω, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μοῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσπόλος, δ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ον, (μοῦσα, πρόσωπον) musical-looking.

μουσουργία, ἡ, a making poetry, singing. From μουσ-ουργός, ὄν, contr. for μουσο-εργός, (μοῦσα, έργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσουργός, ἡ, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φίλης, ον, δ, and μουσό-φίλος, ον, (μοῦσα, φιλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χάρης, ές, (μοῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσώ, f. ὦσω, (μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύοντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of *μοχθεώ*.

μοχθεώ, f. ἦσω, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo bardship, toils; μοχθεῖν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, bardship.

μοχθηρία, ἡ, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, α, ὄν, (μοχθεώ) in sore distress, wretched. 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavisb,

villainous, rascally, Lat. *pravus*. Hence

μοχθηρός, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of *μοχθεώ*, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, f. σω, = *μοχθεώ*, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος, δ, (μογέω) toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardships:—μόχθος differs from πόνος, in that μόχθος always implies distress, bardship, Lat. *aerumna*, while πόνος is merely work, labour, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, ον, δ, one who heaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής he who makes the sea to heave;

καινών ἐπάν μοχλευτής one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to heave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for *μοχλεύω*.

μοχλίων, τό, Dim. of *μοχλός*.

ΜΟΧΛΟΨ, οῦ, δ, a lever or bar for prising or heaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΥΨ or ΜΥΨ, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μύ-άγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, άγρα) a mouse-trap.

μύδω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μύ-γάλη, (μῦς, γάλη) the field-mouse, sbrew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, οῦ, δ, (μύζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυθάλιος, α, ω, *wet, dripping, soaked.*

damp, mouldy. From

μυθῆναι, f. ἦναι, (μῦθος) *to be damp, wet, dripping.*

II. *to be damp or clammy from decay.*

ΜΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, *damp; clamminess, decay*, Lat. *situs*. (ῥ)
μυθοκτύπειν, f. ἦναι, *to forge red-hot iron.* From
μυθο-κτύπος, α, (μῦθος, κτύπειν) *forging or*

welding red-hot iron.
ΜΥΘΑΡΟΣ (ῥ), ὁ, *any red-hot mass; μυθροποιεῖν*
χερῶν *to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as*

an ordeal: also any lamp or mass of metal.

μυθάλιος, η, α, (μυθῆναι) = *μυθάλιος.*

μυθάλιος, εσσα, εν, (μυθῆναι) *full of marrow.*

ΜΥΤΕΑΟΣ, ὠ, ὁ, Lat. *MEDULLA*, *marrow: meta-*

raph of strengthening food, as wine and barley,
which are called μυθῆναι ἀνθρώπων. 2. *the marrow*

of the skull, the brain. 3. *generally, the inmost*

part, core. (ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.)

μῦθος, f. ἦναι: αορ. I ἐμύθησα:—Pass., αορ. I ἐμύ-

θησθαι: πρ. μυθήσασθαι: (μῦθος):—*to initiate into the*

mysteries.—Pass. *to be initiated; c. acc. cognato,*

μυθεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ἔργα *to be initiated in the*

mysteries of the Cabiri; μυθεῖσθαι τὰ μεγάλα *to be*

initiated in the great mysteries. 2. *generally, to*

instruct.

μῦθος, f. μῦθαι, (μῦ) *to mutter with closed lips,*

mean: to mutter. II. *to drink with closed lips,*

to suck in.

μυθήομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθεῖαι,

and omitting one ε, μυθεῖαι: 3 pl. Ion. imperf. μυθε-

σσαντο: f. μυθήσασθαι: αορ. I ἐμύθησα: Ep. 3

sing. μυθήσασθαι: Dep.: (μῦθος):—*to say, speak, tell,*

name. II. *to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι,*

con over, consider.

μυθεῖν, Dor. for μυθεῖν, imperat. of μυθεῖν.

μυθεῖναι, Dor. for μυθεῖναι.

μυθεῖναι, = μυθεῖναι:—Pass., *to be the subject of a*

story, to be talked of.

μυθησάμενος, αορ. I med. opt. of μυθεῖναι.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθεῖναι.

μυθίαιον, τό, Dim. of μῦθος, *a short tale or fable.*

μυθίαιος, Dor. -ίαιος, later form for μυθίαιος.

μυθικός, ἡ, ὡ, (μῦθος) *mythic, legendary.*

μυθικός, Dor. for μυθικός.

μυθο-λογεῖν, (μῦθος, λέγω) *to tell word for word.*

μυθο-λογεῖν, f. ἦναι, (μυθολόγος) *to tell mythic tales*

or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or

become mythical. 2. *to tell tales, talk.* Hence

μυθολογικόν, verb. Adj. *one must tell legends.*

μυθολογία, ἡ, (μυθολογία) *a telling of mythic tales*

or legends, mythology. Hence

μυθολογικός, ἡ, α, *versed in mythology.*

μυθο-λόγος, α, (μῦθος, λέγω) *dealing in mythic le-*

gends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, ὁ, a teller of legends.

μυθο-πλίκος, α, (μῦθος, πλέω) *weaving tales.*

ΜΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, *anything delivered by word of mouth,*

word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without

the deed: a speech. II. *talk, conversation: also,*

II. *the subject of conversation, the matter itself.* III.

advice, a command, order. IV. *a purpose, design,*

plan. V. *a tale, story: afterwards, μῦθος* *was the*

poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical

account. 2. *a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's*

fables.

μυθ-ώδης, ες, (μῦθος, εἶδος) *like a fable, legendary,*

fabulous.

ΜΥΤΤΑ Att. μῦτα, ἡ, *a fly*, Lat. *musca*.

μυτο-σόβη, ἡ, (μῦτα, σοβέω) *a fly-flap.*

μυτο-σόβος, α, (μῦτα, σοβέω) *flapping away flies.*

ΜΥΤΚΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 ἐμάκων:

Ep. πρ. μέμικα (so βέβρωκα, μέμικα from βρωχάομαι,

μυθίομαι): Dep.:—Lat. *MUGIRE*, *ci oken, to bel-*

low: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of

dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar:

also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the

sound of oxen, as βλητάομαι, μυθίομαι from that of

sheep and goats, βρωχάομαι from that of bulls, etc.,

βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μῦκος, Ep. 3 sing. αορ. 2 of μυθίομαι.

μυκήφμος, ὁ, (μυθίομαι) *a bellowing: and*

μυκήφμος, ατος, τό, *a bellowing: the roar of thun-*

der. ῥ

Μύκηναιος, α, ω, *of or from Mycenae.* From

Μύκηνη, ἡ, and Μύκηναι, αἱ, *Mycenae, Mycenae, an*

ancient Pelasgic city, dispersed by the Doric Argos:

—Adv. Μυκήνῃθεν, *from Mycenae.*

Μύκητις, ἴδης, ἡ, *pecul. item. of Μυκήναιος.*

ΜΥΚΗΣ, πτος, ὁ, also μύκης, α, ὁ, *a mushroom,*

Lat. fungus. II. *any round body, shaped like a*

mushroom, as, 1. *the cap at the end of a sword's*

scabbard. 2. *the staff of a lamp-wick, supposed to*

forebode rain: cf. Virgil's petres contereere falgus.

μυκήτινος, η, α, (μύκης) *made of m. brooms.*

μυκήτις, ἴδος, ὁ, (μύκης) *the nose, snout: in f. the*

nostrils. Hence

μυκήτιζω, f. ἴω, *to turn up the nose or snout at,*

Lat. naso adarso suspendere.

μυκήτιζον, Adv. (μυκήτις) *out of the nose.*

μυκήτιζομαι, α, (μυκήτις) *scantling*

from the nostril.

μύλαιος, α, (μύλη) *working in a mill.*

μύλακρος, ἴδος, ὁ, (μύλη) *of a mill: μύλακρος λίθος*

a millstone.

μύλαξ, ἴδος, ὁ, (μύλη) *a millstone, any large round*

stone.

μύλ-εργάτης, α, ὁ, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) *one who works*

in a mill, a miller. ῥ

μύλη (ῥ), ἡ, *a mill*, Lat. *mōla*, *a hand-mill.* II.

the nether millstone.

μύλ-ή-φαιος, α, (μύλη, φάωμαι πρ. pass. of φάωμαι)

bruised or crushed in a mill.

μύλ-ίαιος, (μύλη) *to grate or grind the teeth.*

μύλ-ικός, ἡ, ὡ, (μύλη) *of or for a mill: λίθος μύ-*

λακίος a millstone.

μύλλαι, (μύλη) *to crush.*

μύλλ-ωδης, ες, (μύλος)

μύλος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. *δνικός*. [ῥ]
μύλωθρος, δ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.
μύλων, ὄνος, δ, a mill-bouse, mill, Lat. *pistrinum*;
βάλλειν εἰς μύλωνα, Lat. *destrudere in pistrinum*, to
condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνα) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]
μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off.
μύξῃ, ἡ, (μύζω, μύξω) the discharge from the nose,
mucus, *rhlegm*.

μύξωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = *μυκτήρ*, a nose, nostril.
μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.
μύραινα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, a sea-eel or lam-
prey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μύριος) ten thousand times.
μύρι-ἀμφορος, ον, (μύριος ἀμφορεύς) holding ten
thousand measures (ἀμφορεῖς).

μύρι-ἀρχης, ον, δ, and μύρι-αρχος, δ, (μύριος, ἀρ-
χω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μυριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. *μυριάδων*, (μύριος)
the number 10,000, a myriad:—when *μυριάς*, *μυρι-
άδες* are used alone of money, *δραχμῶν* must be sup-
plied; when of corn, *μεδίμων*.

μύρι-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (μύριος, ἔτος) lasting ten
thousand years: of countless years.

μύριζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. *μεμύρισμαι*: (μύρον):—to
anoint.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [εῖ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, the tamarisk. Hence
μυρίκινος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and
μυρίκινος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [εῖ]
μυρίο-βοῖος, ον, (μύριος, βοῖς) with ten thousand
oxen.

μύρι-δδους, ὀδοντες, δ, ἡ, (μύριος, ὀδούς) having
immense teeth.

μύριό-καρπος, ον, (μύριος, καρπός) bearing count-
less fruit.

μύριό-κράνος, ον, (μύριος, κράνον) with numberless
beads, many-beaded.

μύριό-λεκτος, ον, (μύριος, λέγω) said ten thousand
times.

μύριό-μορφος, ον, (μύριος, μορφή) of countless shapes.

μύριό-μοχθος, ος, (μύριος, μόχθος) of endless toil.

μύριό-ναυς, αος, δ, ἡ, (μύριος, ναῦς) of numberless
ships.

μύριόντ-αρχος, ον, = *μυρίαρχος*.

μύριο-πάλας, Adv. (μύριος, πάλας) time out of mind.

μύριο-πλυσίων, ον, gen. ονος, (μύριος) ten thousand
fold: infinitely more than.

μύριο-πληθής, ἐς, (μύριος, πλήθος) of infinite num-
ber, countless.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number
mostly in pl., but often in sing., as *μύριον αἶμα*, *χαλ-
κός*, etc. 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite;
ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless,
infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., *μύριοι*,
αἱ, α, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be
used, as, *ἔπτος μύρη* 10,000 horse. [ῥ]

μύριοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύριος) the 10,000th.
μύριοστύς, υός, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μύριο-τευχής, ἐς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand
armed men.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand
talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, = *μυριοφόρος*.

μύριο-φώνος, ον, (μύριος, φωνή) with countless voices.

μύρι-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοους, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
breathing of unguents or essence.

μύρι-ωπός, ὄν, (μύριος, ὄψ) with countless eyes.

μυρμηκία, ἀς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.

μυρμηκίας, ον, δ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.

ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ἦκος, δ, the ant, Lat. *FORMICA*. II.

a beast of prey in India. III. a sunken rock on

the Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.

Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of
Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with per-
fumed locks.

μύροεις, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub *μύρω*. [ῥ]

ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, bal-
sam. II. the place where unguents were sold,
the perfume-market. III. metaph. anything sweet
or charming.

μύρο-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοους, ον, (μύρον, πνέω)
breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώλης, ον, δ, fem. -πώλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (μύρον,
πώλῳ) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μύρο-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ράινω) wet with unguent.

μύρο-φεγγής, ἐς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with un-
guent.

μύρο-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with
sweet oil.

μύρώ, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.

ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat.
myrra, *murrba*.

μυρρίνη [εῖ], ἡ, later Att. for *μυρσ-*, a myrtle twig
or wreath. II. *μυρρίναι*, αἱ, the myrtle-market.

μύρρινος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. *myrteus*.

μυρρίνών, ὄνος, δ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.
myrtetum.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [εῖ] later Att. *μυρρίνη*, ἡ, the myr-
tle. II. a myrtle-branch. [εῖ]

μυρσίνο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μυρρίνη, εἶδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ον, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the
myrtle-berry, Lat. *myrtum*.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.

ΜΥΡΩ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow,
run, trickle, stream. II. Med. *μύρομαι*, to melt
into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep
for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μύρω) plaster.

ΜΥΣ, δ, gen. *μύος*, acc. *μύν*, voc. *μύ*, a mouse, Lat.
MUS: *μύς ἀρουραίος*, a field-mouse. II. a muscle
of the body, Lat. *musculus*.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = *μύσος*.
μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of *μύω*.

· μῦσαρος, ἄ, ὄν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. *impurus*: τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

· μῦσάττομαι, f. μυσαχθῆσθαι: aor. I ἐμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—to loathe, abominate.

· μύσος [ῥ], τό, (μύω) anything that causes disgust: metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. *piaculum*.

· Μῦσος, ὁ, a *Mysian*.

· μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

· μυστηρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.

· μυστηρίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρίκος.

· μυστηριώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

· μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μύω) one initiated. Hence

· μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical.

· μυστιλάομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From

· ΜΥΣΤΙΛΑΗ [τ], ἡ, a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

· μυστι-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

· μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

· μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

· μυτίλος [τ], ὁ, (μῦς) the fish muscle, Lat. *mytilus*.

· μυττωτέω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΟΨ, ὁ, a mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

· μύχτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μυχός, as μέστος from μέσος. [ῥ]

· μυχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθισθω, (μύζω) to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion. 2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

· μυχθισμός, ὁ, a snorting: sneering.

· μύχιος, α, ον, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. *intimus*: irreg. Sup. μύχιότατος.

· μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

· μυχόθεν, Adv. (μυχός) from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers.

· μύχιότατος, η, ον, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος: μυχότατος ἵκε he sat in the farthest corner.

· μυχόνδε, Adv. (μυχός) to the far corner.

· μυχός, οὔ, ὁ, (μύω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. *sinus*: the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. *penetralia*. 2. a bay or creek running far inland.

· ΜΥΨΩ, f. μύσω: aor. ἔμψα: pf. μέμψα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμψεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut: absol., μύσας with one's eyes shut. 3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate. II. trans. to shut, close.

· μῦών, ὄνος, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.

· μῦών, gen. plur. of μῦς.

· μῦωπάζω, (μῦών) to be purblind, to see dimly.

· μῦωπίζω, (μῦών) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

· μῦ-ωπός, ὄν, (μῦών, ὄψ) = μῦών 1.

· μῦ-ώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦών, ὄψ) closing the eyes, shortsighted. II. as Subst., μῦώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, the horse-fly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [ῥ]

· Μῶα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μοῦσα.

· μῶλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil.

· ΜΩΛΥ, ὄος, τό, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

· ΜΩΛΩΨ, ὄπος, ὁ, the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.

· μωμάομαι, Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. ἐμωμήσαμην, Dor. ποῖτ. 3 sing. μωμάσατο: Dep.: (μῶμος):—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc.—aor. pass. ἐμωμήθην in pass. sense, to be blamed.

· μωμένω, f. σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

· μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.

· μῶμος, ον, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

· μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μῇ οὐν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. *num?* e. g. μῶν ἐστι: .: Answ. οὐ ὄητα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.

· μῶνος, α, ον, Dor. for μῶνους, μόνους.

· μῶ-νυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, uncloven hoof, Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.

· μῶνυχος, ον = μῶνυξ.

· μωραίνω, f, ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐμάρῃνα: (μαρός):—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool: c. acc., πείραν μωραίνειν to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convict of folly. 2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become so.

· μωρανθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of μωραίνω.

· μωρία, ἡ, (μῶπος) silliness, folly, absurdity.

· μωρολογία, ἡ, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ον, (μαρός, λέγω) speaking foolishly.

· ΜΩΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, dull, heavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

· μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μῶπος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

· μῶρος, Adv. of μαρός, foolishly.

· Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

· μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. *μῶω c.

N

N, ν, νῶ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν: I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καρος, ἐγ-χώριος, ἐγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φύης, ἐμ-μανής, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συμ-ράπτω.

V. into σ before σ, as σύσ-σιτος.

VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνθη from ἰδρύω.

The νῦ ἐφελεκυστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as ἐλήφασιν for ἐλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δέικνυσιν, for ἔκτανε δέικνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as ὀστεόφιν; with the numeral εἴκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν, νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νᾶες, νᾶας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς.

ναετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ναέτης, ον, ὁ, (ναῖω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, ὁ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναί, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς.

Ναϊάκκος, ἡ, ὅν, (Ναΐας) of or for a Naiad.

Ναΐας, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναϊάδες Ion Νηϊάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναίεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῖω.

ναιετάσκει, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάσκον: (ναῖω): 1. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναίων, Ep. impf. ναῖω β.

νάτος, α, ον, Dor. for νήιος.

ναίουσα, Dor. for ναίουσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω.

Ναῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναΐας. [γ]

ναίχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΙΩ (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf., 1. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to lie, be situated. II. Causal, in Ep. aor. 1 ἐνάσσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καὶ κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. 1 pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ ἐμὸς Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄγχ' Ἐλικῶνος be settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (B), = νάω, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [δ]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [δ] νᾶμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence νᾶμᾶτλος, α, ον, flowing, running.

ναμερτής, ναμερτεία, Dor. for νημ-.

νᾶν, Dor. for ναῖν, acc. of ναῦς.

ΝΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus.

νᾶνο-φύτης, ἐς, (νᾶνος, φύη) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξιος, α, ον, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos:

Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Ναξία λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Νάξι-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

νᾶο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναῖς, πολλέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὁ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

ναῖος Ion. νηός Att. νεώς, ὁ, (ναῖω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.). II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

ναῖς, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῦς.

ναπαῖος, α, ον, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΠΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [δ]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑ'ΠΥ, vos, τό, = σίναπι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus. II.

nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρῶ) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυροφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑ'ΡΟΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed.

The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκῶω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. 1 νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid. From

ΝΑ'ΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

νάρκισσος, ὁ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

νᾶρος, ἄ, ὅν, (νάω) flowing, liquid.

νᾶς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῦς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ναῖω; ν. ναῖω II. 2.

νᾶσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτας.

νασιμός, ὁ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νᾶσός, Dor. for νήσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσα, aor. 1 of ναῖω.

νᾶσσα, Dor. for νήσσα, νήττα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of ναῖω: ν. ναῖω II. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νᾶς: aor. 1 ἰ

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, *a voyage*.
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) *a going by ship*.
 ναυ-στόλος, ον, (ναύς, στέλλω) *sending by ship*. II.
voyaging, sailing.
 ναύτης, ου, ό, (ναύς) Lat. *nauta, a seaman, sailor*. II.
one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιάω, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναύτης) *of or for a ship*;
 ναυτικός στρατός *a sea-force*, opp. to πεζός: also,
 ναυτικόν, τό, *a fleet*; ναυτικά, τά, *naval affairs, naval power*. 2. *of persons, skilled in seamanship, nautical*.
 ναυτίλα, ή, (ναυτίλος) *sailing, seamanship*: in pl. *voyages*. Hence
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. *to go by sea, make a voyage, sail*.
 ναυτίλος [τ], ό, (ναύτης) *a seaman, sailor*. 2. Adj. *of a ship, naval*. II. *the nautilus, a shellfish*, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail.
 ναυτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) *to enlist seamen, take on board*: generally, *to receive*.
 ναυφορία, ή, *shipwreck, loss of ships*. From ναύ-φορος, ον, (ναύς, φθείρω) *shipwrecked*; ναύφορος σπολή *the garb of shipwrecked men*.
 ναύφι, ναύφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναύς, φράσσω) *ship-fenced, ship-girt*; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν *to look like a ship of war*.
 ΝΑΩ, only found in pres. and impf. *to flow*.
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναίς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) *newly told*.
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, *γένω) *newly born*.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. *to be young or new: to be the younger of two*. 2. *to act or think like a youth*. 3. *to grow young, grow young again*.
 νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αἰρέω) *newly caught*.
 νεαίτερος, ον, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ακόνητος, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) *newly-wbitted, keen-edged*.
 νεάλης, ές, (νέος) *fresh with youth*: generally, *fresh, vigorous*.
 νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, ἀλάνω) *newly caught*. [α]
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) *new-budding, blooming*.
 νεάνιας, ον, Ep. and Ion. νεηνίης, εω, ό, (νέος) *a young man, youth*: often with another Subst., as, ἄνδρες νεηνίαί, παῖς νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj. *youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous*.
 νεανιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) *to be a youth: to act like a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youthful boasts*.
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) *youthful: fresh, impetuous, vigorous*. 2. *big-spirited, noble*. 3. *in bad sense, basty, wanton, insolent*. 4. *generally, great, mighty, strong*.
 νεανικός, Adv. of νεανικός, *vigorously*.

νεάνις Ion. νεήνις, gen. ιδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν, fem. of νεανίας, *a young woman, girl, maiden*. II. as Adj. *youthful: new*.
 νεανισκείομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) *to be in one's youth, be a stripling*.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας) *a youth, young man*.
 νε-αυδός, όν, (νέος, αιδός) *singing youthfully*.
 νεᾶρός, ά, όν, (νέος) *young, youthful: fresh, new, recent, late*.
 νεᾶρο-φάης, ες, (νεαρός, φαός) *coming fresh to light, new-appearing*.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.
 νέατος Ion. νεάτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as μέσας from μέσος, *the last, uttermost, lowest, extreme*; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου *a city lying on the border of Pylos*. II. of Time, *latest*, Lat. *novissimus*.
 νεάτος, ό, *the ploughing up of fallow land*. From νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) *to plough up fallow land, to till anew: νεωμένη* (sc. γή), ή, *land ploughed anew*.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) *clad in a fawn-skin*.
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, *to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at the feast of Bacchus*. From
 νεβρίς, ιδος, ή, (νεβρός) *a fawn-skin, worn at the feasts of Bacchus*.
 ΝΕΒΡΟ΄Σ, οὔ, ό, *the young of the deer, a fawn*.
 νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναίς.
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναίς.
 νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος) *new-born, just born*.
 νεη-θάλής, ές, (νέος, θαλεῖν) *fresh-shooting, fresh-blown*.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεᾶκής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) *newly wbitted or sbarpened*.
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ἀκόνη) = νεηκής.
 νε-ήλατος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαίνω) *newly pounded, fresh ground*; as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, *cakes of fresh flour*.
 νέ-ηλϋς, υδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ἔλυσσι) *one newly come, a new-comer*, Lat. *advena*.
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεη-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημι) *fresh-uttered, new-sounding*.
 νεί, Bocor. for νή.
 νεΐαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νεΐαιρᾶ Ion. νεΐαιρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as νεΐατος for νέατος in Sup., *latter, lower*; νεΐαιρη έν γαστρί *in the lower part of the belly*.
 νεΐατος, η, ον, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεικέω, νεικέησι, νεικέεσκον, v. νεικέω.
 νεικεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (νεικέω) *a wrangler, disputer, brawler*: c. gen. one who wrangles with.
 νεικεῖσσι, Aeol. for νεικοῦσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.
 νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικέω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νεικέησι, Ion. impf. νεικείων and νεικέεσκον: Ep. fut. νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. 1 νεικέσσα: (νείκος) — *to quarrel*,

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, eos, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment.

2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment: οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation.

III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νέμεσαστά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.

νέμεσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νέμεσσάω, f. ἥσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νέμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νέμεσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νέμεσσητός, ἡ, ὅν, Ep. for νεμεσσητός.

νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νεμέτωρ, opus, ὁ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, eos, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

NE'MΩ: fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἐνεύμα Ep. νεύμα: pf. ἐνέμηκα:—Med. νέμομαι: f. νεμούμαι, later νεμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf. ἐνέμηκα (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use.

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy.

III. later also in Act. to bold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited.

2. to sway, manage, wield, control.

3. like νομίζω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsmen, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πυρὶ χθὸν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὅρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πυρὶ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νένασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

νενάσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to bear.

νενέμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

νένιμμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενόμισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι,

νενωμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, ov, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) = νεάλωτος.

νεο-αρδής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀρδω) newly watered.

νεό-γάμος, ov, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst.,

νεο-γαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεογίλδς, ἡ, ὅν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, ἐς, = νεογνός.

νεο-γνός, ὅν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ov, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεό-γράφος, ov, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεό-γυιός, ov, (νέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.

νεο-δάμωδης, ἐς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δάμος = δήμος), newly enfranchised:

hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμάδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεό-δαρτος, ov, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-διδάκτος, ov, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δυής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and νεό-δυμτος, ov, (νέος, δαμῶ) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεό-δυμτος Dor. -δυματος, ov, (νέος, δέμω) new-built.

νεό-δρεπτος, ov, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ov, (νέος, δρᾶμειν) just having run.

νεό-δροπος, ov, = νεόδρεπος.

νεό-ζευκτος, ov, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.

νεο-ζυγής, ἐς, and νεό-ζυγος, ov, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεό-ζυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, = νεοζυγής.

νεο-θάλής, ἐς, Dor. for νεοθηλής.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ἐς, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεό-θηλος, ov, = νεοθηλής.

νεο-θήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θαλβής, ἐς, (νέος, θαλβῆναι) newly pressed.

νεοίη, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νέ-οικος, ov, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ov, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ἐς, (νέος, κηδω) having a fresh grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, ov, having lately inherited.

νεό-κλωστος, ov, (νέος, κλώω) newly spun or woven.

νεο-κόνητος, ov, (νέος, καίω) newly shed: νεοκόνητον αἷμα χερσὶν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεό-κοπτος, ov, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.

νεόκοτος, ov, (νέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

νεο-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: νεόκρας φίλος a newly made friend.

νεό-κτιστος, ov, also η, ov, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νεό-κτονος, ov, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.

νεο-λαία, ἡ, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenis.

νεό-λουτος, ov, (νέος, λούω) just bathed.

NE'OMAI contr. νεύμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νεύαι, νεύται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νείσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf.:—to go or come: commonly with a fut. sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νομηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μήν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-παθής, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) suffering from a late calamity.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

νέο-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλοῦτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαῖοπλουτος.

νέο-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly washed.

νέο-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκαω) newly born.

νέο-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πτόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νέο-πόλις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) newly founded.

νέο-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) newly sprinkled: fresh-reeking.

νέο-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) fresh-flowing.

νέο-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) just drawn.

νέο-ρτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

ΝΕΟΣ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον: Ion. νεός, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέα, young men, youths; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. demuo: hence νέον Ion. νέιον, as Adv., newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ἐνὶ καὶ νέα, see ἐνν.

III. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεώτατος, ν. νεῖος. Hence νεός (sub. γῆ), ἡ, fresh land, fallow, Lat. novale. νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῖς.

νεο-σίγαλλος, ον, (νέος, σιγαλόει) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκέλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκελεύω) newly plundered.

νέο-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) newly cleaned.

νέο-σπαδής, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπάω) newly plucked or gathered.

νέο-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοσσένω Att. νεοττεῖω or νοττεῖω: f. σω: (νεοσσός):—to hatch; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσιῶ Ion. —ῆ Att. νεοτιῶ, ἡ, (νεοσσός) a nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεόσιον Att. νεότιον or νότιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσσός, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσιός Att. νοτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσσός, a chicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νοττ-, ον, (νεοσσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, ὁ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

ling, chicken. 2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσός.

νέο-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted.

νέο-σφαγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγήναι) newly slaughtered.

νεότῆς, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νέο-τευκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νέο-τηγος Dor. —τηματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut.

νέο-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) new-born. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νέο-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμνέω) fresh cut or ploughed;

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II. fresh cut off, plucked.

νέο-τρεφής, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young.

νεοττεῖω, νεοτιῶ, νεότιον, νεοττός, Att. for νεοσσ-.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds.

νεοργέω, f. ἦσω, to make new, renew. From νεοργός, ὄν, (νέος, *έργω) making new, renewing.

νεοῦτάτος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded.

νέο-φοῖτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

νέο-φονος, ον, (νέος, *φένω) lately killed: fresh-sbed.

νέο-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planted. II. a new convert, neophyte.

νέο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, ὄν, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμῶω, f. ὥσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νέο-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνός) with the first down.

νέωω, f. ὥσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change.

νέποδες, ον, οἱ, children; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ἐνέρθε, under, beneath: also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, α, ον, = ἐνέρτερος, lower, netber, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also as a Posit. = νερτέριος, netber, infernal, underground;

οἱ νέρτεροι the dwellers in the netber world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΠΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bird of prey.

νεῦμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command.

νεύμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέωμαι.

ΝΕΤΡΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, a sinew, tendon. II. a string or cord of sinew; 1. a bow-string. 2. a musical string or chord.

νευρεῖ, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, λάλειν) *with sounding strings*.

NETPON, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a *sineu*, *tendon*: esp. in pl. *νεῦρα*, the *tendons* of the *feet*; *νεῦρα τέμνειν* to hamstring, *disable*. 2. metaph. *strengtb*, *vigour*, *nerve*.

II. a *string*, *cord*, *lace* made of *sineu*: hence 2. a *bowstring*: also *cord* of a *sling*. 3. a *musical string* or *chord*.

νευρο-πλεκτής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) *plaited with sineus*.
νευρορραφέω, *ῥ*, ἦσω, to *stitch* with *sineus*: to *mend shoes*. From

νευρο-ράφος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ῥάπτω) *stitching with sineus*: as Subst. a *cobbler*.

νευρο-σπᾶδής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, σπᾶω) *drawn* or *strained back* with a *sineu* or *string*; *νευροσπαδῆς ἀτρακτος* the *arrow* drawn back with the *string*, i. e. *just ready to fly*.

νευρο-σπαστος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, σπᾶω) *drawn* by *strings*; ἀγάματα *νευρόσπαστα* *puppets* moved by *strings*.

νευρο-τενής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, τείνω) *stretched* by *sineus*.
νευρο-χαρής, *ἐς*, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting* in the *bowstring*.

νεύσομαι or νευσόμαι, fut. of νέω v.
νευστάζω, (νεύω) to *nod*, Lat. *nūto*; νευστάζειν *κόνυθι* to *nod* with the *crest*, *stride* with *nodding* *crest*; νευστάζειν *κεφαλῇ* to *nod* with the *head*, of one *fainting*; νευστάζειν *ὀφρύσι* to *make signs* with the *eyebrows*.

NETON, f. νέωω, to *nod*, *beckon*, as a *sign* or *command*. 2. in token of *assent*, to *nod*, *bow*, *promise*, *confirm* by a *nod*. 3. generally, to *nod*, *bend* forward; νέειν *κάτω* to *stoop*; νέειν *κεφαλὰς* to *bow down*, *droop* the *head*; νέειν *εἰς τι* to *incline* towards a *thing*. 4. metaph. to *decline*, *fall* away.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a *cloud*, *mass* of *clouds*, Lat. *nebulā*: metaph. the *cloud* of *death*; ἄχος *νεφέλη* a *cloud* of *sorrow*. II. a *fine bird-net*.

νεφελ-ηγρέτα, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in *nom.* and *gen.* *νεφεληγρέταο*, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) *cloud-gatherer*, *cloud-compeller*.

Νεφέλο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a *cloud-centaur*.

Νεφέλο-κοκκυλία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-town*, built by the *birds* in *Aristoph.* *Aves*.

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγένης, ὁ, citizen of *Cloud-cuckoo-town*.

νεφελώω, f. ὥσω, (νεφέλη) to *make* *cloudy*. Hence νεφελωτός, ἡ, ὄν, made of *clouds*.

νεφο-ειδής, *ἐς*, (νέφος, εἶδος) *like* a *cloud*.

NEΦΟΣ, *εὐς*, τό, a *cloud*, *mass* of *clouds*, Lat. *nebulā*: metaph. the *cloud* of *death*, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος; so, νέφος ὀφρύων a *cloud* upon the *brow*. 2. metaph. also, a *cloud* or *dense throng* of *men*, *birds*, etc.

νεφρίτις, *ιδος*, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the *kidneys*; ἡ *νεφρίτις* (sc. νόσος), a *disease* in the *kidneys*.

NEΦΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, mostly in pl. the *kidneys*.

NEΩ (A), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

NEΩ (B), impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἔννεον: fut. νέσομαι and νευσόμαι: aor. I ἔνευσα:—to swim, Lat. *nāre*. 2. of *shoes* that are too large; νέιν ἐν ἐμβάσειν to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

NEΩ (C), fut. νήσω: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. νήσαντο: aor. I pass. ἐνήθηον:—to spin, Lat. *nēre*.

NEΩ (D), fut. νήσω: Ion. νήω, νηέω, νηέω: pf. pass. νένημαι or νένησμαι:—to pile, *heap*, *bear* up. νεωκορέω, f. ἦσω, (νεωκόρος) to be a *bedel*, to have charge of a *temple*. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, the office of a *bedel*.

νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νέω, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a *bedel*, *verger*, Lat. *aedituus*. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god: hence Ephesus was called νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος.

νέως, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεῶν, gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νεών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, *ον*, (νέος, ὠνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, *ἐς*, (νέος, ὦρα) new, fresh, late.

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεωρός) a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νεώς, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for ναός, a temple, like λεώς for λαός.

νεώς, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεώσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέωσ gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a ship's bouse, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the νεώριον.

νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωτε, νεώτε, next year, for next year; also, εἰς νέωτα.

νεώτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of νέος: Adv. νεώτατα, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements.

II. trans. to change entirely; νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful.

νεωτερισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (νεωτερίζω) innovation.

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, innovation, revolution. From νεωτεροποιός, ὄν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) innovating, revolutionary.

νεώτερος, α, *ον*, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresher: in bad sense, strange, unusual; τὰ νεώτερα or νεώτερα πράγματα, revolutionary movements, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. νεωτέρως, more recently.

νη-, insepf. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in νη-πενθής; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

NH', Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; νῆ Δία or νῆ τὸν Δία, also νῆ μὰ τὸν Δία, *yea* by *Zeus*!

νήα, νήας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.

νηγάτος, *η, ον*, (for νηγάτος by transposition of *ε* and *η*, from νέος, γάγας,) new-made.

νή-γρετος, *ον*, (νη-, ἐγείρω) un waking; νήγρετος ὕπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., νήγρετον without waking.

νήδunia, *ov*, τό, (νηδύς) *the entrails, bowels*, Lat. *intestina*.

νηδυόφην, *for* νηδυόφην, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νήδυμος, *ov*, Homeric epith. of ύπνος: either like *νήγμετος*, *sound, deep sleep*; or from *ήδύς*, *sweet, delightful*, as if for *ήδυμος*.

ΝΗΔΥΣ, ύος, ή, *the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb*:—also *the bowels, entrails*; *ἐξελεῖν τὴν νηδύν* to take out *the entrails, disembowel*.

νήσον, Ep. impf. of νηέω.

νήες, nom. pl. of ναῖς.

νήεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναῖς.

νήσω, fut. νήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear* or *pile up*. II. *to pile, load*.

νήσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νησαύσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

νήθω, (νέω c) *to spin*.

νή, Ion. dat. sing. of ναῖς.

Νηέας, άδος, ή, Ion. for Ναΐας.

νήμος, η, *ov*, Dor. νάιος, α, *ov*, also *os, ov*, of, *belonging to a ship*; *δόρυ νήμου* *ship-timber*.

Νηίς, ίδος, ή, Ion. for Ναΐς.

νήης, ίδος, ό, ή, (νη-, ιδεύ) *unknowing, unlearned*: c. gen. *unkilled in a thing*.

νήτης, *ov*, ό, (ναῖς) *of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships*. [i]

νη-κερδής, ές, (νη-, κέρδος) *without gain, unprofitable*.

νή-κερως, ατος, ό, ή, Ep. νή-κερος, *ov*, (νη-, κέρας) *not horned, without horns*.

νή-κεστος, *ov*, (νη-, έκέομαι) *incurable*.

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, άκούω) *to give no heed to, disobey*: Ep. aor. I νηκούσθησα.

νη-λεής, ές, dat. and acc. νηλέα, νηλέα, as if from νηλής, (νη-, έλεος) *without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless*; νηλέες ήμαρ *the ruthless day*, i.e. *the day of death*. II. *unpinned*.

νηλεής, ές, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλεώς.

νηλό-θυμος, *ov*, (νηλεής, θυμός) *of ruthless spirit*.

νηλό-ποινος, *ov*, (νηλεής, ποιμή) *punishing ruthlessly*.

νηλεύς, Adv. of νηλεής, *without pity*.

νηλής, ές, see νηλεής.

νηλίπους, ό, ή, -πων, τό, gen. -πόδος, = *δυ-γλίπους*, *ambid, barefooted*: hence *needy, object*. [i]

νη-λίτης, ές, (νη-, άλγτεύ) *guiltless, harmless, unoffending*.

νήμα, ατος, τό, (νέω *to spin*) *that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates*.

νη-μερτής, ές, (νη-, άμαρτέω) *unfailing, unerring, infallible*: νημερτής ενιστείν, νημερτέα*είπειν *to speak infallible truths*.

νημελία Ion. -λη, ή, *stillness in the air, a calm*:—γαλήνη έκλετο νημερή there was a calm and perfect stillness. From

νή-νεμος, *ov*, (νη-, άνεμος) *without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil*.

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear*.

νηνύς, ιος, ή, contr. for νεάνις, *a girl, maiden*.

νήξις, εως, ή, (νήχω) *a scurrying*.

νήχομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νη-όβάτης, *ov*, ό, Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [α']

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, *ov*, (νηός = ναῖς. πολλών) *busyng oneself in a temple*: as Subst., νη-πόλος, ό, *a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedivus*.

νηο-πορεύς, f. ήσω, (ναῖς, πύρις) *to go in a ship*.

νήός, ού, ό, Ion. for ναῖς, *a temple*.

νήός, Ion. gen. of ναῖς.

νηό-στος poet. νηός-στος, *ov*, (ναῖς, σώω) *protecting ships*.

νηο-φόρος, *ov*, (ναῖς, φέρω) *bearing ships*.

νη-όχος, *ov*, (ναῖς, έχω) *bolding ships*.

νη-πενθής, ές, (νη-, πένθος) *free from sorrow*. II. act. *soothing or assuaging sorrow*.

νηπία Ep. νηπιά and νηπιή, ή, (νήπιος) *childhood, infancy*: in plur. *childishness, folly*.

νηπιόζω, f. ήσω, = νηπιαχέω.

νηπιόχεω, *to be childish, play like a child*. From

νηπιόχος, *ov*, poet. for νήπιος, *childish*.

νηπιή, ή, Ion. for νηπία.

νήπιος, α Ion. η, *ov*, Att. also *os, ov*, (νη- έπος) properly, *not speaking*, Lat. *infans*; νήπια τέκνα *infant children*: also νήπια alone, *the young of an animal*. II. metaph. *childish, senseless*: *without forethought, weak, helpless*.

νηπιότης, ητος, ή, = νηπία.

νή-πλεκτός, *ov*, (νη-, πλέω) *not plaited*: *with unbraided hair*.

νη-ποιναί or -ί, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. *impune*, *with impunity*.

νή-ποινος, *ov*, (νη-, ποιμή) *unpunished, unavenged, with impunity*: but, φυτόν νήποινος *without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees*.

νηπυτιεύομαι, Dep. *to behave childishly*. From

νη-πύτιος, α, *ov*, (νη-, άπύω) *childish, infantine*; and as Subst. *a child*, fke νήπιος. Lat. *infans*:—metaph. *childish, thoughtless, heedless*.

Νηρεΐς Ion. Νηρηΐς. ίδος, ή, *a daughter of Nereus*, hence *a Nereid or Nympb of the sea*, always in pl.

Νηρηΐδες: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναΐας.

Νηρεύς, gen. έω Ion. ήος, ά, *Nereus*, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus ('the sea'), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence

Νηρή, poet. for Νηρηΐς.

Νηρηΐς, ίδος, ή, Ion. for Νηρηΐς.

νή-ριθμος, *ov*, (νη-, άριθμός) *countless, numberless*.

νή-ρίτος, *ov*, poet. form of νηριθμος.

νήσσι, aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) *to spin*, and νέω (d) *to pile up*.

νησάιος, α Ion. η, *ov*, (νήσος) *of or for an island, insular*.

νήσαντρο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) *to spin*.

νησιδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet*.

νησιον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet*.

νησίς, ίδος, ή, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet*.

νησίτης, ου, ὁ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ἰδος, ἡ. [Ὶ]

νησιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander.

II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence νησιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.

νησομάχια, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.

ΝΗΣΟΣ Dor. νῆσος, οὔ, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νήσσα Att. νήττα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.

νησσάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing.

νήστις, ιος or εως, ὁ, and ἡ: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, ἐσθίω):—not eating, fasting. 2. act. causing hunger, starving.

νησόδριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.

νή-τιτος, ου, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.

νήττα, ἡ, νηττάριον, τό, Att. for νησ-.

νηύς, ἡ, Ion. for ναῦς.

νηυσί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νηυσί-πέρητος, ου, v. ναυσί-πέρατος.

νη-υτμος, ου, (νη-, ἀντμή) breathless.

νηφάλειος, ὁ, = νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine;

νηφάλια μείλγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [ᾱ]

νήφουσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήσω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.

νή-χυτος, ου, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ἐνξέαμην.

νηῶν, Ion. gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νηῶς, Dor. for ναοῖς, acc. pl. of ναῦς.

νιγλάρως, ὁ, a small sife, pipe or whistle, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.

ΝΙΖΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ἐνίψα:—Med., f. νίψομαι: aor. I ἐνιψάμην: pf. νένιψαμι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι ἄλως to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify.

II. to wash off.—νίξω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικᾶξω, Dor. for νικῶσαι, fut. of νικάω.

νικασεῖν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, ὁ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for νικητῶρ.

νικάω, f. ἦσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερίονα νικάει the worse prevails;

τὸ εὖ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause.

II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικᾶσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to.

III. c. acc. cognato, νικὴν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.

νικεῖος, ου, (νίκος) victorious.

ΝΙΚΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ἐνικά, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.

νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.

νικηθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [Ὶ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, like νικητής, a conqueror.

Hence νικητήριος, α, ου, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ἄθλον), τό, the prize of victory.

2. νικητήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον ἐστιᾶν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, οὔ, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducting to victory.

νικῆτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.

νικηφορέω, f. ἦσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence

νικηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.

νικη-φόρος, ου, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ου, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νίκο-μάχῃς, ου, ὁ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικᾶοεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.

νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (νίξω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.

νίπτρον, τό, (νίξω) water for washing: mostly in plur. νίπτω, later form for νίξω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [Ὶ] = νέομαι, to go, to go away.

ΝΙΤΡΟΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίψ.

*νιφάς, ἄθος, ἡ, (νίψω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a snow-storm:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war.

II. as Adj., fem. of νιφέεις, snowy, snow-capt. νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίψω.

νιφετός, οὔ, ὁ, (νίψω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νιφό-βoλος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) *snow-covered, snow-capt.*
νιφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβείν) *thick with snow.*

ΝΙΨΩ [Ψ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; δ θεός νίψει, or νίψει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf. *ῥοι, ῥομαι.*

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίξω.

νίψω, fut. of νίξω, and also of νίφω.

νοερός, ά, όν, (νόος, νοῦς) *intellectual.*

νοέω, f. νοήσω: Ion. νώσω: aor. I ένόησα Ion. ένωσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep, 3 sing. aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νωσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ένοήθην:—Pass., aor. I ένοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion.

νένωμαι: Ion. plqpf. ένενώμην: (νόος):—to see so as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely seeing, as, τόν δέ ιδών ένόησε when he saw him he perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοέων, discreet, thoughtful.

2. of words or expressions, to mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) *that which is thought, a thought.* II. a purpose, design, resolve. III. generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.

νόησις, εως, ή, (νοέω) *thought, intelligence.*

νοητικός, ή, όν, (νοέω) *intelligent.*

νοητός, ή, όν, (νοέω) *perceptible, intelligible.*

νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νίθος, γενέσθαι) *base-born.*

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ή, (νόθος, κάλλος) *spurious charms.*

ΝΟΨΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born out of wedlock; νόθος νόος a natural son, opp. to γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious, counterfeit, adulterated.

νοίδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a notion.

νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) *roaming, roving, ranging.*

νομάιος, α, ον, (νόμος) *customary, conventional: τὰ νομαία, like νόμμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.*

νομ-άρχης, ον, ό, (νομός, άρχω) *the chief of an Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.*

νομάς, άδος, ό, ή, (νόμος) *roaming, ranging, wandering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οί, pastoral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads; and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae.* II. grazing, feeding.

νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) *that which is put to graze, a flock or herd.*

νομεύς, εως Ep. ήος, ό, (νέμω, νομός) *a shepherd or herdsman.* II. a dispenser, distributor. III. plur. νομέες = έγκολία, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεύειν, dat. pl. of νομεύε.

νομευσά, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut. of νομεύω.

νομεύω, (νομεύε) *to pasture, feed, drive afield; Βοῦαι*

νομοῦς νομεύειν *to feed down the pastures with oxen, Lat. depascere.*

νομή, ή, (νέμω) *a pasture, pasturage: fodder, food.* 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, distribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήες, Ep. for νομαίς, nom. pl. of νομαίς.

νομίζω: fut. νομήσω Ion. νομέω Att. νομάω: pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ένομίσθην: pf. νενόμισμαι: (νόμος):—to bold or own as a custom or usage: said of things recognised by convention or prescriptive right; νομίζεν τοῖς θεοῖς to recognise the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζεν θεοῖς to recognise the existence of the gods generally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the custom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα or νονομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. instituta. 2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage; Έλληνες άπ' Αιγυπτίων ταῦτα νενόμικασι the Greeks have adopted these customs from the Egyptians. 3. to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρηστοὺς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing will be.

νομικός, ή, όν, (νόμος) *of or for the laws: resting on the authority of law.* II. learned in the law: as Subst., νομικός, ό, a lawyer.

νόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) *conformable to usage or law: hence 1. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful, legal.* 3. in neut. pl. νόμμα, usages, customs; νόμμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary offices, Lat. *justa facere.* II. of persons, observant of law. Hence νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομώτερον.

νόμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νομός, νομή) *belonging to shepherds, pastoral.*

νόμις, ή, (νομίζω) *usage, prescription: also, a mode of esteeming.*

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) *anything recognised by established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an established weight or measure, legal measure.* 3. any institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) *writing laws: as Subst., νομογράφος, ό, a lawgiver.*

νομο-δέκτης, ον, ό, (νόμος, δέκνυμι) *an explainer of the laws.*

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ό, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) *a teacher of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ον, ό.*

νομοθεσία, ή, *law-giving, legislation.* From νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) *to be a law-giver, make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to make laws for oneself.* II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, *a law, ordinance.*

νομο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, τίθημι) *a lawgiver.*

νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) *to the pasture.*

νόμος, οὔ, ὁ, (νέμω) *a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλης a woodland pasture.* 2. *pasturage, herbage: generally, food.* 3. *metaph., ἐπέων πολὺς νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.*

II. *an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.*

νόμος, ου, ὁ, (νέμω) *anything assigned or apportioned, viz.,* I. *an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum;*

νόμῳ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, *naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί.*

2. *χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows.* II. *a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοὶ war-songs.*

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) *a guardian of the laws.* [ῥ]

νόο-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) *striking the mind, mind-distracting.*

ΝΟΨ, νόον, contr. νοῦς, νοῦ, ὁ; later also gen. νοός, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νύες:—*mind, Lat. mens; νόφ or σὺν νόφ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind.* II. *a thought, purpose, resolve.* III. *the sense or meaning of a word or expression.*

νοσηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νόσος) *sickly, ill.*

νοσέω, ἴ, ἦσω, (νόσος), *to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind.* 2. *metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.*

νοσηλεία, ἡ, (νοσηλεύω) *matter discharged from a running sore.*

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) *to tend a sick person.*

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) *a sickness, disease, plague, malady.* 2. *metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.*

νοσηματ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσημα, εἶδος) *sickly.*

νοσηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νοσέω) *unbealibly, unwholesome, of places.*

ΝΟΣΟΣ Ion. νοῦσος, ἡ, *sickness, disease: a malady, ailment.* II. *metaph. distress, affliction, evil.* 2. *disease of mind, esp. madness.* 3. *generally, a plague, bane, mischief.*

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νοῦσ-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) *bringing sickness or disease.*

νοσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, *to batch.*

νοσσία, ἡ, and νοσσίον, τό, Att. contr. for νεοσσ-, νοσσίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of νοσσός, Att. contr. for νεοσσίς, *a little bird: also a young girl.*

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

νοστέω, ἴ, ἦσω, (νόστος) *to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country.* 2. *to return safe after danger.* 3. *generally, to go, come, travel.*

νοστήσειε, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I. of νοστέω.

νοστησέμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ου, ὁ, (νόστος) *of or belonging to a return;*

νόστιμον ἡμᾶρ the day of return. 2. *returning, ibat will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.*

νόστος, ου, ὁ, (νέομαι) *a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place.* 2. *generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβῆς a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.*

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, *afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπὸ, c. gen., like νόσφι ἱ, aloof from.* II. as Prep. c. gen. *far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from.* 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν Ἀχαιῶν *apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them.* 3. *besides, except.*

νοσφίδιος, α, ου, (νόσφι) *taken away, abstracted.*

νοσφίζω, ἴ, ἴσω Att. νοσφιάω, (νόσφι) *to put away, remove, part.* II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, ἴ, -ίσομαι: aor. I med ἐνοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφίσθην:—

to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. *metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated.* III. act. *to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc., to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate.* 2. *to make away with, kill, despatch.*

νοσφισθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφίζω.

νοσ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσος, εἶδος) *sickly, ailing: generally, diseased.* II. act. *unwholesome, unbealibly.*

νοτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νότος) *wet, damp, moist; νοτερὸς χειμῶν a storm of rain.*

νοτία, ἡ, *wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτία ελαίνοι spring rains.*

νοτίζω, ἴ, ἴσω, (νότιος) *to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.*

νότιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (νότος) *wet, damp, rainy: ἡλοῦ δ' ἐν νοτίᾳ τήν γ' ὤρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach.* II. *southern, southerly.*

νοτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νότος) *moisture, damp, wet.*

ΝΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus.* II. *the south or south-west quarter.*

νοττεύω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-.

νου-βυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοῦς, βύα) *choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever.* Adv. -κῶς, *cleverly.*

νουθεσία, ἡ, *a warning, admonishing: reproof.* From νου-θετέω, ἴ, ἦσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) *to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise.* Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, *an admonition, warning.*

νουθετητός, α, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, *to be warned, advised.*

νουθετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νουθετέω) *admonitory.*

νου-μηνία, ἡ, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, *the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.*

νουν-έχης, ἐς, (νοῦς, ἔχω) *having understanding, sensible, discreet.* Adv. -χῶς, *discreetly, prudently.*

νοῦς, δ, contr. for νόος, *mind*.
 νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νόσος.
 νοῦσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.
 νύ, see νῦν, *νῦν*.
 νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) *by pricking*, Lat. *punctim*.
 νύγαι, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.
 νυκτεράσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.
 νυκτερέτης, ου, δ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who rows by night*.
 νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From
 νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.
 νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.
 νυκτερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night*, Lat. *nocturnus*.
 νυκτερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat*, Lat. *vesperilio*.
 νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτερ-ωπός, ὢν, (νύκτερος, ὥψ) *night-faced, dusky*.
 νυκτ-ηγorew or in Med. νυκτ-ηγorewομαι, (νύξ, ἀγορεύω) *to assemble by night*. Hence
 νυκτ-ηγorew, ἡ, *a night assembly or discourse*.
 νυκτ-ηρεφής, es, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *shrouded by night, gloomy*.
 νυκτ-ῥομος, ον, (νύξ, ῥέω) *roaring by night*.
 νυκτ-ῡμος, ον, (νύξ, γάμω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.
 νυκτ-κλέτης, ου, δ, = νυκτοκλέτης.
 νυκτ-κόραξ, ἀκος, δ, (νύξ, κίραξ) *the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl*.
 νυκτ-λαθραυ-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.
 νυκτ-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, ἀλλέω) *nightly-sounding, sonorous*.
 νυκτ-λαμπής, es, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.
 νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.
 νυκτ-πᾶται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *rummaging about by night*. [α]
 νυκτ-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πλάγω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also a pass. νυκτπλάγιος εἶναι a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.
 νυκτ-πληνής, es, and νυκτ-πληνός, ον, (νύξ, πλεννέω) *unwandering, rummaging about by night*.
 νυκτ-πύλος, ον, (νύξ, πύλω) *roaming by night*.
 νυκτ-σερμνος, ον, (νύξ, σερμνέω) *solemnised by night*.
 νυκτ-φαής, es, (νύξ, φαίνω) *shining or appearing by night*.
 νυκτ-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνω) *appearing by night: nightly*.
 νυκτ-φρουρτος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *watching by night*.
 νυκτ-φύλας, ον, δ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.
 νυκτ-φύλας, ἀκος, δ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.
 νυκτ-φών, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.
 νυκτ-ώπός, ὢν, (νύξ, ὥψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.
 νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. *noctu*.
 νύμφη, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.
 νύμφη, Dor. for νύμφη.
 νύμφ-ἀγωνός, ὢν, (νύμφη, ἀγων) *the leader of the bride: esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.
 νύμφαιον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. *Nymphæum*. From
 νύμφαιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.
 νύμφαν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφη.
 νύμφειος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*. II. as Subst., νύμφειον (sub. δῶμα), τό, *the bridechamber*. 2. νύμφεια (sub. ἱερὰ), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage*—but, also, *the bride herself*.
 νύμφεμα, τό, (νύμφη) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a match*.
 νύμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *bridal, nuptial*.
 νύμφευτής, ου, δ, (νύμφη) *the friend of the bridegroom, = παραινύμφος*. II. *a bridegroom, busband*.
 νύμφευτρια, ἡ, (νύμφη) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.
 νύμφη, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman*. Lat. *nubere*: but also of the man, Lat. *ducere*. II. Pass. with fut. med. νυμφεύσομαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφεύσάμην, ἐνυμφεύθη:—*to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman*. III. Med. of the man, *to take to wife*.

ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, rec. also νύμφη: *a bride*, Lat. *nupta*: hence, 1. *a young wife*. 2. *any married woman*, like Lat. *nupta*. 3. *any marriageable maiden*. II. as prop. name, a Νύμφη, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαὶ Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: *spring-nymphs* were Νάϊαδ, Νάϊδες; *sea-nymphs* Νηρηίδες; *mountain-nymphs* Νύμφαι ὀρεσίδες or ἱερσίδες; *rock-nymphs* from the oak their favourite tree, Ἀμφιρύτιδες, Ἀμφιρύτιδες; *river-nymphs* Νύμφαι ἰαδές; *mountain-nymphs* Νύμφαι λεωσίδες; *rock-nymphs* Νύμφαι πετρώτιδες. 2. the Moyses are often called Νύμφαι: hence all persons in a state of marriage were said to be caught by the Νύμφαι, νυμ-

φύληπτοι, Lat. *lymphati*.

ryra of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride: *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφίος, ό, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II. as Adj., νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: *bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II. to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking care of a bride: *bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by *Nymphs*, i. e. *rapt, entranced*, Lat. *lymphatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) honouring the bride; μέλος νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφών, ώνος, ό, (νύμφη) the bridecamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat. *nunc*; οί νύν άνθρωποι men of the present day; ό νύν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the

Article, τó νύν or τά νύν, τονών or τανών, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of νύν.

II. νύν also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, thereupon. 2. also an Inference, then, therefore;

μη νύν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me. 3. in enclit. form νυν, used to strengthen a command, as, δείρό, νυν quick then! φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come then.

νύνι Att. νύν, strengthd. like ούτοσί for ούτος, now, at this moment.

νύν ότε, = έστιν ότε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. *NOX*, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. *noctu*; νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also with preps., άνά or διά νύκτα all night long; διά νυκτός in the course of the night; έκ νυκτός just after night-fall; so also υπό νύκτα; πόρρω της νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murkiness. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3. the nether world. III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl. νύκτες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξ, Ep. for ένυξ, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΨ, ού, ή, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρίς meant a bride, mistress. II. generally, a

νύσσα, ης, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-course, viz., 1. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, έν ύψση έγ-χρυσθήναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3. generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΨΣΣΩ Att. νύττω: f. νύξω: aor. I ένυξαι:—Pass., aor. 2 ένύγην, inf. νύγηναι:—to prick, spur, pierce, puncture.

νυστάζω, fut. άσω and άξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. *dormito*: also to hang down the head. Hence

νυστακτής, ού, ό, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχθ, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκταρ, by night. [ύ]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*. [ύ] From

νύχεύω, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through. νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night.

νύχιος [ύ], α, ον, also ας, ον, (νύξ): 1. act. doing a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night,

murky.

νώ, for νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two. νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, δδούς) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ή, ease or relief from pain. From νωδύνος, ον, (νη-, δδύνη) = άνώδυνος, without pain, pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νώε, pcët. for νῶϊ.

ΝῶϋΗΨ, ές, gen. έος, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νωθήτη, Ion. contr. for νοθήτη, aor. I pass. imperat. of νοέω.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, sluggish, lazy, dull. Νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two, us two, Att. νῶ: poet. νῶε: gen. and dat. dual νῶιν, of us two, to us two; Att. νῶν. Hence

νωίτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [Υ]

νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμέως, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νώμα, τό, Ion. for νήμα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dispense. II. to direct, guide, control: 1. of

weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νῶν, Att. for νῶϊν; see νῶϊ.

νῶννμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νῶννμος, like διδνμνος for διδνμος, άπάλαμος for άπάλαμος.

νῶννμος, ον, (νη-, όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) without name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νῶροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νῶροπι χαλκῷ, νῶροπα χαλκόν flashing, gleaming brass.

νωστήμενος, νῶσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and inf. of νοέω.

ρωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ῥῶτον, ἄγωγός) to carry on the back.

ῥωτ-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

ῥωτῖαιος, α, ον, (ῥῶτον) of or belonging to the back; ῥωτῖαια ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

ῥωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight. II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—ῥῶττον ῥωτίζω to skim the sea.

ῥωτο-βάττω, f. ἦσω, (ῥῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back. II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩ ΤΟΝ, τό, τά, the back, Lat. *tergum*; the pl. ῥῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. τὰ ῥῶτα δύναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ ῥῶτον from behind. II. metaph.

any wide surface; εὐρέα ῥῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains. 2. any back or ridge.

ῥωτο-φόρος, ον, (ῥῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back. ῥωχελής, ἐς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive.

(Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ῥωχελία Ep. -λή, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Ξ

Ξ, ξ, Ξ, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see H, η); before this it was represented by χσ. II.

ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. ἐλαξῶ for ἐλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσαι, etc. III. ξ also is often inter-

changed with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσοῦς τρισσοῦς Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξάνω: aor. I ἐξήνα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξάσθη: pf. ξέξαμαι:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning. 2. of cloth, to full, clean. II. metaph. to treat as in

fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξανθίσμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γεωσ, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθό-κόμη, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

ξανθός, ἡ, ὅν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. *flavus*; ξανθαί τρίχες golden hair; ξανθός ἔπικος

chestnut mares.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, ἐς, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χίτων) with yellow coat.

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρῶς) with yellow skin.

ξάντης, ον, ὁ, fem. ξάντρις, (ξάινω) a wool-carder.

ξαν-ἀπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξείνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξείνη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινοδ-.

ξείνημον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξενεῖον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

ξενίη, ξανικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνιον, τό, ξείνιος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξενίσαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

ξείνισεν, Ep. for ξένισεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίζω.

ξείνο-δοκία, ξείνο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινοδ-.

ξείνο-κτονία, Ion. for ξεινοκτονία.

ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξεινοσύνη.

ξείνιος, Ion. for ξένιος.

ξεν-ἀγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξενῶγέω, f. ἦσω, (ξενῶγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights. II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-ἄγος, ὄν, (ξένος, ἡγήσασθαι) conducting strangers or guests. II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἀπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξαν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [α]

ξεν-ἀρκίης, ἐς, (ξένος, ἀρκίω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman. II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενηλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλατρία, (ξένος, ἐλαίω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξενίη Ion. ξενίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment. 2. a friendly relation between two

princes or states. II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξανίζω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξενίσσω: aor. I ἐξένισα Ep. ἐξείνισσα or ξένινισσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a

guest. II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, Ion. ξανικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign. 2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries. II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

ξένος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος (ξένος, ξένιος):—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality. II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα, τά, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

ξένιος, ἡ, (ξένι(ω) the entertainment of a guest. ξενιμός, οὐ, δ, = ξένισια.

ξενιτεύω, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service. ξενο-δαικτης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δαί(ω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενο-δαίτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers. ξενο-δοκεῖον and -χεῖον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοχέω Ion. ξενοδοκέω, (ξενοδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger. ξενο-δόχος, ον, Ion. ξενο-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξενο-δόκος, δ, the host, opp. to ξένιος, the guest.

ξενο-δότης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the lost. ξενόεις, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers. ξενοκτονέω Ion. ξεινοκτ-, f. ήσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξενο-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers. ΞΕ'ΝΟΣ Ion. ξένιος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: either as I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are ξένιοι, and the relation was hereditary. II. in Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality. 3. later, ὁ ξένε, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger ξένιος came to signify a bireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος, η, ον, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενό-στᾶσις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵσταναι) a lodging for guests or strangers. ξενοσύνη Ion. ξεν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξένιος) hospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality. ξενό-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμᾶω) honouring guests or strangers. ξενοτροφέω, f. ήσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries. ξενοφονέω, f. ήσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

ξενο-φόνος, ον, (ξένος, *φένω) murdering strangers. ξενόω Ion. ξενόω, f. ώσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain. II. Pass., with fut. med. ξενώσομαι: aor. I ξενώθην: to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ἄνος, δ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber. ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως εχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξενώω) estrangement: innovation.

ΞΕΡΟΨ, ἄ, ον, Ion. for ξηρός, dry; ποτὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence = ξόανον, a statue or image.

ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσει, Ep. for ξέσει, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέστης, ον, δ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξεστός, ἡ, ον, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕ'Ω: f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσσω: aor. I ξέσσα Ep. ξέσσα:—to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. II. to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξηνός, part. aor. I of ξαίνω.

ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ξήρᾶνα:—Pass., aor. I ξηράνην: pf. ξήρασαι or ξήραμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched. 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

ξηρ-αλοιφέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

ξηρ-αμπέλινος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἀμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΨ, ἄ, ον, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, baggard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, barsb. III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV.

as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηρο-φαγέω, f. ήσω, (ξηρός, φαγεῖν) to eat dry food. ξιφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀρᾶν) armed with a sword, sword in band.

ξιφ-φόρος, οτ, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in band.

ξιφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [Υ]

ξιφο-δής, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξιφο-κτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφόκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

ξιφο-μάχαιρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [Δ]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, es, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [Υ].

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῇ of Place, there, that way, here, this way, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, thither. 3. of Manner, τῇ in this way, thus. 4. repeated τῇ μὲν . . . τῇ δέ . . . of Place, here . . . there . . . also on the one part . . . on the other . . . 5. relative, where, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῷ, dat. neut., therefore, on this account. 2. thus, so, in this wise, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὃ neut. from ὅς), wherefore. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. wherefore. V. with Prepositions, of Time, ἐκ τοῦ ever since, ἐν τῷ whilst.

C. δ, ἡ, τό, accented through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὅς, ἧ, ὅ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. του, τῷ, are used for τινός, τινί, from the INDEFINITE PRONOUN τις τί. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τῷ: gen. and dat. pl. τεων, τεοις, τεοισι:—but τοῦ; Ion. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., wherefore? dat. τέῳ for τινί; pl. gen. τέων; dat. τέοις, τέοισι.

δ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὅς; v. δ, ἡ, τό c.

δ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

δά, woe! Lat. *vae!* [dā]

*ΟΑΡ, ὅαρος, ἡ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὁάρων: contr. nom. ὦρ, with dat. pl. ὠρεσσι. Hence

δάριζω contr. ὠρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence

δᾶρισμός, οὔ, δ, familiar converse, fond discourse.

δᾶριστής, οὗ, δ, (δᾶρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

δᾶριστός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for δᾶρισμα, (δᾶρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse.

2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

*ΟΑΡΟΣ, δ, = δᾶρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

*Οἶσις, ἡ, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὀβελίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὀβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὀβελός Aeol. and Dor. ὀδελός, οὔ, δ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὀβελός, = βέλος with ο prefixed.)

ὀβολός, οὔ, δ, collat. form of ὀβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, ½ of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὀβολοστατέω, f. ἥσω, to practise petty usury. From ὀβολο-στάτης, ου, δ, (ὀβολός, ἰστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ἀ]

*ΟΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὀβρίκαλα, τά, = ὀβρια. [γ]

ὀβρίμο-εργός, ὄν, (ὀβριμος, ἔργον) doing deeds of violence or wrong.

ὀβρίμό-θυμος, ὄν, (ὀβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὀβρίμο-πάτηρ, ἡ, (ὀβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

*ΟΒΡΙΜΟΣ, ὄν, also η, ὄν, strong, mighty.

ὀγδοάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

ὀγδόατος, η, ὄν, poet. for ὀγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἡ ὀγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

ὀγδοηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς, or ὀγδοηκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, (ὀγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὀγδοηκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ὀγδοος, η, ὄν, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. *octavus*.

ὀγδώκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. *octoginta*.

ὀγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς, contr. for ὀγδοηκονταετής, eighty years old.

δ-γε, ἡ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. δ, ἡ, τό, made more emphat. by the addition of γε, Lat. *bicce, baecce*, *bocce, be, she, it*.

2. fem. dat. τῇ-γε, used as Adv. of place, here, on this spot. 3. acc. neut. τό-γε on this account, for this very reason.

*ΟΓΚᾶ poet. *Ογκαίη, ἡ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her *Ογκαίη or *Ογκαίδη.

ὀγκάσαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὀγκηθμός, ὁ, a braying.

ὀγκρητός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. *molestus*.

ὀγκητής, οὔ, δ, (ὀγκάσαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass.

ὀγκιον, τό, (ὀγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (Α), (ἀγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (Β), bulk, mass; ὀγκος φρυγάνων a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὀγκώω, f. ὥσω. aor. I ὠγκωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὠγκάσθην: pf. ὠγκάμαι: (ὀγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen. II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elated.

ὀγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὀγκάσαι.

ὀγκ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὀγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

ὀγκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀγκίω) heaped up.

ὀγμῆνω, f. -είσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ὀγμμενον αὐτῷ they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὀγμμεῖν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man. From

δγμος, ὁ, (ἀγω) anything traced in a straight line; a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.

ξυστο-βόλος, ον, (ξυστόν, βαλεῖν) spear-darting, hurling the javelin.

ξυστόν, τό, (ξύω) the polished shaft of a spear, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, a spear, dart, javelin: generally, a pole, shaft. (Properly neut. of the Adj. ξυστός.)

ξυστός, ὁ, (ξύω) a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, a terrace with a colonnade, also xystum. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστός, sub. δρόμος.)

ξυστός, ὄν, (ξύω) scraped, polished, Lat. rasus.

ξυστο-φόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) carrying a spear.

ξύστρα, ἡ, = ξυστρίς.

ξύστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ξύω) a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing.

ΞΥ'Ω: impf. ξέϋον Ἐρ. ξύων: f. ξύω: aor. I ξέϋσα: —Pass., aor. I ξέϋσθην: pf. ξέϋσμαι:—to scrape, plane, smooth or polish. 2. generally, to make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately. 3. ξύσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοῖόν τοι rub away, get rid of sad old age.

Ο

Ο, ο, δ μικρόν, little, i. e. short ο, (in opp. to δ μέγα great, i. e. long and double ο, ω being for οο): fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral ο', 70, but ο, 70,000.

Ο came very near to diphth. ου, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μόνους νοῦσος for μόνος νόσος.

Aeol., ο is often changed into υ, as ὄνυμα μύγης for ὄνομα μόγης. II. Dor. often for οι, as ἀγνοίεω πτοίεω πνοιά for ἀγνοέω πτοέω πνοά. III. like α, ο is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω ὀκέλλω, δύρομαι ὀδύρομαι. IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, ο, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η, as θεογενής θεοδόκος εἰφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεᾷγενής) θεηδόκος εἰφηφόρος.

'Ο, 'Η, 'ΤΟ', is, A. demonstr. Pronoun; B. the definite Article; C. accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ὁ, ἡ, τό, relative Pronoun for ὅς, ἥ, ὅ. Gen. τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῇ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, τό:—dual nom. and acc. τῶ, τά, τῶ: gen. and dat. τοῖν, ταῖν, τοῖν:—plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τὰ: gen. τῶν: dat. τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς: acc. τοὺς, τὰς, τὰ. Homer has also gen. sing. τοῖο for τοῦ, nom. pl. τοῖ, ταί, gen. pl. fem. τᾶάν [ᾱ], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τῇς and τῇσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. ὁ, ἡ, τό, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. ille, ὁ Τυδείδης the

famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον Nestor, that aged man. II. without a Subst., he, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε for he came.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: 1. before relat. Pronouns ὅς, ὅσος, ὅλος, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφάρμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλαν, τῶν, ὅσσοι Ἀνκίρη ναιετάουσιν I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, namely those who, etc. 2. ὁ μὲν.., ὁ δέ.., from Homer downwards a very common phrase, sometimes in opposition (where ὁ μὲν refers to the former, ὁ δέ to the latter), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, the one.., the other.., Lat. hic.., ille..: in neut. τὸ μὲν.., τὸ δέ.., in adverbial sense, partly.., partly..: also τὰ μὲν.., τὰ δέ.—Ο δέ.. often occurs without ὁ μὲν.. before. On the other hand οἱ μὲν.. is often answered by some similar word, as ἀλλά, or by ἕτερος δέ.., ἐνιοὶ δέ.., etc.

B. ὁ, ἡ, τό, THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, the, the indefin. Pron. being τίς, τι. The use of ὁ, ἡ, τό, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as τὸν ἄριστον, him that was bravest, came to mean simply the bravest; φίλους ποιῆσθαι to make friends, but τοὺς φίλους ποιῆσθαι to make the friends one does make.

Peculiar usages of the Article. 1. it may stand with prop. names, as ὁ Σακράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σακράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, τὸ εἶναι the being, τοῦ εἶναι, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as, τὸ νῦν the present; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι the men of that time. The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc. ἡμέρα) the morrow. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gend., as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος the word or notion man; τὸ λέγω the word λέγω, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζώντων ὄλβιον the fact or statement that no living man is happy. 5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as τὰ νῦν now, τὸ πρὶν formerly. 6. before the interrog. Pron., τίς or ποῖος, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τί; τὸ ποῖον; to make the question more precise. II. in elliptic expressions: 1. before gen. of a prop. name, ὁ Διὸς the son of Jupiter, ἡ Ἀθηναίης the daughter of Latona, where υἱὸς or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as brother, wife, etc. 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆς πόλεως that which belongs to the state, nearly the same as ἡ πόλις; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, τὰ τῶν Περσῶν the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.; τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν to hold the sentiments of the Athenians, i. e. be on their side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμὸν, τὸ σὸν

bring, send:—Pass. *to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.*

ὀδυνᾶσαι, for ὀδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of ὀδυνάω.

ὀδυνάω, f. ἤσω, *to cause pain, to pain, distress*:—Pass. *to feel pain, suffer.* From

ᾠΔΥΝΗ, ἡ, Lat. *dolor, pain* of body, but also, 2. of mind, *grief, distress.* [ῥ]

ὀδύνηρος Dor. —ἄρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀδύνη) *painful, grievous: distressing.* Adv. —ῥῶς.

ὀδυνή-φάτος, ov, (ὀδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φένω) *killing* (i. e. *stilling, assuaging*) *pain.*

ἔδυρμα, ατος, τό, *wailing, lamentation*: and ἔδυρμός, ὁ, *a wailing, lamenting.* From

ᾠΔΥΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. ἔδυρσκετο: fut. ἔδυρούμαι: aor. 1 ἔδυράμην,

part. ἔδυράμενος:—*to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wait to or in answer to another: absol. to wail, mourn.* [ῥ] Hence

ἔδυρτός, ἡ, ὄν, *mourned for, lamentable*: ἔδυρτά, as Adv., *lamentably.*

ἔδυσαντο, Ep. for ἔδυσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 of ἔδύσσομαι.

ᾠδυσσεΐα, ἡ, *the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey.* From

ᾠδυσσεύς, ἔως, ὁ, Lat. *Ulysses* or *Ulixes*, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forming the subject of the *Odyssey*: Ep. declens., ᾠδυσσεύς, —ῆος, —ῆα: Ep. nom. also ᾠδῦσεύς: Aeol. gen. ᾠδῦσεύς.

*ᾠΔΥΣΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. 1 med. ἔδυσσάμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἔδυσσας, ἔδυσσαςτο, Ep. 3 pl. ἔδυσσαντο, part. ἔδυσσάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ἔδωδυσται (redupl. for ἔδυσσας):—*to be grieved or wroth at, c. dat.*

ἔδωδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ἔζω.

ἔδωδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἔζω.

ἔδωδή, ἡ, (ἔζω) *smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.*

ἔδωδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ἔδύσσομαι.

ἔδών, ὄντος, ὁ, Ion. for ὀδοῦς, *a tooth.*

ἔδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *passable: practicable.*

ἔεσσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἔει, οἷς.

ἔζαλιός, α, ov, (ἔζω) *branching.*

ἔζήσω, fut. of ἔζω.

ᾠζόλαι, οἰ, *the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.*

*ᾠΖΟΞ, ov, ὁ, *a bough, branch, twig, shoot.* II. metaph. an *offshoot, scion*: ἔζος Ἄρηος *scion of Mars*: cf. ἔρπος, θάλος.

ἔζο-στομος, ov, (ἔζω, στόμα) *with bad breath.*

ᾠΖΩ, fut. ἔζήσω: pf. with pres. sense ἔδωδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ἔδωδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ἔδωδει:—*to smell, to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, ἔζειν ἰαν to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid; Κρονίων ἔζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τῆς κεφαλῆς ἔζω μύρον I smell of ointment from the*

head. II. often used impers., ὄζει ἡδὺ τῆς χροῆς *there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἱματίων ὄζει there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.*

ἔθεν, Adv. (ἐς) *whence, from whence, Lat. unde*: also of persons, *from whom or which.* 2. also like οὐ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, *where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from.* II.

in Att. also, *wherefore, on which account.*

ἔθι, relat. Adv., poet. for οὐ, *where, Lat. ubi.*

ἔθνεος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἐθνος) *strange, foreign.*

*ᾠΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part., οὐκ ἔθετο βέζων he recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ἔθομα κορεύς I do not heed him when he is angry.*

ᾠΘΟΝΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur., *fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth.* Hence

ἔθόνιος, η, ov, *made of linen.*

ἔθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ἔθονη, *a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.*

ἔθ-οὐνεκα, for ἔθου, ἐνεκα, *because: sometime also for ἔτι, that, Lat. quod.*

ἔ-θριξ, gen. ἔθριχος, poet. for ὀμό-θριξ, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, θρίξ) *with like hair.*

ᾠΙ, exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, *ob! ab! Lat. heu or vae: sometimes c. nom., οἱ ἔγω: mostly c. dat., οἱ μοι.*

οἱ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὁ.

οἷ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

οἷ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, *to him, to her: more rarely used in the reflexive sense himself, as the Ep. ἐοῖ is always used; often also οἷ αὐτῷ, to himself.* The Nom. is wanting, gen. οὐ, acc. ἔ.

οἷ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὅς, *whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen., οἷ κακῶν to what a height of miseries.*

οἰάκιζω Ion. οἰήκ-, f. σω, (οἶα) *to steer, manage.*

οἰάκισμα, τό, (οἰάκιζω) *the act of steering or governing.* [ᾗ]

οἰάκο-νόμος, ov, (οἶα, νέμω) *holding the helm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.*

οἰάκοστροφῆς, f. ἡσω, *to turn the helm, steer.* From οἰάκο-στροφός, ov, (οἶα, στρέφω) *guiding the helm, steering.*

ᾠΓᾶΞ, ἄκος, Ion. οἰγῆς, ἡκος, ὁ, *the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm.* 2. pl. οἰγῆς, *the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.*

οἰᾶτις νόμος, *a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.*

οἰγνυμι or —ύω, lengthd. from οἰγνῖν: f. οἶζω: aor. 1 ὤζα Ep. ὠίξα, part. οἶζας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ὠίγνυντο: aor. 1 ὤξην:—*to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.*

οἰδᾶ, I know, pf. with pres. sense of *ἔλδω, v. ἔλδω v. οἰδάνω [ᾗ] or οἰδαίνω, (οἰδέω) *to make to swell,*

swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσα.

οἰδέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ᾤδῃσα: pf. ᾤδῃκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδεῖν τὸ πῶδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδέοντα, unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδημα, τό, a swelling, tumour.

Οἰδῖ-πύδης, ου, δ, properly patronym. of Οἰδῖπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδῖπους, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδῖ-πους, ποδός, δ: acc. -ποδα and -πουν: voc. -πους, more rarely -πον: (οἰδέω, ποῖς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδῖπρος, ου, δ. [Υ]

οἰδημα, ατος, τό, (οἰδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

ΟἶΓΔΟΣ, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἶκος, α, ου, (οἶς) of or from a sheep; ἡ οἶκη (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

οἶστος, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.

οἰ-έτης, ες, (ὁμός, ἕτος) contr. for ὁμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὁμίς.

οἰζύος, ου, = διζύρος.

οἰζυρός Att. οἰζύρος, ἄ, ὄν, (διζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἰζυρότερος, -ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος.

οἰζύς Att. οἰζύς, ὅς, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. διζύι for διζύι: (οἶ) = woe, misery, distress, bardship. [Υ in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. 5.] Hence

οἰζύω Att. οἰζύω (as trisyll.): f. ὠσω [Υ]: aor. I οἰζύσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἰηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἰομαι.

οἰηον, τό, = οἶηξ, οἶαξ, a rudder, helm. [Υ]

οἰηκίζω, Ion. for οἰακίζω.

οἰηξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἶαξ, ἄκος.

οἰησομαι, fut. of οἰομαι.

οἶς, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶα, ας, ε, Ion. for οἶα.

οἰκάδω Dor. οἰκάδω, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἰκονδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκέσθαι Ion. for οἰκῆσθαι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω.

οἰκέος, α, ου, also os, ου: Ion. οἰκήος, η, ου, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκία household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., οἰ οἰκίωτατοι τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκία ἡ οἰκητή (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκεῖότης Ion. οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἡ, relationship: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκηῖω: f. ὠσω: (οἰκεῖος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκέως, Adv. of οἰκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκέως ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκέω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκέωτης, η, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκετεία, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκερεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέτης, ου, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῖντες, Dor. for οἰκοῖντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖν, ἔως Ion. ἦος, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. οἰκεον contr. οἰν Ion. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I οἰκήσα: pf. οἰκήκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I οἰκήθην: pf. οἰκήμαι Ion. οἰκημαι: (οἶκος): 1. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίζω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. οἰκήμαι Ion. οἰκημαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern. II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακῶς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήας, Ep. for οἰκεῖς, acc. pl. of οἰκεῖν.

οἰκήος, η, ου, Ion. for οἰκεῖος.

οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκηῖω, Ion. for οἰκεῖω.

οἰκημα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκῆν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσμιος, ου, habitable. From

οἰκήσις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦρος, = οἰκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, ου, δ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος, δ, = οἰκητήρ, -της, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -λη, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia.

III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκῆκός, ἡ, ὅν, of one's own house, domestic.

οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house.

οἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὄκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—Med., fut. οἰκοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκοθήσομαι: aor. I ὄκισθην: pf ὄκισμαι Ion. οἰκισμαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τά, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίσ, ἡ, (οἰκία) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for ὄκισται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστήρ, ἦρος, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἴσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκο-δεσπότης, ου, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι

οἰκημα to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὅν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκο-δόμος, ου, (οἶκος, δέμω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἰκοί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἰκοί one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὅν, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κῶς. From

οἰκο-νόμος, ου, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ὅς, (οἶκος, ποιέω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόπιος, α, ου, Dor. for οἰκούπιος.

οἰκόζ, ου, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἴκου at home. 2. part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἰκός, Ion. for οἰκός, part. neut. of οἰκα.

οἰκό-στροφ, ου, (οἶκος, στροφ) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τριβής, ἐς, (οἶκος, τρίβηαι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἱβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκο-τύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for οἰκώτως, Adv. of οἰκός (part. of οἰκα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκέω.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκούρημα, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ου, belonging to housekeeping; hence τὰ οἰκούρια (sub. δῶρα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: εἰραῖραι οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκούρ-) female house-mates. From

οἰκ-ουρός, ὅν, (οἶκος, οἶρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ου, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard.

οἰκτερίζω, τό, and οἰκτερίζω, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτεῖω: impf. ὄκτερον Ion. οἰκτερον: fut. οἰκτεῶ: aor. I ὄκτερα, (οἶκος):—to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I φέκτισα: (οἰκτος):—to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτῖμος, οὐ, δ, (οἰκτεῖρω) pity, compassion.

οἰκτῖμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτεῖρω) merciful.

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, δ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχυρός, αἰσχιστος; but the Comp. is οἰκτρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.

ΟΪΚΤΟΣ, ου, δ, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing. οἰκτρόβιος, ον, (οἰκτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτρός, á, óν, (οἰκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκρότερος, οἰκρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος.

οἰκτρο-χέω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) to pour forth piteously.

οἰκτρός, Adv. of οἰκτρός, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα.

οἰκώς, νῖα, úς, Ion. for οἰκῶν, part. of οἰκα.

οἰκ-ωφέλης, és, (οἰκος, ὠφέλιος) profitable to a house.

οἰκωφέλια Ion. -λη, η, (οἰκωφέλης) profit to a house: hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἶμα, ατος, τό, (*οἶω=φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οἶμαι, Att. contr. from οἶσμαι.

οἶμάω, f. ἦσω, (οἶμα)=δρῶω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

ΟΪΜΗ, η, =οἶμος, a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οἶμος, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οἶμος is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγὼ ἀβ me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

ΟΪΜΟΣ, ου, δ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph. like οἶμη, οἶμος δοῖδης the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οἶμωγή, η, (οἶμῶω) properly a crying οἶμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οἶμωγμα, ατος, τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and οἶμωγμός, δ, a lamenting. From

οἶμῶω, fut. οἶμῶσομαι later οἶμῶω: aor. I φῶωφα: (οἶμοι):—to cry οἶμοι, (as αἰδῶω to cry αἶ, αἶ), to wail, lament: οἶμῶξε, as a curse, go bowl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἶμῶξεται; shall he not have to cry out? i. e. shall he not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc. οἶμωκτός, η, óν, (οἶμῶω) to be pitied or bewailed.

οἶμῶζει, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οἶμῶω.

οἶν-άνθη, η, (οἶνη, ἀνθή) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.

2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

οἶν-ανθίς, ἴδος, η, =οἶνάνθη.

οἶνάρεον, τό, =οἶναρον.

οἶνἀρίζω, f. σω, (οἶναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἶνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οἶνἄρον, τό, (οἶνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

ΟΪ'ΝΗ, η, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. =οἶνος, wine.

οἶνηρός, á, óν, (οἶνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. vinosus. II. containing wine. III. of countries rich in wine.

οἶν-ήρῡς, η, (οἶνος, ἄρῡω) a vessel for drawing wine.

οἶνίλω, (οἶνος) to smell of wine. II. Med. to procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἶνο-βάρεων, δ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρέω)=οἶνοβαρής. From

οἶνο-βαρής, és, (οἶνος, βαρύς) heavy or drunken with wine, Lat. vino gravis.

οἶνο-βρεχής, és, (οἶνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.

οἶνο-δόκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) receiving or bolding wine.

οἶνο-δότης, ον, Dor. -δότᾱς, α, δ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.

οἶνός, -οσσα, -οεν, contr. οἶνούς, -οῦσσα Att. -οῦττα, -οῦν, (οἶνος) made of or with wine. II.

as Subst., οἶνοῦττα, η, a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οἶνό-μέλι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) boney mixed with wine, mead.

οἶνο-πέδη, η, and οἶνό-πέδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οἶνό-πέδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπᾶνω) ripe for making wine.

οἶνο-πίπης [τ], ου, δ, (οἶνος, διπιπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric πορθενοπίπης.

οἶνο-πλήθης, és, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πλήξ, ἥγρος, δ, η, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i. e. drunk.

οἶνοποτάζω and οἶνοποτέω, (οἶνοπότης) to drink wine.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἥρος, δ, and οἶνο-πότης, ου, δ, fem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

ΟΪ'ΝΟΣ, ου, δ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἶνῳ, ἐπ' οἶνῳ, παρ' οἶνῳ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palm-wine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from

grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος).

οἶνο-τρόφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) producing wine.

οἶνούς, οἶνούσσα Att. -οῦττα, -οῦν, contr. for οἶνούς, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φάγία, η, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine.

οἶνοφλύγία, η, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕγος, δ, η, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drink- ing, drunken.

οἰνο-φόρος, *ov*, (οἶνος, φέρω) *carrying, bolding wine*, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, *δ*, Lat. *oenophorus*, a wine-cask. οἰνο-χάρης, *és*, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing in wine*. οἰνο-χάρων, *οντος, δ*, (οἶνος, χάραν) *the Wine-Cbaron*, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἰνοχοεύω, Ep. form of οἰνοχέω, *to pour out wine*. οἰνοχοέω: 3 sing. impf. *πῖνονχέει* Ep. *ἐπῖνονχέει*; f. *ήσω*: aor. I inf. *οἰνοχοήσαι*: (οἰνοχόος):—*to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; γέκταρ ἐπῖνονχέει* *she was pouring out nectar for wine*.

οἰνο-χόη, *ή*, (οἶνος, χέω) *a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups*.

οἰνο-χόος, *ov*, (οἶνος, χέω) *pouring out wine to drink*: as Subst., οἰνοχόος, *δ*, a cup-bearer.

οἰνό-χυτος, *ov*, (οἶνος, χέω) *poured of or with wine; πῶμα οἰνόχυτον* *a draught of wine*.

οἶν-οψ, *отος, δ*, = οἶνοψ, *wine-coloured, wine-dark*. οἶνώω, f. *ώσω*:—Pass., aor. I *πῖνώθην*: pf. *πῖνωμαι*.

Ion. οἶνωμαι: (οἶνος):—*to make drunk with wine*:—Pass. *to get drunk, be drunken*.

οἶνών, *ωνος, δ*, (οἶνος) *a wine-cellar, wine-sbop*.

οἶν-ωπός, *ή, ύν, or ός, ύν*, and οἶν-ώψ, *ώπος, δ, ή, (οἶνος, ώψ) wine-coloured*.

οἶξας, aor. I part. of οἶγγνυμι.

οἶο. Ep. for οὖ, gen. of possess. Pron. *ός, bis, her*.

οἶό-βάτος, *ov*, (οἶος, βαῖνω) *walking alone: lonesome*.

οἶο-βουκόλος, *ov*, (οἶος, βουκόλος) *herdsman of a single cow*.

οἶο-βράτας, *δ*, (οἶος, βράσκα) *one who feeds alone; φρενός οἶοβράτας* *feeding his mind apart, self-willed*.

οἶό-γάμος, *ov*, (οἶος, γαμέω) *married only to one*.

οἶό-ζωνος, *ov*, (οἶος, ζώνη) *with one girdle, i.e. single-banded, alone*.

οἶόθεν, Adv. (οἶος) *from one side alone*, hence generally, *alone*; οἶόθεν οἶος *all alone*.

Οἶ'ΟΜΑΙ Ep. *ότομαι*: impf. *όόμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *ώιέτο*: fut. *οἶήσομαι*: aor. I Ep. *ώισθην* part. *ώισθείς*, Att. *ώήθην* inf. *οἶηθῆναι* part. *οἶηθείς*: Ep. aor. I med. *ώισάμην*, 3 sing. *όισατο* part. *όισάμενος*. The Att. οἶω or *όίω* is also found: Dor. pres. *οἶώ*. The Att. also use a contr. pres. *οἶμαι*, impf. *όίμην*.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to *knowing*, always of the fut.: of good, *to hope, anticipate*; of evil, *to fear*:—often used absol., *αἰεὶ όίεται* *ibou art ever suspecting*; and so in the sense *to deem, believe, expect*; *θυμός όισατό μοι* *my heart foreboded it*: it is also once found impersonal, *όιεται μοι άνά θυμόν* *there comes a boding into my heart*.

2. *to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing*. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, *έν πρώτοιςιν (όίω) κείσεται* among the first (*metbinks*) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. *όίμαι* impf. *όίμην*, *I think, I suppose, I believe*, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, *πώς όίει*; *πώς όίεσθε*; *how think you?*

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the *ι* is long in all tenses, *όίω, όισατο*, etc.: only the act,

pres. *όίω* has sometimes *ι* in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εί, for οἶον *εί*, as if: Dor. οἶον *αί*.

οἶο-νόμος, *ov*, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding alone: lonely*.

οἶο-νόμος, *ov*, (οἶς, νέμω) *feeding sheep*: as Subst. a shepherd.

οἶόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III.

οἶό-ποκος, *ov*, (οἶς, πέκω) *sborn from a sheep*.

οἶοπολλέω, f. *ήσω*, *to roam or baunt alone*. From

οἶο-πόλος, *ov*, (οἶος, πέλωμαι) *being alone: lonely, solitary*.

B. (οἶς, πολλέω) *tending sbcep*.

οἶόρ, Scyth. for *άνήρ*. Hence

οἶόρ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = *άνδροκτόνοι*.

Οἶ'Ος, οἶη, οἶον, *alone, by oneself, lone, lonely*: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., *alone, only*: strengthd., *είς όίος, μία όίη one alone, one only*: also in dual, *δύο όίω*, and in pl., *δύο όίους*.

2. c. gen., *τῶν όίος left alone* by them; *όίος θεών alone of all the gods*; *όίος Άρτεῖδῶν apart from the sons of Atreus*.

II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, *όία* Ion. *όη, όίον, (ός) such as, of such sort, manner or kind as...*, Lat. *qualis*; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος; *όσος όίός τε*, Lat. *qualis quantusque*: c. acc., *όίος άρετήν* *what a man for virtue*: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, *όίος μέτεισι πόλεμόνδε* *how he rushes into war*.

Οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by *δή, όίον* *δή τὸν μῦθον* *έκειπας* *what a word hast thou spoken!*—the neut. οἶον is often used as an Adv., *όίον* *δή νυ θεός βοροῖ* *αἰτιόωνται* *how do men now find fault with gods!*

II. implying a Comparison, the antecd. τοῖος or τοῖόσδε being often omitted; *όίος άσπῆρ* *είσι* *like as a star wanders*; and so as an exclam., *οἶ' άγορεύεις* *what art thou saying!* *οἶά μ' έοργας* *what hast thou done to me!* 2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, *δή* being sometimes added to express certainty; *όίος* *δή, όίον* *δή, such as all know*.

3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses *όίος τε, in some such way as, όίος τε πελώριος έρχεται Άρης* *some such one as Ares*; so, *όίος τις* *the sort of person*. 4. when a Comparison involves Time, *όίος* *ότε* is used, *like as when*.

5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, *οὐδέν όίον άκούειν αύτοῦ τοῦ νόμου* *there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself*:—it adds force to the Superl., *χωρίον όίον χαλεπώτατον*, in full *τοιούτων όίόν* *έστι χωρίον*, ground the most difficult possible.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, *όίος* *έην τελείσαι έργον* *τε* *έπος* *τε* *how able* was he to make good both deed and word; *όίος* *έην βουλευμένον* *ήδὲ μάχεσθαι* *how able* was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense *όίος* *τε* is more usual, *όίος* *τε* *είμυ ποιεῖν* *I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it*: in neut. sing. and pl., *όίόν τέ* *έστι* and *οἶά τέ* *έστι*, it is possible. 2. absol.

in neut., *οἶον τε ἐστὶ* it is possible; *οὐχ οἶον τε ἐστὶ* it is impossible.

IV. *oios* is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, *οἱ ἔργα δράσας οἷα λαγχάνει κατὰ* having done *what* kind of actions, *what* kind of sufferings he receives! *οἷαν ἀνθ' οἷων θυμῶν χάριν* *what* thanks, *for what* offerings!

V. as Adv. in neut. sing. *οἶον*, also in pl. *οἷα*, *δοῶ*; also with Adj. *οἶον ἐρσήεις* *doῶ* fresh.

2. in Comparisons, as, *like as, just as*: *οἶον ὅτε* as *when*.

3. as, *like, for instance*. 4. *about, bard upon*, Lat. *quasi*, *οἶον δέκα σταδίου* about ten stades.

οἶός, δῖός, gen. of *οἷς οἷς*.

οἶό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, φρήν) single in one's opinion: generally, *lonely*.

οἶο-χι(των, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, *lightly clad*.

οἶώ, (οἶος) to leave alone: Pass. *οἰόμαι*, Ep. aor. I *οἰώθην*, to be forsaken.

Οἷς, ὁ and ἡ, gen. *οἷος* acc. *οἷν*; plur., nom. *οἷες* gen. *οἷων*, dat. *οἷσι* Ep. *οἷσσι* shortened *οἷεσι*; acc. *οἷας*; contr. nom. and acc. pl. *οἷς*:—Att. nom. *οἷς* gen. *οἶός*, dat. *οἷ* acc. *οἷν*: pl. nom. *οἷες* gen. *οἷων*, dat. *οἷσι* acc. *οἷας*; nom. and acc. pl. also *οἷς*. Lat. *OVIS*, a *sheep*, whether *ram* or *ewe*; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, *οἷς ἀρνέως* or *ἀρσεν* a *ram*; *οἷς θήλυσ* a *ewe*.

οἷσατο, οἷσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of *οἰομαι*. [Ὶ]

οἷσε -έτω, -ερε, fut. imperat. of *φέρω*.

οἷσμέν, οἷσέμεναι, Ep. for *οἷσειν*, fut. inf. of *φέρω*.

οἷσέμεν, Dor. for *οἷσμεν*, I pl. fut. of *φέρω*.

οἷσθα, ἔθου knowest, 2 sing. of *οἶδα*.

οἷσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of *οἰομαι*.

οἷσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of *φέρω*.

οἷσσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of *φέρω*.

Οἷσιππ, ἡ, the grease in unwashed wool, greasy wool.

οἷσ-πῶτη, ἡ, (οἷς, οἷς, πάτος) the dirt on the binder part of a sheep.

οἷστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *φέρω*, to be borne.

2. neut. *οἷστέον* one must bear.

οἷστυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἷστυτής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἷστυώ)

a *bowman*, an *archer*.

οἷστυώ, f. σω, (οἷστός) to shoot arrows: aor. I

part. *οἷστυσας*. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

οἷστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἷστός, δέχομαι) bold-

ing arrows.

οἷστός, ἡ, ὅν, (οἷσω) that must be borne, endurable.

οἷστός Att. *οἷστός*, οὔ, ὁ, (οἷσω, fut. of *φέρω*) an

arrow, Lat. *sagitta*.

οἷσπρῶν or *οἷσπρέω*: f. ἦσω: aor. I act. *οἷσπρησα*

inf. *οἷσπρήσαι*:—Pass., aor. I *οἷσπρήθη* inf. *οἷσπρη-*

θῆναι: (*οἷσπρος*):—properly of a gadfly, to torment

by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness:

Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run

wild, rage.

οἷσπρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (οἷσπρος, ἡλαίνω) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οἷσπρημα, ατος, τό, (οἷσπρῶν) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving.

οἷσπρo-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (οἷσπρος, βαλεῖν) to strike with a sting, esp. of love.

οἷσπρo-δίνητος, ον, (οἷσπρος, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἷσπρo-δόνητος, ον, and -δονος, ον, (οἷσπρος, δονέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἷσπρo-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἷσπρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

Οἷστρoς, ον, ὁ, the gadfly, breese, Lat. *asilus*, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io.

II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony.

2. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy.

οἷσπρo-φόρος, ον, (οἷσπρος, φέρω) maddening.

Οἷστ'Α, ἡ, a tree of the osier kind. Hence

οἷσπ'νός, ἡ, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work.

οἷσπ'νη, ἡ, = οἷσπ'νη.

οἷσπ'ηρός, ἄ, ὅν, (οἷσπρος) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. *lana succida*.

οἷσπ'ρος, ὁ, (οἷς) = οἷσπ'νη, οἷσπ'νη.

οἷσω Dor. *οἷσῶ*, fut. of *φέρω*, from Root *οἷω;

whence is formed Ep. imperat. *οἷσε*, inf. *οἷσέμεν, οἷσειν*.

Οἷτος, ον, ὁ, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death; *κακὸν οἷτον ἀπόλλυσθαι* to die a sad death.

Οἷτδoυρος, ὁ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἷχoμαι, = οἷχομαι, q. v.

οἷχέω, Ion. impf. *οἷχνεσκον, = οἷχομαι, to go, come*; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

Οἷχoμαι, Dep.: impf. *οἷχόμεν*: fut. *οἷχέσομαι*:

pf. *οἷχημαι* Ion. *οἷχημαι*: also pf. med. *οἷχωκα* Ion.

οἷχωκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. *οἷχώκεε*. The pres. *οἷχέομαι* Ion. *οἷχέομαι* also occurs:

I. of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to *ἦκω* to have come:

c. part., *οἷχεται φεύγων* he has fled and gone;

οἷχεται θανάων he is dead and gone: c. acc. cognato,

δδὸν οἷχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers.

to have escaped from.

2. for *θνήσκει*, to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased: Att. part. *οἷχόμενος* the departed.

3. pf. *οἷχωκα*, like *ἔδωκα*, to be undone, ruined.

II. of things, as of darts, etc., to rush, sweep along.

2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οἷω and *ἔω*, used by Ep. Poets for *οἰομαι*.

*οἷω, see *φέρω*.

οἷώθην, aor. I pass. of *οἶώ*.

οἷωνίζομαι, Att. fut. *οἷομαι*: Dep.: (*οἷωνίς*):—to

take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. *augurium capere*.

II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. *augurari*.

οἷωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οἷωνίζομαι) divination by the

flight or cries of birds, Lat. *augurium*.

οἷωνιστήριον, τό, (οἷωνίζομαι) a place for watching

the flight of birds, Lat. *templum augurale*.

II. the omen or augury itself.

οἰωνιστής, οὐ, δ, (οἰανίζομαι) *one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.*

οἰωνο-θέτης, ον, δ, (οἰανός, τίθημι) *an interpreter of auguries, an augur.*

οἰανό-θροος, ον, (οἰανός, θρόος) *of the cry of birds.*

οἰανο-κτόνος, ον, (οἰανός, κτείνω) *killing birds.*

οἰανό-μαντις, εας, δ, and ή, (οἰανός, μάντις) *an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.*

οἰανο-πόλος, ον, (οἰανός, πολέω) *observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰανοπόλος, δ, an augur.*

οἰανός, οὐ, δ, (οἶος) *a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.* II. *a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, θνητές.* III. *an omen, presage, Lat. auspicius or augurium; εἰς οἰανός ἀριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰανοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.*

οἰανωσκοπέω, f. ήσω, *to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury.* From

οἰανο-σκοπός, ον, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) *watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰανωσκόπος, δ, an augur, soothsayer.*

οἶος, Att. Adv. of olos, olos ἂν οἶος ἔχεις; *being such a man in what a state art thou!*

ὄκα poet. ὄκα, Dor. for ὄτε, *when.*

ὄκε' ἄλλω, aor. I ὄκειλα, inf. ὄκειλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. *trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it.* II. *intr. of the ship, to run aground.*

ὄκη, Ion. for ὄνη.

ὄκα poet. for ὄκα.

ὄκ-κα or ὄκ ια, for ὄτε κεν, like κακ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὄκλαδίας (sub. δίφρος), ον, δ, (ὄκλάω) *a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.*

ὄκλα' ζῶ, f. σω: aor. I ὄκλασα:—*to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.* 2. *to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.* II. c. acc. *to let sink, to bend, lower.*

ὄκνᾶλος, α, ον, (ὄκνος) poet. for ὀκνηρός.

ὀκνέω, poet. for ὀκνέω.

ὀκνέω poet. ὀκνέω: impf. ὀκνεῖον: f. ήσω: (ὄκνος):—*to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.*

ὀκνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄκνος) *shrinking, hesitating, unready.* II. *of things, grievous, troublesome.*

ὄκνος, δ, ἄ, a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

ὀκόθεν, ὀκοῖος, ὀκόσος, ὀκότε, ὀκότερος, ὄκου, Ion. for ὀπόθεν, ὀπόος, etc.

ὀκρίω, (ὀκρις) *to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.*

ὀκρίεις, εσσα, εν, (ὀκρις) *rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.*

ὀκρίωντο, Ep. for ὀκρίωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκρίω.

ὀκρίς, ιος, ή, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, *a jagged point, a crag.* II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ἴδος, δ, ή, *rugged, jagged.*

ὀκρύβεις, εσσα, εν, (κρύβεις, with ο euphon.) = κρυερός, *cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.*

ὀκτά-βλωμος, ον, (ὀκτά, βλωμός) *consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.*

ὀκτᾶ-δάκτυλος, ον, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) *eight-fingered.*

ὀκτᾶ-ήμερος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ήμέρα) *for eight days: on the eighth day.*

ὀκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) *eight times.* [ᾱ]

ὀκτάκις-μύριοι, αι, α, *eighty thousand.*

ὀκτάκις-χιλίοι, αι, α, *eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὀκτακιςχιλίη = ὀκτακιςχιλίοι ἵππεις, '8000 horse.'*

ὀκτά-κνημος, ον, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) *with eight spokes.*

ὀκτάκισιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) *eight hundred.*

ὀκτᾶ-μηνος, ον, (ὀκτώ, μήν) *eight months old, in the eighth month.* [ᾱ]

ὀκτᾶ-πεδος, ον, Dor. for ὀκτάπους.

ὀκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and ὀκταπλάσιων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὀκτώ) *eightfold, Lat. octuplus.*

ὀκτᾶ-πόδης, ον, δ, (ὀκτώ, πούς) *eight feet long.*

ὀκτᾶ-πους, δ, ή, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀκτώ, πούς) *eight-footed.* II. *eight feet long.*

ὀκτάρ-ριζος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρίζα) *with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.*

ὀκτάρ-ρῦμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρυμός) *drawn by eight pairs.*

ὀκτᾶ-τενος, ον, (ὀκτώ, τείνω) *eight-stretched; ἔλικες ὀκτάτενοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.*

ὄκτω, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *eight, Lat. OCTO.*

ὀκτω-δάκτυλος, ον, *with eight fingers.*

ὀκτω-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *eighteen.*

ὀκτωκαιδεκά-δραχμος, ον, (ὀκτωκαιδεκα, δραχμή) *weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.*

ὀκτωκαιδεκάτος, η, ον, *the eighteenth: ὀκτωκαιδεκάτη (sub. ήμέρα), the eighteenth day.*

ὀκτωκαιδεκ-έτης, ον, δ, (ὀκτωκαιδεκα, έτος) *eighteen years old:—fem. ὀκτωκαιδεκ-έτης, ἴδος.*

ὀκχέω, poet. form of ὀχέω, *to bear, convey, carry.*

ὄκχος, δ, poet. form of ὄχος, *a chariot.*

ὄκως, Ion. for ὄπως.

ὄκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

ὄλβιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ὄλβισα:—*Pass., aor. I ὄλβισα: pf. ὄλβισμαι: (ὄλβος):—to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.*

ὄλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, δ and ή, (ὄλβιος, δαίμων) *of blessed lot or fortune.*

ὄλβιό-δωρος, ον, (ὄλβιος, δῶρον) *bestowing bliss, bounteous.*

ὄλβιο-δότης or -δότης, ον, δ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὄλβιος, δίδωμι) *bestower of bliss.*

ὄλβιο-εργός, ὄν, (ὄλβιος, εργον) *making happy.*

ὄλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὄλβιος, μοῖρα) *of happy fate.*

ὀλβιος, *ov*, or *a*, *ov*, (ὀλβος) *happy, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happy, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλβια δοῦναι to bestow *rich gifts*; δῶρα ὀλβια ποιεῖν to make *gifts blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλβια ζῶεν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, formed directly from ὀλβος, as αἰσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αἰσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv. —*τως*.

ὀλβιό-φρων, *ovos, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλβιος.

ὀλβίως, Adv. of ὀλβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλβο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, and ὀλβο-δότης, *ov, ὁ*, fem.

ὀλβο-δότῃρα, (ὀλβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

*ΟΛΒΟΣ, *ov, ὁ*, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλβο-φόρος, *ov*, (ὀλβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέσθαι, Ion. for ὀλέσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὀλεθρος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἦμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

ὀλεθρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρῆσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i. e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; II. like Lat. *perniciēs*, *that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest*.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλεῖται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεκᾶνον, τό, = ὠλεκᾶνον.

*ΟΛΕ'ΚΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκων (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:—Pass. to perish, die.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ῆνω, *ovos, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσί-θηρ, *ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσίμ-βροτος, *ov*, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ov*, *poēt.* ὀλεσιστ-, (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλεσσε, Ep. for ὠλεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσει, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, *ἡ*, fem. of ὀλετήρ, *a murderess*.

ὀλετήρ, *ἦρος, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι) *a destroyer, murderer*.

ὀλέτης, *ιδος, ἡ* = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀληαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλιγάκις, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *but few times, seldom*. [X]

ὀλιγ-άμπελος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, ἄμπελος) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρέω, (ὀλιγανδρος) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, *ἡ*, *fewness of men*.

ὀλιγ-άνδρος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, ἀνὴρ) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of people*. From

ὀλιγ-άνθρωπος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, ἄνθρωπος) *scant of people*.

ὀλιγ-αρχέομαι, Pass. (ὀλίγοι, ἄρχω) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχία, *ἡ*, *an oligarchy, government by a few families or persons*. Hence

ὀλιγαρχικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy*.

ὀλιγ-αῦλαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλίγος, αὔλαξ) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγᾶχθεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *from few parts or places*; c. gen., ὀλιγαχθέντες τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγη-πελῶν, *εουσα*, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελῶν), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγη-πελής, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, πέλωμαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγη-πελία Ion. —*τι, ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγη-ριος, *ov*, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγ-ηροστί, *ἡ*, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσις) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγη-σίπυος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, σίπυς) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλίγιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγό-γονος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, *γίνομαι) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδράνενω, *εουσα*, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδράνενω, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δράνης, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, δραίνω) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδράντια, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-έτης, *ἐς*, (ὀλίγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence ὀλιγοετία, *ἡ*, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγό-ξύλος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγό-πιστος, *ov*, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

*ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, ov*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολὺς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλίγοι, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. c. inf. too few to do a thing.

II. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγῳ. III. special phrases: ὀλίγον δεῖ there wants but little, i. e. almost; c. inf., ὀλίγον ἐδέσσε καταλαβεῖν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλίγου alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλίγον, *at a short distance; or of Time, after a short space, shortly after*:—but δι' ὀλίγον in few words.

3. ἐν ὀλίγῳ, *in a small compass; and of Time, in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλίγου, *almost*. 4. ἐς ὀλίγον, = παρ ὀλίγον. 5. κατ' ὀλίγον by little and little: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὗτοι κατ' ὀλίγους γιγνόμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into small parties. 6. παρ ὀλίγον, *within a little, all but, almost*.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μείων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, as also ἐλάσσων, R 2

is used for the Comp.

2. Sup. ὀλιγιστος, η, ον : ὀλιγίστου, genit. used Adv. (see ὀλίγος III) *very nearly*. ὀλιγοστιχία, ἡ, *the consisting of few lines*. From ὀλιγό-στιχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, στίχος) *consisting of few lines or verses*.

ὀλιγοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλίγος) *one out of a few*, opp. to πολλοστός.

ὀλιγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀλίγος) *fewness, smallness*.

ὀλιγοτροφέω, *to give little nourishment*. From ὀλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (ὀλίγος, τρέφω) *giving little nourishment*.

ὀλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, φίλος) *fewness of friends*.

ὀλιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλίγος, χρόνος) *lasting but little time, of short duration*.

ὀλιγοψυχέω (ὀλιγόψυχος), *to be faint-hearted*.

Hence

ὀλιγοψυχία, ἡ, *faint-heartedness*.

ὀλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ψυχή) *faint-hearted*.

ὀλίγ-ῶλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὀλιγαῖλας.

ὀλιγωρέω, f. ἦσω, (ὀλιγῶρος) *to regard lightly, make small account of*, c. gen. Hence

ὀλιγωρία, ἡ, *a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt*.

ὀλίγ-ῶρος, ον, (ὀλίγος, ὥρα) *little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising; contemptuous*. Hence

ὀλιγῶρος, Adv. *carelessly; ὀλιγῶρος ἔχειν or διακείσθαι to be careless, heedless*. [?]

ὀλίγως, Adv. of ὀλίγος, *a little*.

ὀλισθάνω and later -αῖνω: fut. ὀλισθήσω: aor. I ὤλισθησα: pf. ὤλισθηκα: aor. 2 ὤλισθον, part. ὀλισθών, inf. ὀλισθεῖν: (ὀλισθος):—*to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηὸς ὀλισθάνων having slipped from the ship*.

ὀλισθε, Ep. for ὤλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω.

ὀλισθήεις, εἶσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.

ὀλισθημα, ματος, τό, (ὀλισθεῖν) *a slip, fall*.

ὀλισθηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ὀλισθεῖν) *slippery, sliding*.

ὀλισθο-γνῶμονέω (ὀλισθεῖν, γνῶμη), *to make a slip or error in judgment*.

*ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ὁ, *slipperiness: a slip*.

ὀλκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐλκω, ὀλκή) *a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel*.

ὀλκή, ἡ, (ἐλκω) *a drawing, trailing, dragging*. II. *a being drawn towards a thing, attraction*.

ὀλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλκω) *attractive*.

ὀλκός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐλκω) as an Instrument, *that which draws or hauls; ὀλκοὶ machines for hauling ships on land*.

2. *a strap or trace for drawing*. II. *a track made by drawing, a furrow, track*, Lat. sulcus: *the trail of a serpent*.

III. periphr., ὀλκοὶ δάφνης *drawings of laurel*, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

*ΟΛΑΤΜΙ and ὀλλῶω: impf. ὥλλυν: f. ὀλέσω Ep. ὀλέσσω Ion. ὀλέω Att. ὠλῶ: aor. I ὤλεσα Ep. ὠλέσσα, ὄλεσα: pf. ὀλλέκα:—Med. ὀλλῶμαι, Ion. fut. ὀλέομαι Att. ὀλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὤλομην: pf. 2

ἔλαλα: plqpf. ὥλλειν:—*ὀλλόμενος*, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ὀλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce.

I. Act. *to destroy, make an end of, to*

kill. 2. *to lose*.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. *perdere*.

II. Med. *to perish, come to an end, die*: ὀλοιο, ὀλοιτο, ὀλοισθε, etc., *may 'st thou, may be, may ye perish!*—*to be undone, ruined*.

2. so pf. 2 ὤλωα, I am undone, ruined; οἱ ὤλωλτες *the dead*.

ὀλλῶς, ὕσα, ὄν, pres. part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλμος, ὁ, (εἶλω, Lat. volvo) *a round smooth stone, a roller*. 2. *a mortar*. 3. *a kneading-trough*.

ὀλόεις, εἶσα, εν, = ὀλοός, *destructive*.

ὀλοθρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλοθρεύω) *a destroyer*.

ὀλοθρεύω, f. εῖσω, (ὀλεθρος) *to destroy*.

ὀλοῖος, ον, ποэт. for sq., like ὁμοῖος for ὁμοιος.

ὀλοῖός, ὄν, ποэт. for ὀλοός, *destructive*.

ὀλοῖ-τροχος or ὀλοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, Ep. ὀλοοῖ-τροχος, (prob. from εἶλω volvo, τρύχος) *a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular*.

ὀλοκάντω, f. ἦσω, *to bring a burnt-offering*. From

ὀλό-καντος, ον, (ὀλος, καίω) *burnt whole: as Subst., ὀλόκαντον, τό, a burnt-offering*. Hence

ὀλοκάντω, f. ὥσω, *to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering*. Hence

ὀλοκάντωμα, ατος, τό, *a whole burnt-offering*.

ὀλοκληρία, ἡ, *soundness in all parts*. From

ὀλό-κληρος, ον, (ὀλος, κληρός) *complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer*.

ὀλολύγῃ, ἡ, (ὀλολύζω) *any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation*.

ὀλόλυγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀλολύζω) *a loud cry, usually of joy*.

ὀλολυγμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀλολύζω) *a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy*.

ὀλολυγών, ὄνος, ἡ, *an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog*. From

ὀλολύζω, f. -ύσομαι: aor. ὠλόλυξα:—*to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare*. II.

to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

ὀλόμην, ὄλοντο, Ep. for ὠλ-, aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλοοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, ποэт. form of ὀλοῖτροχος.

ὀλοός ποэт. ὀλοῖός, ὀλοῖός, ἡ, ον, (ὀλλυμι) *destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; ὀλοά φρονεῖν to design ill*:—Comp. and Sup. ὀλοώτερος, ὀλοώτατος.

II. pass. *destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus*.

ὀλό-φρων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλοός, φρήν) *meaning mischief, baleful*. II. *crafty, sagacious*.

ὀλόπτω, f. ψω, *to pull, pluck out: to strip off*. (Akin to λοπός, λέπω.)

*ΟΛΟΣ Ep. οὔλος, ἡ, ον, *whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὅλα one's all*. 2. *entire, utter; ὅλον ἀμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὅλον and τὸ ὅλον altogether*. II. *whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer*.

ὀλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρητος, ον, (ὀλος, σφύρα) *battered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast*.

όλο-σχερής, ές, (όλος, σχερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete, Lat. integer.* 2. *relating to the whole, important, considerable.*

II. Adv. -ρως, *completely, entirely.*

όλο-τελής, ές, (όλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect.*

όλοῦμαι, fut. med. of έλλυμι.

όλο-φυδών, όνος, ή, (όλος, φύω) *a large pimple, pustule.*

όλοφυδνός, ή, όν, (όλοφύρομαι) *lamenting, wailing: —neut. pl. όλοφυδνά, as Adv., miserably.*

όλοφυρμός, οῦ, ό, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From 'ΟΛΟΦΥΡΟΜΑΙ [v], Dep.: f. όλοφύρομαι: aor. 1 ώλοφυράμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. όλοφύραο, όλοφύρατο: aor. 1 part. pass. όλοφυρθείς, in same sense. I. intr. *to lament, wail, moan, weep.* 2. *to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have pity upon.* 3. *to beg with tears and lamentations.* II. c. acc. *to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn.* 2. *to pity.* Hence

όλόφυρσις, ή, *lamentation.*

όλοφώιος, όν, lengthd. for όλοός, ύλοιός, *destructive, deadly; όλοφώια είδώς versed in pernicious arts.*

'ΟΛΠΗ, ή, *a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.*

'ΟΛΠΗΣ, ίος and ίδος, ή, = έλπη.

'Ολυμπία, ή, *Olympia, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of 'Ολύμπιος (sub. γή or χώρα).*

'Ολύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks assembled at Olympia in Elis; 'Ολύμπια νικάω to conquer at the Olympic games: also, 'Ολύμπια άνελάσθαι or άναιρεσκέναι to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.*

'Ολυμπιάζε, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) *to Olympia.*

'Ολυμπιάθεν, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) *from Olympia.*

'Ολυμπιάς, άδος, ή, pecul. fem. of 'Ολύμπιος, *Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess.* 2. 'Ολυμπιάς έλαία the olive-crown of the Olympic games. II. as Subst., 1. *the Olympic games.* 2. *a victory at Olympia (sub. νίκη); 'Ολυμπιάδα άναιρείσθαι, νικάω to gain a victory in the Olympic games.* 3. *an Olympiad, i. e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.*

'Ολυμπιάσι, Adv. ('Ολυμπία, ή) *at Olympia: cf. θύρασι.*

'Ολυμπιάσι [α], dat. pl. of 'Ολυμπιάς.

'Ολυμπίασιον or 'Ολυμπίασιον, τύ, ('Ολύμπιος) *the temple of Olympian Zeus.*

'Ολυμπικός, ή, όν, ('Ολυμπιος) *Olympic; ό 'Ολυμπικός άγών the Olympic games.*

'Ολυμπιο-νίκης, όν, ό, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) *a conqueror in the Olympic games.* [v]

'Ολυμπιό-νικος, όν, ('Ολύμπια, νικάω) *conquering in the Olympic games.*

'Ολύμπιος, όν, ('Ολυμπιος) *Olympian, dwelling on Olympus, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who*

is called also simply 'Ολύμπιος; 'Ολύμπια δώματα the mansions of Olympus.

'Ολυμπόνδε Ep. Οὔλα-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus.*

'Ολυμπος Ep. and Ion. Οὔλυμπος, ό, *Olympus, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.*

'ΟΛΤΝΘΟΣ, ό, *a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig, Lat. grossus.*

'ΟΛΤΡΑ, ή, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρί); used in Egypt for making bread.*

όλωιος, collat. form of όλοός, ύλοιός.

όλωλα, pf. med. of έλλυμι.

όλώλεκα, pf. of έλλυμι.

όλως, Adv. of όλος, *wholly, altogether, on the whole: in sbort, Lat. denique: οὐχ όλως not at all, Lat. omnino non.*

όμά, Adv. Dor. for όμή.

όμαδέω, f. ήσω, (όμαδος) *to make a noise or din.*

όμαδος, ό, (όμός) *a noise, din, made by many voices together.* II. *a tumultuous crowd, throng.* III. *the din of battle, the battle-throng.*

όμαίμιος, όν, *related by blood, kindred.* From

όμ-αίμιος, όν, (όμός, αίμα) *of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat. consanguineus: as Subst., όμαιμιος, ό, ή, a brother or sister.* Hence

όμαιμοσύνη, ή, *relationship by blood.*

όμ-αίμιων, όν, gen. όνος, = όμαιμιος:—Comp. όμαιμονέστερος, *more nearly akin.*

όμαιμχία, ή, *a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league.* From

όμ-αίμιος, όν, (όμός, αίμιος) *fighting together: as Subst., όμαιμιος, ό, an ally.*

όμαλής, ές, (όμαλός) *even, level: τὰ όμαλή level ground.*

όμαλίζω, f. σω, (όμαλός) *to make even or level, to level: to equalise.*

όμαλός, ή, όν, (όμός) *even, level: τὸ όμαλόν level ground.* 2. *of equal, like degree; όμαλός γάμος marriage with one of like degree.* 3. *metaph. middling, average, ordinary.* Hence

όμαλότης, ήτος, ή, *evenness, equality.*

όμαλώς (όμαλός), Adv. *evenly; όμαλώς βαίνειν to march in even line.*

όμ-αρτέω: impf. ώμάρτουν Ion. —εν: f. όμαρτήσω: aor. 1 ώμάρτησα: (όμοι, άρτάω):—*to meet; 1. in hostile sense, to meet in fight:—Med. to attack in fight.* 2. *to walk together, esp. in part., βήσαν όμαρτήσαντες they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany.* 3. *to pursue.*

όμαρτή or όμαρτή, Adv. *together, jointly, another form of άμαρτή, άμαρτή.*

όμάρτη, Dor. for όμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of όμαρτέω.

όμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for όμ-, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of όμαρτέω.

όμαρτήσιεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of όμαρτέω.

δμαρτήτην, Ep. for δμ-, 3 dual impf. of δμαρτέω.
 δμ-ασπισ, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἀσπία) allied in arms :
 as Subst., ὅμασπισ, ὁ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

δμ-αῖλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, αἶλαξ) with adjoining
 furrows or lands.

δμαυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From
 δμ-αυλος, ον, (δμοῦ, αὐλή) living together : hence,
 neighbouring.

δμ-αυλος, ον, (δμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

δμβρέω, f. ἦσω, (δμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to
 rain or shower down upon : to bedew, wet.

δμβρηρός, ὁ, ὅν, (δμβρος) rainy, watery.

δμβριμος, ον, = ὄβριμος.

δμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (δμβρος) rainy : of or be-
 longing to rain, Lat. pluvialis ; ὕδαρ δμβριον rain-
 water.

δμβρο-δόκος, ον, (δμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or re-
 ceiving rain.

δμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (δμβρος, κτύπew) striking with
 rain.

‘‘OMBROS, δ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.
 metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

δμβρο-φόρος, ον, (δμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὑμέται, 3 sing. fut. of δμνυμι.

δμ-έσπιος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

δμ-ενέντις, ον, ὁ, fem. δμενέντις, ἰδος, = δμενος.

δμ-ενος, ον, (δμοῦ, εἰνή) sleeping together : as Subst.,

δμενος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

δμ-έπιος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἐψία) a playmate.

δμη or δμη, Adv. (δμός) poet. for δμοῦ.

δμ-ηγερός, ἐς, (δμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

δμηγυρίζομαι, f. ἰσώμαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-
 gether. From

δμ-ήγυρις Dor. δμάγ-, ἰος, ἡ, (δμός, ἄγυρις) an as-
 sembly, meeting : a throng, company.

δμηλικία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (δμηλιξ) equality of age :—
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =
 δμηλιξ.

δμ-ήλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.
 of young persons : as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,
 playmate. II. of like stature.

δμηρεία, ἡ, (δμηρέω) a giving hostages or securities :
 a security, pledge.

‘Ομήρειος, α, ον, (‘Ομηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

δμηρεῦσαι, Ion. for δμηρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of
 δμηρέω.

δμηρεύω, f. σω, (δμηρος) to be a hostage, serve as a
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,
 pledge or security.

δμηρέω, f. ἦσω, (δμηρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to
 accord, agree.

‘Ομηρίδης, ον, ὁ, mostly in plur. ‘Ομηρίδαι, οἱ, the
 Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his
 poems : generally, the admirers of Homer.

δμ-ηρος, ον, (δμοῦ, ἀραρεῖν) joined together, united,
 wedded. II. as Subst., δμηρος, ὁ, a pledge to
 preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

δμῖλαδόν, Adv. (δμυλος) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-
 matim : in crowds.

δμῖλῶ, f. ἦσω. aor. I δμῖλῃσα : (δμυλος) :—to be
 together or in company with ; μετ’ Ἀχαιοῖς δμῖλεῖν
 to associate with the Achaeans ; ἐνὶ πρωτοῖσιν δμῖ-
 λεῖν to be in company among the foremost ; περὶ νε-
 κρὸν δμῖλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.
 to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to
 meet in battle, encounter : absol. to meet one an-
 other. III. of social intercourse, to hold converse :
 to live familiarly with, associate with : to have deal-
 ings with. 2. absol. to be friends. IV. of
 pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged
 in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be
 at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in : to
 haunt, frequent a spot.

δμῖλῃδόν, Adv. = δμυλαδόν.

δμῖλῃσεν, fut. inf. of δμῖλῶ.

δμῖλῃτής, οὔ, ὁ, (δμῖλῶ) a scholar, bearer.

δμῖλῃτός, ἡ, ὅν, (δμῖλῶ) to be conversed with ; οὐχ
 δμῖλῃτός unapproachable, savage.

δμῖλῖα, ἡ, (δμυλος) a being or living together, inter-
 course, converse, dealings with another ; ἡ ἐμὴ δμῖλῖα
 converse with me ; δμῖλῖα χθονός intercourse with a
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-
 sembly ; ναὺς δμῖλῖα ship-mates.

δμ-ῖλος, ὁ, (δμοῦ, ἱλη) an assembled crowd, a throng
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,
 tumult.

δμῖχῶ, f. ἦσω, = δμίχω.

‘ΟΜΙΨΑΗ Ion. δμίχλη Dor. δμίχλα, ἡ, misty air,
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

δμῖχλῆς Ion. δμῖχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.

‘ΟΜΙΨΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [r]

δμμα, ατος, τό, (δμμαί, pf. pass. of ὀράω) the eye ;
 δμματι λόξῳ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at ; opp.
 to ὀρθοῖς ὅμμασιν ὄραν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὀμμάτων, Lat.
 rectis oculis videre, to look straight at ; κατ’ ὄμμα
 face to face, in full sight ; ὡς ἀπ’ ὀμμάτων to judge
 by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu ; ἐν ὀμμασι, Lat. in oculis,
 before one's eyes ; so also παρ’ ὄμμα, πρὸ ὀμμάτων ;
 ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

δμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon ; so δμμα αἰθέρος, of the
 sun ; generally, light ; δμμα φήμης the light of happy
 tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-
 cious. V. periphr. of the person, δμμα πελείας
 for πελεία, δμμα νύμφας for νύμφα ; cf. κάρα.

Hence

δμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of δμμα, a little eye.

δμμάτο-στερής, ἐς, (δμμα, στερέω) deprived of
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes ; blighting, canker-
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

δμμάτω, f. ὥσω. pf. pass. ὀμμάτωμαι : (δμμα) :—
 to give eyes to :—Pass., φρήν ὀμμάτωμένη a mind

quick of sight.

II. metaph. to make distinct, explain.

*OMNTMI or ὁμνύω, imperat. ὁμνυθί or ὁμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύντων : impf. ὁμνυν or ὁμνονν : fut. ὁμνύμαι, εἰ, εἴται, inf. ὁμνέσθαι, later fut. ὁμύσω : aor. I ὤμοσα Ep. ὅμοσα, ὅμοσσα : pf. ὁμώμοκα : plqpf. ὁμωμόκειν : —Pass., aor. I ὠμόσθην or ὠμύθην : pf. ὁμώμομαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται or ὁμώμοται :—to swear; ὅρκον ὁμώσαι to swear an oath : to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath : foll. by inf. to swear that one will . . : ἦ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὁμώσας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βώμιος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, βοῦμις) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ακτος, δ, ἡ, (ὁμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk : a clansman.

ὁμό-γάμος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γάστρος, ov, (ὁμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, born of the same mother; κασιγνήτος ὁμόγαστρος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, opos, ὁ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, *γένω) of the same family : generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with.

ὁμο-γέρων, onτος, δ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρων) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωστος Att. -γλωττος, ov, (ὁμός, γλῶσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, ov, contr. for ὁμονόγιος, (ὁμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred; ὁμό-γνιοι θεοὶ gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

ὁμογνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be of one mind, to league together : to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, (ὁμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνος.

ὁμό-γονος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμας, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δāμος, Dor. for ὁμόδῆμος.

ὁμο-δέμιος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δέμιον) sharing one's bed.

ὁμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, ov, (ὁμός, δῆμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοξέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From

ὁμό-δοξος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δοῦλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-δρομία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθνής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.

ὁμό-ζυγος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, ζυγῆναι) yoked together : as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμο-ῆθης, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἥθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλιξ, ἡκος, δ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (ὁμός) from the same place, of the same origin : ὁ δόθεν a brother. II. from near at hand, band to band : close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμοθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

ὁμό-θυμος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

ὁμοῖος, Ep. for ὅμοιος. [i Ep.]

ὁμοιο-κατάληκτος, ov, (ὅμοιος, κατάληγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὁμοιοπάθεω, f. ἦσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

ὁμοιο-πάθης, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὁμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὅμοιος, α, ov, Ion. and old Att. ὁμοῖος, η, ov, Att. also os, ov; Ep. ὁμοῖος, ov : (ὁμός) :—like, resembling, Lat. similis : Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τὸν ὁμοῖον ἀγεί θεός ὡς τὸν ὁμοῖον 'birds of a feather flock together;' τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδίδου, Lat. par pari re-

ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par.

4. in unison with, agreeing. 5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν δίδου, ἀποδίδου, to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ ὁμοίᾳ on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι to hold a thing in like esteem.

II. of the same rank or station : οἱ ὅμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges : peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit. :—also followed by a Relat., ὅμοιος ὥσπερ . . , like as . . ; ὅμοιος καὶ . . , Lat. aequē ac . . , like as . . ; cf. ὁμοίως.

ὁμοιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅμοιος) likeness, similitude.

ὁμοιό-τροπος, ov, (ὅμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

ὁμοιώω, f. ὥσω : aor. I ὁμοίωσα :—Pass. and Med., ὁμοίωσμαι and -ωθήσμαι (in same sense) : aor. I ὁμοιώθην : (ὅμοιος) :—to make like, assimilate : esp. to liken, compare :—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθήμεναι ἄνθρωπον to be made like before one.

II. Med. to make a like return. Hence

ὁμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for ὁμοιωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμοιάω.

ὁμοίωμα, atos, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of ὅμοιος, in like manner, like, alike : the neuters ὅμοιον and ὅμοια, Ion. ὁμοῖον, ὁμοῖα, were also common as Adv. :—ὁμοίως ὡς . . , like as . . ; so, ὁμοίως καὶ . . , Lat. aequē ac . . , perinde ac . . ; ὁμοιον ὥστε . . , like as ; ὅμοια τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

ὁμοίωσις, ἡ, (ὁμοίω) *a making like, likening.* II. *a becoming like.* 2. *a likeness, image.*

ὁμό-κλαρος, Dor. for **ὁμόκληρος**.

ὁμο-κλέω, 3 sing. impf. **ὁμόκλει**, = **ὁμοκλέω**.

ὁμοκλέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I **ὁμόκλησα**, Ion. 3 sing. **ὁμοκλήσασκε**:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

ὁμο-κλή, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) *a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.*

ὁμό-κληρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλήρος) *having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., δμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.*

ὁμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of **ὁμοκλέω**.

ὁμοκλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) *one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.*

ὁμό-κλινος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλίνη) *reclining on the same couch at table.*

ὁμό-λεκτρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) *sharing the same bed.*

ὁμολογέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I **ὁμολόγησα**: pf. **ὁμολόγηκα**:—Pass., aor. I **ὁμολογήθην**: pf. **ὁμολόγημαι**: (ὁμόλογος):—to speak together, to speak one language. 2. to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with. 3. to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπὶ τισι on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant you. 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affinity to. II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act. III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὁμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

ὁμολόγημα, ματος, τό, *a thing agreed on, a postulate; and*

ὁμολογία, ἡ, *agreement.* 2. *an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender.* 3. *an assent, admission, confession.*

ὁμό-λογος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) *assenting, agreeing, admitting.* 2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γως, *confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμολογούμενος, Adv. pres. part. pass. of **ὁμολογέω**, *agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμο-μαστιγίας, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μαστίξ) *one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.*

ὁμο-μήτριος, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) *born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.*

ὁμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) *companion in death.*

ὁμονόεω, f. ἥσω, (ὁμόνοος) *to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common.* Hence

ὁμονοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, *conducting to agreement.*

ὁμόνοια, ἡ, *sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia.* From

ὁμό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) *of one*

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors. Adv., **ὁμονόως**, *unanimously.*

ὁμο-πάθος, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) *having the same passions.*

ὁμο-πάτριος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) *by the same father.*

ὁμο-πλεκής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέω) *inter-laced.*

ὁμό-πλος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πλός) *sailing together or in company.*

ὁμό-πολις poet. **ὁμόπολις**, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) *from the same city or state.*

ὁμό-πτερος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρω) *with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; vases ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.*

ὁμό-πολις, poet. for **ὁμόπολις**.

ὁμορράζω, = **ὁμόρρυνμι**, to wipe off.

ὁμόρρυνμι, Ep. for **ὠμέρρυνμι**, 3 sing. impf. of **ὠμόρρυνμι**, fut. **ὠμέρρω**:—Med., aor. I **ὠμορράμην**:—to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὠμορράσθαι to dry one's tears.

ὁμορξαμενος, aor. I part. med. of **ὠμόρρυνμι**.

ὁμορέω Ion. **ὁμορεύω**, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From

ὠμο-ρος Ion. **ὠμορος**, ον, (ὠμοῦ, ὄρος) *having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ὠμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὠμορον neighbourhood.*

ὁμορροθῶ, f. ἥσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

ὁμορρόθιος, ον, *rowing or swimming together.* From **ὁμόρ-ροθος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ῥοθῶ) *rowing together: generally, acting together.*

ὠμόρρυνμι, ἡ, ὄν, *one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis.* (Akin to **ἄμα**: hence **ὁμοιος**, ὁμοῖα, ὁμοια, ὁμοῖ, ὁμῆ, ὁμήθεν, ὁμοσε.)

ὁμόσαι, **ὁμόσας**, aor. I inf. and part. of **ὁμναι**.

ὁμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) *to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε λέναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε λέναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.*

ὁμο-σθενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) *of equal might.*

ὁμοστέω, f. ἥσω, *to eat or live together with.* From **ὁμό-στος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σίτος) *eating together.*

ὁμό-σκενος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκενή) *arrayed in the same way.*

ὁμοσκηνία, ἡ, *a living in the same tent.* From **ὁμό-σκηνος**, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) *living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.*

ὁμο-σκηνώ, f. ὠσω, *to live in the same tent with.*

ὁμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνον) *from the same womb, of the same mother.*

ὁμό-σπονδος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) *sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.*

ὁμό-στορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στείρω) *sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.*

ὁμόσσαι, **ὁμόστας**, Ep. for **ὁμόσα**, **ὁμόσας**.

ὁμο-στέχω, (ὁμοῦ, στείχω) *to walk together with.*

ὁμό-στολος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) *sent together with,*

in company with.

II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) clad alike :

ὁμό-τάφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) buried together.

ὁμό-τεχνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) practising the same craft : as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, *ὁ*, a fellow-workman.

ὁμό-τιμος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) equally honoured, held in equal honour : of ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τοίχος) having one common wall, separated by a party wall : metaph. hardly different from.

ὁμο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) sitting or eating at the same table with.

ὁμό-τροπος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) of the same habits : ὁμότροπα ἦθεα like habits :—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, *ὁ*, a comparison.

ὁμό-τροφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) brought up or bred together with ; ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία beasts brought up with men.

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), together, of Place :—also together, at once ; γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον earth and sea together. 2. together with, along with ; c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκέουσι with or among the dead. 3. near, hard by : nearly, almost. 4.

ὁμοῦ καί, in like manner as, just like as, Lat. *aeque ac*.

ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμοῦρέω, ὁμοῦρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὁμορος.

ὁμό-φοιτος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φοιτῶ) going together with : as Subst., ὁμόφοιτος, *ὁ*, a companion.

ὁμοφρονέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ὁμόφρων) to be of one mind with ; πολέμος ὁμοφρονέω a war resolved on unanimously.

ὁμοφροσύνη, *ἡ*, a being of the same mind, unity. From ὁμό-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.

ὁμο-φυῆς, *ἑς*, (ὁμοῦ, φυή) of the same age or nature. ὁμό-φύλος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) of the same race or people : as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, *οἱ*, men of the same race : τὸ ὁμόφυλον sameness of race.

ὁμοφωνέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to speak the same language with. 2. to chime in with. From

ὁμό-φωνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) speaking the same language with. 2. agreeing in tone, in unison with.

ὁμο-χρῶς, *ἡ*, (ὁμοῦ, χρῶς) sameness of colour. II. smoothness of surface : the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to keep time with. From ὁμόχρονος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) of the same time with.

ὁμό-χρους, *ον*, contr. -χρους, *ονν*, (ὁμοῦ, χροιά) of the same colour.

ὁμό-ψηφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ψήφος) voting with. II. having an equal right to vote with.

ὁμός, *φ. ὠσω*, (ὁμός) to join together, unite :—Pass., aor. I ὠμάθην, to be united.

*ΟΜΙΝΗ, *ἡ*, corn, food.

ὁμπνιακός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, = ὁμπνιος.

ὁμπνιος, *α*, *ον*, (ὁμπνη) of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large :—Ομπνιά [ᾶ], *ἡ*, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ὁμφάκας, *ον*, *ᾶ*, (ὁμφαξ) wine made from unripe grapes. II. metaph. as masc. Adj. *barsh, austere, bitter, crabbed.*

ὁμφάκο-ράξ, *ᾶτος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (ὁμφαξ, ῥάξ) with sour or unripe grapes.

ὁμφάλιος, *ον*, (ὁμφαλός) belonging to the navel : as Subst., ὁμφάλιον, τό, = ὄμφαλος. 2. having a boss, like a boss.

ὁμφάλλεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ὁμφαλός) having a navel or boss ; ἀσπίς ὁμφαλλέσσα a shield with a central boss.

*ΟΜΦΑΛΟΣ, *οῦ*, *ὁ*, the navel, Lat. *umbilicus*. II. anything like a navel : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. *umbo*. 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3.

the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὁμφαλὸς θαλάσσης, the navel or centre of the sea ; and Delphi was called ὁμφαλός as the navel or centre of Earth.

*ΟΜΦΑΞ, *ἄκος*, *ἡ*, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὁμφή, *ἡ*, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή : a prophecy, oracle, warning voice : any token conveying divine intimation : later, *tuneful voice, melody*. II. *fame, report* ; σὴ ὁμφή the report about thee.

ὁμωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμῶ.

ὁμ-ᾶλαξ, *ἄκος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, = ὁμαῦλαξ.

ὁμώμοκα, pf. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμώμοσμα, 3 sing. ὁμώμοται, pf. pass. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμ-ωνύμιος, *α*, *ον*, and ὁμ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὁμός, ὄνομα) having the same name :—as Subst., ὁμώνυμος, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, a namesake. II. *ambiguous, equivocal*.

ὁμ-ωρόφιος, *ον*, and ὁμ-ώροφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ὀροφή) living under the same roof with.

ὁμῶς, Adv. of ὁμός, equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. *pariter*. 2. like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike. II. c. dat. like as, equally with, Lat. *pariter ac* ; ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς Ἀἰδαο πύλῃσι hated like the gates of Hell.

ὄμως, Conj. (ὁμός) nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. *tamen* ; ὄμως μὴν or μέντοι but still, for all that :—ὄμως is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. *quavis*, κλῦθί μου νοσῶν ὄμως hear me although thou art diseased.

ὁμ-ωχέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὁμός, ἔχω) biding or dwelling together ; θεοὶ ὁμωχέται gods worshipped in the same temple.

ὄν-ᾶγός, *ὁ*, Dor. and Att. for ὄνηγός.

ὄν-αγρος, *ὁ*, (ὄνος, ἄγριος) the wild ass.

ὄναμην, ὄνατο, ὄναίτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ὄνινημι.

*ΟΝΑΨ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὕπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and ὄνειρον being used in the other cases) :—

proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκίας ὄναρ the dream of a shadow. II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep ; οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream : often opp. to ὕπαρ, ὄναρ ἡ ὕπαρ ἦν to live in a dream or awake.

ὄντριον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a young ass.

poised, of a delicate balance; *easily swayed*: metaph. *easily roused* or *led on*, Lat. *propensus*.

ΟΞΥΣ, *δέξια* Ion. *δέξα*, *δξύ*, sharp, keen, pointed; λίθος *δξύς* a sharpened stone for a knife; ἐς *δξύ* ἀπυγμένον brought to a point; τὸ *δξύ* the sharp point or vertex of a triangle. II. of impressions on the senses, sharp, keen, piercing; of the sun, like *rapidus sol* in Virgil, dazzling. 2. of sight, keen, piercing; *δξύτατον δέκασθαι* to be most keen of sight; *δξύ* ἀκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, sharp, shrill, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, sharp, pungent. 5. of pain or grief, sharp, piercing. III. quick, sharp, keen, hasty, esp. quick to anger. IV. of motion, quick, swift.—Besides Adv. *δέξως*, the neut. *δξύ*, and pl. *δέξα*, are often used as Adv. sharply, etc.

δξύ-στομος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, στόμα) sharp-toothed; of the gad-fly, sharp-stinging; of a sword, keen-edged. δξύ-τελής, *ἐς*, (*δξύς*, τέλειω) = *δέξινος*. δξύτης, *ητος*, *ή*, (*δξύς*) sharpness, pointedness. II. of sound, bigness of pitch or tone. 2. of taste, pungency. III. metaph. sharpness, cleverness. 2. of action, quickness, haste.

δξύ-τόμος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, τεμείν) sharp-cutting, keen. δξύ-τονος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, τόνος) stretched to a point: sharp, piercing: violent. II. having the acute accent, i. e. accent on the last syllable, oxytone.

δξύ-τόπος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, τείρω) piercing, pointed, prickly. δξύ-φθογγος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, φθόγγος) = *δέξυφανος*.

δξύ-φρων, *ονος*, *δ*, *ή*, (*δξύς*, φρήν) sharp-witted. δξύ-φωνος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, φωνή) with clear, shrill voice. δξύ-χειρ, *χειρος*, *δ*, *ή*, (*δξύς*, χεῖρ) quick of hand. 2. δξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of quick-beating with the hands.

δξύ-χολος, *ον*, (*δξύς*, χόλος) quick to anger. δξύ-ωπής, *ἐς*, (*δξύς*, ὤψ) sharp-sighted.

δου, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of ὅς or ὅ.

δπα, Dor. for ὅπα.

δπαδῶ, δπαδός, Dor. for δπηδῶ: δπηδός, an attendant.

ΟΠΑΖΩ, f. δπάσω Ep. δπάσσω: aor. I ὤπασα Ep. ὤπασσα.—Med., Ep. fut. δπάσσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὤπασαμι:—to make to follow, give as a companion or follower; πολλὸν λαὸν δπάζειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. make him leader over many:—Med. to make another follow one, take as a companion or follower. II. of things, κῦδος δπάζειν τινί to give him glory to follow:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀσπίδι δπάζειν to put a work of art on the shield. III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χειμάρρους δπαζόμενος διὰς ὄμβρου a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

δπαῖος, *α*, *ον*, (δπή) with a hole or opening: as Subst., ὀπαῖον, τό, a hole in the roof.

δπανίκα, Dor. for δπηνίκα.

δπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of δπάω.

δπάσσε, δπάσσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med. of δπάω.

δπάσσει, Ep. for δπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of δπάω.

δ-πατρος, *ον*, for δμῶ-πατρος, (ὁμός, πατήρ) by the same father.

δπάων [ᾶ], *ονος*, Ion. δπέων, -ἔανος, *δ*, (δπάω) like δπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

ΟΠΕΑΣ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. subula: Aeol. ὕπεας, which is the usual form.

δπερ, Ep. for ὅπερ.

δπέων, *ανος*, *δ*, Ion. for δπάων.

ΟΠΗ, *ης*, *ή*, an opening, bole: a hole in the roof, for a chimney.

δπη Ep. δπηγη Dor. δπᾶ Ion. δκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. qua, and so where, like ὅπου, Lat. ubi: also like ὅποι, whither, Lat. quo. 2. c. gen., δπη γᾶς, Lat. quo terrarum? to which part of the land? also like Lat. ubi terrarum? where? II. of Manner, in what way? how?

δπηδῶ, Dor. δπαδῶ, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From

δπηδός, *όν*, Dor. δπαδός, (δπάω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. δπηδός, *δ*, an attendant.

δπηνίκα, Adv. when, at what time. II. since, Lat. quoniam.

δπίας, *ον*, *δ*, (δπός) cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (δπός): in full τυρός δπίας.

δπίσσομαι, f. -ίσσομαι: Dep.: (δπισ):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey.

δπίθε and δπίθεν, Adv., poet. for δπισθε, δπισθεν. δπίθου-βροτος, *ον*, poet. for δπισθόμβροτος, (δπίθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; δπισθόμβροτον αὐχμημα the glory that lives after men.

Οπικοί, *οί*, the Opicans, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. Οπικός, *ή*, *όν*, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

δπιπτεύω, f. σω, (*ἵπτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

δπίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, acc. δπιν or δπίδα, (δψ) regard paid to a person or thing; 1. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; δπὶς θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. reverentia.

δπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for δπισθε.

δπισθε, and before a vowel δπισθεν, Ep. δπίθε, δπίθεν: (δπισ): Lat. pone: 1. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; οἱ δπισθε those left behind; οἱ δπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ δπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; εἰς τοῦτι-σθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., behind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

δπισθίος, *α*, *ον*, also ὅς, *ον*, (δπισθε) binder, Lat. pasticus: δπ. σκέλεα the bind-legs.

δπισθο-βάμων, *ον*, gen. *ανος*, (δπισθε, βαῖνω) walking backwards. [a]

δπισθό-γράφος, *ον*, (δπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

ὀπισθό-δετος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, δέω) *bound behind or backwards*.

ὀπισθό-δομος, *ὸ*, (ὀπισθε, δῶμος) *the back chamber of a temple*: at Athens *the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury*.

ὀπισθο-νόμος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, νέμω) *grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards*.

ὀπισθο-νύγης, *ἐς*, (ὀπισθε, νυγῆναι) *pricking from behind*.

ὀπισθο-πους, *ὸ*, *ή*, *πουν*, τό, *gen. ποδος*, (ὀπισθε, πούς) *walking behind, following, attendant*.

ὀπισθοφύλακός, *ῃ*, *ήσω*, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) *to guard the rear, form the rear-guard*. II. *to command the rear-guard*. Hence

ὀπισθοφύλακία, *ή*, *the command of the rear*.

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *ὸ*, *ή*, (ὀπισθε, φύλαξ) *one who watches behind*: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες *the rear-guard of an army*.

ὀπίσσω, *Adv.*, *Ep.* for ὀπίσω.

ὀπίστατος, *η*, *ον*, (ὀπισθε) *bindmost*, *Lat. postremus*.

ὀπίσω *Ep.* ὀπίσσω, *Adv.* (ὀπισ) of Place, *behind, backwards*: τὸ ὀπίω, *contr. τούπισω*, also *eis τούπισω, backwards*. 2. as *Prep.* with *gen.* *after, behind*. II. of Time, *afterwards, hereafter*. III. *over again, again*. [Υ]

ὀπλᾶς, *Dor.* for ὀπλῆς, *gen.* of ὀπλή.

ὀπλέω, (ὅπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίζω, *to make ready*.

ὀπλή, *ή*, (ὅπλον) *a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse*: but also *the cloven hoof of horned cattle*.

ὀπλήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ὅπλον) *armed*.

"Οπλητες, *οἱ*,=ὀπλῖται, *name of one of the four old tribes at Athens*.

ὀπλίζω, *ῃ*, *ήσω* *Att.* ὠ: *aor.* ὤπισσα *Ep.* ὤπισσα:—*Med.*, *Ep.* *aor.* ἰ ὤπισσάμην:—*Pass.*, *aor.* ἰ ὤπλισθην, *Ep.* 3 pl. ὤπλισθεν: *pf.* ὤπλισμαι:—*to make or get ready*: of meats, *to dress*: so in *Med.*, δόρπον ὀπλίζεσθαι *to prepare one a meal*: of horses, *to get ready, harness*: of soldiers, *to equip, arm, harness*: also, *to train, exercise*. 2. *to arm as ὀπλῖται*. II. *Pass.* *to get ready, be ready*: *to arm, prepare for battle*. Hence

ὀπλῖς, *ή*, *a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming*.

ὀπλισμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὀπλίζω) *equipment, armour*. II. *an army, armament*.

ὀπλισμός, *ὸ*, (ὀπλίζω)=ὀπλῖς.

ὀπλιστέον, *verb. Adj.* of ὀπλίζω, *one must arm*.

ὀπλιστής, *οὔ*, *ὸ*, (ὀπλίζω) *of a warrior*.

ὀπλῖ-ἄγωγός, *όν*, (ὀπλητης, ἄγω) *commanding the heavy-armed*.

ὀπλῖτεύω, *ῃ*, *σώ*, *to be an ὀπλητης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier*. From

ὀπλῖτης [ῖ], *ον*, *ὸ*, (ὅπλον II. 2) *heavy-armed, armed in full armour*: ὀπλῖτης στρατός *an armed host*. II. as *Subst.*, ὀπλῖτης, *ον*, *ὸ*, *a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (ὅπλον)*,

a man-at-arms: *opp.* *to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνῆτες, γυμνῆται*. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, *ή*, *όν*, *of or for a heavy-armed soldier*: τὸ ὀπλικόν,=οἱ ὀπλῖται.

ὀπλομαι, *Med.* (ὅπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίζομαι, *to get ready for oneself*.

ὀπλομᾶνέω, *ῃ*, *ήσω*, *to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war*. From

ὀπλο-μᾶνής, *ἐς*, (ὅπλον, μανῆναι) *madly fond of arms*.

ὀπλομάχια, *ή*, *the art of using heavy arms*: generally, *the art of war, tactics*. From

ὀπλο-μάχος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) *fighting in heavy arms*. II. *one who drills soldiers*.

"ΟΠΛΟΝ, τό, *any tool or implement*: I. a

ship's *tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords*: ὅπλα χαλκήμα *a blacksmith's tools*: ἀρούρης ὅπλον *a sickle*: ὅπλον γεροντικόν *a staff*. II. mostly in plur.

implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, *harness, armour*: rarely in sing. *a weapon*: ἐν ὅπλοις μένειν *to remain under arms*. 2. in sing. mostly *the heavy shield* used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλῖται. 3. τὰ ὅπλα,=ὀπλῖται, *heavy-armed soldiers*. 4. τὰ ὅπλα also, *the camp, quarters*.

ὀπλότερος, *α*, *ον*, and ὀπλότατος, *η*, *ον*, *Comp.* and *Sup.* without any *Posit.* in use: *poët.* for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὅπλα):—*those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service*, *opp.* *to the old men and children*:—*then, generally, of age*, ὀπλότερος γενεῇ *younger by birth*, *Lat. minor natu*:—also, *ἀνδρες ὀπλότεροι* *men of later days*.

ὀπλοφορέω, *ῃ*, *ήσω*, *to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier*:—*Pass.* *to have a body-guard*. From

ὀπλο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, φέρω) *bearing arms, armed*: as *Subst.*, ὀπλοφόρος, *ὸ*, *an armed man, a warrior*. II. *one of the body-guard*.

ὀποδᾶπός, *ή*, *όν*, (ποδαπός) *relat. Adj.* *what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. cujus*.

ὀπόθεν *Ep.* ὀπόθεν *Ion.* δέκθεν, *relat. Adv.* *whence, from what place*.

ὀπόθι *Ep.* ὀπόθι, *relat. Adv.* (πόθι) *where*.

ὅποι *Ion.* ὅκοι, *relat. Adv.* of Place, *whither, thither where*: ὅποι ποτέ *whithersoever*: μέχρι ὅποι *up to what place, how far*. 2. *c. gen.*, ὅποι γῆς *whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum*. II. of Manner, for ὅπως, *how, how far*.

ὀποιός, *α*, *ον*, *Ep.* ὀποῖός, *η*, *ον*, *Ion.* ὀκοῖός, *η*, *ον*: (ποιός) *relat. Adj.* of *what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis*. II. the *correlat.* of ὀποιός is τοῖός: τοῖός .. ὀποιός *such as*: ὀποῖόν κ' εἰρησθα ἔπος, τοῖόν κ' ἐπακούσας *such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again*. III. ὀποιός τις refers to a special subject: ὀποιός τις ἡ *what manner of man* was he. IV. ὀποιός οὖν of *what kind soever, Lat. qualiscunque*. V. *Adv.* ὀποῖως: also in neut. pl. ὀποῖα, *like as, Lat. qualiter*.

'ΟΠΟ΄Σ, *οὔ*, *ὸ*, *juice, esp. of trees or*

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., ὀπός ἡβης the juicy freshness of youth.

ὀπός, gen. of ὄψ.

ὀποσάκις, Adv. (ὀπόσος) as many times as . . . as often as . . . [ἀ]

ὀποσάχῃ, Adv. (ὀπόσος) at as many places as . . .

ὀπόσος Ep. ὀππόσος, Adv., poet. for ὄποι, whitber.

ὀπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὀππόσος, ὀπόσος, ὀππόσος Ion. ὀκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as . . . Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as . . . Lat. quantus.

ὀπότ-ἄν Ep. ὀππότ-ἄν, for ὀπότ' ἄν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὀπότε Ep. ὀπότε Ion. ὀκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὀπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὀπότερος, η, ον: (πότερος):—which of two, whitber of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὀπότερο-σούν and ὀπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. uterque, uterlibet, uterqueque. 3. neut. ὀπότερον and ὀπότερα as Adv., for ὀπότερος, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὀπότερωθε, -ωθεν Ep. ὀποτ-, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain.

ὀπότερος, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways.

ὀπότερωσε, relat. Adv. (ὀπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὄπου Ion. ὄκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2. also c. gen., ὄπου γῆς where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum. 3. ἔσθ' ὄπου there are places, where . . . i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi . . . for alicubi.

4. ὄπου ἄν or ὀπουπερ ἄν, wherever:—ὀπουοῦν, ὀπουδῇ, ὀπουδήποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque. II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when. III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. *ὄπος.)

ὄππα, Adv. poet. for ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη.

ὄππατα, Dor. for ὄμματα.

ὄπη, Adv., Ep. for ὄπη.

ὄπποθεν, ὄπποθι, Ep. for ὄποθεν, ὄποθι.

ὄπποῖος, ὄππόσε, Ep. for ὄποῖος, ὄπόσε.

ὄπποκά, Dor. for ὄπότε.

ὄππόσος, η, ον, Ep. for ὄπόσος.

ὄππόταν, ὄππότ' ἄν, Ep. for ὄπόταν, ὄπότ' ἄν.

ὄππότε, Ep. for ὄπότε.

ὄππότερος, ὄπποτέρωθεν, Ep. for ὄποτ-.

ὄππως, Ep. for ὄπως.

ὄππαλιός, α, ον, (ὄππᾶν) roasted: also baked.

ὄππᾶνιον, τό, (ὄππᾶν) a kitchen.

ὄππᾶσῃ, ἡ, (ὄψομαι) a sight, a vision.

ὄππᾶσῃ, impf. ὄππᾶσῃ: f. ὄππᾶσῃ:—Pass., aor. ἔππᾶσῃ: pf. ὄππᾶσῃ:—to roast or broil meat; to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, harden by

exposure to the sun.

4. metaph. of love, to scorch, burn.

ὄππεύμενος, Dor. for ὄππᾶμενος, pres. pass. part. ὄππᾶν.

ὄππεύω, = ὄρᾶν, to see.

ὄππῆρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὄππῆριος, α, ον, (ὄψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὄππῆρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὄππῆλος [ῥ], ὄ, (ὄψομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὄππῆλλος.

*ὄππομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὄρᾶν are formed: see ὄρᾶν.

ὄππός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄππᾶν) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὄππᾶ boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὄππῆρ Att. ὄππῆρ, f. ὄππῆρ [ῥ]: I. Act. of the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὄππῆρες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡ-θεοί).

II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὄππῶπα, Ion. pf. med. of ὄρᾶν: Dor. 3. sing. ὄππῶπη, ἡ, (ὄππᾶν) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision.

II. sight, power of seeing.

ὄππῶπηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄππᾶν) a spy, looker out.

ὄππῶρα Ion. ὄππῶρη, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season.

II. from being the fruit-time, ὄππῶρα also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὄππῶρῃντες, Ion. for ὄππῶρῃντες, part. Att. fut. of ὄππῶρῃν.

ὄππῶρῃν, f. ὄππῶρῃν Att. ὄππῶρῃν, (ὄππᾶν) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὄππῶρῃνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄππᾶν) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστὴρ ὄππῶρῃνός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὄππᾶ. [i is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὄππῶροφῶρῃ, f. ὄππῶρῃ, to bear fruit. From ὄππῶρο-φῶρος, ὄν, (ὄππᾶν 11, φέρω) bearing fruit.

ὄππῶς Ep. ὄππῶς Ion. ὄππῶς:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2. sometimes put for ὅλος, as, τοῖόν με ἔθηκεν, ὄππῶς ἐθέλει, for ὅλον ἐθέλει, he has made me such as he wills.

3. ὄππῶς ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot.

4. c. gen., σοῦσθε ὄππῶς ποδῶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for feet, i. e. as quick as you can.

5. ὄππῶσθι, ὄππῶσθιν, ὄππῶσθι ποτοῦν, ὄππῶσθι πῶν, bousnever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὄππῶσθι πῶν, not in any way whatever, not in the least.

6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄππῶς it is not (i. e. cannot be) that . . .; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὄππῶς οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin . . ., it cannot but be that . . . II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τῶς ἐπῆγγλῃσαν, ὄππῶς ἴδον ἀλόλον ὄππῶν the Trojans shuddered when they saw.

III. like ὡς and ὅτι, Lat. quoniam, with Sup.

of Adv. ὅπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerrime*; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that, Lat. quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteceded. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὅρᾳ ὅπως γένηται he is looking *that* he may be; πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἵκηται keep trying *that* thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὅρα, ὁρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὅπως τοῦτό γε μὴ ποιήσῃς, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε see *that* ye be men! II. by the Optat., if the anteceded. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὅπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done. III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθακῆς ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεῖ σ' ὅπως δειφέας.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλὰ or ἀλλὰ καὶ . . . not only not so, but . . ., οὐχ ὅπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τούτων πολιτεύεις you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὅπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all. V. ὅπως μή, = the Conjunction μή: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

δράας, Ep. for δρᾶς, 2 sing. of δρᾶν. δρᾶμα, τό, (δρᾶν) *that which is seen, a view, sight*. δραμνος, δ, later form of δρούδαμος. δρᾶσις, τως, ἡ, (δρᾶν) *seeing, the sense of sight*. δρᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρᾶν) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ δρᾶτά *visible objects*.

'ΟΡΑ'Ω, impf. Att. ἔωρον: Ion. δρέω impf. ὤρεον: Ep. also δρόω: pf. ἑώρακα later ἑώρακα, pass. ἑώραμαι later ἑώραμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΙΠΤ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὄψομαι, with a rare aor. 1 ὤψαμην: Pass., fut. ὀψήσομαι: aor. 1 ὤψην inf. ὀψήσθαι: pf. ὤψμαι, ὤψαι, ὤπται, inf. ὤφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὤπασα, plqpf. ὤπασκων from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ inf. εἶδον, inf. εἶδον: aor. 2 med. εἶδον, inf. εἶδον: pf. with pres. sense εἶδα, εἶσθα, I know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see εἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *he kept looking* continually at them. 2. to have sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μὴ ὄραν to be blind; δο' ἂν λέγοιμι, πᾶνθ' ὄρᾶντα λέξομαι my words shall have eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότῳ ὀφθαλμοί may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be blind. 3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, ὄραν ἀλκῶν to look prowess, look like a warrior. 5. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὄραν φάος Ἡελίου (Hom.), and φᾶς ὄραν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive. II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὤφθημεν ὥστε δόλοιο we were

seen to be wretched: τὰ δρώμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

δργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ὄργασα: pf. pass. ὄργασμαι: (δργᾶν):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. *subigo*.

δργαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. 1 ὄργᾶνα: (δργῆ):—to make angry, enrage. II. intr. to grow or be angry.

δργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὄργᾶνον, a small tool or instrument.

δργᾶνον, τό, (ἐργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαῖνεα Ἀμφιονος ὄργανα, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV. the work, product itself.

δργᾶνος, ἡ, ον, (*ἐργω) working, fashioning. δργᾶς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (δργᾶν) a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow.

δργᾶν, (δργῆ) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., δργᾶ ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

δργῶν, ανος, Ep. δργείων, ονος, δ, (δργια) a priest. δργή, ἡ, (δρέγω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., δργαῖ ἀστυνόμοι social dispositions. II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; δργῆ χράσθαι to indulge one's anger; δργῆν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: δργῆ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' δργῆς, κατ' δργῆν, μετ' δργῆς, πρὸς δργῆν. 2. Πανδὸς δργαῖ panic passions, terrors.

δργῖα, ἰων, τά, (ἐργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacrifice. 2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

δργιᾶζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

δργίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: aor. 1 ὄργισα: (δργῆ):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὀργιούμαι, but also pass. ὀργισθήσομαι: aor. 1 ὀργίσθην: pf. ὀργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

δργίλος [ῖ], ἡ, ον, (δργῆ) prone to anger, passionate. δργιο-φάντης, ον, δ, (δργια, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

δργυῖα or δργυῖα, ἡ, (formed from δρέγω, as ἀγυῖα from ἄγω) the length of the outstretched arms. 2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 δργυῖα make one stadium. Hence

δργυῖαιος, α, ον, a fathom long or large. δρεγμα, ατος, τό, (δρέγω) a stretching out: a bolding out, offering.

δρέγγυμι, = δρέγω, whence δρεγγύς (part. pres.) 'ΟΡΕΓΩ, fut. δρέξω: aor. 1 ὤρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. *porrigo*: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty.

2. *to reach out, hand, offer, give.*

II. Med. ὀρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ὤρεξάμην, and pass. ὠρέχθην: pf. pass. ὠρέρεγαί:—*to stretch oneself out, reach out; χερσὶ ὀρέεσθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέεσθαι ἐγχεῖ to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσὶν ὠρέεσθαι (pf.) πολεμίζεν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ὀρέξας τὸν ἰών he stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride.*

2. c. gen. *to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire.*

3. c. acc. *to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.*

δρεῖ-ἀρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρος, ἀρχω) lord of the mountains. Πρεῖας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἄρος) pecul. fem. of ὀρειος, of or belonging to mountains.

II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

δρεῖ-βάττω, *to roam the mountains.* From

δρεῖ-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρος, βαίω) mountain-ranging.

δρεῖ-δρομία, ἡ, *a running wild over the hills.* From

δρεῖ-δρόμος, ου, (ἄρος, δραμεῖν) running on the hills.

δρεῖ-νόμος, ου, (ἄρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

δρεῖ-νός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρος) mountainous, billy.

II. on or of a mountain: as Subst., δρεῖ-νός, ὁ, a mountaineer.

δρεῖ-νόμος, ου, = δρεῖ-νός.

δρεῖ-ος, α, ου, also os, ου, Ion. οὔρεος, (ἄρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.

δρεῖ-ο-χάρης, ἐς, (ἄρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the hills.

δρεῖ-πλαγκτος, see ὀρίπλαγκτος.

δρεῖ-τύπος, ου, (ἄρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

δρεῖ-φοίτης, ου, (ἄρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging.

δρεῖ-χαλκος, ὁ, (ἄρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.

δρεῖ-ωτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρος) a mountaineer.

δρεῖ-κτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

δρεῖ-άμενος, δρεῖ-ας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ὀρέγω.

δρεῖ-εις, εως, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

δρεῖ-ο-κομος, ου, incorrect form of ὀρεωκόμος.

δρεῖ-οντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

δρεῖ-πολλέω, *to bount the mountains.* From

ὀρεο-πόλος, ου, (ἄρος, πολέω) mountain-haunting.

δρεῖ-τρόφος, ου, (ἄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

δρεῖ-σκίος, ου, (ἄρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains.

δρεῖ-κοος Ep. δρεῖ-κῶος, ου, (ἄρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.

δρεῖ-ο-αυλος, ου, (ἄρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

δρεῖ-οσι, Ep. for ὀρεσι, dat. pl. of ὀρος.

δρεῖ-οσι-βάτης, ου, ὁ, = δρεῖ-βάτης. [α]

δρεῖ-οσι-γενής, ἐς, and δρεῖ-οσι-γονος, ου, (ἄρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

δρεῖ-οσι-νόμος, ου, (ἄρος, νέμω) Ep. for ὀρεινός, feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.

Ὀρεστιά, ἡ, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Chœphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

δρεῖ-στερος, α, ου, (ἄρος) poet. for ὀρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.

δρεῖ-στίας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἄρος) = Ὀρεΐας; Νύμφαι δρεῖ-στές, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

δρεῖ-φι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. ὀρος.

δρεῖς Ion. οὔρεῖς, εως, ὁ, (ἄρος a mountain) a mule.

δρεῖς, Dor. for ὀρεος, gen. of ὀρος.

δρεῖ-θῶ, f. ἦσω, = ὀρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; Βῆς δρεῖ-θῶον σφαζόμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: θάλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χερσὶν δρεῖ-θῶν (Dor. inf. for δρεῖ-θῶν) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

δρεῖ pl. δρεόμεν, Ion. for ὀράω, ὀράομεν.

δρεῖαι or δρεῖαι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὀράω.

δρεῖμι, Aeol. for ὀράω, inf. ὀρεῖν, part. ὀρεῖς.

δρεῖ-τός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὀράτος.

δρεῖ-θαι, inf. of ὀρμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὀρνυμι.

δρεῖ-θῶ, f. σω, (δρεῖ-θῶ) = ὀρθῶ, to set upright: set straight.

Ὀρθία, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ὀρθία, neut. pl. of ὀρθιος: used also as Adv. aloud.

ὀρθιάδε, Adv. (ὀρθιος) straight up, upwards.

ὀρθιάζω, f. ἄσω (ὀρθιος) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud. II. to set upright.

ὀρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρθιάζω) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ὀρθιος, α, ου, Att. also os, ου, (ὀρθός) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ὀρθιον πορεύεσθαι or πρὸς ὀρθιον ἵναί to march up hill; τὰ ὀρθία the country from the coast upwards.

2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right. II. of the voice, high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος ὀρθιος, a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., ὀρθία ἤυσε she cried aloud.

III. ὀρθιοὶ λόχοι, Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγγ the men stood in line; ὀρθίους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν to bring the companies up in column.

IV. generally, like ὀρθός, straight, opp. to crooked.

ὀρθο-βάττω, (ὀρθός, βαίω) to go straight on or upright.

ὀρθο-βουλος, ου, (ὀρθός, βουλή) right-counselling.

ὀρθο-δᾶής, ἐς, (ὀρθός, δαῖναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

ὀρθο-δίκαιος, ου, (ὀρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

ὀρθο-δίκας, Dor. for ὀρθοδίκης, ου, ὁ, (ὀρθός, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [Υ]

ὀρθοδρομέω, *to run straight forward.* From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, δρᾶμην) *running straight forward*.

ὀρθο-έπεια, *ή*, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language*.

ὀρθό-θριξ, *τριχος*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end*.

ὀρθό-κραιρος, *α*, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κραιρά) *with straight or upright horns*, epith. of horned cattle: *with upright beaks*, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κραιράων.

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high bead or crown: with a lofty mound*.

ὀρθομαντεία, *ή*, *true prophecy*. From

ὀρθό-μαντις, *εως* Ion *ιος*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet*.

ὀρθο-πάλη, *ή*, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright*. [ᾶ]

ὀρθό-πλοος, *ον*, contr. -πλους, *ονν*, (ὀρθός, πλέω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful*.

ὀρθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly*.

ὀρθό-πολις, *εως*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities*.

ὀρθό-πους, *ὁ*, *ή*, -πουν, *τό*, gen. -ποδος, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright*. II. *upbill, steep*.

ὈΡΘΟΨ, *ή*, *ὄν*, *straight*, Lat. *rectus*: in height, upright, standing erect. II. in line, straight,

straight forward, in a straight line; ὀρθός ἀντ' ἡελίου *τετραμμένος* turned straight to front the sun; ὀρθὸν πῶδα τίθειναι *to put the foot straight out*, as in walking, opp. to *κατηρεφέης* when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ὀρθά *to see straight or well*.

III. metaph. *right, safe, prosperous*. 2. *right, true, exact*; ὀρθ' ἀκούειν *to be rightly called: ὀρθῶ λόγον in strict terms, in very truth*: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν *to speak true*. 3. *true, genuine, real*.

4. *upright, righteous, just*, Lat. *rectus*; κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν *to judge righteously*. 5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation*, Lat. *erectus animo*.

IV. *ή* ὀρθή (sub. πτώσις) *the nominative, Lat. casus rectus*, as opp. to the oblique cases.

ὀρθο-στάδην, Adv. (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture*.

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright*.

II. *an upright shaft, pillar*: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται *upright ladders*. III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations*. [ᾶ]

ὀρθότατα, Adv. Sup. of ὀρθῶς.

ὀρθότης, *ητος*, *ή*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture*.

II. metaph. *rightness, fitness: the right sense*.

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: bundle aright*.

ὀρθῶ, *f* ὥσω: aor. I ὤρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὤρθωθην:—(ὀρθός):—*to set straight*:

I. in height, *to set upright, set up*: of buildings, *to raise, restore, repair*: hence, ὀρθοθεῖς raised up, set on one's legs again:—Pass. *to stand or sit upright*. 2. in a line,

to set straight:—Pass. *to be aimed straight*. II.

metaph. *to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc.* 2.

to exalt, honour, extol. 3. ὀρθῶσαι ὕμνον *to raise the lofty song*. 4. *to guide aright*. III. Pass.

of actions, *to succeed; prosper*; τὸ ὀρθούμενον success: of persons and places, *to flourish, prosper*. 2.

to be right, be true. 3. *to be upright, deal justly or uprightly*.

ὀρθρεύουσα, Dor. for -εύουσα, part. fem. of ὀρθρεύω, *f* σω, (ὀρθρος) *to rise or wake early*.

ὀρθριδιος, *α*, *ον*, poet. for ὀρθριος. [i]

ὀρθρίζω, *f* σω, (ὀρθρος) *to rise, wake early*.

ὀρθρινός [i], *ή*, *ὄν*, (ὀρθρος) *later form for ὀρθριος*.

ὀρθριος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (ὀρθρος) *at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early*: irreg. Comp. and Sup.

ὀρθριαίτερος, -αίτατος:—Neut. τὸ ὀρθριον or ὀρθριον, as Adv. *in the morning, early*.

ὀρθρο-βῶας, *ου*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller, Cbanticler, i. e. the cock*.

ὀρθρο-γῆη, *ή*, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing, of the swallow*.

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) *early-tittering*.

*ΟΡΘΟΡΟΣ, *ὁ*, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn*; τὸν ὀρθρον, absol., *in the morning*; so, ὀρθρον γενομένου *at dawn*; and ἅμα ὀρθρῳ, ἐς ὀρθρον, κατ' ὀρθρον, περὶ ὀρθρον; but πρὸς ὀρθρον *towards dawn*:

ὀρθρος βαδύς *early morn*.

ὀρθρο-φοιτο-συκοφαντο-δικο-τάλαιπωρος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαιπώρος) ὀρθ. τρόποι *early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious plaguay ways*.

ὀρθοθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθῶ.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named*.

ὀρθῶς, Adv. of ὀρθός, *rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really*.

*Ορθωσα, *ή*, = Ορθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, *ηρος*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθῶ) *one who sets upright, a restorer*.

ὀρί-βάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, dub. for ὀρειβατής.

*ΟΡΙΤΑΝΟΝ, *τό*, and ὀρίγανος, *ή*, an acrid herb, marjoram: ὀρίγανον βλέπειν *to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed*. [i]

ὀριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ὤριγνήσθην: (ὀρέγομαι):—*to stretch oneself out*. 2.

c. gen. *to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at*.

ὀρίζω: fut. ὀρίσω Att. ὀρίω: aor. I ὤρισα Ion. ὤρισα: pf. ὤρικα:—Med., fut. ὀριοῦμαι: aor. I ὤρισάμην:—Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤρισθην: pf. ὤρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (ὄρος):—*to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary*; ποταμός οὐρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν *a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris*:—Pass., of a country, *to be bounded*. 2.

ὀρίζειν τινα ἀπὸ γῆς *to part, banish one from the land*. II. *to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out*: *to limit, define*:—Med. *to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate*. III. generally, *to deter-*

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. mine, appoint, ὀρίζειν ψήφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

ὀρκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρεύε) of or for a mule.

ὀρινθεῖν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὀρίνω.

ὀρίνω: aor. I ὀρίνα Ep. ὀρίνα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὀρίετο: aor. I ὀρίνην Ep. ὀρίνην: (ὀρνυμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ον, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὀρί-τροφος, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὀρίκη, ἡ, = ἐρκάνη, ἔρκος, from ἔργω, εἶργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [ᾱ]

ὀρκ-ᾄπτης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker.

[ᾱ]

ὀρκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὀρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὀρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὀρκια πιστά ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., ὀρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὀρκια δηλήσασθαι, ἔπειρ ὀρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὀρκια συγχεῖν, ὀρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ὀρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.

ὀρκιος, ον, more rarely α, ον, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὀρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ὀρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

*ΟΡΚΟΣ, ου, ὁ, an oath; ὀρκον ὀμόσαι to swear an oath; ὀρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὀρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II. *Ορκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as ὀρκούρος to ἔρκουρος.)

ὀρκ-οὔρος, ὁ, = ἐρκούρος.

ὀρκώω, f. ὤσω, (ὀρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὀρκωμα, τό, (ὀρκώω) an oath.

ὀρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὀρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath.

ὀρκωμόστον, τό, the place of an oath. II. in

pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὀρκωμοτέω, f. ἤσω, to take an oath, swear; ὀρκωμοτεῖν θεοῖς to swear by the gods. From

ὀρκ-ωμότης, ου, ὁ, (ὀρκος, ὀμνυμι) = ὀρκωτής.

ὀρκωτής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρκώω) one who administers an oath.

ὀρμαθεῖν, an aor. 2 form of ὀρμάω, to rush, whence subj. ὀρμαθῶ: but ὀρμαθῇ is Dor. for ὀρμηθῇ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμαθός, οὗ, ὁ, (ὄρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

ὀρμαίνω: impf. ὀρμαινον: aor. I ὀρμηνα: (ὀρμάω):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II.

later, 1. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

ὀρμάω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ὀρμησα: pf. ὀρμηκα: (ὀρμή): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on:

c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen. III. Pass. with fut. med. ὀρμησμαι; aor. I med. ὀρμησασθαι and pass. ὀρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. ὀρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: I. to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ὀρμώμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means. 3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὀρμηται the report flies abroad.

ὀρμέατο, Ion. for ὀρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω. ὀρμεῖα, ἡ, = ὀρμά.

ὀρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρμέω, f. ἤσω, (ὄρμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἀγκυραῖν ὀρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow': metaph. to anchor one's hopes upon, depend upon.

ὀρμεῖσθαι, Ion. part. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμή, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impetus; mostly of things, as, ἔγχος ὀρμή the force of a spear; πυρὸς ὀρμή the rage of fire; κύματος ὀρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία ὀρμή with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

ὀρμηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρμάω.

ὀρμητικῶς, τό, (ὀρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

ὀρμήσει, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀρμάω. ὀρμητήριον, τό, (ὀρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, head-quarters.

ὀρμιά, ἡ, (ὄρμος) a fising-line of borse-bair, Lat. linea. [Ὶ]

ὀρμίζω: fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσσω Att. -ίω: aor. I ὀρμισα: (ὄρμος);—to bring to anchorage, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make fast or sure. II. Med., with fut. med. ὀρμοῦμαι,

aor. I med. ἄρμισάμην and pass. ἄρμισθην : pf. pass. ἄρμισμαι.—to come to anchor, anchor; δρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; δρμίζεσθαι ἐκ τυτος to be dependent on a thing. δρμη-βόλος, ον, (δρμά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

δρμο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (δρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

δρμος, δ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφανὸν δρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring.

II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

δρμηπέτιον, τό, Bocot. for δρνεον. δρνεον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market.

δρνεό-φοιτος, ον, (δρνεον, φοιτάω) haunted by birds. δρνι-αρχος, δ, (δρνις, αρχός) king of birds. [I]

δρνήθειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα δρνήθεια birds' flesh.

δρνήθειος, οὐ, δ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From δρνήθειω, f. σω, (δρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

δρνήθιας, ον, (δρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμῶν δρνήθιας a storm of birds.

δρνήθικος, ἡ, ὄν, (δρνις) of or for birds. δρνήθιον, τό, Dim. of δρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [vi]

δρνήθιο-γονος, ον, (δρνις, *γένω) sprung from a bird. δρνήθιο-θήρας, ον, δ, (δρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

δρνήθιο-λόχος Dor. δρνήχ-, δ, (δρνις, λοχάω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

δρνήθιο-μάνειω, f. ἡσω, to be mad for birds. From δρνήθιο-μάνης, ἐς, (δρνις, μανῆναι) mad after birds.

δρνήθιο-πέδη, ἡ, (δρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds. δρνήθος, gen. of δρνις: Ep. dat. pl. δρνήθεσσι.

δρνήθιο-σκοπός, ον, (ἔρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος δρνήθοσκοπός an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

δρνήθιο-τροφία, ἡ, (δρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping. δρνήθιος, ον, also ος, ον, poet. for δρνήθειος.

*ΟΡΝΙΞ, δ, but also ἡ: gen. δρνήθιος, etc.: acc. sing. δρνήθα and ὄρνιν: pl. ὄρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις, gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνεις: Dor. forms, gen. ὄρνιχος, pl. ὄρνιχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὄρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδών, ὄρνις πέρδιξ, the nightingale, the partridge.

II. also like οἰανός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage.

III. in Att., ὄρνις, δ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἡ, a hen. IV. in pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνεον. V. poet. Μουσῶν ὄρνιθες, the birds of the Muses, i.e. poets.

VI. proverb., ὄρνιθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' i.e. any marvellous good-fortune.

δρνήχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. δρνήχεσσι.

δρνήθι, ὦτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνυμι. δρνήμεν, δρνήμεναι, Ep. for ὄρνύναι, pres. inf. of ὄρνυμι.

δρνήμενος, η, ον, pres. med. part. of ὄρνυμι. δρνήμι or δρνήω [ῥ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝ:

imperat. δρνήθι, ὦτω, etc.: impf. ὄρνυνον: fut. ὄρσω: aor. I ὄρσα, part. ὄρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὄρσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 ὄρσσε:—Med. ὄρνύμαι, imperat. ὄρνυσσο, ὕσθω, ὕσθε, part. ὄρνύμενος: impf. ὄρνύμην, 3 sing. and pl. ὄρνύτο, ὄρνυντο: fut. ὄρσομαι, also ὄρῶμαι, 3 sing. ὄρεῖται: aor. 2 ὄρῶμην, 3 sing. ὄρετο contr. ὄρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὄροντο also ὄρέοντο; 3 sing. subj. ὄρηται: imperat. ὄρσο or ὄρσεο Ion. contr. ὄρσεν: inf. ὄρσαι, contr. for ὄρῆσαι; part. ὄρμενος, η, ον, for ὄρμέμενος:—pf. ὄρῶμαι, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὄρῶρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὄρῶρει, also ὄρῶρει. I.

Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—Med., with pf. ὄρῶμαι, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὄρῶρη while my limbs have power to move.

2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about.

3. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass. and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, inflamed.

4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, excite, Lat. ciere:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat. oriri.

δρνήτο, δρνυντο, Ep. for ὄρνυτο, ὄρνυντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of ὄρνυμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, δ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM. ὄρόγνυα, ἡ, poet. for ὄρνγνιά.

ὄροδαμνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of ὄροδάμνος, a sprig. ὄροδάμνος, δ, a bough, branch.

ὄρο-θεσία, ἡ, (ὄρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

ὄροθύνω: Ep. impf. ὀρόθυνον: also aor. I imperat. ὀρόθυνον:—like ὄρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὄροί-τυπος, ον, = ὀρεῖτυπος. ὄρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

ὄρο-μᾶλιδες, αἱ, (ὄρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὀρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΨ or ὀρρός, δ, wavy, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, εος, τό, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, δ, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt.

II. a rule, standard, limit, measure. III. the definition of a word.

*Οροσάγγαι, οἱ, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργεταί.

δρούω, fut. σω: aor. I ὄρουσα: (ὄρνυμι):—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

ὄροφή, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) *the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.*

ὄροφή-φάγος, ον, (ὄροφή, φαγεῖν) *roof-devouring.*

ὄροφή-φόρος, ον, (ὄροφή, φέρω) *bearing a roof.*

ὄροφίος, ον, ὁ, *living under a roof; μὴς ὄροφίος the domestic mouse, opp. to μὴς ἀρουαῖος (the field mouse); ὄροφίος ὄφις a tame snake.*

ὄροφος, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) *the reeds used for thatching houses.*

II. *a roof: in pl. a house, temple.*

ὀρώω, Ep. for ὀράω: part. ὀρών from ὀρών.

ὀρώντι, Dor. for ὀρώσι, 3 pl. of ὀράω.

ὈΡΙΠΗΞ Att. ὀριπῆξ, ἡκος, Dor. ὀριπᾶξ, ἄκος, ὁ: *a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance.*

II. *metaph. a scion, descendant.*

ὀρρᾶνός, ὁ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

ὀρρο-πύγιον, τό, (ὀρρος, πύγη) *the tail or tail-feathers of birds.*

2. *the tail-fin of fish.*

3. *the tail or rump of any animal.* [ῥ]

ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, *the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.*

ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, = ὀρός, *weby, serum.*

ὀρρωδέω Ion. ἄρρωδ-: f. ἦσω:—*to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. borreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing.*

Hence ὀρρωδία, ἡ, *a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.*

ὀρρας, aor. I part. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρρασκε, Ion. for ὀρειρε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρσεο, ὀρσευ, Ep. for ὀρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρσε-κτύπος, ον, (ὀρνυμι, κτύπος) *noise-arousing; Zeus ὀρσεκτύπος the rouser of thunder.*

ὀρσι-νεφής, ἐς, (ὀρνυμι, νέφος) *cloud-raising.*

ὀρσι-πούς, -πόδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, πούς) *raising the foot, light-footed.*

ὀρσο, Ep. for ὀρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρνυμι, *bestir thee! up! arouse thee!*

ὀρσο-θύρη, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι, θύρα) *a raised door approached by steps.* [ῥ]

ὀρσολοπεύω and -έω, *to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμὸς ὀρσολοπεύεται my heart is troubled.*

ὀρσόλοπος, ον, *provoking strife, turbulent.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὀρσός, Lacon. for ὀρθός.

ὀρσο-τρίαινῃς Dor. -τρίαίνας, α, ὁ; a poet. nom. -τρίαίνα: (ὀρνυμι, τρίαίνα):—*wielder of the trident.*

ὀρσω, fut. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρτάζω, Ion. for ἑορτάζω.

ὀρτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀρνυμι) *the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken.*

Hence ὀρτάλιχεύς and ὀρτάλιχος, ὁ, *a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.*

ὀρτή, ἡ, Ion. for ἑορτή.

Ὀρτύγία, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ) properly *Quail-island*, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Νᾶσος or *the Island*.

ὀρτύγο-κόπος, ον, (ὀρτυξ, κόπτω) *playing at knocking down quails.*

ὀρτύγο-μήτρα, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ, μήτηρ) *a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὀρτυγία.*

*ΟΡΤΥΞ, ἄγος, ὁ, *the quail, Lat. coturnix, -icis.*

ὀρτύγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρυγμα, τό, (ὀρύσσω) *a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown.*

II. = ὀρυξίς.

ὀρυγμαδός, ὁ, *late form for ὀρυμαγδός.*

ὀρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρύσσω) *dug, formed by digging.*

II. *dug out, quarried, mined.*

ὀρῦμαγδός, ὁ, *a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.*

ὀρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, (ὀρύσσω) *a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed horns.*

ὀρύξαι, aor. I inf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὀρύσσω) *a digging.*

ὀρυς, vos, ὁ, *an unknown wild animal in Lybia.*

*ΟΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -ῥω: fut. ὀρύξω: aor. I ὀρύξα Ep. ὀρυξα: pf. ὀρῶρυχα: plqpf. ὀρῶρυχεν:—Pass., aor. I ὀρῶρυχην: pf. ὀρῶρυγμα: plqpf. ὀρῶρυγμην:—*to dig, Lat. fodio.*

2. *to dig up: Med., λίθους ὀρύσσασθαι to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ ὀρυσσόμενος χεὺς the soil that was dug up.*

3. *to dig through, make a passage through, burrow.*

4. *to bury.*

ὀρφάνευμα, τό, ὀρphan state. From ὀρφάνεω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) *to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. -έσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.*

ὀρφανία, ἡ, (ὀρφανός) *orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.*

ὀρφανίζω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.*

ὀρφανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρφανός) *orphan, fatherless; ἡμῶν ὀρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.*

ὀρφάνιος, ον, = ὀρφανικός.

ὀρφανιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ὀρφανίζω) *one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.*

*ΟΡΦΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Att. ὄς, ὄν, Lat. ORBUS, *left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless.*

2. *c. gen. left or bereft of a thing; ὀρφανοὶ γένεας left of offspring, childless.*

ὀρφανό-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀρφανός, φύλαξ) *the guardian of an orphan.* [ῥ]

ὀρφανόω, f. ὦσω, (ὀρφανός) *to make orphan:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.*

*Ορφεῖος, α, ον, of Orpheus. From

*Ορφέυς, εὺς, ὁ, Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard.

ὀρφναῖος, α, ον, (ὀρφη) *dark, dusky, murky.*

II. *nightly, by night.*

*ΟΡΦΝΗ Dor. ὀρφνᾶ, ἡ, *darkness, night: gloom.*

Hence ὀρφνίνος, η, ον, *dark, dusky: ὀρφνινον χρώμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between porphyreos and φοινίκινος.*

ὄρφνιτης, ου, δ, (ὄρφη) *dark*. [Γ]

*ΟΡΦΟΣ Att. ὄρφως, δ, a kind of *sea-perch*.

ὄρχαμος, δ, (ὄρχος) *the first of a row, a file-leader, fugal-man: the Corymbaeus or leader of the chorus*.

ὄρχατος, δ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's *orchard*, an orchard, garden. (From ὄρχος, like μέστος from μέσος.)

ὀρχέομαι, f. ἵσσομαι: aor. ἰ ὀρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὀρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὀρχεῖσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat. *Cyclops moveri, to dance the Cyclops*. 2. to leap.

ὀρχηδόν, Adv. (ὀρχος) *one after another, all in a row, man by man*, Lat. *virutim*.

ὀρχηθμός Ion. ὀρχημμός, δ, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dancing, the dance*.

ὀρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dance, dancing*.

ὀρχησις, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) *dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing*.

ὀρχησμός, δ, Att. for ὀρχηθμός.

ὀρχηστήρ, ἥρος, δ, and ὀρχηστής, ου, δ, (ὀρχέομαι) *a dancer*. Hence

ὀρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.

ὀρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὅ, (ὀρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) *a dancing-master*.

ὀρχηστο-μάνειω, f. ἴσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανῆναι) *to be dancing-mad*.

ὀρχήτρα, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) *an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced*. II. generally, a place for dancing.

ὀρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὀρχηστής, a dancing girl.

ὀρχηστύς, υός, ἡ, Ion. for ὀρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) *the dance, dancing*; contr. dat. ὀρχηστύ.

*ΟΡΧΙΔΟΣ, δ, a bird, prob. the wren. [Γ]

ὀρχίπεδάω, f. ἴσω, (ὀρχίπεδον) *to seize the testicles*.

ὀρχί-πέδη, ἡ, (ὀρχις, πέδη) *impotence*.

ὀρχί-πέδον, τό, in pl. ὀρχίπεδα, τά, (ὀρχις, πέδον) *the testicles*, Lat. *testiculi*.

*ΟΡΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, δ, pl. ὀρχεις or ὀρχις Ion. ὀρχις, a testicle, the testicles.

*Ορχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was *Ορχόμενος Μινύειος in Boeotia.

*ΟΡΧΟΣ, δ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.

ὄρωρα, pf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρώρε, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὀρνυμι, equiv. to ὀρωρε: subj. ὀρώρηται.

ὀρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὀρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὀρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρώρυχα, pf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὈΣ, ἡ, δ; gen. ου, ἡς, ου, dat. φ, ἡ, φ; acc. ὄν, ἡν, ὄ: pl., nom. οἱ, αἱ, ἄ; gen. ὄν; dat. οἷς, αἷς, οἷς; acc. οὖς, αἷς, ἄ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὄον, fem. ἔης; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ἡς and ἡσι.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, *who, which or that*, Lat. *qui*: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, *τῆς γενεῆς, ἧς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἣν Ζεὺς δῶκε*: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, *ὃ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὃ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον*, etc., but *what* is greatest of all, *what* is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for *iva*, as in Lat. *qui* for *ut*, to express an order or intention, as, *ἀγγέλον ἥκω, δε ἀγγεῖλαι γυναικί* they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. *nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret*.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I. gen. sing., of Time, *ἐξ οὗ* (sub. χρόνου) *from the time when, since*: also οὗ alone, *when*; *ἐστιν οὗ, sometimes, at times*. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e. *where*; *ἐστὶν οὗ in some places*. II. dat. sing. fem. ᾧ, of Place, Lat. *qua*, at which place, *where*:—later, of motion to a place, *whither*:—in full τῇ, ᾧ . . . *there, where . . . , thither, whither . . .* 2. of the Way or Manner, like *ὅπως*, as Lat. *quomodo*; *ᾧ θέμει ἐστὶν* as is right: so far as, Lat. *qua, quatenus*. 3. with Sup. Adv., *ᾧ μάλιστα, ᾧ ἁριστον*, etc., like *as maxime*, etc., Lat. *quam maxime*, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὃ, for *de' ὃ, that, because*, Lat. *quod*. 2. *wherefore*, Lat. *quapropter*.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. *ὅς γε*, Lat. *qui quidem* or *quippe qui*, gives the Relat. a limiting force, *who at least, since it was he who . . .* II. *ὅς κε* or *κέν* Att. *ὅς ἄν*, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. *quicunque, whosoever, who if any . . .*

B. *ὅς* is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for *οὗτος* or *ὁδε*, *this, that*; chiefly in nom. masc. *ὅς* or *ὁ*, sometimes in fem. *ἡ* and neut. *ὅ*: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, *ἡ δ' ὅς* said *be*. II. in opposition, *οἱ . . . , οἱ . . . these . . . , those . . . , the one party, the other*: Att. *ὅς μὲν . . . , ὅς δέ . . . the one . . . , the other*: *ἂ μὲν . . . , ἂ δέ . . . partly . . . , partly . . .* III. *ὅς καὶ ὅς such and such a person, so and so*.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., *ὅς, ἡ, ὄν*, mostly of the third person, for *ἐός, his, her*: Ep. gen. *οἷο*. II. of the second person, for *σός, thy, thine*. III. of the first person, for *ἐμός, my, mine*. *δοῦκι* Ep. *δοσάκι*, Adv. (*ὅσος*) *as many times as, as often as*, Lat. *quoties*. *δοσάτιος, α, ον*, Ion. *δοσάτιος*, poet. for *δοσός*. [Δ] *δοσάου*, Adv. (*ὅσος*) *in as many places as*. *δοσός*, Aeol. for *ὅσος*. *δοσώ*, Dor. for *ὅσω*.

δοσ-ἡμέραι, Adv., for *δοσά ἡμέραι*, *as many days as are*, i. e. *daily, day by day*, like Lat. *quotidie* for *quot dies*.

δσία Ion. —*λη, ἡ*, properly fem. of *δοσιος*, *divine law, the law of nature*, answering to *Lat. fas*: hence *οὐχ ὁσῆ* Att. *οὐχ δσία*, c. inf., *it is against the law of nature* to do; *πολλὴν δσίαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι* to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. II. *the service of God, rites, offering*; *ὁσῆς ἐπιβῆναι* to perform the due rites. III. proverb., *δσία ἐνεκα*

ποιεῖσθαι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [I]

δοῖος, *a, ov*, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to *δικαίος* (established by human law); τὰ δῶτα καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance.

2. as opp. to *ιερός* (sacred, reserved to the gods), *δοῖος* means *what is not so reserved*, i. e. *appropriated or permitted to man's use*; *ιερά καὶ δῶτα* the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*; *δοῖον χαρίον* a place not set apart to the gods, *lawful for man to enter*, and so = *βέβηλος*, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, *pious, devout, scrupulous, religious*; c. gen., *ιερῶν πατρῶων δοῖος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers*; *δοῖαι χεῖρες pure, clean hands*.

δοῖότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (*δοῖος*) observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness.

δοῖω, *f. ὥσω*, (*δοῖος*) to make holy, to hallow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., *στόμα δοι-οῦσθαι* to keep one's tongue from evil.

δοῖως, Adv. of *δοῖος*, *religiously, piously*: Comp. *δοῖώτερον*, Sup. *-ώτατα*.

δομᾶμαι, Dep., like *ὀσμᾶμαι*, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

δομή, *ἡ*, (*ὀω*) like *ὀδμή*, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

δοσὺν-ων, Ion. for *δοσὺν-ων*, however little, Lat. *quantuluncunque*.

ὅσοσ, *δοη, ὅσον*, Ep. *δοσος, δοση, ὅσσον*, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as *great as, how great*: of Quantity, as *much as, how much*: of Space, as *far as, how far*: of Time, as *long as, how long*: of Number, as *many as, how many*: of Sound, as *loud as, how loud*:—its Antecedent is *τόσος*, after which *δοσος* must be simply rendered as: *ὅσα πλείστα* or *πλείστα ὅσα* as much as possible. In plur. *all that, as many as*, often after *πάντες*. 2. of Time, *δοσοι μῆνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι* every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. *quot menses, quot dies*; cf. *δοσημέραι*.

3. *δοσος δὴ* and *ὀσοσδὴ-ποτε*, *how great soever be*, Lat. *quantuscunque*; *δοσος ἂν how great soever*. II. neut. *δοσὺν* as Adv. as *greatly as, as lowly as*, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., *δοσὺν τε* about as far as: the Noun is often added, *δοσὺν τ' ὄργων* about a fathom; *δοσὺν τ' ἐπὶ ἡμῖν* to about half. 3. *δοσὺν μόνον*, Lat. *tantum non, all but*; so also, *δοσὺν οὐ*; but Att. *δοσὺν* and *δοσὺν μόνον* only so far as, only just; *δοσὺν ὅσον* only just. 4. *δοσὺν ἐπὶ* and *δοσὺν τ'* ἐπὶ as far as, Att. *ἐφ' ὅσον*.

5. with Comp. and Sup., *δοσὺν βασιλεύτερος ἐστὶ* so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. *δοσὺν τάχος* as quick as possible: more usu. *δοσὺν τάχιστα*. 7. *δοσὺν αὐτίκα*, also, *δοσὺν οὐκ ἔδη* all but now, instantly. 8. *οὐχ ὅσον* not only not, Lat. *ne dicam*. III.

δοσὺν inasmuch as, with Comp. *δοσὺν πλέον*, *δοσὺν μάλλον* the more since, especially since. 2. *δοσὺν* with Comp. followed by another Comp. with *τοσοῦτον*, the more . . . , so much the more . . . like Lat. *quo* or *quanto melior, eo* . . . , etc. 3. *δοσὺν* by *how much, in so far as*.

δοσοο-περ, δοη-περ, ὅσον-περ, however great or much, as great or as much as.

δο-περ, ἡ-περ, ὅ-περ, (Ep. also *ὅπερ* masc., as *ὅ τε* masc. for *δοτε*), *who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which*, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ῥΟΣΙΠΤΟΝ, τό, *pulse, beans: vegetables*.

ῥΟΣΣΑ, *ἡ*, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound.

II. generally, a voice. III. a sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle.

IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. *δομή*.

δοσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of *δοσος*.

δοσάκι, Adv., Ion. for *δοσάκι*. [α]

δοσάτιος, Ion. for *δοσάτιος*. [α]

ῥΟΣΣΕ, τά, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, *δοσσε φαεινά, δοσσε αἱματώενα*: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., *δοσσαν, δοσσοις, δοσσοισι*.

δοστήχος, *η, ov*, Dim. of *δοσος, δοσος*, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ῥΟΣΣΟΜΑΙ, (*δοσσε*) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

δοσος, *η, ov*, Ep. and Ion. for *δοσος*.

δοσάριον, τό, Dim. of *δοσάριον*, a little bone.

δο-τε, ἡ-τε, ὅ-τε, (Ep. also *ὅ τε* for masc., as *ὅπερ* masc. for *δοπερ*) *who, which*.

δοστένος, *η, ov*, (*δοστέον*) made of bone, bony.

ῥΟΣΤΕΟΝ Att. contr. *δοστούν, τό*, pl. *δοστέα* Att. contr. *δοστέα*:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

δοστέβην, Ep. gen. pl. of *δοστέον*.

δοστινος, *η, ov*, (*δοστέον*) = *δοστένος*, bony, of bone: neut. pl. *δοστινα, τά*, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae, bone pipes*.

δο-τις, ἡ-τις, ὅ τι or *ὅ, τι*; gen. *δοστινος, ἡστινος*; dat. *δοστινι, ἡστινι*, etc.: pl. *δοστινους, ἡστινους*, etc.; (Ep. also *ὅ-τις* for masc., as *ὅπερ* for *δοπερ*, *ὅ τε* for *δοτε*); neut. *ὅ ττι*. II. also declined, gen. *δοτου*, dat. *δοτω*: Ep. gen. *δοττεο* contr. *δοττεν* and *δοτεν*, dat. *δοττω*: acc. *δοτινα*:—plur., nom. neut. *δοτινα*; gen. *δοτινων* Att. *δοτων*; dat. *δοτέοισιν*, also fem. *δοτέοισιν*; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. *δοσσοα* Att. *δοττα*.

Who-so-ever, which-so-ever, any one who, anything which, differing from *ὅς*, as Lat. *quisquis, quicunque*, from *qui*; *ὅ τις κ' ἐπίορκον ὀμώσση* *who-so-ever swears himself*; *οὐδεὶς δοστις οὐ* there is none who does not, i. e. *every one*; *οὐδέν ὃ τι οὐκ* everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for *ὅς, qui*. II. neut. *ὅ τι* or *ὅ, τι* absol. as Adv. *wherefore, for what reason*.

δοστο-λογέω, *f. ἡσσω*, (*δοστέον, λέγω*) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

δοστούν, τό, Att. contr. for *δοστέον*.

δοστο-φύης, *ἐς*, (*δοστέον, φυή*) of bony nature.

δοστράκεις, *ἑως, ὅ*, (*δοτράκον*) a potter.

δοστράκιζω, *f. ἡσσω* Att. *ἡσσω*, (*δοτράκον*) to banish by potsberds, ostracise; see *δοτράκισμός*.

δοστράκινδα, Adv. (*δοτράκον*) played with potsberds, of a game in which potsberds black on one side and

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοτράκιος, η, ον, (δοτράκον) like earthenware: earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δοτράκιοςμός, δ, (δοτράκιω) banishment by potsherd, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοτράκιδ-δερμος, ον, (δοτράκον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοτράκιδες, εσσα, εν, ποστ. for δοτράκιος.

‘ΟΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting.

2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware. II. the bard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοτράκιδ-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ον, (δοτράκον, χροά) with a bard skin, shell or rind.

δοτρείο-γραφή, ές, (δοτρείον, γράφω) purple-painted.

δοτρείον or **-ειον**, τό, (δοτέον) an oyster, Lat. ostraea. II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

δοτ-ώδης, ές, (δοτέον, είδος) like bone, bony.

δοσφραίνομαι, fut. δοσφρήσομαι: aor. 2 ώσφρύνην, part. δοσφρόμενος: Dep.: (δω) :—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, δοσφραίνεσθαι δδμήν. Hence

δοσφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smell. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοσφρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of δοσφραίνομαι.

δοσφρησις, έως, ή, (δοσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοσφρόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of δοσφραίνομαι.

δοσφροντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δοσφραίνομαι.

‘ΟΣΦΥΨ, ύος, acc. δοσφύν and δοσφύα, ή, the hip, Lat. coxa.

‘ΟΣΧΟΣ, ον, δ, = μύσχος ι, a sucker, shoot: a vine-branch.

δτα, Aeol. for δτε, like ποτα for ποτε.

δταν, for δτ' άν, equivalent to Ep. δτε κεν, (δτε, άν):—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocunque, foll. by subj.

δτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ένθα, or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem.

3. δτε μή is used for εί μή, unless, except, save when; ούτε τρω σπένδεσκε θεών, έτε μή Διί πατρί nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρίν γ' δτε ere the time when, before that. 2. εις δτε

ken against the time when. IV. έσθ' έτε or εστιν έτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. δτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, δτε μέν . . . δτε δέ . . . now . . . now . . . ; sometimes . . . , sometimes . . . ; at one time . . . , at another time . . . ; but

in II. often answered by άλλοτε, as, δτε μέν κακός, άλλοτε δ' έσθλός.

δτε, neut. of δστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of δστε.

δέοισιν, Ep. for οίσισιν, dat. pl. of δστις.

δτεν, Ion. for οδτινος, gen. of δστις.

δτεφ, Ep. for φτινι, dat. of δστις.

δτεων, Ep. for άντινων, gen. pl. of δστις.

δτι Ep. δτιτι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of δστις, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. II. Att.

δτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English.

III. δτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οιδ' δτι (sub. ούτως έχει) I know that it is so; so οισθ' δτι, ισθ' δτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον δτι ούτως έχει.

IV. δτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like εί μή. V. μή δτι . . . , αλλά . . . , like μή

όπως and μή ίνα, not that so and so is the case . . . , but . . . ; not only so, but . . . , Lat. non modo non . . . , sed ne quidem . . .

VI. μη δτι alone, without an answering αλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that . . . , not to say that . . .

B. **δτι**, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod. 2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. δτι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerime. 2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, δτι πλείστον χρόνον

as long a time as possible; δτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible. 3. with a Subst. only in phrase δτι τάχος for δτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

δ τι, neut. of δστις, anything which; often written δ, τι, to distinguish it from δτι, that.

δτιή, Conjunct., (δτι) because.

δτινα, Ep. for έντινα and άτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of δστις.

δτινας, Ep. for οδτινας, άτινας, acc. pl. of δστις.

δ-τις, Ep. and Ion. for δστις.

δτλεύω, f. -εύσω, or δτλέω, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure.

From

δ-τλος, δ, suffering, distress. (δτλος is formed from τλήμ, with ο euphon.)

δοτβέω, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From **δοτβος**, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

δοτοτοί, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe! also lengthd. δοτοτοτοί, δοτοτοτοτοί.

δοτοτύζω, (from δοτοτοί, as αιάζω from αιά) to cry δοτοτοί, to wail, lament:—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

‘Οτοτύζιοι, οί, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

δτου, δτω, gen. and dat. sing., δτων, δτοις, gen. and dat. pl. of δστις.

δτραλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. δτραλέος = δτηρρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

δτηρρός, ά, ών, (δτηρνώ) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

δτρίχες, nom. pl. of δτρίχη.

ὀτρύναι, aor. I inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεια, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεσθον, Ep. impf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυντός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ὀτρυνσῖς, *a stirring up, rousing, encouragement.* From

ὀτρύνω [ῶ]: impf. ὀτρύνων Ion. ὀτρύνεσκον: fut. ὀτρύνω Ep. and Ion. ὀτρυνέω: aor. I ὀτρύνω:—*to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up*:—Pass. *to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten.* 2. of animals, *to spur, goad, cheer on.* 3. of things, *to urge forward, quicken, speed.*

ὄττα, ἡ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὅτι, *that*.

ὄ τι, Ep. for ὅ τι, neut. of ὄστις.

ὀττοβέω, ὀττοβος, wrong forms for ὀτοβέω, ὀτοβος.

ὀττομαι, Att. for ὄσσομαι.

ὄτω, Att. for ὄτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

Οὔ, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχί [ι] Ep. οὐκί [ι]: negat. Adv., *not*, Lat. *non*, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθὸν ἐστὶ it is *not* good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems *not*.

II. οὐ may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative *ὅς*, after the Conjunctions *ὅτι* because, *ἐπεὶ*, *ἐπειδὴ* since, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγω; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγω.

3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ *not by any means*, οὐχ ἥκιστος *not the least*, i. e. *the greatest*. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by *any, even, anywhere*, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμῶς οὐδέις *no one ever* did it.

IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον *no, by Olympus*.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νῦν καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι; *are there not others too?* implying *that there are*. II. the fut. with οὐ is used interrog. instead of the imperat.; as, οὐ δράσεις; *wilt thou not do it?* i. e. *do it*.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ.

II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοῖς τέθνηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὐ: he is dead to the gods, not to them, *no*.

III. when οὐ is a simple negat.

Prosody:—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἡ οὐ, μή οὐ: so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. *ὅς*, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. *sui*, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. *vab!* οὐαί, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. *vae, ah! woe!*

οὐᾶς, αὖτος, τό, poet. for οὐς, *the ear*. Hence οὐᾶτοις, ἑσσα, *ev, with ears, long-eared.* 2.

with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, *for not*.

II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, *no—why should you?*

οὐ γάρ ἄλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μή σκῶπτέ μ'· οὐ γάρ ἄλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μή σκῶπτέ με: οὐ γάρ σκαπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω *do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off*.

οὐ γάρ οὖν, a negat. answer, *why no, certainly not*.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, *for never*.

οὐ γάρ που, *for in no manner*.

οὐγώ, Att. crasis for ὃ ἐγώ.

οὐδαμά and οὐδαμῇ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, *nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way.* II. *in no way, in no wise.*

οὐδαμῶθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *from no place, from no side*.

οὐδαμῶθι, Adv. (οὐδαμός) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμού, *nowhere, in no place*: c. gen., οὐδαμῶθι τῆς Εὐρώπης *in no part of Europe*.

οὐδ' ἄμός, ἡ, ὄν, for οὐδὲ ἄμός, *not even one*, i. e. *none*.

οὐδαμῶσε, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *to no place, no way*.

οὐδαμού, Adv. of οὐδαμός, *nowhere*: c. gen., οὐδαμού γῆς *in no part of the earth*; οὐδαμού λέγειν, or οὐδαμού ποιεῖσθαι τινα *to esteem as naught*, Lat. *nullo loco habere*. II. of manner, *in no way, not at all*.

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *in no wise*.

Οὔ' ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ:—*the surface of the earth, ground*; οὐδ' ὁδὸς ἔλειν *to bite the dust*; οὐδ' ὁδὸς *to the ground, to earth*. 2. *the floor or pavement* in houses.—Proverb., ἐπ' οὐδεῖ καθί(ζειν) τινά *to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has*.

οὐ-δέ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ . . , οὐδέ . .

at the beginning of two following clauses, *not even . . , nor yet . .*; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτελίσκεις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθήναι and so *not even* their building forts, *nor yet* their navy, *its* own fearing:—οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἐμπεδον οὐδέ τις ἀλκή. II. strengthening the negat., *not even*; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Adv., as οὐδ' ἡβαιόν, οὐδέ τυτθόν, οὐδέ μίνυνθα, etc. *not even* a little, *not even* for a short space.

οὐδ-εἰς, οὐδ-εἰς, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμῶς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἰς, μία, ἓν: (οὐδὲ εἰς):—*and not one*, i. e. *no one, none, no*, as Lat. *nullus* for *ne ullus*: the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., *in nothing*.

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένες, gen. οὐδένων, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. ὁ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ὦν, οὐσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδεὶς, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδὲν δὲ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέποτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.
οὐδενός-ωρος, ov, (οὐδεὶς, ἄρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.
οὐδέποτε Ion. οὐδέποτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέπω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.
οὐδέπώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.
οὐδέτερος, a, ov, (οὐδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat.

genus neutrum, the neuter gender.
οὐδέτερος, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.
οὐδέτερώσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowither.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.
οὐ δὴ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.
οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δὴπου, no I surely imagine not.
οὐδὲς, ὁ, Ion. for ὁδός (ὁ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γήραος οὐδῶ on the threshold or verge of old age.
οὐδὲς, ἡ, Aeol. for ὁδός (ἡ), a way.

ΟΥ᾽ΘΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθαρα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.
οὐθάτιος, a, ov, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.
οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεὶς, οὐδέν.
οὐ θην, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crisis of ὁ ἐκ.
οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.
οὐκ-ἔτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.
οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκ. [Υ]
οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo. 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὐν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐκω, not yet.
οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκούν.
οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐκως, by no means.
οὐλαί Att. ὀλαί, αἱ, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὔλος, ὄλος, as if οὐλαί or ὀλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)

οὐλαμός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors.

ΟΥ᾽ΑΗ', ἡ, a wound healed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλῖος, a, ov, (οὔλος, ὀλεῖν) baneful, deadly.
οὐλό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (οὔλος, θρίξ) with curly hair.
οὔλο-κάρηνος, ov, (οὔλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling hair.

οὐλόμενος, η, ov, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὀλλυμι, but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ᾽ΑΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οὐλα, the gums.

οὐλοός, ἡ, ὅν, Ep. for ὀλοός.
ΟΥ᾽ΑΟΣ, η, ov, Ep. and Ion. form of ὀλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὔλος ἄρτος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3.

of sound, continuous, incessant; οὔλον κεκλήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleshy; οὐλαι κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of ὀλλυμι, = οὐλόμενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χῦται, αἱ, (οὐλαί, χέω) bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Οὐλυμπος, ὁ, Ion. for *Ολυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for *Ολυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

οὐλω, (οὔλος 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, healib to thee, hail, Lat. salvé.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not.
οὐ μέν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μήν.
οὐ μὲν δὴ, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ-μεν-οὐν, for οὐ μὲν οὐν, then not.
οὐ μέν πως, like οὐπως, by no means, in nowise.
οὐ μέν-τοι, not however.

οὐ μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.:

I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II. with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν ἔστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μήν, indeed not, surely not.
οὐ μὴν ἀλλά, also οὐ μὴν ἀλλά καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μὴν γὰρ, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μὴν οὐδέ, nay not even.
οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

ΟΥ᾽Ν Ion. ὦν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὐν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὐν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὐν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, *certainly, but . . . , but still . . .* 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever, whoever*; ὅπως οὖν *howsoever*; ὅπως οὖν *howsoever*.

οὐνεκα, before a vowel οὐνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore*. 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because*. 3. after certain Verbs, *so far as, how or so that*. 4. *that*, like ὅτι.

II. οὐνεκα (in this sense never οὐνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὐνεσθε, Ion. for οὐνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομα.

οὐνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίνω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὐῆ, contr. for ὁ ἔξ.

οὐῆων, by crasis for ὁ ἐξίων, part. of ἔξειμι *exibo*.

οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπα.

οὐ περ or οὐ-περ, Adv. *by no means*.

οὐ πη, Adv. *nouwhere, in no wise*.

οὐ ποθι, Adv. *nouhere*.

οὐ-ποτε Dor. οὐ-ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never*.

οὐποψ, by crasis for ὁ ἐποψ.

οὐ-πω, Adv. *not yet*, Lat. *nondum*.

οὐ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.

οὐ-πως, Adv. *no how, in no wise, by no means*.

ΟΥΡΑ Ion. οὐρή, ἡ, *the tail*, Lat. *cauda*.

II. generally, *the binder parts, the after part of anything; of a ship, the stern*. 2. of an army, *the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank; κατ' οὐράν in rear, behind; ὁ κατ' οὐράν the rear-rank-man; ἐντὶ or κατ' οὐράν to the rear, backwards*.

οὐρα, τὰ, for οὐροί, ὅροι, *boundaries: see οὐρον*.

οὐρ-ἄγος, ὄν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) *leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὐρ-ἄγος, ὁ, leader of the rear-guard*.

οὐραῖος, α, ον, (οὐρά) *in or of the tail; τριχες οὐραῖαι the hairs of the tail*. 2. generally, *bindward, bindmost, οὐραῖοι πόδες the bind feet; τὰ οὐραῖα the binder parts*.

Οὐρανία, ἡ, (οὐρανός) *Urania, i. e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy*. II. epith. of Aphrodite or Venus, *the heavenly*.

Οὐρανίδης, ον, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in heaven, Lat. coelicola, like Οὐρανίαν*.

οὐρανίος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (οὐρανός) *heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίανες, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. coelites, coelicolae, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings*. II. *coming from heaven, of rain*. III. *reaching to heaven, high as heaven*. 2. metaph. *enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὄσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, Lat. immane quantum:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., vebemently, tremendously*.

Οὐρανίω, ανος, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *like Οὐρανίδης, the heavenly one: in plur. Οὐρανίανες θεοὶ or Οὐρανίανες, the gods, Lat. coelites: fem. Οὐρανίαναι*. οὐράνιο-γνώμων, ον, (οὐρανός, γινώσκειν) *skilled in the heavens*.

οὐρανό-δακτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δαίτυμι) *shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven*.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, *from heaven, down from heaven: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν*.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, *in heaven, in the heavens: but οὐρανόθι πρό is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανόθι is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ὄρεσθι for ὄρεος*.

οὐράνο-μήκης, es, (οὐρανός, μήκος) *as high as heaven, reaching to heaven*. 2. *enormous, stupendous*. οὐρανό-νικος, ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) *conquering heaven*.

ΟΥΡΑΝΟΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὠρανός, ὁ, *heaven, Lat. coelum: in Homer the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστερεὶς the starry firmament*. 2. *heaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πόλαι οὐρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down*. II. as masc. prop. n. *Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia*.

οὐράν-οἶχος, ον, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) *holding heaven*.

οὔρεα, τὰ, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τὸ, *a mountain*.

οὔρε-θρεπτος, v. l. for οὔρι-θρεπτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, η, ον, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τὸ) *of the mountain; Νύμφη οὔρειη a mountain-nymph*.

οὔρε-φοῖτος, ον, (οὔρος, τὸ, φοιτάω) *mountain-roaming:—fem. οὔρε-φοιτάς, ἄδος*.

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ον, ὁ, (οὔρος, τὸ, βόσκω) *poët. for ὀρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains*.

οὔρεσι-οἶκος, ον, (οὔρος, τὸ, οἰκέω) *mountain-dwelling*.

οὔρεσι-φώτης, ον, ὁ, and -φώτος, ον, = οὔρεσφοῖτος. οὔρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεύς, α *mule*.

οὔρέω, impf. ἐοῦρον: f. οὔρησθω or -ήσομαι: aor. i ἐοῦρησα: (οὔρον):—*to make water*.

οὔρησας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεύς: οὔρησας, gen. pl.

οὔρησεῖω, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, *to want to make water*. οὔρητῶω, = οὔρησεῖω.

οὔριπλος, ὁ, (οὔρα) *the bindmost part, lowest part; ἔγχεος οὔριπλος the butt-end of a spear*.

οὔρι-βάτας, ον, ὁ, *poët. for ὀρειβάτης, mountain-walking*.

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὀρίζω, *to bound, limit*.

οὔριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (οὔρος) *to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously*. II. intr. *to blow fairly, give a fair passage*.

οὔρι-θρεπτος, η, ον, (οὔρος, τὸ, τρέφω) *poët. for ὀρειθρεπτος, mountain-bred*.

οὔριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (οὔρος) *with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship*. 2. of a voyage, *prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν to run before the wind: but ἐξ οὔριων ὄρεμειν (sub. πνεύματων), to run with a fair breeze*.

II. *prospering, favouring, propitious*. 2. οὔρια (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = οὔρος, *a fair wind*.

οὐριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (οὐριος, ἵστημι) *standing prosperous or secure*. [ἀ]

οὐρίδω, (οὐριος) *to give to the winds, let flow*.

οὐρίσμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line*.

οὐρίς, by crasis for δ ὄρις.

ΟΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. URINA, *urine*.

οὔρον, τό, poet. for οὐρος, ὄρος, δ, *a boundary*; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκου οὔρα πέλονται as far as *the boundaries* of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of *a quoit's throw*; (2) ὅσον τ' ἐν νεῖῳ οὔρον πέλει ἡμιόνου τόσσον ὑπεκπροθέαν . . ἔκετο; and (3) ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ οὔρα πέλονται ἡμιόνων; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὔρον ἡμιόνου and οὔρα ἡμιόνων, and the distance meant is *that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time*.

οὐρός, οὔ, δ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, *a fair wind, right astern*; πέμπειν κατ' οὔρον *to send down* (i. e. *with*) *the wind, to speed on its way*: metaph., οὐρός [ἔστι], like καίρος [ἔστι], *it is a fair time*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, *a watcher, warder, guard*.

οὔρος, ου, δ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary*.

οὔρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain*.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, δ, *a wild bull*, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥΣ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠτων, dat. ὠσίν: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor. ὤς, ὠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear*; els οὖς, els ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. *secretly*. II. *an ear or bandle*, of pitchers, urns, etc.

οὔσια, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) *that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition*; τὰς ἀπαυδὰς ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὔσιας *her childless state for the future*, i. e. *her bearing no children for the future*. II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing*.

οὔτᾳ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὔτᾳ, 3 sing. impf., of οὔτως.

οὔτας, imperat. of οὔτως.

οὔτάω, f. οὔτάσω: aor. I οὔτάσα: pf. pass. οὔτασμαι:—like οὔτῳ, *to wound*; οὔταξον σάκος *they bit, shattered the shield*; c. acc. cognato. ἔλκος, ὃ με βροτὸς οὔτασεν *ἀνὴρ the wound which a man struck me withal*.

οὔταμεν, οὔταμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὔταω.

οὔτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὔτάω.

οὔτάω, imperat. οὔταε: Ion. impf. οὔτασκον: fut. οὔτήσω: aor. I οὔτησα Ion. οὔτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὔτήθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 οὔτᾳ (as if from οὔτημι), inf. οὔταμεναι and οὔταμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὔτάμενος [ἀ]:—*to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile)*:—Pass., οὔταμένη ὠτειλή *the wound inflicted*.

οὔ-τε, Adv., and *not*.

οὔτε . . , neither . . , nor . . , Lat. neque . . , neque . . : but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὔτε in the first, *both not . . , and . .*

οὔτερος, Ion. for δ ἑτερος: neut. τοὔτερον.

οὔτηβεις, aor. I pass. part. of οὔτάω.

οὔτησασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὔτάω.

οὔτηταιρα, ἡ, fem. of οὔτητήρ.

οὔτητήρ, ἦρος, (οὔτάω) *one who wounds*.

οὔ-τι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδὲνός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὅς, ὄν, (οὔτις) *useless, worthless, good for naught*.

οὔ-τι-πω, Adv., for οὔ τί πω, like οὔπω, *not at all yet*.

οὔ-τις, gen. οὔτινος, *no one, nobody*, Lat. *ne ullus, nullus*; neut. οὔ-τι, nothing, Lat. *nihil*:—neut. also as Adv. *by no means, not at all*: hence II. with changed accent, Οὔτις, δ, acc. Οὔτιν, *Noman, Nobody*, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

οὔ-τοι, Adv. (οὔ, τοί) *indeed not*, Lat. *non sane*.

οὔτος, αὐτή, τοῦτο, gen. τοῦτον, ταύτης, τοῦτον, etc., demonstr. Pron., *this*, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, *the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. hic opp. to ille*. II. when opp. to ὅδε, οὔ-τος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.

III. οὔτος, αὐτή are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. *beus!* *you there!* *bollo you!* also οὔτος σύ, *beus tu!* but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ὦ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδίπους! IV. τοῦτο μέν . . , τοῦτο δέ . . , or ταῦτα μέν . . , ταῦτα δέ . . , stronger than μέν . . , δέ . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; partly . . , partly . .*

V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, and *that too*, and *more than that*, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος and *that too* being such an one; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and *that too* an old one? VI. καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα, like εἰς, *so much for this*, Lat. *haec baculenus*.

VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. *for this reason*, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν *for this reason then, accordingly*.

2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ' ὦ δεσπότης *yes, master*.

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτῃ was also used as Adv., 1. of Place (sub. χώρα), *in this spot, here*.

2. of Manner, in *this way*, so.

3. in *this respect, so far, for the matter of that*.

IX. οὔτος is often strengthened in Att. by the demonstr. I. οὔτοσί, αὐτῇ, τοῦτί, gen. τοῦτοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοις, neut. ταυτί, etc., *this man here*, Lat. *bicce*:—before a vowel ι becomes υ, as οὔτοσιν: neut. τοῦτοῖ, ταυταί.

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, *in this way or manner, so thus*, Lat. *sic*.

II. with a qualifying power, *so, only so, simply, no more than*.

III. in *wishes*, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὔτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἶην *would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as . .*

2. in *protestations*, as, ἔγωγε οὔτας ὀνείμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρα *I, so help me my children, hate the man*.

IV. οὔτω μέν . . , οὔτω δέ . . , partly . . , partly . . , *on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; cf. οὔτος* IV.

V. in *beginning a*

pride, II. metaph. *the brow of a bill, the edge of a cliff, a beelling or overhanging crag*.

ὄφρυς, contr. for ὄφρυσ, acc. pl. of ὄφρυς.

ὄχθ, (έχω) Ep. Adv. *by far, eminently*, always with Sup. ἀριστος: later ἐξοχα.

ὀχάνη, ἡ, and ὀχάνον, τό, (ὀχέω, έχω) *the bundle of a shield*, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

ὀχέσσκον, Ion. impf. of ὀχέω.

ὀχέσσει, Ep. for ὀχεσι, dat. pl. of ὀχος.

ὀχλα, ἡ, (ὀχεύω) *a covering*, of the horse.

ὀχεσφι, -ιν, Ep. for ὀχεσι, dat. pl. of τὸ ὀχος.

ὀχετεύς, f. σω, (ὀχετός) *to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct*:—Pass., ὕδωρ ὀχετενόμενον *water carried off by a canal*.

ὀχετ-ηγός, ὄν, (ὀχετός, άγω) *drawing off water by a conduit or canal*.

ὀχετός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀχέω) *a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river*. 2. metaph. *a channel or means of escape*.

ὀχεύς, gen. έως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (έχω) *any fastening*: 1. *the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin*. 2. in pl. *the clasps of the belt*. 3. *a bolt which fastened the door within*.

ὀχευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀχεύω) *a stallion: a lewd person*. ὀχεύω, f. σω, (ὀχέω) *to ride: of male animals, to cover*.

ὀχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὀχος, δ) collat. form of έχω, as φορέω of φέρω, *to bear, endure, support, bold; φρουράν ὀχεῖν to keep watch*. 2. *to let ride, mount*. II. in Pass., with fut. med. ὀχέσσομαι, *to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσιν, ἵπποισιν ὀχεῖσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.*: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi, to drive, ride, sail; ἐν ἀγκύρας ὀχεῖσθαι to ride at anchor*.

ὀχῆα, Ep. acc. of ὀχέως: ὀχῆες, nom. pl. ὀχημα, τό, (ὀχέω) *that which bears or supports, a support, stay*. II. *a carriage, a chariot*, Lat. *vehiculum*: also *a vessel, ship*.

ὀχέω, f. ἦσω, *to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ὠχθησαν they were heavy at heart*. (From ὀχθομαι, as ὀχέω from έχω.)

“ΟΧΘΗ, ἡ, older form of ὀχθος, *any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.*: also, *crags by a river*. Hence

ὀχθηρός, ά, ὄν, *raised, billy*. ὀχθος, ὁ, later form of ὀχθη, *rising ground, a bill*. ὀχλέω, = μοχλεύω, *to heave or move by a lever*:—Pass. *to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες ἀπασαι ὀχλείνται* (Aeol. for ὀχλοῦνται) *all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water*.

ὀχλέω, f. ἦσω, (ὀχλος) *to disturb by a mob or tumult; generally, to trouble or importune*, c. acc.: *absol. to be troublesome*.

ὀχληρός, ά, ὄν, (ὀχλέω) *troublesome, importunate*.

ὀχλίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὀχλέω, ὀχλεύω, *to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strengib*.

ὀχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀχλίζω.

ὀχλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (ὀχλος, ποιέω) *to make a riot; ὀχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar*.

“ΟΧΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob*, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δῆμος (*the people* in a constitutional sense). II. *noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult*, Lat. *turba*:—generally, *disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity*.

ὀχλ-ώδης, ές, contr. for ὀχλο-ειδής, (ὀχλος, εἶδος) *like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τὸ ὀχλῶδες troublesome, turbulence*.

ὀχμα, ατος, τό, (έχω) *a bold, fastening*. Hence ὀχμάζω, f. άσω, *to grip, bold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit*.

ὀχνη, ἡ, *a wild pear*, late form of ὀγχνη.

ὀχος, εος, τό, (έχω) *a chariot*, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὀχεσφι, ὀχεσφιν, for ὀχεσι.

ὀχος ποët. δκχος, ου, ὁ, (έχω) *that which holds; νηῶν ὀχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads*. II. *that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car; but, ὀχοι ἀπήνης bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels*.

ὀχυρός, ά, ὄν, (έχω) *like ἐχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp. of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like*.

ὀχυρώω, f. ώσω, (ὀχυρός) *to make fast, fortify*. Hence

ὀχυρώμα, ατος, τό, *a strongbold, fortress*.

ὀχυρῶς, Adv. of οχυρός, *firmly, strongly*.

ὀχωα, by metath. for ὀκαχα, perf. of έχω.

ὀψ, ἡ, gen. ὀπός, dat. ὀπί, acc. ὀπα (εἰπεῖν, έπος) *a voice*. II. *a discourse, word*.

ὀψ-ἄματης [μα], ου, ὁ, voc. ὀψάματα, (ὀψέ, άμάω) *one who mows till late at even; cf. ὕπαρτης*.

ὀψανον, τό, (ὀψομαι) = ὀψις, *a sight, vision*.

ὀψάριον, τό, Dim. of ὀψον, esp. fish: *a small fish*.

ὀψ-ἄρότης, ου, ὁ, (ὀψέ, άρώω) *one who ploughs late; cf. ὀψάματης*.

“ΟΨΕ, Adv. *after a long time, at length, late*, Lat. *sero*; ὀψέ μαθανεῖν *to learn too late*. 2. *late in the day, at even*, opp. to πρῶι: *late in the season; ὀψέ ἦν it was late: c. gen., ὀψέ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day*, Lat. *serum diei*: also, ὀψέ τῶν Τρωακῶν *long after the Trojan war*.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὀψιαιτερον

later; Sup. ὀψιαιτατα, *latest*.

ὀψείω, Desiderat. of ὀράω, formed from fut. ὀφομαι, *to wish to see*.

ὀψεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὀράω.

ὀψι, Aeol. for ὀψέ.

ὀψία (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, properly fem. of ὀψιος, *the latter part of the day, evening*, often joined with δειλη.

Opp. to ὀρθρος: see δειλη.

ὀψιαιτερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος: see ὀψέ.

ὀψί-γονος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, γενέσθαι) late-born, after-born, born in a later age. 2. of a son, late-born, born in one's old age. 3. later-born, i. e. younger. [Υ]

ὀψιέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ὀσιος.

ὀψίλῳ, *f. ἴσω*, (ὀψέ) to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.

ὀψί-κοιτος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, κοίτη) going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.

ὀψιμαθῶ, *f. ἴσω*, to learn late or too late. From ὀψι-μαθῆς, *és*, (ὀψέ, μαθεῖν) late in learning, late to learn, Lat. *serus studiorum*: too late or too old to learn, *c. gen.*

ὀψίμος, *ov*, (ὀψέ) poet. for ὀσιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας ὀψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.

ὀψι-voos, *ov*, (ὀψέ, νόος) late of thought, inobservant.

ὀψιος, *a, ov*, (ὀψέ) late, Lat. *serus*, opp. to πρώιος. —Att. Comp. ὀψιαίτερος, *a, ov*, Sup. ὀψιαίτατος, *η, ov*: Neut. ὀψιαίτερον, -τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of ὀψέ. The forms ὀψιέστερος and ὀψιέστατος also occur.

ὀψις, *gen. eis* Ion. *ios, ἡ*, (ὀψομαι) a sight, appearance: a vision, apparition:—ὀψις οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings. 2. outward appearance, look: the face, visage. II. the power of sight or seeing, eyesight. 2. a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. *conspectus*; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὀψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.

ὀψι-τέλεστος, *ov*, (ὀψέ, τελέω) late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.

ὀψομαι, fut. of ὀρώ, formed from *ὀπτομαι.

ὀψον, τό, (ἔψω) properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh. II. anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὀψον ποτῶ, a zest or relish to drink. III. generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οἱ πόνοι ὀψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς labour is a sauce to good things. IV. any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties. V. at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians. 2. the market-place, esp. the fish-market.

ὀψοποιέω, Dep. (ὀψοποιός) to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread. Hence

ὀψοποιία, *ἡ*, the art of cookery: and

ὀψοποιικός, *ἡ, ὅν*, of or for delicate cookery.

ὀψο-ποιός, *όν*, (ὀψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὀψοποιός, *ὁ*, a cook.

ὀψο-πόνος, *ov*, (ὀψον, πονέω) dressing food elaborately.

ὀψοφάγῳ, *f. ἴσω*, (ὀψοφάγος) to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately. Hence

ὀψοφάγία, *ἡ*, dainty living: eating delicacies.

ὀψο-φάγος, *ov*, (ὀψον, φάγῃν) eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὀψοφάγος, *ὁ*, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. ὀψοφαγίστατος, ὀψοφαγίστατος.

ὀψι-ωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὀψον, ὠνέομαι) to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals. Hence

ὀψώνιον, τό, properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.

Π

Π, π, πī, indecl.: sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀφικ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀφηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the Ion., e. g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ὑπ' ἡμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ἡμῶν. II. in Ion. Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κῶς ὅκως κοῖος ὁκοῖος κόσος ὁκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποῖος ὄσος ὀπόσος. III. in Aeol. π is used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in Aeol. and Dor. π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e. g. ὀππη, ὀππως, ὀπποῖος, ὀππύσος for ὀπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πύλις, πύλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, Dor. for πῇ, πῃ.

πᾶα, Lacon. for πᾶσα.

πᾶγά, Dor. for πᾶγῃ.

παγγενέτειρα, *ἡ*, mother of all. From

παγ-γενέτης, *ov, ὁ*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) father of all.

παγ-γλυκερός, *ά, ὅν*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) sweetest of all.

παγ-γλωσσία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, γλῶσσα) wordiness.

πάγεις, *είσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγεν [ᾱ], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγετος, *ὁ*, (πάγος) frost, ice.

πάγετ-ώδης, *és*, (παγετός, ἔδος) frosty, icy-cold.

πάγη [ᾱ], 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγη [ᾱ], *ἡ*, (παγήναι) anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net. 2. metaph. a snare, stratagem.

πάγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγιδένω, *f. σω*, (παγίς) to lay a snare for, entrap.

πάγιος, *a, ov*, (παγήναι) fixed, firm, solid, steadfast. Adv. -ίως, firmly, steadily.

πάγίς, ἔδος, *ἡ*, (παγήναι) like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγίς νεῶν the anchor which holds ships like a trap.

παγ-καίνιστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καίνος) all new or fresh.

πάγ-κάκος, *ov*, (πᾶς, κακός) quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.

πάγ-κάλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) all-beautiful, all-good.

παγκαρπία, *ἡ*, an offering of all kinds of fruit. From

πάγ-καρπος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καρπός) of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.

παγ-κατάρατος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καταράομαι) all-accursed.

παγ-κευθής, *és*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) all concealed. II. act. all-concealing.

πάγ-κλαυτος and -κλαυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κλαίω) *all-lamented, most woeful*. II. *act. all-tearful*.

παγκληρία, ἡ, *a sole inheritance, full possession*. From

πάγ-κληρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κληρός) *held in full possession*.

πάγ-κοινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κοινός) *common to all*.

παγ-κοίτης, *ου, δ*, (πᾶς, κοίτη) *giving rest to all*; βάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγ-κόντιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κονίω) *covered all over with dust*; ἀέθλα παγκόντια prizes gained by all kinds of contests.

παγ-κράτης, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, κράτος) *all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering*.

παγκράτιζω, *ἴ. σω*, *to perform the exercises of the pancratium*.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) *a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium*.

παγ-κρότος, *Adv.* (πᾶς, κρότος) *sounding all at once, of towers who keep good time*.

πάγος, *δ*, (πάγηναι) *a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill*: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [ᾶ]

πάγος, *δ*, (πάγηναι) *anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost*. [ᾶ]

πάγ-ουρος, *δ*, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) *a kind of crab*.

παγ-χάλεπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλεπός) *very difficult and dangerous*. *Adv.* -πως.

παγ-χάλκεος and παγ-χαλκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλκός) *all-brasen, all of brass*.

πάγ-χρηστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χρηστός) *good for all work*.

πάγ-χριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χριστός) *all-anointed*; πάγ-χριστον πειθοῦς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, *ον*, and πάγ-χρύσος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χρυσός) *all gold, of solid gold*. [ῥ]

πάγχι, *Adv.* (πᾶς, πᾶν) *Ion. for πάνν, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether*.

παῖω, *αor. 2 subj. pass. of πῆγνυμι*.

πᾶδάω, *Dor. for πηδάω*.

πάθε [ᾶ], *Ep. for ἔπαθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω*.

πάθειν *Ep. πᾶθειν, aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω*. Hence

πάθη [ᾶ], ἡ, *anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune*.

πάθημα, *ατος, τό*, = πάθος, *a suffering, misfortune*; τὰ παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.

πάθησθα, *Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω*.

πάθητός, ἡ, *όν*, (παθεῖν) *having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer*.

πάθος, *εος, τό*, (παθεῖν) *anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity*. 2. *a passive condition: a passion, affection*. 3. *an incident*.

πάθω [ᾶ], *aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω*.

πάθων, *οὔσα, ὄν*, *aor. 2 part. of πάσχω*.

παῖ, *Ep. παῖ, vocat. of παῖς*.

Παῖαν, *ἄνος, δ*, *Ep. and Ion. Παῖων, ὄνος*, later Παῖων, *ἄνος, Paeon or Paeon, the physician of the gods*; Παῖονος γενέθλη the race of Paeon, i. e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἱμῆ Παῖαν; also to his son Aesculapius.

3. *a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer*.

II. as appellat. παῖαν *Ion. παῖων, a paeon, i. e. a chorral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖαν*.

2. *a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song*.

3. *any solemn song or chant*. 4. in pl., παῖονες *paeon-singers*. Hence

παιδνίζω, *ἴ. σω*, *to chant the paeon, sing a song of triumph*.

Παῖων, *ονος, δ*, *Dor. for Παῖων*. [ᾶ]

παῖγμα, *ατος, τό*, (παίζω) *play, sport; λατοῦ π. flute-playing*.

παῖγνιά, ἡ, (παίζω) *play, sport, a game, pastime*. II. *a feast, festival*.

παῖγνιά-γράφος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά, γράφω) *writing sportive poetry*.

παῖγνιμῶν, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (παῖγνιά) *fond of a joke*.

παῖγνιον, τό, (παίζω) *a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. deliciae, a darling*. II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακά παῖγνια, *roguish cheats*.

III. *a sportive poem: merry noise*.

παῖγνιος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά) *sportive, droll, done in play*.

παῖγνι-ώδης, *ες*, (παῖγνιά, εἶδος) *playful, sportive, merry*; τὸ παῖγνιῶδες *playfulness*.

παιδ-ἀγωγεῖον, τό, (παιδαγωγός) *a school-room*.

παιδ-ἀγωγέω, *ἴ. ἦσω*, (παιδαγωγός) *to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate*. Hence

παιδ-ἀγωγία, ἡ, *an attending boys, education: attendance*.

παιδ-ἄγωγός, *όν*, (παῖς, ἄγω) *attending or training boys: as Subst., παιδαγωγός, δ*, *the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again*:

hence generally, *a tutor, teacher, instructor*.

παιδάριον, τό, *Dim. of παῖς, a young child, a little boy or girl*.

II. *a young slave*.

παῖδω, παιδδοῶν, *Lacon. for παίζω, παίζειν*.

παιδελα, ἡ, (παιδεύω) *the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction*. II. *youth, childhood*.

III. *bandwork*.

παῖδιος, *ον*, (παῖς) *childish, concerning or suited to children*; ὕμνοι παῖδιοι hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, *ἴ. ἦσω*, *to love boys*. From παιδ-εραστής, *οὔ, δ*, (παῖς, ἐράω) *a lover of boys*.

παιδεραστία, ἡ, (παιδεραστέω) *love of boys*.

παῖδεσσι, *Ep. for παῖσι, dat. pl. of παῖς*.

παῖδευμα, *ατος, τό*, (παιδεύω) *that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil*. II. *that which is taught, lesson*.

παῖδευσις, ἡ, (παιδεύω) *a rearing, training, education*. II. *a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα*

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδεύσεις our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, δ, an educator, instructor. II. a corrector, cbastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σῶ: aor. I ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα: —Pass., aor. I ἐπαίδευσθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς): —to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; δ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτός:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, cbasten.

παιδῆμος, η, ον, Ion. for παιδεῖος.

παιδιά, ᾱς, ἡ, (παῖς) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδία, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ὧν, τὰ, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. *deliciae*. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. *puerilis*. 2. playful, sportive. II. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II. a young slave.

παιδικάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden, damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ὁ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (παῖς) childish, silly, playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὁ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy, lad: παιδνή, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένος) begetting children. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἡσώ, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτείνω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and παιδ-ολέτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (παῖς, ὄλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολῆτιρα and παιδολῆτις, ἰδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying children. [v]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἡσώ, (παιδοποιέω) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children. παιδο-ποιός, ὄν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πείρω) through which a child passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἡσώ, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τριβή, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβήναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises; ἐν παιδοτριβῶν in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [τ] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a training-master or his art. Adv. —κῶς, like a gymnastic master.

παιδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβήναι) a slave that attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἡσώ, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τρώτος, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργέω, f. ἡσώ, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω. Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἡσώ, to be fond of boys. From

παιδο-φίλη, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, *φίνω) killing children: συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παῖζω: f. παίζομαι or παίζομαι, rarely παίζω: aor. I ἔπαισα and ἔπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμαι: (παῖς):—to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3.

to play at a game; σφαῖρον or σφαῖραν παίζειν to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6.

transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιηόνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιηονίς, ἰδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

παῖσσω, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παῖων as appellat.

for παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παιηόνιος.

παῖκτης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς) a dancer or player.

παίζομαι or παίζομαι, Att. fut. of παίζω.

παιπάλη, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. *pollen*: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [α] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλδεις, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΨ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παιδων Dor. παιδων; dat. pl. παισὶ, παιδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. *παῖς*, vocat. *πάι*:

I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παιδός a child's child, grandchild. 2. periphr., Λυδῶν παῖδες sons of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II.

of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παιδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. I. imperat. of παῖζω.

παῖσδα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παῖζω.

παῖφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαίνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, pal-pitate.

ΠΑΙΩΝ, fut. παῖσω and παῖησω: aor. I. ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐπαῖσθην: pf. πέπαυσμαι:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαῖσατο τὸν μηρόν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away. 4. to bit hard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, Paeon, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer.

II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a paeon, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — — — —, — — — —, — — — —, — — — —.

Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f. σω, = παιανίζω, to raise the Paeon.

Παιώνιος, α, ον, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιωνία a festival of Paeon.

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιανισμός, a chanting of the paeon. πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πικτή, etc.

πακτώω, f. ὥσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑ'ΑΛ'ΘΗ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [ἄλ']

ΠΑ'ΑΛΑΙ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ πάλαι.

πάλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλαι-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής.

πάλαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαιόγονος.

παλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μήτηρ) ancient mother.

παλαιό-πλουτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλούτος) = ἀρχαιο-πλούτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νέουπλουτος.

παλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) with aged roots.

παλαιός, ὁ, ὄν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; οἱ παλαιοὶ the ancients; παλαιός χρό-νος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος: more often παλαιότερος, παλαιάτος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιέτου from the older time. Hence

παλαιότης, ἡτος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

παλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

παλαιώω, f. ὥσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. to become obsolete.

πάλαισμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

παλαισμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

παλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

παλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

παλαιστιάς, α, ον, (παλαίστη) a palm long or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαίστης) of or for wrestling. παλαίστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [τ], ον, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra. παλαιότερος and παλαιάτος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

πάλαι-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary. III. primitive, ancient, olden.

πάλαι-χθών, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαίχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. *indigena*.

παλαίω, f. αἰσω: aor. I. ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. *luctare*. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. *laborare*.

παλάμωμαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑ'ΑΛ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμῃ, παλάμῃν:—the Lat. *PALMA*, the palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

παλαμναῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμεν, Ep. for παλάξιν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

παλάσσω, τό, = παλάθη.

παλάσσω, f. ῶω: pf. pass. πεπάλαγμα: (πάλλω):—to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 plpf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots.

in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρῳ πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) *be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.*

παλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαιστή, παλαστιαῖος.

ΠΑΛΑΙΤΥΝ, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) *the finest meal or flour*, Lat. *pollen*: hence παιπάλη.

πάληναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλλ, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾶ]

παλιγ-γένεσις, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλώσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλιγκάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιγ-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλιγκotos, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescens*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλιγκotos τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλιγκotoi adversaries.

παλιγ-κραίνως, ον, (πάλιν, κραίνως) very swift.

παλλυλλογέω, f. ἦσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλλυ-λόγος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλλιμ-βείως, ον, (πάλιν, βαινω) going backwards.

παλλιμ-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστειν) shooting up again.

παλλιμ-βολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλλιμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) throwing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλλιμ-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλλιμ-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλλιμ-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΙΕΤ—Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλιμπετές as Adv. back, back again.

παλλιμπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλιμπλαγχθείς: to wander back.

παλλιμ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλλιμ-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vanquished. II. act. vanquishing up old wares.

παλλιμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποιμή) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλιμποινον requital, retribution.

παλλιμ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, ποῦς) going back, returning.

παλλιμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern forστοι.

παλλιμ-φήμος Dor. -φᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, φῆμι) dissonant, discordant.

παλλιμ-φύης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑΛΑΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ἧς she went back from her daughter. 2.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν ἐπεῖν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man. II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

παλιν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; ἔπος οὐ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word.

παλιν-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) growing again.

παλιν-αυτόμολος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλιν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [ᾶ]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἦσω, (παλινδρόμος) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλιν-δρομος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλι-νημεία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm.

παλιν-δρμενος, η, ον, rubbing back: cf. sq.

παλιν-ορσος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὀρνυμαι) hastening or darting back. II. recurring, inveterate.

παλιν-οσκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλιν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλιν-στομέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλιν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλιν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τένω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλιντονα τόξα, 1. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force. 2.

of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος.

παλιν-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβηται) rubbed again and again: barded, obdurate, villainous.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. *retortus*. II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

παλιν-φδέω, f. ἦσω, (πάλιν, φῶθ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινφδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΑΙΟΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, rhamnus paliurus.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) with a bundle of paliurus-wood.

παλιρ-ρόβιος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ρόβος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρρόβιον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλirroθος, ον, (πάλιν, ῥέθου) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλirroθα, ἡ, (παλirroθος) *the reflux of water, back-water, ebb*.

παλirro-ροῖος, η, ον, Ep. for παλirroρος.

παλirro-ροος, ον, contr. παλirroρου, ον, (πάλιν, ῥέω) *flowing backwards, refluxent: ebbing and flowing*. II. metaph. *returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλirro-ροπος, ον, (πάλιν, ῥέπω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλirro-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλirro-σῦτος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) *rushing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλirroσυντον a backward course*.

παλirro-ῶξίς, ἡ, (πάλιν, ῶξή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

παλλάγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) *concubinage*.

Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.

παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλλάκτη, ἡ, (πάλλαξ) *a concubine*.

παλλάκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = πάλλαξ, *a concubine*.

ΠΑ'ΔΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a concubine*, Lat. *pellea*, opp. to the lawful wife (ἄκοιτις, ἄλοχος).

Παλλάς, ἄδος [ἄ], ἡ, (πάλλω) *Pallas*, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς 'Αθήνη or Παλλάς 'Αθηναίη, but later used alone, = 'Αθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, ὁ, *Pallas*, masc. prop. n.

πάλirro-λευκος, ον, (πᾶν, λευκός) *all white*.
ΠΑ'ΔΔΩ: aor. I ἔηλα Ep. πῆλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπᾶλιν (in compd. ἀμπεπαλόν):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πᾶλτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—

Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself. 2. κλῆρπος πᾶλlein to shake the lots together till one leap forth: hence πᾶλlein, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πᾶλleσθαι to draw lots. II. πᾶλλω, intr. like πᾶλλομαι, to leap, bound: to quiver, quake.

παλirro-μός, ὁ, (πάλλω) iutr. *a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse*.

πάλος, ὁ, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; ἀρχὰς πάλω ἄρχειν to hold public offices by lot*.

πᾶλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πᾶλλω.

παλirro-τόν, τό, *anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerreed*: properly neut. from παλirro-τός.

παλirro-τής, ὁ, ὄν, (πάλλω) *brandished, buried*.

παλirro-νίας, aor. I part. of παλirro-νών.

παλirro-νών, f. ἴνω: aor. I ἐπᾶλνω: (πάλλω):—to strew or scatter upon. II. to bestrew, besprinkle.

πᾶμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) *property*.

παμ-βασίλεια, ἡ, (πᾶς, βασίλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.

παμ-βεβῆρὸς, ὁ, ὄν, (πᾶς, βεβῆρὸς) *all-loatsome or abominable*.

παμ-βίαις, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, βία) *all-subduing*.

πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πᾶς, βύσσω) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (πᾶς, βῶτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πᾶς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.

πάμ-μᾶχος, ον, (πᾶς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumphant*.

II. = παγκρατίαςτής.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πᾶς, μέγας) *very great*.

παμ-μεγέθης, ἑς, (πᾶς, μέγεθος) *of enormous size*.

παμ-μέλας, αῖνα, ἄν, (πᾶς, μέλας) *all black*.

παμ-μήκης, ἐς, (πᾶς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.

πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πᾶς, μήν) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτερος, ἡ, = παμμήτωρ.

παμμήτης, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πᾶς, μήτης) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πᾶς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. altogether a mother, a very mother.

παμ-μᾶρος, ον, (πᾶς, μαρός) *all-abominable*.

παμ-μίγης, ἐς, (πᾶς, μίγναι) *all-blended, all-founded, promiscuous*.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πᾶς, μικρός) *very small*.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμήγης.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πᾶς, μόρος) *all-barless*.

παμ-μυσῶρὸς, ὁ, ὄν, (πᾶς, μύσος) *παμμυρῶς*.

πάμ-πᾶν, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶν, quite, wholly, altogether; οὐ πᾶμπαν not at all, by no means*.

παμ-πειθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.

παμ-πήδη, Adv. (πᾶς) *like πᾶμπαν, entirely, totally*.

παμ-πησία, ἡ, (πᾶς, πέπᾶμαι) *entire possession*.

παμ-πληθής, Adv. *with the whole multitude*. From

παμ-πληθής, ἐς, (πᾶς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. *very numerous*. III. neut. παμπληθές as Adv. *entirely*.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πᾶς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also η, ον, (πᾶς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πᾶς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολύ, (πᾶς, πολὺς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many*:—neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. *very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πᾶς, πονήρὸς) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πᾶς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.

παμ-πότνια, ἡ, (πᾶς, πόντια) *all-venerable*.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πᾶς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, resplendent*.

παμ-πρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρώτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, πρῶτος) *the very first, first of all: πᾶμπρωτον and πᾶμπρωτα as Adv., first of all*.

παμ-φάης, ἐς, (πᾶς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent*. Adv. -ως.

παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, *to shine or beam brightly*: Ep. 3 sing. pres. παμφαίνῃσι, as if from παμ-φαίνῃμι; πρῶτον παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμφανών, fem. -ῶσα, gen. -ῶσαν, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφανᾶω) *all-shining, brightly-beaming, glistering*.

παμ-φάρμακος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμ-φηγγής, *és*, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

πάμ-φθαρτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

πάμ-φλεκτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-blazing.*

πάμ-φορβος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμ-φόρος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.*

II. *bearing all things with it.*

πάμ-φύλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φιλῶ) *of all tribes or sorts.*

πάμ-φωνος, *ov*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμ-ψηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψηφός) *with all the votes.*

πάμ-ψυχος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut.* of πᾶς.

Πάν, *gen.* Πάνος, *δ*, *Pan*, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur.* Πᾶνες, = *Lat.* Fauni.

πάν-αβρος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀβρίς) *quite or very soft.*

πάν-ἄγρις, *és*, (πᾶς, ἄγρος) *all-balloved, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

παν-ἄγρετος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *all-catching.*

παν-αγρεύς, *έας*, *δ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *one who catches everything.*

πάν-αγρος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*

πάν-ἀγρυπνος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνός) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

παν-ἀγυρις, *Dor.* for πανήγυρις.

Πάν-Ἀθηναία (sub. *ιερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence

ΠανἈθηναϊκός, *ή*, *όν*, *of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaeic.*

πᾶν-ἄθλιος, *α*, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶν-αγλήγας, *έσσα*, *εν*, (πᾶς, ἀγλή) *all-shining.*

πάν-αἶθος, *η*, *ov*, (πᾶς, αἶθω) *all-blazing.*

πᾶν-αίολος, *ov*, (πᾶς, αἰώλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.*

II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶν-αίσχρος, *ov*, (πᾶς, αἰσχρός) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παναίσχιστος.*

πᾶν-αἴτιος, *ov*, (πᾶς, αἰτία) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

παν-ἄκεια, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ή.*

πᾶν-ἀλάστορ, *ov*, *δ*, (πᾶς, ἀλάστορ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἀληθής, *és*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θως, all truly.*

πᾶν-ἀλκή, *és*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἄλωτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing. [ᾗ]*

πᾶν-ἄμερος, -αμέριος, *Dor.* for παν-ήμερος, -ημέριος.

πᾶν-ἄμμορος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄμμορος) *without any share in.*

II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἄμωμος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blameless.*

παν-δοῖδμος, *ov*, (πᾶς, δοῖδμος) *ενηγ by all.*

παν-ἀπῆλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἄπενθής, *és*, (πᾶς, ἀ πέναν, πένθος) *without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἄπημος, *ov*, *gen.* ἄπος, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) *all-barmless, all free from harm.*

πᾶν-ἄποτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄποτος) *all-barless.*

πᾶν-ἀργύρεος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀργυρός) *all of silver.*

παν-ἄρετος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἄριστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρκέτας, *gen.* *fem.* οἱ παρ᾽ ἀρκέτας, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἀρμόνιος, *α*, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass.*

2. *harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πᾶν-αρχος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ἀτρεκής, *és*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἄφῆλξ, *έας*, *δ*, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἡλξ) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἄφθιτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀφθιτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυκτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inexorable.*

πᾶν-ἀφυλλος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-Ἀχαιοί, *οἱ*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeans.*

πᾶν-ἄχραντος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ἄωριος, *ov*, (πᾶς, ἄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δαισία, *ή*, (πᾶς, δαΐς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

παν-δάκρυτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, δακρύνω) *all in tears, all-tearful.*

II. *all-beepest, most lamentable.*

παν-δαιμάτωρ, *ov*, *δ*, (πᾶς, δαίμων) *all-subduer. [ᾗ]*

παν-δαμεί, *Dor.* for πανδημί.

πᾶν-δεινός, *ov*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτας, *α*, *ov*, (Πανδέλετος) *knaveish like Pandeleus.*

παν-δερεκής, *ov*, *masc.* *Adj.* and πανδερκής, *és*, (πᾶς, δέρομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημεί and -δημί, *Adv.* of πανδημος, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ή*, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημιάς as Adv., altogether.*

παν-δήμιος, *ov*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶν-δημιος, *ov*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πᾶν-δημιος πᾶσι the whole body of the city.*

Πᾶν-δία (sub. *ιερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίς *gen.* Δίος) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶν-δικός, *ov*, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv. παν-δίκως, all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, *fem.* *patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.*

II. (sub. φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκείον, *τό*, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn.*

From

παν-δοκεῖς, *έας*, *δ*, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem. παν-δοκεύτρια, ή, a hostess.*

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From παν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχεῖον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ—.

πάν-δυρτος, ον, ποθ. for πανόδυρτος, (πᾶς, ὀδυρτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δυσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star. παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth.

II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πάν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-Ἕλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πάν-επὶ-ῥάτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπὶ-ῥάτος) all-lovely.

παν-επισκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-επ-ὀρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπὶ, ὀρφνῇ) all night long.

πάν-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-ἐρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐρημος) all-desolate.

πάν-ἐσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἐστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household.

πάν-ἔτης, es, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάντες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εὐτονος, ον, (πᾶς, εὐτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πάν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανηγυρίς) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πάν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. —κάς, pompously. From

πάν-ἡγυρίς Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανήγυρις: (πᾶς, ἀγυρίς Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγυρίς πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πάν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πάν-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νῆπις πανημερία a ship which sails all day; πανήμερος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανήμεριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πάν-ἡμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θηλεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. —κτεῖρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλω) charmer of all.

παν-θηλής, es, (πᾶς, τέθηλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θύμαδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θύτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πάνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δέημα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πάν-ἱμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἱμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [ῆ]

πάνιςδομαι, Dor. for πνίςδομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycalé, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιάνια

(sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-ῥάβητος, ον, (πᾶς, ῥαβδομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night.

II. to watch or do anything the livelong night; παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the livelong night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίῃ νηὺς πείρει κέλευσθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νύχης, ἱδός, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πάν νύχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχια as Adv., the livelong night.

πάν-ὀδυρτος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οἰζύς, ὅ, gen. ὄος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικεί and —οικέ, Adv., = πανοικία.

πάν-οικία Ion. —ἡ, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, bousehold and all.

παν-οἰμοι, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμοι) oh utter woe!

πάν-ὀλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πάν-ομιλῆς, Adv. (πᾶς, ὁμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄμμα) all eyes.

πάν-ὁμοιος Ep. —ομοίος [ῆ], ον, (πᾶς, ὁμοιος) exactly like.

πάν-ομφαλός, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πάνοπλία, ἡ, (πάνοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίῃ in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence

πάν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [ῆ]

πάν-οπλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὅπλον) *in full armour*, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ὄφθαι) *the all-seeing*.

πάν-ορμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) *always fit for landing*.

πᾶνός, *ὁ*, Acol. for φᾶνός, (φαῖνον) *a torch, beacon*.

πανουργέω, *ι, ῥσαι*, (πανούργος) *to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue*; ὅσια πανουργεῖν *to do a holy deed in an unholy way*. Hence

πανουργήμα, *ατος, τό*, *a knavish, roguish act*.

πανουργία, *ῆς*, (πανουργέω) *villany, knavery, trickery*: *in plur.* *knavish tricks*.

πανουργ-ἱππαρχίδας, *ου, ὁ*, (πανούργος, ἱππαρχος) *a captain of rascals*: *οι* = πανούργος ἱππαρχίδης, *knave Hipparchides*.

πᾶν-ούργος, *ον*, (πᾶν, ἔργον) *ready to do anything*: mostly in bad sense, *ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous*: as Subst., πανούργος, *ὁ, ῆς*, *a knave, villain, rogue*; πανούργον, *τό*, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, *most rascally*.—Adv. πανούργως, *villainously*; Sup. —ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄψις) *seen by all*, *epith. of a spear*.

παν-σάγία, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: *dat.* as Adv. *πανσαγία*, like πανοπλία, *in full armour*.

παν-σέληνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σελήνη) *of the moon, at the full*; ὥρα πανσέληνος *the time of full moon*: ἡ πανσέληνος (*sub. νύξ*), *the time of full moon, the full moon*; ἡ αὔριον πανσέληνος *to-morrow's full moon*.

πᾶν-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *very stately*.

πᾶν-σκοπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) *all-surveying*.

πᾶν-σοφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σοφός) *all-wise, very wise*.

πᾶν-στερμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) *composed of all sorts of seeds*.

παν-στράτις Ion. —ῆς, (πᾶς, στρατός) *dat.* used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά *in use* (but gen. πανστρατίας occurs), *with the whole army*.

πανσυνδία Ion. —ῆς, (πᾶς, σείω) *dat.* used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυνδία *in use*, *with all speed*.

πᾶν-συντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σύνω) *swept together from every side, accumulated*.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακῆ, Adv., Ion. for πανταχῆ.

παν-τάλας, *αινα, ἄν*, (πᾶς, τάλας) *all-wretched*.

παντάπαστι, before a vowel —σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) *entirely, wholly, altogether*: *in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly*.

παντάρβη, *ῆς*, name of a precious stone.

παντ-ἀρκίς, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, ἀρκεῖν) *all-prevailing*.

παντ-ἀρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) *ruler of all*.

πάντ-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-ruling, absolute*.

παντάχῃ, Ion. πανταχῇ, Adv. (πᾶς) *of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way*. II. of Manner, *by all means, absolutely: in all respects*.

παντᾶχόθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) *from all places or sides*.

παντᾶχοι, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all directions, every way*.

παντᾶχσε, Adv. (πᾶς) *to all places, every way*.

παντᾶχοῦ, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere*.

παντᾶχως, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all ways*.

παν-τέλης, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, τέλος) *all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute*. 2. *fully accomplished*. 3. *comprising all, the whole*, Lat. universus. II. act. *all-accomplishing*. Hence

παντελῶς Ion. —ῶς, Adv., also παντελές, *completely, entirely, absolutely: outright*.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, *dat. pl. of πᾶς*.

παν-τευχία, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, τεῦχος) = παν-οπλία, *complete armour*; ξὺν *οι* ἐν παντευχίᾳ *in full armour*.

πᾶν-τεχνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τέχνη) *assisting all the arts*.

πάντη Dor. παντᾶ, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere, on every side, every way*. II. *in every way, by all means*; οὐ πάντη *not quite*.

πᾶν-τίμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τίμη) *all-honourable*.

παντὸ-γῆρας, *ων*, gen. *ω*, (πᾶς, γῆρας) *making all old, enfeebling all*.

παντο-δᾶτις, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, *δᾶω) *all-knowing*.

παντοδᾶπός, *ῆς, ὅν*, (πᾶς) *of every kind, of all sorts, manifold*. Adv. —πῶς, *in all kinds of ways*.

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) *from all quarters, from every side*, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere*.

παντοῖος, *α, ὢν*, (πᾶς) *of all sorts or kinds, manifold*; παντοῖος γενέσθαι *to take all shapes*, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοῖως, Adv. *in every kind of way*.

παντο-κράτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, κράττω) *all-mighty*.

παντ-ολιγοχρόνιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) *utterly short-lived*.

πᾶν-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring, shameless*.

παντο-μίσῃς, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, μίσος) *all-bateful*.

παντο-πάθῃς, *ῆς*, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) *all-suffering*.

παντο-πόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, πόρος) *all-inventive*.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ὄφθαι) *all-seeing*.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all ways, every way*.

παντὸ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *all-reverend, august*.

πάντοτε, Adv. *at all times, always*.

παντὸ-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring*.

παντ-ουργός, *όν*, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) *all-devouring*.

παντὸ-φурτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φύρω) *all-confused, commingled*.

πᾶν-τροπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέπω) *utterly routed*.

παν-τρόφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέφω) *all-nourishing*.

πάντως, Adv. (πᾶς) *wholly, altogether*: οὐ πάντως *in nowise, by no means, not at all*, Lat. omnino non. II. in strong affirmation, *at all events, at any rate, at least*: in answers, *yes, by all means*.

πάνυ, Adv. (πᾶς) *altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino*. 2. *very, very much, exceedingly*. 3.

ὁ πάνυ *with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough*; ὁ πάνυ στρατιωτῶν *the thorough soldiers*, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνυ Περικλῆς *the famous Pericles*. II. in answers, *yes by all means, certainly*. [α]

παν-υπέρροχος, ον, (πᾶς, υπέρροχος) *eminent above all*.

πάν-υπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, υπέρτατος) *uppermost; highest of all*.

παν-υστῆτος, ον, and πάν-υστῆτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, υστῆτος) *last of all*.

πανυλεθρία, ἡ, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From πάν-ώλεθρος, ον, (πᾶς, όλεθρος, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*.

2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πάν-ῶλης, ες, (πᾶς, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πάν-ωπής, εσσα, εν, (πᾶς, ὥψ) *visible to all*.

πάν-ωρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὥρα) *in every season*.

πάξ, Lat. *paux* *bush*! *still*!

παῖς, πάσαι, Dor. for πῆξαι, πῆξαι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆγνυμι.

ΠΑΨΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [α]: aor. I ἐπαΐσαμην: pf. πέπαμαι, inf. πεπαῖσθαι: Dep.:—to get, acquire, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to have in possession.

παῖ, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae! ob!* *alas!* II. of surprise, *ab!*

παῖαι, lengthd. for παπαί.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαί, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππας) to call παπα, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling παπα.

ΠΑΨΙΑΣ, ου, ὁ, παπα, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, *mamma*, of μήτηρ.

παπαῖας, ου, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, *dear little παπα*.

παππιδιον, τό, = παππίας. [Υ]

παππίζω, = παππάζω.

ΠΑΨΗΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶς, α, ον, (πάππος) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him.

πάπραξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasias. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly. II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάππος, ὁ and ἡ, the παρῦρος, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά.

II. it is also used for πάρα in sense of πάρεστι.

ΠΑΡΑ' Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.: Radical sense, *beside*:

I. WITH GENIT. from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from: παρ' ἐαυτοῦ δίδοναι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, παρά

is used like ὑπό, Lat. *a* or *ab*, *by*, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθῆναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*: παρ' ἐμοί, Lat. *me judice*, before me: παρὰ Δαρείω κριτῇ before Darius as judge: παρ' ἐωυτῷ at one's home, Lat. *apud se*.

III. WITH ACCUS., 1. of Place, *running along, beside*. 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of persons. 3. *going by, leaving on one side*: παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα παρῖέναι to go past Babylon: metaph. *going by, beyond or beside the mark*: παρὰ δυνάμιν beyond one's strength: *contrary to, against*: παρὰ μῶραν *contrary to destiny*: παρὰ δόξαν *contrary to opinion*.

4. *beside, beyond, except*: οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else: so, παρὰ ἐν πάλασμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν Ὀλυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize: παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον *within little*, i. e. *well-nigh, almost*: παρὰ πολὺ *by much*: παρὰ τοσούτον *by so much*: παρ' ὅσον by how much, Lat. *quatenus*:—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν he came within a little of dying: παρὰ τοσούτον κινδύνου ἐλθεῖν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little.

5. *in comparison with*: αὐτὸς παρ' ἐαυτοῦ himself compared with himself: παρ' οὐδέν ἐστι it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing: παρ' οὐδέν ἡγείσθαι to consider as nothing:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day: παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ζῆα ὥσπερ θεοὶ οἱ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσιν men as compared with all other animals live like gods: παρὰ τοῖς ἄλλοις πονεῖν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. *more than* the rest.

II. of Time, *during*: παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written πάρα: so also when it stands for πάρεμι or πάρεστι.

Παρά absol., as Adv., *near, together, at once*.

IN COMPOS., παρά retains its chief usages as Prep., I. *alongside of, beside*, as in παρά-κειμαι, παρ-έχομαι.

II. from one to another, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-έχω.

III. *passing by*, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι.

2. metaph. *swerving aside*, i. e. *amiss, wrong*, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, *contrary to, against*, as in παρ-αίσιος.

IV. of alteration or change, as in παρὰ-φήμι, παρα-πέθω.

παραβᾶθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω.

παρα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βέβως Ep. παρβεβῶς: aor. 2 παρέβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat.

II. to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress: ὁ παραβάς the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I παρ-εβᾶθην [α], pf. παρα-βέβακα, to be transgressed or offended against.

III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: οὐ με παρέβα it escaped me not.

IV. In Comedy, παραβαίνειν ἐς or πρὸς τὸ θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βακτρος, *ον*, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, *ον*, (παρά, βάκχος) like a Bacchanal.
παρά-βάλλω, *φ.* -βάλλω: *αορ.* 2 παρέβαλον: *πφ.* -βέβληκα:—*Pass.*, *αορ.* 1 -έβληθην: *πφ.* -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, *Lat. objicere, projicere*: to hold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, *Lat. objicere*.

II. to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—*Med.* to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβάλλομενος πολεμῶν setting my life upon a cast in war: so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—*Med.*, παραβάλλομενοι vying with one another: *Pass.*, ἀπάτα θ' ἀπάταις παραβάλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another.

III. to bring to the side of: esp. in *Med.*, παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἄκτον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in *αορ.* 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land. *IV.* to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint. *V.* to deposit with one, entrust to him. *VI.* to deceive, betray. *VII.* intr. in *Act.* to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like *Lat. trajicio*.

παράβας, ἄσα, ἄν, *αορ.* 2 part. of παραβαίνειν.
παράβασις *Ep.* παραβασις, *ως, ἡ*, (παραβαίνειν) an overstepping, transgression. *II.* the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παράβατης [ᾶ], *ου, ὁ*, (παραβαίνειν) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer. *II.* a transgressor, in poet. form παραβάτης.

παρβατός poet. παρβατός, ἡ, ὄν, (παραβαίνειν) transgressed. *II.* to be gone beyond, surpassed.

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παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῇ).

παραγράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παραγράφμαι, to have a thing written by the side: to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment (γραφῇ); absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφῇ.

παραγυμνῶ, f. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph. to lay open, disclose. παρα-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2. -ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line. II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert. III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness, etc. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παράγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (πίτυλος) in coming out of the water. II. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety. παρα-δακρύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with. παρα-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι: aor. 2. παρέδαρθον Ep. παρέδραθον, inf. παραδραθῆναι:—to sleep beside or by.

παράδειγμα, τό, (παράδεικνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example; ἐπὶ παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence παρα-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματώδης, es, (παράδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example. παρα-δεικνυμι and -ῶ: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, portray. 3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go with one's dinner. παράδεισος, ὁ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλώω, f. ὦσω, to disclose by a side hint. παρα-διᾶκονέω, f. ἦσω, to attend and serve. παρα-διατριβή, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or band over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to band over to justice: also to betray. 3. to band down, transmit to posterity. II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῆ, ῆς, ῆ, aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι. παραδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel. παρά-δοξος, ov, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως.

παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, dequealing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτός, α, ov, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, etc.:—neut. παραδοτέον or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι. παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδράθῃν Ep. -έιν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδραθῆναι. παραδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω. παρα-δράω Ep. παρα-δρώω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμεῖν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter. παράδρομος, ov, (παραδραμεῖν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δράω, Ep. for παραδράω. παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δύναστέω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one. παράδυστις, ἡ, a slinking in beside. From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Ep. παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσέω, Desiderat. of παραδίδωμι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up. παρα-δέλω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρα-δείρω contr. παραίρω (παρά, δείρω contr. αἰρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to hang on one side; Ep. aor. I pass. παρήρθη Att. παρήρθη.

παρα-ξεύνυμι and -ῶ, f. -ξεύω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζηλώω, f. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy. παρα-ζώνυμι and -ῶ, f. -ζῶσω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσιος Att. -ττισιος, ov, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θάλασσιος Att. -ττισιος, α, ov, also ος, ov, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-βάλπω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.

παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.

παραθέειν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.

παραθέεις, παραθέες, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.

παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.

παρα-θερμαίνω, to heat or inflame to excess.

παραθέσεις, εως, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice.

παρα-θέω, f. -θέυσμαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.

παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.

παρα-θίγω, f. ξω, to whet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.

παραθήκη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.

παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.

πᾶραι, poet. for παρά.

παραβασίτη, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, transgression.

παραβιδέω, παραβιδής, poet. for παραβί-

παραβίβωλος, ον, poet. for παράβωλος, (παραβάλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήδην.

παρ-αιθύσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.

παραινέσεις, ἡ, (παραινέω) advice, counsel.

παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρηνέθην: pf. παρήνημαι:—to advise, recommend, counsel.

παραιπετίθω, παραιπετιθούσα, Ep. for παραιπίθω, παραιπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραιπέω.

παράρσεις, ἡ, a taking away from beside, a withholding of, curtailing. From

παρ-αιρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρρρήθην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρεῖν ἀπὸν εἰς παῖδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence

παράρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvaie of cloth: generally, a band, strip.

παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αίρω.

παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to hear of by the way.

παρ-αίστος, ον, (παρά, αἶσιος) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.

παρ-αίσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξα:—to dart past.

παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to beg of or from another: I. c. acc. rei, to obtain by prayer or entreaty. 2. c. acc. pers. to move by entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence

παραίτησις, ἡ, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.

παρ-αίτιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αἰτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.

παραί-φάμενος, η, ον, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exhorting, encouraging.

παραί-φῶσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις, (παραφήμι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.

παραί-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.

παρ-αιωρέω, f. ἦσω, to hang up beside:—Pass. to be hung or bang beside.

παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.

παρακαθεζέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.

παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθήσθαι, Dep. to sit beside or near.

παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθιζήσω Att. -καθιῶ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I ἐκαθίσαμην:—to sit down beside.

παρα-καθίημι, f. -καθίσω, to let down by the side: so also in Med. παρακαθίεμαι.

παρακαθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.

παρ-αίριος and παρὰ-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρός) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.

παρ-αίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.

παρ-αἰλέω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. III. to demand, require.

παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak, veil. From

παρ-ακλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover by banging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.

παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακάβαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence

παρακαταβολή, ἡ, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.

παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρακατατίθημι) anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust.

παρα-κατανήσκει, f. -καταθανούμαι: aor. 2 -κάθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.

παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. iuxta accumbere.

παρα-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down beside.

παρακατέγομαι, f. ἔγομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρατέλεκτο.

παρακαταλείπω, f. ῥω, to leave behind in one's bands.

παρακαταπήγνυμι, f. -καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρακατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρακατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to keep back, restrain. παρακατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρακαττώ, Att. for παρα-κασσών, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεκέσκειτο: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακείμενα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμενα.

παρακελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plqpf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακένους, ἡ, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακένουσα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ὁ, = παρακένους.

παρακελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρακελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνους, ἡ, a desperate venture. From

παρακινδύνω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or hazard a thing: c. inf. to have the hardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard: in Pass., ἔπος παρακεκινδυνεύον a hardy, venturesome phrase.

παρακινέω, f. ἡσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter.

2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρακίω, to pass by.

παρακλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσόμην: to weep beside or at.

παρακλείω Ion. -κλήω, to bar or shut out.

παρακλέπτω, f. ῥω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρακληίω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

πράκλεις, ἡ, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3. exhortation, encouragement.

παρακλητός, α, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

πράκλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ὁ, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper; hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλίνω, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίνω, ορος, ὁ, = παρακλίτης. From

παρα-κλίνω [ῥ], f. -κλινῶ, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν τὴν θύραν to set the gate ajar.

2. metaph. to make to swerve, distort; ἄλλη παρακλινούσι δίκας they turn righteous judgments aside. II. Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθη [ῥ]: pf. παραέκλιναι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.

III. intr. in Act., to turn aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ον, ὁ, one who lies beside at meals. [ῥ]

παρακλῶ, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong. παρ-ακμάζω, f. ἄσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρ-ακώω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παρ-ακοή, ἡ, (παρ-ακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρ-ακοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρ-ακοίτης, ον, ὁ, (παρά, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, busband.

παρ-ακοίτης, ἰος, ἡ, acc. ἴν: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι; (παρά, ἀκοίτης) a wife, consort.

παρ-ακολουθέω, f. ἡσω, to follow close or hard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to hold good throughout.

II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρ-ακομίδῃ, ἡ, (παρ-ακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρ-ακομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ακονάω, f. ἡσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-ακοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρ-ακοπή, ἡ, (παρ-ακώπω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παρ-ακοπος, ον, (παρ-ακώτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρ-ακόπτω, f. ῥω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ἀνδράρην παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp.

II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to bear beside or by the way, to bear talk of. II. to bear or learn underhand.

III. to bear wrong, misunderstand.

παρ-ακρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμῶ:—to let hang on the side.

παρακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παράκρινω [ῥ], ἑ. -κρινῶ: αορ. I παρέκρινα: pf. παραέκρινα: Pass., αορ. I παρεκρίθην [ῥ]: pf. παραέκριμαι:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παράκροτέω, ἑ. ἥσω, to pat, touch on the side.

παράκρουσις, ἡ, (παράκρουσις) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παράκρούω, ἑ. σῶ: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., αορ. I παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραέκρουμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παράκτάωμαι, ἑ. ἥσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτεναι, to have over and above.

παράκτιδος, ὄν, and παρ-άκτιος, α, ὄν, (παρά, ἀκτῆ) on the seaside, on the shore.

παράκυνω, ἑ. ψῶ: αορ. I παρέκυνα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectedly. 2.

generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door,

window, etc.: also to peep in.

παράκωχῆ, see παροκωχῆ.

παράλαμβάνω, ἑ. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάβομαι: αορ. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V.

to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παρά-λέγω, ἑ. ξῶ, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., ἑ. -λέξομαι: αορ. I παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. αορ. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παράλειπ-τέον, verb. Adv. one must omit. From

παρά-λείπω, ἑ. ψῶ, to leave on one side, leave remaining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρά-λειψω, ἑ. ψῶ, to smear with ointment.

παρά-λείψομαι, pf. pass. of παραλύνω.

παρά-λεύσσω, = παροράω.

παράληπ-τέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παράληψις, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παράληψω, ἑ. ἥσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παράληψομαι, παρ-άληψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψις, εἰς, ἡ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλεια (sub. χώρα), ἡ, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (παρά, ἑλα) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παράλληλῆ, ἡ, (παράλλασσω) a passing from hand to hand, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παράλλαγμα, ματος, τό, (παράλλασσω) an exchange.

παράλλαι, Adv. (παράλλασσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: ἑ. ξῶ: αορ. I παρήλλαξα: Pass., αορ. I -ηλλάχθην: αορ. 2 -ηλλάγην [ᾱ]: pf.

-ήλλαγμα:—to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3.

of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ὄν, (παρά, ἄλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρ-αλογίζομαι, ἑ. ἰσχύομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II.

to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παρ-αλογισμός, ὁ, false reckoning: a fallacy.

παρ-άλογος, ὄν, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρ-άλογος, ὁ, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

παρ-άλος, ὄν, (παρά, ἑλα) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. of Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παραλία); opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos.

III. ἡ Πάραλος (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμινία.

παρ-αλύειν, ἑ. ἥσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυσιῖνες, the refractory.

παρ-αλυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρ-άλυνω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρ-αλύω, ἑ. -λύσω [ῥ]: αορ. I παρέλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., αορ. I παρελύθην [ῥ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5.

to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part. παραλυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-άμειβω, ἑ. ψῶ: αορ. I παρήμειψα: (παρά, ἀμείβω):—to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II.

Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-άμειβω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρ-ημελήκει: (παρά, ἀμείβω):—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παρπειράομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to make trial of.
παρ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I παρπέμψα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships.

II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παρπεσών, aor. 2 part. of παρπίπτω.

παρ-πέτᾱμαι, = παρπέτομαι.

παρ-πετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσω: pf. -πετέτασμαι:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence παρπετάσμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παρ-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παρ-πήννυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παρ-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρ-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence

παρπικρασμός, ό, provocation: contumacy.

παρ-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτοκα:—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer itself. III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παρπαλάγξας, aor. I part. of παρπαλάξω.

παρ-πλάζω, f. -πλάξω: aor. I παρπλάξα: Pass., aor. I παρπαλάχθην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παρ-πλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-horses.

παρ-πλώω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσούμαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρπέλω (as if from a Verb in -μυ):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail along a coast: to sail past.

παρπαλήγας, acc. pl. of παρπαλήξ.

παράπληκτος, on, (παρπαλήσσω) stricken aside: metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παρπαλήξ, ήγος, ό, ή, (παρπαλήσσω) struck sideways: ήνους παρπαλήγες a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). II. metaph. = παράπληκτος, mad.

παρ-πλήσιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, πλησίος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παρπλήσιον, παρπαλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παρπαλήσιως, nearly, almost: παρπαλήσιως άγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, deranged, frenzied.

παρπαλόμενος, η, on, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsolet. pres. παρπαέλομαι.

παράπλοος contr. -πλους, ό, (παρπαλέω) a sailing beside. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajetctus.

παρ-πλώω, Ion. for παρπαλέω.

παρπέλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -μυ.

παρπαπνέουσας, aor. I part. of παρπαπνέω.

παρ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παρ-πόδιος, poet. παρπόδιος, on, (παρά, πούς) at the feet, close by, present.

παρ-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρ-απόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf., -απόλωλα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παρπομπή, ή, (παρπέμω) a conveying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρ-πόντιος, on, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παρ-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρ-ποτάμιος, α, on, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river: oi παρποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρ-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purpose. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παρπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassy. From

παρ-πρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faithfully or dishonestly.

παρπαρίσμα, ατος, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust. From

παρ-πρώω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [r]

παρ-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:—Pass., παρπατομένα χερσὶ πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παράπτωμα, ατος, τό, (παρπίπτω) a fall beside: metaph. a transgression.

παρ-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παρ-ραθύμew, παρ-ραίνω, etc., v. παρρ-.

παρ-ᾱρος Ion. πάρηρος, on, like παρήγος, (παρά, δειρά) deranged in mind.

παρᾱρος, on, Dor. and poet. for παρήγος, distraught.

παρ-αρπάξω, fut. άσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παρπαρᾱπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παρπαρᾱρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. παρπαρᾱρήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form παρπαρᾱρήν: (παρά, ρέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παρπαρᾱρῖν τινι to slip off it.

II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

III. to slip in unawares.

παρπαρᾱρήγνυμι, f. -ρῆξω: aor. I παρπαρᾱρήξα: (παρά, ρήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παρπαρᾱργα, to break or burst out beside

or from; παρέρωγεν ποδὸς φλέψ α vein has burst out from his foot.

παρρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ῥητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παρρηγίω, (παρά, ῥίγω) to freeze beside or near.

παρρηπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παρρηυεῖν, aor. 2 opt. of παρρηέω.

παρρηρυθμός ποῦτ. παρρηρυθμός, ὄν, (παρά, ῥυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παρρηρύμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παρρηρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ῥύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρρητάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: pf. pass. παρρητημαι: —to bang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παρρητέομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρρητήμα, τό, anything hanging at the side.

παρρηάγγης, ὄν, δ, a parasang, the Persian/farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρρηάπτω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρρηάσειρος, ὄν, (παρά, σείρω) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παρρηάσειρος ἵππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ὕγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρρηάσω, f. σω, to swing beside one.

παρρηάσμαινω, f. ανῶ, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παρρηάσημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παρρηάσημος.

παρρηάσημος, ὄν, (παρά, σῆμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρρηάστειω, f. ἦσω, (παρρηάστος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρρηάστειός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ παρρηάστειή (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρρηάστρος, ὄν, (παρά, σῆτρος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., παρρηάστρος, δ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρρηάσκεύω, f. σω: aor. I. παρρηάσασα: Pass., pf. παρρηάσκευασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρρηάσκευάδατο: —to get ready, prepare: to hold ready: also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρρηάσκευασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς παρρηάσαστο when preparations had been made: παρρηάσκευάδατο τοῖς Ἕλλησι preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρρηάσκευασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρρηάσκευῖν, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπὸ or ἐκ παρρηάσκευῖν, of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' ἄλλης παρρηάσκευῖν with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II.

παρρηάσκευος, ἡ, that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρρηάσκηνω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρρηάσκηνα, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρρηάσκηνώ, f. ὥσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρρηάσκηπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near.

παρρηάσκιρτω, f. ἦσω, to leap beside or near.

παρρηάσκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρρηάσκώπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly.

παρρηάσπώ, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρρηάσπρω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, ἄσπρω) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence παρρηάσπρωτής, οὗ, δ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρρηάσπονδω, f. ἦσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρρηάσπονδος, ὄν, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρρηάσπιδόν, Adv. (παρρηάσπιδω) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρρηάσταλην, παρρηάστας, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρρηάστημι.

παρρηάστας, ἄδος, ἡ, (παρρηάσταιμι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παρρηάστας, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παρρηάστας.

παρρηάστας, εως, ἡ, (παρρηάστημι) a putting aside, banishing. II. (παρρηάσταιμι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρρηάστανω, f. ἦσω, to stand by or near. From παρρηάστανος, ὄν, δ, (παρρηάσταιμι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the as προστάνης is one's front-rank-man, ἐπὶ one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade is Hence

παρρηάστανός, ἰδος, ἡ, a helper, assistant παρρηάστανω, aor. 2 παρρηάστανον, to go beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and I inf. of παρίστημι.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέω Att. -στορῶ:—to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ἥσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away, hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασύρειν ἔπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφάλλω: aor. I παρέσφηλα:—to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παράσχεθαι, poet. aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παράσχειν Ep. παρᾶσχεμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παράσχον, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol., see παρέχω IV.

παράταξις, ἡ, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I παρέταξα: Pass., pf. παρατέταγα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. παρατετάχατο:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass., aor. I παρετάθην: pf. παρατέταμαι:—to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; παρατείνειν τάφρον to draw a long trench. 2. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3. to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολλοῖς παρατείνεσθαι to bold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, atos, τό, (παρά, τευχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. I παρετεκτενῆμην: Med.:—to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τῶμω:—to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ἥσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ἡ, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρὰτιθεῖ, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρὰτιθεῖς, -ει (as if from παρὰτιθέω): fut. -θήσω: aor. I παρὰθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρὰθεμην: Pass., pf. παρὰθέμειμαι:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. II.

Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, hazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλλω, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part. παρὰτετιλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, ov, (παρὰτείνω) stretched out beside or along, banging down by the side.

παρὰτρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρὰτρέγω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead: ποταμὸν παρὰτρέπειν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 παρὰδράμω:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. -τρέω, to start, swerve aside from fear.

παρα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beside: παρὰτρίβειν χρυσὸν ἀκήρατον ἄλλω χρυσῷ (sc. εἰς βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave: Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [Ὶ]

παρα-τροπέω, = παρὰτρέπω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρὰτροπή, ἡ, (παρὰτρέπω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, ov, (παρὰτρέπω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for παρὰτρέχω.

παρα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 παρὰτρέγων:—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τροπᾶω, poet. for παρὰτρέπω, to turn away, divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 παρὰτεύχων:—to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesto esse. 2. ὁ παρὰτυχὼν whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρὰτύχανον or τὸ παρὰτυχόν, whatever happens. 3. παρὰτυχόν, absol. like παρὼν, παρᾶσχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ov, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρὰτυχὼν, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of παρὰτυγχάνω.

παρ-αυδάω, f. ἥσω, to speak to, address. 2. to make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk one out of a thing.

παραυλίζω, or in Med. παραυλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

πάρ-αυλος, ον, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

πάρ-αὐτᾶ, Adv. for παρ' αὐτά (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παρὰχρημα, immediately, on the spot. II. in like manner, Lat. perinde.

παρ-αὐτίκᾶ, Adv. (παρά, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αἱ παρὰντικα ἡδοναὶ present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παρὰφθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παρᾶσθαι.

παρὰ-φαίνω poet. παρφ-: f. -φᾶνω: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παρὰφαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παρὰφθεῖς poet. παρὰφασις and πάφασις, ἡ, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρὰ-φέρω, f. παρ-οίω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παρὰφέρειν νόμον to propose a law. 3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4. to carry away: Pass. to be carried away. II. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

III. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρὰ-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρὰ-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παρὰφθαίνην, aor. 2 opt. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφθάνεμος, aor. 2 med. part. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰ-φθάνω [α], f. -φθάσω [α] and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρᾶφθην part. παρὰφθᾶς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.

παρὰ-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρὰ-φθήησι, Ep. for παρὰφθῇ, aor. 2 subj. of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφορά, ἡ, (παρὰφέρω) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παρὰφορέω, = παρὰφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παρὰφορος, ον, (παρὰφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παρὰφραγμα, ατος, τό, (παρὰφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρὰ-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρὰ-φρονέω, f. ἥσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παρὰφρόνησις, εως, ἡ, παραφρονία, ἡ, and παραφροσύνη, ἡ, (παράφρων) derangement of mind.

παρὰ-φρόνιμος, ον, = παρὰφρων.

παρὰ-φρυκταρεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, φρυκταρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρὰ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, ο, ἡ, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρὰ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρὰ-φυσάω, f. ἥσω, to puff up.

παρὰ-φύω, f. -φύσω [ῡ], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυκα, aor. 2 παρᾶφυν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παρὰ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [α], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παρὰ-χειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρὰ-χειμάσται, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

παρὰ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I παρέχεα: pf. -πέχθηκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to heap up beside.

παρὰ-χορδίζω, f. σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρὰ-χράομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: absol. in Ion. part. παρὰχρεώμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρὰ-χρήμα, Adv. for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway; ἡ παρὰχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ παρὰχρήμα off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρὰ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (παρά, χροά) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρὰ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρὰ-χωρέω, f. ἥσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παρὰχωρητέον, verb. Adj. one must give way.

παρὰψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρὰ-ψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [ῡ]

παρ-βάτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for παραβάτης. [βα]

παρβαβαῖος, poet. for παραβεβαῖος, pf. part. of παρβαίω.

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [α], ον, wet, damp.

παρδαλή Att. contr. παρδαλή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a leopard-skin. From

πάρδαλις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, = πάρδος, Lat. pardalis, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρδαλωτός, ὁ, ὄν, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard.

παρδεῖν, παρδήσομαι, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of πέρδω.

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρδω, aor. 2 subj. of πέρδω.

παρέεισι, Ep. for παρείσι, 3 pl. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).

παρεβάνην [α], aor. I pass. of παραβαίω.

παρεβάλων, aor. 2 of παραβάλλω.

παρέβην, aor. 2 of παραβαίω.

παρ-εγγράφω [α], f. ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; *παρεγγράφεις*, aor. 2 pass. part. *illegally registered*.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ἥσω, to band on to one's neighbour; *παρεγγυῶν τὸ ζήτημα* to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage. 3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ἡ, and *παρ-εγγυήσις*, ἡ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθη, aor. I pass. of *παράδιδωμι*.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *παράδραθάνω*.

παρέδραμον, aor. 2 of *παπατρέχω*.

παρεδρεύω, f. σῶ, (*πάρεδρος*) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. *assidēre*. II. to be an assessor (*πάρεδρος*) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ἡ, (*πάρεδρος*) a sitting beside. II. the office or dignity of assessor.

πάρεδρος, ον, (*παρά*, *ἔδρα*) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. *πάρεδρος*, ὁ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, *παρίδω*, aor. I and 2 of *παράδιδωμι*.

παρ-έξομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but *παρ-έξω*, *παρεζόμενος* are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of *παρίω*.

παρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of *παρίημι*.

παρέθηκα, aor. I of *παπατίθημι*.

παρεῖά, ἡ, (*παρά*) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form *παρήιον*. II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

παρεῖας, ον, ὁ, = *παράας*.

παρ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, *παρ-οράω* being used instead, (*παρά*, *εἶδον*) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρεῖθην, aor. I pass. of *παρίημι*.

παρ-εἰκω, f. ξῶ: poet. aor. 2 *παρεἰκάθον*, inf. -αθῆν: —to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., *παρεῖκει μοι* it is in my power, allowable; *οἷα παρεῖκει* wherever it was practicable; *κατὰ τὸ δεῖ παρεῖκον* as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, poet. for *παρελίσσω*.

παρεῖμαι, pf. pass. of *παρίημι*.

παρ-εἰμι inf. *παρεῖναι*: impf. *παρήν*: f. *παρέσομαι*: (*παρά*, *εἰμί* sum):—to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at.

3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. *adesse*. 4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., *πάρεστί μοι* it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. *παρόν* Ion. *παρόν*, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. *quum fieri possit*.

6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν. *παρ-εἰμι* inf. *παρεῖναι*: impf. *παρήν*: (*παρά*, *εἰμί* ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III. generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρεῖναι, inf. of *παρεῖμι* (*εἰμί* sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (*παρά*, *εἶπον*) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, *παρ-αφημι* being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part. *παρεῖπών*, *παρεῖπουσα*, metri grat.]

παρ-εἰρύω, Ion. for *παρερύω*.

παρ-εἰρω, (*παρά*, *εἰρω*) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμους *παρεῖρων* seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεῖς, 2 sing. of *παρεῖμι* (*εἰμί* sum).

παρεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of *παρίημι*.

παρ-εισάγω, f. ξῶ, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly. Hence

παρεῖσακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -έδυν pf. -δέδυνκα, and plpf. -δεδύνκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ἦλθον, pf. -εἠλήλυθα:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εισφύρω, to bring in beside; *παρεισφύρειν νόμον* to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρεῖται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of *παρίημι*.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel *παρ-έξ*, (*παρά*, *ἐκ*) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; *παρὲκ νόον* out of reason, foolishly; also, *παρὲξ Ἀχιλλῆα* without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, *παρὲκ ἢ ὅσον*... except so long as.

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. -εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβασις, ἡ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away.

παρεκέσκητο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *παράκειμαι*.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ξῶ, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; *προεκπροφύγησι*, Ep. for -φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκτάνω, f. ὕσω, = *παρεκτείνω*.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τενῶ, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτελέω, f. ἔσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of *παρέχω*, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (*παρά*, *ἐκτός*) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψῶ, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρέλαβον, aor. 2 of *παράλαμβανω*.

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Ep. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρέλασσα:—to drive by or past. II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω. παρελύντα, Dor. for παρελύντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελαύνω.

παρελυσσόμεαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρεμι (εἶμι ibo) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλω: f. παρέλω or παρελύνω [ῥ]: aor. I παρελύνσα: pf. pass. παρελυνσμαι: (παρά, ἔλω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. -ψω, to look askance. παρεμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβάλλειν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. -ύω [ῥ], to push or stuff in. παρεμμεναί, Ep. inf. of πάρεμι (εἶμι sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of. παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσούμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. ἡσω, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon.

παρ-ενεγκείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενεῖδον, inf. -εἶν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρ-ενήνεον, impf. of παρ-αννέω (see παρ-ανέω).

παρ-ενθῆν, παρ-ένθω, Dor. for παρ-ελθῆν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ενθήκη, ἡ, (παρ-εντίθην) something put in beside, an appendix; παρ-ενθήκη λόγον a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἡσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρ-ενώχλημαι, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενσάλευω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

παρ-έξ or πάρ-εξ, v. παρέξ.

παρ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξαντέλλω, f. ἡσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρ-εξηλημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρ-εξίβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαίνω.

παρ-εξέμι, inf. παρεξίέναι, (παρά, ἔξεμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππον, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρ-εξελθόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι.

παρ-εξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίην.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 παρεξήλθον pf. παρεξέληλθα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. άσω, to search out by comparison.

παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίην, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρ-εξίμεν [Υ], Ep. inf. of παρέξέμι (εἶμι ibo).

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρ-εοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρεμι (εἶμι sum).

παρ-έπεισα, aor. I of παρ-αίειν.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for παρ-εφάλλομαι.

παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επίδημι, on, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι, to inspect beside.

παρ-επιστροφῆ, ἡ, (παρ-επιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρ-επιπλάττω, aor. I pass. of παραπλάττω.

παρ-έπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρ-εργάτης, ου, ὁ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ᾗ]

πάρ-εργος, on, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν πάρεργον as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ πάρεργον ποιέσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρ-έργω, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally.

παρ-έρπω, f. παρ-ερπύσω [ῥ]: aor. I παρ-ερπύσσα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερίω Ion. παρ-ερίω, f. ύσω, (παρά, ἔριω) to draw along the side. [ῥ]

παρ-ερχόμεαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρεμι (εἶμι ibo): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλυθον pf. -ελήλθα:—to go by, beside or past.

or ζῆλος. II. lying along, sprawling, helpless :—also beside oneself, distraught, silly.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαίω.

παρῆς, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρῆς, -ῆδος.

παρήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum).

παρήσθεν, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρήτημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθένος, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παρατίθημι.

παρθενία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενεύω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθενία, τά, = παρθενία, τά.

παρθένιος Ion. -ῆιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενεύω) virgin estate or condition : in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) to bring up a virgin :—Pass. παρθεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθενία, ἡ, = παρθενία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing :—properly neut. from παρθένιος.

παρθενική (sub. κόρη), ἡ, poet. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid : strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. 2. παρθένιος, ὁ, as Subst., the son of an unmarried woman. II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθεν-οπίτης [Γ], ον, (παρθένος, ὀπιτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. virgo :—sometimes masc., an unmarried youth. 2. Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφαγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγήναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθενών, ὄνος, ὁ, (παρθένος) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ωπός, ὄν, (παρθένος, ὤψ) of virgin aspect.

πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρήθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-λαύω, (παρά, λαύω) to sleep beside or with.

παρθεῖν, inf. of παρθεῖν.

παρ-ιδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside :—so also in Med. παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans.

to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμεν, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ίημι, fut. παρήσω : aor. I παρήκα : pf. παρείκα : Med., aor. 2 παρείμην : Pass., aor. I παρήθην, inf.

παρήθηναι : pf. παρείμαι, part. παρείμενος :—to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, past, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, to let pass. III. to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere. 2.

c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παρήναι to let go one's bold of, slack away the sheet : metaph. to yield, give way :—Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παρείμενος, aor. 2 παρείμενος, pf. παρείμενος, exhausted, Lat. remissus. 2. to remit, Lat. condonare : hence to forgive, pardon. IV. to yield, give up, Lat. concedere : to allow, permit : hence to admit, let in. V. Med. παρίεσθαι, to win a person over : to beg off a thing, beg to be excused : to ask pardon.

παρ-ίω, old. poet. form of παρήκω. [Γ]

παρ-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ισος, ον, (παρά, ἴσος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ισώω, f. ὥσω, to make just like :—Pass., aor. I παρισώθην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παρ-ιστάω, pres. med. imperat. of παρ-ιστήμι, f. παραστήσω : I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one. 2. to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest :—to prove, shew. 3. the Med., esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I -έστησάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce :—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue : also to win over, persuade : hence also to dispose for one's own views. II. intrans. in Pass. -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -ειστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or near : hence to stand by, to help or defend. 2. of events, to be near, be close at hand : τὸ παρισταμένον present circumstances : so too, τὸ παρεστὸς or παρ-εστός, contr. pf. part. for παρεστηκός. 3. to come to the side of another : metaph. to come over to his opinion : absol. to come to terms, surrender, submit. 4. to come into one's head, suggest itself to one. 5. of events, to take place, occur, happen : so too in fut. med. -στήσομαι. 6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρεστηκός, = παρὼν, ἔξων, it being in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat.

παρ-ιστίδω, α, ον, (παρά, ἰστίς) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, hold in readiness : to present, offer.

παρ-ιητέον and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρειμι (εἰμί ibo), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλετο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακατέλεω, as if from παρακατέλεμην.

παρκαίμενος, Ep. part. of παρκαίμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύντω, Ep. for παρακύντω ; Dor. part. fem. παρ-κύντωσα, for παρακύντωσα.

παρ-μύβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλόντω.

παρ-μύνω, Ep. for παραμύνω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poet. for παραμόνιμος.

own land. 3. *παρός*, followed by *πρίν* γε as relat., Lat. *prius* . . , *quam*, rather . . , *than*. 4. too soon. 5. rather, sooner. II. of Place, before, in front.

B. Prep., poet. for *πρό*, before, both of Time and Place. II. before, rather than: also for, instead of.

Πάριος, α, ον, of the island of Paros, *Parian*; Πάριος λίθος *Parian marble*. From

Πάρος, ἡ, *Paros*, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. ὤνῳ, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία, ἡ, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = ἄνδρες οἱ παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρίναί. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχeteύω, f. ὦω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, ὀχέω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παρ-οχή, ἡ, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing. παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

παρ-οχος, δ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish. παρὸψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παροπτομαι.

παρ-οψιάνεω, f. ἦσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπιθών, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπέθω.

παρ-ρησία, ἡ, (πᾶς, ῥῆσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to speak freely. παρ-ρηνός, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρ-σταίην, παρ-στῆσα, Ep. for παρασταίην, παρα-στᾶσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρ-στήτητον, Ep. for παραστήτητον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρ-ταμεῖν, poet. for παραταμεῖν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτίθει, poet. for παρατίθει, = παρατίθησιν.

παρ-ύφαινω, f. ἄνῳ: pf. pass. παρύφασμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρυφασμένα armed men hemming in a crowd.

παρφαίνε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παραφάμμι.

παρ-φάσθαι, ἡ, poet. for παραφάσθαι.

παρ-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for παραφάσις.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for παραφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

παρφυκτος, ον, poet. for παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

πάρωας, ον, δ, (παρώας) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρῳδία, ἡ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ῳδός, ὄν, (ῳδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ῳθέω, fut. -ῳσω and -ῳθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οὔσα, ὄν, part. of πάριμι (εἰμι sum).

παρ-ᾠνῦμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

πάρωδς, ὄν, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ῳρείτης, ον, δ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

παρ-ῳρος, ον, (παρά, ὥρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάραπα as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ῳροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄροφῆ) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῳχέτο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

παρῳχῆμαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρῳχημένος.

ΠΑΣ, πάσα, πᾶν: gen. παντός, πάσης, παντός: gen. pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πᾶσων Ion. πᾶσαν, Ep. also πᾶσων: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πᾶσι poet.

πάντεσσι, fem. πᾶσαι:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ πᾶσα βλάβη she who is all mischief; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to the uttermost of evil:—ὅσοι, not of, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὅσοι . . , Lat. *omnes quicunque* . . , all whosoever! πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντὶς μᾶλλον more than anything, above everything.

II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all.

III. in dat. pl. masc. πᾶσι, in the judgment of all; δ πᾶσι κλεινός the renowned in the judgment of all.

2. πᾶσι as neut., in all things, altogether.

IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίνεσθαι, like παντοῖος γίνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τι to be everything to one.

2. τὸ πᾶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogether; οὐ τὸ πᾶν, not at all; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, ἐπὶ πᾶν, on the whole; ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντὸς ποιέσθαι τινα to esteem one above all.

3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, entirely, utterly, wholly: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, by all means.

4. διὰ παντὸς continually, always.

πασών, Dor. for πασών, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πᾶσασθαι [α], aor. 1 inf. of πατέομαι.

πᾶσασθαι [α], aor. 1 inf. of πάομαι.

πᾶστο-μέλουσα, ἡ, (πᾶς, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [α], fut. of πατέομαι.

πάσομαι [α], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλῃ [α], ἡ, = πασιπάλῃ, she feeds me: a

morsel, scrap; ὑπνου οὐδὲ πασπῶλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσᾶλεύτός, ἡ, ὄν, *pinned down*. From πασσᾶλεύω Att. πατταλεύω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to *pin* to. 2. to *drive in like a bolt*.

πασσᾶλος Att. πάτταλος, ὁ, (πήγνυμι) a *peg*, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a *peg*; κρεμᾶσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a *peg*: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a *gag*.

πασσᾶλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσάμενος, πάσσασθαι, Ep. for πᾶσάμενος, πάσασθαι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πᾶσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος.

πάσσε, Ep. for ἔπασσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω.

πάσσοφος, ὄν, for πάσσοφος.

πασσοῦδελ, πασσοῦδελ, Adv. for πανσοῦδελ, etc.

ΠΑΨΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπάσθην: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *sprinkle upon*:—metaph. to *sprinkle in* or *upon*, *interweave*, *work in embroidery*. II. to *besprinkle with* a thing.

πάσσω, ὄν, gen. ονος, irr. Comp. of παχύνει, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλῦσσων from γλυκύς: *thicker*, *broad*, *stouter*.

παστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a *porch in front of the house*, a *colonnade*, Lat. *porticus*. II. an *inner chamber*: a *bridal chamber*.

παστός, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be *besprinkled*.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a *bridal chamber* or *bridal bed*: a *shrine*.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the *Passover*, *pascal lamb*: also the *time* or *feast of the Passover*. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΨΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπονθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπᾶθυια, Ep. for πεπονθυῖα:—to *suffer* or be *affected by anything* whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εἰ τι πάθωμι or ἦν τι πάθω if *aught were to happen to me*, Lat. *si quid mihi acciderit*, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to *become of me*? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the *matter with me* or *you*? so in part. τί παθών; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελασμεθα θούριδος ἀλκιῆς; what *ails us* that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν to be *ill off*, in *evil plight*; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *ill used*, *evilly entreated* by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be *well off*, in *good case*; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *well used*, *well treated* by... receive *kindness* from a person. III. πάσχειν is also used of *states* or *conditions*; ἵνα μὴ ταῦτ' ὁ πάθῃτε τῷ ἱππῳ that ye be *not in the same case* with the horse: so, of *Things*, to be *liable to certain affections*; πάσχειν ταῦτ' ὅσον ἄλλοι to be *liable to the same* as others; so, πάσχειν τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with *creases*.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν. πατάγειν, f. ἥσω, (πάταγος) to *clatter*, *clash*, *crash*, of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to *dash*, *plash*: hence to *chatter*, *scream*, as *birds*.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *clattering*, *clashing*, any *sharp noise* made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὀδόντων a *chattering* of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the *plash* of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάτακοι or Παταῖκοι, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

πατάξει, πατάξας, aor. I inf. and part. of πᾶτάσσω, f. ἥω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:—intr. to *beat*, *knock*, *throb*; Ἐκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was *beating*, *throbbing* in his breast. 2. to *clap* the hands. II. trans. to *strike*, *wound*, *beat*, *smite*.

ΠΑΤΕΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπάσῃην, Ep. part. πασσάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *feed on*, *eat*, *taste*.

πατέοντι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πατερῖζω, f. ἴσω, (πατήρ) to *say*, *call father*.

πάτέω, f. ἥσω, (πάτος) to *tread*, *walk*, *step*. II. trans. to *tread on*, *tread*; πορφύρας πατεῖν to *walk on purple carpets*. 2. to *tread constantly*, *frequent*, *traverse* a place: metaph., like Lat. *terere*, to *thump with using*, as, πατεῖν ἄισονον to be *always thumping* Aesop.

3. to *tread under foot*, *trample on*.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρει contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατρῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾱ]: a *father*; πατὴρ πατὴρ a *grandfather*. II. among the gods *Jove* is *emphat. called πατήρ*. III. πατήρ is used like ἀπῶ, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person.

IV. in plur., *forefathers*, *ancestors*.

πατησεῖς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω.

πάτησμός, ὁ, (πατέω) a *treading on*.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for φάνην.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *trodden* or *beaten way*, *path*. [ᾱ] πάτρε, as Ion. πάτρη, ης, ἡ: (πατήρ) one's *fatherland*, *native land*, *country*, like πατρίς.

II. a *body of persons claiming the same race* or *descent*, as *bouse*, *clan*, Lat. *gens*.

πατρ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, poet. for πατρ-ἄδελφος.

πατρ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, = πατρός ἀδελφός, a *father's brother*, *uncle by the father's side*.

πατράθε, Adv., Dor. for πάτρηθε.

πατρ-ἀλοῖας, gen. α and ου, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, ἀλοῖα) one who *strikes* or *slays his father*, a *parricide*.

πάτρη, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence πάτρηθε and -θεν Δορ. πατράθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, from one's *native land*.

II. from a *race* or *lineage*.

πατριά, ἡ, Ion. πατριά, ης, ἡ, (πατήρ) *lineage*, *descent*.

II. a *bouse*, *clan*.

πατρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πατριά. ἀρχή) the *father* or *chief of a family* & *ecclesiastical*.

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa. πατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary.

II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus.

II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, ὁ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριῶτις, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριῶτις ῆη, = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριῶτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κάσιγγητος, ὁ, = πατὴρ κασίγγητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλῆος, acc. Πατροκλῆα, voc. Πατρόκλειε occur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλέυς.

πατροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) banded down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = πατὴρ πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερῶ) reft of one's father, fatherless.

πατρο-οὔχος, ον, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατροὔχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-beiress, opp. to a co-beiress.

πατρο-φονεύς, ὥς Ep. ἴος, ὁ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώος, η Dor. α, ον, poet. form of πατρός.

πατρο-ωνυμῖος, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρός, α, ον, also ος, ον, poet. πατρώος, η Dor. α, ον: (πατήρ)—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατρός hereditary feud.

πατρώς, ὁ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. φ, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ) = πατροκασίγγητος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρας, one by the mother's side.

πατῆλεύω, πάντ᾽ ἅλος, Att. for παῖσ—.

παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παύεσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills.

II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῖρος) like ὀλίγαις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for παῖρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επίς, ἐς, (παῖρος, ἐπος) of few words.

παῖρος, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2. mostly in pl. παῖροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῖρος λαός few people:—

Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῖρα as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἀνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσί-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νόσος, ον, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονος, ον, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ον, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσωλή, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥΤ'Ω: f. παύσω: aor. I ἐπαυσα: pf. ἐπέπαυκα:

Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι; and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύσθην or ἐπαύστην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—

to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay.

II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! have done!

Παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Parbagonian.

παφλάζω, f. δῶν: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster.

II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

παφλάσμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc.

II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ἡ, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχθῆ, Dor. for πηχθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πήγνυμι.

πάχιστος, η, θν, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχυνη, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) *boar-frost, rime*, Lat. *pruina*. 2. metaph. *clotted blood*. Hence

παχνόω, f. ὥσω, *to cover with boar frost or rime*:—Pass. *to be so covered*. II. metaph. *to strike chill, to freeze*; ἐπάχνωσεν φίλον ἦτορ *he made his heart's blood run cold*:—Pass. *to be struck with chill, to be frozen*.

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) *thickness*: acc. πάχος is used absol., *in thickness*, as μήκος *in length*, εὖρος *in breadth*, etc. [ᾶ]

παχύ-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) *with stout calves*.

παχύνω [ῡ], f. ὥνω: aor. I ἐπάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπαχυνμαι:—*to thicken, to fatten*: also *to make dull or gross of understanding*:—Pass. *to become thick*: *to grow fat, to be swollen*: also *to look large*, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὁλβος ἄγαν παχυνθείς *wealth when it has waxed fat*.

πάχυνς, Dor. for πῆγυνς.

ΠΑΧΥΤΗΣ, εἰα, ὕ, *thick, large, stout*; παχύς λᾶας *a large heavy stone*: of linen, etc., *thick, coarse*. 2. of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clot-*

ted. 3. later, *stout, fat*, Lat. *pinguis*. 4. generally, *great, large, considerable*. II. of παχέες, opp. to ὀημος, *the men of substance, the wealthy*. III. *thick-witted, dense, stupid*, Lat. *pinguis*. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also παχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. παχύτερος (Ep. πάχετος) and παχύτατος.

παχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) *thickness*, of the skin, etc.: *the sediment or lees of liquor*. [ῡ]

πέδα, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάσσκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αἶρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχμιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίχμιος.

πεδ-αμείβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-άρορος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρωρος. [ᾶ]

πεδ-άροσιος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-ανυγάζω, Aeol. for μεταναγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late*.

πεδάω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I πέδησα: (πέδη):—*to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast*: generally, *to shackle, trammel, constrain*.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέζα) *a fetter*, Lat. *pedica, compes*; ζεύγος πεδῶν *a pair of fetters*. II. *a mode of breaking in a horse*.

πεδητής, οῦ, δ, (πεδάω) *one who fetters: a binder*.

πεδιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πεδιόν) *flat, even, level*; ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country*. II. *on a*

plain or level country: λόγχι πεδιάς *the spear* (i. e. battle) *on a fair field*.

πεδιεύς, εως, ὁ, (πεδιόν) *a man of the plain*.

πεδι-ήρης, ες, (πεδιόν, ἀραρεῖν) *abounding in plains*.

πεδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. *sandals, a pair of sandals*. II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers*; also *boots, brogues*. III. *a tie for cows* at milking time.

IV. metaph., Δωρίω πεδῖλφ φωνὰν ἐναρμόζειν *to suit one's voice to the Dorian march*, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm.

πεδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεδιόν) *flat, level, even*. II. *of, from the plain, living in or on the plain*.

πεδιόν, τό, (πέδον) *a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field*, Lat. *campus*; πεδιά πόντου *the fields of the sea*, Lat. *Neptunia arva*. Hence πεδιονδε, Adv. *to the plain*.

πεδιο-νόμος, ον, (πεδιόν, νέμομαι) *haunting the fields*.

πεδο-βάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαῖνω) *walking upon earth, of the earth*.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδω) *from the ground*: metaph. *from the ground or bottom of the heart*.

πέδοι, Adv. (πέδον) *on the ground, on earth*.

πεδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ον, δ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground*.

ΠΕΔΟΝ, ον, τό, *the ground, earth*: generally, *land, soil*. Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. *to the ground, earthwards*.

πεδόσε, Adv. = πέδονδε.

πεδο-στῆβης, ἐς, (πέδον, στείβω) *treading, pacing the earth*. 2. *on foot*, opp. to ἱππηλάτης.

πεδο-τριψ, ῖτος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves*.

πεδ-ώρυχος, ον, (πέδον, ὀρύσσω) *digging the soil*.

πέζα, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) *the foot*: metaph. *the bottom of anything*; ἐπὶ θυμῷ πέζῃ ἐπὶ πρώτῃ *on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment*.

πέζ-αρχος, ον, (πεζός, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or a land-army*: as Subst., πέζαρχος, ὁ, *a leader of foot*.

πεζ-ἐταῖροι, οἱ, (πεζός, ἐταῖρος) *the foot-guards in the Macedonian army*.

πεζεῶω, f. ὥω, (πεζός) *to go or travel on foot, walk*, opp. to riding or driving. 2. *to go or travel by land*, opp. to going by sea: Pass. *to be traversed by travellers*.

πεζῆ, v. sub πεζός.

πεζικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεζός) *on foot or by land*; πεζικός λεώς *foot-soldiers, infantry* as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βόας, α, δ, Dör. for -βόης, (πεζός, βοή) *one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier*.

πεζομαχέω, f. ἦσω, *to fight by land*. From πεζο-μάχης, ον, δ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) *fighting on foot*, as opp. to cavalry. 2. *fighting on land*, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, *a battle by land*, opp. to ναυμαχία.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμομαι) *commanding by land*.

πεζοπορέω, *to go on foot*, to go by land. From

πεζοπόρος, ὄν, (πεζός, πορεύω) going on foot, walking. 2. going by land.

πεζός, ἡ, ὄν, (πέζα) on foot, walking; πεζοὶ foot-soldiers, opp. to πῦλεις; so, πεζὸς στρατός is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; δ πεζός, and τὸ πεζόν are also so used. II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. πεζῇ ἄνδρ. (sub. ὁδῶ), on foot or by land; πεζῇ πεσθαί to follow by land.

πεῖ, Dor. for πῇ, ποῦ.
πειθάνω Ion. πειθήνω, ὀρος, δ, ἡ, (πειθομαι, ἀτήρ) obeying men, obedient.

πειθαρχέω, f. ἥσω, also Med. -έομαι, (πειθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ἡ, obedience.
πειθ-αρχος, ὄν, (πειθομαι, ἀρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

πειθῆμι, Aeol. for πείθω.
πειθός, ἡ, ὄν, (πειθω) = πειθάνω, persuasive.

ΠΕΙΘΩ, fut. πείσω: aor. I ἐπεισα: aor. 2 ἐπιδὼν Ep. redupl. πέπιθον, I pl. subj. πεπιθόμεν, opt. πεπιθοίμεν, inf. πεπιθεῖν, part. πεπιθών: pf. πέπεικα:—Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπιθόμην Ep. πιθόμην, imperat. πίδω, Ep. redupl. opt. πεπιδοίτο, inf. πιθέσθαι: pf. med. πέποιθα; plqpf. πεποιθεα, contr. I pl. ἐπέπιθμεν: pf. pass. πέπεισμαι. Homer has also a fut. πιθήσω and aor. I part. πιθήσας, intr. as if from πιθέω: but the redupl. aor. I subj. πεπιθήσω is transit. I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθειν τινα χρήμασι to bribe one. 3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc., πείθειν τινα τι to persuade one of a thing. 5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point. II. Med. and Pass.

to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply. 2. πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; γῆραι πείθεσθαι to yield to old age. 3. πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταῦτ' ἐγὼ σοι οὐ πείθομαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that . . . III. pf. med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποθέναι, to trust, rely, have confidence in. IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed. Hence

Πειθός, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. *Suada*, *Suadela*. II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness. 2. a persuasion in the mind. 3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. πειθοῖ by fair means, opp. to βία by force. 4. obedience.

ΠΕΙΝΑ or πείνη, ἡ, hunger, famine, Lat. *fames*. 2. metaph. hunger or longing for a thing. Hence πεινάλεος, α, ὄν, hungry, empty. [ᾶ] πεινώμεν, Aeol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω. πεινώντι, Dor. for πεινῶντι, pres. part. of πεινάω: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινάω contr. πεινώ, ῖς, ῆ; inf. πεινήν Ep. πεινή-

μεναι; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινώσω [ᾶ]: (πεινα): aor. I ἐπεινησα, later -ᾶσα: pf. πεπεινηκα:—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished. II. c. gen. to hunger after: metaph. to hunger after or for, crave after.

πεινέω, Ion. for πεινάω.
πεινή, = πείνα.

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ep. πεινήμεναι.
ΠΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence

experience; πείραν ἔχειν to have experience, to make proof of; ἐν πείρᾳ by way of test or trial. II.

an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

πείρα, Ep. for πείρα, aor. I of πείρω.
πείρά, ἡ, (πείρω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. ᾶσω: Pass. aor. I ἐπειράσθην: pf. πεπειρασμαι:—like πείρω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce. II:

to attempt a thing.
Πειραιεύς or Πειραιεύς, δ, Peiræus, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιέως or -αῖως; dat. -αί; acc. -αῖα.

Πειραιῶι, Adv. at or in Peiræus.

πειράλω, f. ᾶνω: aor. I ἐπείρανα: (πειράω)—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σείρην ἐξ αὐτοῦ πειράναντε tying a rope from or to it. II.

lengthd. for πεπαλῶ, to end, complete, finish; in Pass., πάντα πειράσανται (3 sing. pf.) all has been completed.

πείραν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πείρω.
ΠΕΙΡΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαῖης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes. II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object. III. act. that which

finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, the finishers of art.

πειράσις, ἡ, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt.
πειρασμός, δ, (πειράω) a tempting, temptation.

πειράτεον, or in plur. -έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειράτηρ, ἥρος, δ, collat. form of πειρατής.
πειράτῃριον Ion. πειρητή-, τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture. II. a pirate's nest.

πειράτης, οὔ, δ, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, Lat. *pirata*.

πειράτικός, ἡ, ὄν, piratical.

πειράω, f. ᾶσω Ion. ἥσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασεῖσθε: aor. I med. ἐπειράσάμην Ion. ἐπειρησάμην; pass. ἐπειράθην [ᾶ] Ion. ἐπειρήθην: pf. pass. πεπειράμαι Ion. πεπειρημαι: (πειρά)—to attempt, undertake, try.

2. c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on. 3. absol.

to try one's skill or luck in a thing. II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial

of one, *put him to the proof*; hence to *examine, question*: also to *try oneself against another, to match oneself with him*. 2. c. gen. rei, to *make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of*. 3. absol. to *try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words*; *πειρήσασθαι μύθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words*.

πειρηθεῖν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. I opt. and inf. pass. of πειράω, πειράομαι.
πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρᾶτήριον.
πειρητίζω, f. ἴσω, = πειράω, to *attempt, try, prove*. II. c. gen. pers. to *make trial of, put to the proof*: also to *try another in battle*: c. acc. to *attempt, attack, assail*.

πείρινυς, ἄνθος, ἡ: acc. πείρινθα:—*the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage*.
ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. περῶ: aor. I ἔπειρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπέσθην [ᾶ] pf. πέπαρμαι: (πέρας):—to *pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit*; *κρέα ἄμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits*:—pf. part., ἥλοισι πεπαρμένον *stuck close or studded with nails*; metaph., ὀδύνῃσι πεπαρμένον *pierced with pain*. II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν *to cleave the waves*; *πείρε κελυθον cleave her way (through the waves)*.

πείσω, ης, ἡ, (πείθω) poet. for πειθῶ, *persuasion or obedience, subjection*.
πείσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πείθω.
πεισι-βροτος, ον, (πείθω, βροτός) *persuading or controlling mortals*.
πεισμέν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.
πείσμα, ατος, τό, (πείθω) *the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land*: generally, *a cable, rope*. II. *that on which one may trust*.
πεισμονή, ἡ, (πείθω) *earnest persuasion, solicitation*.
πείσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.
πείσομαι, irreg. fut. of πᾶσχω.
πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, *one must persuade*. II. (from Pass.) *one must obey*: cf. ἀρκετέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πείθω) *fit for persuading, persuasive, winning*.
πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πείθω) *persuasive*.
πείσω, fut. of πείθω.
πέκος, τό, (πέκω) *wool, a fleece*.
πέκτω, f. ἥσω, (πέκω) *to shear, clip*.
ΠΕΚΩ Ep. πέκω: f. πέξω: aor. I med. ἐπέξαμην, part. πεξάμενος; aor. I pass. ἐπέχθην:—to *comb or card wool*, Lat. *pectere*: med., *χαίτας πεξαμένη having combed her hair*. 2. to *shear, clip*.
πελάγίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλαγος) *to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow*; of places, *to be flooded, swamped*. II. *to be out at sea*.

πελάγιος, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (πέλαγος) *of, on or by the sea: living in the sea*, Lat. *marinus*: *out at sea, on the open sea*.
πελάγιτης [ῆ], ον, δ, fem. -ῖτις, ἰδος, (πέλαγος) *of or on the sea*.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—*the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main*, Lat. *pelagus*: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, *πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles'*.

πελάω: f. πελάσω Att. πελώ: aor. I ἐπέλασα Ep. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor. I med. ἐπελάσασθην: Pass., aor. I ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάθην [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο and ἐπλήντο: pf. pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to *approach, draw near* to any point: absol. to *come near, draw near or nigh*. II. trans. to *bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh*; *πελάζειν νευρὴν μαζῷ to draw the bowstring to one's breast*:—metaph., *πελάζειν τινὰ ὀδύνῃσι to bring him near to anguish*; so, *ἔπος ἐρέω, ἀδάμαντι πέλασσαι I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant*; *φρυγὰ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτῃ (sc. ὑμῶν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave*: c. gen. pro dat., *πέρα πέλασαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships*. III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to *be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach*; *ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near*: so in Ep. aor. 2, *ἀσπίδες ἐπληντ' ἀλλήλοισι the shields were brought close to each other*; *πλήτο χθονί be came near, i. e. sank to earth*; so also, *πελασθῆναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god*. 2. to *approach or wed a woman*.

πελάθω [ᾶ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr.
πελᾶνος, ὁ, *any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood*. II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, *poured out*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
πελαργίδεὺς, ὁ, (πελαργός) *a young stork*.
πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From
πελ-αργός, ὁ, (πελός, ἀργός) *the stork*.

ΠΕΛΑΓ-Σ, Adv. *near, bard by, close, nigh to*, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. *prope ab aliquo loco*, c. dat. to Lat. *prope ad aliquem locum*. II. absol. *near, nigh at hand*: οἱ πέλας *one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind*: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας *one's neighbour*.
πελασαῖατο, Ep. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From
Πελασγός, ὁ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾶ], ον, δ, fem. -ῖτις, ἰδος, (πελάζω) *one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour*, Lat. *accolla*: also an *invader, intruder*. II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., I. to *bring near*—

2. to *come or draw near*.

πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πῆλος) *ordure, dung*.
 πέλεθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of the
 prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

πελειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πηλεΐδες, αἱ, = Πηλεΐδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πηλειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a Pleiad*.
 πελειο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feed-*
ing.

πελεκάν, ἄνος, or πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,
 ὁ, (πελεκᾶω) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

πελεκᾶω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυ) *to bew or sbare with an*
axe, rough-bew, Lat. dolare.

πελεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυ) *to strike with an axe, to*
bebead, Lat. securi percutere.

πελεκίνος, ὁ, = πελεκάν π, *a water-bird of the peli-*
can kind.

πελέκῃσε, for ἐπελέκῃσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελεκᾶω.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυ) *an axe-bundle*.
 πέλεκυς, εως Ion. εος, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-
 λέκεσσι:—*a double-edged axe, an axe; οὐ δόρασι*
μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεσι *to fight not with spears*
only, but also with axes, i. e. not soldiers only, but
every man.

πελεμίζω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμξα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμήχην: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to*
shake, quiver or tremble:—Pass. *to be shaken, to*
tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling.

πελεμήχθην, Ep. for ἐπελεμήχθην, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίζω.

πελέσκειο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.

πέλεν, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πεληϊάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιννός, ἡ, ὅν, (πελός) *livid*.

πελιός, ἄ, ὅν, (πελός) *of the body, discoloured by a*
bruise, livid.

ΠΕ'ΑΛΑ Ion. πέλλη, ἡ, ἡ, *a wooden bowl, milk-*
pail, Lat. mulctra. II. *a drinking-cup*.

ΠΕΑΛΟΨ or πελός, ἡ, ὅν, Lat. PULLUS, *dark-*
coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομος, Dor. for πέλομεν, I pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, *the Peloponnesians*.

Πελοποννησιῶτι, Adv. *in the Peloponnesian (i. e.*
Dorian) dialect. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, *the Pelopon-*
nesus, now the Morea.

πελός, ἡ, ὅν, v. πελλός.

Πέλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὤψ) *Pelops, i. e. dark-face,*
son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia,
and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

πελτάζω, f. σω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.

πελταστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) *one who bears a target*
or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield
(ἄσπις), a targeteer, Lat. estratus: they held a place

between the ὀπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 ψιλοὶ or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ἡ, ὅν, *skilled in the use of the target*:
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.

ΠΕ'ΑΤΗ, ἡ, *a small light shield without a rim*
(ἴτς), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. *a body of*
targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἀσπίς for ἀσπισταί, ἄσπις
for ὀπλίται. II. *a shaft, pole*. III. *a horse's*
ornament.

πελτο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.
 ΠΕ'ΑΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf. act. ἔπλεν for ἔπλεον; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλευ, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἔπλετο
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πελέσκεο, πελέσκετο: imperat. πέλεν: the
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in*
motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανὸν
πρὸς τὸν οὐρανὸν *the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος*
ἐπ' ἀνθρώποις πέλονται *old age and death come upon*
men. II. *to be, implying continuance, to be used*
or wont to be: to become.

ΠΕ'ΑΩΡ, τό, undeclined, *a monster, of anything*
huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, = πελώριος, *monstrous,*
huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones of*
old.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, *a monster; πέλωρα θεῶν por-*
tentis sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) *monstrous, prodigious, huge,*
portentous; and so, terrible: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
λωρα, bugely, portentously.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμαι) *any kind of dressed*
food: esp. in plur. cakes, sweetmeats.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) *a pastry-cook*.

πεμπάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἀρχα) *a commander of*
a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count*
by fives: generally, to count. From

πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, *the number five*:
a body of five.

πεμπαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) *one who counts by fives*:
generally, one who counts, μύρια πεμπαστής *reviewing*
by tens of thousands.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, *five*.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέπεμιν.

πεμπταῖος, α, ον, (πέμπτος) *in five days, on the*
fifth day.

πεμπτ-ἡμέρος, ον, (πέμπτος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
ἡμέρος, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *one must send*.

πέμπτος, η, ον, (πέντε) *the fifth; ἡ πέμπτῃ (sub.*
ἡμέρα) the fifth day.

πεμπτός, η, ὅν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *sent*.

ΠΕ'ΜΠΩ fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἔπεμψα Ep. ἐπέμψα:
 pf. πέπεμμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

3 sing. πέμπεται:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; *χρη ξείνον παρόντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν* 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge.

III. to convoy, attend, escort, conduct; *δ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπὴν πέμπειν to conduct a procession.* 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., *πέμπεσθαι τινα, to send for one.* 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπώβολον, τό, (πέμπε, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψεις, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω. *πέμψιμεναι*, Ep. for *πέμψειν*, fut. inf. of πέμπω. πέμψις, εως, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission. *πεμψώ, πεμψεί*, Dor. for *πέμψω, πέμψει*. *πενέστερος, πενέστατος*, Comp. and Sup. of *πένης*. *πενέστης*, ου, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the *πενέσται* were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the *Εἰλωτες* in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πέντης, ἡτος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, *πέννη χρημάτων* poor in money.—Comp. *πενέστερος*, Sup. *πενέστατος*.

πεντο-κόμος, ου, (πένης, κομῶ) tending the poor. *πεντάλλος*, α, ου, (πένθος) sad, mourning. *πένθεια*, ἡ, collat. form of *πένθος*. *πενθέτεον*, Ep. for *πενθεῖτον*, 3 dual of *πενθέω*. *πενθερά*, ἡ, fem. of *πενθερός*, a mother-in-law, Lat. *socrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also *ἐκυρός*. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, f. ἥσω: Ep. 3 dual *πενθέτεον* for *πενθέετον*, *πενθεῖτον*: pres. inf. *πενθέμεναι* for *πενθεῖν*: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning. *πενθήμεναι*, Ep. inf. pres. of *πενθέω*. *πενθ-ήμερος*, ου, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: *πενθήμερον*, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ἡμιμέρης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμιμέρης) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, *τομή πενθῆμιμέρης* the caesura after two feet and a half, as in *Iamb. Trim.*, opp. to *τομή ἐφθῆμιμέρης* the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ἡμιποδιαίος, α, ου, (πέντε, ἡμιπόδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθημων, ου, gen. ονος, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) lamenting, mourning. *πενθήτηρ*, ἡρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer. *πενθήτηριος*, α, ου, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning.

πενθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of *πενθήτηρ*.

πενθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., *πενθικῶς* ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ου, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕ'ΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενιχράλλος, α, ου, collat. form of *πενιχρός*, poor.

πενιχρός, α, ὄν, like *πέννης*, poor, needy.

ΠΕ'ΝΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From *πεντά-δραχμος*, ου, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-αἶθλιον, τό, poet. for *πεντάθλιον*.

πεντ-άθλον, τό, poet. for *πένταθλον*.

πεντ-άθλος, ὁ, poet. for *πένταθλος*.

πεντάετηρ, ἰδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years. II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντά-έτηρος, ου, poet. for *πενταετής*, five years old. *πεντά-έτης*, ἐς or *πεντα-έτης*, ἐς, (πέντε, έτος) five years old.

II. of Time, lasting five years: hence *πεντάετες*, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-άθλιον, τό, collat. form of *πένταθλον*.

πέντ-αθλον Ion. *πεντ-άθλον*, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; *πεντάθλον ἀσκεῖν* to practise the five exercises. These were *ἄλμα, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή*: but for the last the *ἀκόντισις* or *ἄκων* was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—*ἄλμα, ποδώκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην*.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. *πεντ-άθλος*, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ου, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed.

πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times.

πεντάκις-μύριοι, αι, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000.

πεντάκις-χίλιοι, αι, α, five times 1000 = 5000.

πεντάκοσιοι Ep. *πεντηκόσιοι*, αι, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, *πεντακοσία ἵππων* five hundred horse.

II. at Athens, οἱ *πεντακόσιοι*, = ἡ *βουλή*, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κνάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντάκοσιο-μέδμνος, ου, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the *πεντακοσιομέδμμοι* formed the first class, the other three being the *ἱππεῖς, ζεγγῖται, θῆτες*.

πεντάκοσιοστῆς, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντὰ-κύμα, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρικυμία, δεκακυμία*.

πεντά-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five hand-breadths wide.

πεντά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, (πέντε, πήχυς) five cubits long or broad.

πενταπλάσιος [α], α, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

πεντά-πολις, ή, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns, as Trípōlis was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.

πεντάρ-ράγος, ον, (πέντε, ράξ) with five berries.

πεντα-σπιθάμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans long or broad. [ξ]

πεντά-στήχος, ον, (πέντε, στίχος) of five lines or verses.

πεντά-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths or openings, of the Nile and Danube.

πεντά-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεύχος) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc. βίβλος), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.

πεντά-φύης, ές, (πέντε, φύη) five in nature or number.

πένταξ, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

ΠΕΝΤΕ Acol. πέμπε, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *five*, Lat. *quinque*. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as well as *πεντε-*.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. fifteen.

πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, ή, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squadron of fifteen ships.

πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαντον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.

πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteenth.

πεντεκαίδεκ-ήρης, ες, with fifteen banks of oars.

πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes or bores; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five bores, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.

πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit.
πεντ-ετηρίς, ιδος, ή, a term or space of five years; διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five years.

II. a festival celebrated every five years, such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From
πεντ-έτης, ες, (πέντε, έτος) of five years, lasting five years.

πεντε-τριάξω, to conquer five times.

πεντήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.

πεντηκοντά-ετις, ιδος, ή, fem. of

πεντηκοντά-ετής, ές or -έτης, ες, contr. -ούτης, (πεντήκοντα, έτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.

πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-beaded.

πεντηκοντά-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) = πεντηκοντακάρηνος.

πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, consisting of fifty children.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, ό, (πεντήκοντα, άρχω) the commander of fifty men.

II. one who commands a
πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ή, = πεντηκόντορος.

πεντηκοντήρ, ήρος, ό, (πεντήκοντα) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.

πεντηκοντό-γῦος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γύα) of fifty acres of corn-land.

πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, όργυια) fifty faiboms deer, high, etc.

πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦς, (πεντήκοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.

πεντηκοντ-ούτης, ες, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αί, α, Ep. for πεντακόσιοι.

πεντηκοστέω, f. σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax
πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass. to pay the tax.

πεντηκοστή, ή, see πεντηκοστός.

πεντηκοστήρ, ήρος, ό, = πεντηκοντήρ.

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax
πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος, ό, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς) with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ή, όν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth.

II. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, 1. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth

part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent., imposed on all exports and imports.

2. (sub. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστός, υός, ή, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

πεντ-ήρης, ες, (πέντε, έρέσω) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πενήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, a quinquereme.

πεντ-όζος, ον, (πέντε, όζος) having five branches or points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, the five-pointed.

πεντ-όργυιος, ον, (πέντε, όργυια) of five faiboms.

πεντ-ώβολος, ον, (πέντε, όβολός) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντάβολον, τό, a five-obol piece;

πεντάβολον ήλιόσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.

πεξαμένη, aor. I med. part. fem. of πέκω.

πεξώ, Dor. for πέξω, fut. of πέκω.

ΠΕ'ΟΣ, εος, τό, *membrum virile*, Lat. *penis*.

πεπάθυια, Ep. for πεπονθῦια, pf. part. fem. of πάσχω.

πεπαίνω, f. άνω: aor. I έπέπαυα: Pass., fut. πεπαυθήσομαι: aor. I έπεπαύην: pf. inf. πεπαύθαι: (πέπων):—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc., to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft, mellow: to be softened.

II. intr. to become ripe, mellow.

·πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of πέπων.

πεπάλαγγμένος, πεπαλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλαισμαι, pf. pass. of παλάω.

πεπαλμαι, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλόν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάσμαι.
 πέπανος, *ov*, collat. form of πέπαν, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαρῖν, an old aor. 2 inf. *to display, manifest*.
 πεπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πέρω; inf. πεπαρθαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πέρω.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέσμαι.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πάσμαι, *to possess*.
 πέπασμαι, πεπάσμεν, pf. and plqpf. of πατέσμαι.
 πεπάχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπειθᾶται, *Ion*. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, *ov*, also fem. πέπειρα, = πέπαν, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθι, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπερασμαι, pf. pass. of περάω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πέπλεσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπιθέσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιθήσω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθόμεν I pl. subj.; πεπιθόμεν, πεπιθόμεν I and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθεῖν, fem. part. πεπιθοῖσα.
 πεπλάνημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.
 πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπληγέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πέλάω.
 ΠΕΠΛΑΟΣ, *δ*, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, τά, Lat. *perplum*, *any women cloth used for a covering, a sheet, banging, curtain*. II. a large full robe or *shawl* worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival. III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress.
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλῦσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πέπλος) a *flowing robe, garment*.
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., *to bave breath or soul*; metaph. *to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέπνυσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνυσο:—part. πεπνύμενος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.
 πεπνύμενος, part. of πέπνυμι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, *to trust, rely on*. Hence πεποιθεα, Ep. for ἐπεποιθεῖν, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποίθησις, *ῆ*, *trust, reliance, boldness*.
 πεποιοῖσθαι, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιοῦμεν, Ep. for πεποιοῦμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποῖω, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πόλιζω.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω,

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρθω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήσθαι, Ep. for πεπότηνται, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf. of same.
 πέπρωγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρωκα, πέπρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb *πύρω (from which also comes aor. 2 ἔπορον):—*it has, had been fated*; part. πεπρωμένος, *fated*: ἡ πεπρωμένη (sub. μοῖρα), *that which is fated, fate, destiny*, like εἰμαρμένη.
 πέπτᾶμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπταμένος.
 πεπτᾶται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτῶτα, for πεπτῶτα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πέπτω.
 πεπτηώς, Ep. for πεπτηκώς, pf. part. of πτήσσω, *frightened, timid, shy*.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπύθοντο [ῶ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπύσθαι.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΠΩΝ, *ov*, gen. *ovos*; Comp. and Sup. πεπαίτερος, -τατος:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also *softened, assuaged*: often used in addressing a person, *ὦ πέπον*, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, κριε πέπον my pet ram: in bad sense, *ὦ πέπωνες ye weaklings, ye dastards*.
 ΠΕΡ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκες γε μυννθάδιον περ ἰόντα since you have given birth to me *all* short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, κρατὺς περ strong as *be is*; or with an Adv., μύννθα περ, for a *very* little time; ὀλίγον περ little as *it is*. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, λιγύς περ ἔων ἀγορητής *however* loud-tongued a talker he *be*. 3. also to strengthen a negation, οὐδὲ περ, *no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne... quidem*, οὐδὲ is divided by one or more words from περ. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet*, as, ἄλλους περ ἔλεαυε *pity others at any rate*. III. περ is often attached to a relat. Pron. Adj. or Adv., as ὅςπερ, ἧπερ, διόπερ, ὥςπερ, etc.
 πέρα, Adv. *beyond, across or over further*, Lat. *ultra*; μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ as far as the middle, but *no further*. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., πέρα μεσούσης ἡμέρας *beyond midday*. III. metaph. *beyond* *ηλικία* *adulteratively*: c. gen., πέρα

δικῆς beyond all justice.

IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἀπίστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περᾶν, Ep. for περᾶν, pres. inf. of περάω.

περάσσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

περῶθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαῖνω: aor. I ἐπεράνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράνθην: pf. πεπεράσμαι, inf. πεπεράνθαι: (πέρας):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end. II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαῖος, α, ον, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. ἡ περαῖη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαῖω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐπεραίωσα: Pass., f. περαιωθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεραίωθην: pf. πεπεραίωμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιτέρω, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; ὁδοὶ περαιτέρω roads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαιτέρων, further, beyond.

περᾶν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβήναι to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν. III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαῖνω) conclusive.

περᾶπτω, Acol. for περάπτω.

περᾶς, ἄτος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [ᾶ]

περᾶσις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίωυ περάσις passage from life (to death).

περᾶσις, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior.

II. ἡ περᾶτη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περῶτός Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περάν Ep. περάν: Ion. impf. περάσκειν: fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ion. περήσω, Ep. inf. περήσμεναι: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπεράκα (πέρα): I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφρος ἀργαλή περάαν a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περάν to pass through a danger; περᾶν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 2. to let go through. II. intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2 to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ep. περάσσω Att. περῶ: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ep. ἐπέρησα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περᾶν τινα Λήμνων to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾶμι, ἡ, = Πέργαμος.

Πέργαμος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά, II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΠΑΙΞ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΠΑΘΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαθον, pf. πέποθα:—to break wind.

περιεμμένον, Acol. for περιεμμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν.

πέρην, Adv., lon. for πέραν.

περησόμεναι, Ep. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περᾶτός.

πέρθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρω: pf. πέποθα: aor. I ἐπερσα: aor. 2 ἐπᾶθον, inf. πᾶθῆναι Ep. πᾶθῆναι:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, near.

II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περὶ νόστου ἄκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περὶ τινος to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; βουλευεῖν περὶ φόνου to lay plans for the slaying. 3. of contending for an object; περὶ θανάτου for the dead; θείν περὶ ψυχῆς to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περὶ πόλεως to fight for the city.

4. of the motive; περὶ ἐριδος μάρνασθαι to fight for very enmity's sake. 5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ περὶ ας to number.

III. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond; περὶ πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen.

IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ ἐστὶν ἡμῖν, it is of much consequence to us; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιέσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι, to reckon a thing worth much; περὶ πλείονος, περὶ ὀλίγου, περὶ οὐδενός ποιέσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about:

I. of Place, around, round about; περὶ χροφ close round the skin; χεῖρ περὶ ἔγχρῃ the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περὶ δουρὶ to quiver round or on the spear. 2. bard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one.

II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι *περὶ οἷσι κτεάτεσσιν* to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, *for, about, on account of*. 3. *by reason of*, like Lat. *propter*; *περὶ φόβῳ* for fear; *περὶ χάσματι* for joy.

WITH Accus. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, *about, around, near, by*; ἡ *περὶ Κνίδον ναυμαχία* the sea-fight off Cnidos; *περὶ τὰ ἔλεια οἰκεῖν* they dwell all about the marshes; *πλεῖντες περὶ ἑνα* many round about one, many to one. II. of persons *who are about one*, as attendants, comrades, like of *ζυμφί τινα*; *τὰ περὶ τι* all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; *περὶ δόρπα ποιεῖσθαι* to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ *φιλοσοφία περὶ ἀλήθειαν ἔστι* philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. *in relation or reference to, with regard to*; *τὰ περὶ τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο* the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus.

IV. of Time, *about*, Lat. *circa*; *περὶ τούτους χρόνους*: also of numbers, *περὶ τρισχιλίουσιν* about 3000.

IN POSITION, *περὶ* may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. *πέρι*.

As Adv., *περί*, *around, about*, also *near, by*. II. also *πέρι*, with accent thrown back, *before, above, exceedingly, above measure*: so in phrases, *πέρι κῆρι, πέρι θυμῷ* beyond measure in heart or soul; where *πέρι* must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Πέρι sometimes stands for *περίεστι*.

IN COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: *around, about*, as in *περιβάλλω, περιέχω, περιβαίνο*. II. *a going beyond, exceeding*, as in *περι-ύγνομαι, περι-εργάζομαι*.

III. *beyond measure, very, exceedingly*, as in *περι-καλλής, περι-δεῖναι*, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus, per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *ι* in *περί* is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.

περι-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round.

II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναῦς to order ships.

περι-αγής, ές, (*περί, ἔαγα*) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for *περιηγής*.

περι-άγνυμι and -ῶν, f. -ἄξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., *ὁψι περιάγνυνται* the voice is echoed all round.

περι-άγω, f. -ἄξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, *περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ* they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round. II. intr. to go round; *περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις* to go round the cities. [ἄ] Hence

περιάγωνός, ὅς, ὁ, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, ἡ, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution.

περιαίρετος, ἡ, ὅν, able to be taken off. From *περι-αίρειν*: f. *περιαίρησιν*: aor. 2 *περιείλον*, inf. *περιελείν*:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one.

II. Med. to take off from oneself; *περιαίρεσθαι κνήμεν* to take off one's helmet; *βιβλίον περιαιρούμενος* taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγέω, f. ἴσω, to be greatly distressed.

περι-αλείφω, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over.

περι-άλλος, ὄν, (περί, ἄλλος) beyond or before others:—neut. pl. *περίαλλα* as Adv., before all: exceedingly.

περι-ἄλουργός, ὄν, (περί, ἄλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., *κακοὶ περιαλουργός* double-dyed in villany.

περίαμμα, ατος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-ἀμψέχω, f. -ἀμψέξω: aor. 2 *περιήμπεσχον*:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on.

II. to cover all round.

περι-ἀμπίσχω, impf. -ῆμιπισχον, = *περιαμπεχώ*.

περιάπτω, ὄν, bung about or upon:—as Subst., *περιάπτον, τό, = περίαμμα*. From

περι-ἄπτω, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-ἀρμόζω Att. -όττω, f. ὥσω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

περι-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten or flash all round.

περι-ασχολέω, f. ἴσω, to be busy about a thing.

περι-αυχένιος, ὄν, (περί, αὐχὴν) worn round the neck: as Subst., *περιαυχένιον, τό, a necklace*.

περιάχον, Ep. for *περίαχον*, impf. of *περιάχω*.

περι-βαίνο, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 *περιέβην*: pf. *περιβέβηκα*:—to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., *περιβήναι ἀδελφείου κτεμένειο* to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 *περιέβαλον*: pf. *περιβέβηκα*:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; *περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκεύματι* to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. *περιβέβηκα*, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., *τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν*, to build a wall round a city.

II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person.

3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc.

4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; *περιβάλλει με σκότος* darkness encompasses me.

5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be in

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in ibrowing: generally, to beat, excel.
 περιβαρίδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βάρυν, υ, gen. εος, exceeding heavy.
 περιβάς, ὅσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.
 περιβέλλω, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.
 περιβη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.
 περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.
 περιβλεπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.
 II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περιβλητος, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.
 περιβητος, ον, (περιβόω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against. II. act. with loud cries.

περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ξίφους the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town. II. a space enclosed, compass.

III. a circumference, circuit. IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περιβόλος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling. II. as Subst., περιβολος, ὁ, = περιβολή, anything thrown round; οἱ περιβολοὶ walls thrown round a town. 2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to bum round.
 περί-βουνος, ον, surrounded by hills.
 περιβρύχιον, τό, (περί, βραχίον) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περιβρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [ῥ]

περί-βωτος, ον, Ion. for περιβύτης.
 περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form —γίνομαι [γ]: fut. —γενήσομαι: aor. 2 —εγενόμην:—to be over or above: I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen. II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from. 2. of things, to remain over and above. 3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίεμ (εἰμι sum).

περι-γλάγης, ἐς, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.
 περι-γληνάμαι, Dep. (περί, γλήνη):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλῶσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, se:cb a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περίγραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ὢν, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφη, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round. 2. to define, determine. II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περιδδωσα, Ep. for περιδέισα, aor. 1 of περιδίδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέης, ἐς, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. —ως, in great fear.

περιδείδια, Ep. pf. of περιδίδω.

περι-δέιδω, f. —δέσσομαι: aor. 1 περιδέισα Ep. περιδέισα, part. περιδδείσας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδείδια:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περί-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξιος, ον, like ἀμφιδέξιος, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter. II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about. II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. —δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. —δίδοις, —διδόις: f. —δώσω:—to give round. II. Med. περιδίδομαι, fut. —δώσομαι: aor. 2 —εδόμην:—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod: ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδομαι περί τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περιδου νῦν ἐμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δίνω, f. ἦσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 1.

περί-δινῆς, ἐς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδείδω: to be much afraid about one.

περίδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περιδράμων, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περιδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit. 2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular. 2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached. II. as Subst., περιδρομος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as 1. the string that runs round a net for closing it. 2. a gallery running round a building. 3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 περιδρύφη, be had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. —ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδόμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
περι-εδέβετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδέω.

περι-ίζωμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.

περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω
being used instead:—to look about for, await.

2. to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass, allow, suffer. II. pf. περιόϊδα with pres. sense; plqpf. περιήδειν with impf. sense, Att. περιήδη; inf. περιειδέναι Ep. περιιδμεναι: to know or understand better; βουλῇ περιιδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in counsel than others.

περιεἰλᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (περιεἰλω) wound round, encircling.

περι-εἰλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιεἶλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-εἰλλω or -εἰλω, to fold or wrap round:—
Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμι sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
εἰντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-

perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number, outnumber.

III. over-live, outlive: absol. to survive: of things, to be ex'ant. 2. of property, to be over and above, to remain in hand.

IV. to remain as a result or consequence, come about, ensue: cf. περιγίγνομαι.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμι ibo) to go round or about, fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;

περιέμαι φυλακᾶς to go the rounds of the guards. II. to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνον

περιώντος as time came round.

περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round.

περιέκρῦβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of περικρύπτω.

περιεἰλᾶς, εἰς, ἡ, a driving or riding round: a place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: aor. I -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to drive about, harass, distress.

II. (sub. ἄρμα, ἔκπον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

περι-ελίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ελίσσω:—f. ξω:—to roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-εἰλω, f. -ελεύσω [ῥ], to drag round or about.

περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.

περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-έπω: impf. περιέπειν: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2 περιέπεον, inf. περιέπειν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι:

aor. I pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with attention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well: but, τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass., τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι ὑπὸ τινος to be roughly handled by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also, περιέπειν τινά ἐς or ἀπὲς πολέμον to treat one as an enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -εργασμαι: Dep.:—
to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκῳ περιεργάσθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word).

2. to meddle, interfere, be officious.

περι-έργος, ον, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts.

2. meddling, interfering, officious.

II. pass. overwrought, elaborate, expensive.

2. superfluous.

περι-έργω Att. -εἰργω, f. ξω, to enclose all round, encompass.

περι-ερρύην, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω.

περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχόμεν: f. -ελεύσομαι:

aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -εἰλήλυθα:—to go round, go about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:

c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession.

2. of Time, to come round.

II. to go round and return to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περιῆλθε τὸν Πανιώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.

III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περιέσκεμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτω, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπάω.

περι-εσσι, Ep. for περι-ει, 2 sing. of περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum).

περιεστώς, pf. part. of περιίστημι.

περιέσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έσχω, η, ον, about the last.

περι-έφθος, ον, (περί, ἐφθός), thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω: f. περιέχω and περισχύω: aor. 2 περιέσχον, inf. περιεσχεῖν: aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf. περισχίσθαι:—to bold around, encompass, embrace, surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade.

II. like περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass, overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank.

III. Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to protect. 2. to bold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.

3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ξάνωνς, Adv. (περί, ζαμένης) very powerfully or violently.

περι-ξέω poet. -ξείω, f. -ξέσω, to boil round about.

περι-ξυγος, ον, also περιξυξ, ὄγος, ὄ, ἡ, (περί, ζυγόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so, of horses' harness, περιξυγα are spare straps.

περιζώμα, ατος, τό, an apron. From

περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζώσω: to gird round:—Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.

Hence περιζωτάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ἡ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about, shew the way round. Hence

περιηγής, ἐς, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιηγής, εἰς, ἡ, like περιεγραφή, a sketch, outline: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περιόϊδα: see περιεἶδον.

περι-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last : c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα *ibat* which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσις, ἡ, (περιέρχομαι) a coming round, revolution.

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἦσω, to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat. : c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him. (The deriv. of ἡμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περίηνεκα, Ion. aor. 1 of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to echo or ring all round.

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) very warm or hot.

περιθίεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθμι.

περιθίσις, εως, ἡ, (περιτίθμι) a placing or putting round, putting on.

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περιθετός, ον, (περιτίθμι) put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run round.

περι-θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go round and observe.

περί-θυμος, ον, (περί, θυμός) very wrathful. Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν to be very angry.

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to wound all round.

περι-ιάχω [ᾱ], to ring around, re-echo : Ep. 3 sing. impf. περιάχε [ῖ] for περιάχε.

περιιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιειδόν.

περιιδμεναι, Ep. for περιειδέναι, inf. of περιιδά.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. to sit round about.

περι-ίστημι, f. περιίστημι : aor. 1 -έστησα ;—to place or set round a person or thing : metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aor. 1 med. περιστῆσάμην is also trans., to place round oneself.

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην : pf. -έστηκα : plqpf. -έστηγεν ;—to stand round about : to encircle, surround, encompass. 2. to come round to, devolve upon : of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse.

3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περιέιμι (εἶμι)

περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offscouring, defilement : hence a polluted wreath.

περι-καθίζομαι, Dep. to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleaguer a town.

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτμηαι, inf. -ῆσθαι : (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέ(ο)μαι) :—to be seated round, to sit round ; περικαθέσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town : of ships, to blockade : c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to set on fire, burn round about :—Pass. to be scorched all round : metaph. to be inflamed.

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) very beautiful.

περι-κάλυπτος, f. ψω, to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over. II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. ἄξω, to break all round.

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace all round. 2. to overtake. 3. to constrain, compel.

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear down round about, rend off :—Med. to rend one's own garment.

περι-κάτμηαι, Ion. for περικάτμηαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾱ]

περι-κείμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθμι, with f. med. -κείσομαι :—to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace : absol., τείχος περικείται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit ; οὐ τι μοι περικείται there is no advantage for me. II. to have round one, to have on one ; περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round :—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.

περικεκλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) a helmet.

περι-κῆδομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned about one.

περί-κῆλος, ον, (περί, κῆλον) exceeding dry, well-dried.

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about.

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, to break around.

περι-κλεής, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) far-famed.

περι-κλειτός, ον, famous all round, far-famed.

περι-κλείω Ion. -κλήϊω old Att. -κλήϊω : f. -κλείσω or -κλήϊσω : (περί, κλείω) :—to sbut in all round, enclose, environ : to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύζω, f. -έσω, to wash all round :—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence

περίκλυστος, ἡ, ον, Att. also ος, ον, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

περι-κλύτός, ἡ, ὄν, beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. *inclutus* : of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

περι-κνίδιον, τό, a stalk or sprig.

περι-κνίξω, f. -έσω, to scratch all round :—Med., *roët*. aor. 1 *περικενκνίσαν*, to gnaw all round.

περι-κοκκίζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.

περι-κομίζω, f. -έσω, to carry round :—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικύπτω) that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings ; περικόμματα ἐκ σου σκενδάσω I will make minced meat of you.

περικομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περι-κομψος, ον, very elegant, exquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-παρο-φίλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πάρος, φίλῳ) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

περικοπή, ἡ, a cutting all round, mutilation. From

περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate. 2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) having full command of.

περι-κρεμάννυμι : f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ], Att. -κρεμῶ :—to bang up all round :—Pass. to be bung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence

περι-κρεμής, ἐς, *hung round with a thing.*
 περι-κρούω, f. σω, *to strike or knock all round.*
 περι-κρύβω [ῥ], late form of περικρύπτω.
 περι-κρύπτω, f. ψω, *to cover all round, conceal: to bide oneself.*
 περι-κτίονες, ὄνων, οἱ, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, κτίζω) like ἀμφι-κτίονες, *the dwellers around, neighbours.*
 περι-κτίται [τ], ὦν, οἱ, = περικτιόνες.
 περι-κυκλέωμαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. *to encircle, encompass, enclose.*
 περι-κυκλώω, f. ὥσω, *to encircle, encompass.* Hence περικυκλώσις, ἡ, *an encircling.*
 περι-κύλινδω: f. -κυλίω [τ]: *to roll round:* Pass. *to be rolled about.*
 περι-κύμων, on, gen. ονος, (περί, κύμα) *surrounded by the waves.*
 περι-κωμάω, f. ἄσω, *to go about with a party of revellers (κῶμος): to carouse around.*
 περι-κωνέω, f. ἥσω, (περί, κῶνος) *to smear all over with pitch: περικωνεῖν τὰ ἐμβαδία to black shoes.*
 περι-λάλέω, f. ἥω, *to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.*
 περι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήβομαι: aor. 2 περιέλαβον: *to seize around, embrace.* 2. *to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure: Pass. to be caught.* II. *to comprehend, take in.*
 III. *to constrain, compel.*
 περι-λάμπω, f. ψω, *to shine or beam round about.*
 περι-λείβομαι, Pass. *to be shed all over.*
 περι-λείπω, f. ψω, *to leave remaining: Pass. to be left remaining, survive.*
 περι-λείχω, f. ξω, *to lick all round: lick clean.*
 περιλέξω, ἡ, (περιλέγω) *circumlocution.*
 περι-λέπω, f. ψω, *to strip off all round.*
 περι-λεσχίνευτος, on, (περί, λεσχινεύω) *talked about on all sides, much discussed.*
 περι-λιννάω, f. ἄσω, (περί, λίμνη) *to surround with water, insulate.*
 περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. = περιλείχω.
 περι-λοιπος, on, *left remaining.*
 περι-λούω, f. σω, *to wash all round, wash carefully.*
 περι-λύπος, on, (περί, λύπη) *exceeding sorrowful.*
 περι-μαίμωμαι, *to gaze eagerly round:* Ep. part. fem. περιμαίμωσα.
 περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. *to rage round about.*
 περι-μακής, ἐς, Dor. for περιμηκής.
 περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. *to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.*
 περι-μάσσω Att. -τω: f. ξω: *to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.*
 περιμάχητος, on, *fought about, fought for; and so, to be desired.* From
 περι-μάχομαι [α], Dep. *to fight around.*
 περι-μένω, *to wait for one, await, expect.* II. *intr. to wait, abide.*
 περι-μεστος, on, *full all round, very full.*
 περι-μέτρον, τό, (περί, μέτρον) *the circumference.*

περί-μετρος, on, (περί, μέτρον) *above measure. very large, immense.* II. *measuring round: as Subst., περίμετρος (sub. γραμμή), ἡ, a circumference.*
 περι-μήκετος, on, ποῖτ. for περιμήκης.
 περι-μήκης, ἐς, (περί, μήκος) *very tall, big or long.*
 περι-μηχανόομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. -μηχανώντο: Dep.: *to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.*
 περι-μυχάομαι, Dep. *to bellow around.*
 περι-ναίεσθαι, *to dwell round about or near.* 2. *in pass. sense to be inhabited.*
 περιναίετης, on, ὁ, *a neighbour.* From
 περι-ναῖω and Med. -ναίωμαι, *to dwell round.*
 περι-νέφελος, on, (περί, νεφέλη) *overclouded.*
 περι-νέω, f. ἥω: aor. I inf. περινήσθαι Ep. -νήσθαι: (περί, νέω): *to pile round.*
 περί-νεως, ὁ, gen. -νεω, nom. pl. περινεω: (περί, νέω gen. of ναῦς): *a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (πρόσκαπος).*
 περινήσας Ep. -νήσας, aor. I part. of περινέω.
 περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. *to go round: of Time, to recur.*
 περι-νέω f. ἥω, *to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.*
 περινοῖα, ἡ, *intelligence.* II. *over-wiseness.* From
 περί-νοος, on, (περί, νόος) *exceeding wise.*
 περι-νοστήω, f. ἥω, *to go round or about.*
 περίε, strengthd. for περί. I. Prep. *round about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc.* II. Adv. *round about.*
 περι-ξεστός, ἡ, ὁν, *polished all round.*
 περι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, *to polish all round.*
 περι-ξύρω Ion. -έω, f. ἥω, *to shave all round.*
 περί-οδος, ἡ, *a going round, the making a circuit round.* II. *a way round: a circuit, compass: τὴν περίοδον absol., in circumference.* III. *a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart.* IV. *a going round in a circle, a cycle of years, a period of time.* 2. *a course at dinner: περιόδου λόγων table-talk.* 3. *the orbit of a heavenly body.* 4. *a fit that recurs at intervals.* V. *a well-rounded sentence, period.*
 περιόισα, pf. of περιείδον: see περιείδω II.
 περι-οικέω, f. ἥω, *to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave.*
 περι-οικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of περίοικος, *dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring.* II. *as Subst., περίοικίς (sub. γῆ or χώρα), ἡ, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.*
 περι-οικοδομέω, f. ἥω: pf. pass. -φικοδύμμαι Ion. -οικοδομῆμαι: *to build round about.* II. *to enclose by building round: Pass. to be built up, walled in.*
 περί-οικος, on, (περί, οἰκέω) *dwelling round about or near, neighbouring.* II. *οἱ περίοικοι were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartan, and on the other to the Helots.*

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περιέμω (εἰμί sum).

περι-οπτός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of περιοράω (see περιόρμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτός, one must overlook or suffer.

περι-οπίος, ov, (περιόρμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω: impf. περιώραν Ion. περιώραν: pf. περιώρακα or -ώρακα: pass. περιεώραμαι:—f. περιόρμαι, from an obsol. verb περιόρτομαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώρην, pf. περιώρμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περιείδα, see περι-είδω):—to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do.

III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from.

2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -γώς, very wrathfully.

περι-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries. Hence

περιορισμός, οὔ, δ', a marking out by boundaries.

περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ήσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίεμω) that which is over and above: a surviving.

2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.

3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ov, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περίεχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιόρμαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from *περιόρτομαι.

περι-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πατέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπατητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetics.

περι-πάτος, ό, (περί, πάτεω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulatio.

II. a place for walking, a covered walk.

III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πέρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about.

2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.

περιπεμπτος, ov, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.

περι-πέμπω: f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιπέμψην:—to send round, dispatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννμι.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέψην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιπεφθεῖς cajoled.

περιπεσεῖν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πετάννμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ά]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι:—to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.

περιπίτεια, ή, (περιπέτης) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπέτης, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round.

2. enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπέτεε the sword on which be had fallen.

II. falling in with. III. changing suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round.

II. to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επιμπρα, -επιμπρασιν.

περι-πίπτω, f. -πесοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace

2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against.

2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into; έαυτῷ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare.

II. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλάνω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or hover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty.

Hence περιπλάνος, ov, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace.

From

περι-πλέω, f. ζω, to twine round about.

2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέγην, pf. -πέπλεγμαι: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c. dat.; ιστώ περιπλεχθεῖς folded round the mast.

περι-πλευρος, ov, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλέχθ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

περι-πλέω, ov, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περι-πλεος, ov:—quite full, overfull.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) *a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.*

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) *enfolded: entangled.*
περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπλέομαι.

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (περιπλέω) *act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.*

περί-πλοος, ὁ, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): *a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.*

περι-πλύνω [ῥ], *to wash all round, wash clean.*

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνέω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνέομαι, *to breathe round.*

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) *desired on all sides, much beloved.*

περι-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, *to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence*

περιποίησις, εως, ἡ, *a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.*

περιπολ-άρχης, ον, or -άρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἀρχω) *a superintendent of guards or patrols.*

περι-πολέω, f. ἥσω, *to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.*

περι-πόλιον, τό, *a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From*

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) *going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., I. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. publici custodes. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.*

περι-πόνητος, ον, *very villainous.*

περι-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) *edged with purple, Lat. praetextatus.*

περι-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, *to bower about.*

περι-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, *very, especially.*

περι-προχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -κέχῃκα:—*to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμὸν περιπροχύθεις ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.*

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, *a husk, skin. From*

περι-πτίσσω, *to strip off the husk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.*

περίπτυγμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) *anything folded round, a covering.*

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περι-πτύσσω, f. ῥω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—*to enfold, envelop, enshroud: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence*

περιπτύχῃ, ἡ, *something enfolding, a cloak, fence: τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναυλοχοὶ περιπτυχαί the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.*

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) *folded round: φασγάνῳ περιπτυχῆς fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.*

περι-πτώσσω, *to fear very much.*

περιρράγῃς, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) *broken or rent round about.*

περιρ-ραῖνω, f. ἄνω, *to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence*

περιρραγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρρήγνυμι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, *a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.*

περιρ-ρέω, f. -ρείσσομαι: pf. -έρρηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -έρρην:—*to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing: ἡ ἀσπίς περιερρήνῃ εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.*

περιρ-ρήγνυμι and -ῥω, f. -ρῆξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -έρραγην [ᾶ]: intr. pf. -έρραγα:—*to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round: κατὰ τὸ δὲν τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.*

περιρρήδης, ἐς, (περιρρέω) *falling round or upon.*

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) *a flowing round about.*

περίρροος, ον, contr. -ρρους, ουν, (περιρρέω) *like περιρρutos, surrounded with water.*

περίρρutos, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) *surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περιρρута Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.*

περι-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, *to wag the tail round, fawn upon.*

περι-σειώ poet. περισσειώ, f. σω, *to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, waver about, float upon the air.*

περί-σειμος, ον, also η, ον, *very solemn.*

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) *much revered, greatly honoured.*

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) *very famous or distinguished, Lat. insignis.*

περισθενέω, f. ἥσω, *to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From*

περι-σθενής, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) *exceeding strong or powerful.*

περι-σκελῆς, ἐς, (περί, σκέλλω) *dried or barded all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.*

περι-σκελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) *a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.*

περι-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) *to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.*

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ήσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω: f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -έσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεπμαι, formed from *περισκέπτομαι:—to look round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look at from all points: to watch and see: to look about one, be circumspect.

περι-σκούλακιςμός, ου, δ, (περί, σκούλας) a sacrifice in which a puppy was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμάδρᾳγέω, f. ήσω, to rattle all round.

περι-σμύχω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [υ]

περι-σοβέω, f. ήσω, to chafe or push about. II. intr. to run round about, c. acc.

περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.

περι-σπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw off from around, strip off:—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II. to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different ways, distracted.

περι-σπείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπειν.

περι-σπερχέω, = περισπερχής είμι, to be very indignant. From

περι-σπερχής, ές, (περί, σπέρχω) very basty or hurried; περισπερχές πάθος an over-basty death.

περί-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-hearted.

περι-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίνω.

περισεία, ή, (περισείω) superfluity, abundance. II. superiority, preeminence.

περι-σεύω, poet. for περισεύω.

περίσσευμα, τό, superabundance: that which is left or is over, a remnant. From

περισσεύω later Att. -ττεύω: impf. έπερίσσευον: (περίσσεύς):—to be over and above, outnumber, be too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus;

τοσούτον τῷ Περικλεῖ έπερίσσευε such an abundance of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be overmuch or superfluous.

III. to have more than enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ή, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking, wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιττός, ή, ύν, (περί) above measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός άλλαν πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange, unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraordinary.

II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισσόν a surplus, residue; περισσὰ σκηναί spare tents.

III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined overmuch: artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven, Lat. impar, opp. to άρτιος.

περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ή, (περισσός) superfluity, excess.

περισσό-φρων, ονος, δ, ή, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσός, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly: Comp. περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδέν περισσότερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδέν περισσότερον ή εί . . . no otherwise than if.

περι-στᾶδόν, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.

περι-στάθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [ά]

περι-στατήν, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.

περιστάς, -σάσας, -σάν, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.

περί-στάτος, ον, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired by the crowd.

περι-στανυρός, f. άσω, to fence about with a palisade, fortify or fence round:—Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade.

περιστέλλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.

περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

περιστείωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περιστήμι.

περι-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I -έστειλα:—to dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat. componere; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover, cloak.

III. to take care of, protect, maintain: περιστέλλειν δοιδάν to uphold minstrelsy; περιστέλλειν έργα to attend to agriculture.

περι-στανδύχω, f. ίσω, to sigh, groan about or over, bemoan:—Med. to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be crammed full. II. to groan around.

περίστυπος, ον, (περιστέφω) crowned, wreathed. ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ', ή, a dove, pigeon.

περι-στερέων, άνος, δ, a dove-cote. From

περι-στεφάνω, f. άσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle, surround as with a crown.

περι-στεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned; άνθέων περι-στεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining, encircling. From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, enwreath.

περίστησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of περιστήμι.

περιστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of περιστήμι.

περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περιστήμι.

περι-στίζω, f. ξω: aor. I -έστιξα:—to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2. c. dat. to stick round with things.

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.

περι-στίχιζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.

περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοίχος) to surround with coils or nets:—Med. to bedge in.

περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοίχος) set round in rows.

περι-στονδύχω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: aor. I -έστρατοπεδευσάμην: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, *ή*, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, *f. ήσω*, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστροφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στύλος, *ον*, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλής, *ές*, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery.

περι-σφύριος, *ον*, (περί, σφύρον) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφύρος, *ον*, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, *Ep. for περισχεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω.

περίσχεο, *Ep. for περισχου*, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, *f. ίσω*, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, *f. ίσω*, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, *f. σω*, to save alive, save from death:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, *Ion. for περιτέμνω*.

περι-ταφρεύω, *f. σω*, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

περι-τείνω, *f. -τενώ*, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, *f. ίσω*, to wall all round, fortify. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίσις, *ή*, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, ό, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, *f. έσω*, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, *Pass.* (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμείν, *inf. fut. of περιτέμνω*.

περι-τέμνω *Ion.* and *Ep.* περιτάμνω: *f. -τεμώ*: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med.,

περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremities: Pass.,

περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land.

III. to cut off, intercept: Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περι-τέρμων, *ον*, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round.

περι-τέχνησις, *ή*, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*: aor. 1 -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην, imperat. -θε:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on.

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τίμῃσις, *εσσα, εν*, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, *ή*, (περιτέμω) circumcision.

περι-τοξέω, *f. σω*, to overshoot, outshoot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, *f. -τρέψω*: aor. 1 -έτρεψα:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn. II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. *Ep.* aor. 1 of περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω*: aor. 1 -έθρεψα:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι*: other tenses formed from *περι-δρέμω, *f. -δρέμωμαι*: aor. 2 -έδραμον: pf. -δέδρομα:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, *f. -τρέσω*, to tremble round about.

περιτρίβής, *ές*, (περιτριβήν) worn all round. From

περι-τριβώ, *f. ψω*: aor. 1 -έτριψα:—Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, *ατος, τό*, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, *Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω*, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.

περιτροπή, *ή*, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; εν περιτροπή or εκ περιτροπής by turns.

περι-τρόχᾶλος, *ον*, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περι-τροχάω, *collat. form of περιτρέχω*, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, *ον*, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περι-τρώγω, *f. -τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 -έτρωγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιττεύω, περιττός, etc., later Att. for περισεύω, περισός, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, *f. -τεύξομαι*: aor. 2 -έτύχον: pf. -τετύχηκα:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, *ον*, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, *f. ίσω*, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περι-φαίνομαι, *Pass.* to be visible all round; εν περιφανομένῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.

περιφάνεια, ἡ, *a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety.* [ᾱ] From

περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round: manifest:* Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έτατος. περιφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round, manifest:* also 2. *famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.* περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφανής, *manifestly.*

περι-φείδομαι, Dep. to spare so that be survives, c. gen.

περιφέρεια, ἡ, *a circumference: a round figure.* From

περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) *carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding.* 2. *surrounded by.*

περι-φέρω, f. περιόσω: aor. I περιήνεγκα:—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round.

II. οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] *my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things.* III. to endure, hold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. to wander or range about.

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξομαι:—to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2. to escape from illness, get over an attack.

περι-φλεύω, pf. pass. περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorch or burn all round.

περι-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) *with bark all round.*

περι-φλύω [ῶ], = περιφλεύω.

περι-φοβέομαι, Pass. to fear greatly.

περι-φοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) *in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.*

περι-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) *wandering about.*

περιφορά, ἡ, (περιφέρω) *a carrying or banding round: also the meals banded round.* II. (from Pass.) *a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.*

περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, ον, *carried about.* II. *going or ranging about.* III. *notorious, infamous.*

περιφράδης, ἐς, *very thoughtful, very careful, considerate.* Adv. -δέως, *carefully.* From

περι-φράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.

περιφρακτος, ον, *fenced round:*—as Subst., περιφρακτος, τό, *an enclosure.* From

περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to fence round.

περι-φρονέω, f. ἴσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to contemn, despise.

περι-φρουρέω, f. ἴσω, to guard on all sides, blockade.

περι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, voc. πέριφρον, (περί, φρήν) *very thoughtful, very careful.* II. like υπέρφρων, *haughty, overweening:* c. gen. *despising* a thing.

περιφύγη, ἡ, (περιφυγέω) *a place of refuge.*

περιφύς, υσα, ἰν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.

περι-φύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσσω) *blown upon from all sides.*

περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [ῶ]: aor. I -έφθα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. -φύσομαι [ῶ]: with pf. act. περιπέφθα: aor. 2 περιέφθην, inf. περιφύναν, part. περιφύς [ῶ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.

περι-χάρακω, f. ὦσω, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.

περι-χάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ζω, to scratch or cut all round.

περιχάρεια, ἡ, *exceeding great joy.* From

περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆναι) *exceeding glad or joyous:* τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.

περι-χειλώω, f. ὦσω, (περί, χεῖλος) to surround with a rim or border.

περι-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I περιέχαι: Ep. pres. περιχέω, aor. I περιχέαι: Pass., aor. I -εχύθην [ῶ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon;

περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέρασι to put gold round the horns:—Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.

περι-χθών, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, *round about the earth.*

περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.

περι-χρυσώω, f. ὦσω, to gild all over.

περι-χώομαι, f. -χώσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχώσαμην:—to be exceeding angry or wroth.

περι-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.

περι-χωρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) *round about a place;* as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *the country round about.*

περι-ψάω, inf. -ψήν: fut. -ψήσω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence

περίψημα, τό, *anything wiped off, offscouring.*

περι-ψιλώω, f. ὦσω, (περί, ψιλός) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περιψιλωθῆναι τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.

περι-φδέω, f. ἴσω, (περί, φιδή) to subdue by spells.

περιωδύνια, ἡ, *excessive pain.* From

περι-ώδυνος, ον, (περί, ὀδύνη) *exceeding painful.* II. *suffering great pain.*

περι-ωθέω, f. -αθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέτωμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.

περι-ωπή, ἡ, (περί, ὤψ) *a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆς by a bird's-eye view.* II. *circumspection, caution.*

περι-ώσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος. *immense, vast,* as Adv. περιώσιον, *exceeding, beyond measure:* also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων *far beyond the rest.*

περικάζω, f. σω, (περκύς) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

πέρκη, ἡ, *the perch, Lat. perca.*

ΠΕΡΚΝΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὢν, *dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.*

πέρκος, ἡ, ον, = περκνός.

πέρνα, ἡ, *a barn, Lat. perna.*

πέρινημι, 3 pl. περνᾶσι, part. περνάς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. περνᾶσκε: (περώω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρ-οδος, ἡ, Aeol. for περίοδος.

περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for περίσημα, -ητρίς.

περονίω, f. ἦσω, (περίση) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ἡ, (πεῖρω, περῖω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula.

II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς.

περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (περονίω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = περόνη.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕΡΙΠΕΡΟΣ, m, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρ-οχος, m, Aeol. for περίοχος.

πέρσα, Ep. for ἔπερσα, aor. I of πέρθεω.

περσέ-πολις poet. περσέπολις, eae, δ, ἡ, (πέρθεω, πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, eae Ep. ἦος later Ion. εὖος, δ, Persens, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, poet. Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασσα:—Persephoné, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, m, δ, acc. Πέρσην or Πέρσην, voc. Πέρσῃ or Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persia. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. ω, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence

1. αἱ Περσικαὶ a sort of thin shoes or slippers.

2. Περσικὸς ὄρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικὸν a Persian dance. 4. ὁ Περσικός or τὸ Περσικόν (sub. μήλον), the peach.

Περσίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of Περσικός, Persian. II. as Subst. 1. (sub. γῆ), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub. γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a Persian cloak.

Περσιότι, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περσο-δίωκτης, m, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περσο-νομίεσθαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, m, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians.

πέρσει or -ην, Adv. (πέρω) a year ago, last year; ἡ πέρσει κωμῳδία the comic play of last year. Hence

πέρσεινός, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.

Πέρφερες, οἱ, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσθε, Adv. Dor. for πεσθῆ.

πίσε, Ep. for ἔπεισε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πείτω.

πείσιν Ep. πείσιν, aor. 3 inf. of πείτω.

πίσημα, ατος, τό, (πείσιν) a fall: fallen body..

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πτώμα, a fall, slaughter.

πείσονται, fut. med. of πείτω.

πείσσεια Att. πεττ-, ἡ, the game of draughts. From

πείσσειν Att. πεττ-, (πείσος) to play at draughts.

πείσο-νομίω, f. ἦσω, (πείσος, νέμω) to set the πείσοι in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΣ Att. πεττός, δ, pl. πείσοι and πείσσαι, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called ἱερὰ γραμμή. 3. πείσοι. οἱ, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΣΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέλω: aor. I ἐπέσῃ:—Pass. aor. I ἐπέσθην: pf. πέπεμαι. inf. πεπέσθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to ripen.

II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med. πείσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake oneself cakes.

III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. coquere, concoquere. 2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so γέρα πείσμεν (Ep. for πείσσειν) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πείσσειν to nurse or bave to heal the wound of a dart.

πείσων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείτω.

πετάλιος, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the δαστακισμός of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds. From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence 2. used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. ψήφος. (Properly neut. from πέταλος.)

πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ὄν, (πετάνημι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.

πέταμαι, = πέτομαι, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΤΙ MI or -ω: f. πετάσω [α] Att. πετῶ: aor. I ἐπέτασα Ep. πέτασα and πέτασσα: Pass., aor. ἐπετάσθην Ep. πετάσθην: pf. πεπέταμαι Ep. πέπαμαι: Ep. πληρφ. ἐπετάμην, πετάμην:—to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfold, expand: metaph., θυμὸν πετάσαι to open one's heart:—pf. pass. πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. πε-τραμένος, η, ὄν, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πετάνημι.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάνημι) anything spread out: in plur. hangings, curtains, carpets.

πετάστος, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάνημι.

πέτ-ευρον or πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέδαρος Aeol. for με-τίερος) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

πεταυός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. πεταυός, Ion. πετηνός and πετηνός, able to fly, winged, flying: πετηρά, νε-τερά winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of birds, fledged.

- πῆ = πέταρον.

Ion. for πέταλος.

πετοῦσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πέτω.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πᾶται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἐπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἵπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πατάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of πέτω.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρι, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus: πέτρος being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετρώων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: διάτομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρι-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born. πετρήεις, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky. πετρι-εφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετριδίων, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [r] πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky. πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones. πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock. πετρορ-ιψής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ῥιψῆναι) hurled from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα. πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμείν) cutting or hewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter. πετρώω, f. ὠσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned. πετρ-ώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρώω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεία, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ-. πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΥΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπυνθόμην. Hence

πυνθώ, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πυνκῆεις, Dor. for πυνκῆεις.

πυνκάλιμος [α], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυνκινός (cf. λευγάλεος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πυνκεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεύκη) keen, piercing.

ΠΕΥΚΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πυνκῆεις Dor. πυνκῆεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πέυκην σκάφος, a boat of fir-wood.

II. metaph.

σβάρπ, keen, piercing.

πυνκινός, η, ον, (πεύκη) of or made of fir-wood; πυνκίνα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πυνσομαι Dor. πυνσοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πυνστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πυνστηρία (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πεφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of *φένω.

πέφαργμαι, Att. for πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πέφευγώς, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πέφηνα, pf. of φαίνω.

πέφησομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πέφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of *φένω.

πεφίδεσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδόμην, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πεφιλᾶμένος, Dor. for πεφιλῆμένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πεφίμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φιμώω.

πέφνε, πεφνέμεν, πέφνω, etc., v. sub *φένω.

πεφοβῆατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv.

πεφοβημένος, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf. πεφράδεῖν and πεφράδμεν.

πέφρικα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.

πεφύασι, Ep. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πεφυγότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. *φύζω, = φεύγω.

πέφυκα, pf. of φύω.

πεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφυκα: Ep. impf. πέφύκων.

πεφύλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:—Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πεφύττω, Ep. for πεφυκῖα, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πεφύωτες, Ep. for πεφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πῆ Ion. κῆ Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πῆ in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῆ μὲν .., πῆ δὲ .. now one way, now another; partly .., partly ... II. πῆ; Ion. κῆ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: 1. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάζω, f. ἄσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth.

II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγαῖος, α, ων, also ος, ων, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΓΑΝΟΝ, τό, *πη*, Lat. *ruta*: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελάνῳ οὐδ' ἐν πηγάῳ, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i.e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγρίς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: *hoar-frost, rime*.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάδος. [ᾱ]

Πηγάσις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. of Πηγασός; Πηγαῖσι κρήνη = Ἰκκου κρήνη: see Πηγασός.

Πηγάτος, ὁ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγὰς) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Belerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (Ἰκκου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεῖσι-μαλλός, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλίς) thick-fleeced.

ΠΗΓΗ' Doc. παγά, ἡ, a spring, well. Lat. *fons*; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαὶ ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαὶ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i.e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούσουσα the fount of hearing, i.e. the ear; πηγαὶ γαλακτός streams of milk; πηγή πυρὸς the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ετος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΓΝΥΜΙ or -ω: fut. πῆξω: aor. I ἐπῆξα Ep. πῆξα: Pass, pres. πηγγύμαι: fut. πηγγύσομαι: aor. I ἐπῆχθην, aor. 2 ἐπῆγην [ᾱ]: pf. πέπηγα, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκεπὴν πηγγύναι to fix or mend a tent; and Med., σκεπὰς πηγᾶσθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon.

II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἀμαρὰν πηγᾶσθαι to build oneself a wagon. III. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen.

IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. *peragere*; ἔρκος παγείας a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγρός, ἡ, ὢν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong.

πηγάλλας, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) covered with hoar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδῶν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεύγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called αἰξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾱ]

ΠΗΛΑΑ'Ω, Ion. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ἦσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bounded, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πῆδημα πηδῶν

take a leap; hence πηδῶν μείζονα (sub. πηδέματα) to take a greater leap: but πηδῶν το βουνὸν over the plains. II. to leap, throbb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ετος, τό, (πηδαῖα) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΛΑΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηπῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγαλα. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηπῆς, ἡ, ὢν, verb Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηπῆ a sort of cage to catch birds. 3. τὰ πηπῆ (Dor πακτὰ τῶν δαιματων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηπῆ Dor. πακτῆ, cream-cheese.

πηλαί, πήλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλαι. πῆλε. Ep. for ἐπῆλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλαι.

Πηλεΐδης, ον Ep. εἰς an: εἰς, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεΐς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλεΐων, εως, ὁ, the same as Πηλεΐδης: Adv. Πηλεΐωνιδε, to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεΐς, εως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηλεΐδης, εἰς, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλεΐτης.

Πηλῆρος, η, ον, Ep. Adj. Πηλῆρος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεΐς) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ἦκος, ἡ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque.

Πηλιάκος, η, ὢν, of Μονατ Πεΐων.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Πηλίω) of or from Μονατ Πεΐων.

πηλίκος [τ], η, ον, interrog. of ηλίκος, ἡλίκος, how great? how much? how old? Lat. *quantus?*

πηλίκος, η, ον, (πηλῆς) of clay, earthen, Lat. *lutus*.

Πηλίον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence Πηλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῖτις, ἰδος, of or from Πεΐων.

πηλοβάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (πηλῆς, βαίνει) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδορμεῖα, ἡ, ἦσω, to build of clay. From

πηλόδομος, ον, (πηλῆς, δέμας) clay-built.

πηλο-ελάθος [ᾱ], ον, (πηλῆς, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοελάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. *lutum*: also mud, Lat. *coenacum*.

πηλο-ουργός, ὢν, (πηλῆς, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλοουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέα, ἡ, ἦσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φορέω, ον, (πηλῆς, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, ον, (πηλῆς, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλό-ειδος, εἰς, (πηλῆς, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πῆμα, ετος, τό, (πῆσσω, fut. of πῶσσω) suffering misery: also of a person, πῆμά τινα a harm or vice

πῆ. ὄνως: aor. I ἐπῆσσω: Med. n. πῆμα): Pass, aor. I ἐπῆ-

μάνθην Ep. *πημάνθην*!—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, *α*, *ον*, possible to be injured.

πημίνειαν, 3 pl. Aor. I opt. of *πημαίνω*.

πημονή, *ή*, poet. for *πήμα*, suffering.

πημοσύνη, *ή*, = *πημονή*, *πήμα*, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ep. *Πηνελόπεια*, *ή*, Penelope, daughter of Icarus, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, *πήνη*).

πηνέλοψ, *οπος*, *δ*, a kind of duck.

ΠΗ'ΝΗ, *ή*, like *πήνος*, the ibread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηνίζομαι Dor. *πανίσδομαι*: Dep.: (*πηνίον*)!—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙ'ΚΑ [*ή*], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? *πηνί'κ' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας*; what hour of day is it?

πηνίον, *τό*, Dim. of *πήνος* or *πήνη*, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πήνισμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*πηνίω*) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πήξαι, aor. I inf. of *πήγνυμι*.

πήξε, Ep. for *ἐπήξε*, 3 sing. aor. I of *πήγνυμι*.

πήος Dor. *πᾶς*, *οὔ*, *δ*, (*πάσμαι*) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. *affinis*.

ΠΗ'ΡΑ Ion. *πήρη*, *ή*, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. *pera*.

πηριδίον, *τό*, Dim. of *πήρα*, a little wallet.

πηρό-δετος, *ον*, (*πήρα*, *δέω*) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, *ά*, *όν*, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. *mancus*.

πηρώω, *φ*, *ώσω*, (*πήρος*) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of *πάσχω*.

πηχύαιος, *α*, *ον*, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

ΠΗ'ΧΤΣ, *εως*, *δ*: gen. pl. *πήχεων*:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. *ulna*: generally the arm.

II. the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow.

III. in pl., *πήχες* are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to *ζυγύν* the bridge.

IV. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. *cubitus*, a cubit, orig. containing 24 *δάκτυλοι*, or about 18 inches:

the *πήχυς βασιλῆως* was longer by three *δάκτυλοι*, being = 27 *δάκτυλοι* or about 20 inches.

V. a cubit-rule.

πιάζω, *φ*, *άσω* and *άζω*: aor. I part. *πιάς*: Dor. form of *πιέζω*, to press: to lay bold of, apprehend.

πιαίνω, *φ*, *άνω*: aor. I *ἐπιάνα*, pass. *ἐπιάσθην*: pf. pass. *πεπίαμαι* (*πιάω*):—to make fat, fatten:

of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge.

2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάς, Dor. aor. I part. of *πιάζω*.

πίαρ, *τό*, indecl. (*πίων*) fat, tallow, suet: also oil,

cream: hence *fatness*: metaph. the fat of the land,

the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιᾶρός, *ά*, *όν*, (*πῆαρ*) fat, rich.

πίασμα, *τό*, (*πιαίνω*) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδάκτις, *ιδος*, *ή*, (*πιδάξ*) of the spring or fountain.

πιδάκτες, *εσσα*, *εν*, (*πιδάξ*) gushing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, *ες*, (*πιδάξ*, *είδος*) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

III *ΔΑΞ*, *άκος*, *ή*, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδήεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πίε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *πίνω*: but also Ep. for *ἐπίε*, 3 sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for *πιεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *πίνω*.

πιέζω, = *πιέσω*: and hence Ep. impf. *πιέζεν* and Ion. part. pass. *πιεζέμενος*.

III *Ε'ΖΩ*, *φ*, *πείσω*: aor. I *ἐπίεσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐπιέσθην* or *ἐπιέχθην*: pf. *πενίεσμαι* or *πενίεγμαι*:

—to press, squeeze, crush, press hard upon. II. to lay bold of.

πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *πίνω*.

πείρα [*ή*], *ή*, pecul. fem. of *πίων*, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: *δαῖς πείρα* a plentiful meal:—

of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πέμεν, Ep. for *πιεῖν*, aor. 2 inf. of *πίνω*.

Πιερίδες, *αί*, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πιερίσθεν, Adv. from *Pieria* in Thessaly.

πίεσαι, for *πείε*, 2 sing. fut. of *πίνω*.

πιεσθείς, *είσα*, *έν*, aor. I pass. part. of *πιέζω*.

πῆεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for *πίων*, fat, rich.

πῆσθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of *πίνω*.

πιθάκνη Att. *φιδάκνη*, *ή*, (*πίθος*) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πιθάκος, Dor. for *πίθηκος*, an ape.

πιθανολογέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*πιθανολόγος*) to use probable arguments. Hence

πιθανολογία, *ή*, the use of probable arguments.

πιζάνο-λόγος, *ον*, (*πιθάνος*, *λέγω*) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πιθάνος, *ή*, *όν*, (*πείθω*) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural.

II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πιθανῶς, Adv. of *πιθάνος*, persuasively: Comp. *πιθανώτερον*, more persuasively.

πιθίσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of *πείθω*.

πιθεών, *ωνος*, *δ*, (*πίθος*) a place for casks, a cellar.

πιθηκίζω, *φ*, *ίσω*, (*πιθηκος*) to play the ape. Hence

πιθηκισμός, *δ*, a playing the ape, aping.

πιθηκος Dor. *πιθακος*, *όν*, (*πείθω*) an ape, Lat. *simius*: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes.

πιθηκο-φάγέω, (*πιθηκος*, *φαγείν*) to eat ape's flesh.

πιθηκο-φόρος, *ον*, (*πιθηκος*, *φέρω*) carrying apes.

πιθήσας, aor. I part. of *πείθω*, as if from *πιθέω*.

πιθί, irreg. 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *πίνω*.

πιθ-οιγία, *ή*, (*πίθος*, *οίγνυμι*) an opening of casks.

pf. *πέπρωκα*: Pass., fut. I *πρώθσομαι*, paullo-p. fut. *πεπρώσομαι* [α]: aor. I pass. *ἐπρώθην* [α]: pf. *πέπρωμαι* Ion. -*ημαι*: (*περώω*):—to *sell beyond seas*, like *περώω*: generally, to *sell*:—Pass. to be *sold*: metaph. to be *bought and sold*, i. e. *betrayed*.

πίπτω, for *πι-πέτω*, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. *πίπτον*: fut. *πεσοῦμαι* Ion. *πεσέομαι*: aor. 2 *έπεσον*, inf. *πέσειν*: pf. *πέπτωκα*, Ep. part. *πεπτῶς* and *πεπτῶς*, -*ῶτος* Att. *πεπτῶς*, -*ῶτος*, syncop. from *πεπτῶκώς*:—to *fall, fall down*; c. acc. cognato, *πίπτειν πτώματα, πεσήματα*: absol. in pf. *πέπτωκα*, to be *fallen, lie low*. II. Special usages: *πίπτειν ἐν τινι* to *fall upon a thing violently, to attack*. 2. *πίπτειν ἐκ τινος* to *fall out of or lose a thing*, Lat. *decidere de*: *ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινι* to *fall out of or lose one's favour*. 3. *πίπτειν μετὰ ποσὶ γυναικὸς* to *fall between the feet of a woman*, i. e. to be *born*. 4. to *fall in fight*. 5. to *fall, sink, leave off*; *ἀνεμος πέσε* the *wind fell*. 6. *πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος* to *fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome*; *ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐαυτοῦ ἔπεσε* the army *failed of itself*, Lat. *mole sua corruit*. 7. to *fall short, fail*: of a *play, to fail*, Lat. *cadere*. 8.

of the *dice, to fall in a certain position*; τὰ *δεσποτῶν* *εὐ πεσόντα θήσομαι* I shall *count my master's throws lucky*: generally, *εὐ* or *καλῶς πίπτειν*, to be *lucky*:—so also, to *fall, turn out, happen*. *πίρρως*, an Egypt. word = *καλὸς ἀγαθός*, noble. *πίσινος, η, ον, (πίσος)* made of *peas*, *ἔντος πίσινον* *pea-soup*. ΠΥΣΟΞ, a kind of *pulse, the pea*, Lat. *pisum*. [r] *πίσος, τό, (πίσω* fut. of *πιπίσκω*) only in nom. and acc. pl. *πίσα*, moist lands, meadows. ΠΥΣΣΑ Att. *πίττα*, *ή, pitch*, Lat. *pix*: proverb., *μελάντερον ἢ τε πίσσα* blacker than *pitch*. *πισσίρης, ες, (πίσα)* of or like *pitch, pitchy*. *πίσσινος* Att. *πίττινος, η, ον, (πίσσα)* pitched over, coated with *pitch*. *πισσῶω* Att. *πιττ-, f. ὦσω*, to *pitch, cover with pitch*. *πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω)* a *pledge of good faith*. *πιστευτικός, ή, όν, disposed to trust, confiding*. From *πιστεύω*, f. *σω, (πίστις)* to *believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing*: absol., *χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν* hard to *believe*; *πιστεύειν εἰς τινα* to *believe on a person*:—Pass. to be *believed or trusted*. 2. to *believe, comply, obey*. II. c. inf. to *believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is*: also c. dat. et inf. to *trust to one, rely on one to do so and so*. III. to *entrust or confide something to another*.

πιστικός, ή, όν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid. *πιστικός, ή, όν, (πίστις)* trusty, faithful. 2. *persuasive*. 3. *pure, genuine*.

πίστις, εως, ή, (πίθω, πείθομαι) trust in others, faith, belief; Lat. *fides, fiducia*; *πίστις θεῶν* faith in the gods: *persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance*. 2. *good faith, faithfulness, honesty*, Lat. *fides*. 3. *credit, trust*; *εἰς πίστιν δίδου* to *give in trust*. II. *that*

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; *πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιέσθαι* to *exchange assurances and oaths*. 2. *a means of persuasion, an argument, proof*.

πιστός, ή, όν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid; τὰ *πιστά* liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ή, όν, (πίθω) of persons, faithful, trusty, true: in Persia of *πιστοί* or τὰ *πιστά* were confidential officers about the court, *privy-councillors*; *πιστά πιστῶν*, like *ἔσχατ' ἔσχαται*, = *πιστότατοι, most trusty*. 2. *believed, trusted*. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief: *credible*. 2. τὸ *πιστόν*, as Subst., a *pledge, security, warrant*; *πιστὸν* or *πιστὰ δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν* to *give and receive pledges*: also τὸ *πιστόν* = *πίστις*, good faith.

III. act. believing, relying on. 2. obedient. Hence *πιστότης, ητος, ή, good faith, honour, faithfulness*. *πιστώω, f. ὦω, (πιστός)* to *make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement*. II. Pass. to be made trustworthy, give a *pledge or warrant*; *ὅρκῳ πιστῶσθαι* to *pledge oneself by oath*. 2. to *feel trust, to be persuaded*; *πιστῶθεῖς, trusting, confiding*. III. Med. to give one another *pledges or guarantees, exchange troth*. 2. *πιστοῦσθαι τινα ὑφ' ὅρκων* to *secure his good faith, bind him by oaths*.

πίστρα, ή, (πίνω) a drinking-trough or cup. *πίστρον, τό, (πίνω)* = *πίστρα*.

πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (πιστώω) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. *γρηλαε πιστώματα* = *πιστοὶ γέροντες*, as *πιστὰ Περσῶν* is used for *πιστοὶ Περσῶν*.

πιστῶς, Adv. of *πιστός*, faithfully: *persuasively*. *πιστῶσαντο*, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of *πιστώω*.

πίσυνος, η, ον, (πίθω) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πίσυρες, οί, αί, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for *τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα*.

πίσω [r], fut. of *πιπίσκω*. *πίτνα*, Ep. for *ἐπίτνα*, 3 sing. impf. of *πίτνημι*.

πίτνας, ασα, αν, part. of *πίτνημι*. *πίτνημι*, collat. form of *πέταννυμι*, to *spread out, extend, expand*.

πίτνω, = πετάννυμι, to *spread out*: impf. *ἐπίτνω*. *πίτνω* [r], poet. form of *πίττω*, used metri grat.

when the penult. is required to be short, as *μῦνως* is used for *μῆνως*, when the penult. is to be long.

πίττω, *ή, Att. for πίσσα*. *πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for πίσινος*.

πιττώω, Att. for *πισσῶω*. *πίττω-κάμπτης, ον, δ, = πιττω-κάμπτης*.

πίττωλεω, f. σω, (πίττω) to *ply the plashing oar*. ΠΙΤΤΥΛΟΣ [r], *δ, the measured plash of oars*; *ἐν πίττωλεω* with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops; *πίττωλος σκύφος* the plash of wine poured into a cup. 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as, the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. *to be moulded, made, fashioned*.

II. generally, *to mould, shape*, of the mind and body:—Med., *πλασάμενος τῇ ὄψει* having formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance.

III. metaph. *to make up, fabricate, forge*: absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κύμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος* no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἱγγος, ἡ, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance. II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for horses. III. a whip.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὅν, doubtful form of *πελαστός*. *πλαστός*, ἡ, ὅν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, modelled. II. metaph. *made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal*; *πλαστός πατρί* a supposititious son.

πλάτῳ, ὡνος, ὁ, ἡσω, *to clap the bands loudly: to clasp, crack*. II. *to beat*, so as to make a loud noise. From

πλάτῳ, ἡ, (πλατάσσω) a rattle.

πλάτῳ, ατος, τό, (πλαταγέω) a clapping.

πλάτῳ, ὡνος, ὁ, (πλαταγέω) anything that rattles or cracks.

πλάτῳ, ὡνος, τό, Dim. of *πλαταγών*, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ὡν, αἱ, *Plataea*, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιαῖσι* at Plataea. Hence

Πλαταιεῖς Ion. -έες Att. -ῆς, οἱ, the Plataeans. *πλάτῳ*, ὡνος, ὁ, (πλατῆς) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πλάτῳ, ὡνος, ὁ, = *πλάτανος*. Hence

πλάτῳ, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. for *πλατανιστόεις*, a plane-tree grove.

πλάτῳ, ὡνος, ὁ, (πλάτῳ) the oriental plane, the plane-tree, Lat. *platanus*, so called from its broad, flat leaf.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, see *πλατῆς*.

πλάτῳ, Dor. -άσσω: f. άσσω: (πλατῆς):—to speak or pronounce broadly, esp. with a Doric accent. *πλατῆς*, Adv. of *πλατῆς*, broadly.

πλάτῳ Dor. *πλάτῳ*, ἡ, (πλάτῳ) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula remi*: the whole oar. 2. a sheet of paper.

πλάτῳ, Adv., Dor. for *πλησίον*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, (πλάτῳ) poet. for *πλάτῳ*, a wife.

πλάτῳ, εος, τό, (πλάτῳ) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τό *πλάτος* or *πλάτος* in breadth.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ὅν, (πλάτῳ) = *πλαστός*, *πελαστός*.

πλάτῳ, f. άσσω, (πλάτῳ) to form the flat of oars. *πλάτῳ*, f. σω, (πλάτῳ) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

πλάτῳ-λέσχη, ου, ὁ, (πλάτῳ, λέσχη) a babbler. *πλάτῳ*, verb. Adj. of *πλάτῳ*, one must widen.

πλάτῳ, f. ὡν, (πλάτῳ) to make broad, widen, extend:—Med., *πλατύνεσθαι τὴν γῆν* to widen one's territory. 2. to open wide: 3 sing. pf. pass. *πεπλάτῳ* has been opened.

πλάτῳ-νωτος, ον, (πλάτῳ, νῶτος) broad-backed.

πλάτῳ-ροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ον, (πλάτῳ, ῥέω) broad-flowing.

ΠΛΑΤῳ, εἰα, ὅ, Ion. fem. *πλατῆα*:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., *πλατῆς κατάγειως* flat mockery. 2. as Subst., ἡ *πλατῆα* (sub. ὀδῶς), a street: also (sub. χεῖρ), the flat of the hand.

II. salt, brackish, because *πλατῳ ὕδωρ* was originally used of the sea. III. Comp. and Sup., *πλατῳ*, *πλάτῳ*.

πλάτῳ, ητος, ἡ, (πλάτῳ) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk. [ῥ]

πλάτῳ, acc. of *πλάτῳ*, q. v.

πλάτῳ, Adv. (πλάτῳ) in plaits or braids.

πλάτῳ, ατος, τό, (πλάτῳ) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. *πλάτῳ*, *πλάτῳ*.

πλάτῳ, οἱ, acc. *πλάτῳ*, Ep. for *πλάτῳ*, Comp. of *πλάτῳ*, more: Dor. contr. *πλάτῳ*.

πλάτῳ, α, ον, of the size of a *πλάτῳ*.

ΠΛΕῳ Ep. *πλέθρον*, τό, as measure of length, a *plethron*, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade. 2. a race-course or race of this length. II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πλειῳ, ἡ, in plur. *Πλειῳ* Ion. *Πληῳ*, αἱ, the *Pleiads*, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

πλειῳ, εἰο, εἰο, aor. 2 med. opt. of *πλειῳ*.

πλειῳ, Att. for *πλειῳ*, like *δεῖν* for *δεῖον*, more. 2. inf. of *πλειῳ* to sail.

πλειῳ, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for *πλειῳ*, full.

πλειῳ, η, ον, Comp. of *πλειῳ*, fuller.

πλειῳ, Adv. (πλειῳ) most times, mostly, very often.

πλειῳ, ες, (πλειῳ) manifold; ἅπας *πλειῳ* χρόνος the whole extent of time. Hence *πλειῳ*, Dep. to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πλειῳ-βόλος, ον, (πλειῳ, βαλεῖν) throwing the most, throwing the biggest.

πλειῳ-βροτος, ον, (πλειῳ, βροτός) thronged with people, crowded.

πλειῳ, η, ον, Sup. of *πλειῳ*, most, Lat. *plurimus*: very much; also, very great:—οἱ *πλειῳ* the greatest number; τὸ *πλειῳ* the greatest part; so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ *πλειῳ* τὸ βίον the most part of life:—ἡ *πλειῳ* γνώμη ἦν his opinion was mostly; *πλειῳ* εἰμι τῇ γνώμῃ I am mostly of opinion; ὅσοι *πλειῳ* the most possible; ἐν τοῖς *πλειῳ* about the most, like ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις.—neut. *πλειῳ* as Adv. most: τὸ *πλειῳ* for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ *πλειῳ* at the greatest distance; ἐπὶ *πλειῳ* to the greatest extent; περὶ *πλειῳ* of the greatest importance or value.

πληθύν, ύος, ή, Ep. dat. πληθύν, Ion. for πληθύν, a throng, crowd.

πληθύνω, (πληθύνω) to be or become full; ἀγορή πληθύνουσι when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέω) to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ή, (πλήθω) fullness: satiety. πληκτής, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. III. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance. πληκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πληκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ή, (πλημμέλῃς) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμέλειω, f. ήσω, (πλημμέλῃς) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημ-μελής, ἐς, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, harsh. Adv. -λως.

πλήμμη, ή, = πλήρη.

πλήμμυρα, ή, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood.

Hence

πλημμυρέω, f. ήσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ιδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς ἐκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [ὕ Ep., ὕ Att.]

πλήμνη, ή, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except: πλήν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλήν ὅταν save when; πλήν ὅτι except that; πλήν εἰ or ἐάν, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλὴν ἐν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπλήξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-εππος, ου, (πλήσσω, ἔππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεύντες, -εύμενοι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρέω.

πλήρης, ἐς, gen. eoe contr. ος, (πλέω) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ή, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, f. ὤσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληρουν ναῦν to man a ship: πληρουτε θαλακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληρουν την χρείαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ή, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πληροαίτο, Ep. for πλήθαιτο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλήσθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίος):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιότερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος, α, ου, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, bard by, close to. II. as Subst., πλησίος, ὁ, a neighbour.

III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, bard by; ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὤν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάτιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαιτέρος, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ου, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πλησι-ιστιος, ου, (πίμπλημι, ιστιον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσιμη, ή, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησιμονή, ή, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fullness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗ'ΣΣΩ Att. -πτω: f. ἔω: aor. I ἐπλήξα Ep. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγην, in compds. ἐπλόγην [α]: pf. πέπληγμαι:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λεῖν (*to strike with a missile*): of Jove, *to strike with lightning: to strike back, drive away*:—Med., *πληξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief*:—Pass. *to be struck, stricken, smitten: also to be beaten: to be stricken by misfortune: but, πλῆσσεσθαι δόρουσι to be touched by bribes.*

II. metaph. of violent emotions, *to strike, amaze, confound, stun; πηγεῖς ἔρωτι smitten with love.*

πληστιγ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of τιμπαλῃ.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάζω, *he came near.*

πλινθεῖν, f. σω, (πλίνθος) *to make in/o bricks.* 2.

absol. *to make bricks.* II. *to build of brick.*

πλινθιδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) *in the shape of a brick.*

πλινθίνος, η, or. (πλίνθος) *made or built of brick.*

πλινθιον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, *a small brick.*

πλινθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: *a whetstone.*

πλινθο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω: (πλίνθος, ποιέω) *to make bricks.*

πλινθος, ἡ, *a brick*, Lat. *later*: πλινθοῖς ὄνται baked bricks: πλινθούς ἐλαττοι or ἐπίσαι Lat. *ducere lateres*, *to make bricks: δόμοι πλινθού layers of brick.* 2.

anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of metal. 3. *the plinth of a column.*

πλινθοურγέω, f. ἤσω, *to make bricks.* From

πλινθο-ουργός, (πλίνθος, ἔργον) *making bricks*:

as Subst., πλινθοურγός, ὁ, *a brick-maker.*

πλινθοφ-έρω, f. ἤσω, *to carry bricks.* From

πλινθο φόρος, or. (πλίνθος, φέρω) *carrying bricks.*

πλινθώ, 1. ὤσω, (πλίνθος) *to make of brick*: Med.

to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ὄψης, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὀψάω) *brick-built.*

ΠΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίσσομαι: πρ. πέλσσομαι: Dep.

—*to cross one's legs in walking: to walk briskly, trot.*

πλοη-τόκος, or. (πλοῖος, τεκνέω) *producing navigation.*

πλοῦριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, *a skiff, boat.*

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) *a floating vessel, a ship of any kind: πλοῖα λεπτά small craft: πλοῖα ἐπιπλεῖρα*

transport-vessels: πλοῖα μακρὰ ships of war, Lat. longae naues: πλοῖα στρογγύλα ships of burthen.

Lat. *naues onerariae*:—as distinguished from ναῖς (*a ship of war*), πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or trans-

port.

πλοκάμῃς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) *a braid, lock, or curl of hair*: also *early hair.* f.

πλοκάμος, ὁ, (πλέω) *a braid, lock or curl of hair*:

in pl. *the locks, the hair.* II. *a twisted rope.*

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) *anything plaited or woven, a web*: metaph. *a web of deceit.*

πλόκος, ὁ, (πλέω) *a lock or curl of hair.* II.

a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πλέωμαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὁ, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.:

(πλέω)—*a sailing voyage: time or tide for sailing*:

—proverb, *δευτερος πλοῖος the next best way.*

πλοῦθ-ῆρις, ἡ, (πλοῦτος, ἰρις) *beauty and wealth.*

πλοῦτος, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλούς.

πλούσιος, α, or, (πλούτος) *rich, wealthy*: c. gen.

rei, *rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum.*

II. *ample, abundant.* III. Adv. -ιος, *like a rich man.*

Πλουτεῖς, ἑας, ἡ, poet. for Πλούτων.

πλουτέω, f. ἤσω, (πλούτος) *to be rich, wealthy*: c.

gen. *to be rich, abound in a thing.* Hence

πλουτηρός, ὁ, ὦν, *enriching.*

πλουτίζω, f. ἰσω, (πλούτος) *to enrich, make wealthy.*

πλουτο-γίζης, ἐς, Dor. for πλουτογογής, (πλούτος,

γῆν) *delighting by or in riches*.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, ὁ,

(πλούτος, δίδωμι) *giver of riches.*

πλουτο-κράτις, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) *an oligarchy*

of wealth.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, *wealth, riches.* II. as masc.

prop. n. *Plutus*, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτό-χθων, ὠος, ὁ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθών) *rich in*

the treasures of the land.

Πλούτων, ὠος, ὁ, *Pluto*, god of the nether world:

a name of "Αἰδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn,

the wealth of early times, was sent from beneath the

earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὁ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. *locks, hair.*

πλύναν, Ep. for ἐπλυναν, 3 pl. aor. 1 of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον ᾽, Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλύνος, ὁ, (πλύνω) *a trough or pit to wash clothes*

in: a washing trough or tub.

πλυντήριος, or, (πλύνω) *of or for washing: τὰ*

Πλυντήρια (sub. τῶν) a festival at Athens, in which

the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed.

ΠΛΥΝΩ, f. fut. πλύνω Ion. πλυνέω: aor. 1

ἐπλύνω Ep. πλύνω: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλυνήν: πρ. πέλ-

πλύνω:—*to wash clean, esp. linen, cyp. to λούσθω*

(to bathe), or νίζω (to wash the hands or feet). 2.

to wash of dirt. II. metaph., *πλύνειν τινά to*

give him a dressing, to beat or scold. Hence

πλύνος, ἐας, ἡ, *a washing.* f.

πλωός, ἄος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. *floating.*

πλωίζω, f. σα, (πλέω) *to sail on the sea, use ships,*

practice navigation.

πλώμιος, or, (πλέω) *fit for sailing: of a ship, fit*

for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable. 2. *of the sea, to*

be sailed over, navigable: in death, πλωματῆρας γε-

νομένους or ὄντας as circumstances became or were

more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, or, = πλώμιος, *to be sailed over.*

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλέω) *a seaman, sailor.* II.

a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὦν, (πλέω) *sailing, floating, swim-*

ming. II. *that can be sailed on, navigable.*

πλώω, f. ὤσω: aor. 1 ἐπλύνω: πρ. πέλπλωμαι: Ep.

and Ion. for πλέω, *to sail, float*: there is also (as if

from a Verb in μι) an Ep. acc. 3 ἐπλω, ες, or, part.

πλάς, gen. πλάντος.

πνεῖν, Ep. pres. for πνέω, *to breathe.*

πνεῦμα, ἄτος, or, πνεῦα πνέει, εἷρ.

II. *breathe,*

πνεῦμα βίω the breath of life: πνεῦμα δόξα to give

up the ghost:—spend one's spirit, life. 2. *spirit,*

inspiration. III. 4

, *spiritual thing:—*

Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα *the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost*. Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath*. II. *of the spirit, spiritual*: Adv. -ώς, *spiritually*.

πνευματός, ὁ, ὄσα, (πνεῦμα) *to turn into wind or air: to inflate*. 2. *to agitate with wind*.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεμών, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνεῦμα) *used both in sing. and pl. the organs of breathing, the lungs*.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΩ Ep. πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσούμαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθην: pf. πέννυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):—*to blow, breathe, of the wind*. II. *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale*: c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of*: rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it*. III. *of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp*. IV. *to draw breath, breathe: to live*. V.

metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνέοντες *breathing spirit*; Ἄρεα πνέiv, Lat. *Maritem spirare*; μέγα πνέiv *to be of a high spirit*. VI. *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui*.

πνίγεις, εἰς, ὁ, (πνίγω) *an oven: or* 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame*.

πνίγηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat*.

πνίγιζω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking*.

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling beat*.

πνιγόμενος, εσσα, εν, *choking, stifling*. From

πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat*.

ΠΝΙΤΩ [τ]: fut. πνίξω or med. πνιξομαι: aor. I ἐπνίξα, inf. πνιξάι: Pass., fut. πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγη [τ]:—*to stifle, choke: to seize by the throat, throttle*:—Pass. *to be stifled or choked: also to be drowned*. II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew*.

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling*.

πνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled*.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοά: (πνέω):—*a wind, blast, air*; ἅμα πνοίης ἀνέμοιο *along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind*; πυρὸς πνοαί *blasts of fire*: metaph., πνοαί Ἄρεος *blasts of Ares*. II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath*. III.

a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhalation. IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument*.

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πυνκός (not πνυκός), ἡ, *the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησίαι or meetings of the people were held: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre*.

ΠΟΪΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—*grass: ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne*. II. *a grassy place, meadow*. III.

grass-time, summer.

ποδ-αβρός, ὄν, (πούς, ἀβρός) *soft of foot*.

ποδ-αγός, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, *guiding the foot: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὁ, a guide, an attendant*.

ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet*. II. *gout in the feet, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands)*. Hence

ποδαγράω, *to have gout in the feet*.

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *liable to gout, gouty*.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *gouty*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίω) *water for washing the feet in*.

ποδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἄπο; *from what country?* Lat. *cujas?*

ποδ-αργός, ὄν, (πούς, ἀργός) *swift- or white-footed*.

ποδ-άρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) *able of foot, swift-footed*.

ποδ-ἐνδύτος, ὄν, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn upon the foot*. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet*.

ποδεών, ὄνος, ὁ, (πούς) *in plur. the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals*; δέρμα λέοντος ἀρημμένον ἀκρων ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends*. II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up*. III.

any similar extremity; ποδεών στενὸς *a narrow strip of land*. 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet*.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-ἄγος.

ποδ-ηκεῖς, ες, (πούς, ἐνέγκω) *reaching down to the feet*.

ποδ-ήνεμος, ὄν, (πούς, ἄνεμος) *swift as the wind*.

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρᾶειν) *reaching down to the feet*; πέπλος ποδῆρης *a robe that falls over the feet*: hence, ποδῆρης στῦλος *a tall straight pillar*; ποδῆρης ἀσπίς *the large shield which quite covered the body*:—τὰ ποδῆρη, *the feet*.

ποδιαίος, α, ὄν, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high*.

ποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether*:—Pass., of horses, *to have the feet tied, be tethered*.

ποδί-κροτος, ὄν, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet*.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ποδίζω) *reaching over the feet*; πέπλος ποδιστήρ *a long garment that entangles the feet in it*.

ποδίστρα, ἡ, (ποδίω) *a strap or snare for the feet*. ποδοῦν, Ep. gen. and dat. du. l. for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτυπέω) *a dancing-girl*.

ποδορ-ράγης, ες, (πούς, ῥαγῆναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot*.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet*.

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat*.

ποδόκεια, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness*. From ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ὤκεις) *swift-footed, fleet of foot*: generally *swift, quick*.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for ποία, *grass*.

ποθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

ποθεινός, ἡ, ὢν, also ἰς, ὢν, (ποθέω) *longed for, desired, missed, regretted*: hence *mourned for*.

ποθεν Ion. ποθεν, interrog. Adv. *whence?* *from what place?* Lat. *unde?* τίς, ποθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; who, *whence* art thou of men? ποθεν τῆς Φρυγίας; *from what part* of Phrygia? II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be?* how possibly? III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθεν, enclit. Adv. *from some place* or *other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, σν, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθεύντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. cf ποθέω.

ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor. I act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθεσα Ep. πόθεσα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—*to desire what is absent* or *lost*, *to desire* or *regret fondly*, *yearn after*, *long for*; and so *to miss*, *regret*, Lat. *desiderare*: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's *desiring*, one's *desire*. 2. c. inf. *to long* or *be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν *the longing soul*.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for*; σὴ ποθή *a longing after thee*.

ποθήμενα, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὢν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*.

ποῦ, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *where?* II. for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποῦ, enclit. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: *at length*.

ποθό-βλητος, σν, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

ποθό-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεῖσα, for προσορεῖσα, part. fem. of προσορεῖν.

ΠΟΘΟΣ, ὁ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire* or *regret*, *a yearning after, longing for*, Lat. *desiderium*; οὗς πόθος *a yearning after thee: love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen., ποῖ χθονίς: *to what spot* of earth? 2. for ποῦ; Lat. *ubi?* *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποι, enclit. Adv. *somewhither*.

ποίη, ἡ, Dor. for πῶα, grass.

ποιεῖμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποίεω.

ποιεῖμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποίεω.

ποιεῖντα, Dor. for ποιούντα, pres. part. acc. of ΠΟΙΕΪΝ.

ΠΟΙΕΪΝ, f. ἴσω: 1. *to make, produce, execute*, esp. of works of art:—Med. *to make for oneself*, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι *to make themselves houses*: also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect*; ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. *sacra facere*, *to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*; ποιεῖν Ἰσθμία *to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3. *to make, shape, create*: *to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: also *to make or render* so and so:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med. *to make so and so for oneself*, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἐταῖρον *to make him one's friend*: ποιεῖσθαι τινα πλὴν *to make*

a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; ἐαυτοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι *to make a thing one's own*: generally *to bold, reckon, esteem* a thing as . . . συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to take, reckon* a thing for a visitation; δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to esteem* it a grievous thing; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *magni facere*, *to esteem* a thing of great moment. 4. *to compose, write*, esp. in verse, *to make*: also *to invent*:—also *to make, represent* in poetry (whence ποιητής a poet): periphr. in Med., ὀργὴν ποιεῖσθαι for ὀργίζεσθαι, θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέλλειν.

II. *to do*; Σπάρτην τι ποιεῖν *to act* like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. *to do something* to another, κακὰ or ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα *to do one good or evil*. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*; ποιεῖν ἢ παθεῖν *to do or have done* to one.

2. there is also a pecul. usage, ἡ εὐνοία πορὰ πολλὸν ἐποίει ἐν τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις, good-will *made* greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποί-]

ποίη, ἡ, Ion. for πῶα, grass.

ποίηεις, εσσα, ερ, (ποίη) *grassy, rich in grass*.

ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποίη) *anything made or done*: 1. a work, piece of workman: ship. 2. a poetical work, poem. 3. an act, deed.

ποιημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ποίημα, a little poem.

ποιηρός, ἄ, ὢν, (ποίη) *grassy*.

ποίησαι, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποίεω.

ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποίη) *a making: a forming, creating*. II. *the art of poetry*. 2. a poem.

ποιητός, α, σν, νεῖδ. Adj. of ποίεω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. ποιητέον *one must make or do*.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποίη) *one who makes, a maker*. II. a maker, i. e. a poet.

ποιητικός, ἡ, ὢν, (ποίη) *capable of making, productive: poetical*:—ἡ ποιητικὴ (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv. -κά.

ποιητός, ἡ, ὢν, (ποίη) *made, fabricated, worked*. II. made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φάγειν, (ποίη, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*.

ποικιλό-αντος, σν, Dor. for ποικιλό-ητος, (ποικίλος, ἴναι) *with brodered reins*.

ποικιλό-ειμαν, σν, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb*.

ποικιλία, ἡ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery*: a piece of embroidery: metaph. *canvassing*.

ποικίλλω, f. ἴω: ἐποικίλα: Pass. pf. πεποικίλαμαι: (ποικίλος):—*to broder, work* in embroidery. II. *to embroider*: *to diversify, vary*: metaph. *to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence ποικίλμα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *brodered work, broderery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, σν, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γῆρυς Dor. -γάρυς, voc. ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γῆρυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δερος, σν, (ποικίλος, δερν) *with variegated neck*.

ποικίλο-δέρμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) *with spotted or dappled skin.*

ποικίλο-εργός, *ιν*, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) *of varied work.*
ποικίλο-θρίξ, -τρίχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) *with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.*

ποικίλο-μήτης, *ου, ὁ, and* ποικίλο-μητις, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, μήτις) *full of various wiles.*

ποικίλο-μήχανος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) *full of various devices.*

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μορφή) *of variegated form, variegated.*

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) *of various discourse.*

ποικίλο-νωτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) *with back of varied hues.*

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) *with wing of changeful hue.*

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΟΣ, *η, ον*, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. *worked in various colours, of varying colour*; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ *arms inwrought with brass.* III. *generally changeful, various*: hence *of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated.* 2. *changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous*; hence *artful, cunning.*

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος *Aeol.* -σάμβαλος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) *with broided sandals.*

ποικίλο-στολος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, στολή) *with variegated robe*: of a ship, *with painted prow.*

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ἐς*, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) *with varied delights*: delighted by variety.

ποικίλο-τευκτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) *curiously wrought.*

ποικίλο-τραυλός, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) *twittering or singing in various notes.*

ποικίλο-φόρμυγξ, *ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φόρμυγξ) *accompanied by the various notes of the harp.*

ποικίλο-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φρήν) *with manifold counsel, wily-minded.*

ποικιλ-φδός, *ον*, (ποικίλος, φῶδῃ) *of riddling song.*

ποικίλως, *Adv.* of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως ἔχειν *to be different.*

ποιμαίνω, *φ. ἀνῶ*, (ποιμήν) *to feed, tend*, *Lat. pascere*: absol. *to keep flocks, be a shepherd.* 2. *metaph. to tend, cherish, foster*:—*to guide, lead, govern*:—also *to soothe, lull, beguile*, like *Lat. pascere*: hence *to deceive.*

II. *Pass. to graze, Lat. pasci*: *to range over in grazing, to stray*; πᾶς πεποιμάνται τόπος *every place has been ranged over, traversed.*

ποιμάν, *ὁ*, *Dor.* for ποιμήν.

ποιμᾶνῶριον, τό, (ποιμάνωρ) *a herd*: *metaph. an army under its leader.*

ποιμᾶνῶ, *fut.* of ποιμαίνω.

ποιμάνωρ [ᾶ], *ορος, ὁ*, (ποιμαίνω) = ποιμήν, *a herdsman, shepherd*: *a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.*

ποιμήν, *ἑνος, ὁ*, (ποιά) *a herdsman, a shepherd*; ποιμήν λαών *a shepherd of the people, i. e. a prince, chief.*

ποιμήν, *ἡ*, (ποιμήν) *a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.*

ποιμνήτις, *η, ον*, (ποιμήν) *of or for a flock or herd.*
ποιμνιον, τό, *Dim.* of ποιμήν, *a little flock.*

ποιναῖος, *α, ον*, (ποινή) *puni bing, avenging.*

ποινάτωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, *an avenger, punisher.* [ᾶ]

ποινάω, *φ. ἀνάω* [ᾶ] *Ion.* ἦσα, *to avenge, punish*:—*Med.* *to avenge oneself on one.* From

ποινή, *ἡ*, *a ransom paid for the shedding of blood*; generally, *a price paid, redemption, requital*: also *the price exacted, vengeance, penalty*, *Lat. poena*; ἀνελέσθαι ποινὴν τῆς ψυχῆς *to take vengeance for his life*;

ποινήν τίσαι Ξέρξῃ τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομέναν *to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds*: often in phrase, ποινὰς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, *to suffer punishment*, *Lat. dare poenas*; ποινὰς λαμβάνειν *to inflict it*, *Lat. sumere poenas.* 2. in good sense, *recompense, reward.* II. *personified, Ποινή, ἡ*, *the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.*

ποινήτης, *ου, ὁ*, *fem.* -ήτις, *ιδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.*

ποινίμος, *ον*, (ποινή) *avenging, punishing.*

ποιολογέω, *φ. ἦσα*, *to gather herbs*: also *to put up corn in sheaves.* From

ποιο-λόγος, *ον*, (ποιά, λέγω) *gathering herbs.*

ποιο-νόμος, *ον*, (ποιά, νέμα) *feeding on grass or herbs.* II. ποιο-νομος, *ον*, (ποιά, νομή) *with grassy pastures.*

ΠΟΙΟΣ *α, ον* *Ion.* κοῖος, *η, ον*, *interrog. Adj.* of *what nature? of what sort?* *Lat. qualis?* in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπες! *what manner of speech hast thou spoken!* II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; III. *fem. dat.* ποίᾳ *Ion.* κοίᾳ (sub. ὁδῶ); as *Adv.*, = πῶς; *Lat. quomodo? how? in what manner?*

ποιός, *ά, όν*, *indef. Adj.* of *a certain nature, kind or quality.*

ποιότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ποιός) *quality.*

ποιπνύω, *φ. ύσώ* [ῶ], (*redupl.* from πνέω), *to be out of breath*; hence generally, *to hasten, hurry, bustle*: also *to work hard, be busy.*

ποίφυγμα, *ατος, τό*, *a blowing, snorting.* From ποίφυσσω, *φ. ξώ*, (*redupl.* from φυσάω) *to blow, puff, snort.* II. *to blow out, puff up.*

ποι-ώδης, *ες*, (ποιά, εἶδος) *like grass, grassy.*

πόκα or ποκά, *Dor.* for πύτε or ποτέ.

ποκάς, *άδος, ἡ*, (πόκος) *wool, hair.*

ποκίζω, *φ. ίσώ* *Dor.* ἴζω, (πόκος) *to shear wool*:—*Med.* *to shear or clip for oneself.*

πόκος, *ὁ*, (πέκος) *wool uncombed, a fleece*: also *a flock or tuft of wool.* II. *a sheep-bearing.* III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ὄνου πόκας, *to an ass-bearing*, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκῶω, *φ. ύσώ*, *to cover with wool*: *Pass.* *to be covered or clothed in wool.*

πόκως, *Dor.* for πόκους, *acc. pl.* of πόκος.

πολέες, *έων, έεσσι, έας*, *Ep. plur.* of πολύς.

πολεμαδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος.
 πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and
 πολεμαρχεύς, f. ἦσω, to be Polemarch. From
 πολεμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἀρχω) one who begins or
 leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens
 the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally
 commanded in battle; he was present at the battle
 of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which
 the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta
 the commander of a division or μύρα. 3. at Thebes
 it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the
 Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλε-
 μος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight,
 give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with
 one.

II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an
 enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one;
 so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in
 Pass. also of war, to be waged or carried on; ὅσα
 ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, on, (πόλεμος,
 δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήτιος, on, Ion. form of πολέμιος, (πόλεμος)
 warlike.

II. hostile.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war.
 πολεμητήτιον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go
 to war.

πολεμίζω poet. ποταλ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω: (πόλε-
 μος)—poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or
 against one; μετὰ τινι in conjunction with another:
 later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute. II. trans. to
 make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ὁ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike;
 τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the
 art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of
 war, war. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for bat-
 tle. II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence

πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν
 to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, on, also os, on, (πόλεμος) of or belong-
 ing to war; τὰ πολέμια the business of war. 2.

rarely like πολέμιος, warlike. II. hostile:—as
 Subst., πολέμοιοι, οἱ, the enemy. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub.
 γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολέμιον,
 hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.

πολεμιστήριος, α, on, also os, on, of or belonging to
 a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἄρματα war-chariots. II.

τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war. From

πολεμιστής Ep. ποταλ-, οὐ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a war-
 rior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταὶ war-horses.

πολεμὸ-κλονος, on, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the
 din of war.

πολεμὸ-κραντος, on, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war.

πολεμο-λαμ-αχαιικός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος,
 Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιικός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.

πολεμώνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war,
 into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up
 war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: ge-
 nerally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεσθαι τινι to levy war
 against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, on, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by
 war.

πολεμῶν, f. ὥσω, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make
 an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεῦν, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat
 versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II
 trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to
 plough.

πόλεον, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for
 πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πολῦς.

πόλητες, on, as, Ion. for πόλετες, πόλεις, plur. of πό-
 λις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόλητος, πόλητι.

πολιαινόμεν, Pass. (πολιός) to grow gray or white.

πολιά-οχος, on, Dor. for πολιήοχος, πολιοῦχος, q. v.

πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἀρχω) prince of a city or state.

Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith.
 of Athena (Minerva) as her oldest temple on the
 Acropolis of Athens, distinguished from Ἀθην.

Παρθένος and Ἀθηνά Πρόμαχος.

πόλις, πολίεσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. cf πόλις.

πολιζέω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass.
 pf. πεπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city
 generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. I.

to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιάοχος = πολιοῦχος.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολιτής, a citizen: also
 fellow-citizen, countryman.

πολιήτης, ἴδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρότάφος, on, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray
 hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολι-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρησα: Pass., fu
 πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι.

aor. I ἐπολιόρηθην: (πόλις, εἶργα, or ἔρκος):—to be
 in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to
 besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκητός, α, on, verb. Adj. that must or can be
 taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieg-
 ing a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΨ, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν:—gray, white; e
 hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray e
 white hair; ἅμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις as the gra
 hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head an
 temples to the beard): πολιός absol. a gray-headed
 man. II. metaph. bright, serene. II

metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολι-οὔχος, on, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιό-χρους, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χράς) with whi
 skin: white.

πολι-πόρθης, on, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος At

poit. also πόλεος Ep. πόλης, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόλη: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόλῃα also occurs:—Plur. nom. πόλεις Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιν: dat. πόλιν Ep. πόλεις Dor. πόλεις: acc. πόλεις, πόλεις Ion. πόλιν:—a city: πόλις ἄκρη, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called δαστυ. II. a whole country, state.

III. when πόλις and δαστυ are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, δαστυ their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλις, ατος, τό, (πολίς) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολιτισσόν-νομος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σώος, ον, (πόλις, σώω) guarding a city.

πολιτισσούχος, ον, ποίτ. for πολιούχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (πολίτης, ἀρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civilis. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολιτεῖα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or free-man, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπολιτεύσαμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτεῖα, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολιτὴς [ῆ], ον, Ion. πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολιταὶ gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth: but ἡ πολιτικὴ (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics: τὰ πολιτικά, state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικός, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχνιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town. πολλάκις ποίτ. πολλάκι [ᾱ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perbars, perchance, Lat. si forte; μή πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger: followed by ἢ, ἢπερ..., or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -όνως.

πολλαπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλαχῇ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλαχόθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλαχόσδε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλαχού, Adv. = πολλαχῇ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός, πολλή) many times, many tens of times. [ᾱ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολὺς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολὺς.

πολλοσπός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολὺς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II. of Time, πολλοσπῶ ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοσπῶ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. -τως, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough. III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρος) catching much game.

πολύ-ἄθλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶψ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἰνετος, ον, and πολὺ-αινος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἶψ, ἰκος [ῆ], (πολύς, αἶσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολιάει weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυάνδρως, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνὴρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-ανθής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming.

πολυανθρωπία, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ἄ], ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνὴρ) = πολυάνωρ-
ὀρος: much frequented. II. of many husbands.

πολύ-ἀργύρος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀργυρός) rich in silver.

πολύ-ἀρητος Att. -ἀράτος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀράσμαι) much
prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-ἀρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, sur-
plying many, abundant.

πολυ-άρματος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots.

πολύ-ἀρμόνιος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀρμονία) many-toned.

πολύ-αρνος, ὄν, irreg. dat. πολυαρνι: (πολύς, ἀρνύς):
with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολυαρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀρχω) the government of many.

πολύ-αστράγαλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) with
many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀστρον) with many stars,
marry.

πολύ-άσχολος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀσχολος) much-busied.

πολύ-αἰλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, αἰλαξ) with many
furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αὔχενος, ὄν, (πολύς, αὔχην) with many necks.

πολύ-βαφής, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) deep-plunged,
drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοσκος, ὄν, (πολύς, βύσσω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βότερα Ep. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσσω)
fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτος, ὄν, (πολύς, βόσσω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτρυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many
clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ὄν, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling,
exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ὄν, ὁ, (πολύς, βοῦς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ὄν, (πολύς, βροχῶς) with many nooses.

πολύ-γυθής, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγυθής.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γυθής, ἐς, (πολύς, γηθῶ) much-
cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολυ-γῆρος, ἄν, (πολύς, γῆρας) exceeding old.

πολύ-γλευκος, ὄν, (πολύς, γλεύκος) abounding in
must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνος, ὄν, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ὄν, (πολύς, γλῶσσα)
many-tongued: harmonious.

πολύ-γναμπτος, ὄν, (πολύς, γνάμπω) with many
windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ὄν, (πολύς, γινώσσω) well-known.

πολύ-γομφος, ὄν, (πολύς, γόμφος) fastened with
many nails, well-bolted.

πολυγονέομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ὄν, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many,
prolific.

πολύ-δαίδαλος, ὄν, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly
wrought, richly dight. II. act. working with great
art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρυος, ὄν, and πολύ-δακρῦς, gen. ὅς, ὁ, ἡ,
(πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-
weep, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ὄν, (πολύς, δακρῶ) much wept,
very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπνης, ὄν, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great
expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δεράς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δερή) with many
ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ὄν, (πολύς, δέν-
δρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρη.

πολύ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δερκομαι) much-seeing.

πολύ-δεσμος, ὄν, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands,
strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεῦκος = γλεύκος) very
sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εὖς, ὁ, Polydeuces, Lat.

Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the
Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ὄν, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-
watered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονος, ὄν, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ὄν, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ὄν, (πολύς, δρμεῖν) much-running,
much-wandering.

πολύ-δροςος, ὄν, (πολύς, δρύσος) very dewy.

πολυδωρία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ὄν, (πολύς, δῶρον) with rich gifts, well-
dowered.

πολύ-εἰδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) of many kinds, diverse,
various.

πολύ-ἐλαιος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐλαιον) yielding much oil,
abounding in oil.

πολύ-ἐλικτος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐλίσσω) many-folded,
mazy, complicated.

πολύ-ἐπαινέτος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.

πολύ-ἐπής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἐπος) of many words, wordy.

πολύ-ἐραστος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved.

πολύ-εργής, ἐς, and πολύ-εργος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐργον)
much-working, hard-working.

πολύ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) of many years, full of
years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολύ-εύχτος, ὄν, (πολύς, εύχο-
μαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ζηλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much
desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ὄν, (πολύς, ζηλώω) much envied or
desired.

πολύ-ζυγος, ὄν, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἀγρεῖω) speaking much,
wordy.

πολυ-ἡρότος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved, very
lovely.

πολυ-ηχής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἦχος) many-toned: much-
resounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ὄν, (πολύς, ἦχέω)
loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαροτής, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident,
over-confident, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ὄν, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated
to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ-θηρος, ὄν, (πολύς, θηρ) full
of wild beasts.

πολυθρέμμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, *much-fertilising* or *abounding* in *monsters*.
 πολυθρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) *much-nourishing*.
 πολυθρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρηνέω) *much-bewailed*.
 πολυθρήνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνος) *much-wailing*.
 πολυθρίξ, *τριχος*, *ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, θρίξ) *with much hair*.
 πολυθροος, *ον*, *contr. -θρους, ουν*, (πολύς, θρόος) *with much noise, clamorous*.

πολυθρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρύλέω) *much talked of, notorious*.

πολυθύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) *with many doors* or *apertures*. 2. *metaph. with many leaves*.

πολυθύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) *celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices*.

πολυιδμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, = πολυιδρις.

πολυιδρεια, *ἡ*, (πολυιδρις) *much knowledge, sagacity, cunning*.

πολυιδρις, *Ion. γεν. ιος Att. εως, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, ιδρις) *of much knowledge, very wise or learned*.

πολυιππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ιππος) *having many horses, rich in horses*.

πολυιστωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, ισθμι) = πολυιδρις.

πολυιχθύς, *ον*, (πολύς, ιχθύς) *abounding in fish*.

πολυκαγκής, *ες*, (πολύς, *κάγκω = καίω) *very dry or parched: also much-parching*.

πολυκάης, *ες*, (πολύς, καίω) *much-burning*.

πολυκάμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμορος) *very ill-fated or miserable*.

πολυκαμπής, *ες*, (πολύς, κάμπω) *with many twists and turns*.

πολυκάνης, *ες*, (πολύς, καίνω) *much-slaughtering*.

πολυκαπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) *much-smoked: with smoky rafters*.

πολυκάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνον) *many-beaded*.

πολυκαρπία, *ἡ*, *abundance of fruit*. From

πολυκαρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) *with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful*.

πολυκέλαδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κέλαδος) *much-sounding*.

πολυκέρδεια, *ἡ*, *great craft or cunning*. From

πολυκερδής, *ες*, (πολύς, κέρδος) *very cunning or crafty*.

πολυκερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, κέρως) *many-borned; π. φόνος* the slaughter of much borned cattle.

πολυκεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) *much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched*.

πολυκηδής, *ες*, (πολύς, κήδος) *full of care, grievous*.

πολυκήριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κήρ) *very deadly*.

πολυκήτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κήτος) *full of monsters*.

πολυκλαυστος or -κλαντος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) *much deplored or lamented*.

πολυκλεής, *ες*, (πολύς, κλέος) *far-famed*.

πολυκλειτος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) *far-famed, of great renown*.

πολυκλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.

πολυκλήις, *ιδος [ἱ]*, *ἡ*, (πολύς, κλείς) *with many benches of towers, with many banks of oars*.

πολυκληρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλήρος) *with a large lot or portion, rich in land*.

πολυκλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) *called from many a land*.

πολυκλυστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύω) *much dashing or swelling*. II. *pass. wasbed by many a wave*.

πολυκμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμω) *much-wrought*. 2. *later, laborious*.

πολυκνημος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) *with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous*.

πολυκοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) *common to many*.

πολυκοιρδία *Ion. -ίη, ἡ*, *the rule of many*. From

πολυκοίρᾶνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) *wide-ruling*.

πολυκόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) *oft-diving*.

πολυκράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) *many-beaded*.

πολυκράτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κράτος) *very mighty*.

πολυκροτος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) *ringing loud or clearly*.

πολυκρουνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουνός) *with many springs*.

πολυκτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμων.

πολυκτῆμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κτῆμα) *with many or great possessions, very wealthy*.

πολυκτητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτήμων.

πολυκτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) *much-slaying, murderous*.

πολυκύδιστος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) *beld in highest honour, most glorious*.

πολυκύμων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) *swelling with many waves*.

πολυκώκυντος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκίω) *much-lamenting, very plaintive*.

πολυκωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κῶμος) *much-revelling*.

πολυκωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) *of many oars*.

πολυκώτιλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) *much-chattering, much-warbling*.

πολυλήιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήιον) *with many corn-fields*.

πολυλ-λίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) *very stony*.

πολυλ-λιστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσμαι) *much implored or entreated; νηὸς πολίλλιστος* a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολυλ-λίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολυλλιστος.

πολυλογία, *ἡ*, *much speaking, much talk*. From

πολυλόγος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) *much-talking, talkative*. 2. *much talked of*.

πολυμάθης, *ες*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) *having learnt much, knowing much*. Adv. -θῶς, *in a very learned way*.

πολυμανής, *ες*, (πολύς, μαγνῆναι) *very furious*.

πολυμάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) *much or often fought for*. [d]

πολυμεθής, *ες*, (πολύς, μέθη) *very drunk*.

πολυμελής, *ες*, (πολύς, μέλος) *with many limbs or members*. II. *many-toned, musical*.

πολυμερής, *ες*, (πολύς, μέρος) *consisting of many parts*. Adv. -ρῶς, *in many ways*.

πολυμετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) *holding many measures: generally, abundant*.

πολυμηκάς, *ἄδος, ὁ*, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) *much-bleating*.

πολύμηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύς, μήλων) *with many sheep: rich in flocks.*

πολύμηνος, ιος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μηνίς) *very wrathful.*
πολύμητης, ιος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μήτις) *of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.*

πολύμηχανία Ion. -ζή, ή, *fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness.* From
πολύ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) *fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.*

πολύ-μίγής, ές, (πολύς, μιγῆναι) *mixed of many parts, motley.*

πολύ-μίσος, ές, (πολύς, μίσος) *much-bated.*

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) *receiving much pay, bired at a high rate.*

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, міτος) *consisting of many threads; πέπλοι πολύμιτοι pictured or brocaded robes.*

πολυ-μνήστη, ή, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) *as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many.*

πολύ-μνηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) *much-remembering, mindful, grateful.* II. pass. *much-remembered, never to be forgotten.*

πολυ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πολύς, μνάσμαι) *remembering much, mindful.*

Πολ-ύμνια, ή, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύς, ύμνος) *Polymnia, i. e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.*

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μούσα) *with many arts or accomplishments.*

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) *much-labouring, much-enduring.* II. pass. *won by much toil.*

πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) *of many words, wordy, talkative.* II. pass. *much-talked-of, famous in story, storied.*

πολύ-νῶος, ον, (πολύς, ναῖς) *with many temples.*

πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ό, (πολύς, ναύτης) *with many sailors.*

πολύ-νείκης, ου, ό, (πολύς, νείκος) *much-wrangling: often as a prop. n. Polynices.*

πολύ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) *overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dor. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. α.*

πολύ-νίκης, ου, ό, (πολύς, νικάω) *a frequent conqueror.*

πολύ-νίφης, ές, (πολύς, νίφω) *deep with snow.*

πολύ-ξενος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, ξένος, ξένος):—of persons, *entertaining many guests, very hospitable.* II. *visited by many guests.*

πολύ-ξυστος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) *much-polished.*

πολύουένω, to be rich, abound in wine. From

πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οἶνος) *abounding in wine.*

πολύ-ολβος, ον, (πολύς, ὀλβος) *very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.*

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) *very rainy.*

πολύ-ὀμμάτος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμμα) *many-eyed.*

πολύ-ὀρνίθης, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) *abounding in birds.*

πολύοψία, ή, *abundance of dainties: abundance of food.* From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύς, ὄψον) *abounding in dainties: luxuriously.*

πολυ-παθής, ές, (πολύς, παθεῖν) *much-suffering.*

πολύπαιδία, ή, (πολύπαις) *abundance of children.*

πολύ-παίπτελος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλη) *exceeding crafty.*

πολύ-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (πολύς, πᾶς) *with many children.*

πολύ-πάμ-φας, ον, (πολύς, πᾶς, φᾶος) *very bright.*

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπμαι) *with great possessions, very wealthy.*

πολύ-πειρία, ή, *long experience.* 2. *frequent or daring enterprise.* From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) *much-experienced.*

πολύ-πέριων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) *with many boundaries: of or from many countries.*

πολύ-πενθής, ές, (πολύς, πένθος) *much-mourning, very mournful.* II. pass. *much-mourned.*

πολύ-πένθιμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπημονίδης, ου, ό, son of Polyphemus, in allusion to the meaning of the word; v. πολυπημον.

πολύ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πῆμα) *causing manifold woe, baneful.*

πολύ-πήγος, ον, (πολύς, πῆγη) *close-issuing.*

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ό, ή, (πολύς, πίδαξ) *with many springs or fountains.*

πολύ-πίκρος, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) *very keen or bitter; neut. pl. πολυπικρα as Adv. very bitterly.*

πολύ-πίνής, ές, (πολύς, πίνος) *very dirty.*

πολύ-πλαγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) *much-wandering, roaming far a-field: much-erring.* II.

act. (πολύς, πλάζω) *leading far astray: metaph. beguiling, delusive.*

πολυ-πλανής, ές, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) *roaming far or long; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy.* 2. *much-erring.*

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) *far- or off-wandering: of blows, showered from all sides.*

πολύ-πλᾶνος, ον, = πολυπλάνης.

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) *many πλέθρα in size: generally far-extending.*

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) *closely-twined.*

πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) *with many locks: of the polypos, with many feelers.*

πολυπλοκία, ή, *intricacy, cunning, craft.* From

πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) *much-tangled, thick-entangled.* 2. metaph. *tangled, intricate, complex.* II. act. *entangling intriguing.*

πολύ-πόδιος, ον, ό, poet. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολύ-ποικίλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) *much-variegated.*

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) *much-suffering; πολυπονία painful.*

πολύπος, ου, 1.

πολύ-πόταμος, *ον*, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers*.

πολύ-πότνια, *ἡ*, (πολύς, πότνια) *very venerable*.

πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, acc. πολύπουν, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed*.

II. as Subst. πολύπους, *ον, ὁ*, *the many-footed one, the sea-polyrpus*; gen. πολυπόδος; acc. πολυπόουν or πολυπόδα: plur. nom. πολυπόδες, etc.: poët. nom. πούλυπος, *ον*: Dor. πώλυπος; Lat. *pōlypus*.

πολυπραγμονέω *Ion.* -πρηγμονέω, *ἑ. ἡσω*, (πολυπράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue*.

πολυπραγμοσύνη, *ἡ* (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character*.
From

πολυπράγμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent*.

πολυπρᾶος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild*.

πολυπρηγμονέω, *Ion.* for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυπρόβατος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*: Sup. πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυπρώτιστος, *ἡ, ον*, = πολύ πρώτιστος.

πολυπρότητος *Ion.* -πτοιήτος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτοέω) *much-scared, timorous*.

πολύπτυχος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys*.

πολύπυργος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers*.

πολύπυρος, *ον*, (πολύς, πυρός) *rich in corn*.

πολύρ-ραπτος, *ον*, = πολυρραφος.

πολύρ-ραφος, *ον*, (πολύς, ράπτω) *much-worked, bigly-wrought*.

*πολύρ-ρην, *ἡνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, *ρήν = ἀμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks*: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.

πολύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, = *πολύρρην.

πολύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρίζα) *with many roots*.

πολύρ-ροδος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρόδον) *abounding in roses*.

πολύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρόθος) *much-dabbing, loud-roaring: very clamorous*.

πολυρ-ροιβδητος, *ον*, (πολύς, ροιβδέω) *much-ubuzzing*.

πολύρ-ροος, *ον*, contr. -ρους, *ουν*, and πολύρ-ρίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρέω) *much-flowing: of blood, shed in streams*.

ΠΟΛΥΤΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, ἡς, οὔ; dat. πολλῇ, ᾧ; acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολύ;—*Ion.* nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: the *Ion.* declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολέϊς; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολέϊς; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾶ]:—*ποιεύς*, neut. *πουλεύ*, are also Ep. forms.

I. Of Number, many, opp. to ὀλίγος few: also of anything often repeated; πολλόν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated.

2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολλὸς νιφετός a heavy storm of snow; πολλὸς ὕπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολλός great and large; πολλὰ κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλὸς λόγος a far-spread report; πολλὴ ἀνάγκη strong necessity.

3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence.

4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρῶες; πολλὸν σαρκίς for πολλὴ σὰρξ.

5. πολὺς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἐσθλοὶ many men and good.

6. in Att. with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολὺ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ for the most part.

7. πολὺς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος he was urgent in his entreaties.

II. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλὴ ὁδός a long way. III. of Time, long.

As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολὺ *Ion.* πολλόν, πολλὰ, much, very: also many times, oftentimes, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much.

2. πολὺ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺν or πολλὸν ἀμείνων much better: with Comp. Adv., πολὺ μάλλον much more: with Sup., as πολὺ πρῶτος much the first.

3. πολλὰ many times, often: τὰ πολλὰ mostly, usually.

4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολὺ for long; ἐπὶ πολλῶν far.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλεόν; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύ-σαθρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σαθρός) *very rotten*.

πολύ-σαρκία, *ἡ*, (πολύς, σὰρξ) *fleshy, plumpness*.

πολύ-σέβαστος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august*.

πολύ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable*.

πολύ-σημάντωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many*.

πολύ-σίνης, *ἡς*, (πολύς, σίνομαι) *very hurtful, baneful, mischievous*.

πολύ-σῆτις, *ἡ*, abundance of corn or food. From πολὺ-σῆτος, *ον*, (πολύς, σῆτος) *abounding in corn*.

II. bigg-fed, full of meat.

πολύ-σκαλμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared*.

πολύ-σκαρβμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift: bounding*.

πολύ-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκῆπτρον) *wide-ruling*.

πολύ-σκιος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady*.

πολυ-σκόπελος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky*.

πολυ-σπᾶθης, *ἑς*, (πολύς, σπᾶθή) *thick-woven*.

πολυ-σπείρης, *ἑς*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous*.

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion*.

πολύ-σπορος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful*.

πολυ-στάφυλος, *ον*, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes*.

πολύ-στάχυς, *υ*, gen. *υος*, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops*.

πολυ-στέλεχος, *ον*, *with many stems*.

πουνίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνιος or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the bazei.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (πουνίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντο-θήρης, ου, ὁ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and -πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πύρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εὐξείνιος.

2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πόνανον.

πόπανον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πόνανον.

ποποί, the cry of the βοοῖος.

ποποι, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ὦ ποποι.

ποποπό, cry of the βοοῖος.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσσω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. I ἐπόπυσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence ποππυλιάζω Dor. -άσσω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσσω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ποπύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὁ, ἡ, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see *πόρω.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*.

II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι:

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρεμα, βοτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. -εύσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply.

II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθῶ, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πορθήμα, ματος, τό, (πορθῶ) ravage, plunder.

πορθήσις, εως, ἡ, (πορθῶ) the sack of a town.

πορθήτης, οὔ, ὁ, (πορθῶ) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πορθήτης, a ravager.

πορθμεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (πορθμεῖω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat.

III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πορθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεῖω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πορθμεῖω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορθμεῖω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place.

II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *transicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμεῖον.

πορθμός, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὁ, (πέριω) a ferry: a strait, friith. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. ποριούμαι: Pass., f. ποριστήσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey.

II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do...

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich.

II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties.

III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὁ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means.

3. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure.
ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, οὐ, δ, a ring or boop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution.
πορνείον, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.
πορνεύω, f. σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a barlot.
πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [v]
πορνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for barlots.
πορνοβοσκέω, f. ἡσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.
πορνο-βοσκός, δ, (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper.
πόρνος, δ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, δ, (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frieb. 2. πόροι ἄλλες the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, iboroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος ὁδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίω, f. ἰσω, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.
πορπαῖμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, δ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.
πορπάω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πείρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.
πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πόρπαμα.
πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω. Hence

πορρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and
πόρρωθι, Adv. far.
πορρώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furtibest.

πορρωτέρω, —ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furtibest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furtibest.

πορσύνω [ῦ]: Ep. fut. πορσύνεω contr. —ύνω: (*πόρσω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide:—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.
πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πέρτις, a calf.

πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young beifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juveneca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves.
πορφύρα Ion. —ύρη [ῦ], ἡ, (πορφύρα) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple.

III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.
πορφύρεος, η, ον, Att. contr. πορφύρεος, ᾶ, οὖν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεός, εως, δ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer.
πορφύρεος, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριον, ανος, δ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, ἐς, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark.
πορφύρο-πώλης, ον, δ, fem. —πάλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πώλω) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφύρεο-στρωτός, ον, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύρεος, ᾶ, οὖν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.

πορφύρω [ῦ], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὡς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κορυφῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i.e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλή ἄλς): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλὰ δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἐπορον, and pf. πέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἐπορον Ep. πόρον, part.

πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὐχος πορεύει to fulfil a wish. II.

pf. pass. πέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπωται, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπωτο, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπωμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πεπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τὸ πεπωμένον.

*ΠΟΨ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ, ποί, πῆ, πῶ, also, πόθεν, πόθι, πότε, and the Adj. πότερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whether? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδάν and Ποτειδάν, ανος, δ, Dor. for Ποσειδών.
Ποσειδάνιος and —άδιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδαίον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδαίος, α, ον, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδών, ανος, Poseidon, δ, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδών, ανος, δ: acc. Ποσειδῶν: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδῶν [ᾶ], ἀανος, acc. ἀανω, voc. Ποσειδῶν: Dor. Ποτειδάν or Ποτιδάν, ανος: Ion. Ποσειδῶν, ανος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, *sacred to Neptune*: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερὰ), *the festival of Neptune*.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, *membrum virile*.

πόσθων, ἄνους, ὁ, (πόσθη) *a little boy*.

ποσί, dat. pl. of πούς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσειδήιον, τό, Ion. for Ποσειδειον.

Ποσειδῆιος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσειδεῖος, *sacred to Poseidon or Neptune*.

ΠΟΣΙΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσις or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσεις, Ep. acc. πόσις:—*husband, spouse, mate*: when opp. to ἀνὴρ, πόσις was *a lawful husband*, ἀνὴρ *a paramour*.

πόσις, ἰος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) *a drinking, drink, beverage*: *a drinking-bout*; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. *inter pocula, over their cups*.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—*how great? how much? of what value?* Lat. *quantus?* II. ποσός, ἡ, ὅν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. *aliquantus*: ἐπὶ ποσὸν *to a certain degree*.

ποσσημαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) *in how many days? within how many days?*

ποσσί or -λί, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of πούς.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) *beaten by the foot in dancing*.

πόσσις, εως, ὁ, ποῖτ. for πόσις, *a husband*.

ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) *in how many days? on which day?*

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) *which of a number?* Lat. *quotus? πόστον δὲ ἔτος ἔστιν ὅτε* . . ; *how many years is it since* . . ? II. *how small?* Lat. *quantulus*.

πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρὸς, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τὸν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, Aeol. for πότε.

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσταγε, imperat. of προσάγω.

ποταείσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαιίδω.

ποταίνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτί=πρός, αἶνος) like πρόσφατος, *newly told of, fresh, new*, Lat. *recens*: metaph. *unwonted, unheard-of*.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, = ποταμῖος. [α]

ποταμίψατο, Dor. and ποῖτ. for προσημίψατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαμείβω.

ποταμέλομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμέλω.

ποταμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) *like a river*.

ποταμήιος, η, ον, Ion. and ποῖτ. for ποτάμιος.

ποταμίης, ἰδος, ποῖτ. fem. of ποτάμιος.

ποταμ-ῆρτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἀρῆτω) *drawn from a stream or in streams*.

ποταμῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποταμός) *of or from a river, on a river*.

ποταμόνδε, Adv. *into, to, towards a river*. From

ποταμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) *a river, stream*. II. personified, Ποταμός, ὁ, *a river-god*.

ποταμο-φόρητος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) *carried away by a river*.

ποτανός, ἄ, ὅν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, *winged, flying, furnished with wings*.

ποτάομαι, ποῖτ. for πέτομαι, *to fly*: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήσην Dor. -άσθην: pf. πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήσεται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεποτήτο:—*to be upon the wing, bower, flit about*.

ποταπός, ἡ, ὅν, = ποδαπός. Adv. -πῶς.

ποταυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποταῦφος, α, ον, Dor. for προσῦφος.

πότε Ion. κότε, (*πος) interrog. Particle, *when? at what time?* II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, *at some time, at any time, once, erst*. In answering clauses,

ποτέ μὲν . . , ποτέ δέ . . , *at one time . . , at another . . ; sometimes . . sometimes*; Lat. *modo . . modo . .*:—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; *how ever? how possibly?*

Ποτειδάν, ἄνους, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.

ποτεμάζατο, Dor. for προσεμάζατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέομαι, Ep. for ποτάομαι, *to fly*.

ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, *to be drunk, drinkable*. II. ποτέον, neut. *one must drink*.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, η, ον, (*πος, ἕτερος) *whether or which of the two?* Lat. *uter?* 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two

contrary propositions, πότερον . . , ἡ . . ; like Lat. *utrum . . , an . . ? whether . . , or . . ?* II. without

interrog., like ὅπότερος, *either of the two*, Lat. *alteruter*.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) *on whether of the two sides . . ? on which of two sides? at which of two places?*

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, *in which of two ways?* Lat. *utro modo?*

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) *to whether of two sides? to which of two places?*

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

ποτ-ῆμεν, Dor. for προσεῖναι, inf. of πρόσκειμι.

πότῆμα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

ποτῆμενα, Dor. for ποτῶμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, ὅν, v. ποτᾶνός.

ποτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

ποτής, ἦτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *drink*.

πότης, ον, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἰδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinker, tippler*: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος *a tippling lamp*:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη *a bard drinker*.

ποτητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ποτάομαι) *flying, winged*; ποτητά, τά, *fowls, birds*.

ποτί, Dor. for πρὸς.

ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτ-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ιδέω, Dor. for προσιδέω.

ποτ-ιδέομαι, -δένομαι, -δέρπος, Dor. for προσδ-.

ποτ-ιλέω, Dor. for προσιλέω.

ποτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.

ποτίθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of ποστίθηναι.

ποτικέκλιται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.

ποτιλέξω, Dor. for προσελέξω, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of προσλέγω.

πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτίνισσος, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτίπεντην, Ep. pf. part. fem. 1. of προσπτήσσω. 2. of προσπίπτω.

ποτι-πτύσσω, Dor. for προσπτύσσω.

ποτίσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτι-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότμος.

ποτ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτι-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρόπαιος.

ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.

πότμος, ό, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny: death.

πότνια, ή, Ep. for πότνια.

πότνια, ή, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρών queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνια is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτνιαδες, αί, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πότνια, awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτνιαόμαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, shriek.

ποτ-δδω, Lacon. for προσδω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σίτα και ποτά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπάζω.

ποτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, ό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτ-όσδω, Dor. for προσδω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττάν, etc., Dor. for πρds τό, πρds τόν, πρds τοῦ, πρds τούς, πρds τήν, etc.

ποτ-ώκει, Dor. for προσ-ώκει.

πού; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., ποῦ γῆς; ποῦ χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. bow? in what manner? II. ποῦ as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

ποῦλυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

ποῦλυ-πους, πολῦπος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

ποῦλός, neut. ποῦλός, Ep. for πολός, πολός.

ποῦλυ-βότειρα, ή, Ion. for πολυβότειρα.

ποῦλυ-πάθης, ές, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

ποῦλυ-πλάνητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος.

ΠΟΤ'Σ, ό, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί,

πόδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδών:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος ποῦς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πῆξ . . ἡδὲ πόδεσσιν in boxing and in the foot-race; ποσὶν ἐρίζειν to race on foot: but, ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot.

2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδος or ποδών, προπαροῖθε ποδών just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδὶ, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδών what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων.

3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ἡ κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδών ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἔξω τινος πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἔξ ἐνός ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἐξ ἡσύχου ποδός quietly.

II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πόδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παρῖναυ τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it tight.

III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, atos, τό: (πράσσω):—ἔβατ which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρήγμα it is no matter, of no consequence.

2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἦν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκρίδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king.

3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job.

II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οὐ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers.

3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing: πράγματα παρέχειν τινὶ to cause one trouble.

πραγματελα, ή, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ—: Dep. with fut. med. —εἶσομαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματεύσομαι, pass. ἐπρηγματεύσθην: pf. pass. πεπραγματεύμαι: (πράγμα):—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about: esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγmateύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business. II. pf. πεπραγματεύμαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγματίον, τό, Dim. of πρᾶγμα, a petty lawsuit.

πραγματο-δίφης, ου, ὁ (πράγματα, διφῶ) one who hunts up lawsuits, a pettefogger.

πράγος, εος, τό, poet. for πρᾶγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

πραέως, Adv. of πρᾶς, mildly, gently.

πρᾶθειν, Ep. for πρᾶθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω.

πρᾶθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκω.

πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκω.

πραιτώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done. II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ου, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πράκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πρακτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker. II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer.

2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνιος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, ὁ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramnē in the island of Icaria.

πρᾶν, Doric Adv., = πρὶν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [ἀ]

πρᾶνῆς, ἑς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πράξις, εως Ion. πρηξις, ιος, ἡ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρηξιν on business, for purposes of traffic.

2. the progress or result of a business; οὐ τις πρηξις πέλεται γόοιο no good comes of weeping; πρηξις χρησμών the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πράδωνος, Adv. of πρᾶος, formed from obsol. πρᾶον, temperately.

ΠΡΑΟΣ, neut. πρᾶον: the fem. in use is πραεῖα, from πρᾶς (Ion. πρης), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρᾶι and πραεῖ in nom., πρᾶοις and πραεῖσι in dat.: neu. nom. and acc. is πραέα, rarely πρᾶα:—mild, soft: persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. soothing, taming.—Comj. πρᾶτερος or πρᾶντερος Ion. πρηντερος. Hence

πρᾶδότης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, meekness, gentleness. ΠΡΑΠΤΩΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, mostly used in pl. πρᾶπιδες, a = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [γ]

πρᾶσιᾶ, ἡ, (πράσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot, πρασιαὶ πρασιαὶ by companies.

πράσιμος, ου, (πράσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πράσις, εως Ion. πρησις, ιος, ἡ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

ΠΡΑΨΩΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ἀ]

πρᾶσό-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κείρω) a leek-slice.

Πρασσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πρᾶσο-φάγος, (πρᾶσο φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

Πρασσαῖος, ὁ, poet. for πρασαῖος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πράσσομεν, Dor. for πράσσομεν.

ΠΡΑΨΩ Ion. πρησσω Att. πράττω: fut. πράξ Ion. πρήξω: aor. I ἐπραξα Ion. ἐπρηξα: pf. πέπραχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπρηγα:—Pass., fut. πραχθήσομαι, paullo-post f. πεπράξομαι

aor. I ἐπράχθην: pf. πέπραγμα:—properly, to pass through, like περάω; ἄλλα πρήσσειν to pass through the sea; ὅδον πρήσσειν to pass through, finish

journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πράσσειν κλέο to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing.

I to practise a business, trade, way of life; πράττειν τῇ ἰδίᾳ to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πράττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol. ἱκανὸς πράττειν competent to manage public

affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πράττειν Θηβαῖοις τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans.

III. to do, practis. Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent.

IV intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: εἰ εὖ or κακῶς πράττειν to do or fare well or ill; εἰ in pf. 2 πέπρηγα.

2. εὖ and κακῶς πράττειν mea also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards.

V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πράττειν τιν τι to do something to one.

VI. c. dupl. acc. i another sense, πράττειν τινὰ ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πράττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πῇ

πραγμένους τὸν φόνον having the tribute exacted:—Med., πράσασθαι to exact or extort for oneself.

VI c. acc. pers., πράττειν τινὰ to make an end of him Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πράσω, fut. of πιπράσκω. [ἀ]

πρηγορεύω or πρηγορών, ὄνος, δ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) *the crop* of a bird, so called because *the food is there collected* before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθῆναι, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of *πρᾶσσω*.

ΠΡΗΘΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: no perf. in use: (see *πύμνημι*):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔπρησεν δ' ἀνεμος μέσον ἱστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail. 2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, δ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) to blow, blow hard.

ΠΡΗΝΗΨ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἐς, gen. ἑος contr. οὐς, Lat. *pronus*, bent forward, head-foremost, opp. to ὕψιος.

2. down-bill, downwards, opp. to ὀρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίλω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχην:—to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πρᾶξαι, aor. I inf. of πρᾶσσω.

πρήξις, ιος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρήσεν, Ep. for ἔπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a hurricane.

πρήστις, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of *πύμνημι* to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, a market.

πρητὸν-νομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶτονος, (πρητὸς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [ὑ]

πρηθῶν, Ion. for πρᾶθῶν: [ὑ] From

πρηθῆς, εἰα, ὅ, Ion. for πρᾶθῆς. [ὑ]

πρητὸν-τένων, οντος, δ, (πρητὸς, τένων) with tamed neck. [ὑ]

πρητών, ὄνος Ep. ονος, δ, = πρῶν, a jutting rock, foreland, headland, promontory.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

πριαμένη, aor. 2 opt. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμῆς, ἴδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, δ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from περί or πρῖν).

Πριάπιζ Ion. Πριηπίζω, f. ἴσω, to be like Priapus. From

Πριάπος Ion. Πρίηπος, δ, Priāpus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πριάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνέομαι.

πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πριάτο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίαω, to saw.

Πρίηπος, δ, Ion. for Πριάπος. [γ]

ΠΡΙΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time:

I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. *prius*: also with the Art., τὸ πρῖν or τοπρῖν, formerly.

2. before that, first, sooner; πρῖν δέ κεν οὐτι δεχόμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρῖν ποτε once on a time; πολὺ πρῖν long ago. 3.

in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρῖν Αἰγέως (sc. ὁ πρῖν ἄν), ancient Aegaeus;

ἡ πρῖν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρῖν οἰσα), the day before. II.

πρῖν is often followed by ἡ, so that πρῖν ἡ is exactly like the Lat. *priusquam*, before that. . . followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἡ, πρῖν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἄνθρωπος πρῖν τλᾶν, πρῖν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους:—πᾶρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteceded. clause instead of the first πρῖν:—but πρῖν is also very often used alone for πρῖν ἡ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like *priusquam*.

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρίνινος, ἡ, ον, (πρίνος) made from the bolm or evergreen oak, Lat. *ilignus*: metaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνθρωποι πρίνινοι beards of oak.

ΠΡΙΝΟΣ, δ, the bolm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. *ilex*. II. the scarlet oak.

πρῖν-ώδης, ἐς, (πρίνος, εἶδος) like bolm-oak, tough as oak.

πρῖον-ώδης, ἐς, (πρίων, εἶδος) like a saw, jagged.

πρισθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίαω.

πρίσις, εως, ἡ, (πρίαω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πρίαω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίαω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

πρίαω, = πριάσω, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίαμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙΩ, imperat. πρῖε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. II. to grind

or gnash the teeth, Lat. *stridere* or *frondere* dentibus; esp. with rage: generally, to bite. III. to seize

as with the teeth, grip, bold fast, Lat. *stringere*. [τ]

πρίων, ονος, δ, (πρίαω) a sawyer. [τ]

πρίων, ονος, δ, (πρίαω) a sawyer. [τ]

ΠΡΟ', before, Lat. *PRO*, *PRAE*, PREP. WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, before, in front of: πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων, in front of the house, hence outside.

2. of persons, going before another. 3. in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of the Trojans:

hence in favour of, for. 3. πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i.e. forwards. II. of Time, before,

opp. to μετὰ c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τοῦτου and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other.

III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; αἰρεῖσθαι τι πρὸ τίνος to choose one thing before another.

IV. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many.

V. of Cause, Lat. *propter*, for, because of; πρὸ φόβοιο for fear; πρὸ τῶνδε therefore.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -σι, as, *Ἰαθὲ πρό, οὐρανὸν πρό*.

πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforeband, sooner.

IN COMPOS., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in *προ-βαίνειν, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθηναι*: also defence, as in *προ-κιν-δυνεύω*. II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, as in *προ-αγγέλλω*. III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in *προ-αίρέομαι*. IV. strengthening, as in *πρό-πας, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος*.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγεῶ, to announce beforeband. προ-άγγελος, ov, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforeband: as Subst., προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, baringer.

προάγγελος, ἡ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-αγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. -ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προεῶ, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that...: to forewarn. 2. to foretell, prophesy.

II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-άγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήγα: Pass., aor. I προήχθην: pf. προήγαμι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear. 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase. II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγε, ἡ, a leading on. II, a pandering, procuring. From προάγωγεω, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-αγωγός, ὁ, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-αγων, ὄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγών) a preliminary contest.

προ-αγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-αδικέω, f. ἤσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-ᾄδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προηδέατο for -ητο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αίρεομαι, v. sub προαίρω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (προαίρεομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly: κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αίρετον, verb. Adj. of προαίρεομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαιρετός, ἡ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αίρω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. προαίρεομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. 2 προελύμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημαι:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. 2. absol. to choose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αισθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αισθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ησθύμην, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2. to learn before.

προ-αιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforeband.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear beforeband.

προ-ἄλῃς, ἐς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλίσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλῶσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -ἔαλῶν, -ἔαλῶκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

προ-ἁμαρτάνω, f. -ἁμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ἡμάρτηκα:—to fail or sin before.

προ-ἁμύνομαι, f. -αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναίρω, f. ἤσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀναισιμύω, f. ὥσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναισιμωμένος for προανησιμωμένος), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανакινέω, f. ἤσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανᾶλσσω, fut. -ανᾶλῶμαι: aor. I -ανᾶλῶσα:—to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforeband.

προ-αναχωρεύω, f. ἤσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ἡ, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ξω, to hold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἀνύτω [ῦ] and -ἀνύω: f. -ἀνύσω [ῦ]:—to accomplish or complete first.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband.

προ-ἀπαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to remove beforeband:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-ἀπαντῶ, f. ἤσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforeband, be beforeband with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απεῖπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω): pf. προαπείρηκα: Med., aor. 1 προαπειπάμην:—to renounce first.

προαπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι: Pass.:—to be hated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before or first: of a coward, to die beforeband.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ἦσω, to bewail beforeband.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. ὥσω, to assign away beforeband.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to kill beforeband.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforeband.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforeband. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first:—Pass., with fut. med. -ολούμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστᾶλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἀποστέλλω.

προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστέλω, to send away or despatch in advance:—Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforeband:—Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάζω, f. ἄξω and ἄσσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-ᾠστεῖον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (πρό, ᾠστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. *promoterium*.

προ-ᾠστιον, τό, = προᾠστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. προαυδᾶν, contr. for προαυδᾶν, f. ἦσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αὔλιον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ-: f. -ἦσομαι: Dep.:—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι: Dep.:—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -ἀπίστην, -ἀφίστηκα:—to revolt beforeband. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβητι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along: going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνομαι, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 προ-έβην contr. προῦβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάς:

Ep. pres. part. προβιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβιβάν -ἄντος (as if from προβίβω):—to step forward, go on, advance, make progress; ἄστα προβιβήκε the stars are far gone; προβήναι πόρρω μοχθήσας to be far gone in knavery: of Time, to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to go before, hence to be before, be superior to another. II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. 1 -έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote.

III. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχῆιος, ὁ, Ion. for προβάκχειος, (πρό, βάκχειος) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 προῦβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw or cast before, throw to: to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward, throw away.

III. to expose or give up to a thing; προβάλλειν ἑαυτὸν to give oneself up for lost. IV. to put forward, put in the foreground: to propose:—also bazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument: also to allege, plead an excuse.

Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to throw beyond, beat in throwing: hence, to surpass, excel.

III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself. IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. *designare*: also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side: to quote as an example: to use as an excuse or pretext.

V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence: absol. in Pass. to stand on guard:—hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance: so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield; προβεβλημένος, η, ον, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing:—Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλομαι [ᾶ], aor. 2 opt. of προβαίνω.

προβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βᾶσάνίζω, f. ἴσω, to try or torture before.

προβάσις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβατεία, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβατευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of cattle: ἡ -ική (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. *pecuaria*. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep: ἡ προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep: προβατίον βίος the life of a poor sheep, i.e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβατο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle: metaph. a good judge of character.

πρόβατον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward: mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock: mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβατο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πώλη) dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβόλουα, pf. 2 of προβούομαι.
 πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward.
 προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιάζω: f. -βιάζω Att. -βιάω:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προβιβάν, ὄντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything beld before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 προβλής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.
 προ-βλώσκω: aor. 2 προῦμολον, inf. προμολεῖν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.
 πρόβουλος, ου, ὁ, (προβάλλω) a spear beld out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ἡ, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθέ- ναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything beld out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 προβόλιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon beld out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is beld forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon beld out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, ὁ, (πρό, βόσκει) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in making decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινα, to provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ἡ, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice pre-
 prehense.
 προ-βούλομαι, pf. 2 προβέβοιλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παῖδος, ἡ, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προ-βουλόπαις Ἀττης, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἀττης, the crafty child of Atē.
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforehand or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχων to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βυθέω, Ion. for προβοηθέω.
 προ-βώμιος, ον, (πρό, βομός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστήριον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένεος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γεννήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a forefather, ancestor.
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [γ]: f. -γενή- σομαι: aor. 2 προὔγενμην: pf. 2 act. προτέγονα and pass. προτεγένημι: Dep.:—to come forwards: pre- sent oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier: οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγεννημένα things that oc- curred of old.
 προ-γιγνώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γινώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, per- ceive, learn or understand beforehand: to fore- know. II. to judge or decide beforehand.
 πρόγνωσις, ἡ, (προγιγνώσκω) a perceiving before- hand, foreknowledge.
 πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ὁ, an ancestor; οἱ πρό- γονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασαι.
 πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public procla- mation or notice, programme.
 προγράφῃ, ἡ, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertise- ment. 2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to ap- point by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.
 προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforehand.
 προδαίς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root προδάω: see προδαῖναι.
 προδαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προδάν with act. signif., from the root *δω, to know beforehand.

προδίδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δεῖδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δεῖλος, ον, (πρό, δεῖλος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δεῖκνύμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to show beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foresaw. II. to point before one; σκήπτρῳ προδεκνύναι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδεκνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *praeludere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δευαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for προδεκτῶρ, (προδεκνύμι) one who foresaws: a foresawer.

προ-δέρκομαι, f. -ζομαι, Dep. to see beforehand.

πρό-δηλος, ον, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforehand; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλώ, f. ὥσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to raise prejudices against beforehand.

προ-διαγινώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαιτάω, f. ἤσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ἡ, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέγομαι, Med. with aor. I pass.

-διελέχθην:—speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασφύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforehand. [v]

προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act.

-έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—to give beforehand, pay in advance. II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo*. 2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάρις προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor.

3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. *deficere*. 4. to give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ἤσω, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οὗ, ὁ, one sent out to march beforehand.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2 -ήλθον: Dep.:—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforehand, premise. Hence

προδιηγέσις, ἡ, a detailing beforehand.

πρό-δικος, ὁ, (πρό, δική) an advocate, defender; an avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διουκέω, f. ἤσω, to regulate, order, manage beforehand.

προ-διώκω, f. ζῶ, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδέδογμα, 3 sing. plqpf.

προϋδέδοκτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προϋδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ἡ, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης ἐν προδοκῇσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.

πρό-δομος, ὁ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the ball, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, ον, being before the bouse.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforehand.

προδοσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσις, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II. a giving up, betrayal.

προδοτής, ον, ὁ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ἰδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, ον, serving for a slave.

προδούναι, προδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδράμειν, προδράμών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμω.

προδρομή, ἡ, (προδραμείν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, ον, (προδραμείν) running before, speeding forward.

II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστύχω, f. ἤσω, to be unhappy beforehand.

προεδράμων, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν.

προεδρεύω, f. σαι, (πρόεδρος) to be president; προεδρεύειν τῆς βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, ον, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ὁ, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called; see πρυτάνεις.

προ-εργω, Ep. for προερίγω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προεήκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προήμι.

προ-εβίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom or inure beforehand.

προ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προίδόν, inf. προίδειν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαίρω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, εἰμι ἰβο) serving in Att. as Subj. of

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προϊ-
όντος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προῖεναι εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or
bid beforehand, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προεῖρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εἰσάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ἔω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προ-εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.

προ-εἰσολίσσω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εἰσπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εἰσφέρω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προ-εἰσφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforehand.

προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμαι:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξείλεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand.

προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforehand.

προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforehand.

προ-εκπνέω, f. ἥσω, to work out or finish before.

προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἥσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προ-ελάσσω, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From

προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελή-
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προελήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθεῖν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.

προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of προῖημι.

προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προῖημι.

προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before.

προ-ενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προϋνέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενουκέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell in before. Hence

προ-ενουκήσις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. -επαγγέλλομαι, to announce beforehand.

προ-εράω, f. ἔω, ahead or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass. to go out first. [ἀ]

προ-εξαίσσω Att. -άσσω, f. ξω, to dart out before.

προ-εξαμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,

pf. -ανίστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go

out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-έξεμι, (πρό, ἐξ, ἐμῖ ibo) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπιστάμαι contr. προϋξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. I pass. προϋξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερευνᾶω contr. προϋξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προϋξ-, οὗ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον: pf. -εξελή-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίμαι contr. προϋξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἥσω, to set out or start beforehand.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforehand, or in the
presence of others.

προ-επαναστέω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προ-επεποιήτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand.

προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, επιξενώω) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass.
προϋπεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
band.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἥσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground,
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνώμενοι ἵπποι the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερώ, serving as fut. to
προεῖπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-εῖρηκα, pass. -εῖρημαι;
aor. I pass. προεῖρηθην contr. προῖρηθην:—to fore-
tell.

II. to order beforehand or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-ερίω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προελθούσας ἡλικίας, Lat. *provectus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προίημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προίημι.

προεστήτε or προεστᾶτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προίστημι.

προεστῶς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of προίστημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

προετέον, verb. Adj. of προίημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προίημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforehand, esp. to preach the gospel beforehand.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἴσσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλάβηθην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforehand.

προέφθασα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προύχω: f. προέξω:—to bold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προύχομαι, impf. προύχουμην, to bold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or bold out as a pretext. 2. to bold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforehand. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὁδῷ προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προύχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγμεών, ὅς, ὁ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγγήτηρ, ἦρος, and προηγγήτης, οὗ, ὁ, one who goes before to shew the way.

προηγγορέω, f. ἴσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ήγορος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προίημι.

προ-ήκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ἔω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θάλλῃς, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots; προθέλυμους ἔλακετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμῳ φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἀρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσιμος, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσιμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέσκον: pf. -θέεσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦτοκεῖ οἱ προθέουσιν ὄνειδα μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνουμαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθορών, aor. 2 part. of προθρόσκω.

προθρύλλω, f. ἴσω, to bruit abroad beforehand.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προύθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the barbing of another.

πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι: Att. impf. προθύμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθύμηθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθυμία Ion. -της, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμίᾳ with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for.

II. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed.

III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύραιος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρα the space before a door.

πρό-θυρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

προτ, Adv. (πρό) = proat.

προ-ύλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I προύψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϋδών, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προείδον.

προϋειν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προίημι.

προϋείς, είσα, έν, pres. part. of προίημι.

προϋίω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ίημι, 3 sing. προίει and opt. προίτοι (as if from προ-ίω): Att. impf. προίειν, εις, ει: fut. προήσω:

aor. I προήκα Ep. προήκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. πρόσαν, imper. πρόσ, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι:

—Med., aor. 2 προηκάμην: aor. 2 opt. προείμην or προοίμην:—Pass., pf. προείμαι: plqpf. προείμην:—to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip: έπος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αλετώ προέηκε έτετεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκε οὔρον άηναυ be sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προίητι, Dor. for προήσι.

προίκα, Adv. freely, gratis: properly acc. of προίξ.

προίκτης, ov, ό, (προίξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προίξ Att. προίξ, ή, gen. προικός, dat. προίκί, acc. προίκα:—a gift, present; προικός γένεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προικός is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προίκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΨΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προψξομαι Att. προίξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ίστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προύστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προύστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προϋστάθην, part. προστάθεις, είσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστέατε, part. προεστηκώς Ion. προσετέως or προσετός. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προέσταμαι, aor. I προεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνον to be the author of slaughter: οι προεστώτες Ion. —εώτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ίσχω, = προέχω, to bold before, bold out. II. Med. προσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προϊών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of προείμι (είμι ibo).

προ-ύωξις, ή, (πρό, ίώκω = διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλίωξις.

πρόκα or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. —καθενύθω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάττημαι, properly perf. of προκαθέσθαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρό της άλλης Ελλάδος προκατῆσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ion. προ-κατίζω, f. ίσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίημι, f. —καθήσω, to let down beforeband: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην; pf. —καθέστηκα; plqpf. —εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθορώ, f. —κατόψομαι, to view or examine beforeband.

προ-καίω, f. —καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κακοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κακος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provoco. 2. to invite beforeband. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

προ-καλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-καλινδέω, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκαλύμμα, atos, τό, anything bung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From

προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to bang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρη-

ἴδους putting no veil over her face.

II. to cover

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμῃμαι: aor. 2 προύκαμον: pf. -έκεμικα:—to work or toil before. II. to work for another.

III. to grow weary, faint too soon.

IV. to have a previous illness: to be distressed beforeband.

προκαμών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προκαμνω.

προ-κάρηνος, ὄν, (πρό, κάρηνον) bead-foremost.

προκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, = πρόξ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforeband.

προ-κατ'αἰγίς, ἴδους, ἡ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γινώσσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα:—to vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: πρ. φόνον

τινός to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to prejudice against one that...

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταβέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband.

προ-κατακαίω, f. -καίω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to seize upon or occupy beforeband: to take possession of before another: metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforeband.

προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforeband:—Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύεσθαι τὴν ἔχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband.

προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before; προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforeband.

προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforeband.

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2—κατέσχον:—to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy:—Med. to boid before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. Hence

προκατηγορία, ἡ, previous accusation.

προ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for προκαθῃμαι.

προ-κατίζω, Ion. for προκαθίζω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κειμαι, impf. προύκειμην, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κέισομαι:—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.

II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περὶ σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety; ἀεθλος προκείμενος a task proposed; τὸ προκείμενον πρὴγμα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before one, lie exposed; to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος the corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ὄν, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleusmatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενῶω, f. ὥσω, to empty beforeband.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρύκεσθαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. to have proclaimed by herald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move forward: to urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforeband or openly. II. trans. to bewail beforeband.

προκληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat; ἐκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge. II. an invitation, proposal.

III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ὄν, beard formerly: legendary. From

προ-κλύνω, to bear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἡ, progress on a journey. II. metaph. progress, advancement improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον: f. ψω, to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

πρόκριμα, ατος, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [Ὶ], f. -κρίνῶ: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others.

II. to judge beforeband, decide.

πρόκριτος, ὄν, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροστος, η, ὄν or ος, ὄν, (πρό, κροσσαι) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νῆες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ οἰκτὰ, ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of cup, περίε αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλαὶ πρόκροσσαι ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίω [Ὶ]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλινδίσθαι τινα to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peer out.

προ-κυρώ, f. ὥσω, to confirm or ratify before.
προ-κύων, -κύνος, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κώμος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel: τὸ προκώμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.

προ-κωπος, ον, (πρό, κῶπη) grasping the bill, sword-in-hand. II. pass. grasped by the bill.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.

προ-λάττωμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

προ-λάλλω, f. ἤσω, to prate before.

προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 προὔλαβον: pf. -έληφα, pass. -έλημμαι:—to take beforeband: to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another: to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of; προλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time: hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f. ξω:—pf. pass. προέλεγμαi:—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say beforeband: to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim: to warn: to profess, declare: to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω: pf. προέλειπα:—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake; μήτις σε προέλειπε prudence forsook thee: also to quit beforeband; χῶραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband: absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προέλειπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προλεσχήμεναι: Dep.:—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) grating, chattering.

προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προλιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, ὁ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech: in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus: after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. προελόχισμαι:—to lay an ambush before:—Pass., αἱ προελοχισμένα ἐνέδραι the ambush that had before been laid. II. to beset with an ambuscade.

προμᾶθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.

προ-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσω: aor. 2 προὔμαθον:—to ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεύω Ion. -νήτη, ἡ, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.

προ-μαντήρ, ἡ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, a prophet or prophetess: ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [ῥ]

προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μάχew, = προμαχίζω.

προμαχέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.

προμαχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in front of: also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι: f. -μαχίσσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.:—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μάχος, ὄν, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front: as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.

προ-μελετάω, f. ἤσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμύνη, ἡ, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριμνῶ, f. ἤσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμήθεια Dor. προμάθεια [α], ἡ, (προμηθής) foresight, forethought: consideration.

Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.

Προμηθεύς, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθεύομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. προὔμηθησθην: Dep.: (προμηθής):—to take care beforeband, to provide for: to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere: c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought: inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay; whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἔντεχον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθής Dor. προμάθης, ἑς, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary: caring about a thing.

προμηθία Ion. -λή, ἡ, = προμήθεια.

προμηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προμηθής) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κῶς, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτηρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμύγνυμι.

προ-μύγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband:—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμύγηναι, to have intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μισθῶ, f. ὥσω, to hire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another: generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit: to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μνηστῖνοι, αἱ, α, one by one, one after the other. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμηστρία and προμηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (προμνάομαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.
πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προβλάσκει. Hence προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλάσκει.
πρόμος, δ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, to work beforeband.

πρό-νῶος or πρό-νάος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήος, η, ον, (πρό, νῶος) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple. II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo.

III. πρόναος, δ, the ball or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.
προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἦσω, to fight at sea for or in defence of, τινός.

πρό-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforeband: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμωμαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νέω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.
πρό-νήος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναος.

πρό-νηστειν, f. σω, to fast beforeband.

πρό-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to gain a victory beforeband.

πρό-νοέω, f. ἦσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἡσσομαι, with aor. 1 med. and pass. προνοήσάμην, προνοήσθην:—to perceive or observe beforeband. II.

to plan or devise beforeband: to provide. 2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of things, shewing forebought or design. Adv. -κῶς, with forebought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοίη, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforeband. II. foresight, forebought,

forecast; ἐκ προνοίας with forebought, advisedly, Lat. ex consilio, and of crimes, with malice prepense. 2. the providence of the gods.

προνομία, ἡ, (προνομία) a proboscis.

προνομία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From

προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνόμωμαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνόμωμαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νους, ον contr. πρό-νους, ον, (πρό, νῶος) thinking beforeband, wary:—Comp. προνοῦστερος.

προ-νυτῆς, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

πρό-νυπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπιον) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a ball or court.

ΠΡΟΞ, gen. προξός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, δ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξένεω, impf. προξένουν: f. ἦσω: aor. 1 προξένησα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive for one that ... also to advise, give directions. 3.

to introduce one person to another.
προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador. From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, δ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i.e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to son. II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυρῶ, f. ἦσω, to shave beforeband.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforeband.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare beforeband.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst., πρόοδοι, αἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προήδειν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforeband. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. προοιμιάζομαι, f. -έσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. προοιμιάσμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-οίμω Att. contr. προοίμω, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2. a hymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: Dep.:—to have gone on before.

προ-ὀνυμι and -ῶω, to swear before or beforeband: to testify on oath before.

προσπτεόν, verb. Adj. of προσπτεῖν, to take care of: cf. sq.

πρόσπτος Att. contr. προσπτεῖν, to take care of: as if from *προσπτεῖν

προοράτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προοράω, f. προόφωμαι: aor. 2 προείδον: pf. προέώρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident. 2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar. 3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee. 2. to look before one. 3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προορίζω, f. σω, to mark out beforeband, to predetermine.

προορμᾶω, f. ἤσω, to drive forward or onward:—Pass. to rush or start on. II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to moor before or in front. προοφείλω Att. contr. προοφείλω: f. -οφειλήσω:—to owe beforeband:—Pass. to be due beforeband or before, to remain as a debt.

προοψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing. II. a seeing before one.

προοψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from *προόπτομαι).

προπαγής, ἐς, (πρό, παγήναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω. προπαιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforeband.

πρό-πάλαι, Adv. very long ago. πρό-παρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before. II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforeband.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare beforeband:—Pass. to be prepared beforeband.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforeband: to offer before. προ-πάροικε and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπάροικε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπάροικε θυρῶν before the door. II. Adv., 1. of Place, in front, forward, before. 2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthened. for πᾶς, πρόπαν ἡμῶν all day long; νῆας προπάσας all the ships together: neut. πρόπαν as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πέισσομαι, to suffer before or beforeband: to be ill-treated before.

προ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, πάτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πιθῶ, f. σω, to persuade beforeband.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιέσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforeband: also as Dep. προ-πειράομαι, with aor. 1 and pf. pass. προπεπρά-θην [ᾱ], προπεπείρᾶμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. 1 προὔπεμψα:—to send before or beforeband: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν λόγους to shoot forth

also to afford, furnish. II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre. III. to pursue.

προπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾱ], to spread out before, προπέτεω, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. procidius, proclivis: drooping, at the point of death. II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing. 2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετῶς, Adv. forwards. II. in headlong haste.

προπέφονται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ὄν, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πηδάω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (πρό, πηλός):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contemptuous treatment.

προ-πίνω [ῖ], impf. προὔπινον: f. προπίομαι: aor. 2 προὔπινον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged. 2. as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππῳ, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέσονται τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσσομαι: aor. 2 προὔπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέπτακα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforeband.

προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίττω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence

πρό-πλοος, ὄν, contr. -πλους, οὖν, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, ποῦς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προ-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to do beforeband, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ἤσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλευμα, ατος, τό, service rendered. From προπολεύω, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower. 2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant. II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedice

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμπω) a sending on before.
II. an attending, escorting, conducting.

προπομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, ὁ, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπὸς χοῦς carrying drink-offerings in procession. II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προπονέω, ἡ ἴσως, to work or take pains beforehand.
II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i.e. to obtain it.

IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποννημένα things formerly pursued with zeal. V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρόπονος, ὁ, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.

Προποντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προπορεύω, ἡ ἴσως, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. —πορεύσομαι, and pass. —πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προπορίζω, ἡ ἴσως, to provide beforehand:—Pass. to be provided beforehand.

πρόποσις, ἡ, ἡ, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

προπότης, ὁ, (προπίνω) one who drinks bealiths.

πρόπος, —ποδος, ὁ, the projecting foot of a mountain.

προπράσσω Att. —πρω, ἡ ἴσως to do before. II. to exact beforehand.

προπρᾶν, ὄντος, ὁ, inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.

προπρηγής, ἑς, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηγῆς as Adv., forward.

προπρό, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπορ-κλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκλίνδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρόπρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, property of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προπυλαίος, ἡ ἴσως, to stumble before.

προπύλαιος ὄψ, ὁ, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τὰ, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρόπυλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule.

προπυθάνομαι, ἡ.—πυθίσσομαι: 2or. 2 προπυθάνομαι: Dep. —: to learn by inquiry before, bear or ascertain beforehand.

πρόπυργος, ὁ, before or for towers; θυσιά προπυργοι offerings made for the city.

προπρᾶν, ἡ.—πρᾶνσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profuere.

πρόρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥήσις) a foretelling. 2.

πρόρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥήσις) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρητος, ὁ, (πρό, ῥήσις) foretold. II. proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρριζος, ὁ, (πρό, ῥίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. προρρίζων or προρρίζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicatus.

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and προτί [ου], contrd. πόντ.

WITH GEN., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότου on the side of the South, i.e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Διθόσων garrisons on the side of, i.e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἀβδηρα ἰδρυταὶ πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μάλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i.e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατρός on the father's side: also on the part of, at the band of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the band of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὸς εἰσι ξένοι τε πτωχοὶ τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove.

3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert σέ between the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰνῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro. II. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, διδάσκεισθαι πρὸς τυνός to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τυνός to be dishonoured by one. III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀνθρώπου ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δίκῃς agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικὶς ἔστι it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, hard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαίῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλων ἔχεισθαι to cling close to each other. II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils. III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῇ σκοπῇ to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡδὲ towards the East; κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανῷ to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against; in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τῷ in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰς πρὸς τῷ to address oneself towards or to one.

II. of Time, towards, near, hard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοῖς θεοῖς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the saying, πρὸς τι; to what end? 3. in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κίρου of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae alius omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρὸς* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρὸς βίαν*, *πρὸς ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρὸς καιρὸν* in season; *πρὸς χάριν* τινί to please one; *πρὸς τὸ βίαιον* = *βιαίως*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., besides, over and above.

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, besides, as in *προσ-κτάομαι*.

III. a being by or besides: a remaining beside, as in *πρὸς-εἰμι* (*εἰμί* sum).

προ-σάββατος, *ον*, (*πρὸς*, *σάββατα*) before the Sabbath: as Subst., *προσάββατον*, τό, the eve of the Sabbath.

προσ-αγγέλλω, f. *ελῶ*, to announce: to denounce.

προσαγόρευσις, *εως*, ἡ, an addressing. From *προσαγορευτός*, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. to be called or named. From

προσ-ἄγορεύω, f. *σω*: aor. *-ηγόρευσα*: pf. *-ηγόρευκα*: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are *προσερῶ*, *προσεῖπον*, *προσεῖρηκα*:—to address, accost.

II. to name, call by name.

προσ-άγω, f. *ξω*: aor. 2 *προσῆγάγον*, rarely aor. I. *προσῆξα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάξομαι*:—to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish.

2. to put to, add. 3. to bring to, move towards, apply, employ.

4. to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce.

II. intr. to draw near, approach; *πρόσαςγε*, come on!

III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing.

4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα* imports. Hence

προσαγωγεύς, *εως*, ὁ, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσαγωγή, ἡ, (*προάγω*) a bringing to or towards: acquisition.

II. (from the intr. sense of *προσάγω*) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance.

προσαγωγός, *όν*, (*προσάγω*) bringing to, attractive, persuasive.

προσ-ᾄδω, Dor. f. *ποτ-αείσομαι*:—to sing to; *τὴν ποταείσομαι*, Dor. for *σοὶ προσάσομαι*, to thee will I sing.

2. *προσᾄδεν τραγῳδίαν* to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music.

II. to harmonise or chime in with, Lat. *concinere*.

προσαΐξας, aor. I part. of *προσαΐσσω*.

προσ-αἰρέομαι, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself.

II. to choose or elect in addition to.

προσ-αἶσσω Att. *-ᾄσσω*, f. *ξω*, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αἰτέω, f. *ήσω*, to ask besides: to demand in addition.

II. to continue asking, to beg of one: absol. to beg hard. Hence

προσ-ακοντίζω, f. *σω*, to shoot like a javelin.

προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *προσάγω*, one must bring to.

προσαίτης, *ου, ὁ*, a beggar.

προσ-ἄκουω, f. *-ακούσομαι*, to bear besides.

προσ-ἄλειψω, f. *ψω*, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-ἄλίσκομαι, Pass. to be taken besides, to be cast in a lawsuit besides.

προσ-ἄλλομαι, f. *-αλοῦμαι*: aor. I *-ήλαμην*: Dep.:—to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμείβομαι, Dor. poet. aor. I *ποταμαιψάμην*, to answer.

προσ-ἄμειλω, f. *ξω*, to milk besides: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) *ποταμέχεται* will yield milk besides.

προσ-αμπέχωμαι, (*πρὸς*, *ἀμπέχω*), Pass. to be held fast in a thing.

προσ-ἄμυνω [ῶ], f. *ἔνῶ*, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. *-αμφῶ*, to put on over.

προσ-αναβαίνω, f. *-βήσομαι*, to climb up to: of riders, to mount besides. Hence

προσανάβασις poet. *προσάμβ-*, ἡ, a going up to, approach; *κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις* approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of *προαναβαίνω*.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read besides.

προσ-αναγκάζω, f. *ἄσω*, to force or constrain besides.

2. to bring under command, discipline.

II. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-αναγορεύω, to announce besides.

προσ-αναγράφω, f. *ψω*, to write or note down besides.

προσ-αναίρῶ, f. *ήσω*, to lift up besides: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake besides.

II. of an oracle, to give an answer besides.

προσ-ἀναισκῶ, f. *ώσω*, to spend or consume besides.

προσανάκλιμα, τό, that on which one leans. From *προσ-ανακλινόμαι*, Pass. to lean on. [?] Hence

προσανάκλισις, ἡ, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, f. *-λήψομαι* to take up or receive besides.

2. metaph. to recruit or refresh besides.

προσ-ἀναλίσκω, f. *-ανάλῶσω*, to spend or consume besides:—aor. I part. *προσανάλῶσας*.

προσ-αναπληρῶ, f. *ώσω*, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτῶ, f. *ήσω*, to bang up besides or upon.

προσ-αναστέλλω, to bold in check besides.

προσ-ανατέλλω poet. *προσαντ-*, to rise up towards.

προσ-ανατίθῃμι, f. *-θήσω*:—to offer or dedicate besides:—Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute besides: also

II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδραποδίζω, f. *ισω* Att. *ῶ*, to enslave besides.

προσ-ἀνειμι (*ἀνά*, *εἰμι* ibo), to go up to.

προσ-ἀνείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-αναγορεύω* being used instead) to announce, publish or order besides.

προσ-ἀνής, *ές*, Dor. for *προσηνής*.

προσ-ἀντης, *ες*, gen. *εος*, (*πρὸς*, *ἀντην*) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-bill, Lat. *arduus*.

II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful.

III. of persons, adverse, hostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, f. *ελῶ*, to report besides.

προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid besides.

προσ-απαίτεω, f. *ήσω*, to demand besides.

προσ-ἀπειλῶ, f. *ήσω*, to threaten besides.

προσ-ἀπείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω, f. -ολέσω:—to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides:—Med., with pf.

2 act. προσ-απόλωλα, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστερέω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμῶ, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσιω, to carry off besides: to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III. Med. προσάπτομαι, to touch, lay bold on, meddle with.

προσ-αραρίσκω, f. -άρω: aor 2 -ήραρον:—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-άρρα Ion. -άρρα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσάρρηται:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσάρρηται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω, f. όσω: pf. pass. -ήρμωσαι:—to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αρκτάω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to:—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to.

προσ-άισσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-ατιμῶω, f. ύσω, to dis honour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αυαίνωμαι, Pass. (πρός, αυάινω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω: impf. προσηύδα, 3 sing. -ηύδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην:—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αυλείος, on, (πρός, αυλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.

προσ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάω, f. αυξήσω, to increase besides:—Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away besides:—Med. to take away for oneself besides:—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνέομαι, f. -αφίζομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβήσαμην:—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβηκαμαι:—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, άρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. 3. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to bear, attend to it:—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack.

II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, άς, άν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

πρόσβασις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.

προσβατός, ή, ύν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσ-βιασθήναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσσω, f. -μολούμαι: aor. 2 -έμολον:—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to:—Med., Ion. aor. I προσεβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθῶ Ion. -βωθέω, f. ήσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon; applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault; προσβολή 'Αχαιῶν an attack of the Achaeans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.

πρόσ-γειος, on, (πρός, γέα=γη) near the earth: near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, on, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελῶω, f. -άσομαι [ά], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [i]: fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγένημαι: Dep.:—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to:—Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνευσμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.

προσ-δᾶπανάω, f. ἦσω, to spend besides.
 προσδεγμαι, ατος, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.
 προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. ποῖτ. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δεήσω: aor. I pass. -δεήσθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.
 προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρξομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέρχην; and in same sense aor. 2 act. -εδράκον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.
 πρόσδετος, on, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δεύομαι. poet. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτιδ-. προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. ποτιδεγμένος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δεήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.
 προσ-διαίρομαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέχην, Dep. to converse besides with.
 προσ-διαμαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 προσ-διαπασσάλλω, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερώ: pf. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [α]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.
 προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.
 προσ-δικάζω, f. άσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.
 προσ-διορθώω, f. ώσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.
 προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἦσω: aor. I -εδόκησα:—to expect, look for: to await.
 προσ-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.
 προσδοκῆτος, on, (προσδοκάω) expected.
 προσδοκία, ή, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρόσ προσδοκίας ατος at good.
 προσδοκέω, expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδοκίμος expected to come against Miletus.
 προσ-δόρπιος Dor. ποτιδόρπιος, on, (πρός, δόρπον) belonging to or serving for supper.
 προσ-δράκω, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέκομαι.
 προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.
 προσ-έω, f. άσω [α], to suffer to go further.
 προσέβην, aor. 2 of προσβαίνω.
 προσεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of προσβαίνω.
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.
 προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ίσω [ι] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.
 προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.
 προσεδρεώ, or -ία, ή, a setting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduus:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεώ, f. σω, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.
 προσεδρία, ή, = προσεδρία.
 πρόσ-εδρος, on, (πρός, έδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρόσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.
 προσείπε, Ep. for προσείπε: see προσείπον.
 προσέθηκα, aor. I of προστίθην.
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.
 προσ-εῖδέναι, -δώς, inf. and part. of προσείδα.
 προσ-εῖδον, inf. προσείδεν, part. προσίδων: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon.
 II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.
 προσείκα, Att. for προσείοικα, q. v.
 προσ-εικάζω, f. σω: aor. I -ήκασα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.
 προσ-είκελος, η, on, also os, on, somewhat like.
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. ποτι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.
 προσεἰληφα, -εἰλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.
 πρόσ-εἰλος, on, (πρός, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.
 πρόσ-εἰμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ἦειν Ion. -ἦια Att. -ἦα: aor. 2 part. προσιάν: (πρός, εἰμι ἔβο):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on.
 III. to come in; τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσόντα alone, *the public income, revenue*, Lat. *reditus*.

πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσείναι: impf. προσήν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II.

to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εἶπον, inf. προσεῖπεν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εἰσπράσσω, f. ψω, to exact payment of besides. προσ-εἰώ, f. σω, to bold out and shake; προσεῖν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρῳ, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.

προσ-εκτίον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκυρσα, aor. I of προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Att. -ελῶ: aor. I -ἔλασα:—to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἔπρον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. *adequitate*.

2. (sub. στρατών), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προνυλέω.

προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκίσω [ῥ]: aor. I -εἰλκῆσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἐνέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνωμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανούμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, ἑς, resembling.

προσ-ἐνέχε, Dor. for προσ-ἐνήχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχρύαζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-ενέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννοέω, f. ἦσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσ-εντινέω, f. -τενῶ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσ-εφαίρομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι,

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-έωκα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf.

προσεικέναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήγμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαυνέω, f. ἑώσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαυιδόμαι, f. -άσομαι [ἄ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επεξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ἄ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιρκέω, f. ἦσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπονέω, f. ἦσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επιστομαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ηπιστήθη: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides: esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτρέπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπέω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφονέω, f. ἦσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσ-επιπτόμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ηπιστήθη: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

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προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιούμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσεῖω, fut. to προσείπον : —to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. -ερίσομαι; aor. -ηρόμην, inf. -ερέσθαι : Dep. :—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρω; f. ψω; aor. I προσείρ-πύσα :—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; δ πρόσπερον χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόσπερον the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγνυμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -ηρχόμην, f. -ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρόσειμι) : Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα :—to come or go to : to come forward : absol. to approach, draw nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, associate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march against. II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, ov, verging towards evening : neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv., towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence προσεταιριστός, ov, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-έτι, Adv. over and above, besides.

προσεύξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides : be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, ή, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From προσ-εύχομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or vows : absol. to worship : also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφηνμι.

προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bordering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. έω; aor. 2 προσέσχον; pf. προσέσχηκα :—to have besides or in addition. II. to bold to, bring to or near; προσέχειν ναῦν to bring a ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in or touch at a place; προσέχειν τῇ γῇ, τῇ νήσῳ to touch at : to land : sometimes also ναυολ προσέχειν.

III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum advertere : also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσέχειν εαυτῷ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV. Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it : also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V. Pass. to be held fast by a thing : to be implicated in.

προσ-εῖος, ov, (πρός, έώς) towards dawn or morning.

προσ-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύω, to yoke or fasten to :—Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, ov, (πρός, ήβη) near manhood.

προσ-ήγγον, aor. 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly : to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, atos, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, ov, (πρός, άγορεύω) addressing, accosting; at προήγοροι δρύες the speaking oaks : c. gen., εύγμάτων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers to Pallas : generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted :—as Subst. προσήγορος, δ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφίζω.

προσηΐαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσέοικα.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of προσήμι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably, fitly, becomingly.

προσ-ήκω, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place : to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to belong to. II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it concerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is my business. 2. it belongs to, beseems, befits : see προσήκον.

III. the Partic. προσήκων, ουσα, ov, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeeming; and of persons, related, akin : οἱ προσήκοντες (in full οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives : τὸ προσήκον or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκουσαν σωτηρίαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's duties.

προσ-ήλιος, ov, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or affix to. II. to nail up, shut close up.

προσ-ηλύθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ηλύτος, ov, (προσ-ηλύθον) come to, arrived at :—as Subst., προσήλυτος, δ, a new comer, stranger, Lat. advena : hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι : Pass. :—to sit upon or close to : to remain close to.

προ-σημαίνω, f. ανώ; aor. I προσημήναι :—to give previous or public intimation : to foretell, announce. II. to proclaim, publish.

προσ-ήνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, ov, (πρός, άνεμος) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνέχθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.

προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, ές, (πρός, έτα) soft, gentle, kindly : well-disposed : hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. προσηνός.

προσηρτήμαι, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσευδάω.

προσ-ηῖος, ov, (πρός, ήως) Ion. for προσεῖος, towards morn : neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ πρὸτ-αῖον, towards morning.

προσ-θακέω, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.
 προσθῆναι, προσθεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθην.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).

As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly.

III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. prius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἢ . . . to die sooner than . . .

προσθῆναι, Ion. for προσθεῖτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθηναι.

πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) a putting to, application. II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ov, or η, ov, verb. Adj. of προστίθηναι, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θῶ, f. -θεύσομαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθηναι) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident.

II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθηναι) an addition.

προσ-θγγάνω, f. -θῖω: aor. 2 προσέθγκον, inf. προσθγγεῖν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ov, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; οἱ πρόσθιοι πῶδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, ὁ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.

προσθοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθηναι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ov, (πρός, θυμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσθιδεῖν, προσθιδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσείδω.

προσ-ιζάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ιζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ιηναι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3. to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. -ιζομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσίκτωρ, opos, ὁ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιπνέω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ιστήμι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near.

II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2. metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ισχω, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ἰβο), approachable.

προσινών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεναι: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. 1 -καθείλκω, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognato, ὅκον προσκαθίζειν, to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ov, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—Pass., pf. προσκέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεύη προσκεκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-κάλω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Act. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην άσεβείας προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against . . . but commonly without δίκην; προσκαλεῖν τινα άνανδρία (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθεῖς the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ov, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτερήσις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβάνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-καταισχύνω, f. ὕνω, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides.

προσκαταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.
προσκατασκευάζω, f. ὠω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.

προσκατασύρω [ῥ], to pull down besides.
προσκατατίθημι, f. καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.

προσκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.

προσκάτῃμαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.
πρόσ-κειμαι Ion. προσ-κέομαι, f. -κέισομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story; to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.

προσκέκλῃμαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.
προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δῆσω, to gain besides.
προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.
προσ-κηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.

προσ-κηρτκεύομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.
προσ-κηρύσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.

προσ-κιγκλιζω, (πρός, κίγκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εἶ ποτεκιγκλίσθην (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προστεκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.

προσ-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to shatter or shiver against.
προσ-κληρόω, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.

πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.
προσ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκέκλῃμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence

πρόσκλησις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.
προσ-κλύω, f. ὠσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.

προσ-κνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.

προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.
προσ-κοινῶ, f. ὠσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.

προσ-κολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.

προσ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὠ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.

πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.

προσκοπέω fut. προσκείσομαι and aor. I προσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σκέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προύσκεμμαι:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence

προσκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.
προσκοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.
πρόσκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.

προσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τὸν ποῦν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.

προσ-κορῆς, ἐς, (πρός, κορύννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.

πρόσ-κράνωσ, ον, (πρός, κράνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.

προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.

προσ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.

προσ-κύλλω, f. -κυλίω [ῥ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.

προσ-κύνέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα ποῖτ. προσέκυσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence

προσκύνητις, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.
προσ-κύντω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκνυα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.

προσ-κῦρῶ, f. ἦσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκῦρον, f. προσκῦρσω, aor. I προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.

προσ-κύσω, πρόσκύσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκυνέω.

πρόσ-κωπος, ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωποι, ὁ, a rower.

προσλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.
προσλάβων, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.

προσ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -έλαχον: pf. -έληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνει δικην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.

προσ-λάττωμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.
προσ-λάλέω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.

προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -έληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take bold of: to take part in:—to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.

προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέ-
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to
meditate.

προσ-λεύσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπέρω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere in. II.
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπέρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.
Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσθαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides,
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ξω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I
προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγα:—to knead or plaster
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-
ραιᾶ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the
city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-
χθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.
sense, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ]: f. -μαχέσθαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι:
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμέναι, προσμένως, aor. I inf. and part. of
προσ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to abide or wait still longer;
προσμένειν τινὶ to remain or wait for some one. II.
trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand
one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Med. to contrive be-
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-
tened to.

προσ-μίγνυμι and -ύω fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come
into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,
arrive at. 2. of persons, to bold intercourse with,
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in
battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγνυμι) a mixing or mingling
with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an
attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσγω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μίσκω, f. ἦσω, to bate besides.

προσ-μισθῶ, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire or interest
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσκει.

πρόσ-μορος, ον, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μύθεομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [ῥ]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.
προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot,
assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-
vote, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νόεω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξύν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-
συν-.

προσ-όδιος, ον, (πρός, ὅδιος) belonging to a solemn
procession, processional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-
ward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent,
esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, re-
turns, profits, Lat. redditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)
to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe
thanks beside.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ὦσω, to assign to a person as his own.
προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near: of towns,
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.
πρόσ-οικος, ον, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οίσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to bold intercourse or converse
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain
at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with,
be engaged with a thing.

προσ-ὀμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-ὀμοιος, ον, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοῦός, f. ὦσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant be-
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to
terms. Hence

προσ-ὀμouρος, ον, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν
θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτι-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσ-οράω, f. -όρομαι : aor. 2 -εἶδον :—to look at :—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρος, ov, (πρός, ὀρθρος) towards morning : neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ πρόσορθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to mark out for oneself besides ; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμούμαι, aor. 1 -ορμισάμην and -ορμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσ-ορμῖσις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσ-ουδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὐδας) to dash to earth.

προσ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, ov, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, ὄρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent ; τὰ πρόσορα the adjacent parts ; ἰν' αὐτὸς ἦν πρόσουρος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφείλω, f. ἦσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλιस्कάνω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ᾠφλον, inf. -οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt : generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with : to be offended at. πρόσ-οψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look ; σὴ πρόσ-οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίσομαι : aor. 1 -έπαισα :—to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παιος, ov, (πρός, παῖω) striking upon : sudden, new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-πάλαω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσ-παρακαλέω, f. ἔσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσ-παρέδω, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρδω.

προσ-παρέχω, f. ζω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσ-πασσάλλω Att. -παττάλλω f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg.

προσ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ov, (πρός, πείνω) hungry, a-bungered.

προσ-πελάζω, f. ᾠσω, to bring near to, drive against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come nigh to.

προσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send : to conduct or convoy to.

προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον, oppedere.

προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσ-πεσόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι : aor. 2 -επτάμην [α], for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πείθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on : affix to the cross.

προσ-πλέξω, f. ἔσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πλινάμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to : to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one : to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon : to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come near, draw nigh, approach.

προσ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. -πλάσω [α] : pf. pass. -πέπλασμαι :—to form or mould upon.

πρόσπλατος, ov, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :—to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρώω, f. ᾠσω, to fill up or complete a number : to man ships besides, man more ships ; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνέει μοι κρέων there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself : of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect ; c. inf. to pretend to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δεῖ μὴ προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητός, ὄν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to carry on war against, be at war with : also to attack or harass in war.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ᾠσω, to make hostile besides :—Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ἦσω, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From

πρόσ-πολος, ον, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach. προσ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to procure besides.

προσ-πορπᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. —πράξομαι: aor. I —επραξάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, halt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.

προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆαι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῆαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπτυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, aor. I —έπτυξα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: f. —πτύξομαι: pf. —έπτυγμα:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, f. —πτύσω [ῥ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, f. —πυνθόμαι: aor. 2 —επύθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-παύω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.

προσ-ρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) —ερρήν:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνυμι, f. —ρήξω: aor. I —έρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ἡ, an addressing, accosting: a name. προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arripeo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.

πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσθεν, forwards, onwards.

προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάζω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρόω, f. ὤσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στείχω, aor. 2 —έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, f. —στελῶ, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσεσταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med. to keep close to.

προσ-σύκοφαντέω, f. ἦσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. —συστήσω, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἦσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to heap up besides.

προστάκεις, προστάκηναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστάτω.

προστάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προϊστάτω.

προσ-σφάζω or —σφάττω, f. ξω, to slay at or near.

πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command; ἐκ προτάγματος by command.

προσ-τάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of προστείνω.

προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προτάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιέσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στάσια, ἡ, (προίστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-sbip. 2. partisanship, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. —ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I —έταξα: Pass., aor. I —εράχθην: pf. —τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. Ἰνδοὶ προσετέταχτο the Indians had been assigned to ... 3. to appoint as commander. II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προσ-τάτεια, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-στάτεω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. δῶκε .., to provide or take care that ...

προ-στάτιέω, f. ἦσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατὼν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian. III. ὁ προστατὼν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence

προσ-τάτῃος, α, ον, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, bowering or flitting before one.

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relation as the Roman *clien*s to his *patronus*; γράφασθαι προστάτον to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἴδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress. προσ-σαυρόω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along. προσ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθην. προσ-τερίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στέλλω, to advance, go before. προσ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device. προσ-τέλλω, f. ἔσω, to pay or spend besides. προσ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 πρὸςτάλην [ᾶ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-σθενάζω, f. ξω, and προ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ov, (πρὸ, στέρνον) before the breast: as Subst., προσστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ov, (πρὸ, στέρνον) before or on the breast.

προσ-τέρπω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside.

προσ-τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω.

προσ-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to devise besides.

προσ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II.

intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προστέτηκην [ᾶ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προσ-τήσας, aor. I part. of προστίθημι.

προσ-τίθην, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to put to, add.

3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5.

to hand over, to deliver over, consign to. II.

Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -έθην, imperat. -θού, subj. -θῶμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself

besides or to take as one's friend or ally; προστίθεσθαι πολέμῳ to make one's enemy besides; προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προσ-τίλω, f. ἥσω, to befoul with dung.

προσ-τίμω, f. ἥσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμημα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προσ-τόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προσ-τρέφω, f. -θρέφω, to bring up in.

προσ-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2.

in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προσ-τρέβω [ἱ]: f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρέβην [ἱ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attack the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ov, (προστροπή): I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταὶ suppliant prayers. 2.

also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αἷμα, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass.

be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ἡ, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπήν ἔχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ov, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρόπαιος, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύσομαι: aor. 2 -έτῤυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυγχάνων, ὁ

προστυχὴν the first person one meets, anybody; τὰ προστυχόντα ξένια the gifts that come to one's share.

προσ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίνομαι Att. προ-ξυνγ-, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμμισγώ, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ἥσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προσ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προσ-υπισχέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρὸς, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρόσφαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προσ-φάω later -πτω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ov, (πρὸς, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. πρόσφάτως, lately.

προσφερέτης, ἑς, (προσφέρω) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσ-

φορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. προσοίω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενείχθη Ion. -ενείχην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to *set before one, offer meat or drink*: and in Med. to *take meat or drink to oneself*. 3. to *give besides, to add*. 4. to *bring forward, produce as authority*. 5. to *contribute to, to bring in, yield*. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσοίσομαι, to *be borne or carried towards*: of ships, to *put in*. 2. to *rush against or upon, attack, make an onset*:—to *rush*. 3. to *approach, converse with, to have dealings with*. 4. absol. to *behave or bear oneself*. 5. to *come near, be like, resemble*: cp. προσφερής, ἐμπερής. 6. to *be put or imposed upon one*. προσφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to *flee for refuge to*.

Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one *must be defendant in an action besides*: cf. φεύγω IV.

πρόσ-φημι, to *speak to, address*: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγξομαι: Dep.:—to *call to, address, accost, salute*. II. to *call by name, call*. Hence

προσ-φθείρομαι, Pass. to *be ruined besides*: to *go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθάρεις*.

προσφθεγκτός, ὄν, *addressed, saluted*. II. act. *saluting*.

πρόσφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an *address, salutation*; in plur. words, *accents*.

πρόσφθογγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) *addressing, saluting*.

προσ-φθόνεω, f. ἤσω, to *oppose through envy*.

προσφιλία, ἡ, (προσφιλής) *kindness, good will*.

προσφιλιώτερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλῶς.

προσ-φιλής, ἐς, (πρός, φιλέω) *dear, beloved, friendly*: of things, *dear, pleasing, grateful*, Lat. *gratus*. II. of persons, *kindly affectioned, grateful*.

προσ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἤσω, to *study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon*.

προσφιλῶς, Adv. of προσφιλής, *kindly*; προσφιλῶς ἔχειν to *be kindly affectioned*.

προσ-φοιτῶ, f. ἤσω, to *go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like*: see φοιτᾶω.

προσφορά, ἡ, (προσφέρω) a *bringing to, applying*: a *presenting, offering*. II. *that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase*: also a *kindness, benefit*.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to *put up, apply*. 2. to *present, offer*. Hence

προσφόρημα, ατος, τό, *that which is taken to one, food, victuals*.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) *serviceable, useful, profitable*. 2. *convenient, suited to, fit or meet for*: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα *what is fit or meet, fitting service*; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., *fitly*.

προσφύεω, Ion. Adv. of προσφύης: see προσφύς.

προσφύής, ἐς, (προσφύω) *growing upon, banging to, attached to, devoted*. II. *naturally fitted, suitable*.

προσφύς, aor 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφύσις, ἡ, (προσφύομαι) a *growing to or upon, a clinging to*.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφύσα:—to *make to grow to or upon, to bang upon, fasten to*. II.

Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ύσα, ύν; pf. προσπέφυκα:—to *grow to or upon*: to *bang upon, cling to, be attached to*.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύης, *with natural fitness, suitably, ably*.

προσ-φώνέω, f. ἤσω, to *call or speak to, address, accost*. 2. to *call by name, to name, speak of*.

3. to *address or dedicate a thing to another*.

προσφωνήεις Dor. ποτιφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) *addressing, capable of addressing*.

προσφώνημα, ατος, τό, (προσφωνέω) *that which is addressed to another, an address*.

προσφώνης, εως, ἡ, (προσφωνέω) an *addressing*. 2. a *dedication*.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχων: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέχηνα:—to *gape or stare open-mouthed at one*, Lat. *inbiare*.

προ-σχεθῆν, poet. for προσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., *προεσχεθόμην*, I *warded off from myself*.

προσ-χέω, f. χεῶ, to *pour to or on*.

πρόσχημα, ατος, τό, (προέχω) *that which is held before, hence*, I. a *skreen, cloak, pretence, pretext*; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου *the ostensible cause for the war*.

II. *outward show, ornament*; so Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης *the chief ornament of Ionia*.

προσ-χῶω, old form of προσχάννυμι, to *dam up*.

προσ-χρῖζω, f. ἤσω: Ion. προσχρηίζω, f. ἡίσω:—to *require or desire besides*; προσχρηίζω ὑμῶν πείθεσθαι I *desire you also to obey*.

πρόσχυσις, ἡ, (προσχύω) a *pouring upon*.

προσ-χάννυμι and -ύω: f. -χῶσω (from προσχῶω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to *heap up besides*: of water, to *deposit mud, silt, etc.*; προσχωννύμι χαρία to *form new lands by deposition*. 2. to *cboke up with mud, silt up*.

II. to *throw earth against*: Pass. to *have earth thrown against*.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ἤσω or ἤσομαι, to *go to, approach*, c. dat.

II. to *come or go over to, join another*: to *surrender, give oneself up to*. 2. to *accede, assent or agree to*: to *concur in*: to *believe*.

3. to *approach, be near to, agree with, be like*. 4. to *put faith in, believe*.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρός, χώρα) *lying near, adjoining, adjacent*:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a *neighbour*.

πρόσχωσις, ἡ, (προσχάννυμι) a *beaping up besides*: *deposition of mud, etc.*

II. a *bank or mound raised against a place*.

προσ-ψαύω Dor. ποτιψαύω

προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίω to *vote besides*: to *gram*

προσ-ψιθυρίζω, f. σω, touch upon, touch. —ιούμαι: Dep.:—ority of votes. —birth or webble to.

πρόσω poet. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πόρσω later πόρρω, like Lat. porro, Adv.: (πρό, πρόσ): I. as Adv., 1. of Space, forwards, onward, further on; opp. to ἐγγύς, far off, afar: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσσω forward. 2. of Time, forward, before.

II. c. gen. far towards or to; πρόσσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ far into the river; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont. 2. of Time, πρόσσω τῆς νυκτός far into the night.—Comp. and Sup. προσωτέρω, ἄνω.

προσ-φθία, ἡ, (πρός, φθῆ) a song sung to or accompanied by music. II. the tone or accent of a syllable.

προσ-φθός, ὄν, (πρός, φθῆ) singing or sounding to, in harmony with.

πρόσσωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν (πρόσω) from afar. II. from long ago.

προσ-ώνομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to buy besides.

προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπίον, τό, (πρόσωπον) a mask.

προσωποληπτέω, to be a respecter of persons. From προσωπο-λήπτης, ον, δ, (πρόσωπον, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) a respecter of persons.

προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτέω) respect of persons.

πρόσ-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπαι: (πρός, ὤψ):—a face, visage, countenance; κατὰ πρόσωπον in front, face to face. II. also one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus; τὸ σὸν πρόσωπον, periph. for σύ.

III. = προσωπεῖον, a mask, Lat. persona:—hence like πρόσχημα, show, outward appearance. IV. later, a person.

προ-σπεύω, f. σω, to pile or heap up before.

προσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, furthest:—hence Adv. προσωτάτω, or neut. plur. προσώτατα as Adv., furthest.

πρόσωτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, further off: hence Adv., προσωτέρω or τὸ προσωτέρω, further.

προσ-ωφελέω, f. ἥσω, to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to: absol. to be of use or assistance. Hence

προσωφελήμα, ατος, τό, assistance in a thing; and προσωφελήσις, ἡ, a helping, aiding, advantage. προσωφελήτεον, verb. Adj. of προσωφελέω, one must assist.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, one must place or post in front. 2. one must prefer.

προ-τάμνεν, (πρό, ταμία) to lay in beforeband.

προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

προτάμοιμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω.

προτάμω, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ἥσω, to fear beforeband. II.

to fear or be anxious for one.

προ-ταρτρίσκω, f. σω, to salt or pickle beforeband: generally, to preserve or prepare for keeping.

πρότρεσις, ἡ, (πρότρεσσι, a sing. pf. pass. of τρέφω)

a stretching forward.

II. that which is put forward: in Logic, a proposition assumed, a premiss. 2. in Gramm., the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις.

προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: pf. -τέταχα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαι:—to place or post in front: Med., προετάξατο τῆς φάλαγγος τοὺς ἱππέας he posted his horse in front of the phalanx:—Pass. to be stationed first, take the lead; τὸ προταχθέν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, the front ranks, van.

II. generally, to determine or arrange beforeband.

προ-τέλω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [α]: pf. -τέταμαι:—to stretch out, put forward: to expose to danger. 2. metaph. to hold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse.

II. to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, as a suppliant. 2. to offer, tender, proffer: also to hold out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare. III.

Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι to claim or demand as a reward. IV. intr. to stretch or project forward.

προ-τειχίζω, f. σω, to protect by a wall. Hence προτείχισμα, τό, an advanced work, outwork.

προ-τέλειος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) before a solemnity or religious rite. II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερὰ), τά, sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity; προτέλεια γάμων the sacrifice before the marriage-rite; θύειν τὰ προτέλεια to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of. 2. προτέλεια, generally, a beginning, outset.

προ-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforeband.

προ-τελίζω, f. ίσω, (πρό, τέλος) to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place.

προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 προτῆμνω:—to cut up beforeband. II. to cut off in front, cut short, Lat. praecidere. III. to cut forward or in front of one: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ἄλκα διηνεκέα προταμοίμην if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me.

προτενθεύω, f. σω, to pick out the dainty bits beforeband, to help oneself first to anything. From.

προ-τένθω, ον, δ, one who picks out dainty bits beforeband, a gourmand, epicure. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προτεραίος, α, ον, (πρότερος) on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), the day before; τῇ προτεραίᾳ, Lat. pridie, on the day before; c. gen., τῇ προτεραίᾳ τῆς καταστάσεως on the day before the audience.

προτεράϊτερος, α, ον, Comp. of προτεραίος, for πρότερος, very long before, much earlier.

προτερῶ, f. ἥσω, (πρότερος) to be before, in front, at the head; προτερῶν τῆς ὁδοῦ to be forward on the way. 2. of Time, to be beforeband, get the start.

πρότερος, η, ον, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πρῶτος), answering to Lat. prior: of

Place, before, in front, forward; πῶδες πρότεροι the fore-feet.

II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῇ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῇ προτέρῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ), on the day before, like προτεραία.

2. as Comp. c. gen., ἐμὲο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I. 3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ or ἢπερ, Lat. priusquam: also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον: πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence, superior.

πρωτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

πρωτέρωσθε, Adv. (πρωτέρω) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύω, f. ξω, to make or do beforeband: pf. pass. inf. προτευχῆναι, to have been done beforeband, to be past.

πρωτί, old Ep. form for πρῶς. [X]

πρωτί-ἄπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

πρωτί-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

πρωτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

πρωτιελών, Dor. of προσεἰλών.

πρωτιέποι, Dor. for προσεἰποι, opt. of προσεῖπον.

πρωτίθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of πρωτίθηναι.

προ-τίθηναι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 προέθηκα Att. προέθηκα: aor. 2 προέθην contr. προέθην, inf. προθεῖναι:—to place or set before, set out: to band to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one. 2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger. 3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix.

II. Med. put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain. III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεῖναι νεκρὸν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view. IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender. 2. to hold out as a pretext. V. to put before or over. VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

προτιμάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

προ-τιμάω, f. ἤσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another. 2. to prefer in honour: to hold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours. 3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for. 4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

πρωτίμους, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference.

πρωτιμητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

προ-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worthy more than.

πρωτι-μυθόμαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθόμαι.

προ-τιμωρέω, f. ἤσω, to help beforeband or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

πρωτί-οπος, ον, Dor. for πρόσ-οπος.

πρωτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (πρωτί Dor. for πρῶς, όσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold. II. of the mind, to foresee,

forbode, presage.

προ-τίω, f. -τίσω [X], to honour before another, prefer; προτίειν τινὰ τάφον to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρότμησις, ἡ, (πρωτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

προ-τολμάω, f. ἤσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ἡ, (πρωτέμνω) the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes. From πρότονος, ὁ (πρωτέμνω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast. 2. a balyard.

προ-τοῦ, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

προ-τράπτεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

προτρεπτικός, ἡ, ον, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κῶς, persuasively. From

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν

τέλλον προτρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροίσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προτρέψω, in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἀχεῖ προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 προῦδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth. II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρό-τρετα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

προ-τροπᾶδην, Adv. (πρωτρέπω) turned forwards, head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed. [d]

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to happen before or beforeband: also to meet with first; τὸ προτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

προ-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προτύπτην the Trojans burst forward. II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προτυπείς, driven, urged on.

προτύχων, οὔσα, ον, aor. 2 part. of προτυγχάνω.

πρόυβαλον, προύβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνειν.

προϋγράφον, for προέγραφον, impf. of προγράφω.

προϋδιδάξαιτο, προϋδῶκα, προϋθετο, for προεδ-, προέθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of προτίθηναι.

προϋθύμην, for προεθ-, aor. 1 of προθυμέομαι.

προϋθυμίστην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προϋκᾶμον, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προέκαμην.

προϋλάβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προὔκειτο, προὔκινδυνε, for προεκ-.
 προὔμαθον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προὔμηθην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμηθέομαι.
 προὔμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλάσκω.
 προὔνησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προὔννεψω, v. sub προενν-.
 προὔξηνισε, for προέξ-, aor. 1 of προξενέω.
 προὔξ-ἐπίσταμαι, προὔξ-ερευνάω, for προέξ-.
 προὔξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω.
 προὔξεφίμαι, for προεξεφίμαι.
 προ-ὑπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.
 προ-ὑπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προὔπηργμαι: (πρό, ὑπάρχω) :—to be beforeband in a thing, begin with: c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to exist before; προὔπαρξαντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προὔπηργμένα a man's antecedents.
 προὔπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμψω.
 προ-ὑπέ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to go out secretly before.
 προὔπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.
 προ-ὑπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προὔπαρχω.
 προὔπινον, προὔπινον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.
 προὔπιστήθην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.
 προ-ὑπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προ-ὑποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προ-ὑπόκειμαι, f. -εἶσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προ-ὑπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforeband.
 προὔπτος, ov, contr. for πρόσπτος.
 προὔπνυθον, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπνύθωμαι.
 προὔργιαίτερος, a, ov, see προὔργιον.
 προὔργιον, contr. for πρὸ ἔργον, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προὔργιον τι δρᾶν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προὔργιαίτερος, a, ov, more serviceable, useful, important; προὔργιαίτερον ποιεῖσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προὔργιαίτατος, η, ov, most serviceable, etc.
 προὔρρηθην, aor. 1 pass. of προερέω.
 προὔσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προὔστάλλω, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προὔστησα, προὔστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2 of προίστημι.
 προὔτιθει, προὔτιψα, for προετ-.
 προὔφαινε, for προέφαινε.
 προ-ὑφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προὔφειλω, for προοφείλω.
 προὔχω, προὔχουσι, προὔχοντο, for προέχ-.
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φάω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προὔφάνην [ᾶ], part. προφανείς, εἶσα, ἐν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προὔφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. to shew beforeband, forebshew: metaph. to hold out a prospect beforeband, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III. intr. to shine forth: bold a light before.
 προφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.
 προφάνης, ἐς, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from afar: quite plain or clear; ἀπό or ἐκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly.
 πρόσφαντος, ov, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foresbewn, disclosed beforeband.
 πρόσφασίζομαι, impf. πρόσφασίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. 1 πρόσφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις):—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. πρόσφασισθῆναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence.
 πρόσφασις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. πρόσφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. πρόσφασει, absol. for appearance, for a show or pretence; ἐπὶ πρόσφασεως and ἐπὶ πρόσφασει by way of excuse; πρόσφασιν προτείνειν or παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόσφασιν [make] me no excuse: πρόσφασις ἔχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.
 πρόσφατος, ov, (προφαίνωμαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φάτεύω, προ-φάτης [ᾶ], Dor. for προφητ-.
 προφερής, ἐς, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, a, ov, προφερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρετρος, προφέρετατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω.
 προ-φέρω, f. προοίω: aor. 1 προήνεγκα: aor. 2 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, present. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινα ὁδοῦ to further one on the road. V. intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προὔφυγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, shun, avoid.
 πρό-φημι, to say beforeband, foretell.
 προφητεία, ἡ, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφητεύω Dor. προφᾶτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to expound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, ὁ, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημα) one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will of a god, Διὸς προφήτης ἐστὶ Λοξίας πατρὸς Λοξίας

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφῆται, interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher, III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular. προ-φῆτις, ἰδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess. προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθίσκομαι: aor. 2 προ-φθην:—to outrun, anticipate, be beforehand with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω. προ-φθίμενος, ἡ, ὄν, dead or killed before. [γ] προ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten beforehand:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear beforehand.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the weft to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro. προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell. πρόσφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόσφρων, having forebought, iboughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόσφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὅ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω, προφύγισθα, Ep. for προφύγεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφύλακῆ, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ οὐίστος, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφύλακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναὺς προφυλακίς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλας, ἄκος, ὅ, an advanced guard. [ῥ] προ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω. προ-φύραω, f. ἄω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:—to knead beforehand. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτευω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, to utter or declare beforehand. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice beforehand: 3 sing. imperat. προχαίρετω, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαίρετω, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge beforehand.

προ-χαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to put into the band, deliver up:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προχειρισμένος, to be taken in band, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready beforehand.

II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιού-

μαι, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χαρος, ὄν, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common, 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to elect before.

προχειρώς, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offband, readily: Comp. -ότερος.

προ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I προέχεα: pf. -πέχυκα: Pass., aor. I προεχύην [ῥ]: pf. -πέχυμαι:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men: ἐς πεδῖον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχυν, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχυν ὀλέσθαι, to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχότη, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χοῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χοῦς, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρό-χοουσι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, picher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. προ-χρῶ, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ὄν, previous, prior.

πρόχυσος, ἡ (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; πρόχυσιν ποιεῖσθαι σὺλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν σὺλὰς κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχύτος, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ὄν, δ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or picher: an urn, vase. [ῥ]

προχυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χωλος, ὄν, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὖ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ἀς οἱ δόλῳ οὐ προχωρεῖ when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ώθῃω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτὸν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, es, (πρό, ὄλλυμι) ruined beforehand.

προώρισα, aor. I of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρος, ὄν, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφελόμεν, impf. pass. of προωφελῶ.

πρυλές, ὄν, ὅ, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), *the hindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop*, Lat. *purp̄is*: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἀνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνῃν the wind impels us *right astern*: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λῦσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως *the Acropolis*; πρύμνα Ὀσσεας *the foot of Mount Ossa*.

πρυμναῖος, α, ov, (πρύμνα) *of a ship's stern*. πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, *from the ship's stern*: generally, *from behind*.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ov, (πρύμνη) *of or from a ship's stern*:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, *ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables*, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρυμνήτης, ov, ὁ, (πρύμνη) *the steersman, helmsman*: metaph. *the pilot of the state*. II. as masc. Adj. *attached or fastened to a ship's stern*.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) *from the stern*. II. *from the lowest part*, Lat. *funditus*: *utterly, root and branch*.

πρυμνόν, τό, *the lower part, end*: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμνός, ἡ, ὅν, *the hindmost, undermost, endmost*: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end *next the body*, as, πρυμνός βραχίον *the end of the arm* (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνὴν ἔλῃν ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood *at the root*.—Sup. πρυμνότατος, *at the lowest end*.

πρυμν-οὔχος, ov, (πρύμνα, ἔλῃ) *holding the ship's stern*. II. *detaining the fleet*.

πρυμν-ώρεια, ἡ, (πρυμνός, ὄρος) *the bottom or foot of a mountain*.

πρυτάνεια Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) *the prytaneia or presidency*, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the *prytanes* of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν *by presidencies*, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. *any public office held by rotation for given periods*: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρας *the chief command for the day*.

πρυτάνειον Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρυτανία) *the presidents' ball, town-hall*, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. *a law-court* at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεία, *a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began*, Lat. *sacramentum*; τιθέναι πρυτανεία τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him. πρυτάνευω, f. σω, (πρυτανία) *to be prytanis or pre-*

sident, bold sway.

II. at Athens, *to hold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly*: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταὶ were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλὴ πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσας *be who put a question to the vote*. III. generally, *to manage, regulate, administer*.

πρυτάνη, —ἡ, ἡ, Ion. for πρυτανεία, —εἶον.

πρυτάνις, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότερος): *a prince, ruler, lord*. II. *a Prytanis or President*: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming γὰ part of the βουλή or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as *chief-president* (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the *Presidency* (πρυτανεία). The φυλὴ which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form: Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῇ] ἐπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιππος ἐγραμμάτευε, Νικιάδης ἐπεστάτης, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phae-nippus was secretary, Niciades was *chief-president*.'

See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶ, Adv., Att. for πρῶ.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶ) *late, just now, not long ago*, Lat. *nuper*. II. *the day before yesterday*;

proverb., μέχρι οὗ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές *till yesterday or the day before*, i. e. *till very lately*.

πρῶ-ῆβης, ov, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) *a youth in his first bloom*.

πρῶ-ῆβος, ov, also η, ov, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) *in the bloom or flower of youth*.

πρῶ [ῖ], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—*early, early in the day, at morn*, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶ ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρας *still early in the day*; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶ *the early part of the day*; ἅμα πρῶ *at early morn*; ἀπὸ πρῶ *from morn*. 2. generally, *betimes, early, in good time*, Lat. *mature, tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶαιτερον, *earlier*, Sup. πρῶαιτάτα, *earliest*, formed from πρῶιος.

πρῶια (sub. ἡρα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶιος, *morning*. [ῖ]

πρῶιατερον, πρῶιατάτα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶ.

πρῶιζος, ov, = πρῶιος, *early, timely, in good time*: Adv. πρῶιζα, like πρῶν, *the day before yesterday*;

but also *too early, before the time*.

πρῶμιος, ov, (πρῶ) *early*.

πρῶινός, ἡ, ὅν, = πρῶιος. [ῖ]

πρῶιος Att. πρῶος, α, ov, (πρῶ): *early, early in day, at morn*; δειλὴ πρῶια *the early part of the afternoon*, opp. to δειλὴ ὥρα, the latter part; πρῶια, absol. as Adv., *early*. II. *early in the season*;

πρῶα τῶν καρπῶν *early fruits*.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) *five years of debauchery*.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (πρόσγω) *the anus, the binder parts, back, tail*.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶν:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ὄλος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρως κοινὸς αἰἰας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶνος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρῶ) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶπος) νηὺς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὺς πρυμνή; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρύμνην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶραθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρατεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [α], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, εὐς, ἡ, (πρῶρα) = πρῶράτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶραθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσων, contr. for προῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προαἰδέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ἀγός, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγῶί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ἀγρία, τὰ, (πρῶτος, ἀγρία) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarium partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρωτ-ἀρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτοῖον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεία the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-πρότης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀρῆτης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρωτιστος, η, ον, also ος, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρωτίστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βλος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. parox. πρωτο-βῆλος, ον, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύφης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved.

πρωτό-γονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2.

of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτό-ζυξ, ὅς, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married.

πρωτό-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat: irreg. pl. πρωτιθρόνες (as if from πρωτιθρον).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλίσια, ἡ, (πρωτός, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύω) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λαα, τὰ, (πρῶτος, λείω) the first spoils in war, the firstfruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτό-μαντις, εὐς, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτό-μορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-παγής, ἐς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πῆμα) hurting first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτό-πλοος, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ον, (πρῶτος, πλός) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτό-ρίζος, ον, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρόατος, Dor. πρᾶτος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐνὶ πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρώτα (sub. ἄλλα) the first prize; τὰ πρώτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρώτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τὰ πρώτα τῶν Ἑπεριέων being the first or foremost man among the Epeirians; τὰ πρώτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρώτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρώτην εἶναι, like ἐκδόν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρώτων, πρώτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρώτων means once, once for all, as, ὅντινα πρώτων λάβωσιν ἄελλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρώτοις, first among the first. II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρώτων ἢ., = πρὶν ἢ., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, οἱ πρωτοστάται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [α]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτοκία, α, τὰ, the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

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πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκνέω) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρῶτο-τόκος.

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρώτος, τεμνέω) *first cut or cut off*.
πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, φύω) *firstborn*.
πρωτό-χνοος, *ον* contr. -χνοος, *ουν*, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρώτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.
πρῶνδαν, contr. for προ-αὐδαν, *inf. of προαυδάω*.
πρώων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, Ep. lengthd. form for πρῶν.
πταίσις, Dor. pres. part. fem. of πταίω.
ΠΤΑΙΡΩ, *φ*. πταίρῳ: aor. 1 ἐπταίρα: aor. 2 ἐπτάρον:
—to sneeze; μέγ' ἐπτάρε be sneezed aloud, which
was taken for a good omen:—metaph. of a lamp, to
sputter.

πταίσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step: metaph.*
a mistake, blunder. II. *a failure, misfortune.*

ΠΤΑΙΩ, *φ*. πταίω: aor. 1 ἐπταίσα: Pass., aor. 1
ἐπταίσθην: pf. ἐπταίσμαι:—to make to stumble, Lat.
offendere. II. intrans. (sub. πόδα), to strike the
foot, stumble; πταίνει πρὸς τινι to stumble against;
also, περί τινι, as, μὴ περί Μαρδονίῳ πταίσῃ ἡ Ἑλλάς
lest Hellas should get a fall over him. 2. metaph.
to make a false step or mistake, to fail.

πτάμενος, *η*, *ον*, aor. 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ἄ]
πτανός, Dor. for πτηνός.
πτᾶξ, gen. πτάκος, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (πτήσσω) *the covering*
animal, i. e. the bare.

πταρμός, *ὁ*, (πταίρω) *a sneezing, sneeze*.
πταρνύμαι, Dep. = πταίρω, to sneeze.
πτᾶς, part. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.
πτᾶσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέταμαι.
πτᾶτο, Ep. for ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.
ΠΤΕΛΕ' Αἰον. —ἐη, *ῆ*, *ῆ*, the elm, Lat. ulmus.
πτέρινος, *η*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πτερόν) *made of fea-*
thers; πτέρινος κύκλος a fan of feathers. II.
feathered, winged.

πτέρις, ἴδος, *ῆ*, (πτερόν) *a kind of fern, so called*
from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΤΕΡΝΑ Ion. -νῆ, *ῆ*, the bee. II. = πέρνα,
a bam.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper*.
name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-τρώκτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) *Ham-nib-*
bler, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερνο-φάγος, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, φάγην) *Ham-eater, name*
of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flap-*
ping wings: metaph. high-soaring, high-flown.

πτερεῖς, *εσσα*, *εν*, contr. fem. πτερούσσα, gen.
πτεροῦντος: (πτερόν):—feathered, winged: also light
as a feather: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεα
πτερόνεντα, winged words.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather, mostly in*
plur. feathers. 2. wings; ὑπὸ πτεροῖς εἶναι to be
under their mother's wings. II. *a winged crea-*

ture. 2. for οὐανός, an augury, omen. III. of
anything like wings or feathers, such as oars, ἑρεμᾶ,
τά τε πτερά νηυσὶ πέλονται which are the wings of
ships. 2. ἀέθλων πτερά the prize which waits the
Poet as it were to heaven. 3. the leafage of trees,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, the rows of columns
along the sides of Greek temples, whence the terms
ἄπτερος, διάπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *motley-fea-*
thered, of pied plumage.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, ποῦς) *wing-footed*.
πτερορ-ροέω and -ρύω, *φ*. ῥω: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—
to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult: metaph. to
be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged*;
πτεροφόρα φύλα the feathered tribes.

πτερο-φύω, (πτερόν, φύω) to grow feathers or wings.
πτερώ, *φ*. ὥω, (πτερόν) to furnish with feathers or
wings, to feather; πτεροῦν βιβλίον to tie a letter to
a feathered arrow and shoot it off:—Pass. to be fea-

thered. 2. of ships, to furnish with oars.

πτερύγεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.
πτερύγιζω, *φ*. ἰζω, (πτέρυξ) to flutter or flap the wings.

πτερύγιον [ῥ], τό, Dim. of πτέρυξ, a little wing. II.
anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or,
a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ακῆς, *ἑς*, (πτέρυξ, ἀκίς) *swift of wing*.
πτερύγ-ατός, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, (πτερυγία) *fledged, winged*,
wing-shaped.

πτέρυξ, ὕγος, *ῆ*, (πτερόν) *a wing.* II. anything
like a wing, as 1. a rudder. 2. in plur. the
skirts of a coat of mail. 2. the wing of a build-

ing. III. anything that covers or protects like
wings, a fold, flap or cape. IV. metaph., πτέ-

ρυγες γίωιν the wings, i. e. the flight or flow, of grief.
πτερύσσομαι, *φ*. ῥομαι, Dep. = πτερυγίζω.

πτέρωμα, *ατος*, τό, (πτερώω) *that which is feathered*,
a feathered arrow.

πτέρωσις, *ῆ*, (πτερώω) *a feathering, plumage*.
πτερωτός, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, also *ὅς*, *ὄν*, (πτερώω) *feathered*;
winged.

πτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, inf. of ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτης, ἴδος, *ῆ*, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) *bird-killing*.
πτηνός, *ῆ*, *ὄν* Dor. πτανός, *ὁ*, *όν*, (πτήναι) *fea-*

thered, winged: πτηνά, τά, fowls, birds. II. of
young birds, fledged. III. metaph., πτηνοὶ μῦθοι,
like ἔπεα πτερόεντα, winged, passing words; πτηναὶ

ἐλπιδες fleeting hopes.

πτήξαι, aor. 1 inf. of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, *ῆ*, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight*.
πτήσομαι, fut. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗ' ΣΣΩ, fut. πτήξω: aor. 1 ἐπτήξα Ep. πτήξα:
aor. 2 ἐπτάκον, only found in compd. καταπτάκων:
pf. ἐπτήχα, Ep. part. πεπτηγώς, ὠτος:—to frighten,
scare, alarm, terrify, Lat. terrere. II. intr. to

crouch down or cower for fear; πτήσσειν βομών to
flee cowering to the altar. 2. c. acc. to crouch for
fear of a thing.

πτήται, Ion. for πτᾶται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of
πέτομαι.

ΠΤΙΛΟΝ [τ], τό, *a feather: plumage: esp. of the*
under feathers, down. II. *a wing.*

denseness.

II. frequency.

wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

πυκνός, ἰ. ὥς, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνός, Adv. οἱ πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκνάλισμα, ἰ. ὥς, = πυκνέω, to box, spar.

πύκτης, Dot. ἰς πυκτής, a boxer.

πυκνέω, ἰ. ὥς, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὡς, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πύκτω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἄγορας or Πύλ-ἄγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλᾱγορος, ἰ. ἦσιν, to be a Πύλᾱγος, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἄγορος, see Πύλᾱγος.

Πύλαι, αἰ, see πύλη π. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνδοτος), ἡ, fem. of πύλαιος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πύλαι-μάχος, ου, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylae.

πύλαιος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2. (Πύλαι) at Pylae : v. Πύλαια. [ῥ]

πύλ-ἄρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀρτίσσω) he that keeps the gate of hell : Aeol. gen. πυλάργαο.

πύλ-ᾱρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ἄρα) Ep. for πυλᾱρός, keeping the gate : as Subst., πυλᾱρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ἡ, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἰ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ἡγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πύλᾱγος.

πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλοθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylae.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylae.

Πύλᾱνδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylae.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

III. metaph.

πύλ-ᾱρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ᾱρός) a gate-keeper.

πύλᾱς, ἰ. ὥς, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλων, ὥς, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πυλᾱρός, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ᾱρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ᾱρά) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύρματος, ἡ, ου, (πύρμα) the hindmost, uttermost, last : πύματος and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύρμαξ, ατος, ὁ, (πύρμα) the bottom of a vessel.

πυρθένομαι, lengthd. from πυρθεομαι : f. πυρθεομαι. Dot. πυρθεομαι : ατος. 2. ἐπιθυμῶ, imperat. πυρθεο.

Dot. πύθεν, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πυρθεοτο : pl. πύθενται, 2 sing. πύθεσθαι Ep. πύθενται : πληρ.

ἐπεπύσμαι, Ep. 3 sing. πύπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πυρθεοσθην : —to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry : to hear, learn, understand : c. gen. to hear of, hear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about : c. inf. to hear or learn that ...

ΠΥΞ, Adv. with clenched fist : πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πύξινος, α, ου, and πύξινος, ἡ, ου, (πύξ) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΞΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΟΣ or πύος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύπυξ, an exclamation of surprise. bravo!

ΠΥΡ, πύρις, τό, fire ; πυρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish hope.

III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσων ἀναιμακτέον πυρός stronger than invincible fire ; θαλ πυρός λέναι to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρ, ὡς, τό, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρ, ας, Ion. πύρή, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2. an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-ἄγρᾱ, ἡ, (πύρ, ἄγρᾱ) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρῆτης, ου, ὁ, = πύρᾱγρᾱ.

πύρ-αἶθᾱ, (πυρά, αἶθᾱ) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτής, ἰ. ἦσιν, (πύρ, ἄγρᾱ) to turn in the fire, to batten in the fire, char.

πύρᾱμνος, ἡ, ου, (πύρ) = πυρνος, of wheat, wheaten.

πύρᾱμις, ἰδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian word.

πύρᾱμους, ούτων, ὁ, contr. for πυρᾱμους, (πυρός) a cake of roasted wheat and honey ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch : generally also of prize of victory.

πύρᾱμους, ούτων, ὁ, contr. for πυρᾱμους, (πυρός) a cake of roasted wheat and honey ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch : generally also of prize of victory.

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πυγμῇ, dat. used as Adv., either = *πύκα*, often, frequently; or *up to the elbow*.

πύγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγῇ, στολή) with sweeping train, with trailing robe.

πύγουρος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πύδοριζω, f. ἴσω, to bop, jump, dance. ΠΥΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a *bathtub*: a *vat*, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ον Dor. α, δ, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

πυθαγορίζω, f. ἴσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras. Πυθαγοριστής, οὔ, Dor. -ικτός, α, δ, (πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυθάνομαι. Πύθευ, Dor. for πύθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ἱέρεια), ἡ, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad,

period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Ὀλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πυθιο-νίκης, ον, δ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθιο-νίκος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ον, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οἱ, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμῆν, ἑνος, δ, (δυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμῆν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the *deeps*, foundations. II. the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοῦ, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

πύθοιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.

Πυθοῖδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κρᾶνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, δ, ἡ, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet; Πυθόμαντις ἑστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθο-χρήστης, ον, Dor. -τας, α, δ, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [ῶ]: fut. πύσω: aor. 1 ἐπύσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθώ, gen. οὖς, dat. οἶ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ὄνος, ἡ, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκνός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάζω old Dor. -άσσω: f. ἄσσω: aor. 1 ἐπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκαμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely, encrowd; πυκάζειν στεφάνους to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. 1 and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείς and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast; shut up.

πυκάσσω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πύκλ-μῆδης, ἐς, (πυκνός, μῆδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πύκινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrewdly: πύκινός-φρων, ὄνος, (πυκνός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινώς, Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνότης, ον, δ, = πυκνότης, (Πινύξ) assembling in the Pnyx. [ῖ]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνό-πτερος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered:

πυκνόρ-ραξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or πυκνόρ-ρωξ, -ωγος, δ, ἡ, (πυκνός, ρώξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πύκινός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκνὰ βέλεια a thick shower of darts. II. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbrewd, discreet, wise. V. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνός and πυκνώς, Homer also uses neuters πυκινόν and πυκινά, πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv. 1. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrewdly.

πυκνός, gen. of πύξ.

πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίζω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ἡ, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness.

denseness.

II. frequency.

III. metaph.

wisdom, sbrewdness, discretion.

πυκνώνω, f. ὥσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πυκνώμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλλω, f. σω, = πυκτεῖν, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεῖν, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πύσσω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἀγόρας or Πύλ-ἀγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphibolyonic Council at Pylos, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphibolyonic Council. Hence

πύλ-ἀγορέω, f. ἡσω, to be a Πύλ-ἀγορας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphibolyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἀγόρος, see Πύλ-ἀγορας.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνεδρος), ἡ, fem. of πύλαιος, the meeting of the Amphibolyons at Pylos; generally, the Amphibolyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πύλαι-μάχος, ου, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylos.

πύλαιος, α, ου, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2. (Πύλαι) at Pylos; v. Πύλαια. [ῥ]

πύλ-ἄρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀράτσκω) he that keeps the gate of bell : Aeol. gen. πύλάρταω.

πύλ-ᾠρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ᾠρα) Ep. for πυλᾠρός, keeping the gate : as Subst., πύλᾠρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ἡ, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylos, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πύλ-ἀγορας. πύλ-ᾠκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate. πύλῆς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern. Πύλῳθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πύλῳδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylos. πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

πύλ-οῦρος, ὁ, (πύλη, οὔρος) a gate-keeper. πύλῳ, f. ὥσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλῳν, ᾠνος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πυλᾠρέω, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ᾠρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ᾠρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύμᾠτος, ἡ, ου, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last : πύμᾠτον and πύμᾠτα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πύνθομαι : f. πύνσομαι Dor. πυνσοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἐπύνθην, imperat. πυνθού Dor. πύνθου, inf. πύνθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπύνθοιτο : pf. πέπυνσαι, 2 sing. πέπυνσαι Ep. πέπυνσαι : plqpf. ἐπεπύνθην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυνστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύνσθην :—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry : to bear, learn, understand : c. gen. to bear of, bear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about : c. inf. to bear or learn that . . .

ΠΥΞ, Adv. with clenched fist; πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πύξινεος, α, ου, and πύξινος, ἡ, ου, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΞΕΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΤΟΣ or πύτος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

ΠΥΡΑΞ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo !

ΠΥΡ, πύρος, τό, fire ; πυρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish bore.

III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσον ἀμειμακτόν πυρός stronger than invincible fire ; διὰ πυρός λέγειν to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρα, ὦν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρα, ᾠς, Ion. πύρή, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2. an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (πύρ, ἀγρεύω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγρα.

πύρ-αἶθω, (πύρα, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ἡσω, (πύρ, ἀγώ) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

πύράμινος, ἡ, ου, (πύρος) = πύρινος, of uheat, uheaten.

πύρᾠς, ἰδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian word.

πύρᾠμος, ὄνυτος, ὁ, contr. for πυραμῳς, (πύρος) a cake of roasted uheat and bone ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch : generally, the need or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ἐς, (πύρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πύργος) like a tower. II. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἡσω, to shut up in a tower :—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυρ-ήρης, ες, (πύργος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *shut up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, η, ον, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πυργο-δαίκτης, ον, (πύργος, δαίξω) *destroying towers.* [ᾶ]

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, casile: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark: πύργος θανάτων a bulwark against death. 3. the highest part of any building. III. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργῶν.

πυργο-φόρος, ον, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a tower-guard, warder. [ῶ]

πυργῶ, f. ὦσα, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.*

II. to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργῶσαι ῥήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: 'hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.

πυργ-ώδης, ες, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πυργῶμα, ατος, τό, (πυργῶ) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.

πυργῶτης, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργῶ) *towering.*

πυρ-δαίης, ες, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πύρεϊον Ion. πύρηιον, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρήια, pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.

πύρεσσω Att. -ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. I ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετός):—to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πύρετός, οὔ, ὁ, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. *feverish heat, a fever: πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος a tertian, quartan fever.*

πύρεύς, εως, ὁ, (πύρ) a fire-proof vessel.

πύρη, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πύρηιον, τό, Ion. for πύρεϊον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ὅς, ὁ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ήνμος, ον, (πύρ, ἄνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πυρη-τόκος, ον, (πυρός, τεκεῖν) *wheat-producing.*

πύρη-φάτος, ον, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρη-φόρος, ον, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρις, ἡ, (πύρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an air-tight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πυριάτη [ᾶ], ἡ, (πύρος) a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

πυριάτηριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πυριάω, (πυριά) to put into a vapour-bath.

πύρι-βλητος, ον, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρι-γενέτης, ον, ὁ, = πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, ες, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, ον, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, ον, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πύριδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ήκης, ες, (πύρ, ἀκή) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praestus.*

πύρι-κάης, ες, = πυρίκαυστος.

πύρι-καυστος, ον, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κοίτης, ες, (πύρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πύρι-λαμπής, ες, (πύρ, λάμπω) *bright with fire.*

πύρινος [ῶ], η, ον, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινος [ῶ], η, ον, (πυρός) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνέον, ουσια, ον, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, ον contr. -πνους, ον, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, ον, (πύρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπειρητος, ον, (πύρ, σπειράω) *swaled in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, ον, (πύρ, στάω) *streaming with fire.*

πύριτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. πύριτης, ιδος, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, ον, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, ον, (πύρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέων, οντος, ὁ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλής, ες, and πύρι-φλέγων, οντος, ὁ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτος, ον, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρίχη, ἡ, poet. for πυρήχη.

πυρ-καεύς, εως, ὁ, (πύρ, καίω) *a fire-kindler.*

πυρκαῖα Ion. -νῆ, ἡ, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. II.

an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναῖος, α, ον, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, short. for πύρνον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρνος (πυρός), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, ες, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύροεις, εσσα, εν, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. ὁ πυροεις the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πυροκλοπία, ἡ, the fire-theft. From

πύρο-κλόπος, ον, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, ον, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροπώλw, f. ἴσω, to deal in wheat. From

πύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πυρός, πωλέω) a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.

πύρορ-ράγης, ες, (πύρ, ραγῆναι) *bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυροραγές, cracked.*

πύρός, ὁ, wheat: in plur. grains of wheat. (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, ον, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρώω, f. ὦσα, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-παλάμαω, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks.

πυρ-πάλαμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πυρ-πνός, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἦσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοὺς ἀνθρώπους to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ου, ὁ, (πύρρος) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [Ὶ]

πυρρίχιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίχιζω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, ὁ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. τοὺς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετὰ, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called πυρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρό-θριξ, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρ-οπίτης [Ὶ], ου, ὁ, (πυρρός, οπιπτεῖν) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-οπίτης ogling wheat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τριχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρροαῖνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red.

πυρρεῖω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρρο-βάλος, ον, (πυρρός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting.

πυρρό-κομος, ον, (πυρρός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρρό-νωτος, ον, (πυρρός, νῶτος) red-backed.

πυρρός, οὔ, ὁ: irreg. pl. πυρρά, τά: (πῦρ): a fire-brand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρρο-τόκος, ον, (πυρρός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρρ-ώης, es, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρρ-ώρος, ὁ, (πυρσός, ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἱ στοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεός πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἶδε μὴ δὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὦψ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πύρω) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πῖθω.

πῦτιζω, f. ἴσω, (πῖω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτιναῖος, α, ον, plaited with willows. From

ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [Ὶ]

πυτισμα, ατος, τό, (πυτιζω) that which one spits out.

πῶ Ion. κῶ, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, liberto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian for πού; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, the beard; πάγων πυρὸς a beard or tail of fire. Hence

πωγωνίας, ου, ὁ, bearded; ἀστήρ πωγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

πωγωνιον, τό, Dim. of πάγων, a little beard.

πωγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard.

πῶσα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶν.

πωλεία, ἡ, (πωλεῖω) a breeding of foals.

πωλόεμαι Ion. πωλεῖμαι, whence part. πωλούμενος,

impf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκειτο:

fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πῶλω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place:

c. gen., ἀγγελῆς πωλείσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύμην, Ep. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλόεμαι.

πῶλευσις, ἡ, (πωλεῖω) horse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέεσκον: f. ἦσω; (*πῶλω,

which occurs in ἐμ-πῶλόεμαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνείσθαι πωλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πωλεῖν τέλη, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf.

πῖπρόσκα.

πῶλης, ου, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πῶλησις, ἡ, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer. II.

at Athens the πωληταὶ were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπῶλων, Lat. locare) the taxes and other

revenues to the l

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν,

generally,

of or for horses; ἀπήνη παλική a chariot drawn by horses.

II. poet. *virgin, maidenly.*

παλίων, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.

παλοδαμῶν, f. ἦσω, to break young horses.

2. metaph. to train up, rear. From

παλο-δάμνης, ου, δ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.

παλο-μάχος, ου, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-back or in a chariot. [ἀ]

ΠΩΛΟΣ, δ and ἦ, a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal.

II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like μύσχος, πόρτις, Lat. *juventa*: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πῶλυ-πος, δ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μᾶλα, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; bow in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not be least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πῶ, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.

πῶρινος, η, ου, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone.

πῶρος, δ, tuff-stone, Lat. *topbus*, Ital. *tufa*, friable and porous.

πῶρώ, f. ὤσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into stone.

II. generally, to barden, make callous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded or callous, of the heart.

πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πῶρώ) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. *παρόμαι*, bardness of heart, callousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. bow? in what way or manner? Lat. *quomodo*? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πῶς ἀγῶνος ἤκομεν; bow are we come off in the contest?

II. at the beginning of a speech, *How now?* πῶς γάρ...; as if something had gone before, *How should that be, for it cannot be that...*? so also πῶς δῆ; πῶς γὰρ δῆ; III. πῶς ἂν with the opt. expresses a wish, *O bow might I...? would that I could!* πῶς ἂν ὀλοίμην; would that I could perish!

IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet bow can that be? but bow?

V. πῶς οὐ; Lat. *quidni?* why not? certainly.

VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; bow think you? i. e. you cannot think bow.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. *aliquo modo*.

(Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πός; quis? whence ποῦ, πῶ, ποῖ, etc.)

πῶτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι, to fly. Hence

πῶτῆμα, ατος, τό, flight.

ΠΩΤ' Ἦ, εως, τό, pl. πῶεα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οἴων, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

P

P, ρ, ρῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὗτερ μάρτυρ for οὗτος μάρτυς: so in Lat. *arbor arbos*, *donor donos*.

II. in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρην θάρσος, for ἄρσιν θάρσος.

III. Att., ρ was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκαρος σιγηρός, for κλίβανος ναύκληρος σιγηλός.

IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσος.

V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat., and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρ-ρωστός, ἔρριψε.

VI. ρ at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρὴ ὑπὸ μίπῃς, σπένδειν ἀπὸ ῥυτῆρος.

VII. ρ was called by the ancients *littera canina*,—*irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat*, Lucil.

ρά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ἀ]

ῤΑ or ῤᾶ, Adv. easily: see ῤέα, ῤεῖα.

ραββί, δ, indecl., Hebrew word, *Rabb-i*, i. e. my master:—so also ραββονί or ραββοννί, δ, *Rabb-oni*, my master, a term of higher honour than *Rabb-i*.

ραβδίξω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ραβδίον, τό, Dim. of ράβδος, a small wand.

ραβδονομέω, f. ἦσω, to sit as umpire. From

ραβδο-νόμος, ου, (ράβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ραβδονόμος, δ, = ραβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

ῤΑΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch.

2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes.

3. a fishing-rod.

4. a spear-staff or shaft.

5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre.

6. in pl. ῤάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ραβδονχέω, f. ἦσω, (ραβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office.

2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:—Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ραβδονχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ραβδ-ούχος, ου, (ράβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod:—as Subst., ραβδοῦχος, δ, one who bears a staff of office: a judge, umpire.

2. a magistrate's attendant, sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.

ραβδο-φόρος, ου, = ραβδοῦχος.

ραβδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. *virgatus*.

ῤαγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ραγήναι) a rent, cink.

ῤαγήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῤαγήνυμι.

ῤαγαδαίος, α, ου, (ῤάσσω) tearing, furious.

ῤαγίξω, f. ἴσω, (ῤάξ) to gather grapes.

ῤαγο-λόγος, ἡ, ὄν, (ῤάξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ῤαδινάκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ῤΑΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδινός, ἄ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ῤάδιος, α, ου, Att. also ου, Ion. ῤηδῖος, η, ου [ῤ], or ῤήδῖος, η, ου (ῤᾶ, ῤέα, ῤεῖα), easy, easy to make or do; αἶμος ῤηδῖη an easy road: c. inf., ῤάφρος ῤηδῖη περῖσαι a trench easy to cross:—also *light*,

simple, little-beeded.

II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. *facilis*, *commodus*.

2. in bad sense, beedless, reckless.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root *ῥα*:—Comp. *ῥάων*, neut. *ῥάων* Ion. *ῥήων*, *ῥήων* Ep. *ῥήτερος* contr. *ῥάτερος*:—Sup. *ῥάστος*, η, *ον* Ion. *ῥήστος* Dor. *ῥάστος* Ep. *ῥήτατος*. *ῥαδιουργέω*, f. ἴσω, (*ῥαδιουργός*) to do with ease.

II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life. Hence

ῥαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and *ῥαδιουργία*, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility.

II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, ὄν, (*ῥάδιος*, ἔργον) doing things easily, ready.

II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥαδίας Ep. and Ion. *ῥηδίας*, Adv. of *ῥάδιος*, easily, lightly, readily; *ῥαδίας* φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ῥαθάμιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (*ῥαίνω*) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ῥαθα-πυγίζω, (*ῥάσσω*, *πυγή*) to slap one on the back.

ῥαθυμέω, f. ἴσω, (*ῥάθυμος*) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle. Hence

ῥαθυμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness. II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ῥά-θυμος, ὄν, (*ῥάδιος*, *θυμός*) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. sluggish, lazy, slothful. Hence

ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; *ῥαθύμως* φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνως, ὄν, (*ῥαιβός*, *κράνιον*) crook-headed.

ῥΑΙΒΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελής, ἐς, (*ῥαιβός*, *σκέλος*) crook-legged.

ῥαῖζω Ion. *ῥηίζω*, f. ἴσω, (*ῥάδιος*) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ῥΑΙΝΩ, fut. *ῥάνω*: aor. I *ῥέpana*, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. *ῥάσσετε* (as if from **ῥά(ω)*): pf. pass. *ῥέpassμαι* (also from **ῥά(ω)*), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. *ῥέpassatai*, —aro:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ῥαίσιμεναι, Ep. for *ῥαίσειν*, fut. inf. of *ῥαίω*.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *ῥαίω*.

ῥαιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ῥαίω*) a breaker, crusher: a batter.

ῥΑΙΩ, f. ὦω: aor. I *ῥέpassa*:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed.

II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ῥακά, ὁ, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκων, τό, Dim. of *ῥάκος*, a rag, shred, patch: in plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκιο-συρραπτάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (*ῥάκιο*, *συρραπτα*) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥάκó-δυτός, ὄν, (*ῥάκος*, *δυώ*) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥάκoεις, ἐσσα, ἐν, ragged, tattered. II. urinkled. From

ῥΑΚOΣ [ᾶ], εος, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. *ῥάκea*, *ῥάκη*, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or shred of cloth.

2. in plur. wrinkles. 3. metaph., *σάματος ῥάκος* a shred of life, of an old man.

ῥακόω, f. ὦω, (*ῥάκος*) to tear in strips. Hence

ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = *ῥάκος*, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ῥΑΜΝOΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub.

ῥαμνούς, ούντος, ὁ, *Rhamnús*, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from *ῥαμνoεις*, ἐσσα, ἐν, thorny. Hence

ῥαμνoύσιος, α, ὄν, of *Rhamnús*: ἡ *ῥαμνoυσία*, the *Rhamnusian* goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at *Rhamnús*.

ῥΑΜΦOΣ, εος, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥάνεις, ἴδος, ἡ, (*ῥαίνω*) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, ὄν, (*ῥαίνω*) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. ὦω, (*ῥαίνω*) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ὁ, (*ῥαντίζω*) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. *ῥάγος*, ἡ, a grape; cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ῥάϋον, neut. of *ῥάων*, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ῥάωνας, Adv. of *ῥάων*, more easily.

ῥάπίζω, f. ἴωω: pf. pass. *ῥέpassμαι*: (*ῥάπης*):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥάπης, ἴδος, ἡ, (*ῥάβδος*) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥάπίζω*) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥάπτω*) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; *ῥαπτὴ σφαῖρα* a ball patched of divers colours.

ῥΑΠΤO, f. *ῥάπω*: aor. I *ῥέpassa* Ep. *ῥάψα*: Pass., aor. 2 *ῥέpassην* [ᾶ]: pf. *ῥέpassμαι*:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself.

II. later, to work with the needle, embroider. III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., *τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ῥέpassas μὲν σύ, ὑπεθέσαστο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης* this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

ῥάριος, α, ὄν, from *Raros*, *Rarian*: *ῥάριον* (sub. *πέδιον*), τό, the *Rarian* plain near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called *ῥαριάς*. From

ῥάρος, ὄν, ὁ, *Raros*, father of *Triptolemus*.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of *ῥαίνω* (as if from **ῥά(ω)*).

‘ΠΑ’ΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ῥήσσω, ῥήγνυμι. ῥάστα, neut. pl. of ῥάστος, as Adv., most easily. ῥάστος, ῥ, ov, irreg. Sup. of ῥάδιος, contr. of ῥάιστος, most easy.

ῥάστωνεύω, = ῥαθυμῶ, to be idle, listless. From ῥάστωνή Ion. ῥηστώνη, ῥ, (ῥάστος) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. facilitas; ἐκ ῥηστώνης τῆς Δημοκρίδους from kindness to Democedes.

III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ῥάτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥάφανιδῶ, (ραφανίς) to punish as an adulterer. ῥάφανίς, ῖδος, ῥ, the radish, Lat. rapbanus. From ‘ΠΑ’ΦΑ’ΝΟΣ, ῥ, cabbage. [ρᾶ]

ῥάφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ράπτω) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.

ῥάφή, ῥ, (ράπτω) a seam; ῥαφή κρανίου the suture of the skull.

ῥάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ῥάπτω. ῥάφιδεύς, ἔως, ῥ, = ῥάφεύς.

ῥάφίς Dor. ῥαπίς, ἴδος, ῥ, (ράπτω) a needle, pin.

ῥάχια Ion. ῥηχίη, ῥ, (ῥάσσω) like ῥηγμίν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to ἀμφοῖς the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχιζω, f. ἴσω, (ράχis) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

ῥάχis [ᾶ], gen. ιος Att. εως, ῥ, the back of men or animals, the spine: also the backbone, Lat. spina dorsi; ὑπὸ ῥάχιν παρῆναι to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ῥαχός Ion. ῥηχός, οὐ, ῥ, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

ῥάψαι, aor. I inf. of ῥάπτω.

ῥαψωδέω, f. ῥῶω: (ραψωδός):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that ... II. c. acc. pers., to sing of one. Hence

ῥαψωδία, ῥ, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ῥαψωδός, ὁ, (ράπτω, ῥῶῃ) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called rhapsodies, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called ῥαψωδὸς κίων, from proposing her riddle.

ῥάων, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥέα, Ep. Adv. for ῥᾶ (whence ῥάδιος), easily, lightly. [υ, but also contr. as one long syll.]

‘Ρέα, ῥ, Ep. and Ion. ‘Ρεῖη or ‘Ρέη, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from ἔρα, Earth?)

‘ΡΕΤΚΩ, f. ῥέγω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

‘ΡΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, = ῥήγος, a rug, coverlet.

ῥέγγω, = ῥέγω, q. v.

ῥέδη, ῥ, a wagon, from the Lat. rbeda.

ῥέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ῥεῖθρον, a stream.

‘ΡΕ’Ω, Ion. impf. ῥέεσκον: fut. ῥέω: aor. I ἔρεξα and ἔρρεξα: of Pass. only aor. I ῥεχθῆναι is used:—like ἔρδω, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶς ῥέζειν τινα to maltreat one. II. ἱερὰ ῥέζειν θεῷ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. sacra facere: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. operari, facere.

‘ΡΕ’ΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

ῥεῖα, another Ep. form of ῥέα, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, carelessly.

‘Ρεῖη, ῥ, Ep. and Ion. for ‘Ρέα.

ῥεῖθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. ῥέεθρον, (ῥέω) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ῥέκτηρα, ῥ, fem. of ῥεκτήρ.

ῥεκτήρ, ῥπος, ὁ, (ῥέω) a doer, agent.

ῥέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

ῥέξας, ῥέξας, aor. I inf. and part. of ῥέω.

ῥέος, τό, (ῥέω) a stream.

‘ΡΕ’ΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. vergere, inclinare: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards ... II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., ἴσως ῥέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ῥεπῶπιμένος, pf. pass. part. of ῥεπῶω.

ῥεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ῥέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ῥεύσομαι, fut. of ῥέω, to flow.

ῥεχθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of ῥέω.

*‘ΡΕ’Ω, to say, root of some tenses given under ἔρω, εἶπον.

‘ΡΕ’Ω, f. ῥεύσομαι: Att. fut. ῥυήσομαι and aor. 2 ἔρρην, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἔρρηκα:—to flow, run, stream, gush; ῥέειν αἵματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, ῥεῖτω χώρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; ῥέειν ἀπὸ χύιδος to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away. II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ρήγμα, ατος, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

ρήγνιν or -μιν, gen. ἴνος, δ, (ρήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. metaph. the verge or edge of a thing.

·ΡΗΤΝΥ·ΜΙ or -ύω: 3 sing. impf. ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ῥήρηνυ: fut. ῥήξω: aor. 1 ῥήρξα: pf. 2 ῥρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. ῥήξομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ῥηξάμην:—Pass.: fut. 2 ῥάγῃσομαι: aor. 1 ῥήρῃχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ῥήραγην [ᾱ]: pf. ῥρηγμαι:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief. 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον ῥήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Med., ῥήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ῥήξαι, ῥήξασθαι, to break or force one's way through. 3. to let break loose, to uncabin, let loose; ῥήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's *rumpe vocem*: so, ῥήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; ῥήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ῥήσσω, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. ῥρωγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for ῥήρηνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ῥήγνυμι. ΡΗΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ρήδιος, η, ον, Ion. contr. from ῥηδιδιος, easy. ῥηθείς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ῥέω, ἐπὶ: ῥηθῆναι inf. ῥηδιδιος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥάδιος, easy. ῥηιστος, η, ον, Ion. for ῥάστος, Sup. of ῥάδιος. ῥηίτατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of ῥάδιος. ῥηίτερος, η, ον, Ep. Comp. of ῥάδιος.

ρηκτός, η, ον, (ρήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff. ῥήμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥέω=ῥώ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ὄνομα (a noun).

ρημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ῥήμα, a little word, a pet phrase.

·ΡΗ·Ν, ἡ, gen. ῥηνός, acc. ῥήνα, a sheep, lamb. ῥηνο-φορεὺς, ὁ, (ῥήν, φέρω) wearing sheepskin.

ῥήξαι, ῥήξας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of ῥήγνυμι. ῥηξηνόρρα, ἡ, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ῥηξ-ήνωρ, οπος, δ, (ῥήγνυμι, ἀνὴρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ῥηξ-κτελευθός, ον, (ῥήγνυμι, κτελευθός) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ῥηξί-voos, ον, (ῥήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit.

ῥήξιν, εως, ἡ, (ῥήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entrails of victims.

ῥήσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (*ῥέω=ῥώ) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; καταπλέξαι τὴν ῥήσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

ῥήσσω, rarer collat. form of ῥήγνυμι: ῥήσσειν τύμπα to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. *tripudiare*.

ῥηστῶν, ἡ, Ion. for ῥαστῶν.

ῥητέον, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω, one must say.

ῥητήρ, ῥηρος, δ, (*ῥέω=ῥώ) like ῥήτωρ, a speaker.

ῥητορεύς, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ῥητορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—ἡ ῥητορικὴ (sub. τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ῥητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω=ῥώ, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. *ratus*; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖς γέ-ρασι with specified prerogatives; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖσι on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ῥήτρα Ion. ῥήτρη, ἡ, (*ῥέω=ῥώ) a word, saying, maxim. 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ῥήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (*ῥέω=ῥώ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. *orator*. II. a rhetorician, Lat. *rebetor*.

ῥητός, Adv. of ῥητός, in express terms.

ῥηχί, ἡ, Ion. for ῥαχία.

ῥηχός, ἡ, Ion. for ῥάχος.

ῥιγεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling: ῥιγεδανὴ Ἑλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ῥιγέω, f. ῥήσω: aor. 1 ἐπρίγησα Ep. ῥίγησα: pf. ἐπρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐπρίγαντι (for -ασι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐπρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἐπρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ῥίγος):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal. II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ῥιγῆλός, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling.

ῥιγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ῥίγος, more chilly. II. metaph. more horribly.

ῥιγιστός, η, ον, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ῥιγιον) from ῥίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most horrible.

ῥιγο-μάχης, ον, δ, (ῥίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾱ]

·ΡΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. *FRIGUS*, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. *horror*.

ῥιγῶ, f. ὤσω, (ῥίγος) like ῥιγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into *ω* instead of *ου* (as if it were *μεγάω*), as, part. *μεγών, μεγώσα*, dat. *μεγώντι*; also opt. *μεγώην*.

ΠΙΖΑ, a root: in plur. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc. II. that from which anything springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

ρίζιον, τό, Dim. of *ρίζα*, a little root.

ρίζθεν, Adv. (*ρίζα*) from the root or roots.

ρίζο-τομός, όν, (*ρίζα*, *τεμείν*) cutting roots, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

ρίζω, f. *ώσω*: pf. pass. *ἐρρίζωμαι* (*ρίζα*)—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; τυραννίς *ἐρρίζωμένη* a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

ρίζωμα, ατος, τό, (*ρίζω*) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

ρίζ-ώρυχος, όν, (*ρίζα*, *ὄρυσσαι*) digging for roots.

ρικνός, ή, όν, (*ῥέγος*) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

ρικν-ώδης, es, (*ρικνός*, *εἶδος*) shrivelled-looking.

ρίμψα, Adv. (*ρίπτω*) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

ρίμψ-ἄρματός, όν, (*ρίμψα*, *ἄρμα*) of a swift chariot; *ριμψάριμα* τοι *ἐμύλλαι* swift racing of chariots.

ρίν, ή, later form for *ρίς*.

ρίνάω, f. *ήσω*, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

ΠΙΝΗ, ή, a file, rasp. [Γ]

ρίνηλατέω, f. *ήσω*, to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

ρίν-ηλάτης, όν, ό, (*ρίς*, *ἐλαύνω*) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

ρίνó-βολος, όν, (*ρίς*, *βάλλω*) forced through the nostril, snorting.

ρίνόν, τό, a hide, skin. 2. an ox-hide, a shield.

ΡΙΝÓΣ, ού, ό and ή, the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf's skin. 2. an oxhide shield.

ρίνο-τόπος, όν, (*ρίνός*, *τοπέω*) piercing shields.

ΡΙΨΟΝ, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a headland, foreland.

ρίψεσι, Ep. pl. dat. of *ρίψ*.

ρίψή, ή, (*ρίπτω*) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus; *ρίψή* πυλός the rush or blast of fire. 2. a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

ρίπτίζω, f. *ίω*, (*ρίπτε*) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. *conflare*.

ρίπτις, ίδος, ή, (*ρίπη*) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

ρίπσιμα, ατος, τό, (*ρίπιζω*) the air or wind of a fan. *ρίπιος*, (*ρίψ*) a mat or wicker burdle.

ρίπτάζω, f. *άσω*, Frequentative of *ρίπτω*, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. *jactare*:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

ρίπτασκον, Ion. impf. of *ρίπτω*.

ρίπντέω, a form of *ρίπτω*, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

ρίπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of *ρίπτω*, thrown, cast, hurled; *ρίπτός* μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

ΡΙΠΤΩ f. *ρίψω*: aor. I *ἔρριψα* Ep. *ρίψα*: pf. *ἔρριφα*: Pass., fut. I *ριφθήσομαι*, fut. 2 *ρίψήσομαι*, paullo-p. fut. *ἐρρίψομαι*: aor. I *ἐρρίφην*, and aor. 2 *ἐρρίφην* [Υ]: pf. *ἔρριμμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *ἐρέριπτο*:—to throw, cast, hurl; *ρίπτειν* χθονί to throw on the ground: to cast a net, *ἔρριπται* ό βόλος the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; *ρίπτειν* τί τινας to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; *ρ. εαυτόν*. 7. *ρίπτειν* κίνδυνον to make a venture or hazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

ΡΙΞ, ή, gen. *ρίνός*, acc. *ρίνα*: plur. *ρίνες*, Ion. gen. *ρίνέων*:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. *nares*.

ριφθείς, *ρίφεις*, aor. I and 2 pass. part. of *ρίπτω*.

ΡΙΨ, ή, gen. *ρίπτός*, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. *crates*.

ρίψα, Ep. for *ἔρριψα*, aor. I of *ρίπτω*.

ρίψ-ασπης, ίδος, ό, ή, (*ρίπτω*, *ἀσπίς*) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

ρίψης, εως, ή, (*ρίπτω*) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

ρίψο-κίνδυνος, όν, (*ρίπτω*, *κίνδυνος*) running need-less risk, foolhardy; see *ρίπτω* 7.

ρίψ-οπλος, όν, (*ρίπτω*, *ὅπλον*) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

ρίβα, ή, see *ρίλα*.

ροδάνη, ή, the thread spun, woof, weft. From

ροδάνος, ή, όν, (*κραδάω*) waving, quivering.

ροδέα contr. *ροδή*, ή, (*ρόδον*) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

ρόδεος, α, όν, (*ρόδον*) of roses, Lat. *roseus*.

ροδή, ή, contr. for *ροδέα*.

ρόδινος, η, όν, (*ρόδον*) made or twined of roses.

Ρόδιος, α, όν, (*Ρόδος*) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes.

ροδο-δάκτυλος, όν, (*ρόδον*, *δάκτυλος*) rosy-fingered.

ροδο-ειδής, ές, (*ρόδον*, *ειδής*) rosy-like, rosy.

ροδόεις, εσσα, εν, (*ρόδος*) of roses.

ροδό-κισσος, ό, (*ρόδον*, *κισσός*) rose-ivy.

ροδό-μηλον Dor. —*μαλον*, τό, (*ρόδον*, *μήλον*) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

ΡΟΔΟΝ, τό, the rose, Lat. *rosa*.

ροδό-πηχυς Dor. —*παχυς*, υ, gen. vos, (*ρόδον*, *πηχυς*) rosy-armed.

ροδό-πνοος, όν contr. —*πνοος*, ουν, (*ρόδον*, *πνέω*) breathing of roses.

Ρόδος, όν, ή, the island of Rhodes, Lat. *Rhodus*.

ῥοδό-χρως, *αῖτος*, δ, ἡ, (ῥόδον, χρώς) *rose-coloured*, of rose complexion.

ῥοδονία, ἡ, (ῥόδον) *a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary*, Lat. *rosarium*.

ῥοή Dor. **ῥοά**, ἡ, (ῥέω) *a river, stream, current, flow*; ἀμπέλου ῥοή *the juice of the grape*;—metaph., ῥοαὶ *streams of events, the tide of affairs*.

ῥοθέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥόθος) *to dash, plash*, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. *to murmur, sound boarse or loud*.

ῥοθαλίω, f. ἄσω, (ῥόθιος) *to dash with the oar*. 2. of pigs eating, *to make a guttling noise*.

ῥοθιάς, ἄθος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ῥόθιος, *roaring, dashing*.

ῥόθιον, τό, *a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf*. 2. *a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar*. Properly neut. from

ῥόθος, ov, also α, ov, (ῥόθος) *rusbing, roaring, dashing*.

ῥΟΘΟΣ, δ, *a rusbing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars*; ἐξ ἑνὸς ῥόθου *with one stroke*, all in time. 2. *a boarse or tumultuous noise, din*. II. *a rusbing motion*. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥοιά or **ῥόα** Ion. **ῥοίη**, ἡ, *a pomegranate-tree*. II. *the fruit, a pomegranate*.

ῥοιβέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοιβδος) *to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle*.

ῥοιβήσσειν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ῥοιβδέω.

ῥοιβήσις, ἡ, (ῥοιβδέω) *a whistling, piping*.

ῥοιβδος, δ, *any rusbing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rusbing of the wind*.

ῥοιβασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ῥοιέω.

ῥοιέω, f. ἤσω, (ῥοιέος) *to make a whistling or rusbing sound, whistle, burtle, wibiz*, Lat. *stridere*. Hence

ῥοιζήδον, Adv. *with a rusbing noise or motion*.

ῥοιζήμα, αῖτος, τό, (ῥοιζέω) *a rusbing noise or motion, the flapping of wings*.

ῥΟΙΖΟΣ, δ, Ion. ἡ, *any whistling or rusbing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc.* (Formed from the sound.)

ῥΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *crooked*.

ῥομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβέω) *spun round like a top, whirled about*.

ῥόμβος, δ, (ῥέμβω) *anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo*. 2. *a magic wheel*, Lat. *rombi rota*. II. *a spinning, whirling motion*;

ῥόμβος αἰεροῦ *the eagle's wheeling flight*. III. *a rhombus*, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ῥομβέω, f. ὥσω, *to make into the shape of a rhombus*.

ῥομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥομβόω) *panelled in lozenge*.

ῥομφαία, ἡ, *a large sword or scymitar*, used by the Thracians: generally, *a sword*. (Foreign word.)

ῥόος Att. contr. **ῥοῦς**, ov, δ, (ῥέω) *a stream, current*; κατὰ ῥόον, Ep. *κατὰ ῥόον*, *down stream, with stream*; ἀνὰ ῥόον *up stream, against stream*.

ῥόπαλον, τό, (ῥέπω) *a club, a stick or cudgel* which is thicker at one end: *a war-club or mace* of brass. II. *a knocker on a door*.

ῥοπή, ἡ, (ῥέπω) *inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging*: *the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale*. 2. metaph. *the turn of the scale, the critical moment*; ἐπὶ ῥοπῆς μᾶς ἐστὶ *it is just on the turning-point*; ῥοπή βίου *the turning-point, verge of life*.

II. *the weight which makes the scale turn*; σμυκρὰ παλαιὰ σώματ' ἐνᾷξει *ῥοπή* *a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest*.

ῥοπτήρον, τό, (ῥέμβω) *a club, mace, cudgel*. 2. *the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse*.

ῥοπτή, ὁ, Att. contr. for ῥόος.

ῥοφέω, f. ἤσομαι, (ῥόφος), *to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down*.

ῥΟΦΟΣ, δ, *a swallowing or gulping down*. 2. *that which is gulped down*.

ῥοχθέω, f. ἤσω, *to roar, of the waves*. From

ῥΟΧΘΟΣ, δ, *a roaring, esp. of the sea*.

ῥο-ώδης, es, (ῥόος, εἶδος) *fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough*.

ῥοαί, ἄκος, δ, (ῥέω) *a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains: a stream of lava*.

ῥύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ῥυγχ-ελέφας, αῖτος, δ, (ῥύγχος, ἐλέφας) *with an elephant's trunk*.

ῥυγχίον, τό, Dim. of ῥύγχος, *a snout, muzzle*.

ῥύγχος, eos, τό, (ῥύξω) *a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb*.

ῥύδην and **ῥύδον**, Adv. (ῥέω) *flowingly, abundantly, copiously*.

ῥυέας, aor. 2 pass. part. of ῥέω.

ῥυήσομαι, Att. fut. of ῥέω.

ῥΥΖΩ, *to growl, snarl*. (Formed from the sound.)

ῥύη, Ep. for ῥρύη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ῥέω.

ῥυθμίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ῥρυθμισμαι: (ῥυθμός): *to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time*.

II. generally, *to order, arrange, control, train*; ὡδ' ῥρυθμισμαι *thus have I been controlled*.

ῥυθμός Ion. **ῥυσμός**, οὔ, δ, (ῥέω) *measured motion, time*, Lat. *numerus, rhythim*, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ῥυθμῷ *in time*, Lat. *in numerum*; ῥυθμὸν ὑπάγειν *to keep time*; θάττονα ῥυθμὸν ἐπάγειν *to introduce a quicker time (in playing)*.

III. generally, *proportion, arrangement, order, method*. 2. *the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing*.

ῥΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, *a plane*, Lat. *runcina*. [δ]

ῥῦμα, αῖτος, τό, (*ῥύω=ῥίω) *that which is drawn, a drawing*; τρέφου ῥῦμα *the drawing of the bow*, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to **λόγχης** *λοχίς* *the might of the spear (the Greeks)*; ἐκ τρέφου ῥύματος *within bow-shot*.

II. (ῥόπου) *defence, protection*.

ῥύμβος, ov, δ, Att. for ῥόμβος.

ῥύμη [ῥ], ἡ, (*ῥύω=ῥέω)

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *πτερυγῶν ῥύμη* the *rush* of wings: absol. *an onset, charge, attack*: dat. *ῥύμη* with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicius*; also a lane, alley.

ρύμμα, ατος, τό, (ῥύπτω) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥυμός, οὔ, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) the pole of a car.

'ΡΥ'ΟΜΑΙ: f. ῥύσσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐρρύσάμην Ep. ῥύσσομαι: aor. 2, 3 sing. ἐρρύτο Ep. ἔρρυτο, 3 pl. ἔρρυτο Ep. ῥύατο; inf. ῥύσθαι: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., ῥύεσθαι τινα θανεῖν to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, bold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of ῥύπος.

ῥύπαίνω, f. αἰώ: aor. I ἐρρύπαῖνα: (ῥύπος):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From

ῥυτάρπος, ἄ, ὄν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. -ῶς.

ῥύπῳ Ep. ῥύπῳ: impf. ἐρρύπων: (ῥύπος):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥυπόεις, εσσα, εν, (ῥύπος) foul, dirty.

'ΡΥΠΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. ῥύπα, τά, but also regul. ῥύποι, οί. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπῳ, f. ὥσω, pf. pass. ῥερύπωμαι:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῳ, Ep. for ῥύπα.

ῥυπηαῖα, a cry of the Athenian rowers, *yobo*! τὸ ῥυπηαῖα is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. ψω, (ῥύπος) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥυσσάινωμαι, Pass. (ῥυσός) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥύσσομαι.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, (ῥύσιον) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥυσι-βωμος, ον, (ῥύσσομαι, βωμός) defending altars.

ῥυσι-διφρος, ον, (ῥύσσομαι, διφρος) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle. II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; ῥύσια, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. ῥύσια, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*. 3. in plur., ῥύσια, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιος, ον, (ῥύσσομαι) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥύσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥύσσομαι, πόλις) saving the city.

ῥυσι-πρόνος, ον, (ῥύσσομαι, πόνος) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσιος, ἡ, (ῥέω) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσσομαι, collat form of ῥύσσομαι, Dep. to save, rescue: hence ῥύσσει, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for ῥυθμός.

ῥυσός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, sbrivelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of *ῥύω=ἔρύω, to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλὰ ῥυστάζεσκε (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σήμα* be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence ῥυστακτής, ὅς, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (ῥυσός, εἶδος) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἄγωγός, εως, ὁ, (*ῥύω, ἀγωγή) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the

by which one holds a horse, a rein; ἄπο ῥυτήρος with loose rein, at full speed. II. (ῥύσσομαι) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ῥυτῖδ-φλοιός, ον, (ῥυτίς, φλοιός) with sbrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., ῥυτά, τά, poet. for ῥυτήρ, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ῥέω) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτωρ [ῥ], ὀρος, ὁ, (*ῥύω=ἔρύω) one who draws; ῥύτωρ τόξου a bowman, archer. II. (ῥύσσομαι) a saver, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (ῥύπτω) a cleansing, purifying.

*'ΡΥ'Ω=ἔρύω, to draw, not used in Act.; see ῥύσσομαι.

ῥωγᾶλέος, α, ον, (ῥάγ) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγός, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ῥάγ) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; ῥωγὰ πέτρα a cloven rock.

Ῥωμαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν and Ῥωμαῖος, α, ον, (Ῥώμη) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. -κῶς, in Roman fashion. Hence

Ῥωμαῖστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ῥωμαῖός, α, ον, (ῥώμη) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (ῥώμοι) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

Ῥώμη, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι or -ύω, f. ῥάσω: aor. I ἐρρῶσα: (ῥύσσομαι):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. ῥώννυμαι, but the pf. ἐρρῶμαι is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. ἐρρῶμην as impf.: aor. I ἐρρῶσθην:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. ἐρρῶσο, fare well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, φράζω τι ἐρρῶσθαι, like Lat. *jubeo*

valere:—see ἐρρῶμένος.

ῥῶξ, ἡ, gen. ῥωγός, (ῥήγνυμι) a cleft, narrow passage; ῥῶγες μεγάροιο the narrow entrance of a room.

'ΡΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. ἐρρῶοντο Ep. ῥῶοντο: 3 pl. aor. I ἐρρῶσαντο: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; ῥέεσθαι περὶ πυρὴν to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, χορὸν ἐρρῶσαντο

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἐρῶοντο μετὰ πνοῇς ἀνέμοιοι it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥώψ) Ep. and Ion. for *ῥωπέιον* (which is not used), a *thicket, coppice*: in plur. *busbes, brushwood, underwood*.

ῥωπηκός, ἡ, ὅν, (ῥώπος) of or like small wares: hence *cheap, worthless*.

ῥΩΠΟΞ, ὁ, any small wares, *frillery, trumpery*.

ῥωσθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of *ῥώννυμι*.

ῥωχμή, ἡ, = *ῥαχμός*.

ῥωχμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ῥώψ) like *ῥήγμα*, a *cleft*; *ῥωχμὸς γαίης* a *gutter or channel* worked out in the earth.

ῥΩΨ, ἡ, gen. *ῥωπός*, a *low shrub, bush*; in plur. *underwood, brushwood*.

Σ

Σ, σ, *σίγμα*, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral *σ'* = 200, but *σ* = 300,000.

The final *σ* was written *s*. This *s* must not be confounded with *ς*, *sigma*, which was in fact the digamma, *ϝ*, *vau*, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence *ς'* = 6. There was another form, *san* or *sanpi*, *Ϻ*, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of *σ* in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into *θ*, as *ὀδμή ἵμεν* for *ὀσμή ἵμεν*. II. Dor. into *θ*, as *σινός ἀγασός παρσένος* for *θεός ἀγασός παρσένος*.

III. Aeol. and Dor. into *τ*, as in *τὴ τέφατι* for *σὺ σέ φησι*. 2. also in later Att., as *μέτ-αυλος* *τήμερον* *τίκον* for *μέσ-αυλος* *σήμερον* *σίκον*:—so *σσ* passed into *ττ*, as *πράττω* *τάττω* for *πράσσω* *τάσσω*; *θάλαττα* *διττός* for *θάλασσα* *δισσός*.

IV. Aeol. and Ep., *σ* was often doubled, as *δσσος μέσος* for *δσος μέσος*, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms *ἄσω* *ἔσω* *ἵσω*, as *δαμάσσω* *δλέσσω* *κομίσσω* for *δαμάσω* *δλέσω* *κομίσω*; so *ὀπίσσω* for *ὀπίσω*.

V. *σσ* and *ππ* were sometimes interchanged, as, *πέσσω* *πέπτω*, *ἐνίσσω* *ἐνίπτω*. VI. Dor. *σ* becomes *ξ* in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as *θεσπιξέω* for *θεσπιώ*: so, *διξέος* *τριξέος* for *δισσός* *τρισσός*.

2. in old Att., the Prep. *σύν* was written *ξύν*.

VII. *σ* took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, *us, sūs* *sus, ās* *spl, ēx* *sex, septā septem, ſerpo serpo*. 2. *σ* was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. *μ* and *τ*, as *μάρμαδος* *σμάραγδος*, *μίμρανα* *σμίμρανα*, *μικρός* *στέγος* *στέγω* Lat. *tego*. 3. *σ* was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as, *τυπτόμεσθα* for *τυπτόμεθα* *metri grat.*: so too in the Adv. in *-θεν*, as, *ὅπισθεν* for *ὀπίθεν*.

VIII. *σ* is changed into *ρ* when another *ρ* precedes, as, *ἄρρην* *χερρός* *θάρρος* for *ἄρρην* *χερός* *θάρρος*.

IX. *σ* is added to οὐτά *ἄχρι* *μέχρι* before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for *τί μὴν*;

Σαβάκιος, ὁ, (*Σαβός*) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of *Bacchus* himself.

σάβακτις, ου, ὁ, (*σαβά(ω)*) a *scatterer, destroyer*, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σάβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, *ibou-bast-forsaken me*, or *bast-ibou-forsaken me*?

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, *hosts, armies*.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of *Σάββατον*.

Σαββατίζω, f. *ισαί*, (*Σάββατον*) to keep the Sabbath.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὅν, (*Σάββατον*) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a *few*.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (*Σαββατίζω*) a keeping of the Sabbath: *rest on the Sabbath*.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i. c. *Rest*: hence *the seventh day or day of Rest*:—also in plur., *τὰ σάββατα*; irreg. dat. pl. *σάββασι*, as if from a nom. *σάββας*. 2. a *week*.

σάγαρις, ιος, ἡ; pl. *σαγάρις*, Ion. —is:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a *single-edged axe or bill*.

σάγη or *σαγή*, ἡ, (*σάττω*) the *housings, harness*, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, *furniture, equipment*: esp. *armour, harness*.

σαγήναίος, α, ου, (*σαγήνη*) the *housings, harness*, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, *furniture, equipment*: esp. *armour, harness*.

σαγήνα, α, ου, (*σαγήνη*) the *housings, harness*, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, *furniture, equipment*: esp. *armour, harness*.

σαγήνεύς, έως, ὁ, = *σαγήνευτήρ*.

σαγήνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a drag-net: hence a *comb* is called *τριχών σαγήνευτήρ*.

σαγήνεύω, f. *σαι*, (*σαγήνη*) to enclose fish in a drag-net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net.

ΣΑΤΗΝΗ, ἡ, a large drag-net for taking fish, a *seine*.

σαγήνο-βόλος, ου, (*σαγήνη*, *βαλεῖν*) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a *fisherman*.

σαγήνο-δετος, ου, (*σαγήνη*, *δέω*) attached to a net.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (*σάττω*) the *housings* of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle. II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak. III. the covering or case of a shield.

IV. a heap or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ἡ, ὅν, = *σαπρός*, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked. II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. *σᾶνῶ*: aor. I *ἔσηνα* Dor. *ἔσανα*:—to wag the tail, fawn. II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; *σαινέιν μῶρον* to deprecate, shrink from death. 2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. *σᾶρῶ*: pf. (with pres. sense) *σέσηρα*, part. *σεσηρῶς* Dor. *σεσᾶρως*, *νᾶ*, *δε*, Ep. fem. *σεσᾶ-ρῶν*:—to shew the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. *ringi*; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile. II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σάκκος-πᾶλος, ου, (*σάκος*, *πᾶλλω*) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σάκκος-φόρος, ου, (*σάκος*, *φέρω*) shield-bearing.

σάκκιον, = *σακκίον*.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for *σηκίτης*, ου.

σακκέω, (*σάκκος*) to strain, filter.

σακκίον Att. σάκκιον, τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γένειο-τρέφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) *cherishing a large beard.*

ΣΑΚΚΙΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. *cilicium*: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: 1. a sack, bag. 2.

a sieve, strainer. III. a saggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σάκκος.

σάκος, ὁ, Dor. for σήκος.

σάκος [ᾱ], gen. σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ον, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up: Ἰδίου σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (σάκκος, ὑφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ᾱ], ὀνος, ὁ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκω) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μόνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμίν-ἄφειτης, ον, ὁ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφίημι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνιος [μῆ], α, ον, also ος, ον, (Salaminian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. πάραλος.

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαi: (σάλος):—to cram full, stuff.

σαλεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλειόθην: pf. σεσάλεγμαi: (σάλος):—to shake much: to make to totter:—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel.

II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage.

II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγγο-λογχ-ὑπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπηνή) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, *trump*: the σαλπίζω was called Tuscan, *Τυρηνική*: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ίξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιγξα: later fut. σαλπίσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαῖνον, Dor. for σημαῖνον.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem. Σαμαρενίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Samé, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

σαμῆον, τό, Dor. for σημεῖον.

Σάμος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θητική, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θητικός, η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμο-θραξ Ion. -θηξ, ἱκος, ὁ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ᾱ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands: 1. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη. 3. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόρος, ον, ὁ, (σάν, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα): cf. κομπάτις.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάρακη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. *sandaraca*. [ρᾱ] Hence

σανδάρακινος, η, ον, of or like σανδάρακη, bright-red: σάνιδιον, τό, Dim. of σάνις, a panel: a trencher.

σάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοί, 3 sing. of σαδω.

ΣΑ'ΟΞ, as posit., found only in contr. form ὦς, safe: Comp. σάωντερος.

σάο-φρονέω, σάο-φροσύνη, σάο-φρων, poet. for σάοφρονέω, σάοφροσύνη, σάοφρων.

σάδω Ep. σάω, = σώω, to save:—3 sing. pres. σαοί, 3 pl. σαοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ep. σάω: 2 sing. imperat. σάου or σάω: fut. σάσω: aor. I act. ἐσάωσα, pass. ἐσάωθην: fut. med. σάσωμαι.

σαπέιν, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σάπεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σάπη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σάπρος, *α, ὄν*, (σαπῆναι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. *tabidus*: decayed, unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty.

σάπφειρος, *ή*, the sapphires or the lapis lazuli, a precious stone.

Σαπφῶ, οὖς, vocat. Σαπφοί, *ή*, Sappho. Hence Σαπφῶς, *α, ὄν*, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σάπων, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, *ή*, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a plait, band. [ᾱ]

σαρδάνιος, *α, ὄν*, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μεῖδῃσε δὲ θυμῷ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, *α, ὄν*, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, *εἰων*, Ion. Σάρδιες, *ἰων*, at, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιανός Ion. -ίηνος, and Σαρδιανικός, *ή, ὄν*, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye, hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ῖ], *ή, ὄν*, or σαρδίνος, *δ*, the sardine.

σάρδειον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄχος, *δ*, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonix, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὅος contr. οὖς, *ή*, Sardinia: hence Adj., Σαρδῶς, *α, ὄν*, Σαρδωνικός, *ή, ὄν*, Σαρδώνιος and Σαρδόνιος, *α, ὄν*, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩ'Ν, ὄνος, *ή*, the upper edge of a hunting-net.

σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, *ή*, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, *ῖ*, *σω*, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασμο-πίτύο-κάμπτης, *ου, ὄ*, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, *ῖ*, *σω*, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκί-ζειν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, *ή, ὄν*, (σάρξ) of flesh.

the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκινος, *η, ὄν*, (σάρξ) of flesh.

II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίτης, *ἑς*, (σάρξ, λιπεῖν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, *ἑς*, (σάρξ, παγῆναι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγῳ, *ῖ*, *ήσω*, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, *ον*, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh.

II. λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, *δ*, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκῶ, *ῖ*, *ώσω*, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἔναι-μοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, *ή*, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2. flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρων, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάρῳ, *ῖ*, ὡσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδών, ὄνος, also ὄντος, ὄντι, *δ*; voc. Σαρπη-δών:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σάρῳ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνᾱς, *ᾱ* and Σατᾱν, *δ*, indecl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατῖνη, *ή*, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

στάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. -πῆ, *ή*, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατραπένω, *ῖ*, *σω*, intr. to be a satrap. II. trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, *ον, ὄ*, a satrap, Lat. *satrāpa*, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. 1 ἔσαφα: Pass., aor. 1 ἔσάχθην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἔσε-σάχτο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, harness: Pass. to be armed or barnessed.

2. to load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily: in pf. pass., πημάτων σέσαγμένος laden with woes; σέσαγμένος πλούτου overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σάτυρικός, *ή, ὄν*, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σάτυρικός, *δ*, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ [ῶ], *δ*, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus, represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns.

2. a lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόμοι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτίω, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΤ'ΑΟΣ, *η, ὄν*, concealed, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΤ'Α Ion. σαύρη, *ή*, a lizard, Lat. *lacerta*.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. *lacertus*.

σαυρωτήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, a spike at the butt-end of a spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the butt-end.

σαντοῦ, σαντῆς contr. for σεαντοῦ, σεαντῆς.

σάφᾱ, poet. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly; σάφα εἰδώς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα εἰπεῖν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σᾱ]

σάφηνῆς, *ἑς*, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

σάφιστερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σάφως, Ion. for σαφᾱς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἀγορεύω) speaking truth.

σάφηνεια, *ή*, (σαφηνῆς) clearness, plainness: the truth.

σάφηνῆς, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.

σαφηνής Dor. σαφανής, ές, (σαφής) clear, plain, open, manifest : true : τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.

σαφηνίζω, f. ἰω, (σαφηνής) to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, clearly, plainly.

ΣΑΦΗΣ, ές, gen. έος contr. οὖς, clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain : τὸ σαφές the truth : of scets, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, clearly, plainly, surely : Comp. σαφέστερον : Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of σάττω.

ΣΑΩ, Root. of σήθω, to sift, bolt : 3 pl. σῶσι.

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαύω.

σαωθεῖς, -θήναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of σαύω.

σαωσμέν, Ep. for σαώσεν, fut. inf. of σαύω.

σάωσω, fut. of σαύω.

σῶτερος, Comp. of σάος.

σῶτήρ, ἦρος, δ, poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour, deliverer.

σῶτης, ov, δ, (σαύω) poet. for σωτήρ, a saviour.

σβείνῃ and σβεῖς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω : aor. 1 έσβεσα Ep.

σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσαι :—to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere. 2. generally, to quench, quell, put out, put down.

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι : aor. 1 έσβεσθην : pf. έσβεσμαι : with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβαν, opt. σβείνῃ, inf. σβήναι : pf. έσβηκα :—to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extinguī : to die. 2. of liquids, to become dry, be exhausted. 3. generally, to become still, lull, cease.

σβεῖσαι, Ep. for σβέσαι, aor. 1 inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ov, (σβέννυμι) serving to quench or put out.

σβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as, ἄλλο-σε to some other place, etc.

σεαυτοῦ Ion. σεωντοῦ, -τήs, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of itself, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem. : in plur. separated, ἑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc. : so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ, σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάσμαι, f. -άσμαι : aor. 1 έσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσατο : also aor. 1 pass. έσεβάσθην : Dep. : (σεbas) :—to feel awe of, to dread.

σεbas, τό, (σέβομαι) reverential awe, a feeling of awe ; generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe. II. the object of reverential awe, majesty.

2. an object of wonder, a wonder. III. an honour conferred on one.

σεβάσμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάσμαι) an object of awe or worship.

Σεβαστιάs, ἁδος, ή, special fem. of Σεβαστός, Augusta, title of the Roman Emperresses.

σεβαστός, ή, όν, (σεβάσμαι) revered, awful, august. II. the Lat. Augustus, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβύω, f. ἰω : aor. 1 έσέβισα :—to worship, honour. ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ : aor. 1 έσέβην : Dep. :—to feel awe

or fear, to feel shame, be asbamed, be afraid. 2. to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

ΣΕΒΩ, f. σέβω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, to worship, honour : absol. to worship, be religious :—hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.

σέθεν, old poet. form of σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

Σεληνός, ό, Silenus, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σεῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεῖος, σεῖα, σεῖον, Lacon. for θεῖος, α, ov.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ή, (είρω) a cord, rope, string, thong : also a chain. II. a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag

away their enemies.

σειραῖος, α, ov, (σειρά) joined by a cord or band : of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger ; see σειραφόρος.

σειρά-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) having a rope attached, led by a rope : ό σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or collar :—metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἦνος, ή, a Siren : in pl. Σειρήνες, αἱ, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them. II. metaph. a Siren, deceitful woman.

σειριό-καυτος, ov, (σειριος, καίω) scorched by the heat of the dog-star.

σειριος, α, ov, (σειρός) hot, scorching : epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σειριος ἀστήρ the sun : but, ό Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύνων σειριος or Κύνων.

ΣΕΙΡΟΣ, ά, όν, hot, scorching, of summer-heat.

σειρο-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σείσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ή, (σειώ, άχθος) a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί-χθων, ovos, ό, (σειώ, χθών) earib-shaker.

σεισμός ό, (σειώ) a shaking, shock : the shock of an earibquake, an earibquake.

σειστόs, ή, όν, (σειώ) shaken.

-σεῖω, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, Desideratives, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράσω, δρασεῖω : γελᾶω, γελᾶσω, γελᾶσεῖω.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω : aor. 1 έσεισα : Pass., aor. 1 έσεισθην : pf. σέσειμαι :—to shake, move to and fro, brandish. 2. absol., σεῖε there is an earibquake (see σεισμός), like वै it rains, etc. 3. Pass. and Med.

to be shaken, shake, heave ; generally, to move, sway to and fro : of places, to feel the shock of an earibquake. II. in Att. to barass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλας, dat. of σέλαs.

σελαγέω, f. ἦσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελαση-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light.

σελάννα, σελάνναϊα, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ'ΛΛΑΣ, αος, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ου, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.

σελάχος, τό, a shark.

Σεληναίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληναία:—the Moon.

σεληναίος, α, ου, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα

the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτῃ σελήνῃ in the tenth moon.

σεληνώδισμαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελιθι-φάγος, ου, (σελίς, φάγειν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΙΓ'ΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλματα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, οἱ, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλμα, αρος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδάλις, ιος and εως, ἡ, the finest unbeaten flour, Lat. simila, similago.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ου, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ἦσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech. From

σεμνο-λόγος, ου, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

σεμνό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

σεμνομυθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ου, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly.

σεμνοπροσωπείω, f. ἦσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ου, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called Σεμναὶ θεαί or Σεμναί.

II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ου, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

σεμνότης, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τιμος, ου, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

σεμνώω, f. ὥσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pomptous; to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνύνω [ῶ], f. ὠνῶ, (σεμνός) to make pomptous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι, aor. I ἐσεμνύαμην, to be pomptous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνῶς, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σείω, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σῦ.

σειπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.

ΣΕ'ΡΙΣ, εως or ἰδος, ἡ, endive or succory.

σέρφος, ὁ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέσαγμα, pf. pass. of σάττω.

σεσδρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of σαρώ.

σεσδρῶς, νία, ὅς, Dor. for σεσδρῶς, pf. part. of σαίρω:—σεσδρῶτα, Ep. fem.

σέσεισμαι, pf. pass. of σείω.

σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσπρῶς, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσσύλμαι, pf. pass. of σῦλάω.

σέσυρκα, σέσυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σύρω.

σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σώω.

σεσωφρονισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σευ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σῦ.

σευα, Ep. for ἔσσεα, aor. I of σεύω: part. σεύας.

σεύμαι, contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σεύω: 3 sing. σεύται.

σευτλον, τό, Ion. for τευτλον.

ΣΕΥ'Ω, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσεον, pass. and med. ἔσσεύομαι: aor. I ἔσσεα, med. ἔσσεύαμην; also Ep. without augm. σεύα, σεύε, σεύατο: pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἔσσυμενος: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἔσσυμην [ῶ], 2 sing. ἔσσυο for ἔσσεο, 3 sing. ἔσσυτο Ep. σύτο: part. σύμενος: aor. I pass. ἔσσυθην [ῶ]. There is also 3 sing. σεύται from a contr. pres. σεύμαι: also σούμαι, 3 pl. σούνται: imperati. σοῦ, 3 sing. σούσθε, 2 pl. σούσθε: inf. σούσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. 4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; αἷμα ἔσσεα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σύτο blood spouted forth. II. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθεὶς having started, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὅτε σεύατο δῶκεν when he hastened to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωυτοῦ, fem. σεαυτῆς, Ion. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σηκάζω, f. ἄσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, coop up, sbut up.

σηκασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.
σηκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σηκός) a bousekeeper, porteress.
σηκίτης, ου, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν ἄρνα a bouse-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ου, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ὁ, a herdsman.

ΣΗΚΟΣ Dor. σακός, ὁ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, sbrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκώω, f. ὥσω, to weigh, balance. Hence
σηκόμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, sbrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σῆμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb. 5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρὰ of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal. 7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from
σημαίνω: fut. -ἄνω Ion. -ἄνεις: aor. I ἐσήμηνα or ἐσημίνα, inf. σημήναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf. σεσημασμαι, but 3 sing. σεσημάνται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σημα) —to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token.

II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνω a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given; τοῖς Ἑλλήσι ὡς ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack.

III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is.

IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα, things sealed, opp. to ἀσημάντα. V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing: σημαντρίς γῆ clay used for sealing.

σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημαντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a herdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σήμα. [ἄ]

σημάτεις, εσσα, εν, (σημα) full of tombs.

σηματ-συργός, ὄν, (σημα, *εργα) making devices for shields.

σημαιο-γράφος, ον, (σημαίον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [ἄ]

σημαίον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σημα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track. 2. a sign from the gods, an omen. 3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle.

4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. 5. a device upon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειώω, f. ὥσω, (σημαίον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τέμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημαίον.

σήμηνα, Ep. for ἐσήμηνα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνθιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctum, an apron.

σημιό-θετος, ου, (σημα, τίθωμι) made for ruling lines.

σηπιδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠΙ'Α, ἡ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗ'ΠΩ, f. σήψω: aor. I ἐσήψα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass.

σήπομαι: aor. 2 ἐσάπην [ἄ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σάπηη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσπηα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σηρός, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σήρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ὁ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αργος, ἡ, (σαίρω, σέσπηα) a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗ'Σ, ὁ, gen. σέος, nom. pl. σέες, gen. σέων: later also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. lineæ: a book-worm.

σῆς, Ion. for σαῖς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σύν.

σησάμιος, α, ον, made of sesamé. From

σησάμη, ἡ, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ἄ]

σησάμη, ἡ, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with honey, a sesamé-cake.

σησάμιλος, η, ον, (σησάμη) made of sesamé: σησάμιλον ἔλαιον sesamé-oil. [ἄ]

σησάμιος, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesamé: ὁ σησάμιος (sub. ἄρτος) a sesamé-cake.

σησάμον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη).

σησάμ-τύρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesamé-cheese.

σησάμοις, ούντος, contr. from σησαμοίς.

Σηστός, ἡ, also ὁ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σῆτες Att. τήτες, (έτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σῆς, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ον, (σῆς, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθενῶρος, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, εὐς, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἁέλιου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντὶ σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr., like βίη, ἰς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἑκτορος Hector himself.

σθενῶ, f. ὦσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένει χειρὶ, ποσὶ to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιᾶ, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΓΑΤΩΝ Ion. σιγῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, the jaw-bone, jaw. **ΣΙΓΑΛΟΝ** Ion. σιέλον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., σὺς σιᾶλος, like σὺς κῆπιος, etc. II. fat, grease.

ΣΙΒΥΛΛΑ, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.) [?] Hence

ΣΙΒΥΛΛΕΙΟΣ, α, ὄν, Sibylline.

ΣΙΒΥΛΛΙΑΩ, (Σιβυλλά) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

ΣΙΒΥΛΛΙΤΗΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙΓΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιγῶνης, οὐ, ὁ, a bunting-spear. [?] **σιγά**, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα bush! be still!

σιγά, imperat. of σιγάω, bush! be still!

σιγά, Ep. for ἐσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. ἄσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγάλλεις, α, ὄν, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγάλλοις, εἶσα, εν, (σιᾶλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγαλός, Dor. for σιγηλός.

σιγάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω, f. -ήσομαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσιγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush! be still! —Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγεῖν, Lacon. for θιγεῖν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σίω) silence, a being silent; σιγήν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιεῖσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιεῖσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2. secretly: also as a Prep., σιγῇ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός, unquam to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, bushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or σέκλος, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σιγύνης, οὐ, ὁ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σιδαρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδήρ-.

ΣΙ'ΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [?]

σιδηρεία, ἡ, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ὄν, Att. contr. σιδηροῦς, ἄ, ὄν, Ep. σιδήρεος, η, ὄν, Dor. σιδάρεος [ἄ], α, ὄν: (σιδήρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρεοι, οἱ, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (σιδήρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδηρίον, τό, (σιδήρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης [?], οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, Dor. σιδᾶρί-τας, α, ὁ, (σιδήρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριθής, ἐς, (σιδήρος, βριθῶ) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, δέω) iron-bound, sbod with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙ'ΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σιδάρος, ὁ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle.

III. a place for selling iron, a cutler's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ὄνος, ὁ, (σιδήρος, τέκτω) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ὄν, (σιδήρος, τεκεῖν) iron producing. σιδηροτομέω, f. ἥσω, to cleave with iron. From

σιδηρο-τόμος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, τεμνέω) *cutting with iron*.

σιδηροφορέω, *φ. ήσω*, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as *Dep.* —έομαι. From

σιδηρο-φόρος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, φέρω) *wearing iron, bearing arms*.

σιδηρό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (σίδηρος, φρήν) *of iron beari*.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) *of iron and copper*.

σιδηρο-χάρμης, *ον, δ*, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) *fighting in iron*, *epith.* of mailed war-horses.

σιδηρώ, *φ. ώσω*, (σίδηρος) *to make of iron, overlay with iron*:—*impers.* in *plqpf. pass.* ἐσειδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου *iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood*.

σίδιον, *τό*, (σίδη) *pomegranate-peel*. [σ']

Σιδονίηθεν, *Adv. from Sidon*. From

Σιδών, ὄνος, *ή*, *Sidon*, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. *Adj.* Σιδόνιος or Σιδώνιος, *α, ον, of or belonging to Sidon*; *fem.* also Σιδωνιάς, ἄδος.

Σιδών, ὄνος, *δ*, *a man of Sidon*.

ΣΙΖΩ, *impf. έσιζον Ep. σίζον*: no *fut.* in use:—*to hiss*, of hot iron plunged into water; σίζ' ὀφθαλμοῦ ἐλαίνεω *περὶ μοχλῶ* the eye of the Cyclops bissect when the burnt stake was thrust into it. II. *to set a dog on*.

Σιθωνία, *ή*, *Sitbonia*, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: *Adj.* Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, *α, ον, Thracian*: Σιθών, ὄνος, *δ*, *a Sitbonian*; and Σιθονίς, ἰδος, *ή*, *a Sitbonian woman*.

Σικανία, *ή*, *Sicania*, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, οὐ, *δ*, *a Sicanian* (see Σικανία): *Adj.* Σικανικός, *ή, όν, Sicanian*.

σικάρτιος, *δ*, the *Lat. sicarius*, assassin. [α]

Σικελία, *ή*, (Σικελός) *Sicily*: *Adj.* Σικελικός, *ή, όν, Sicilian*. Hence

Σικελίζω, *φ. ήσω*, *to do or speak like the Sicilians*: *to favour the Sicilians*.

Σικελικός, *ή, όν*, (Σικελός) *of or like a Sicilian*.

Σικελιώτης, *ον, δ*, *a Sicilian Greek*, *a Greek settler in Sicily*, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. *Ιταλιώτης*.

Σικελός, *ή, όν, Sicilian*, of or from Sicily, *Lat. Siculus*: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily: the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [τ], *τό*, *gen. σίκερος*, *a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink*. (Hebr. sbâkar, *to be intoxicated*.)

σικιννίς or σικίντις, ἰδος, *ή*, the *Sicinnis*, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, *δ*, = σίγλος.

σικύα *Ion.* σικύη, *ή*, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. *a cupping glass*, from its shape, *Lat. cucurbita*. [δ]

σίκυος, *δ*, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικυών, ὄνος, *ή*, *Sicyon*, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: *Adj.* Σικυώνιος, *α, ον, Sicyonian*: *Adv.* Σικυονοθεν, *of or from Sicyon*.

σικχαίνω, *to loathe*. From

ΣΙΚΧΟ΄Σ, *δ*, *a squeamish, fastidious person*.

Σιληνός, *δ*, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, *τό*, the *palma Christi*, called also σιλλικύριον.

σιλλαίνω, (σίλλος) *to insult, mock, jeer*.

σιλλικύριον, *τό*, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΓΛΑΟΣ, *δ*, *one who looks askance*: a satirist.

II. *a satire, satirical poem*.

ΣΙΛΟΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, a river-fish, prob. the *sbad*, *Lat. silurus*.

ΣΙΛΦΗ, *ή*, a kind of grub or beetle, *Lat. blatta*. II. *a book-worm*.

ΣΙΛΦΙΟΝ, *τό*, *Lat. laserpitium*, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific: according to Bentley, the *asa-foetida*. Hence

σιλφιωτός, *ή, όν*, prepared with silphium.

σιμβλεύω, *φ. σω*, (σίμβλος) *to form or grow in the hive*, of honey.

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, *δ*, *a bee-bive*: metaph. any store or board.

σιμ-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημ-κίνθιον.

Σιμοίς, —όντος contr. Σιμοῦς, —όντος, *δ*, the *Simois*, a river near Troy:—*Adj.* Σιμοέντιος contr. Σιμούντιος, *α, ον, of, near the Simois*: *fem.* also Σιμοεντίς, ἰδος.

ΣΙΜΟ΄Σ, *ή, όν*, snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, *flat*.

II. of other things, steep, up-bill, *Lat. acclivis*: πρὸς τὸ σιμόν διώκειν *to pursue up bill*. 2. bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, *ή*, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σιμοῦς, —όντος, *δ*, contr. form of Σιμοίς.

σιμόω, *φ. ώσω*, (σιμός) *to turn up the nose, bend upwards*. Hence

σίμωμα, ατος, *τό*, anything bent upwards. From σινάμωρῶ, *φ. ήσω*, *to damage wantonly*: generally, *to handle roughly*. From

σινά-μωρος [α], *ον*, (σίνος, μῶρος) mischievous, burlful: c. *gen. rei*, τῶν ἰωντοῦ σινάμωρος *ruining his own affairs*: wanton, lewd.

σινάπτι, εος, and σινάπτῃ, ὄνος, *τό*, (νᾶπτι) mustard, *Lat. sinapi*: the better *Att.* form was νᾶπτι.

σινδώ, οὐς, *ή*, *Att.* for σινδών.

σινδών, ὄνος, *ή*, *sindon*, a fine Indian cloth, muslin. II. *a garment or napkin made of ibis cloth*.

σιντόμαι, *Ion.* for σίνομαι.

σίνηπτι, ιος, and σίνηπτῃ, vos, *τό*, *Ion.* for σίναπτι, σίναπτῃ. [σ']

σινάξω, *φ. σω*, (σινών) *to sift, fan, winnow*.

ΣΙΝΦΟΝ, *τό*, *a sieve*.

σίνος, ἰδος, *δ*, acc. σίνυν, (σίνομαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as *Adj.* destroying, ravaging. II.

as *prop. n.*, Σίνις, *δ*, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [υ υ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [τ] *Ion.* σιντόμαι: *Ion. impf.* σίνεσκέ-

μην: aor. I ἐσπλάγην: Dep. I.—to plunder, spoil, pil-
lage: to barry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear
in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to da-
mage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σίως [Ὶ], eos, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II.
anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, δ, (σινόμα) tearing, ravenous, devouring.
σίντης, ιος, δ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n.,
Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos,
who were pirates.

σίντωρ, opas, δ, = σίντης.

Σινόπη, ἡ, Sinopé, a town of Papblagonia, on the
Black Sea:—Σινόπιτης, ου, δ, an inhabitant of Sinopé:
Adj. Σίνωπικός, ἡ, όν, of or belonging to Sinopé.

ΣΙΟΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σίπυξ, ἡ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΠΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. de-
frutum.

σίρος, δ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keep-
ing corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσυμβριον, τό, = σίσυμβρον.

ΣΙΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or
thyme.

σίσυρα [Ὶ] or σίσυρνα, ἡ, a shaggy goatskin worn
as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a
coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ου, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σί-
συρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ου, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem.
also Σισυφίς, ιδος. From

Σί-σύφος [Ὶ], ου, δ, an ancient king of Corinth, pun-
ished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl.
from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σίτος.

σίτᾱγωγέω, f. ἴσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn
to a place. Hence

σίτᾱγωγία, ἡ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σίτᾱγωγός, όν, (σίτος, ἄγω) transporting corn to
a place; σιταγωγὰ πλοία vessels engaged in convey-
ing corn, corn-ships.

σίτᾱθην, Dor. for ἐσιτᾱθήν, aor. I pass. of σίτρώ.

σίτεύσιμος, η, ου, (σίτεω) well-fed, fattened.

σίτενός, ἡ, όν, fattened, stalled, Lat. allilis. From
σίτεω, f. σω: Ion. impf. σιτέεσκον: (σίτος):—

to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σίτέω, f. ἴσω, (σίτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion.
3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I
pass. ἐσιτᾱθήν:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed
on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σίτηγέω, f. ἴσω, (σίτηγός) to convey or transport
corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ἡ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σίτηγός, όν, (σίτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σίτηρέσιον, τό, (σίτηρός) provisions, victuals: for-
age-money, of soldiers.

σίτηρός, α, όν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ἡ, (σίτρώ) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σίτησις ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public main-
tenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σίτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to feed
upon, eat.

σίτιον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made
of corn, bread: generally, food, victuals, provisions,
diet; σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision; τὰ
ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Pryta-
næum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός,
fed, fattened: as Subst. a fattening.

σίτο-δέα Ion. -δήη, ἡ, (σίτος, θέομαι) want or
scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σίτο-δόκος, ου, (σίτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σίτοδοτέω, f. ἴσω, to furnish with corn, victual:—
Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σίτο-δότης, ου, δ, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.
σίτο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance
of corn.

σίτο-νόμος, ου, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or
food; σιτονόμος ἔλπις the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for
food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or vic-
tuals:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take
food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ἡ, bread-making, preparation of food.
Hence

σιτοποιικός, ἡ, όν, of or for bread-making.

σίτο-ποιός, όν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for
food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ἡ, a woman
that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a
maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the
task of grinding corn.

σίτο-πομπία, ἡ, (σίτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of
corn: also provision for its safe convey, an escort, a
convoy.

σίτο-πώλης, ου, δ, (σίτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant,
corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, δ, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain:
also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, vic-
tuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to
meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink;
σίτος ἡδὲ ποτὴς meat and drink.

σίτο-φάγος, ου, (σίτος, φάγειν) eating corn or bread.

σίτο-φόρος, ου, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σίτο-φύλακες, οί, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers,
corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in
number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in
Peiræus, who superintended the importation and
sale of corn.

σίτᾱ and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks,
st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρός
follows, to call them on.

σίτᾱ-ώνης, ου, δ, (σίτος, ὠνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σιτᾱνία, ἡ, (σιτᾱνής) a buying of corn, purchase
of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟΣ, ἡ, όν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limp-
ing; of the eyes, blind. Hence

σιφλώω, f. ὥσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt.

Σίφνιος, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From Σίφνος, ἡ, Siphnus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ανος, ὁ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφώνιζω, f. σῶ, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιώπῳ, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence: σιωπᾶν τινι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα busb! be still!

II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ, ἡ, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῇ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιώπηλος, ἡ, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιώπηρός, ὁ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπησεῖαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence.

II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑΨΩ, f. ἄσω, to limp, halt.

II. σκάζω, also χαλῖαμβος (sub. ποῖς), ὁ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟΨ, ὁ, ὄν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—ἡ σκαία (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western, westward, for the Greek auspex turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαία πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek auspex, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιός).

III. metaph. like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, clumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, ἡ, = σκαίότης.

σκαιότης, ητος, ἡ; (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαί-συργέω, f. ἤσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙΨΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθρυμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρα) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθρυμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθρυμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθρυω, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [β]

σκάλεός, ἔως, ὁ, (σκάλλω) one who bores: a boer or a boe.

σκάλεώω, = σκάλλω, to stir, bore; σκαλεύνει, ἄνθρωπος to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, (σκάω) limping, halt-

ing.

II. uneven; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ΄ΛΛΩ, to stir up, bore, harrow.

σκαλμός, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπωτήρ, Lat. scalpus, raxillus.

σκάλοψ, σπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὃν Ἡάνθων καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανά, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ἱστάς ἐπ' αὐτῶν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλλω, f. σῶ, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way.

From

σκανδάλλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σκάνδιξ, πωλεῖω) a dealer in chervil.

ΣΚΑ΄ΝΔΙΞ, ἱκος, ἡ, chervil, Lat. scandix.

σκάπνη, ἡ, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [πδ]

σκάπετος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs.

σκαπτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτή ὕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑ΄ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφη [α]: pf. ἐσκαμμαι:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδᾶ-μύσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαρδίφισμός, ὁ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαρδίφισμοι λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκάριφος, ὁ, = κάριφος: also a stile for drawing out-lines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτος, genit. of σκάπρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκάτος, φαγείν) dung-eating.

σκάφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (σκαφήναι) a digger, delver, ditcher.

σκάφη, ἡ, (σκαφήναι) anything dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. scāpha.

σκάφηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like

a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff.

II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock. σκάφος, εὖς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. alveus, and generally a ship, boat.

III. a digging-tool, spade. [α] σκεδάννυμι and -νύω, lengthd. from obsol. *σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [α] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾶ, ᾷ. aor. I ἐσκεδάσα: Ep. σκέδασα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθην: pf. ἐσκεδάσμαι:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing.

II. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι. σκέδασις, ἡ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.

σκεθρός, ἄ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σκεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκεῖρων, ἄνος, ὁ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκεῖρωνος ἄκται, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκειρωνίδες πέτραι; Σκειρωνικὸν οἶσμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Att. χελίς. σκελλίς, ὄν, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg.

ΣΚΕΛΛΩ: fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἐσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with. intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐσκηλν, inf. σκελῆναι (as if from *σκληῖμι): pf. ἐσκηλναι with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕΛΟΣ, εὖς, τό, the leg: ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἐσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος. σκεπᾶ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.

σκεπάω, f. ἄσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπᾶς, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence σκεπᾶνον, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.

σκεπᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered. ΣΚΕΠΙΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκεπάρνος, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΠΙΑΣ, αὖς, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπας in or under shelter; σκέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάω) = σκέπας. σκεπᾶς Ep. σκεπᾶς, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΠΗ, ἡ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: metaph., ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπῶσι, Ep. for σκεπᾶσι, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπᾶς. σκεπτέον, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέψομαι aor. I ἐσκεψάμην: pf. ἐσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch.

II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider. ΣΚΕΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπᾶς.

σκερβολέω and σκερβόλλω, (σκερβόλος) to scold, abuse, revile. From σκέρβος, like κέρτος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From σκευ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (σκευός, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκευᾶζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐσκεύασα: Pass., ἐσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκευάδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκευάδατο: (σκευός, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise.

II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευᾶριον, τό, Dim. of σκευός or σκευή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [α] σκευαστέον, verb. Adj. of σκευᾶζω, one must prepare.

σκευαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκευᾶζω) prepared, artificial. σκευή, ἡ, (σκευός) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκευός: the tackling of a ship.

σκευοθήκη, ἡ, (σκευός, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκευοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.

σκευοποιός, ὄν, (σκευός, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΤ'ΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκευή, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors.

II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφόρεω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage: βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burden. From

σκευο-φόρος, ὄν, (σκευός, φέρω) carrying baggage: οἱ σκευοφόροι the sulkers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφυλάκειω, f. ἦσω, to watch the baggage. From σκευο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σκευός, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.

σκευωρέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, pf. pass.

ἐσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence

σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick. σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρόμαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευ-ωρός, ὁ, (σκευός, ὥρα) looking after baggage. σκευόμενος, αορ. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion.

σκήλαι, αορ. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλευε, 3 sing. opt. σκηνώμαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗ, ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, bouse: a temple. II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode. σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [vr] σκηνίς, ἰδος, ἡ,=σκηνή. σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [r]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνόπηγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπηγία, τά.

σκηνο-πηγος, ου, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνο-ποιός, ὁ, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνορ-ράφος, ου, (σκηνή, ῥάφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εως, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σκήνω) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνοῦδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή. σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώ) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό,=σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff. σκηπτο-βάμων [α], ου, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον=σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτρον, τό,=σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκάπτρον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt.

II. me-

taph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-ούχος, ου, (σκήπτων, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ου,=σκηπτο-φόρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτων, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From σκηπτο-φόρος, ου, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: αορ. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light. II. Pass. and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself: σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, αως, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ, ὡς Ion. σκῆ, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees; περπαῖν σκῆ the shade of a rock; ἐν σκιά indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιὰ-γράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιαγράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare. σκιὰ-γράφω, ἡ, (σκιαγράφω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιὰ-γράφος, ου, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γρᾱ]

σκιᾶδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιᾶδισκη, ἡ,=σκιᾶδειον, an umbrella, parasol. σκιᾶω, f. σκιᾶσω Att. σκιᾶ: αορ. I ἐσκίασα: (σκιά):—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιᾶ-μάχω, f. ἦσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar. II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιᾶ-πόδες [α], οἱ, (σκιά, πός) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιὰρ-κομος, ου, (σκαρῆς, κύμη) shady with leaves.

σκιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.
σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a shadow.

σκιά-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f. ἦσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιάω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἅμα ἡλίῳ σκιδναμένῳ as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκιά) shady, shaded. σκινή, ἡ, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙΪΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla. σκιμαλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκιμπος, -ποδος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σκιμπτω, f. ψω, = σκήπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σخينδάλαμος contr. σخينδαλμός: (σχίζω) a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λυγρὸν ἀκριβῶν σخينδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλαμο-φράσσης, ου, ὁ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκιά, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκοίεις, εσσα, εν, (σκιά) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιδνντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκιπων, ἄνος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [Ὶ]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-house. From

σκιράφος [Ὶ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκίρται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρτίς.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [Ὶ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese-parings. ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριών.

Σκίρο-φοριών, ἄνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑΨ, f. ἦσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκίρτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (σκίρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκίρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκίρτάω, πούς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκίρτων, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκίρτάω.

Σκίτᾱλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκιφίζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [Ὶ]

σκι-ώδης, ἐς, = σκοιειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκληναι, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἀγωγέω, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy.

σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) bardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληναι) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, hoarse, barsb, rough. 3. of taste and smell, barsb, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough. II. metaph., 1. of things, hard, austere. 2. of persons, bard, barsb, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ἡ, (σκληρός) bardness, barsbness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [ᾱ]

σκληρύνω [ῠ], f. ῠνῶ: aor. 1 ἐσκήρυννα: pf. pass. ἐσκήρυνμαι: (σκληρός):—to barden, esp. to barden the beard: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in bard or rough fashion.

σκηναίος, α, ον, (κνήφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιῶς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπιζω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟΛΟΥ, ονος, ἄ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλο-πες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπιζω, ἀνασκολοπιζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΝ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύν-νος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπ-ἄρχης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπέω, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of viatices.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκοπέλος, δρᾶμειν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἐσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to: σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπιὰ Ion. -τή, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak. 2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula.

II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιῇν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιᾶζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore. II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιᾶω, later poet. form for σκοπιᾶζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιᾶω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπιᾶ, ὥρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger. II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδινάομαι Ion. -τομαι: f. ἴσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδό-ἄλμη, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίω, f. ἴω: pf. pass. ἐσκορόδισμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένος primed with garlic.

σκοροδίων, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόνον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ιδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκεῖτρια, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-bread-selling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. ἴω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νῶς.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δασύ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσυνε, πυκνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότος, δίνω) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτούς, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μαινα, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότῃ κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence σκοτώ, f. ὦω, to make dark, darken, to blind. σκοτώδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνες βαλεῖν.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΤΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκύθης. [ῥ]

Σκύθης, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scythian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scythian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scythian.

II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

Σκυθίζω, f. ἴω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians. 2. to drink like a Scythian. 3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scythian Bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. ἴω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρωπάζω, f. ἴω, (σκυθρωπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (σκυθρός, ὥψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρ-ῶπως ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-welp.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a welp, cub. From σκυλάκευω, f. ὦω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλαξ, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a welp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From σκύλευω, f. ὦω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei,

Κύνων τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλᾱ or Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who rended her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΤ'ΑΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκυλα:—properly to flay: generally, to rend, mangle, tear: metaph. to trouble, annoy, Lat. vexare. Hence σκύλα, ατος, τό, a piece plucked out. σκυλμός, ὁ, (σκύλλω) a rending, mangling: metaph. trouble.

σκυλοδεψέω, f. ἦσω, to tan bides. From σκύλο-δέψης or -δέψης, ου, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) a tanner of bides.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils, Lat. spolia; σκύλα γράφειν to write one's name on arms gained as spoils: rarely in sing. booty, spoil, prey.

σκύλος [ῥ], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) the skin of an animal, a lion's bide.

σκύλο-φόρος, ου, (σκύλον, φέρω) receiving the spoil. σκύλο-χαρής, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) delighting in spoils or booty.

ΣΚΥΤΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, like σκύλας, any young animal; but properly a lion's whelp, as σκύλας was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύννω, Dor. for σκύννους, acc. pl. of σκύμος.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the isle of *Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from *Scyros*.

σκυτάλη [ᾱ], ἡ, (akin to φύλον) a stick, staff, cudgel: at Sparta, a staff, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a Spartan despatch, and metaph. a message.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκυτάλη, a cane. [ᾱ]

σκυτάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλην, τό, = σκυτάλη, a cudgel, club. [ῥ]

σκυτεύς, εως, ὁ, (σκούτος) a shoemaker, cobbler.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυτός) to be a shoemaker.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, the neck.

σκυτίνος, η, ου, (σκυτός) leather, made of leather; τὸ σκυτίνον a leather ornament or appendage.

σκυτός, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. cutis) a skin, bide, esp. a dressed or tanned bide, leather. II. anything made of leather, a whip, thong.

σκυτοτομῆιον, τό, a shoemaker's shop. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ἦσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a shoemaker. From σκυτο-τόμος, ου, (σκυτον, τεμῖν) cutting leather: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ὁ, a worker in leather, shoemaker.

σκυτο-τράγῳ, (σκούτον, τραγῆν) to consume leather. σκύφος, ου, ὁ, and σκύφος, εος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a cup, beaker, can, flagon.

σκοληκό-βρωτος, ου, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) eaten of worms, worm-eaten.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a worm, Lat. lumbricus.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a pointed stake: a thorn, prickle.

σκώμμα, ατος, τό, (σκάπτω) a jest, joke, gibe, scoff.

σκωμμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκώμμα, a petty joke.

σκωπτόλης, ου, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a mocker, jester.

ΣΚΩ'ΠΤΩ, fut. σκώφομαι: aor. I ἔσκωψα: aor. I pass. ἔσκώφθην:—to mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at:—absol. to jest, joke, be in fun.

ΣΚΩ'Ρ, τό, gen. σκάτῳ, dung.

σκῶψ, ὁ, gen. σκαπός, nom. pl. σκῶπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλώψ from κλέπτω) a kind of owl.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμήνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι.

σμάργγινος, η, ου, of emerald. From

ΣΜΑ'ΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. smaragdus, a precious stone of green colour: prob. not the emerald.

ΣΜΑΡΑΤΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to crash: of the sea, to roar: of birds, to scream, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάραγος, ὁ, (σμαραγέω) a brawling goblin.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω) —to smear, rub: to anoint: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to anoint one's head. 2. to rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδάλιος, ἑα Ion. ἑῶν, terrible, fearful, awful: —neut. σμερδάλιον as Adv. terribly.

σμερδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδάλιος.

σμέω, Ion for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ου, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) bolding a swarm of bees.

σμήνος, εος, τό, (from ἔσμός) a bee-bive. II. a swarm of bees: generally, a swarm, crowd, throng.

σμήχω, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐσμήχθην:—collat. form of σμάω, to rub, wipe off or away. 2. to wipe clean. See σμάω.

σμίκρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμίκρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρός. [ῥ]

σμίκρότης, σμικρύνω, v. sub μικρ-.

σμικρῶς, Adv. of σμικρός, but little.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. μίλαξ, the yew, Lat. taxus.

σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλευω) carved work: metaph., σμιλεύματα ἔργων finely carved works.

σμιλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, carved.

σμιλεύω, f. σω, to cut out, carve finely. From

ΣΜΙ'ΑΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a knife for cutting or carving, Lat. scalprum: a graving tool, chisel: generally, a knife.

Σμινθεύς, εως, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the *Sminthian*.

σμήννη, ἡ, a two-pronged hoe or mattock, Lat. bi-dens.

σμήγερός, Adv. —ρῶς, poet. for μογερός, —ρῶς.

σμήξαι, aor. I inf. of σμήχω.

σμήρυα Ion. —νῆ, ἡ, (μύρρα) myrrē, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrh: II. Σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrh. ΣΜΥΤ'ΧΩ [ὕ], f. ξω: aor. I ἐσμυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐσμύχην: pf. ἐσμυγμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

ΣΜΩΓΑΙΞ, σμώδιγγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.

σμώχω, f. ξω, = σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σοβαρεύομαι, Dep. (σοβαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.

σοβαρό-βλέφαρος, ον, (σοβαρός, βλέφαρον) with bushy eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σοβαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (σοβέω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σοβέω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (sboo! sboo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σοί, dat. of σὺ.

σοῖο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.

σολοικία, ἡ, = σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σόλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνή Σκυθικῇ σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, ὁ, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σόλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph.

awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

ΣΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σόςος, ἡ, ον, Ep. form of σῶος, safe and sound in body, whole, unburt, Lat. *integer*.

σορο-πηγός, ὁ, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

ΣΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σός, ἡ, ὄν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σὺ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σός νόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεά), τεόν.

σοῦ, gen. of σὺ; also of σός.

σοῦ, σοῦ, sboo! sboo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sudarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σοῦμαι, contr. for σόομαι, = σέω, σέομαι.

σοῦνεκα, by crasis for σοῦ ἔνεκα, on thy account.

Σουνι-ἀράτος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουνι-ιέρακος, ὁ, (Σούνιον, ιέραξ) hawk of Sunium.

Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σοῦσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σοῦσθω, imperat.

Σουσι-γενής, ἐς, (Σούσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.

σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σούσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ὁ, a man of Susa: fem. Σούσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα) the province of Susiana.

σοῦστ'ε, by crasis for σοὶ ἐστί.

σοφία Ion. -τη, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I

inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. II. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, pf. σεσοφίσμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ' ὄλον, a trick all over.

σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher. II. at Athens, one who pro-

fessed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλῆς contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέος and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος) *Sophocles*, the tragic Poet.

σοφό-νους, ον, contr. -νους, ον, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.

ΣΟΦΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφῶς, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, ὄν, (σοφός, *ἐργω) working skilfully.

σῶω, Ep. for σάω.

σπαδίζω, f. ἴω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιζ [ἀ], ἱκος, ἡ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπαδονίζω, f. σπῶ, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπαδων [ἀ], αως and οντος, ὁ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. *spado*.

σπαθῶν, f. ἦσω, (σπάθῃ) to strike down the woof with the σπάθῃ (q.v.); λιαν σπαθῶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money.

II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see βάπτω, ὑφαίνω.

ΣΠΑΨΗ [ἀ], ἡ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπαθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθῃ, a little spatula. [ἀ]

ΣΠΑΨΩ, = ἀσπαύω.

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπάλεις, Aeol. for σταλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπάνιζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. σπανίς, as Adv. = σπανίως. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want. —Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, —ώτατος. Hence

σπάνιότης, ητος, ἡ, want, lack, need.

σπάνιος, εως, ἡ, (σπάνος) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστίν], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπάνιστος, ἡ, ὄν, (σπανίς) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —ώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΣΠΑΨΩ, ἡ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ἀ]

σπάνο-στία, ἡ, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food.

σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a shred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπαράγμος, ὁ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —τω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐσπάραξα; (σπάω): —to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Med., σπαράσσεσθαι κόμης to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up.

σπαργνιότης, ον, ὁ, a child in swaddling-clothes. From

σπαργνόν, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta, crepundia*. Hence

σπαργνέω, f. ὤσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑΨΩ, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑΨΤΩ, f. ξω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

σπαρείς, σπαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

σπαρνός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ἡ, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος.

Σπάρτη, ἡ, Sparta in Laconia: —Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ἀ], ον, ὁ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Swam-

men, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑΨΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθής, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὁ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπατάλῶ, f. ἦσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ἡ, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot.

σπατάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλῶ) = σπατάλη.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλος, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλη [ἴ], ἡ, excrement, dung. (From σπατός, gen. of σκῶρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑΨΩ, f. σπάσω [ἀ]: aor. I ἐσπάσα Ep. σπάσα: pf. ἐσπάκα: Med., aor. I ἐσπασάμην Ep. σπασάμην.

Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. I ἐσπάσθην: pf. ἐσπασμαι: —to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc. II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἐσπασε ταύτη γε 'he took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ξίω.

σπεῖω, Ep. for σπέω, aor. 2 imperat. of ξίωμαι.

σπέος, τό, Ep. for σπείος.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*). 3. in Trag., also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπείρω βόεω

ibongs or strips of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two c

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σπείραμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρημα.
 σπείρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.
 σπείρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.
 σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. -άμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρα) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.
 σπείριον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.
 σπείρ-οὔχος, ὁ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.
 ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἔσπαρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. *serere arenam*. II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.
 σπείσαι, σπείσας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.
 σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.
 σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.
 σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ὁ, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.
 ΣΠΕΥΝΔΩ, f. σπείω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπείσα: Pass., aor. I ἔσπεισθην: pf. ἔσπεισμαι:—there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδεσθε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδῃσθα:—to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοῖς, Διί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle. II. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. ἔσπεισμαι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι ἀναίρεσιν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.
 ΣΠΕΥΟΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπείως, gen. σπείους, dat. σπῆι, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπείσι and σπῆεσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.
 σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.
 σπερμ-ἀγοραῖο-λεκίθιο-λάχανο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σπέρμα, ἀγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλείομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.
 σπερμαίνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.
 σπερμολογέω, f. ἴσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence
 σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.
 σπερμολόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὁ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.
 Σπερχεῖος, ὁ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheus*, a river of Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).
 σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) *basty, rapid*: generally, *basty, hot, violent*.
 ΣΠΕΡΧΩ, f. ῶ: aor. I pass. ἔσπερχθην:—to drive, hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or hastily, to baste; σπέρχεσθαι ἑρπετοῖς to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., *basty, rapid*; of the mind, *eager, vehement*:—of temper, to be *basty, hot*; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry with one. II. intr. in Act.=Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.
 σπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσπειμαι, as σχέσθαι of ἔχομαι.
 σπείσει, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.
 ΣΠΕΥΔΩ, f. σπείω: aor. I ἔσπενυσα, Ep. subj. I pl. σπένυσμεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἔσπενυσμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr. to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly: to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to baste, hurry.
 σπείδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπείδω.
 σπενυστόν, verb. Adj. of σπείδω, one must hasten.
 σπῆεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.
 σπῆι, Ep. dat. sing. of σπείος.
 σπήλαιον, τό, (σπείος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spelaeum*.
 σπήλυξ, υγγος, ἡ, (σπείος)=σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-lunca*.
 ΣΠΙΔΗ΄Σ, ἑς gen. ἑος, only in Il. II. 754, διὰ σπιδέος πεδίον through the far-stretched, broad plain.
 ΣΠΙΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. *pipio*.
 ΣΠΙΘΑΜΗ΄, ἡ, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—as a measure, about $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.
 ΣΠΙΛΑ΄Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock, cave.
 ΣΠΙΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish. Hence
 σπιλῶ, f. ὤσω: pf. pass. ἔσπιλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.
 σπινθάριγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, and σπινθάρίς, ἰδος, ἡ,=σπινθήρ, a spark.
 ΣΠΙΝΘΗ΄Ρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.
 σπίνος [ῖ], ὁ, (σπίζω) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of finch.
 σπαραγχνέω, f. σῶ, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.
 σπαραγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἔσπαραγχνισθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence
 σπαραγχνισμός, ὁ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

σπλάγχνον, τό:—mostly in plur. σπλάγχνα, τά, Lat. viscera, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. visceratio. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗΝ, ὁ, gen. σπληνός, the milt, spleen.

σπογγία, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a sponge, Lat. sponsia.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγιον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΤΤΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a sponge.

σποδά, ἡ, Lacon. for σπουδή.

σποδ-συνής, ἐς, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass. σποδούμενος νιφάδι πηλῆ by the storm; σποδούμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδούμενος an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -νή, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

σποδιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

ΣΠΟΔΟΣ, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλίκων a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδῶ, f. ὤσω, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For στολάς, from στέλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔπομαι.

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδαῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδαῖος (sub. πούς), ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τίμη, so called because at σπονδαὶ slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. libatio: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονδαί, αἱ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαὶ ἀκηρτοὶ a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδὰς τέμνειν (like ὅρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδυλία, ἡ, Att. σπονδυλία, q. v. [ῥ]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II.

the seed sown. 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὴς σπορά the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. passim. [α]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νῆσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεύς, ἐας, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμνητός.

σπέρμιμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπύριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπέρμιμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπέρως, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπού, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάζω, f. -άσσομαι: aor. I ἐσπουδάσα: pf. ἐσπουδάκα: Pass. aor. I ἐσπουδάσθην: pf. ἐσπουδάσθαι: (σπουδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαῖο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαῖος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαῖος, α, ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; σπουδαῖος εἰς θῆνιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος. Hence

σπουδαῖως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

σπουδ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (σπονδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπουδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδάσμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστής, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (σπουδάω) a zealous supporter.

σπουδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῇ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῇ.

II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἀξίος worth pains: dat. σπουδῇ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly. 2. σπονδαὶ in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries.

III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπονδῆς, in earnest, seriously. IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπονδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπύρις, a hand-basket. [ξ]

σπυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

στάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα τῆς ἀνθεμουργου, periphr. for honey.

στάζων, ὄνος, ἡ, (στάζω) a drop.

σταδῆλος, α, ον, (σταδῆν) standing erect or upright; ἐγχε σταδῆα spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἵστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [d]

σταδιοδραμοῦμαι, irreg. fut. of

σταδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

σταδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [d], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οί, or στάδια, τά;—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὀργυαί, i. e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ⅓ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος, 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεῖν ἢ σταδίῳ λαλίστερος more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race: ζύλινον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [d], α, ον, (ἵστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίῳ ὕμνῳ a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΪΖΩ, fut. στάζω: aor. 1 ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κῆρα ἰδρωτί to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἵστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [d] σταθερός, α Ion. ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερὰ μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθευτός, ἡ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry. σταθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἵστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

σταθμός, f. ὥω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II. σταθμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσταμάσῃν: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amissum; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οί: (ἵσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles. II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμόν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμός, f. ὥω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἐσταθμώσαμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταίην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἵστημι.

σταίμεν, σταίτε, σταίεν, Att. for σταίμεν, σταίητε, σταίησαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΞ or σταίς, τό, gen. σταίως, unbeaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of unbeaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἡ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σd]

στάλαγμός, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also = στάλαγμα, a drop.

στάλάσσω, f. ὥω, and στάλάω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταμίν or σταμία, ἴνος, ἡ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσσι: (ἵστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱερὰ ἀπαρὸν θαμέσι σταμίνεσσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἡ, (ἵστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσταν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἵστημι.

σταξέμες, Dor. for στάζομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἡ, (στάζω) a dropping.

στάς, στάσα, στάν, aor. 2 part. of ἵστημι.

στάσιός, f. ὥω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἀρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στᾶσιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάω) a raising of sedition.
 στᾶσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάω) seditious.
 στάσιμος, ὄν, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed.

2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.

στάσις [ᾶ], εὖς, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing.
 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσις τοῦ νότου, τῆς μεσημβρίας.

3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party.

2. sedition, faction.

στᾶσι-ώδης, ες, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.

στᾶσι-ῶρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better στασι-ῶρος, ὁ, (στάσις, ὥρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στᾶσι-ώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (στάσις η) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence

στᾶσι-ωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσκε, Ion. for ἕστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στασῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.

στατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a

coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετράδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d.

2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Darics, στατήρες Δαρείοι, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατήριον, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand.

II. intr. also in Act., to stand.
 στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing; στατός ἵππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατὼν ὕδωρ standing water.

σταυ, see Σ, σ.

σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φανής, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -ῶς.

σταυρο-φόρος, ὄν, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.

σταυρώω, f. ὥσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταυρώμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταυρώσις, ἡ, (σταυρώω) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

στάφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΦΥΛΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφύλη, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταφύλη ἐπὶ νῶτον ἕξαι horses matched in height by the level.

σταφύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes. σταφύλο-κλοπίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχυ-τόμος, ὄν, (στάχυς, τεμῆν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυ-τρέφος, ὄν, (στάχυς, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχυ-φόρος, ὄν, (στάχυς, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχυ-μήτωρ, ὄρος, ἡ, (στάχυς, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυ-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυς, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυ-στέφανος, ὄν, (στάχυς, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, ὁ: pl. nom. and acc. στάχυες, -as, contr. στάχῃς:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [υ-]

στέαρ, τό, gen. στέαρος [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στήτος: (ἵστημι):—broad fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to πικρὴ soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάω, f. ἄσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾶ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over.

2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof. II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανώς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely.

στέγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στεγάω, one must cover.

στεγαστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (στεγάω) fem. Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στεγάω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent.

2. in plur., like Lat. tecta, a house, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγας at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εὖς, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΤΩ, f. ἔω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι ships not water-tight.

2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med., στέγεσθαι ὑμῶν to keep off rain from oneself.

II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, bide. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret.

III. to bold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΙΒΩ, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 ἐστῖβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον ἐν βόθροις εἴματα they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορὸν στείβειν to tread a measure, dance: to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.

στεῖλα, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στειλεῖα Ion. -εῖ, ἡ, (στέλλω) the bole for the handle of an axe. Hence

στειλεόν, τό, the handle or beive of an axe fitted into the steileiá.

στειν-αὐχὴν, ενος, δ, ἡ, (στείνος Ion. for στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στεινό-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενό-πορος.

στείνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στεῖνος, εος, τό, (στεῖνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στεῖνος ὁδοῦ a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στενών, (στείνος) Ion. for στενῶν, = στεῖνω.

στεῖνω, (στείνος) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, bard pressed, distressed.

στειν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός.

στείομεν, Ep. for στῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στεῖρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στεῖρα, ἡ, pecul. fem. of στεῖρος, barren.

στεῖρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΨΩ, f. στείψω: aor. I ἔστειψα: aor. 2 ἔστιχον:—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato, στείχειν ὁδόν to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στεῖω, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στελεῖα Ion. εἴ, ἡ, = στείλειη.

στελεόν, τό, = στείλειον, a bundle. Hence

στελεώ, f. ὥσω, to fit with a bundle or baf.

στελεχ-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχος, τεμείν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχόω, f. ὥσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

στέλλω: fut. στείλω Ep. στείλω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἔστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσταλμα: plupf. ἔστάλην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στέλλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στείλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. II. to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel. 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth. III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα to send for one.

IV. as a nautical term, ἱστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στέλμωνια, αἱ, (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a shrine decked with chaplets.

στεμμάτω, f. ὥσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στέναγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάζω) a groan, moaning.

στεναγμός, δ, (στενάζω) a groaning, moaning.

στενάζω, f. ἄζω, Frequentat. of στένω, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάζω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αὐχὴν, ενος, δ, ἡ, (στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στανάχίζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στανάχω [ᾶ], lengthd. form for στένω, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar: of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στενάχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολεσχέω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχης, ον, δ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler.

στενό-πορθμος, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait.

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet:—τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στενός, ἡ, ὄν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενόν the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἡ, a narrow strip of land. II. metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στενότερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur.

Hence

στενός Ion. στέινος, εος, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενότερος, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στειν-, ητος, ἡ, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, (στενός, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ἡ, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph. straits, difficulty, distress.

στενός, f. ὥσω, (στενός) to make narrow.

Στένωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, *Stenor*, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a *Stenor*.

στενωγρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στενός, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) to sigh, groan, moan. 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.

στενωπός Ion. στενωπός, ὄν, (στενός, ὄψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. *arctus*. 2. as Subst., στενωπός, ἡ, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. *angiportus*.

στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέφω) crowned.

στέργηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm. II.

love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.

στέργοισα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of

ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔστεργα: pf. 2 ἔστοργα: Pass. aor. I ἔστερχην: pf. ἔστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II.

to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc. IV. to pray, beg, entreat that . . . c. acc. et inf.

ΣΤΕΡΕΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. *rigidus*. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic;

στερεός ἀριθμός a cubic number. Hence

στερεότης, ητος, ἡ, stiffness, firmness.

στερεό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (στερεός, φρήν) hard or firm of soul, stubborn-bearded.

στερεώω, f. ὥσω, (στερεός) to make firm or strong: to confirm.

στερέσαι, aor. I inf. of στερεώ.

ΣΤΕΡΕΩ, fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: aor. I ἔστερησα, Ep. inf. στερῆσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, σπερούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἔστερήθην, ἔστερημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II. to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.

στερέωμα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) a solid body. 2. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. the firmament of heaven.

στερεώς, Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.

στέρημα, ατος, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.

στέρησις, ἡ, (στερέω) privation, loss.

στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.

στερέσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.

στέριφος, η, ὄν, = στερεός, στερός, firm, hard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.

στερκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovely.

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, τό, the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.

στερνο-τύπη, ἐς, (στέρνων, τυπῆμαι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence

στερνοτύπια, ἡ, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. *planctus*.

στερν-ούχος, ὄν, (στέρνων, ἔχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, Pass., aor. 2 ἔστέρην:—collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. *carere*.

στεροπή, ἡ, = ἀστεροπή, ἀσπραή, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.

στεροπ-ηγερέτα, ὁ, (στεροπή, ἀγείρω) Aeol. for στεροπ-ηγερέτης, collector of lightning.

Στερόπη, ον, ὁ, (στεροπή) Lightner, name of one of the three Cyclopes.

στέροψ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.

στερρό-γυιος, ὄν, (στερρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed.

στερρός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. II.

of countries, bard, stony, barren, Lat. *sterilis*. III.

stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, τό, a hide, skin.

ΣΤΕΡΨ, see στέρομαι.

στερρῶς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.

στεύμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεύει, στεύτω, and in 3 pl. pres. στεύνται: (ἵστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.

στεφανεύνται, Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.

στεφάνη [ἄ], ἡ, (στέφω) anything that encircles, the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet. II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a head-dress.

III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλοκέω, f. ἥσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait wreaths or chaplets.

στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, the wreath-market. From στεφάνη-πλόκος, ὄν, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaplets.

στεφάνηφορέω, f. ἥσω, (στεφανηφόρος) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence

στεφάνηφορία, ἡ, the wearing a wreath of victory. II. the right of wearing a crown.

στεφάνη-φόρος, ὄν, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; ἀγὼν στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown. II.

στεφανηφόροι, οἱ, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφάνίζω, f. σω: Dor. aor. I ἔστεφάνιζα: (στέφανος):—to crown.

στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνισκος, ὁ, Dim. of στέφανος.

στεφάνιτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (στέφανος) of

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ὁ, (στέφω) *that which encircles*; στεφανος πολέμοιο *the circling crowd of war*. II. a crown, wreath: *the conqueror's wreath* at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κύτινος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὦσω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):—*to put round as a crown*: Pass. *to be so put round*; περί νῆσον πόντος ἐστεφάνωται *the sea lies round about the island*. II. *to wreath with a crown, to crown*: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια *to crown one for good tidings*:—Pass. *to be crowned or rewarded with a crown*:—Med. *to crown oneself, win a crown*. 2. *to crown, honour*. III. in Pass. also *to wear a crown*, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάνωδης, ἐς, (στέφανος, εἶδος) *like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted*.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανώ) *that which surrounds or encompasses, a circle*. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐστεφα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέφην: pf. ἐστεμμα:—*to put round as a crown*. II. *to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath*:—Med. *to crown oneself*:—Pass. *to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded*. 2. generally, *to crown, to honour*.

στέωμεν, Ion. for στῶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἕστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στής, στή, Ep. for στής, στῆ, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

στηθο-μελής, ἐς, (στήθος, μέλος) *singing with or from the breast*.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, *the breast, chest*, Lat. pectus. II. metaph. *the breast, the heart*, i. e. *the feelings, affections*: cf. στέρνον.

στήκω, formed from ἕστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., *to stand*.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, *an upright stone, a post*: a block or post, Lat. cippus. II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατά τὴν στήλην according to treaty.

III. a boundary-post; the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta:—Στήλαι Ἡρακλείαι *the pillars of Hercules*.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [Υ] στηλίδεω, f. σω, *to inscribe on a stēlē, to post or placard publicly*. From

στηλῆτης [Υ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (στήλη) *of or like a block or pillar*. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στημορ-ράγω, f. ἦτω, (στήμων, ραγῆναι) *to tear or undo the threads of a warp*. II. intr. *to be torn to shreds*.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) *the warp in the upright loom*: the wool was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στήτῳ, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, γγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστήριχθην: pf. ἐστήριγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—*to set fast, make fast, prop, fix*: metaph. *to confirm, establish*. II. Pass. *to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger*. III. the Act. also is intrans. *to stand fast or firm*: *to be joined or fastened to*.

στήσα, Ep. for ἕστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήτωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στιβάρως, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρότερος. Adv. -ρῶς, closely.

στιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στείβειν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στείβω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημαι: (στείβω):—*to tread, walk upon*; πᾶν ἐστίβηται πέδον *all the plain has been traversed, searched*.

στίβη [Υ], ἡ, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [Υ], ὁ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep; κατά

στίβον *on the track or trail*. III. a going, gait.

στίγνυς, ἑως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματφόρεω, *to bear brand-marks*. From

στιγματ-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

ibematical point, Lat. punctum.
job, title: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'ΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἐστιγμαι, inf. ἐστιχθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: στίγματα στίξιν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted: βακτηρία στίξιν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. 3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χρως, ὄν, contr. -χρους, οὖν, (στικτός, χρῶς) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten: στίλβειν ἀστράπας to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στίχως, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, εὖς, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array: νεῦν στίφος the close array of the ships: στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στιχ-αυδός, ὁ, (στίχος, δαΐδα) a verse-maker, poet. στίχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχας, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στίχασμαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἐστίχωντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἱ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ὄν, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses. στίχος [ῥ], ὁ, there is also a gen. sing. στίχως, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees. II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχως, τῆς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΑΒΙΤΙ'Σ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἂς, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*. II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn. 2. ἡ βασιλείος στοά the court where the ἀρχὸν βασιλεύς sat. 3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called ὁ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωκοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

II. metaph. a

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up. II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοιός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχείον, τό, Dim. of στοιχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle

or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements. 2. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ἥσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγόρεω, f. ἥσω, (στοίχος, ἀγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὁ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank: ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file. II. a line of poles with bunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (στόλος, ἀρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body. II. as Subst., στολάς, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδύω, f. ὤσω, (στολίς) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδωμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδύω) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολιδύω, folded, hanging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ἴσω, (στολίς) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe: νεβρῶν στολῖδες garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὁ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὁ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage: ἰδίῳ στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken; opp. to κοινῷ στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey. 3. ἵβαι which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company: πρόπας στόλος all the people. II. a ship's beam.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os, oris*; also the whole face: sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face: κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πτολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i.e. by memory;

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἐξ ἑνὸς στόματος, with one voice, all at once. II.

the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a chasm or cleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front: of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies: also the front ranks of the battle, the front: οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμα-αργος Att. στόμαλγος, ov, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στομαδ-ουργός, ὄν, (στόμα, *ἐργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ὁ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt. III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στόμω, f. ὦσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, harden.

στομαφίζω, f. ἄσω, (στόμφο) to rant, moult: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (στόμφο) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ὁ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομώω) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ἡ, (στομώω) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much moulting or sharpness of tongue.

στοναχέω, f. ἡσω, (στοναχή) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναχῇ, ἡ, (στανάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ὁ, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στόνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ἡ, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ shortd. στόρνυμι, by metaph. στρώννυμι and στρωννύω: fut. στορέσω Att. στορῶ, also στρώσω: aor. I ἐστόρεσα, also ἐστρώσα: pf. pass. ἐστρώμαι—

to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος στορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, ὀδὸν μωσίνησι στορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; ὀδὸν στορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

στορέσαι, aor. I inf. of στορέννυμι.

στορεσύντη, Dor. for στορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of στορέννυμι.

στορεστής, οὗ, ὁ, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

στόρνυμι, a later form of στορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστόχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, shrewd, sagacious. Adj. -κῶς.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ὁ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγέω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med.

στραγγεύομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ἡ, (στράγγε, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουρία, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΤΩ, fut. στράγγω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

στράγγε, ἡ, gen. στραγγός, (στράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στράτς, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατώ, (στρατός) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατώντο.

στράτεια Ion. -ήτις, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατίας εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἰκοὶ καὶ ἐπὶ στρατίας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεια, ἡ, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva.

στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στράτευσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στράτευσις, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στράτew, f. σω, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στράτηγείον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον.

στράτηγέω, f. ἡσω, (στρατηγός) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράτηγημα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγία Ion. -ία, ἡ, (στρατηγός) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship.

στράτηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στρατηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. *scientia rei militaris*. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. —κώς, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

στρατήγης, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general; πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στράτ-ηγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοὶ were ten general-officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγὸς ὕπατος the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

στρατήγῃ, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.

στρατηλασία Ion. —λή, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στράτῃλατύνω, ἡ, ἴσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [ἄ], οὐ, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στρατιά Ion. —λή, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στράτῃ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης, a general.

στράτιος, οὐ, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στρατίον as Adv., valiantly.

στρατιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλῆθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικώς, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στρατιώτις, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιώτις (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

στράτο-λογέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στράτο-μαντις, εὐα, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, οὐ, ὁ, (στράτοπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πεδία, ἡ, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδύνω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στράτοπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στράτο-πέδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2.

generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opp.

to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, οὐ, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ὠνέομαι) a dealer in armies.

στράφεις, στράφῃνα, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted.

στρεβλῶ, ἡ, ὥσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.

στρέπτ-αιγλος, ἡ, οὐ, (στρέφω, αἶγλη) whirling, bright.

στρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.

στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτὼν a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armor or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλῶσσα a glib, pliant tongue. III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, οὐ, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύομαι, Pass. (σπάγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (στέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕΨΩ, ἡ, ἴσω: aor. 1 ἐστρέψα Ep. στρέψα: pf. ἐστρέφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐστρέφην Dor. ἐστράφην: aor. 2 ἐστράφην [ἄ]: pf. ἐστραμμυ.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἐκποῦς στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II.

to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert.

III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph.

to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept. VI.

intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, to *revolve*, circle.

2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι* to *twist about*, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, to *shuffle*, *evasive*; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι* to *twist every way*, practise every kind of evasion.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεσθαι τινας* to *turn oneself to*, attend to.

II. to attach oneself, stick close, adhere.

III. of limbs, to be twisted, dislocated.

IV. to roam about: of things, to be rife.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of στρέφω.

στρέψις, εως, ἡ, (στρέφω) a turning, twisting.

στρεψο-δικέω, f. ἤσω, (στρέφω, δίκη) to twist or pervert justice.

στρεψοδικό-πανουργία, ἡ, (στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία)

cunning villany in the perversion of justice.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗ Σ, ἐς, rough, barsb, grating.

στρηνίω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], (στρήνος) to riot, to wax wanton.

στρήνος, εως, τό, (στρήνης) excess of strengt: insolence, wantonness.

στρίβλικίγξ, Comic word, the very least fraction or particle.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of τρίζω, to cry in a shrill tone, to scream.

στροβέω, f. ἤσω, (στροφός):—to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy:—Pass., with fut. med. στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round. Hence στροβητός, ἡ, ὄν, whirled round or about.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἴσω, (στροβίλος) to twist about.

στροβίλος, ὁ, (στροβέω) anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone.

2. a whirlwind. 3. a whirling dance, pirouette.

στροβιλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στροβέω) spinning, whirling.

στροβιλώδης, ἐς, (στροβίλος, εἶδος) like a pine-cone.

στροφός, ὁ, (στρέφω) a whirling round.

στρογγύλλω, (στρογγύλος) to round off: to twirl.

στρογγύλος [ῶ], ἡ, ὄν, (στράγγω) round, rounded;

στρογγύλη ναῦς a merchant ship, from its round shape, opp. to the long ship of war (μακρὰ ναῦς), Lat. navis longa.

II. metaph. well-rounded, neat, terse.

στρομβέω, f. ἤσω, (στρόμβος) = στροβέω, to whirl.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (στρομβέω) spinning like a ball.

στρόμβος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything whirled round, a top.

2. a spiral shell.

στρούθειος, α, ὄν, (στρουθός) of or for small birds:

στρούθειον μῆλον a quince.

στρουθίον, τό, Dim. of στρουθός, a young sparrow.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟΣ, δ, also ἡ, any small bird, esp. a sparrow.

II. any bird, as an eagle:—ὁ μέγας στρουθός the large bird, the ostrich, called στρουθός κατάγαιος from its running along the ground: also simply στρουθός (ἡ).

στροφαίος, α, ὄν, (στροφά) cunning, versatile; also (from στροφέω) ἄκ

door-post:—name of Mercury, in both

στροφάλιγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (στροφάλιζω) a whirl, eddy. [ᾶ]

στροφάλιζω, a lengthd. form of στρέφω, to turn quickly; ἡλάκατα στροφαλίξειν to whirl the spindle.

στροφάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (στρέφω) whirling, circling: ἄρκτου στροφάδες κέλευθοι the Bear's circling paths.

στροφεῖον, τό, (στρέφω) a twisted noose, cord.

2. a wooden windlass.

στροφεύς, εως, ὁ, (στρέφω) one of the vertebrae.

II. the socket in which the pivot of a door moves; cf. στρόφιγξ.

στροφέω, = στρέφω: esp. to have the colic.

στροφή, ἡ, (στρέφω) a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling.

2. a twist, a slippery trick.

3. in Music, a twist or turn.

II. the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα: hence also the song sung during this evolution, the strophé, to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

στροφίγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, (στρέφω) the pivot or axle on which a body turns.

2. στρόφιγγες were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. στροφεύς.

3. στρόφιγγ γλώττης, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim. of στροφός, a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast.

στρόφισ, ιος, ἡ, (στρέφω) a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler.

στροφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = στρόφιον, a band, girdle.

στροφο-δίνεομαι, Pass. (στροφός, δινέομαι) to wheel eddying round, of birds.

στροφός, ὁ, (στρέφω) a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope.

2. a swaddling-band.

II. a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina.

Στρυμόνας Ion. -ης, δ, a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind.

Στρυμόνος, α, ὄν, of the Strymon. From

Στρυμών, ὄνος, ὁ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

στρυφνός, ὄν, (στρύφω) sour, barsb, rough to the taste.

II. metaph. sour, barsb, austere, morose.

στρώμα, ατος, τό, (στρώννυμι) anything spread out for lying or sitting upon: in pl. the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula.

στρωματό-δεσμον, τό, (στρώμα, δεσμός) a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes.

στρωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (στρώμα, φύλαξ) one who has the care of the bedding.

στρωμνή, ἡ, a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding. From

στρώννυμι and στρωννύω, f. στρώσω, formed by metath. from στάννυμι, στορέννυμι: v. στορέννυμι.

στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of στρώννυμι.

στρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρώννυμι) spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture.

στρωφάω, Ion. Frequent. of στρέφω, as τρωπάω for τρέπω:—to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding:—Pass. to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place.

στυγ-άνωρ [ᾶ], ὅρος, ὁ, ἡ, (στυγέω, ἀνῆρ) bating the man or men in general.

στυγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. *bearing malice or hatred towards a man.*

στυγερ-ώπης, es, and στυγερ-ώπός, ὄν, (στυγερός, ὄψ) *with hateful look*: *hateful*.

στυγερός, Adv. of στυγερός, *to one's sorrow, miserably*.

στυγέω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 ἐστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. 1 ἐστύξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἐστύγων: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος):—*to hate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than μισέω, *to express abhorrence*. II. *to make hateful or horrid*.

Hence

στυγέημα, ατος, τό, *a hated object, abomination*. [ῥ]

στυγηρός, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abominated, loathed*: *hateful*.

Στύγος, α, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian*. II. = στυγηρός. [ῥ]

στυγρός, f. ἄσω, (στύγος) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance*.

στυγρός, ἡ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *hated, abhorred, hateful, hostile*. II. *sad, gloomy*, Lat. *tristis*:—neut., στυγρόν as Adv., *gloomily*.

στυγνύω, f. ὥσω, (στυγρός) *to make sad or gloomy*:—Pass. *to be or become gloomy*.

στυγό-δεσμος, ὄν, (στυγέω, δέμνω) *bating the marriage-bed*.

στύγος, εος, τό, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror*. II. *an object of hatred, an abomination*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΓΑΟΣ, ὁ, *a pillar*: also, 2. *a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship*.

στυλός, f. ὥσω, (στυλός) *to support with pillars*.

στύμα [ῥ], ἄτος, τό, Aeol. for στόμα.

ΣΤΥΞ, ἡ, gen. Στύγος, *the Styx, i. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths*. II. *that which is hated, an abomination*.

στύξαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of στυγέω.

στυπκίον or στυπκίον, τό, like στύπη, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or halter made of it*.

στυπκω-πώλης or στυπκω-, ὄν, ὁ, (στυπκίον, πωλέω) *a hemp or rope-seller*.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ἡ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp*. [ῥ]

στύπος, εος, τό, (στύψω) *a stem, stamp*, Lat. *stipes*: also *a stick*. [ῥ]

στυπτήριον Ion. -τη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπτήριος, α, ὄν, (στύψω) *binding, astringent*.

στυπτήριον, τό, Dim. of στύπη: [αῖ]

ΣΤΥΠΑΞ, ἄτος, ὁ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΠΑΞ, ἄτος, ἡ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax*. [ῥ]

στυφέλιγρός, ὁ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*: generally, *ill-usage*. From

στυφέλιζω, f. ζω, (στυφέλω) *to thrust or push*

rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat*.

στυφέλος, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (στύψω) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid*. 2. metaph. *barsh, crabbed, cruel*.

στυφάλος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, shortd. from στυφέλω, *hard, rugged*. 2. *rough, stern*.

στυφο-κόπος, ὄν, (στύνω, κόπτω) *striking with a stick*.

στύψω, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., χεῖλα στυφθεῖς *having one's lips drawn in*. [ῥ]

στυά, ἡ, Dor. for στοά.

στυακός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico*. II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: Στυακός, ὁ, *a Stoic*.

στυμύλλω, = στυμύλλω. Hence

στυμύλλια, ἡ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip*.

στυμύλλω-συλλεκτάδης, ὄν, ὁ, (στυμύλλια, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger*.

στυμύλλω or as Dep. στυμύλλωμαι, (στυμύλλω) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse*.

στυμύλλω, ατος, τό, = στυμύλλια, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer*.

στυμύλλω, ὄν, (στόμα) *wordy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent*. [ῥ]

ΣΤ' Dor. ΤΥ, Lat. ΤΥ, THOU; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. τήνη: gen. σῶ, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σῶ, σέο, σείω, σείης, enclit. σεω, σεο: Dor. τεύ, rarely τέω, lengthd. τεωώ and τεωώο: Aeol. and Dor. τεύς, τεωός.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί: Dor. τεύ and τίς.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τε.—Dual σφέα, σφέο: gen. and dat. σφέων, σφέων: pl. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῶν, ὑμεῖς, Ep. ὑμεῖς.

συ-αγρεσία, ἡ, (σῶς, ἄγρε) *a bear-bait*.

σύ-αγρος, ὁ, (σῶς, ἄγρε) *one who hunts wild boars*.

Συβαρίτης, f. ἴων, *to live like a Sybarite, i. e. luxuriously, effeminately*. From

Σύβαρις, ἡ, gen. east. Ion. ιος, ἡ, Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

Συβαρίτης, ἡ, ὄν, ὁ, (Σύβαρις) *a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary*.

Συβαρίτιος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σύβαρις) *of or like to Sybaris*.

Συβαρίτις, ἴδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, *a woman of Sybaris*.

σῦβλη, ἡ, *a flute-case*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σῦ-βόσιον, or rather σῦ-βόσιον, τό, (σῶς, βόσιον) *a herd of swine*. II. *a pigsty*.

Σύβητος [ῥ], τό, (σῶς, βίωσις) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*: origin

σῦ-βότης —

σῦ-βότης —

σῦ-βότης —

σῦ-βότης —

σῦ-βότης —

ἡ, (σῶς, βίωσις) *a*

σῦ-βότης —

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band or wife. 2. sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.

συγγείτων, *ovos*, *δ*, *ή*, (*σύν*, *γείτων*) bordering on. συγγέλαι, *f*. —άσομαι, (*σύν*, *γελάω*) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, *ή*, (*συγγενής*) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family. συγγενέσθαι, *aor*. 2 *inf*. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτερα, *ή*, a common mother: *fem*. of συγγενέτης, *ου*, *δ*, (*σύν*, *γενέσθαι*) a common father. συγγενής, *ές*, (*σύν*, *γενέσθαι*) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent or family, akin: *οί* συγγενείς kinsfolk, kinsmen; *τὸ* συγγένες, = συγγένεια, kin, relationship. 2. metaphor. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.

συγγενικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*συγγενής*) becoming or like kinsmen. Adv. —*κῶς*, like kinsfolk. συγγέρων, *οντος*, *δ*, (*σύν*, *γέρων*) a fellow in old age. συγγεωργέω, *f*. *ήσω*, to be a fellow-labourer. From συγγεωργός, *δ*, (*σύν*, *γεωργός*) a fellow-labourer in the fields.

συγγιγνέω, *f*. *ήσω*, to rejoice with. συγγιγρᾶσκω, *f*. —άσομαι [*ᾱ*], to grow old together with.

σύν-γηρος, *ον*, (*σύν*, *γῆρας*) growing old together. συγγίγνομαι later —γίνομαι [*ῖ*]: *fut*. —γενήσομαι:—to be with, hold communication or associate with, live with, hold intercourse with, converse with. 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.

συγγιγνώσκω later —γινώσκω: *f*. συγγινώσομαι: *aor*. 2 *συνέγνων*: *pf*. συνέγνωναι:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in *Med*. to grant, allow. III. συγγινῶναι *ἑαντῷ*, to be conscious. IV. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—*Pass*. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.

σύνγνωια, *ή*, = συγγινῶναι. συγγινῶναι, *ή*, (*συγγινῶναι*) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse. συγγνωμονικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*συγγινῶναι*) inclined to make allowance, indulgent. II. of things, pardonable.

συγγνωμοσύνη, *ή*, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγινῶμων, *ον*, *gen*. *ovos*, (*συγγινῶναι*) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. *pass*. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.

συγγινῶναι, *aor*. 2 *inf*. of συγγιγνᾶσκω. συγγνωστός, *ή*, *όν*, *verb*. Adj. of συγγιγνᾶσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύν-γονος, *ον*, (*σύν*, *γενέσθαι*) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as *S*:*bst*, σύγγονος, *δ*, *ή*, a brother, sister.

σύγγραμμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*συγγράφω*) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.

συγγραφέυς, *έως*, *δ*, (*συγγράφω*) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. II. συγγραφεύς, *οί*, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

συγγραφή, *ή*, (*συγγράφω*) a writing or noting down. II. that which is written, a book, a history. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engagement.

III. work done by contract. συγγραφικός, *ή*, *όν*, given to writing history. From συγγράφω, *f*. *ψω*, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: *c*. acc., πόλεμον συγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose. III. to draw a written contract: *Med*. to settle by written contract. 2. to draw up a resolution. IV. to paint by contract.

συγγυμνάζω, *f*. *άσω*, to exercise with. συγ-καθαίρω *Ion*. —καταίρω, *f*. *ήσω*: *aor*. 2 συγκαθεῖλον:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγκαθαριδίζω, *f*. *σω*, to join in arranging or burying. συγκαθεζομαι, *fut*. —καθεδούμαι: *Med*.:—to sit with or together.

συγκαθεῖργω *Ion*. συγκατείργω, to shut up or enclose with others. συγκαθέλω, *f*. —ελκύσω [*ῥ*]: *aor*. I —είλκυσα: *fut*. *pass*. —ελεγκσθήσομαι: (see *έλω*):—to drag down, destroy with.

συγκαθεύδω, *f*. *ήσω*, to sleep with.

συγκάθημαι, properly *pf*. of συγκαθεζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

συγκάθιζω, *f*. *ήσω*, to make to sit or place together:—*Med*. to sit together, meet for deliberation. II. *intr*. also in *Act*. to sit with.

συγκάθιμι, *f*. —καθήσω, to let down with or together:—*Pass*. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend. συγκαθίστημι, *f*. —καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.

συγκάω *Att*. —κάω [*ᾱ*]: *fut*. —καύσω:—to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo. συγκακοπαῖδω, *f*. *ήσω*, to suffer with or together. II. to feel with or for any one in suffering.

συγκακουχέομαι, *Pass*. (*σύν*, *κακουχέω*) to endure trouble or suffering with.

συγκάλεω, *f*. *έσω*: *pf*. —κέκληκα *pass*. —κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—*Med*. to call to oneself. 2. to call together, invite to a feast.

συγκαλυπτός, *α*, *ον*, to be covered or veiled: and συγκαλυπτός, *ή*, *όν*, covered, enveloped. From

συγ-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, abroad:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμνμαι: aor. 2 -έκαμον:—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμνή, ἡ, (συγκάμπτω) a joint.

συγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κἀσιγήνη, ἡ, one's own sister.

συγ-κάσις, ιος, ὁ, and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to condescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβᾶλω: aor. 2 -κατέβαλον:—to pay down together.

συγκαταβάσις, ἡ, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation.

συγ-καταγηράσκω, f. -γηράσομαι [ᾱ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with.

συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγ-καταδουλώω, f. ὦσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατέδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph. συγκαταζεύξαι τινα ἄτῳ to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθέω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

συγ-καταίνεω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγ-κάτινος, ον, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταίρειω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρειω.

συγ-κατακάω Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: f. -καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κλήϊω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγ-κατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to slay with or together.

συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to help to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγ-καταναυμάχew, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering.

συγ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπιμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνώω, f. ὦσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγ-κατασπᾶω, f. -σπάω [ᾱ], to pull down together. II. to gulp down together.

συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγ-κατατέθειμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγ-κατατρώγω, aor. 2 -έτρωγον, to eat up together.

συγ-καταφαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθῆαι.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, εἰμι ἰδο) to go down with. συγ-κατέργω, Ion. for συγκαθείργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεῖσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἔλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθῆαι, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for συγκάτῃμαι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. —τω, f. ξω, to bury with.
 συγ-καττώ, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
 συγκέας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.
 σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on; ὁ συγκείμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφί since it had been agreed to by them.
 συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.
 συγκεκλήμαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγ-κεκλήμαι.
 συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.
 συγκεκράμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.
 συγκεκράμενος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράν-νυμι, in a tempered manner.
 συγ-κεκορημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκρο-τέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.
 συγκεκύρηκα, pf. of συγκύρνω.
 συγκεκῦφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.
 συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.
 συγ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to pierce or stab together.
 συγ-κεράννυμι or —νω: f. —κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. —κέ-κράκα pass. —κέκράμαι: aor. I pass. —εκέραθην [ᾶ] Ion. —εκέρηθην: to mix together, mingle: to blend to-gether, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-λίαν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.
 συγ-κεραυνῶ, f. ὥσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-ounded.
 συγ-κεφαλῶ, f. ὥσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.
 συγκεχῦμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.
 συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχάννυμι.
 συγ-κινδυνέω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.
 συγ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move or put in commotion with.
 συγ-κλαίω Att. —κλάω [ᾶ]: f. —κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.
 συγ-κλάω, f. —κλάω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. —κέκλασμαι:—to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.
 σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From
 συγ-κλείω, f. κλείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ἥσω, old Att. ξυνκληίω, f. ἥσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. —κέκλεισμαι or —ῆμαι Ion. —κεκλήρισμαι or —ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, en-close. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; συγ-κλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.
 συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
 συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω.
 συγ-κληρονόμος, on, a joint-heir.

σύγ-κληρος, on, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence
 συγ-κληρώ, f. ὥσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.
 σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισις.
 σύγκλητος, on, (συγκαλέω) called together, convened. II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.
 συγκλήω, Att. for συγκλείω.
 συγκλινία, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
 συγ-κλίνω [ῖ], f. ἴνω, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.
 συγ-κλονέω, f. ἥσω, to shake up together, confound.
 σύγ-κλυς, ὅδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.
 συγ-κοιδομαι, Pass. with fut. med. —κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. —κεκοιμήμαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence
 συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and
 συγκοιμήσις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
 συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.
 συγ-κοινόδομαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.
 συγκοινωνέω, f. ἥσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From
 συγ-κοινωνός, ἡ, ὅν, partaking jointly of a thing.
 σύγ-κοιτος, on, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.
 συγ-κολλῶ, f. ἥσω, to glue or stick together. Hence
 συγκαλλυτήs, οὔ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.
 σύγ-κολλος, on, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with.
 συγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, bousing. From
 συγ-κομίζω, f. —ίσω Att. —ιῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὁρᾶ συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρὸς ἐαυ-τόν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be gained together. II. to help in burying.
 συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncopé, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From
 συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.
 συγ-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to set in order together, ar-range. II. to confer honour on.
 συγ-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.
 συγκράσις, εως, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing to-gether, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, *ov*, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγκρίνω [Ὶ], *f.* -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

σύγκρισις, *ῆ*, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συγκρούω, *f.* ῥω: *pf.* pass. -κεκρούμαι:—to strike together; συγκρούειν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands: absol. to clap, applaud. II. to beat, hammer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—Pass. to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσις, *ews*, *ῆ*, a collision. II. a quarrel. From

συγκρούω, *f.* ω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγκρύπτω, *f.* πω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to hide.

συγκτάομαι, *f.* -κτῆσθαι, Dep. to gain along with, help to acquire.

συγκτίζω, *f.* ῖω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, *ov*, δ, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκυβευτής, *ov*, δ, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συγκυβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγκύκω, *f.* ῥω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συγκυλινδερμαι, Pass. to roll about or wallow together.

συγκύνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκύναγός, δ, ῆ, a fellow-bunter, fellow-buntress.

συγκύπτω, *f.* πω: *pf.* -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards as to meet, to stoop and lay heads together, to conspire; τούτο δ' ἐς ἐν ἐστι συγκεκυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγκύρεω, *f.* -κυρήσω or -κύρω: *aor.* I -έκυρησα or -έκυρσα: *pf.* -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II. of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: impers., συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκύρησις, *ῆ*, a coincidence.

συγκύρσειαν, 3 pl. *aor.* I opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύν-κωλος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

σύν-κωμάζω, *f.* ᾄω Dor. ᾄω, to march together in a κῶμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύν-κωμος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

σύν-κωμῶδω, *f.* ῥω, (σύν, κωμῶδω) to play with in a comedy.

σύν-χαίρω, *f.* med. -χαρήσσομαι: *aor.* 2 pass. -εχάρην [ᾗ]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II. to wish one joy, congratulate.

σύνχαρῆτε, 2 pl. *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of συγχαίρω.

σύνχέας, *aor.* I part. of συγχέω.

σύν-χειμάζω, *f.* ᾄω, to winter with or at the same time:—Pass. to weather the same storm.

σύν-χειρουργέω, *f.* ῥω, to bear a hand at the same time, to perform together.

σύνχευαι, Ep. *aor.* I inf. of

σύν-χέω, *f.* -χεῖω: *aor.* I συνέχεα Ep. συνέχευα, inf. συγχέουαι: *pf.* -κέχυκα: Pass., *aor.* I -εχύθην [ῖ], and 3 sing. Ep. *aor.* 2 pass. σύγχυτο: *pf.* -κέχυμαι: to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

σύνχορευτής, *ov*, δ, a partner in a dance. From

σύν-χορεύω, *f.* ω, to dance with.

σύνχορηγέω, *f.* ῥω, to assist in supplying. From

σύν-χορηγός, *ov*, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύν-χορτος, *ov*, (σύν, χορτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

σύν-χώω, Ion. for συγχώννυμι.

σύν-χράσσομαι, *f.* -χρήσσομαι, Dep. to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύν-χρος, *ov* contr. -χρους, *ov*, (σύν, χρῶς) of like colour, of one colour.

σύν-χύνω [ῖ], late form of συγχέω.

σύνχυσις, *ews*, *ῆ*, (συνχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: a breaking through, violating.

σύγχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. *aor.* 2 pass. of συγχέω.

σύν-χωνεύω, *f.* ω, to melt together, to melt down.

σύν-χώννυμι and -ύνω: Ion. pres. συγχέω, inf. συγχύνω: *f.* συγχάω: *aor.* I συνέχουσα: *pf.* pass. συνεχέωσμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earib, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps, dismantle, demolish.

III. to heap one thing on another, confound.

σύν-χωρέω, *f.* ῥω and ῥομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. c. acc. rei, to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: absol. to agree, acquiesce. 4. impers. συγχωρεῖ, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συνχωρητέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must agree to, concede.

σύνθη [ῖ], Adv. (σύνω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύνεος, *a*, *ov*, (σύν) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σύνεον bog's-lard.

σύν-ζάω, inf. συζῆν: *f.* -ζήσω;—to live with, live together.

σύν-ζυγνύμι and -ύνω: *f.* -ζεύω Pass., *aor.* 2 συνεζύγη [ῖ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—Pass. to be yoked or coupled with:—Med. to yoke for oneself.

σύν-ζητέω, *f.* ῥω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

σύνζητης, *ῆ*, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οὐ, δ, a fellow-inquirer : a disputer.
 συζοφδομαι, Pass. (σύν, ὄφος) to grow dark together.
 συζύγια, ἡ, (συσζύννυμι) union : a joint. II. a
 yoke or pair of animals.
 συζύγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζύννυμι.
 συζύγιος [ῥ], α, ον, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together,
 joined, united.
 σύζυγος, ον, (συσζύνναι) yoked together, paired,
 united, esp. wedded :—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife :
 but also, σύζυγος, δ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.
 σύζυξ, ὅς, δ, ἡ, = σύζυγος.
 σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together. II. a
 girdle. From
 συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to gird together, gird up :—
 Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.
 συ-ζωοποιέω, f. ἥσω, to quicken at the same time.
 συθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of σεύω.
 σύθεν, Aeol. for ἐσύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σεύω.
 συκάτω, f. άσω (σुकῆ) to gather ripe figs.
 συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμνος, a mul-
 berry, Lat. *morum*.
 συκάμινος, ἡ, the mulberry-tree, Lat. *morus*.
 συκέα, έας, Ion. and Ep. συκέη, έης contr. συκή,
 ἡ, ἡ; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων : (σύκον) :—the fig-tree,
 Lat. *figus*.
 συκίδιον, τό, Dim. of σύκον, a small fig.
 συκίτω, f. έσω, (σύκον) to fatten with figs.
 σύκινος, η, ον, (σύκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree
 or figs; σύκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. II.
 metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σύκινος
 άνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows : also with allu-
 sion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.
 συκίς, ίδος, ἡ, (σुकῆ) a slip or cutting from a fig-
 tree, a young fig-tree.
 συκολογέω, f. ἥσω, to gather figs. From
 σύκο-λόγος, ον, (σύκον, λέγω) gathering figs.
 σύκο-μορέα, ἡ, = συνόμορος.
 συκό-μορος, ἡ, (σύκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an
 Egyptian kind, called also συκάμνος ἡ Αἰγυπτία.
 ΣΥΚΟΝ, τό, a fig, Lat. *figus*.
 σύκο-πέδιλος, δ, (σύκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of
 fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.
 σύκο-τραγέω, f. ἥσω, (σύκον, τραγείν) to eat figs.
 Hence
 συκοτραγίδης, ον, δ, a fig-nibbler.
 συκοφαντέω, f. ἥσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer :
 c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slan-
 der. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a
 thing : but, συκοφαντεῖν τριάκοντα μνᾶς to extort 30
 minae by laying informations; συκοφαντεῖν τί τινας
 to extort money from another by false informations.
 Hence
 συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,
 misrepresentation.
 σύκο-φάντης, ον, δ, (σύκον, φαίνω) properly a fig-
 shewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking
 the tree; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed
 against persons exporting figs from Attica : but used

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser,
 slanderer.
 συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a
 sycorbant, false accusation, slander. Hence
 συκοφαντίας, ον, δ, the Sycorbant-wind.
 συκοφαντικός, ἡ, ον, (συκοφάντης) like a sycorbant,
 slanderous. Adv. -κῶς.
 συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female
 informer.
 συκόφασσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for συκοφαντία.
 συκοφορέω, f. ἥσω, to carry figs. From
 συκο-φόρος, ον, (σύκον, φέρω) carrying figs.
 συκώω, f. ώσω, to feed with figs.
 σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 σῦλ-άγωγέω, f. ἥσω, (σῦλον, άγω) to carry off as
 booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.
 σῦλασκε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 ΣΥΤΔΑΪΩ, f. ἥσω : aor. 1 ἐσύλησα : Pass., aor. 1
 ἐσυλήθην : pf. σεσύλημαι :—to strip off the arms of
 a slain enemy : c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms
 from a person, or to strip him of his arms : so also c.
 acc. pers. et gen. rei :—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed
 or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to
 strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only,
 to strip off : hence to take away, carry off :—Pass.
 to be taken away or carried off as spoil : generally, to be
 taken away.
 συλεόμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part.
 of συλέω.
 συλεύω and συλέω, collat. forms of σῦλάω, to de-
 spoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud : to trick, cheat.
 σῦλη, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σῦλαι, αἱ,
 or σῦλα, τά, (σῦλάω) the right of seizing the ship or
 cargo of a foreign merchant : the right of seizure,
 right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to
 modern letters of marque.
 σῦληθεῖς, είσα, έν, aor. 1 pass. part. of σῦλάω.
 σῦλητήρ, ἦρος, and σῦλητήρ, ορος, δ, (σῦλάω) a
 robber :—fem. σῦλητήρ.
 συλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαβάνω.
 συλλαβεῖσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαβάνω.
 συλλαβή, ἡ, (συλλαβεῖν) that which holds toge-
 ther. II. (from pass.) that which is held together,
 esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable; έν
 γραμμάτων συλλαβαῖς in written words.
 συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαβάνω) to read in syllables.
 συλ-αλέω, f. ἥσω, to talk or converse with.
 συλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήφσομαι : aor. 2 συνέλαβον, inf.
 συλλαβεῖν : pf. -έληφα, pass. -έλημμαι : cf. λαμ-
 βάνω :—to bring together or collect into a body, to
 rally troops. II. to put together, close the
 mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take toge-
 ther, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. IV.
 to comprehend, comprise : of the mind, to comprehend,
 understand. V. to receive all together, to en-
 joy. VI. of a woman, to conceive. VII. c.
 dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in
 a thing : absol. to assist : so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

νομαί, to help to take bold of a thing, and so to help, assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ἔω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνέλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνελέχην, aor. 2 συνελέγη: pf. συνέειγμα and συλλέεγμα:—to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass., of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, ὁ, ἡ, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λήγω, f. ἔω, to cease or come to an end together.

συλληπτεόν, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay bold of together.

συλληπτρια, ἡ, fem. of συλληπταρ.

συλληπταρ, ορος, ὁ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes bold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συλληπτήναι, aor. I subj. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, εως, ἡ, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together.

II. a seizing, laying bold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension.

IV. conception in the womb.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ἡ, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio.

an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογίματος, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from different places.

συλλογισμός, ὁ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up. II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιεῖσθαι to convene an assembly.

II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχίτης [ι], ον, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συλ-λύπτω, f. ἴσω, to burst together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπησομαι, to sympathise or condole with.

συλ-λυσσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συλ-λύω, f. ὕω [ῶ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σύλον, τό, see σύλη.

σύλ-ονυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συλάω, ὄνυξ) paring the nails.

συμβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίνει.

συμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβήναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βέβασι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβώς, 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβῶ; pf. inf. ἐμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνω):—to

stand with the feet together.

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist.

III. to come together, meet: hence, like συμμίγγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοῖς to fall in with evils.

2. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on.

3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting.

IV. to fall to one's lot.

V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that...; so, συμβαίνει εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι:—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance.

2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ἦν ἐυβῆ ἡ ψεῖρα if the attempt succeed.

3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ἡ, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω: f. -βάλω: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβάλλειν: pf. -βέβηκα: Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμην in forms ἐύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βλητο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:—to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect:—συμβάλλειν δασίδας, to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond:—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in; ἐμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δέματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ἐξίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful.

II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; ἐχθρῶν, ἐπὶ συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc.

2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance.

III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; τὸ Βαβυλωνίων τάλαντον συμβαλλόμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοϊκόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboic.

2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand.

IV. Med. to agree upon.

V. intr. to come together: to meet, join.

2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάς, ἀσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίνει.

συμ-βασεία, Desiderat. of συμβαίνει, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βάσις, f. σαι, to rule conjointly with.

συμβάσις, εως, ἡ, (συμβαίνει) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβατήριος, *ον*, and συμβατικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) tending to agreement, conciliatory.

συμβιβάναι [α], *Ion.* for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίνω.

συμβεβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίνω.

συμβιβήκα, pf. of συμβαίνω.

συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίνω.

συμ-βιάζω, f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time.

συμ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσσω, Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of συμβαίνω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another. II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove. IV. to teach, instruct.

συμ-βίω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίον, inf. συμβιώναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.

συμβιωτής, *ον*, *δ*, one who lives with, a companion.

συμβλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλήσεται, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλητός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, comparable.

συμ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, τιμή: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.

συμβοηθεία, *ή*, joint aid or assistance. From συμ-βοηθέω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom. II. plur.

συμβύλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. interest.

συμβολαίος, *α, ον*, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολέω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.

συμβολή, *ή*, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribution, subscription:—plur. συμβολαί, αί, contributions to provide a common meal; δειπνείν άπό συμβολών, Lat. de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a contribution or common meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. tesserae hospitalitatis. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. II.

σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιείσθαι προς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, *ον*, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental. II. σύμβολος (sub. ολως), *δ*, an augury, omen.

συμβούλεμα, *ατος*, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτής, *α, ον*, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon. 2. to be advised.

συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative. συμβουλεύω, f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. consulere alicui; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulere aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, *ή*, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II. a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλα, *ή*, = συμβουλή 1.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.

συμ-βούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with, to agree with.

σύμ-βουλος, *δ*, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.

συμ-βύω, f. ύσω [υ], to cram together.

συμμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.

συμμάθητής, *ου, δ*, (συμμανθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμέμνηα: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [α]:—to rave or be mad along with or together.

συμ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—to learn along with one:—*δ* συμμαθών one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f. ψω, to grasp together.

συμμαρτύρω, f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And συμμαρτύρομαι [υ], Dep. = συμμαρτύρω. From

συμμάρτυς, ύπος, *δ*, *ή*, a fellow-witness.

συμμάχω, f. ήσω, (σύμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence συμμάχια *Ion.* -ίη, *ή*, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas επιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, help. II. = *οι* σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμάχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for alliance; θεοί ξυμμαχικοί the gods invoked at the making of an alliance. II. τ*ο* συμμαχικόν, = *οι* σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance.

συμ-μάχis, ιδος, pecul. fem. of σύμαχος, allied: *ή* ξυμμαχis (sub. πόλις), an allied state. II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

σύμ-μάχος, *ον*, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμαχος, *δ*, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.

συμμέμνημαι, pf. pass. of συμμαθάνω.

συμ-μετέπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελέτω, f. ήσω, to practise with or together.

συμ-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay together, keep together. 2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμμερίζω, f. σαι, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμμεταβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμμεταβάλλω, f. —βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμμεταχειρίζομαι, f. —σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμμετέχω, f. —μετέχω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμμετρίχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμέτοχος, ov, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμμετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρουμένον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησης, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμμετρος, ov, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

II. Adv., συμμέτρος ἔχειν to be in proportion: Comp. —ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμμητάδομαι, f. —άσομαι [ᾱ]. Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμμηχανάομαι, f. —ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγναι, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγνῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμιγνυμι.

συμμιγής, ές, (συμμιγῆναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμμιγνυμι or —νω: fut. συμμιξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμιγγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person. II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμιγφομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, έν, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμμιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμητής, ου, ό, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμμιμνήσσομαι, pl. —μέμνημαι, Dep. (σύν, μιμήσσω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμιλῶ, aor. I inf. of συμμιγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, ές, ή, (συμμιγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμμιγγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμιγνυμι.

συμμιολπος, ov, (σύν, μολπή) in harmonious or unison with, harmonious.

συμμιορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμιορία or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

συμμιορος, ov, (σύν, μέρος) contributing or rated along with: οι έυμιμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμμιορφίζω, = συμμιορφίω. From

συμμιορφος, ov, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμιορφώω, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμμιοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμμιών, f. ύσω [ύ]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμμιπάθεια, ή, (συμμιπάθης) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμμιπάθω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

συμμιπάθης, ές, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμμιπάθια, ή, poet. for συμμιπάθεια.

συμμιπάθως, Adv. of συμμιπάθης, sympathetically.

συμμιπαινίζω, f. ίσω, to raise the pæan with another: to shout out together.

συμμιπαιδew, f. σαι, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμμιπαίζω, f. —παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμμιπαίξω

έορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμμιπαίκτης, ου, ό, = συμμιπαιστής: fem. συμμιπαιστρια.

συμμιπαίκτηρ, opos, ό, = συμμιπαιστής.

συμμιπαισθεν, Dor. for συμμιπαίξω.

συμμιπαιστής, ου, ό, (συμμιπαίξω) a playmate, playfellow: fem. συμμιπαιστρια, ή.

συμμιπαιστωρ, opos, ό, = συμμιπαιστής.

συμμιπαίω, f. —παίησω: aor. I —έπαισα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμμιπᾶν, τό, neut. of σύμμιπας, q. v.

συμμιπαρβύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to cram in along with.

συμμιπαράγιννομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμμιπαράθω, f. —θέωσομαι, to run along with.

συμμιπαραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμμιπαράκαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμμιπαράκλήω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμμιπαράκελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμμιπαράκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συν-παρομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convoy along shore.

συν-παροκύνω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.

συν-παρολαμβάνω, f. λήφωμαι, to take along with.

συν-παρομένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat.

συν-παρομίσγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίσγω, to mix in together.

συν-παρονεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συν-παρονήχομαι, f. -νήχομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συν-παροπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.

συν-παροπύλλω, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συν-παροσκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συν-παροσπᾶτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From

συνπαροστάτης, ου, δ. (συνπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.

συν-παροτάσσομαι Att. -ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

συν-παροτηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συν-παροτρέφω, f. -θρέφω, to feed or nurture along with.

συν-παροφέρω, f. -παοίω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συν-παροδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.

συν-πάρεμι, inf. παρῆναι, (εἰμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.

συν-πάρεμι, inf. παρῆναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συν-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρῆλθθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συν-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.

συν-παρέχω, f. έω, to offer or present along with.

συν-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συν-παρίσθημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συν-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συν-παροξύω, f. ύνῶ, to provoke together with.

σύν-πᾶς Ep. and Att. ξύν-πας, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύνπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύνπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συν-πάσχω, f. -πέλομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συν-πατάσσω, f. έω, to strike along with or together.

συν-πατέω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συν-πατριώτης, ου, δ, a fellow-countryman.

συν-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind band and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συν-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

σύν-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing. συν-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.

συν-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.

σύν-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συν-πεπαίνω, f. άνῶ, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεσθαι it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συν-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.

συν-περιάγω, f. έω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.

συν-περίεμι, inf. -τέναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go about along with.

συν-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συν-περινοστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συν-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass.

συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συν-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.

συν-πέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συν-πέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.

συν-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II.

Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύν-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.

συν-πίεζω, f. έσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.

συν-πίνω [ι], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμ-πιεῖν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συν-πίπτω, f. -πесοῦμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτοκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3.

of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III.

to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; σῶμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συν-πίττω, poet. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέω.
 σύμπλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσας [d], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.
 συμπλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [d]: aor. I συνέπλασα:—to mould or fashion together, 'rairs out of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.

συμπλητῶν, f. ἥσω, to clap together.
 σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From συμπλέω, f. ῶ: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνέπλεον [d]: pl. συμπλέλλομαι:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II. Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in: ἵκη συμπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμπλέω, f. -πλέωμαι, to sail, float, swim along with or together.
 συμπληγῆς, ὁδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking or clashing together. II. Συμπληγῆδες (sc. πέτραι), ad, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνέαι ηῖσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also σιδηρομάδες.

συμπληθῶν, Adv. συμπλήσσω by beating or clashing together.
 συμ-πληθῶν [d], to multiply together.
 συμ-πληθῶν, to help to fill, swell, increase.
 συμ-πληρῶ, f. ὠσα, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to mix with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, (συμπλέω) an intertwining. II. a close struggle.
 συμπλοκος, ον, συμπλέω) entwined, interwoven.
 συμπλοκος, ον, οὐρα, -πλοος, ον: συμπλέω:—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., συμπλοκος, ὁ, a skirmish: metaph. a partner or contrails in a thing.

συμπλόω, f. ῶ, and Ion. ὠκ συμπλέω.
 συμ-πνέω, f. -πνέωμαι, to blow or breathe together.
 II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare: συμπνεῖν ἑμῶν τυχῶν τῶ ὀνόμῳ with, i.e. be carried along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πύκνω, f. ῶ, -πύκνωμαι, to thicken or, to condense or.
 συμ-πυθῶν, f. ὠσα, to be the fire together, burn hand and foot: metaph. to antagonise, oppose.
 συμ-πύκνω, f. ῶσα, to be in doing.
 συμ-πυμῶναι, Pass. τυν, πυμῶμαι, to feed together: to herd together.
 συμ-πυλῶμαι, f. ῶσα, to take part in a war with.
 συμ-πυλωρεῖν, f. ῶσα, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.

συμπαλιτῆς, f. ῶσα, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπαλιτῆς, οὐκ συμπαλιτῆς, fellow-citizens. From

συμπαλιτῆς, f. ῶσα, a fellow-citizen, Lat. compatriot.
 συμπαρῶμαι, f. ῶσα, to accompany in a procession.
 συμ-παρῶν, f. ῶσα, to work with or together: a δῆλ, or παῖς in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villainy, play the knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθῶ, f. ἥσω, like συμκέρθω, to help to demolish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ἥσω, to help in procuring or providing.

συμποσία, ἡ, (συμπίω) a drinking together.

συμ-ποσι-άρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister convivii.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, ὁ, (συμπίω) a fellow-drinker, companion. Hence

συμπότης, ὁ, ὦρ, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτῆς, ὁ, a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτω, Ion. -πρήκτω, ὁρος, ὁ, a helper, assistant: συμπρακτῶν ὁδὸς a fellow-wayfarer. From συμ-πράσσω Att. -πρω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. f. aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπαρίσσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρεπῆς, ἐς, (σύν, πρέπω) besanctifying, hestizing.

συμ-προσβητής, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From συμ-προσβῆναι, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending an embassy.

συμ-προσβῆς, οὐ, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.

συμ-προσβήτης, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador or elder.

συμ-πρήκτω, ὁρος, ὁ, Ion. ὠκ συμπρακτῶν.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. ὠκ συμπράσσω.

συμ-πράσσω, aor. 2 inf. ὠκ συνεπύμω (sc. pres. συμ-πράμω in use) to help together, help with.

συμ-προσβήτης: f. πῶς, -πῶμαι: aor. I pass. -προσβηθήναι: Dep.:—to join auxiliarily in promoting, to share equal zeal in a thing: abiol. to share one's eagerness.

συμ-προβῆναι, f. ῶσα, to be in furthering with me.

συμ-προπύμω, f. ῶσα, to assist together, join in escorting.

συμ-πυλῶν, ον, joined together, joined together.

From συμ-πύκνω, f. ῶσα, to be the together, be and by.

συμπαλιτῆς, aor. I pass. part. neut. ὠκ συμπαλιτῆς, συμπαλιτῆς, ον, συμπαλιτῆς, to be the together, be and by.

συμ-παρῶν, ον, συμπαρῶν, to be the together, be and by.

συμ-παρῶν, ον, συμπαρῶν, to be the together, be and by.

συμ-παρῶν, ον, συμπαρῶν, to be the together, be and by.

συμ-παρῶν, ον, συμπαρῶν, to be the together, be and by.

συμπερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνόισω: aor. I συνήνεγκα Ion. -ήνεικα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνήνεγοχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute.

2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage.

2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable expedient. 3. part. συμφέρων, ονσα, ον, useful, expedient: neut. συμφέρων, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to.

5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out. III.

Pass. συμφερόμαι, fut. med. συνόισομαι: aor. I pass. συνήνέχθην Ion. συνήνείχθην: pf. συνήνεγμαι:—to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congređi. 2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in. 4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers. it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with. σύμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that...

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίω [Υ], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθιτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ον, sounding together.

συμ-φιλῶ, f. ἤσω, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεκτέω, f. ἤσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἤσω, to join in philosophic study.

συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ἤσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἤσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοίτησις, ἡ, a going to school together. And συμφοιτητής, οὗ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.

συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a misbap, misfortune, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορεὺς, ὁ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ἤσω, to bring together, gather, bear up.

συμφορήσις, εως, ἡ, (συμφορέω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ον, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying.

II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρως, Adv. profitably: συμφόρας ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορύτερον: Sup. -άτατα.

συμφοράδμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I συνεφράσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσατο: pf. pass. συμτέφρασμαι: Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together: μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ἔμοι the chamber that keeps watch with me, i. e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σύμ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

συμφύεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφύω.

συμ-φύης, ἐς, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἀκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [8]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φύλετις, ον, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribūlis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φύλος, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ον, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [ϋ]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φυσάω, f. ἤσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φύτεω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ον, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inborn: σύμφυτος αἰών one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ὕσω: aor. I συνέφθσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφθκα, aor. 2 συνέφθν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφύεις:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ἤσω, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison.

II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἡ, (σύμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony. II. sympathy or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ον, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician. II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψάω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συμ-ψάω, inf. -ψήν; f. -ψήσω; aor. I συνέλησα:—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

συμ-ψηφος, ov, voting with another. συμ-ψυχος, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous.

ΣΙ'Ν old Att. σύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—along with, in company with, together with. 2.

with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endowed with; σύν ὅπλοις with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σὺ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέσσι κάλυψεν γαίαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

συν- in COMPOS., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συγκτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by twos. II. συν-, before β, β, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into συλ-; before σ into συσ-—

σύν, acc. of σὺς.

συνάγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συνάγω.

συνάγειον, Dor. for συνήγειον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συν-άγγελος, ὁ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-αἰρώ; f. -αἰρῶ; aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνάγειρα; Pass., aor. I συνηγήσθην, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγεσθην:—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them; Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things; and in Med. to collect for oneself. III. συναγείρειν ἑαυτὸν to collect oneself; Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αἰνέω, f. ἴσω, to bring together, to collect.

συν-αγκία, ἡ, (σύν, ἀγκύα) = μισογαγκία.

συν-ἀγνῆμι, f. -ἀζω; aor. I συνέαξα:—to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-ἀγορεύω, f. ὴσω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἀγρα) to join in the chase.

συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω.

συν-άγω, f. -ἀζω; aor. I σύνηξα; aor. 2 συνήγαγον; Att. pf. συνήχα, later συναγχοχα; pf. pass. σύνηγμαι:—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συνάγειν Ἀρηά, πόλεμον to join battle: also

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine; συνάγειν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγος, ὥς, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter. συνάγωγή, ἡ, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-αγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσσομαι Att. -ισύμαι; Dep.:—to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to help in a contest. Hence

συνάγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.

συν-ἀδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister.

συν-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.

συν-ᾄδω Ion. συν-αείδω; f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αείρω, aor. I -ἴψαι, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to yoke together: Med. to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αέζω, poet. for συναΐζω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἴσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ἀθροίζω, f. ὴσω, to gather together, assemble.

συν-αἰγδην, Adv. (σύν, αἰσώ) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister.

συναίμων, ovos, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἴσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αἰνῶμαι, defect. Dep. to take hold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναἰνῶτο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἴσω; 2 συνελάω; aor. 2 συνεἶλον Ep. συνέλον, part. συνελάν; (cf. αἰρέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, συνελὼν λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναείρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also α, ov, (σύν, αἷτια) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to:—as Subst., συναίτιος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινὸς in a thing.

συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
 συν-αιχμάλωτος, ov, a fellow-prisoner.
 συν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or or flourish together.
 συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
 συν-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely : to follow an argument, understand.
 συν-άκοντιζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.

συν-άκούω, f. -ακούσομαι, to hear along with or at the same time. 2. to hear one another.
 συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.

συνακτικώς, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together : το συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συν-αλάζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.
 συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in : absol. to share in sorrow.

συν-αλγηδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief :—in plur. = αι συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.
 συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over : to help to anoint.

συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλλα) = συναλίζω.
 συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω : aor. I Ion. συνάλισα : to gather together, collect, assemble :—Pass. to come together, meet.

συναλλάγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange ; λόγων ξναλλαγαί interchange of words : absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation ; pl. ξναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition ; νόσου ξναλλαγή by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.

συνάλλαγμα, atos, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.

συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : aor. I συνήλλαξα :—Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχθην : pf. συνήλλαγμαi :—to interchange with : to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with : to reconcile :—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms : make a league or alliance with : make peace.

συν-άλοώ poet. -άλοάω : f. ήσω : aor. I συνηλοίησα :—to thresh with or together : to dash to pieces, smash.

συν-άμα, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.
 συν-άμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι : aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην : Dep. :—to race or contend together.

συν-αμπέχω : fut. -αμφέξω : aor. 2 -ήμπεσχον, inf. -αμπισχέιν :—to cover up entirely, wrap closely : metaphor. to shroud.

συν-αμπισχω, = συναμπέχω.
 συν-αμφότερος, α, ov, both together : used both in sing. and plur.

συν-αναβαίνω : f. -αναβήσομαι : aor. 2 -ανέβην :—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.
 συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf. :—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.

συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with :—Pass. to go to sea together.

συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συν-αναίρω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.

συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συν-ανακλινομαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [1]

συν-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.

συν-αναμίγνυμι, f. -αμίξω, to mix up with at the same time :—Med. and Pass. to associate with.

συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.

συν-αναπειθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.

συν-αναπέμψω, f. ψω, to send up together.

συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.

συν-αναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.

συν-αναριπτήω, f. ήσω, to throw up together.

συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another.

συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together :—Pass. to live along with or among.

συν-ανστήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.

συν-αναστρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.

συν-αναστήμι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.

συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.

συν-αναφύρω [φῶ], to knead or mix up together :—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.

συν-αναχρέπιτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.

συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together.

II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.

συν-αντάω Ion. -έω : f. ήσω : aor. I -ήντησα :—to meet face to face : generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence

συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting.

συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.

συν-αντιάω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.

συναντιλάβηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of

συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with :

to take part with, help.

συν-αντλήω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together :

συναντλεῖν πόνους τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exsaurire labores.

συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with : also to engage in battle.

συν-άντω [ῶ], to come to an end together with.

συν-αξίω, f. άσω, to join in thinking fit : generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αοιδός, ὄν, = συνφδός.
 συν-άρος, ὄν, Dor. for συνήρος.
 συν-απάγω, f. ξω, to lead away with :—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-άπας, ἄσα, ἄν, like σύνπας, all together, the whole together.
 συν-άπειμι, inf. -απέναι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to go away together.
 συν-απεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-ἀπίσταμαι, Ion. for συναφίσταμαι.
 συν-αποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together : to disembark along with.
 συν-αποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. 2 -ἀπέραν :—to run away or escape along with.
 συν-αποδοκιμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.
 συν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνουμαι : aor. 2 -απέθανον :—to die together with.
 συν-αποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-αποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-αποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι :—to receive from another with or together : to take or receive in common.
 συν-απολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-απόλλυμι, fut. -απολῶ :—to destroy with or together ; συναπολλύναι τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin :—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-απολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-απομαρῖναι, to make to wither away together :—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-απονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-αποπέμψω, f. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-απορρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.
 συν-αποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-αποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied : continuous. From
 συν-ᾄτω, f. -άψω : aor. I συνήψα : Pass., pf. συνήμμαι :—to tie or join together, unite ; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet ; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes ; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss ; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan ; ξυνάπτειν τι κακὰ to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action ; συνάπτειν μάχην to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person ; συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινί to enter into conversation with a person ; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc. ; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι or ἐς λόγους τινί (sub. ἑαυτὸν) ; συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage. III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to : to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand. IV. Med. to reach, attain to : to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνάρα, aor. I inf. of συναίρω.
 συν-ἄρδισκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάρρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ἄρᾶσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash together : to dash in pieces, crush, destroy :—Pass. to be dashed in pieces ; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.
 συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρέσω :—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναρρίσκω.
 σύν-αρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together : in accordance with.
 συναριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾶ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἄριστάω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἀριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἄριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἄριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἀριστον) breakfasting with. [ᾶ]
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω : f. ὅσω Dor. ὄξω : Pass., aor. I συν-ηρμόσθη : pf. -ηρμύσμαι :—to fit together, close, join exactly ; συναρμύζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids ; εὐχερέει συναρμόσαι βροτοὺς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-αρμολογέω, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμωστής, οὗ, ὅ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together ; συναρμωστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
 συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.
 συν-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι : aor. I συνήρπασα :—to carry off or away with one :—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together :—Med. aor. I ξυναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-αρτάω, f. ἴσω : aor. I συνήρτησα :—to bang up with : to fasten on along with, knit together :—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἄρχω, f. ξω, to rule jointly with : to be a colleague in office ; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσεβέω, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ασκέω, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσοφος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ασπιδόω, f. ὄσω, (σύν, ἀσπίς) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ασπίζω : fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ : (σύν, ἀσπίς) :—to hold the shields together : generally, to fight together, be comrades ; συνασπίζειν τινί to be his messmate.
 συν-ασπιστής, οὗ, ὅ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ασχάλλω, aor. I inf. συναίρω indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-ἀναίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδῶ, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ἑναυλίαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. 1 pass. συνηλίσθη: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with: σ. μαρία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην pf. -έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἄχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαΐζω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσω, to feast along with or together: συνδαΐσαι γήμονες τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξω, to bite or clamp together, hold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάζω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δέησομαι: aor. 1 pass. -εδήθη: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώνης, ον, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

συν-δετός, ὄν, (συνδέω) bound together, bound hand and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together: συνδέσαι τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διαιτήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διαίτῳ):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῦ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέδομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to endure bardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατριβή [τ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, of τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατριβόντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διοίσω, to carry through or over with.

II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφύλασσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξιμι, inf. -διξιέναι (εἰμι ἴβο) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδίκηκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. 1 of συνδιαφέρειν.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδίκη, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δικη) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοί were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδικῶς, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἦσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διωράω, f. -διώρομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-διασκεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώσομαι, to chase away along with.

II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution. συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed: —the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἅπασιν ὑμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; σύνδοξαν πατρί since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

συν-δουλος, ὁ, ἡ, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, ὁ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; αἷμα συνδρᾶν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αἱ σύνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπηγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπηγάδες. II.

running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δύάω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγίς, Adv. quite near, close to, bard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another: —Pass. to rise together.

συνεδράμουν, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council: —in N.T. the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. curia.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, ὁ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εέκοσι, Ep. for συνέκοσι.

συν-εργᾶσθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνεργῶ.

συν-εργῶ, Ep. for συνεργῶ.

συνέξευε, aor. I of συζεύγνυμι.

συνήκα, Ion. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμι.

συν-θέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθικάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual: —Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέναί, inf. of σύνιδοι; v. *συνείδω. Hence

συνειδήσις, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

*συν-εἶδω, in aor. 2 συν-εἶδον, inf. -ἰδεῖν: —to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-ὄρομαι,

pf. συν-εόρακα. II. pf. σύνιδοι in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέναί: plqpf. with impf. sense συνηδεν Att.

συνῆδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνηδέατε: also fut. συνέλομαι: —to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing,

privy to it: part. συνεῖδως an accomplice: τὸ συνεῖδος = συνειδήσις.

2. c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; συνειδέναι ἑαυτῶν οὐδ' ὅτι οὖν σοφός ὢν I am conscious to myself of not being in the least

wise; or in the dat., σύνιδοι ἑμαυτῶ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένῳ I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his

plans or opinions.

συν-εἴκοσι Ep. συνεέκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνελεγμένως, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-ελέω, f. ἦσω, to crowd or throng together: —of persons, to bind firmly together: —Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνεληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνεληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνελεῖσθα, aor. I of συνέλω.

συνελοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-εμμ, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, ἐμμὶ sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνεῖναι νόσῳ = νοσεῖν; συνεῖναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνεῖναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; οἱ συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-εμμ, (σύν, ἐμμὶ ἰδο) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet. 2. in hostile sense, to

meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war. 3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet

to deliberate.

4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-εἶπον, inf. -εἰπεῖν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-εἶργον, = συνεῖργον.

συν-εἶργω Ep. -εἶργω old form -ἔργω: Ep. impf. συνεῖργον: Ep. aor. 2 συνεῖργάθον: f. συνεῖρξω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνεῖρηκα, as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-εἶρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of συνίημι.

συν-εἰσάγω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εἰσβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with. συν-εἰσβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εἰσέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εἰσήλθον, pf. -εἰσελήλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνεῖσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use; *συν-εἶδω II.

συν-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πessóμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εἰσπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εἰσφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εἰσφορά).

συν-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εμβαλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εμβιβάζω, f. -εμβιβάσω Att. -εμβιβῶ, Causal of συνεμβαίνω, to help in bringing out.

συν-εκδημιος, ov, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύω [v], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνομαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαδέκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away; συνεκλέπτετε γάμους to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [v], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, εκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ā], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [r], f. -πιόμαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πessóμαι, to rush out along with.

II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ήσω, to help in working out or achieving: to coöperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω, f. -τίσω [r], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκύρω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εξείσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάλουν, impf. of συλλάλλω.

συν-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ā]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -ελέηκα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνειν ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight.

2. intr., ἐριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελείν, σύνελαι, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναίρω.

συν-ελευθερώω, f. ώσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνελίκυσα (as if from συν-ελεῖω):—to draw together or to a point.

2. to draw up, contract. II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναίρω.
 συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in. II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint invader. Hence συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή πώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.
 συνέμεν, poet. for συνεῖμαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνίημι.
 συνέμειξα, aor. I of συμμίγνυμι.
 συνέμικθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of συμμίγνυμι.
 συν-εμπήρημι, fut. -εμπήρω: aor. I -ενέπηρα:—to burn along with or together.
 συν-εμπορος, ov, travelling with: as Subst., συν-έμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.
 συνεμπήρῃσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπήρημι.
 συνενέγκαντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμφέρω.
 συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.
 συν-ενθουσιάζω, to be inspired together with.
 συν-εξάγω, f. ξάω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.
 συν-εξαίρω, f. ἤσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.
 συν-εξάκουω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all together.
 συν-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.
 συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass. with aor. 2 act. -εξανίστην, pf. -εξανίστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.
 συν-εξπατάω, f. ἤσω, to cheat along with or together.
 συν-εξέμι, (εἰμι ibo) to go out along with or together.
 συν-εξελαίνω, f. -εξέλασω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στρατός, ἵππων) to march or ride out together.
 συν-εξέρνω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.
 συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξέηλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go or come out with.
 συν-εξετάζω, f. δάω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.
 συν-εξεύρισκα, f. -εξεύρησαι, to find out together.
 συν-εξεορμιάω, f. ἤσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.
 συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.
 συν-επάγω, f. ξάω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.
 συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.
 συν-επαίνω, f. ἔσω Ep. ἤσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.
 συν-επαίνομαι, ov, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.
 συν-επαίρω, f. -επαῶ, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπειωσα, aor. I of συμπαίω.
 συν-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.
 συν-επύκολουθεῖ, f. ἤσω, to follow together, follow close.
 συν-επῶννω, f. -αἰῶνῶ, to join in repelling.
 συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.
 συν-επανορθόω, f. ὤσω, to join in re-establishing.
 συνέπῳξα, Dor. aor. I of συμπήρημι.
 συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφάπτομαι.
 συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.
 συν-έπαυμι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἰμι ibo) to go with against, join in attacking.
 συν-επεισφόρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in.
 συν-επεκίνω [ē], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.
 συν-επελαφρύνω [ū], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.
 συν-επερίζω, f. ἴσω, to contend with.
 συνέπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.
 συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.
 συνεπίστην, aor. 2 of συνεφίστημι.
 συν-επεύχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.
 συν-επηγέω, f. ἤσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.
 συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.
 συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.
 συν-επιγράφει, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.
 συν-επιθυμῶ, f. ἤσω, to desire along with.
 συν-επίκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.
 συν-επισκομέω, f. ἤσω, to help to array or adorn.
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἤσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.
 συν-επικουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to lighten at the same time.
 συν-επιστρέφω, to move backwards and forwards together with.
 συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήφομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.
 συν-επιμαρτύρω, f. ἤσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.
 συν-επιμελομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. -επεμελήσην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.
 συν-επιμελητής, οὗ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.
 συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. ξάω, to help to twine or plait.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλείσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.
 συν-επιρρύνω, f. -επρίρω, to help to strengthen.
 συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέπτομαι:—to examine along with.
 συν-επιστάω, f. δάω

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπένσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεφέποιμαι.

συν-επισπένδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στέλλω, to send with or together.

συν-επιστράτευω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:

—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [τ], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, δ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλᾶσα, aor. I of συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσόμεν, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμναι συνεπεσθαι to follow the flocks.

II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμενυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, ου, δ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover.

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συν-ερασθαι τινι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: pf. -έργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [α], ου, δ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτινης [τ], ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [α], ιδος, η, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to coöperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, δ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, η, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, coöperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, ου, (σύν, έργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, δ or η, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a coöperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνεργώ.

συν-έρδω, f. ξω, to join in a work, coöperate with.

συν-ερείδω, f. σω: aor. I. συνήρεια:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:

—Pass., aor. I συνήρεια: pf. συνήρεια: or -εφήρεια:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): —I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-έρπτος, δ, also η, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνερεκτικός, η, ου, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμα, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf.

-ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together.

II. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in.

3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείαν συνελθεῖν to join in an expedition; συνελθεῖν λέχος σόν to share thy bed.

III. of things, to be joined in one, be united.

IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the same time.

II. to establish a point by questioning: —Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνήμι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, η, (συνήμι) a joining, meeting together.

II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence.

2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπάράσσω.

συνεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνέπομαι.

συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστόλην [α], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστέλλα, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστιάω, f. άσω [α], to entertain in one's house: —Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, η, (σύν, έστια) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, ου, (σύν, έστια) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-έστιος, δ, η, an inmate, guest.

2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχω, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-έταυρος, δ, (σύν, έταίρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνεπαράχθην, aor. I pass. of συνπαράσσω.

συνεπαθήν [α], aor. 2 pass. of συνπάθω.

συνεπαχθην, aor. I pass. of συνπαράσσω.

συνετίθεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέτλαν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ξυνίημι.

συνετός, η, ου, (συνήμι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious.

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. *συνετρά* as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of *συντρίβω*.

συνετώς, Adv. of *συνετός*, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. *ήσω*, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. *ήσω*, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εῖδω, f. *-ευδήσω*, to sleep or lie with; *ὁ ξυνεῖδων χρόνος* the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάξω, f. *σω*, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευνέτης, ov, *ὁ*, a bedfellow, husband, consort: fem. *συνευνέτις*, *ἰδος*, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ov, (*σύν*, *εὐνή*) sharing one bed: as Subst., *σύνευνος* *ὁ*, *ἡ*, a bedfellow, consort, husband or wife.

συν-ευπάζω, f. *-πέισμαι*, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. *ήσω*, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. *-ξομαι*, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-εωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνέφεδον, used as aor. 2 of *συνεσθίω*.

συν-επαύτομαι Ion. *-επάπτομαι*: f. *-επάβομαι*: Dep.:—to lay bold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλω, f. *έω*: aor. I *-εφέλικσα*:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφεύομαι, aor. 2 *-φεσπύμην* Ion. *-επεσπύμην*: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-εφηβος, ov, at the age of youth together.

συν-επιστήμη, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. *τὸν νοῦν*) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *-ερέστην*, pf. *-ερέστηκα*:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφρασα, aor. I of *συνφράσσω*.

συνεχάρην [α], aor. 2 pass. of *συχχαίρω*.

συνέχεα, aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνέχεια, *ἡ*, (*συνεχής*) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχευα, Ep. aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνεχέως, Ion. for *συνεχῶς*.

συνεχής, *ἐς*, (*συνέχω*) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent. II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. *συνεχής* is used as Adv., = *συνεχῶς*.

συν-εχθαίρω, to bate along with, join in bating.

συν-έχθω, poet. for *συνεχθαίρω*.

συνεχύθην [υ], aor. I pass. of *συχχέω*.

συν-έχω Att. *ξυν-*: f. *-έξω*: aor. 2 *συνέσχον*:—to hold or keep together:—*συνέχων τὴν εἰσαίαν* to keep the rows together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., *συνέχεσθαι αλχμήσι* to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. *-έως*, Adv. of *συνεχής*, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψάω, (*σύν*, *ἐψιόμαι*) to play together.

συνεώνημα, pf. of *συνωνέομαι*.

συν-ηβῶ, f. *ήσω*, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ov, (*σύν*, *ἡβη*) young at the same time: as Subst., *σύνηβος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, a young friend or comrade.

συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of *συνάγω*.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συνάγω*.

συνηγορέω, f. *ήσω*, (*συνήγορος*) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*; *συνηγορεῖν τῷ κατηγορῶν* to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, *ἡ*, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικός, *ἡ*, *ὡν*, of or for a *συνήγορος* or advocate; *τὸ συνηγορικόν*, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public *συνήγοροι* while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ov, (*σύν*, *ἀγορεύω*) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., *συνήγορος*, *ὁ*, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*.

συνήδεν Att. *ξυνήδη*, plqpf. of *σύναιδα*.

συνήδατε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of *συνεῖδα*.

συν-ἡδομαι: fut. *-ησθήσομαι*: aor. I *-ἡσθην*: Dep.:—to rejoice together; *συνῆδεσθαι τινι* to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, *ἡ*, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. *consuetudo*. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ήθης, *ἐς*, gen. eos contr. *ους*: gen. pl. *συνήθειων* contr. *συνήθων*: (*σύν*, *ἥθος*):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to; *συνήθης τινι* well-acquainted or intimate with him; *χειρὶ συνήθης* = *χειροπύθος*, tame. II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνήθισμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συνθροίζω*.

συνήθως, Adv. of *συνήθης*, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. I of *συνήκω*.

συν-έκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλασα, aor. I of *συνελαύνω*.

συνήλθον, aor. 2 of *συνήρχομαι*.

συν-ηλικιωτής, ov, *ὁ*, = *συνήλις*.

συν-ήλις, *ἰσος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (*σύν*, *ἡλικία*) of like or equal age, Lat. *aequalis*: as Subst., *συνήλις*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνήλυσιν and *συνήλυσον* a meeting.

συν-ημερεύω

with or together.

συνημοσύνη, ἡ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From
συνήμιων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ῥοπος Dor. and Att. συν-ῥοπος, ὄν, (σύν, αλω-
ρέω) hanging together, linked with, wedded to: as
Subst., συνήρως, ὄ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.
συν-ῥεπορεύω, f. σω, to join in cheating or tricking.
συν-ῥετέω, f. ἡσω, (σύν, ἔρετις) = συνηρημέω.
συν-ῥετμέω, f. ἡσω, to row with: generally, to
work or ply with, be friends with.
συν-ῥεφέω, f. ἡσω, to throw a shade over. From
συν-ῥεφής, ἔς, (σύν, ἐρέφω) thickly shaded, covered
over.

συν-ῥήριμος, ὄν, poet. for συνάριμος.
συνήρπακα, pf. of συναρπάω.
συνήρπασα, aor. 1 of συναρπάω.
συνήρτημαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.
συνηλίσθη, aor. 1 of συναλλίζομαι.
συνήρων, impf. of συνεράω.
συν-ῥασάομαι Att. -ῥτάομαι, Pass. to be conquered
or overcome together.

συν-ῥαίω, f. ἡσω, to sound or ring together.
συνήχθη, aor. 1 pass. of συναῖω.
συνήψα, aor. 1 of συναπτω.
συνθᾶκω, f. ἡσω, to sit with or together, to sit in
council with, take counsel with. From
συν-θᾶκος, ὄν, sitting with or together. 2. sbar-
ting in, partaking of.

συν-θαμβέω, to be astounded along with.
συν-θάλλω, f. ψω, to warm with or together: me-
taph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury with or together:—Pass.
to be buried with or together.

συν-θεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to view together,
to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together,
examine carefully. Hence

συνθεᾷτης, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.
συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, fem. of συνθεατής.
συνθείς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.
σύνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.
συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of
συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an
arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions,
instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together, com-
pounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a com-
bination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement,
treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting
together.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of
συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ὄν, also ὄν, (συντίθημι) put together,
compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged. III. metaph.
agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement,
Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θῆω, f. -θέσομαι, to run along with, to run
together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly
with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεωρέω, f. ἡσω, to contemplate together: to go
to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II.
an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of
agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, ατος, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put
together. II. anything agreed upon, a pre-con-
certed signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watch-
word, Lat. tessera. 3. an agreement, covenant,
engagement. Hence

συνθημαῖος, α, ὄν, agreed upon: bargained for.
συνθηράτης, οὗ, ὁ, a fellow-bunter. From
συν-θηράω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to hunt with or together:—
Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and
bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οὗ, ὁ, = συνθηπατής. From
συν-θηρεῖω, = συνθηράω, to hunt together:—Pass.
to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ὄν, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in com-
pany: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θιδώτης, ὄν, ὁ, a partner in the θιάσος or
sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to crush along with or together.
συν-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θνούμαι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf.
-θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θουινάω [ᾶ], ὄν, ὁ, (σύν, θουινάω) a partaker
of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θρανών, f. ᾶω, to break in pieces, shiver.
συν-θραύω, f. σω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηνος, ὄν, mourning with or together.
σύν-θρονος, ὄν, sitting on the same seat or throne
with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ὄν, sounding with, in harmony with.
συν-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph.

to enervate, weaken.
συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῶ], to offer sacrifice along with.

συντιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συντίδω.
συντιεῖν [ῖ], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συντίθημι.

συντιέμεν, Ep. for συντιέναι, inf. pres. of συντίθημι.
σύντιεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συντίθημι.

συν-τεροποιέω, f. ἡσω, to join in sacrifice with.
συν-τρίβω, to settle down, collapse, shrink. 2. to
sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-τίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to hold a
sitting.

συν-ῖημι Att. ξυνῖημι [for the quantity, see ῖημι]:
impf. συνῖην or συνῖεν: f. συνῖσω or συνῖσομαι: aor. 1
συνῖηκα: pf. συνῖκα:—also (as if from συνῖέω) 3 pl. pres.
συνῖουσι, inf. συνῖεῖν, imperat. ξυνῖε, inf. συνῖέμεν; 3
sing. impf. συνῖεν, 3 pl. ξυνῖεσαν Ep. ξυνῖεν; also (as if
from συνῖω) impf. 3 pl. ξύνῖον; aor. 1 ξυνῖηκα: aor. 2

imperat. *ῥύε*; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. *ῥύετο*, 3 pl. subj. *συνώμεθα*:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know.

III. Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for *συνέναι*, inf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* ibo). [r]

συνούσι, 3 pl. pres. of *σύνιμι*, as if from *σύνιαι*.

συν-ἱππαρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἵππευς, εἰς, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *σύνειμι* (*εἰμι* ibo), they went together.

II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of *σύνιαι*, they shared in the knowledge.

συνιδῶσι, 3 pl. of *σύνιαι*.

σύνισθι, imperat. of *σύνιαι*.

σύνισμεν, 1 pl. of *σύνιαι*.

συν-ίστημι, impf. *συνίστην*: f. *συστήσω*: aor. I

συνέστησα:—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together.

3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do.

4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one.

5. to make firm or solid, barden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *συνέστην*;

pf. *συνέστηκα*, part. *συνεστηκώς* contr. *συνεστώς*,

ἄσα, ἔς, Ion. *συνεστώς*, εἴσα, εἰς:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., *συνεστηκότων τῶν στρατηγῶν* when the generals were in dispute.

3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; τὸ *συνιστάμενον* or τὸ *συνεστηκός*, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing.

5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue.

6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστασθαι, opos. ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; θεοὶ *συνιστοῦσιν* the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχύειν, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχύειν, f. *ισχύνω*, Att. *ισχύνω*, to help to strengthen.

συν-ίστασθαι, loc. for *συνίστασθαι*, pres. part. of *σύνιμι*.

συν-ίστασθαι, to dwell along with or together.

συν-ίστασθαι, f. *ισχύνω*, to pack tight together.

συν-ιστάμενος, or, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-ιστάμενος, or, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ιστάμενος, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ιστάμενος, f. *ισχύνω*, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ιστάμενος, or, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-ιστάμενος, f. *ισχύνω*, to engage one's youth or be young with.

συν-ιστάμενος, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *σύνιμι*.

συν-ιστάμενος, f. *ισχύνω*, to head together: also.

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συν-ιστάμενος, f. *ισχύνω*, to head together: also.

συν-νέφος, or, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννέφω, f. ἴσω, to collect clouds.

II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. *συννέφει*, it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From

συν-νέφης, ἐς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νέω: pf. pass. *συννέημαι*, Ion. 3 pl.

συννέταται:—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέω, f. -νέω: pf. pass. *συννέημαι*, Ion. 3 pl.

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συν-νέω, f. -νέω: pf. pass. *συννέημαι*, Ion. 3 pl.

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. *insula to domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοίκια (sub. *ἱερά*), *τά*, (συνοικέω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίζω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; *ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην* to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilenê.

II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνοικίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. *ἴσω*, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., *ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῇ βίου* associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., *συνοικουρός κακῶν* a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτιζέω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσω, fut. of *συμφέρειω*, med. *συνοίσομαι*.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι: f. —ολέσω Att. —ολώ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 —όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. *ἴω*, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: *τὸ σύνολον* the whole together. Hence

συνόλως, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὅμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., *συνομαίμων*, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομαλίζε, Dor. for *συν-ομηλίζε*.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. *ἴσω*, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομηλίζε Dor. —ομαλίζε, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. *ἴσω*, to converse or associate with.

συν-όμνυμι or —ύω: f. —ομύσω: aor. I —ώμοσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form league or conspiracy. II. to swear to one, promise by oath: *συνομύσαι θάνατον* τι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. *ἴω*, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. *ἴω*, (σύν, ὅμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπάδω, ὄν, following along with, attending on.

σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὅπλον) armed together, allied.

συν-οράω, f. *συνόψομαι* (as if from *συνόπτωμαι*): aor. 2 *συνείδον*, inf. *συνιδεῖν* (as if from *συν-εἶδω*):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. —ίσομαι: aor. I pass. *συν-οργίσθην*: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [ῖ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὄρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὄρμη) clashing together.

συνόρμιενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of *συνόρνυμι*.

συν-ορμιζέω, f. *ἴω*, to bring to anchor together.

συν-όρνυμι, = *συνορίνω*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. *συν-όρμιενος*, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. *σύνουρος*, ον, bordering on; *κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξύνουρος* dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφώω, f. *ώω*, (σύν, ὀροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ορος, ον, Ion. for *σύνουρος*.

συν-ουσία Ion. —ῖη, ἡ, (from *συνών*, *συνούσα*, part. of *σύνειμι*) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II. a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρυδομαι, f. med. *ώσομαι*: pf. pass. —ωφρύωμαι: Dep.: (σύν, ὀφρύς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. *ξυνοχή*, ἡ, (συνέχω) a bolding or being beld together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph. straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. bolding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. *συνεοχμός*, = *συνοχή*, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) beld together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for *συνόκωχα*, Ep. intr. pf. of *συνέχω*, to be beld together, come together; *ἄνω ἐπὶ στήθεος συνοχωκότε* shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. pf *συνοπάω*.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *συντήκα*.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of *συντάσσω*, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπυρέω, f. *ἴω*, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for *συντέμνω*.

συν-τάνω, = *συντείνω*, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -ττω: f. φω: aor. I -εράρα: Pass., aor. I -εράραθην: pf. -ετέραραμαι:—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet:—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. φω: aor. I -έταφα: Pass., aor. I -ετάραθην: pf. -τέταραμαι:—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω ἑ, to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συντετραμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφαω. συν-τέτω, pf. -τέταμα, pass. -τέταμαι:—to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-ταχίζω, i. low Att. ἰω: to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμήραμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοῦμαι, i. φω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνῶ, i. ὦσα, to help in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελέω = συνετέλεω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ἡ, (συντέλης) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συνετέλαι. III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τέλω, i. ἔω: pf. pass. συνετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute jointly: συνετέλειν εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συνετέλειν εἰς τοὺς ἵππους to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights: hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τέλης, ἐς, (σιν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share; συντέλης was the city which

bad to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail.

III. intr. (sub. ὀδῶν), to make a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνοντος as the time became short.

συν-τεπερίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, ὄν gen. ὄνος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντρένω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραμαι, pf. pass. of συντάρασσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντέλειω.

συντέτκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκα.

συν-τετραίνω: i. -τρήσω: aor. I -έτρησα: pf. pass. -τέτρημαι:—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate:—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels. II. metaph. συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ὧν to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετρίβειν, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήνω, i. φω: aor. I -έτηγα:—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass.

συντήσμαι, aor. I συνετήσθην: aor. 2 συνετέην [ᾱ]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τήρῃω, i. ἦσα, to watch closely: to preserve, keep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, i. -θήσω:—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι: aor. I συνεθέμην: aor. 2 συνετέην:—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to: σὺ δὲ συνεθεοὶ δὲ θεοὶ take heed. 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to argue on, conclude: to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τίμω, i. ἦσα, to value together:—Med. to fix an estimate:—Pass. it increases in value, rise in price.

συν-τρίνασσω, i. ζω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to confuse, confound.

συν-τρίπασσω, i. -τρίψω, it would in many places.

*συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνετλμην, to venture together.

σύντομος, ὁ, συντεμνῶν cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a story, σύντομος ὡς αὐτὸν: cut: συντομία τὰν βιβλίων τῶν βραχυτάτων, by the shortest. Hence

συντόμως, Adv. *concisely, shortly*: Comp. -ώτερον and -ωτέρως: Sup. -ώτατα and -ωτάτως.

σύντονος, ov, (συντείνω) *on the stretch, strained tight*.

2. metaph. *intense, excessive*: of persons, *earnest, serious, vehement*: neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. *earnestly, vehemently*. II. (σύν, τόπος) *in harmony or unison with*.

συν-τραγῳδεῖν, f. ἦσω, *to act tragedy together*.

συν-τράπεζος, ov, (σύν, τράπεζα) *eating at the same table*: as Subst., συντράπεζος, ὁ, ἡ, *a messmate*.

σύν-τρεψ, oi, ai, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) *three together, three and three*.

συν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, *to feed besides, help to feed*: -Pass. *to grow up together, live together*. II.

of liquids, *to congeal*: -Pass. *to be congealed, freeze*.

συν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξωμαι, or more commonly -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: *to run together, gather together*: *to commingle*. 2. of enemies, *to rush together, meet in battle, encounter*, Lat. concurrere. 3.

as friends, *to come together, agree*: generally, *to concur, coincide*. 4. *to meet with*. 5. *to run or strive up*.

συντρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συντετραῖναι.

συν-τριάων, f. ὦσω, (σύν, τρία) *to overbrow with a trident*: generally, *to overwhelm in ruin*.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [τ], f. ψα: aor. I -έτριψα: Pass., aor. 2 -ετριβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι: *to rub together*. II.

to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms, Lat. conterere; συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς *to stave the ships in*: Pass., συντρίβηται τῆς κεφαλῆς *to have one's head broken*. III.

metaph. in Pass. *to run against, clash with*.

συντηρηαρχέω, f. ἦσω, *to be a συντηρηαρχος*. From συν-τηρηαρχος, ὁ, *a partner in jilting out a trireme*.

συντριμμα, atos, τό, (συντρίβω) *a fracture, destruction*. II. *a stumbling-block, offence*.

σύντριψ, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (συντρίβω) *shattering, smashing*: of a lubber-tiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ἡ, *a being reared together*: *a brood*. From

σύντροφος, ov, (συντρέφω) *brought up together with*: of the same origin as. 2. generally, *living with*: familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, *brought up together*. 3. *natural, usual, common*. II.

act., σύντροφος (ᾧς) *helping to preserve life*.

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξωμαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον: *to meet with, fall in with*: *to converse, speak with*: ὁ συντυχάν, like ὁ τυχάν, *the first that meets one, any one*: τὸ συντυχόν *the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean*. II. of accidents, *to happen to, befall*: absol. *to happen, fall out, chance*; εὖ συντυχόντων *if things should go well*: impers., συνετύγχανε, συνέτυχε *it happened that ...*

συν-τυμβωρύχῳ, f. ἦσω, *to help in robbing graves*.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, *to join in slaying tyrants*.

συν-τύρω, f. ὦσω, (σύν, τυρός) *to make into cheese together, hence to concoct*, Lat. concoquere.

συντυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συντυγχάνω.

συντύχ(ια Ion. -λη, ἡ, (συντυχεῖν) *an occurrence, incident*: *a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event*: also *a mischance, accident*.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. *to play a part along with*: *to help in maintaining a character*.

συν-υποτίθωμι, f. -θήσω, *to help in putting under*: Med. *to help in composing*.

συν-υπουργέω, f. ἦσω, *to join in serving or assisting*.

συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. I -ὑφήνα [ῥ]: aor. I pass. -ὑφάνθην: *to weave together*: metaph. *to combine as in one web, frame cunningly*.

συν-ὑδίνω [τ], *to be in travail together*: *to share in any agony*.

συν-ῥός, ὄν, (σύν, ῥή) *singing or sounding in unison*: *echoing or responsive to*: metaph. *according with, in unison with*.

συνῳκησα, aor. I of συνουκέω.

συνῳμέθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνίημι.

συνωμοσία, ἡ, (συνόμνυμι) *a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy*: *confederacy*.

συνωμότης, ov, ὁ, (συνόμνυμι) *one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate*.

συνώμοτος, ov, (συνόμνυμι) *leagued or banded by oath*: *confederate*.

συν-ωνέομαι, f. ἦσομαι: pf. pass. -έωνμαι: Dep.: *to buy together*: *to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay*. II. *to buy up*, Lat. coëmere: pf. also in pass. sense, ὁ συνεωνημένος αἶτος *corn bought up*.

συν-ὄνυμος, ov, (σύν, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *of like name or meaning*.

συνωριαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (συνωρίς) *one who drives a pair-horsed chariot*.

συνωρίζω, f. σωι, (συνωρίς) *to yoke together*: -Med. *to link with oneself*.

συνωρίκεύομαι, Dep. *to drive a συνωρίς*. From συνωρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συνάωρος) *a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot*. II. generally, *a pair or couple of anything*, Lat. biga. III. *that which binds together, a pair of fetters*.

συν-ωφελέω, f. ἦσω, *to join in helping*: absol. *to be of use, assist together*: -Pass. *to derive profit together*.

συνωφρυνώμενος, pf. part. of συνοφρυνύομαι.

συν-ωχάδων, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, *perpetually, continually*: *continuously*.

συο-κτάσια, ἡ, (σὺς, κτείνω) *a slaying of swine*.

συο-φόντης, ov, ὁ, (σὺς, *φένω) *a slayer of swine*.

συο-φόντις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of συνοφόντης.

Σύρα, ἡ, fem. of Σύρος, *a Syrian woman*.

Συράκουσαι [ᾱ], ai, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκουσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Συράκούσιος, α, ov, Ion. Σύρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συράκόσιος, Syracusan.

σὺρ-γαστρος, ὁ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) *trailing the belly, of a worm or snake*.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) *rusbing furiously*. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) *the land of the Syrians, Syria*.

σὺρίγμα, ατος, τό, (σὺρίττω) *the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound*.

σὺρίγμος, ὁ, (σὺρίττω) *the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling*.

σὺρίγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, *a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe*. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, 1. a spear-case. 2. the box or bole in the nave of a wheel. 3. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΖΩ Att. σὺρίττω Dor. σὺρίσσω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἐσὺρίξα later ἐσὺρίσα, inf. σὺρίσαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σὺρίγξ).

II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. *explodere*.

Συριη-γενής, ἐς, (Συρία, γένος) *Syrian-born*.

σὺριετός, ἄ, ὁ, Dor. for σὺριετός, οὐ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) *Syrian*.

σὺρίσσω, σὺρίσδες, Dor. for σὺρίζω, σὺρίζεις.

σὺρίσμα, ατος, τό, = σὺρίγμα.

σὺριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = σὺριστής.

σὺριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (σὺρίω) *a player on the Pan's pipe (σὺρίγξ), a piper*.

Σύρισι, Adv. (Σύρος) *in the Syrian language*.

σὺρίττω, f. ἴξω, = σὺρίζω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) *anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train*.

συρμιαία Ion. -αίη, ἡ, (συρμός) *an emetic or purgative draught*, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called *συρμιαή*. Hence

συρμιάζω, f. σω, *to take an emetic or purge*.

συρμιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, rubbish*.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύρω) *any sweeping or trailing motion*, Lat. *tractus*, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

σὺροισα, Dor. for σὺροῖσα, part. fem. of σὺρω.

Σύρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

Σύρος, ὁ, a Syrian. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φοινίς, ἴκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) *a Syrophaenician: fem. Σύροφολνισσα, a Syrophaenician woman*.

σὺρ-ράττω, f. ψω, *to sew or stitch together, sew up*.

σὺρ-ράσσω Att. -ρτω, f. ξω, = σὺρρηγνυμι in intr. sense, *to dash together, clash together, fight with*, Lat. *configere*.

σὺρ-πέζω, f. ξω, *to sacrifice together*.

σὺρ-πέω, f. -ρεύομαι: pf. -εppύκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εppύην:—to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

σὺρ-ρηγνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέρρηξα: Pass. aor. 2 συνέρρηγην [ᾱ]: pf. συνέρρηγμα, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέρρηγα:—to break to pieces: σὺρ-ρηξαι εἰς ἐν *to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings*. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέρρηγα): *to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together*: of rivers, *to run into one another*: of war, *to break out*. σὺρ-ρίζομαι, Pass. (σύν, ρίζω) *to have the root, united: to take root together with*.

Σύρτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *a sand-bank in the sea*: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor.

σὺρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύρω) = σὺρφετός. II. as Adj. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

σὺρφετός, ὁ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish*, Lat. *quisquiliae*. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [ῥ]: f. σὺρῶ: aor. I ἐσὺρά: pf. σέσυρκα: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσὺρήν [ῥ]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, bale: generally, to sweep away.

ΣΥΣ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σὺός, acc. σὺν: nom. pl. σῖες, acc. σῖας contr. σὺς, dat. σὺσί Ep. σὺσσαι:—Lat. SUS, = ūs, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow; σὺς κάπριος a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκηδάσω, *to toss all about*.

συ-σκεινάω, f. ἄσω, *to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up*: generally, *to make ready, prepare*; to contrive, concert. II. Med. to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συνεσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order. 2. to prepare, make ready, provide. 3. to contrive, concert. 4. generally, to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, *a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march*.

συ-σκευοφόρεω, f. ἤσω, *to carry baggage together*. συ-σκευοφόρομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. *to contrive, devise, concert*.

συ-σκηνέω, f. ἤσω, *to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together*: to mess with any one. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *one who lives in the same tent, a messmate*, Lat. *contubernalis*.

συσκηνητρία, ἡ, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σὺσκηνος) *a dwelling in one tent*: of soldiers, *a messing together*.

συσκήσιον, τό, *a common meal*, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σὺ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) *living in one tent*: as Subst., σὺσκηνος, ὁ, *a messmate, comrade*, Lat. *contubernalis*. Hence

σὺ-σκηνώω, f. ἄσω, = συσκήνω.

σὺ-σκιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely*.

σὺ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) *shaded over, shaded*.

σὺ-σκοπέω, *to contemplate along with or together*.

σὺ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, *to grow or become dark*: imper., συσκατάζει *it grows dark*.

σὺ-σκυθρωπάω, f. σω, *to look sad or gloomy together*.

συσπαράσσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.
συσπᾶω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to draw or squeeze together : of skins, to sew together.

συσπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to march in close order.

συσπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.

συσπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to join in making a libation :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.

συσπεύδω, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting, to lend a helping hand.

συσπλάγχνυω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχχνα) to help to the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.

σύσπονδος, ov, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation with : joining in the same treaty.

συσπουδάξω, f. ἄω, to make baste along with or together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans. to pursue or manage zealously together.

συσσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver or tremble.

συσσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in sealing and signing.

σύσσημος, ov, (σύν, σῆμα) marked in common : as Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.

συσσίττω, f. ἴσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with : to eat or mess together. Hence

συσσίτισις, εως, ἡ, = συσσίτια : and

συσσίτια, ἡ, a messing together or in common. II. a club or mess.

συσσίτιον, τό, (συσσίτις) : I. in pl. a common meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together according to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a dining-room, ball.

σύσσιτος, ov, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ὁ, a messmate.

συσσώξω, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.

σύσσωμος, ov, (σύν, σώμα) united in one body.

συσσωφρονέω, f. ἴσω, to be a partner in temperance.

συστάδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close together : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.

συσταθείς, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.

συστάλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.

συστασιάζω, f. ἄω, to join in sedition, be factious with. Hence

συστασιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who takes part in a sedition, a fellow-rioter.

σύστασις, ἡ, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together, meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, battle : σύστασις γνῶμης a conflict of mind. 2. an union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness, harshness, rigour.

συστάσιωτης, ov, ὁ, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of the same party, a partisan.

συστατικός, ἡ, ὁ, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing together, introductory, commendatory : ἡ συστατικὴ ἐπιστολή a letter of introduction.

συσταυρῶ, f. ὦσω, to crucify along with.

συστεγάζω, f. ἄω, to cover together or entirely.

συστέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I -έσειλα : pf. act. -έσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in : hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, compress, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ; συστέλλεσθαι εἰς εὐτέλειαν to be drawn in towards economy, i.e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part. συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow compass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, humble, abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συστέλλεσθαι θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συστέλλεσθαι ἐαυτὸν to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2 pass. part. συσταλὲς ready for action. III. in Gramm. to use a syllable short.

συστενάξω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.

συστεφανῶ, f. ὦσω, to crown along with or together.

σύστημα, atos, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put together, a composite whole : a composition : a college, assembly.

συστοιχέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, στοίχος) to stand in the same row or line with : to be coördinate or in conformity with, to correspond to.

συστολίζω, f. ἴσω, = συστέλλω, to put together, fabricate. II. to unite.

συστρατεία, ἡ, a common campaign or expedition. From

συστρατεύω, f. -εύσω ; also as Dep. συστρατεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along with or together, to join or share in an expedition.

συστρατήγεω, f. ἴσω, to be the fellow-general of. From

συστράτης, a fellow-general, joint commander.

συστραπῶτης, ov, ὁ, a fellow-soldier.

συστρατοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.

συστρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφην [ᾶ] : pf. συνέστραμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll into a mass, Lat. conglobare ; generally, to collect in one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid body ; συστρέφειν ἐαυτὸν to rally or collect oneself :—Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress, condense, make terse or concise ; συνεστραμμένη λέξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all together, to make wheel round. Hence

συστροφή, ἡ, a rolling up together, winding into a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body of men, a crowd, Lat. globus : a coming together, gathering.

συσφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ᾶ], inf. συσφαγήναι :—to slay along with or together.

συσφίγω, f. γέω, to lace or bind close together.

συσχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's example.

συσχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or together.

σύτο [ϋ], Ep. for ἔσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σεύω.

σῦφεός, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σῦφεός, ὁ, (σῦς) a hog-sty; συφεύδω = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σῦ-φῶρβιον, τό, (σῦς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φῶρβός, ὁ, (σῦς, φέρβω) = ὑφῶρβός, a swine-herd.

σῦφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφός.

ΣΥΓΧΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent. 3. the dat. συχνῶ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῶ, as, συχνῶ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφαγείον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφαγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφαγέυς, ἑως, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγέυς ἔστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφαγή, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγίζομαι, f. ἄσσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act.

σφαγίζω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθείς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφαγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ᾱ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφαγίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφαδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφαχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφαγγν [ᾱ]: fut. σφάγγησμαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαi:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, ας, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρην παίζειν to play at ball; σφαῖραν βίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαῖρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἰσώ, (σφαῖρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαῖρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, ἑς, (σφαῖρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώ, f. ὤσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαιρώμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαῖρα)—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαίρατο his chest was round and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button;

ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφακελίζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισε τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μῦρος ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφακέλος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ᾱ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ᾱ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλλείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλλερός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. —ρῶς.

σφαλλίναi, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ: f. σφᾶλῶ: aor. I ἐσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφάλλησσομαι, σφάλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἐσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling:

make to stumble, throw down, overbrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφᾶξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάξας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφάραγγεομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with

fullness, be full to bursting.

σφάραγγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, crackling, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφάρα]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφεῖς.

σφᾶς [ᾱ], acc. pl. fem. of σφός.

σφάπτω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφεῖς, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. bim, her.

σφεῖδ, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφεῖς.

σφεῖας, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφᾶς.

σφεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανός as Adv. σφεδρῶς, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. *σφέα*: gen. *σφών*: dat. *σφίαι*: acc. *σφέας*, neut. *σφέα*. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. *σφέις*: genit. *σφέων* Ep. also *σφέων*: dat. *σφί* and *σφίν*, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. *σφέας* Ep. also *σφέας*, also *σφε* (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. *σφές*, dat. *φίν* and *ψίν*, acc. *ψε*. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus, *σφέας αὐτούς*. II. there is a rare usage of *σφέις* for 2nd pers. pl., *μετὰ σφίσιν* for *μεθ' ὑμῖν*.

ΣΦΕΛΛΑΣ, *ατος, τό*, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. *σφέλα*, for *σφέλατα*, *σφέλαα*.

σφενδάμνινος, *η, ον*, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus*: metaph., *ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι* 'hearts of maple.' From **ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, *η, the maple*, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, *φ, ἴσω*, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, *η, a sling*, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*. III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, *ου, ὁ*, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφέας, Aeol. and Dor. for *σφέις*.
σφετερίζω, *φ, ἴσω* Dor. *ίζω*, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. **σφετερίζομαι**, whence Dor. aor. I part. **σφετεριζάμενος**.

σφέτερος, *α, ον*, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. *σφέις*, *their own*, *their*, *belonging to them*:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., *his*, *hers*. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: 1. of the 2nd pers. pl., = *ὑμέτερος*, *your own*: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = *σός*, *thy*, *thine own*. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = *ἡμέτερος*, *our own*: and of the 1st pers. sing., = *ἐμός*, *my own*, *mine*.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for *σφών*, gen. of *σφέις*.
σφῆ, dat. fem. of *σφύς*.

σφηκία, *η, (σφήξ)* a wasp's nest.
σφηκίσκος, *ὁ, (σφήξ)* a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-ειδής, *ές, (σφήξ, εἶδος)* = *σφηκάδης*.
σφηκώω, *φ, ἴσω*, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., *πλοχμοὶ χρυσφ τε καὶ ἀργύρφ ἐσφῆκωντο* (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκ-ώδης, *ες, contr.* for *σφηκοειδής*, (σφήξ, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκωμα, *ατος, τό, (σφήκος)* the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of *σφέλλω*.

σφήλα, Ep. for *ἐσφήλα*, aor. I of *σφέλλω*.

ΣΦΗΝ, *σφήνους, ὁ*, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφήνω-πύγων, *ανος, ὁ, (σφήν, πύγων)* with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφήνω, *φ, ὦσω*, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΣ, *ηκός, ὁ*, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφήντιος, *ὁ*, an Attic deme: Adv. **Σφήντοί** at *Sphettus*: Adj. **Σφήντιος**, *α, ον*, a *Sphettian*.

σφί, **σφίν**, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of *σφέις*: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγίον, *τό, (σφίγγω)* a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΤΤΩ, *φ, σφίγξω*: aor. I *ἔσφιγγα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐσφίγγην*: pf. *ἔσφιγγαι*:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, *ηρος, ὁ*, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφιγκτός, *η, ὢν*, verb. Adj. of *σφίγγω*, tight-bound: *θάνατος σφιγκτός* death by strangling.

σφιγκτωρ, *oros, ὁ*, poet. for *σφιγκτήρ*.

Σφίγξ, *η, gen.* **Σφίγγος**, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From *σφίγγω*, so the *Sphinx* properly means the Throtiller.)

σφίν, v. *σφι*.

σφίσί, **σφίσιν**, dat. of *σφέις*.

σφογγιά, **σφόνγγιον**, **σφόνγγος**, Att. for *σπογγ-*.

σφόδρᾶ, Adv., properly neut. pl. of *σφοδρός*, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, *ᾶ, ὢν*, also *ὤς, ὢν*, vehement, violent, excessive. II. of men, violent, impetuous: also active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (*σφοδρός*) to make vehement:—Pass. **σφοδρύνομαι**, to be violent or overbearing: *σφοδρύνεσθαι τι* to put overweening trust in a thing. [v]

σφοδρώς, Adv. of *σφοδρός*, violently: Sup. *σφοδρότατον*.

σφονδύλη, *η, Att.* for *σπονδύλη*, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, *ὁ*, like *σφόνδυλος*, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-δίηντος, *ον, (σφόνδυλος, διένω)* twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, *ὁ*, Att. for *σπόνδυλος*, a vertebra, Lat. *vertebra*. II. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, **σφή**, **σφόν**, (*σφέ*) sing. masc., *his*, *his own*; fem., *her*, *her own*. II. (*σφέις*) plur. masc. and fem., *their*, *their own*, like *σφέτερος*.

σφράγιδιον, *τό*, Dim. of *σφραγίς*.

σφράγιδ-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, *ου, ὁ, (σφραγίς, ὄνυξ, ἀργός, κομῆς)* Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

σφράγίζω Ion. **σφρήγ-**: *φ, ἴσω*: pf. pass. *ἔσφρά-*

γισμαι : (σφραγίς) ; — to seal : to seal up, sbut up. II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.

III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with : a seal, signet-ring : generally, a ring : also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφριγῶ, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere : esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere.

II. metaph. to swell with pride ; σφριγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός, ὁ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts : also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ξω, to throb, beat violently : of the pulse, to beat ; τὰ σφύζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a bhammer. II. an implement of husbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφύρας, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σφυράς, σφύραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφυρ-ήλατος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the bhammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle : metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῶ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright. II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσσω, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocope Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶι : gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶιν.

ΣΦΩΕ', dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers. ; gen. and dat. σφῶιν : — they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ', nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers. ; gen. and dat. σφῶν : — you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶι, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess.

Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶε, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess.

Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., bis, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶιν, gen. and dat. of σφῶι.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὕνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a boneycomb, the boneycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω. aor. I ἔσχασα : — to slit, cut open ; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down : metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἱππικὴν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go ;

σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala : — a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχῶ, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεδία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float ; σχεδία διψθερίνη a raft of hides : poet. a boat, ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεδῖος) to make or do a thing off-band : to speak or write off-band.

σχεδῖον, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχεδῖος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχεδῖος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters ; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, band to band.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at band : also nigh at band, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus : also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen.

2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, bard upon, all but ; σχεδόν πάντες nearly all ; σχεδόν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχεθόν, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω : see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκελίς, mostly in plur. σχελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχεμεν, σχήμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχενδύλα or σχενδύλη, ἡ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχεό, Ep. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians : later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, ὁ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερώ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body : the nature or fashion of a thing ; βίον σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχετλίος) to complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλίος, α, ον, also ος, ον : (σχεῖν) : — properly, able to bear : I. of Persons, bardbeated, merciless, cruel, savage. 2. much-suffering, unflinching, bardy. 3. miserable, unbappy. II. of Things, cruel, sbocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably : Sup. σχετλίωτατα.

σχίτρο, En. for ἔσχετρο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα.

πεarr

opp.

the

shape, outward appearance, outside, manner. 3. quality : in plur.

gestures. 4. *the fashion, manner, way of a thing*; σχῆμα *στολή* *fashion of dress*. 5. *the state, nature, constitution of a thing*. 6. *a figure in dancing*; in plur. steps. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰω, *to form, fashion, shape, arrange*: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην *to dress her hair*, Lat. *figere*. 2. intr. *to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance*.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, *to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way*. 2. *to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend*; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖς εἶναι *they pretend to be unlearned*. 3. *to gesticulate*.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα: in plur. *the figures of a dance*; σχημάτια Λακωνικά *Laconian figures*.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) *to form, shape or fashion a thing*:—Pass. *to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate*.

σχῆσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σχίζω) = σχίζα.

σχίζα Ion. σχιζή, ἡ, (σχίζω) *a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint*, Lat. *scindula*: in plur. *wood cleft small, firewood*. II. *an arrow, spear*.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἰσώ: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἔσχισθην: pf. ἔσχισμαι:—*to split, cleave*, Lat. *scindo*: *to rend asunder*: generally, *to part asunder, separate, divide*:—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὕδους *the Nile branches into three channels*; ἐσχίζοντο σφεων αἱ γνώμαι *their opinions were divided*. Hence

σχιנדάλαμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the mastich tree*, Lat. *lentiscus*. II. *a squill*.

σχινο-τρώκτης, ου, ὁ, (σχίνος, τρώγω) *one who chews mastich-wood*.

σχισηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίστις, εως, ἡ, (σχίζω) *a cleaving, parting, division*.

σχίσμα, ατος, τό, (σχίζω) *that which is cloven or parted: a rent, cleft, division*. II. generally, *division, schism*.

σχισμός, ὁ, (σχίζω) *a cleaving, splitting, rending*.

σχίσσα, ποῖτ. for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχίζω) *split, cloven, parted, divided*; σχιστή ὁδός *a road that branches off*.

σχιᾶτο, ποῖτ. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖλην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίνους, η, ον, (σχοῖνος) *of rusbes, made of rusbes*. σχοινιον, τό, (σχοῖνος) *a rope twisted of rusbes*: generally, *a rope, cord, line*.

σχοινίτης, ἴδος, ἡ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοινίον.

σχοινίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος) *made of rusbes*: fem. σχοινίτις, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [α], ου, ὁ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) *a rope-dancer*, Lat. *schoenobates*.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, *a rusb, Lat. juncus*. 2. *a sharp, tough rusb or reed, used as an arrow*; also *a spit*. 3. *a place where rusbes grow, a rusb-bed*.

II. anything twisted or plaited of rusbes, a

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοῖνος *a wicker basket*. III. in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a *land measure*, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) *stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight*. II.

twisted or plaited of rusbes.

σχολάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχολή) *to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure*: also *to have rest or respite from a thing*: c. inf. *to have leisure or time to do a thing*. 2. *to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter*. II.

σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. *vacare rei*, *to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything*: also c. dat. pers. *to devote oneself to one*.

σχολαῖος, α, ον, (σχολή) *at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow*:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ητος, ἡ, *slowness, laziness*.

σχολαῖως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, *leisurely*:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or αἵτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαίτερος.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχολάζω) *being at leisure, leisurely, at ease*, Lat. *otiosus*. II. *devoting all one's leisure to learning, scarcely*: hence *pedantic*.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, *leisure, spare time, ease*, Lat. *otium*;

σχολῆν ἄγειν *to be at leisure*; σχολῆς ἔργον *a work for leisure*; ἐπὶ σχολῇ *at leisure*; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν. II. dat. σχολῇ absol.

as Adv., (1) *leisurely, slowly*: (2) *at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all*. III. c. gen. *leisure, rest from a thing*. IV. *idleness*.

V. *a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation*, Lat. *schola*. VI. *the place where such lectures were given, a school*.

σχολῇ, dat. of σχολῆ, used as Adv.: *in a leisurely way, slowly, late*. 2. *scarcely, hardly, not at all*.

σχόλιον, τό, (σχολή) *a scholium, note, comment*.

σχόμενος, aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχών, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σώω.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σῶζω, lengthd. from ΣΑ'Ω, ΣΑ'Ο'Ω, ΣΩ'Ω: f. σώσω:

aor. I ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. I ἐσώθην: pf. σέσωμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σώω are formed fut. σώσω, aor. I act. ἐσάωσα [α]: fut. med. σάωσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσάωθην.

2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώεσκον.

3. from σώω, subj. σῶ, σῶς, σώωσι:—*to save, keep*: esp. *to keep alive, preserve*:—Pass. *to be saved, preserved*; σώζεο, Lat. *salvus sis! vale! God be with you!*

2. of things, *to keep safe, preserve*.

3. of the laws, *to keep, observe*. 4. *to keep in mind, remember*, opp. to διολλύναι *to forget*; mostly in Med.

II. σῶζω is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, *to bring one safe to*:—Pass. *to get safe or escape to a place*; ἐς οἶκον σωθῆναι *to be brought or get safe home*. 2.

σῶζεν ἐκ πολέμου, *to carry off safe, rescue from war*;

ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα *to rescue a country from the enemy.*

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σωκέω, f. ἦσω, like ἰσχύω, *to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do*, c. inf. From ΣΩΚΟΣ, ὁ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτης, f. ἦσω, *to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc.* From

Σωκράτης, gen. εὖς contr. ous: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—*Socrates, the philosopher.* Hence

Σωκρατίδιον, τό, Dim. *dear little Socrates.* [τῷ]

Σωκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, *of or befitting Socrates, Socratic*; οἱ Σωκρατικοὶ *the philosophers of his school, Socratics.*

ΣΩΛΗ'Ν, ἦνος, ὅ, *a channel, gutter, pipe.*

σῶμα, ατος, τό, *the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body.* 2. *body*, as opp. to soul (ψυχή); τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα *bodily labours*; αἱ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναὶ *pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures.* 3. *one's bodily existence, life.* II. *any material body.* III. *a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.*

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) *to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling.* Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, *bodily exercise, training.*

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) *of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus.* Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. *in bodily form.*

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, *a small body.* [ᾶ]

σωματο-ειδής, ἐς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) *of the nature of a body, corporeal.*

σωματο-φθορέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) *to corrupt or enervate the body.*

σωματο-φύλακion, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) *a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre.* [ᾶ]

σῶος, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν; v. σῶς.

σῶπᾶω, Dor. for σιωπᾶω, *to be silent.*

σῶρευμα, ατος, τό, (σῶρεω) *that which is heaped up: a heap, pile.*

σῶρεῦω, f. σω, (σῶρεω) *to pile or heap one thing on another.* II. *to heap with, cover over with.*

ΣΩΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.*

ΣΩΣ, ὁ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος = σῶος, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σαῶτερος):—*safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. saluus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer.* 2. *metaph. safe, sure, certain.*

σωσί-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (σῶζω, πόλις) *saving the city or state.* [τ]

σωστήων, verb. Adj. of σῶζω, *one must save.*

σωστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σῶζω) *like ζωάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-*

offering for deliverance from a danger; σῶστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance. II. *the reward for*

bringing back a runaway slave.

σώτεια, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, *she that saves.* II.

epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχη.

σωτήρ, ἦπος, ὅ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σῶζω) *a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease.* 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, *the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτεια, as epith. of Τύχη.* II. poet.

as Adj. *saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμῆς the office of saving.* Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus.* 2. *a safe return; ἡ οἰκάδε σωτηρία a safe return home.* 3. *a keeping safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρίᾳ for safeguard.*

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) *saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety.* 2. σωτήρια (sc. ἱερὰ), τά, *an offering in return for safety.* II. pass. *saved, delivered, preserved.*

σῶτρον, τό, (σῶζω) *the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπισῶτρον.*

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνων.

σωφρονέω, f. ἦσω: poet. *σαοφρονέω: (σώφρων):—to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate.* 2. *to learn moderation, to recover one's senses.* Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, *an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.*

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) *disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.*

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων) *to moderate, control, chasten.* 2. *to chastise, correct.*

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) *disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κῶς.*

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) *a making temperate: chastening.*

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) *one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.*

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σῶφρων, *temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.*

σωφροσύνη Ep. *σωφροσύνη, ἡ, the character or conduct of the σῶφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia.* From

σῶ-φρων Ep. *σαόφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ: neut. σῶφρων: (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.*

σώχω, Ion. form for ψώχω, to rub to pieces.
σώω, Ep. for σώζω.

T

Τ, τ, ταυ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, τ' = 300, but τ = 300,000.

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τύ (Lat. tu), τοί, τέ, τύκον, φατί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σύκον, φησί, etc. 2. in new Att., ττ for σσ, as πράττω, τάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω. 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as αὔτις for αὐθις: in the substantive termin. -τρον for -θρον, as in κόσμητρον, φύβητρον, for κοσμηθρον, φύβηθρον. 4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., as πτόλις, πτόλεμος, for πόλις, πόλεμος. 5. in Dor. and Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as κέραος, τέραος, for κέρατος, τέρατος.

τ', apostroph. for τε, and. 2. the particle τοι is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as τάν, τᾶρα, μεντάν, for τοι ἄν, τοι ἄρα, μέντοι ἄν. 3. the Artic. τό, τά, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as τάγαθόν for τὸ ἀγαθόν. τὰ, neut. pl. of ὁ, ὅ, and ὅς.

ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. *taberna*, a tavern, inn: τρεῖς ταβέρναι the Three Taverns, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθᾶ, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθᾶ. τᾶγεία, ἡ, (ταγέω) the office or rank of *Tagus*: generally, command, rule.

ταγείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

ταγέω, f. σω, (ταγός) to be *Tagus*: generally, to command, rule:—Pass. to be united under one ταγός.

ταγέω, f. ἦσω, (ταγός) to be commander or ruler.

ταγή, ἡ, = τάξις, an ordering, arraying.

ταγή, ἡ, (ταγός) authority: as Collective Noun, the commanders.

τάγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a frying-pan.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an ordinance, command. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division.

τάγος, ὁ, (τάσσω) an orderer, commander, ruler: esp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly.

ταγ-οὔχος, ὁ, (ταγή, ἔχω) he that has the command or rule, a commander, ruler.

τάδελφου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀδικον.

τάθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of τεύω.

τάθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τεύω. [ᾶ]

ταί, Ep. and Ion. for αἱ, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. ὁ.

Ταῖνρος, ὁ, ἡ, also Ταῖνδρον, τό, *Taenarus*, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of Laconia.

ταυνία, ἡ, (τείνω) a band, riband, fillet, Lat. *taenia*: esp. a riband or beadband worn in token of victory.

ταυνιό-πωλις, ὁ, (ταυνία, πωλέω) a dealer in ribands.

ταυνίω, f. ὦσω, (ταυνία) to bind with a ταυνία or bead-band, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταυνιόμαι, to wear a bead-band or fillet.

ταῖτιον, crasis for τὸ αἷτιον.

τάκει, τάκείνων, crasis for τὰ κεῖ, τὰ ἐκείνων.

τάκερός, ὁ, ὄν, (τακῆναι) fluid, melting, soft, tender: metaph. melting, languishing.

τάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τῆκω.

τακτικός, ὁ, ὄν, (τάσσω) fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics; τὰ τακτικά military tactics.

τακτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; τακτὸν ἀργύριον a stated sum.

τάκω, Dor. for τήκω.

τάλα-εργός, ὄν, (τλάω, ἔργον) enduring labour, painful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.

τάλαινα, fem. of τάλας.

τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα: also as Dep. ταλαιπωρέομαι, with f. med. -ῆσομαι, aor. pass. ἐταλαιπώρηθην: (ταλαιπώρος):—to endure bardship, do bard work: suffer bardship or distress. II. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy grievously. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, bard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily bardships or exertions. 2. bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τάλαιπωρος, ὄν, (τάλας) enduring toil, laborious. II. suffering bardship, miserable. Adv. -πως.

τάλαί-φρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (*τλάω, φρήν) patient of mind, wretched: also stout-bearded, daring.

τάλα-κάρδιος, ὄν, (*τλάω, καρδία) patient of heart, stout-bearded. 2. much-enduring, miserable.

τάλάντερος, α, ὄν, τάλάντατος, η, ὄν, Comp. and Sup. of τάλας.

τάλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate. 2. to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τάλαντιαῖος, α, ὄν, (τάλαντον) worth a talent. 2. weighing a talent.

ταλαντίξω, = ταλαντεύω, q. v.

ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [τά-], τό, a balance: in plur. a pair of scales. II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the talent of weight: the Euboic or old Attic talent weighed about 57 lb. avoird., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Euboic or old Attic talent worth in our money 243l. 15s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. that which is weighed out or apportioned to one.

τάλαντ-οὔχος, ὄν, (τάλαντον, ἔχω) holding the scale or balance: metaph. turning the scale of battle.

τάλαός, ὁ, ὄν, (*τλάω) = τάλας, patient, enduring: hence bard-fated, wretched.

τάλα-πείριος, ὄν, (*τλάω, πείρα) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling, vagabond.

τάλα-πενθής, ἐς, (*τλάω, πένθος) *enduring grief*
woe, patient in woe. 2. of things, *toilsome.*

ΤΑΛΑΨΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, *a basket*, Lat. *qualus*: *a cheese-basket*, through which the whey ran off.

τάλαρος, Dor. acc. pl. of **τάλαρος**.

τάλας, **τάλανα** (sometimes **τάλας**), **τάλαν**: gen. **ἄνος**, **αἰνής**, **ἄνος**: voc. **τάλαν** or **τάλας**: (*τλάω):—*suffering, wretched*, Lat. *miser*: *enduring, patient*: also *fool-bardy, headstrong*; **τάλαν** *O wretch!* Comp. **τάλάντερος**, *a, on*: Sup. **τάλάντατος**, *η, on*. [τάλας: Dor. also **τάλας**.]

τάλασειος, *a, on*, Ion. and Ep. **τάλασῆμος**, *η, on*, (*ταλασία*) *of wool-spinning*.

τάλαστία, *ή*, (τλάω) *wool-spinning*.

τάλασιουργέω, *f. ήσω*, (*ταλασιουργός*) *to spin wool*: generally, *to spin*.

τάλασιουργικός, *ή, όν*, *of or for wool-spinning*. From **τάλασι-οουργός**, *όν*, (*ταλασία, *έργω*) *spinning wool*: as Subst., **ταλασιουργός**, ὁ, *ή, a wool-spinner*.

τάλαστί-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ή*, (*τλάω, φρήν) *patient of mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit*.

τάλασσης, -σῃ, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *τλάω.

τάλαυ-ρίνος, *ον*, (*τλάω, ρίνος) *with shield of tough bull's-hide*: neut. as Adv., **ταλαύρινον** *πολεμίζειν* *to fight on toughly, stoutly*.

τάλα-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ή*, shortd. for **ταλασίφρων**.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἄληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, *a damsel, maiden*.

ΤΑΛΙΣ, *ιδος, ή*, *a marriageable maiden, bride*.

τάλλα or **τάλλα**, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [ᾶ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμεν Ep. **τάμειν**, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τάμειον, τό, = **ταμειόν**, *a chamber, closet*.

τάμεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεσι-χρως, *οος, ὁ, ή*, (τάμνω, χρώς) *cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding*.

τάμια, Ep. -λή, *ή, fem.* of **ταμίας**, *a housekeeper, housewife*; also *γυνή ταμιά*.

ταμίας Ep. **ταμιάς**, *ου, ὁ*, (τάμνω) *one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer*.

II. *a steward, receiver, treasurer*; **ταμιάς** τοῦ ἱεροῦ *the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens*. 2. = Lat. *quaestor*.

ταμεία, *ή*, (**ταμειών**) *the office of steward, house-keeping, management*. II. = Lat. *quaestura*, *the quaestorship*.

ταμειον, τό, (**ταμειών**) *a magazine, storehouse, treasury*.

ταμειονμα, *ατος, τό*, (**ταμειών**) *management, house-keeping*.

ταμειντικός, *ή, όν*, *of or for housekeeping*. II. = Lat. *quaestorius*, *of the quaestor or the quaestorship*. From

τάμεινω, *f. σω*, and Dep. **τάμεινόμεναι**, *f. σομαι*: (**ταμίας**):—*to be a housekeeper, manager or steward*;

οὐκέτι ταμείσεις μοι θου shalt no longer be my steward. 2. *to be quaestor*. II. trans. *to serve out stores, dispense*. III. *to regulate, manage*. 2. *to husband, save, store up*: metaph.

to turn to good account.

ταμίη, *ή*, Ep. and Ion. for **ταμία**.

ταμιάς, *ου, ὁ*, Ep. and Ion. for **ταμίας**.

τάμνω, Ion. for **τέμνω**.

τάμος, Dor. for **τήμος**.

τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλιν.

τάμῶν, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or **τᾶν**, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ὦ τάν or ὦ τᾶν, as a form of address, *sir, my good friend*.

τάν, Att. crasis for τοι ἄν.

τάν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, *ή*, **Tanagra**, a town of Boeotia. Hence

Ταναγραῖος, *a, on*, *of or from Tanagra*.

τᾶνᾶ-ηκής, ἐς, (**ταναός**, ἀκή) *with long point or edge, cutting far or deep*.

τᾶναλ-μύκος, *ον*, (**ταναός**, μυκάομαι) *bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing*.

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾶό-δειρος, *ον*, (**ταναός**, δειρή) *long-necked*.

τᾶνᾶός, *ή, όν*, also *ός, όν*, (**τανώω**, τείνω) *stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long*.

τᾶναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, *ή*, Ep. for **τανύπους**.

τᾶνδον or **τᾶνδον**, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τᾶνδρί, **τᾶνδρός**, Att. crasis for τῶ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (**ταναός**, λέγω) *stretching one at length*, epith. of death.

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνίκα, Dor. for **τηνίκα**.

Ταντάλειος or **Ταντάλεος**, *a, on*, *of or for Tantalus*: and

Ταντάλῆς, *ιδος, ή*, *daughter of Tantalus*. From **Τάνταλος**, *ου, ὁ*, **Tantalus** king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντάλλω, *f. ὥσω*, (**τάλαντον**) quasi **ταλαντίω**, *to swing*:—aor. I pass. part. **τανταλωθείς**, *swung, hurled, dashed down*.

τᾶνῦ-γλωσσος, *ον*, (**τανύω**, γλώσσα) *long-tongued, chattering, noisy*.

τᾶνῦ-γλωχίς, *ινος, ὁ, ή*, (**τανύω**, γλωχίς) *with long point or bead*.

τᾶνῦ-δρομος, *ον*, (**τανύω**, δρόμος) *running at full stretch*.

τᾶνῦ-έθειρος, *ον*, (**τανύω**, έθειρα) *long-haired, with flowing hair*: fem. also **ταννέθειρα**.

τανῦ-ήκης, ἐς, like **ταναήκης**, (**τανύω**, ἀκή) *with a long point or long edge*. II. *far-stretching*.

τᾶνῦ-ήλιξ, *ικος, ὁ, ή*, (**τανύω**, ήλιξ) *of extended age*.

τᾶνῦ-θρίξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, *ή*, (**τανύω**, θρίξ) *long-haired, baggy*.

τᾶνῦ-κραιρος, *ον*, (**τανύω**, κραιρα) *long-borned*.

τᾶνῦμαι, Pass. = **τανύομαι**, *to be stretched, extend*.

τᾶνῦ-μήκης, ἐς, (**τανύω**, μήκος) *long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering*.

τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, *now at present*.

τανύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) *with flowing robe*.
τανύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) *in long plaits*.
τανύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) *long-sided, enormous*.

τανύ-πους Ep. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, πούς) *stretching the feet, long-striding, long-sbarked*.
τανύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) *shorter form for τανυσίπτερος*.

τανύ-πτερύγος, ον and τανυ-πτερύξ, ὅς, ἡ, (τανύω, πτερύξ) = τανυπτερος, τανυσίπτερος.

τανύρ-ρίζος, ον, (τανύω, ρίζα) *with spreading roots*.
τανύσσειν [ῥ], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω.

τανυσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω.
τανύσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ep. 3 pl. τάνυσθεν.

τανύσι-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) *with extended wings, long-winged*.
τανύσσα, Ep. aor. I of τανύω.

τανυστός, ὅς, ἡ, (τανύω) *a stretching, straining: τανυστός τόξου a stringing of the bow*.

τανύ-σφυρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρόν) *with taper ankles*.
τανύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλόιν) *with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth*.

τανύ-φυλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) *with long-pointed leaves, of the olive*.

II. *with thick foliage, leafy*.
τανύω [ῥ]: fut. ὕσω, Ep. also -ῶν: aor. I ἐτάνυσα Ep. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐτανύσθην: pf. τετάνυσμαι:—Ep. form of τέλλω, to stretch, strain, stretch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; ἱμάσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins.

2. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length.

3. metaph. to strain, make more intense.

II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out.

2. to lie stretched out, to extend; aor. I pass. part. τανυσθείς, stretched on the ground.

3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch.

ταξιάρχω, f. ἤσω, to be a taxiarach or commander of a division. From

ταξι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, = ταξιάρχος.

ταξι-άρχος, ὁ, (τάξις, ἄρχω) a taxiarach, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier.

II. at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) commanding a division of an army.

ταξιόω, f. ὥσω, (τάξις) to arrange, set in order.

τάξις, εὐς Ion. ιος, ἡ, (τάσσω) an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army.

2. bataille-array, order of battle, Lat. acies.

3. a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo.

4. a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post.

5. like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort: generally, a band, company.

II. an arranging, ar-

range. 2. an assessment of tribute.

III. order; ὑστερον τῇ τάξει later in order.

IV. the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἑχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy. 2. one's duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will.

V. an order, class of men.

ΤΑΞΟΣ, ὁ, the yew tree, Lat. taxus.

ΤΑΠΕΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, low, Lat. humilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low.

2. of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, bumbled, lowly.

3. bumbled, humiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, humble. Hence

ταπεινότης, ητος, ἡ, lowness of stature. 2. of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement.

3. lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility.

ταπεινοφροσύνη, ἡ, lowliness of mind. From ταπεινό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταπεινός, φρήν) low-minded, base.

2. lowly in mind, humble.

ταπεινός, f. ὥσω, (ταπεινός) to make low, lower, humble, abase: also to make light of a thing.

2. to cast down, discourage. 3. to make lowly or humble.

ταπεινός, Adv. of ταπεινός, bumbly, poorly.

ταπεινώσις, ἡ, (ταπεινός) a lowering, bumbling. 2. lowliness, humility.

ΤΑΠΗΣ, ητος, ὁ, Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool. [ᾱ]

τάπι, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικῃ, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπεικῇ.

ταπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, later form of τάπη.

τάπιδ, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπιδ.

τα-πρῶτα, Adv. for τὰ πρῶτα, at first.

τάρω, Att. crasis for τοι ἄρα.

τάρωγμα, ατος, τό, (ταράσσω) disquietude, trouble.

τάρωγμός, ὁ, (ταράσσω) = τάρωξις.

τάρωκτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) a thing to stir with: a ladle.

τάρωκτρον, οπος, ὁ, (ταράσσω) a disturber, disquieter, agitator.

Τάρωντινίδιον, τό, (Τάρας) a fine Tarentine garment.

Ταράντινος, η, ον, (Τάρας) Tarentine.

τάρωξι-κάρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) heart-troubling, vexing the heart.

τάρωξ-ιππό-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) troubling troops of horse.

τάρωξις, ἡ, (ταράσσω) disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult.

Τάρας, αντος, ὁ, also ἡ, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

ΤΑΡΑΨΣΩ Att. -πτω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. ταραΐω contr. θράξω: aor. I ἐτάρωξα: Pass., fut. ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταραΐομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐτάρωχθην: pf. τετάρωξα:—to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; ταραΐσειν τὸν θίνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke. 2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—Pass. to be in disorder. 3. of political matters, to

agitate, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy. II. to this Verb belongs the intrans.

pf. *τέρρηχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. *τερρήχει*: part. *τερρηχώς*, *via*, *troubled, disturbed, confused*. Hence

τάρᾱχή, ἡ, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

τάρᾱχος, ὁ, (*ταράσσω*) = *τάρᾱχή*.
τάρᾱχ-ώδης, *es*, (*ταραχή*, *είδος*) *troubled, fond of troubling or perplexing*. II. *troubled, disordered*: confused:—Adv. -*δως*, in confusion.

ταρβᾱλέος, *a, ov*, (*τάρβος*) *frighted, fearful*.
ταρβέω, *f. ἴσω*, (*τάρβος*) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τὸ *ταρβεῖν* the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΒΟΣ, *eos, τό*, *fright, alarm, terror*: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for *τάρβος*.

ταρβόσυνος, *η, ov*, (*τάρβος*) *affrighted*.

τάργα or *τάργα*, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα.

τάργυριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.

τάρχελα Ion. -*ήλη*, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) a preserving, pickling, salting: *ταριχηαί* were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

τάρχευσις, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) = *ταριχεία*, an embalming.
τάρχεντής, *ὁ, δ*, (*ταριχεύω*) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

τάρχευτός, ἡ, *ὄν*, verb. Adj. *salted, pickled*. From *τάρχεύω*, *f. -εύσω*, (*τάριχος*) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies.

II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling: *τεμάχη τεταριχευμένα* preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph. in Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

τάρχιον, τό, Dim. of *τάριχος*. [π]

τάρχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From

τάρχο-πωλέω, *f. ἴσω*, (*τάριχος*, *πωλέω*) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, *ov, ὁ, or τάρτιχος*, *eos, τό*, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy.

II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρτηναί Ep. -*ήμεναι*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τέρπω*.

ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for *ταρρός*.

Ταρσεύς, *ἑως, ὁ*, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρσός Att. *ταρρός*, ὁ, (*τέρσσομαι*) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. *crates*, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like *τάλαρος*. II. any broad, flat surface: *ταρσὺς ποδὸς* the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel.

2. *ταρσὺς κωπέως* the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula*: generally, an oar. 3. *ταρσὺς πτέρυγος* the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, *a, ov*, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: irreg. pl. *Τάρταρα* (as in Lat., *Tartarus, Tartara*):—Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Tartarus was either the neither-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, *f. ὥσω*, to burl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, *οἱ*, *ταρφέα*, *τά*, pl. of *ταρφή*.

ταρφεύς, *ἄ, ὄν*, = *ταρφύς*, *thick, close, frequent*.

ταρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφος, *eos, τό*, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΦΥΣ, *εἰα or ὕς, ὕ*, *thick, close, frequent, dense*: neut. pl. *ταρφέα* as Adv., *ofttimes, often*. The Ep. fem. *ταρφεαί* belongs to *ταρφεύς*: if referred to *ταρφύς*, it must be written *ταρφεαί*.

ταρχύω, *f. ὥσω*, shortened form of *ταριχεύω*, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, *eos, ἡ*, (*τέλνω*) a stretching, straining. [ᾱ]

ΤΑΣΣΩ Att. -*ττω*: fut. *τάξω*: aor. I *έταξα*: pf.

τέταχα: Pass., fut. *ταχθήσομαι*, and paullo-p. fut.

τετάξομαι: aor. I *έταχθην*: aor. 2 *έταγην* [ᾱ]: pf.

τέταγμα:—to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., *ἐν τεσσάρων τατάμενοι τὰς ναῦς* having drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., *τάσσθαι* to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle.

2. to post, station. 3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—Pass. to be appointed to do, *ταῦτο τετάγμεθα* this we have been charged to do.

4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—Med. to agree to pay a sum, *χρήματα ἀποδοῦναι τατάμενοι* having covenanted to return the money: absol. in part. *τατάμενος*, paying at intervals or by instalments.

7. to assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix, settle, *ὁ τεταγμένος χρόνός* the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for *τητάω*.

τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἵτιον.

τάττω, Att. for *τάσσω*.

ταύρειος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (*ταῦρος*) of bulls, oxen or cows, Lat. *taurinus*: in Homer, of bull's-bide.

ταυρ-ελάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (*ταῦρος*, *ελαίνω*) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.

ταῦρεος, *a, ov*, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταύρειος*.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (*ταῦρος*) like a bull: savagely, Lat. *torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, *ov*, (*ταῦρος*, *βαλεῖν*) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, *ov*, (*ταῦρος*, *βορά*) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γάστωρ, *opos, ὁ*, (*ταῦρος*, *γαστήρ*) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls*: fem. ταυρο-δέτης, ιδος.

ταυρο-κέρως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) *with bull's horns*.

ταυρο-κράνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κράνον) *bull-beaded*.

ταυροκτονίω, f. ἴσω, to *slaughter* or *sacrifice* bulls; with cognate acc., ταυροκτονεῖν βούς. From

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying*. II. proparox. ταυροκτόνος, slain by a bull.

ταυρο-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed*.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πάτηρ) *sprung from a bull*.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) *bunting bulls*, epith. of Diana.

ταυρο-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) *bull-footed*.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, a *bull*: joined with another Subst., ταῦρος βούς, like αἶς κάπρος.

ταυροσφαγέω, f. ἴσω, to *cut a bull's throat*; ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος to *cut its throat* (so that the blood runs) into a hollow shield. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*. [ᾶ]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) *bull-eating*: a *beef-eater*.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, *φένω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*.

ταυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ταῦρος) to *change into a bull*:—Pass., ταυρόομαι, to *be or become savage as a bull*, to *look savagely at*, *eye savagely*.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same*.

ταύτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. in *this way or manner*.

ταυτί [ῖ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, τὸ αὐτόν, *the same*.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταυτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said*, *tautologous*.

ταυτομάτον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, *what falls out by accident*, a *hap, chance*; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of *itself*, by *chance*: cf. αὐτόματος.

τάφε, in Pindar for ἐτάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see τέθηπα.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφίος.

τάφεις, ἑως, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead*, a *burier*.

ΤΑΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial*, Lat. *sepultura*: a *mode of burial*: in plur. a *burial-place*.

ταφήιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) of a *burial* or a *grave*; φάρος ταφήιον a *burial-cloth*, winding-sheet, shroud.

τάφηναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (τάφος) of a *grave*; τάφιος λίθος a *gravestone*.

τάφωδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφώδια.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ᾶ], ὁ, (θάπτω) a *burial*, Lat. *funus*: also a

funeral-feast, wake; τάφον τυχεῖν to *obtain the rites of burial*. II. *the grave, tomb*: in plur. a *burial-place*.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ᾶ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment, amazement*.

Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφρος) to *make a ditch*.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, a *ditch, trench*; τάφρον ἐλαύνειν to *draw a trench*.

τάφών, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) *quickly, soon*, Lat. *statim*. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, *probably, perhaps*, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly*.

τάχινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, *swift, speedy*.

τάχιν, ονος, neut. of ταχίαν, Comp. of ταχύς, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see ταχύς.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ταχύς, *quickest, swiftest*.

τάχιν, ονος, neut. τάχιν, Comp. of ταχύς. [ῖ]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness*; τάχος ψυχῆς *quickness of mind*. II.

τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly, with speed*; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι

τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι τάχιστα, *with all speed*; ὡς εἶχον τάχους as they were for *speed*, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*.

τάχυ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) *quick or hasty of counsel*.

τάχυ-δακρυς, υ, gen. vos, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears*.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running*.

τάχυ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working*.

τάχυ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἑρέσσω) *fast-rowing*.

τάχυ-μήνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger*.

τάχυ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother*.

τάχυ-μορος, ον, (ταχύς, μέρος) *quick-dying, short-lived*.

τάχυ-ναντέω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) to *sail fast*.

τάχυνω [ῦ], f. ὕνω, (ταχύς):—to *make quick*, to *hasten*, to *urge on*. II. intr. to *make haste, speed*.

τάχυ-πειθής, ἐς, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded, credulous*.

τάχυ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending, quick-sailing*.

τάχυ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) *quick-passing, quick of motion*.

τάχυ-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πύτμος) *quick-fated, short-lived*. [ῦ]

τάχυ-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) *swift-footed*.

τάχυ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift heels, swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πτέρων) *swift-winged*.

ταχύ-πῶλος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet horses*. [5]

ταχύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥοθέω) *rusbing rapidly*.

ταχύρ-ροστος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥόσμαι) *borne quickly along, quick-rushing*.

ΤΑΧΥΤ' Σ, *εἰα, ὕ, quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: 1.

regul. Comp. ταχύτερος, *α, ον* only in Ion. 2.

irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. —ττων, neut. θάσσον, gen. ονος; neut. ὀάττων, also used as Adv. *more quickly*. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [τ], neut. ἰον: Sup., τάχιστος, *η, ον*; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., *most quickly, most speedily*; ὅτι τάχιστα as *soon as may be, as soon as possible*; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίστην (sub. ὁδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly*.

ταχύ-σκαρδμος, *ον*, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.

ταχύτης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.

ταχύ-χειλῆς, *ές*, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips run quickly, of a flute*.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.

ΤΑΩ Σ, ὁ, gen. ταῶ, acc. ταῶν: nom. pl. ταῶ: another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl. ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. *PAVO, a peacock*: metaph. of cockcombs.

ΤΕ, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as *καὶ* answers to *et*. When it stands before another τε or before καί, it takes the sense of *both*; εἰδὺς τε καὶ μέγεθός τε, *both in form and in size*; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ ἵπποι, *both themselves and their horses*. II. in Ep. and Ion., τε is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, ὅστε, ὅσος τε, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός τε, ἐφ' ᾧ τε. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as ἔνθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὥστε τε, ἵνα τε, ἀλλὰ τε, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.

τέ', apostroph. for τεά, neut. pl. of τεύς.

ΤΕΤΤΩ, fut. τέγω: aor. I ἐτεγχα: aor. I pass. ἐτέγηχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears.

2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα to shed tears: Pass., ὕμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III. to dye, stain, Lat. *tingere*: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Τεγία Ion. —τη, ἦ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence

Τεγεάτης [α] Ion. —ήτης, ὁ, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) the land of Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. —ητικός, ἦ, ὅν, of or for a Tegeate.

Τεγεός, *ον*, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the roof*.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, like στέγος, a roof, covering of a

bouse or room, Lat. *tectum*.

garret: a brothel.

II. a room, chamber,

garret: a brothel. τεῖλα, τεῖλας, ὅτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.

τεῖλαια, Ep. for τεθηλῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλα.

τεῖαλφαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.

τέθαιμα, —ψαι, —πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεῖαφῶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεῖαψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεῖαται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.

τεθειμεῖωτο, 3 sing. pass. plqpf. of θεμελίσω.

τέθηγμαι, pf. pass. of θήγω.

τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.

τεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τέθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use: —intr. to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly used in part. τεθηπώς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf. ἐτεθήπεα.

II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτάφον, with part. ταφόν, astonished or amazed.

τεθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.

τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, α, *ον*, Dor. for θέσμιος, fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. *solennis*: generally, due, fitting.

τεθμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τεθνάθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκω.

τεθναίνην, pf. opt. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάμεν, τεθνόμεναι [α], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάται [α], rarely τεθνᾶται, pf. inf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνάσσι, for τεθνήκασσι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνεώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

τεθνεώς, —ώτος, ὁ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκω; fem. τεθνεώσα; neut. τεθνεώς and τεθνεός.

τεθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκω.

τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκω.

τεθνηώς, —ώτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκω: Ep. gen. τεθνηότος, acc. —ότα: but the fem. is τεθνηκία formed from the orig. τεθνηκώς.

τεθνώς, poet. for τεθνεώς.

τεθορεῖν, redupl. for θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

τεθρ-ήμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) a time of four days.

τεθριπο-βάμων [α], ονος, ὁ, (τέθριπος, βαῖνω) driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four horses.

τεθριπο-βάτης, *ον*, ὁ, (τέθριπος, βαῖνω) driver of a four-borsed chariot. [βα]

τέθρ-ιππος, *ον*, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four horses yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, a four-borsed chariot; τέθριππον ἵππων a team of four abreast.

τεθριποτροφέω, f. ἴσω, to keep a four-borsed chariot. From

τεθριπο-τρόφος, *ον*, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) keeping

a four-horsed chariot; *τεθριπποτρόφος οἰκία* a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

τεθύμενος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθύωμενος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τέτ, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τέν, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [*τ*]

τένδε, Dor. for *τῆδε*, *this way, here*.

τέννα, Ep. for *τέννα*, aor. I of *τένω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ: f. *τένω*: aor. I *τέννα*: pf. *τέτᾱκα*: Pass.,

aor. I *τέτᾱθην* [*ᾱ*]: pf. *τέτᾱμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf.

τέτᾱτο, 3 dual *τέτᾱσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch,

strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τείνειν* to stretch

the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to

the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taught;

ναὸς πῶτα τείνειν to keep the sheet taught; *νύξ τέ-*

ταται βροτοῖσιν night is spread over mankind. II.

to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay pro-

strate; *ταθῆς ἐν γαίῃ τετεταται* upon the ground. III.

metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:

—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also,

to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be

anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2.

to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards . . : absol.

to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach

a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer,

belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* . . ; *τείνει ἐς σέ*

it has reference to you.

τέιος, Adv., Ep. for *τείως*, *τέως*.

τέιρα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *έτειρον*; only found in pres. and

impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away,

wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, dis-

tressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τειρεσι-πλήρης, ov, δ, (*τείχος*, *πελάζω*) *approacher*,

assailer, stormer of walls.

τειρέω, f. *ήσω*, (*τείχος*) to build walls: to build. II.

to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τειχ-ήρης, es, (*τείχος*, *ἀραπεῖν*) enclosed by walls, be-

leaguered, besieged.

τειχίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: aor. I *έτείχισα*: pf. *τετεί-*

χικα: Pass., pf. *τετείχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τε-*

τείχιστο: (*τείχος*):—to build a wall, generally, to

build; *τείχος τεχίσσασθαι* to build oneself a wall:

3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετείχιστο*, impers., *there were*

buildings. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be

walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τειχίοεις, es, ev, (*τείχος*) *walled*.

τειχίον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a wall, mostly of the

walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town

(*τείχος*, *τείχη*).

τειχίστις, ή, (*τειχίζω*) the work of walling, building

a wall.

τείχισμα, atos, τό, (*τειχίζω*) a wall or fort, a

raised fortification.

τειχισμός, ό, (*τειχίζω*) = *τείχισις*.

τειχοδομέω, f. *ήσω*, to build a wall or fort. From

τειχο-δόμος, ov, (*τείχος*, *δέμω*) *building a wall*.

τειχομάχέω, f. *ήσω*, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τειχομαχεῖν δυνατόι* skilled in conducting sieges. From

τειχο-μάχης, ov, δ, (*τείχος*, *μάχομαι*) *assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer*. [*ᾱ*]

τειχομάχία Ion. -ή, ή, (*τειχομαχέω*) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of Il. 12.

τειχο-μελής, es, (*τείχος*, *μέλος*) *raising walls by music*, of Amphion's lyre.

τειχο-ποιός, όν, (*τείχος*, *ποιέω*) *building walls or forts: οι τειχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, eos, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τειχέων* *κιθῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τειχεα βήξασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοιχος*, *τείχιον*, as Lat. *murus*, *moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τειχο-φύλαξ, άκος, ό, (*τείχος*, *φύλαξ*) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τειχύδιον, τό, Dim. of *τείχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τείως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκεῖν, **τεκέσθαι**, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

τεκμαίρομαι: fut. *τεκμαρῶμαι*: aor. I *έτεκηράμην*: Dep.: (*τέκμαρ*):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινὰ τοῖς πάλαι* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture.

III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμαρ*, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; *Ἰλίου τέκμαρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ή, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμήριον, τό, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; *τεκμήριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, *here is the proof*. II. in

Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημείον*. Hence

τεκμηρίωω, f. *ώσω*, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = *τεκνίον*.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (*τεκνογόνος*) to bear children. Hence **τεκνογονία**, ή, *child-bearing*.

τεκνο-γόνος, ov, (*τέκνον*, **γένω*) *begetting or bearing children*.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ov, (*τέκνον*, *κτείνω*) *child-murdering*.

τεκνολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ἄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. **τεκνολετριά**, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, ου, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child*, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, **τέκνον ἔμην**, *my son*: sometimes with nasc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον. 2. of animals, *the young*.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ἥσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*:—Med. *to beget children*, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

τεκνοποιία, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*. **τεκνό-ποινος**, ου, (τέκνον, ποινή) *child-avenging*. **τεκνο-ποιός**, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τεκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ἥσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) contr. from **τεκνόεις**, οεσσα, οεν, *having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ου, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*. **τεκνοφονέω**, *to murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ου, (τέκνον, *φένω) *child-murdering*, **τεκνώω**, f. ὠσω (τέκνον), *to furnish with children*.

II. *to beget children*, of the father:—Med. of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., **χθὺν ἔτεκνώσατο** *τέκνα* the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc.:—Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, εως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of **τίκτω**.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of **τίκτω**.

τέκος, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. **τέκεσσι**, **τεκέεσσι**: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for **τέκνον**, *a child*.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτῆναιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of **τεκταίνομαι**.

τεκτῆνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of **τεκταίνομαι**.

τεκτονέιον, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., **τεκτονικός**, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ **τεκτονική** (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder: carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; **νῆων τέκτων** *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*. 2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, **τέκτονες ὕμνων** *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver*, *plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τεκίων, aor. 2 part. of **τίκτω**.

ΤΕΛΑ-ΜΩ'Ν, ὄνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leathern strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τέλειος, εσσα, εν, shortened form of **τελής**.

ΤΕΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. **τελέσσκε**:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From **τέλειος** or **τέλεος**, α, ον, in Att. also **ος**, **ον**: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, **τερά τέλεια** *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; **τέλειος ἀνὴρ** *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*. 4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; **ἀπὸ τέλεια** *a curse working its own fulfilment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; **τέλειος ἀνὴρ** *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*. **τελειώω** or **τελεώω**, f. ὠσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*. **τελείται**, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of **τελέω**. **τελείω**, Ep. for **τελέω**. **τελείως**, doubtful form for **τέλεως**. **τελείωσις**, ἡ, (τελείωω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*. **τελειωτής**, οὔ, ὁ, (τελείωω) *a perfecter, finisher*. **τελεό-μηνος**, ον, (τέλεος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; **ἀροτος τελεόμηνος**, i. e. *a full twelve-month*. **τέλεον**, Ep. impf. of **τελέω**. **Τελέοντες**, οί, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τελέω III), *Priests*. **τέλεος**, α, ον, (τέλος) = **τέλειος**. **τέλειεα**, Aeol. aor. I opt. of **τελέω**. **τελεσθείς**, aor. I pass. part. of **τελέω**. **τέλεσμα**, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, oullay*. **τέλεσσα**, Ep. aor. I of **τελέω**. **τελεσι-δότρια**, ἡ, poët. for **τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι)** *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*. **τελεσι-φρων**, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for **τελεσιφρων**, (τελέω, φρήν) *working its complete will*. **τελεστήριον**, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*. II. plur. **τελεστήρια**, τὰ, *a thank-offering for success*. **τελεστωρ**, ορος, ὁ, poët. for **τελεστής**, (τελέω) *a magistrate*. **τελεσφορέω**, f. ἥσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τελοσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; **τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτόν** *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*. II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; **πεσὲν ἐς τὴν τελεσφωρίαν** *to fall with fruitless result*, i. e.

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bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελούμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελούντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελετή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευταῖω, f. ἦσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass. aor. I ἐτελεύτηθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελετή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II.

τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i.e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίου to make an end of life. 2.

intrans. to come to an end, finish; αἱ εὐτυχίαι ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτᾶν, ὥσα, ὧν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κὰν ἐγίγνετο πληγὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτώ, Ion. for τελευτάω: part. τελευτέοντες.

τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτοιο τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσῃα, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτάω.

τελέω, Ep. also τελέω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ: aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. —είομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελέομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτελέσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere: to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτάω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i.e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππείας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἑλλήνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; ἐς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διονύσω τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

τελήεις, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; βέζειν τεληέσσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τεληέντες οἰωνοὶ birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II.

τελήεις ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΛΩ: f. τελῶ: aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἔτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἡλίον τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition,

as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i.e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i.e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II.

the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds. IV. the biggest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πριάσθαι to farm a tax; λυεῖν τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advantageous, like λυσίτελέω.

2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

were distributed into classes and rated according to

τεσσαρήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσαράκοντα.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv.
 τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.
 τεταγών, όντος, ό, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; βίβη ποδός τεταγών he threw him taking
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of τείνω.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.
 τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάνός, όν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smoo'd.
 τετάνος, ό, (τείνω) a stretching, straining: tension.
 τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνω.
 τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταρασσω:—hence
 Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, —πόμεσθα, —πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρω.
 τεταρταίος, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days:
 on the fourth day.
 τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth
 part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τεταρτος Ep. τέταρτος; η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth,
 Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth
 time. II. ή τετάρτη (sub. ήμέρα), the fourth
 day. 2. (sub. μοίρα), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάχθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.
 τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.
 τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.
 τετευχάθαι, τετευχάτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.
 τετευχημαι, inf. τετευχῆσθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without
 any pres. τευχέω in use:—to be armed.
 τέθηκα, intr. pf. of τίθημι.
 τετίημα, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τίέω in use,
 to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn:—used in
 2 dual τετίεσθον; but more commonly in part. τετι-
 γμένος, τετιγμένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase τετιγμένος ήτορ grieved at heart.
 τετιγώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. τίέω in
 use, = τετιγμένος, grieved, sorrowing.
 τετίμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάω.
 τετίσμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι.
 τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάω.
 τετλαίην, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [α], Ep. pf. inf. of *τλάω;
 but τέτλαμεν, 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of τλάω.
 τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμι.
 τετλήως, υία, gen. ότος, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνω.
 τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
 τετμηώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.
 τέτμουμεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέτμι.
 τέτμιον, Ep. for έτετμιον, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of.
 τετοκώς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of τίκτω.
 τέτορες, οί, αι, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρες.
 τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.
 τετρά-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρά-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαίνω) four-
 footed, quadruped. [βᾱ]
 τετρα-γλῶχίς, ύνος, ό, ή, (τετρα-, γλῶχίς) with four
 points or angles, square.
 τετρά-γνος, ον, (τέτρα-, γνῶ) as large as four acres
 (γνῶ) of land. II. τετράγων, τό, as Subst., a mea-
 sure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετράγωνέω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to
 stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal
 angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square,
 a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
 ratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, per-
 fect. III. τετράγωνος αριθμός a square number,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετράδιον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [ᾱ]
 τετρά-ἑλκτος, ον, (τετρα-, ἑλίσσω) four times wound
 or coiled.
 τετρά-ἑτης, ες, (τετρα-, ἔτος) = τετραετής. [ᾱ]
 τετρά-ετής, ές, (τετρα-, ἔτος) four years old. II.
 of four years.
 τετρά-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with
 four borses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a
 four-borsed chariot.
 τετρά-θέλυμος, ον, (τετρα-, θέλυμον) of four lay-
 ers: τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-bides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΟ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 έτέτηρνα Ep.
 τέτηρνα: aor. 1 pass. έτετράνθην: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑΨ), fut. τρήσω: aor. έτηρσα: pf. pass. τέ-
 τρημαι:—to bore ibrough, pierce, perforate.
 τετρά-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. —ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, καί,
 δέκα, έτος) fourteen years old.
 τετρά-κερος, ον, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-borned. [ᾱ]
 τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-headed.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [ᾱ]
 τετράκισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times
 ten ibousand, forty ibousand. [υ]
 τετράκισ-χίλιοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) four ibou-
 sand. [χι]
 τετρά-κλινος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρά-κνώμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-,
 κνήμη) with four spokes, fasta wheel.

τετρά-κόρυμβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) *with four bunches or clusters*; generally, *thick-clustering*.

τετρά-κόρωνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) *four times a crow's age*.

τετρακόσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) *four-hundred*. Hence τετρακόσιοστός, *ή, όν*, *the four-hundredth*.

τετρακτύς, *ός, ή*, (τετράς) *the number four*.

τετρα-κύκλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) *four-wheeled*.

τετρά-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) *a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus*:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called *a trilogy*, *τριλογία*, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.

τετρά-μετρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) *consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius*; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, *consisting of four feet*:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. στίχος), *ό, α* *a tetrameter or verse of four feet*.

τετρά-μηναιος, *α, ον*, and τετράμηνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μήν) *of four months, lasting four months*.

τετράμμαϊ, *pf. pass. of τρέπω*.

τετρά-μοῖρος, *ή, α* *a fourfold portion*. From

τετρά-μοῖρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, μοῖρα) *consisting of four parts, fourfold*.

τετρανθεῖς, *αορ. I pass. part. of τετραίνω*.

ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, *ἄγος*, and ἄκος, *ό*, prob. *the pheasant*, *Lat. avis Phasianus*.

τετράορος, *ή, α* *four-borsed chariot*. From τετρά-ορος *contr. τέτρωρος, ον*, (τετρα-, αἶρω) *yoked four together*; τετράορον ἄγμα *a four-borsed chariot*. II. *four-legged*. [α]

τετρά-πάλαι, *Adv. four times long ago, long long ago*.

τετρά-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) *of four spans, four spans long or broad*.

τετρά-πηχυς, *ν, gen. εος*, (τετρά-, πήχυς) *four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.*: of men, *six feet high*.

τετράπλάσιος, *α, ον*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus*. [πλά]

τετρά-πλευρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πλευρά) *four-sided*.

τετράπλη, *Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold*.

τετράπλοος, *η, ον contr. -πλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, Lat. quadruplus*: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλοῦν = τετραμοῖρια, *a fourfold portion*.

τετρά-ποδῆδόν, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet*.

τετρά-ποδιστί, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours*.

τετρά-πολις *poët. τετράπολις, εως, ή*, (τετρά-, πόλις) *of, with four cities*.

τετρά-πολος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πολέω) *turned up or ploughed four times*.

τετρά-πους, *ό, ή, -πων, τό*, (τετρά-, πούς) *four-footed*:—as Subst., τετράποδα, *τά, quadrupeds*. II. *of four feet in length*.

τετρά-πτερος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πτερόν) *four-winged*. Hence

τετρα-πτερυλλίς, *ίδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust*.

τετρά-πύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πύλον) *four-winged*. τέτραπτο, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω*.

τετρά-πολις, *ή, poët. for τετράπολις*.

τετράρ-ρῦμος or τετρά-ρῦμος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ρῦμός) *with four poles, i. e. drawn up by eight horses*.

τετραρχέω, *to be a tetrarch*. From

τετράρχης, *ον, ό*, (τετρα-, ἀρχω) *a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country*. Hence

τετραρχία, *ή, α* *a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch*:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.

τετράς, *ἄδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) *the number four*. 2. *the fourth day*.

τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) *four-legged, four-footed*.

τετρα-στάτηρος, *ον*, (τέτρα-, στάτήρ) *worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings*.

τετρα-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) *of four syllables*.

τετρά-σώματος, *ον*, (τετρα-, σῶμα) *with four bodies*.

τέτρωτος, *η, ον*, *poët. for τέταρτος, fourth*:—*neut. τὸ τέτατον* as *Adv., for the fourth time*.

τετρά-τρυφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) *broken or that may be broken into four pieces*.

τέτρωφα, *pf. of τρέπω*.

τετρά-φάληρος, *ον*, of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά]

τετρά-φάλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φάλος) *of a helmet, with four φάλοι*; see φάλος.

τετράφεται, -φάτο, *Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω*.

τετράφθω, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω*.

τετρά-φύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φυλή) *divided into four tribes*.

τέτρωχα, *Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts*.

τετράχη, *Adv. = τέτραχα*.

τετραχθά, *Adv. poët. for τέτραχα*.

τετρά-χοος, *ον contr. -χους, ουν*, (τετρα-, χοεύς) *holding four χόες*.

τετρά-χορδος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χορδή) *four-stringed*:—as Subst., τὸ τετράχορδον, *the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half*.

τετρά-χυτρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χύτρος) *made of four pots*.

τετρεμαίνω, *redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble*.

τέτρημαι, *pf. pass. of τετραίνω*.

τέτρηνα, *Ep. for ἐτέτρημαι, αορ. I of τετραίνω*.

τέτρηχα, *intr. pf. with pres. signif. of τάρσσω; part. fem. τετρηχία; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρήχει*.

τετρίγει, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίγω. [τ]*

τετρίγως, *τετριγυία, pf. part. of τρίγω*.

τετρίγωτος, *Ep. for τετριγώτας, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίγω*.

τέτριμμα, *pf. pass. of τριβω*.

τετρά-δρυγος, *ον*, (τετρα-, δρυγία) *four fatboms long or broad*.

τέτροφα, *pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω*.

τετρύσθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τρώω*.

τετράβολος, *ον*, (τετρα-, δβολός) *weighing or worth four obols*:—as Subst., τετράβολον, τό, *a four-obol piece*.

τετράκοστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, *fortieth*.
τετρώμαι, pf. pass. of τετρώσκει.

τετράωρος, *ον*, contr. for τετράωρος.

τετράωρφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὄροφῃ) *of four stories*.

τετράωργος, *ον*, more correct form of τετράωργος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father*, like ἄττα, πάππα.

τεττάρκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-.

τεττιγο-φόρος, *ον*, (τέττις, φέρω) *wearing a τέττις or cicada*: epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες.

τεττιγ-ώδης, *ες*, (τέττις, εἶδος) *like a τέττις or cicada*.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, *ὁ*, a kind of grasshopper, the cicada, Lat. *cicāda*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμα, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύμην, Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω.

τετύκασθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τέτυγμα, *ξαι, και*, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυμην, *ξο, κτο*, plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετυφωμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφώω, *stupidly*.

τετύχηκα [ῥ], pf. of τυγχάνω.

τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεῦ, Dor. for σου, gen. of τύ, σύ.

τεῦ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.) II. τεῦ enclit. gen. for τίνος, from τίς (enclit.)

τεύχμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεύχω) *that which is made, a work*.

τευθίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, a cuttle-fish, Lat. *sepia*, *loligo*.

τευκτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, *made, prepared, wrought*.

τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια.

τεύξομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω.

τεῦτλιον, = τεῦτλον, *beet*.

ΤΕΥΤΛΑΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεῦτλον, a kitchen-herb, *beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεια, τά, see τεύχος.

τευχεσ-φόρος, *ον*, (τεύχεια, φέρω) *bearing arms, wearing armour*.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, or τευχηστής, οὗ, *ὁ*, (τεύχεια) *an armed man, warrior*.

τεύχουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεύχος, *εος, τό*, (τεύχω) *like ὅπλον, a tool, implement, utensil*: mostly in plur. τεύχεια *implements of war, armour, arms, harness*. 2. in plur. also the tackle or rigging of a ship.

3. a vessel of any kind, as a *bathtub*, a *balloting* or *funereal urn*. 4. a *book*, whence the term *Pentateuch* or *Five-books*.

ΤΕΥΧΩ: f. *ξω*: aor. I *τεύξα*: Ep. aor. 2 *τετύ-*

κον: pf. *τεύεχα*: Med., fut. *τεύσομαι*: Ep. aor. 2 *τετύκωμην*: Pass., fut. 3 *τετεύξομαι*: aor. I *ετύχησθην*: pf. *τέτυγμα*: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. *τετεύχασθαι, τετεύχαστο*:—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:—Pass., c. gen. rei, *τεύχεσθω χρυσοῖο* to be wrought of gold.

II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so: and pf. pass. *τέτυγμα* is often used = *εἰμι* or *γίγνομαι*, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so; *γυναικὺς ἀντὶ τέτυξο, ἴθου* *badst been made*, i. e. *ἴθου wert*, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. *τετυγμένος* commonly means *well or fitly made, well-wrought, compact, lasting*: metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ἡ, (τύφω) *ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of the funeral pile*.

τεφρώω, f. *ἴσω*, (τέφρα) *to reduce to ashes, consume*.

τεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάζω, f. *ἴσω*, (τέχνη) *to use art or cunning, deal subily, contrive cunningly*.

τεχνάεις, *εσσα, εν*, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τέχνασμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάω) *anything made by art, a piece of handiwork*. II. *an artifice, trick*.

τεχνάομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I *ετεχνησάμην*: Dep.: (τέχνη):—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully: also followed by a relat., to contrive that ... II. τεχνάομαι also occurs as a Pass., with pf. *τετέχνημαι*, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) *art, skill, regular method of making a thing; τέχνη by rules of art*. 2. *art, craft, cunning, sleight*: in plur. *cunning devices, arts, wiles*. 3. generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained; *μηδεμὴ τέχνη* in no wise; *πάσῃ τέχνη* by all means; *παντοίῃ τέχνη* by all manner of means. II. *an art, craft, trade*. III. *a work of art*.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέχνη) *cunningly wrought, ingenious*. Adv. *τεχνηέντως*, *artfully, with art*. τέχνημα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάω) *that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a handiwork*. II. *an artful device, trick, artifice*: of a man, all trick and cunning.

τεχνήμων, *ον*, gen. *ατος*, = τεχνήεις. τεχνήσσα, contr. for τεχνήεσσα, fem. of τεχνήεις. τεχνικός, ἡ, *ὄν*, (τέχνη) *artistic, skilful*. Adv. *-κάς*, artistically.

τεχνίτης [ῖ], *ον, ὁ*, (τέχνη) *an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman*: one who works by rules of art.

τεχνίτης, *ιδος*, fem. of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for τέχνη, *art, skilfulness*.

τέφ, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.). 2. *τεφ* Ion. for τινί, dat. from τίς (enclit.)

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.). 2. for τινῶν, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.)

τέως Ep. *τεῶς*, Adv. of Time, *so long, meanwhile, the while*; also *before, ere this*:—antecedent to the relat. *ἕως*. II. absol. *a while, for a time*. [rare: but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τῇ, Ep, 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there! take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῇ, σπείσον Διὶ . . *take and pour a libation to Jove* . . : τῇ, πῖε οἶνον . . *take and drink wine*.

τῇ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὁ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὅς. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, *here, this way*.

τῇδε, dat. fem. of ὅδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way*.

τῇδί, dat. fem. of ὅδί, used as Adv. = τῇδε.

ΤΗΘΗ or τηθή, ἡ, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

ΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, an oyster.

Τηθύς, υός, ἡ, (τήθη) Tethys, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a Sea Deity. II. later, put for the sea itself.

τηκεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τήκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence consumption, decline, phthisis.

τηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in: soluble.

ΤΗΚΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήσω: aor. 1 ἔτηξα: I. transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήσμαι, pass. τάκῃσμαι: aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [ᾱ]:—to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres. pass., and plqpf. ἐτετήκειν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκότα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, ἐς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλ-αυγέστερος, -έστατος. Adv. τηλ-αυγῶς, clearly, distinctly.

ΤΗΛΕ, Adv., like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far: abroad: c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, ον, ὁ, (τῆλε, βοάω) shouting afar or loud.

τηλε-βόλος, ον, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) striking from afar.

τηλε-γονος, ον, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδύπος, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) from a far country, foreign: also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep. -ῶν, ὥσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ὕλη, εἰλαῖαι, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παῖδες τηλεθάοντες blooming children; χαίτη τηλεθῶσα luxuriant hair.

τηλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλέος) far-famed.

τηλε-κλητός, ον, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλε-κλειτός.

τηλε-μάχος, ον, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὁ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλε-πλάνος, ον, (τῆλε, πλανάομαι) far-wandering, aimless.

τηλε-πομπος, ον, (τῆλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τηλε-πόρος, ον, (τῆλε, πόρος) far-reaching.

τηλε-πύλος, ον, (τῆλε, πύλη) with gates far apart.

τηλε-σκόπος, ον, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. II. proparox. τηλέσκοπος, ον, pass., far-seen, conspicuous.

τηλε-φάνης, ἐς, (τῆλε, φανῆναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, heard from afar.

τηλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

ΤΗΛΙΑ, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the doop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i.e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ον, Dor. τάλικος, α, ον [τ'] :—of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: anteceded to the Relative ἡλικός, Interrog. ηλικός. Hence

τηλικόσδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τηλικούτος, -αὐτῇ or -οὔτος, -οὔτο, Att. for ηλικός, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or -θε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen. far from.

τηλόθι, Adv. (τηλοῦ) = τῆλε, τηλοῦ, far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen., τηλόθι πάτριος far from fatherland.

τηλο-πέτης, ἐς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) far-flying.

τηλ-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τηλourός.

τηλόσδε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away.

τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furthest away.

τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away.

τηλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, afar, far off or away, in a far country: also c. gen. far from.

τηλ-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὕρος) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, an epith. of sons, who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling; hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ὥς like a spoilt child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, *γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-ωπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὤψ) looking afar, seeing to a distance. II. pass. perceived or heard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ἦσα, to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τη-μελής, ἐς, careful, heedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τη- added.)

τήμερα, τήμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τήμη, Att. crasis for τῇ ἐμῇ.

τήμος, Adv. iben, ibereupon; ἐς τήμος till iben.

τημόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τήμος.

τημούτος, Adv. = τήμος.

τηνεί, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there: also for ὧδε here.

τήνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήνελλα ὡ καλλίνικε*, χαίρει; hence *τήνελλα καλλίνικε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence *τήνελλος*, ὁ, Comic word, *a conqueror who is received with a cry of τήνελλα, a victor in the games.* *τηνικά*, Adv. (τήνος) at this or that time of day, *iben.* [r]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (τηνίκα) at this time of day, so early; *αὔριον τηνικάδε* to-morrow at this time of day. [α]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνίκα*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θέρους* at this time of the summer. II. in this case, *iben.*

τηνόθι, Adv. (τήνος) Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τήνος, *τήνα*, *τήνο*, Dor. for *κῆνος*, *ἐκῆνος*, *ἀβατ*. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, there.

τηνώθε and *-θεν*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκείθεν*, thence.

τηξί-μελής, *ἐς*, (τήκω, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τήπερ, Ep. and Ion. for *ἦπερ*, dat. fem. of *ὅσπερ*, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἡσώ, (τηρός) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; *τηρεῖν εἰρήνην* to keep, observe peace. 2. metaph. to observe,

watch for a person or thing; *τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέλγη-νον* having watched for a moonless night. II.

Med., f. ἡσομαι, like *φυλάσσομαι*, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. *τηρήσομαι* is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, *εὖς*, ἡ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

ΤΗΡΟΣ, *ον*, a watch, guard.

τής, *τήσι*, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ὅς.

τητάω, f. ἡσώ, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τήτες, Adv., Att. for Ion. *σῆτες*, this year, of or in this year. (From *ἔτος*, as *τῆμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

τητίσιος, α, *ον*, empty, idle, vain. Adv. *-ίως*, in vain.

-τί and *-τι*, neut. of *τίς* (interrog.) and *τίς* (enclit.).

-τιάρᾱ [α], ἡ, or *τιάρας* Ion. *τήρης*, *ου*, ὁ, a tiara, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιῦρο-εἰδής, *ἐς*, (τιάρᾱ, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, *τιέμεναι*, Ep. inf. for *τιέω*.

τιέσκειν, *τιέσκειτο*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of *τιώ*.

τίη, strengthd. for *τί*; why? wherefore?

τιήρης, *ου*, ὁ, Ion. for *τιάρας*.

τιθαΐωσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθήνη*, *τιθασός*.)

τιθάς, *ἄδος*, ἡ, (τιθασός) a barn-door fowl.

τιθάσευτής, *οὔ*, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates. From

τιθάσεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From *τιθάσός*, ὡ, (τιθήν, τιθήνη) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., *τιθασός Ἀρης* domestic strife.

τιθέμεν, for *τίθεμεν*, like *διδόμεν* for *δίδομεν*, 1 pl. pres. of *τίθημι*: so *τιθέασι*, 3 pl. for *τιθεῖσι*.

τιθεῖς, *εἶσα*, *ἐν*, pres. part. of *τίθημι*.

τίθει, *τιθεῖ*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*: but *τιθέμεν*, 1 pl.

τίθεν, Aeol. and Dor. for *ἐτίθεσαν* Ep. *τίθεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τίθεσο Ep. *τίθεσσο*, pres. med. imperat. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέω, poet. form of *τίθημι*, whence 2 and 3 sing.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, and impf. *ἐτίθει*, *ἐτίθει* Ep. *τίθει*.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for *τιθέμενος*, pres. med. part. of *τίθημι*.

τίθημι, *τίθης*, *τίθησι*, also Ep. 2 sing. *τίθησθα*; 3 pl. *τιθεῖσι* Ion. *τιθεῖσι*; inf. *τιθέναι* Ep. *τιθήμεναι*, *τιθέμεν*; Impf. *ἐτίθην* Ep. 3 pl. *τίθεσαν*; Ion. *τίθεσκον*: (there are also some forms from the pres. *τιθέω*, q. v.): Fut. *θήσω*, Ep. inf. *θησέμεναι* or *θησέμεν*: Aor. 1 *έθηκα* Ep. *θήκα*: Pf. *τέθεικα*, plarf.

έτεθείκειν: Aor. 2 *έθην* only used in pl. *έθεμεν*, *έθετε*, *έθεσαν* Ep. *έθαν*; imperat. *θέε*; subj. *θῶ* Ion. *θῶ*, 1 pl. *θῶμεν*; lengthd. Ep. *θῶω*, 2 sing. *θήης*, pl. *θείομεν* for *θείωμεν*, *θῶμεν*; opt. *θείην*, pl. *θείημεν* or *θείμεν*, *θείτε*, *θείσαν*; inf. *θεῖναι* Ep. *θέμεναι*, *έθμεν*; part. *θεῖς*.—Med. *τιθέμαι*, *τιθέσαι*, *τίθεται*; imperat. *τίθεσο*, *τιθοῦ*, Ep. part. *τιθήμενος*: impf.

ἐτιθέμην: Fut. *θήσομαι*: Aor. 1 *έθηκάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *θήκατο*: part. *θηκάμενος*: Aor. 2 med. *έθεμην*; imperat. *θέο* contr. *θοῦ*; opt. *θείμην*, 3 sing. *θείτο*.—

Pass. *τιθέμαι*: fut. *τεθήσομαι*: aor. 1 *έτέθην*: pf. *τέθειμαι*: plarf. *έτεθείμην*. To place, put, set, Lat. *ponere*; *θεῖναι* τινί τι *ἐν* χειρσί to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., *θεῖναι* τινί *ἔπος* *ἐν* φρεσὶ or *βουλῇ* *ἐν* στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, *τιθέμεν νόμῳ* to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—Med., *θέσθαι* *θυμῶν* *ἐν* *στήθεσσι* to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart.

II. to fix, settle, determine; *τιθέναι* *ἀγῶνα* to appoint, bold games: of the prizes, *θεῖναι* *ἐς* *μέσσοι* to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, *ὅμῳ* *ἐς* *μέσσοι* *ἀρχὴν* *τιθεῖς* throwing it open to you publicly. 2.

to assign, award; *θεῖναι νόμον* to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; *θέσθαι νόμον* to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, establish, order, institute. 4. in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, settle. III. to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a place or class, to bold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider. V. in Med., *τίθεσθαι ψῆφον* to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence *τίθεσθαι* *τὴν γνώμην* to determine, decide: *τίθεσθαι* *ταπ* (sc.

τῇ ψήφῳ) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι τῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2.

to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII.

in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position.

2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender. VIII. τίθημι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λαὸν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint.

2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3. παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι.

IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2.

εἶ or καλῶς θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τίθημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρύπτειν, αἰνεῖν, etc.

τίθηνέω, f. ἦσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From

τίθνη, ἡ, (τιθνής) a nurse. τίθνητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (τιθνήσ) = τιθνήσ. Hence

τίθνητήριος, α, ὄν, nursing, tending. τίθνήσ, ὄν, (τίθη) nursing: as Subst., τιθνήσ, ὄ, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [χ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing. of τίθημι. τίθητι [χ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

τιθύμαλος, ὄ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—*spruce*, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τίτωνός, ὄ, Titbonus, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: Metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TE'KŌ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι, inf. τεκείσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκον Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, υἷα, ὄς:—Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world, I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3.

οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκούσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνων τεκὼν his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ὡς τίκτειν to lay eggs. III.

of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

Τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω. Τίλλαν, f. τίλλω: aor. 1 ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τίτιμαι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one. 3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τίλων, ὄ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιλμός, ὄ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = οἶληφ.

τίμαλφειν, f. ἦσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ἐς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμῆντα, acc. of τιμήs.

τιμ-όρος, ὄν, Dor. for τιμωρός.

τιμά-οχος, ὄν, poet. for τιμοῖχος, beld in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμᾶσθαι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. 1 ἐτίμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐτίμηθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή):—to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, bold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμήσθαι τιμήs to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῦς τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοῦ τιμάσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account. II. c. dat. rei, to honour with a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III.

as Att. law-term: I. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litē aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινι to award the long line, i.e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινα θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2.

Med., of the accuser, τιμάσθαι τινι [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ὑποτιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *donor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήs, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμήs, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμάs:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. —έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

A 2

τύμβου the honour of a tomb.

II. an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine. 2. the value at which an Albanian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [ἱ]

τιμήντρα, poet. for τιμήντρα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις.

τιμή-οπος, ον, Ion. for τιμάοπος, τιμαρός.

τιμήεις, poet. contr. for τιμήεις.

τιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [ἱ]

τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήσσα, fem. of τιμήεις.

τιμητεία or τιμηρία, ἡ, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be honoured.

II. τιμητέον, one must honour.

τιμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor. II.

at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment. II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτιμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable. 2. of high price, dear, Lat. carus. Hence

τιμωτής, ητος, ἡ, worth, value, preciousness.

τίμιος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμωπέω, f. ἤσω, (τιμαρός) to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμαρῆν τιμι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τιμαρῆσθαι τιμι to have vengeance taken for any one. II. Med., f. —ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τετιμωρημαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμαρῆσθαι τινά τιμις to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμωρημα, ατος, τό, help, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωπέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμωρητής, ητος, ὁ, (τιμωπέω) a helper, aider. 2. an avenger.

τιμωρία Ion. —λη, ἡ, (τιμωπέω) help, aid, succour.

II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἶψα) contr. from τιμάοπος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμαρός, ὁ, a helper, aider.

II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τιν, like τεῖν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ.

for σέ.

τινάγμα, ατος, τό, (τινάσσω) a shake, quaking.

τινακτήρ, ητος, and τινακτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (τινάσσω)

one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινακτεira.

τιναξόσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ξω, (τεῖω) to swing, shake, brandish:

disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:

—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τιναχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τινάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τινύμαι, Med., poet. for τίνωμαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself.

2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τινώ [ἱ Ep., ἱ Att]: f. τίσω [ἱ]: aor. I ἐτίσα: pf.

act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. to pay a price,

mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to

pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τιμι

to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one

pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβὴν βοῶν to pay com-

penensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted,

in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν to

atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make

atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol.

to make return or recompence, repay.

II. Med. to

have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing,

avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on

one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc.

pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος

to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei

only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl.

acc. pers. et rei, τίσεσθαι τιμι δίκην to exact retribu-

tion from a person: but also with the means of

punishment in the dat., τίσεσθαι τιμι φνγῇ to requite,

punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take ven-

geance.

τιό, τιό, imitation of a bird's note.

τίον, Ep. for ἐτίον, impf. of τίω.

τί-ποτε; contr. τίποτε; Adv. (τί, ποτε) what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem?

ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat.

τινί Ep. τῷ or τῇ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά;

gen. τινῶν; dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pro-

noun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one,

any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article,

α, an: of places and things, νῆσός τις an island, etc.:

neut. anything, something: εἰ τις, εἰ τι, Lat. si quis, si

quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. II.

τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as

ὦδε δέ τις εἰρεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus

men said. 2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one,

every one; εὐ μὲν τις δόρυ θητάσθω let each man look

to sharpening his spear; ἀλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each

come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖσθαι τις some

one fears, fear is among them; νεύεσθαι τις some one

will suffer. III. τις. τι. of a person or thing.

some great person, some gr

g, what

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδεὶς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν.

2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τις ἢ κύων a man or a dog: but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θεοσίτης τις ἦν there was one Thersites: hence τις is used for a slave.

IV. joined with Adj., τις makes them less precise; μανόμενος a madman, μανόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, οἷος τις such a kind of person as...; πᾶς τις every one; εἰς τις some one; ὀλίγοι τινές some few; τρεῖς τινες some three or so.

2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; ἥττον τι somewhat less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΨ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τέων; dat. τίσιν; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. *who? which?* neut. *what? which?* Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὗτος ἔρχεται; who art thou that comest? II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, *who could, who would* do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσαίτο *who could do it?* i. e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἥρῳτα δὴ ἔπειτα, τίς εἴη καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon *who* he was, and *whence* he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; *who is he, and from whom* descended?

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; of *what sort?* as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότερος; as Lat. quis for uter? VI. τί; alone, *what?*—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., *how? for why? wherefore?* 2. τί δέ; but *how?* 3. τί δή; τί δή ποτε; *why ever? τί δήνα; how pray?* expressing surprise. 4. τί μήν; *why not? how else?* i. e. yes surely! Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

τίταλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

τίσις [τῖς], eos, ἡ, (τῖνος) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δοῖναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital in good sense, reward. III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

τίσων, aor. I imperat. of τίνω: inf. τίσαι.

τίσω [τῖ], fut. of τίνω: also aor. I subj.

τίττειν, aor. I ἐτίττειν, Ep. for τείνω, τανύω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιτταίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow.

2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread.

3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιτανόμενος πεδίοιο stretching on over the plain; ὅψ ὥσασκε τιτανόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

τίττειν, part. from Τίτάν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τιτανόντας ἀπασθάλῃ μέγα βέξαι ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

Τίτάν [τῖ], ἄνος, ὁ, mostly in plur. Τίτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῆνες, oi, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

Τίτᾶνις Ion. Τίτῆνις, ἰδος, fem. of Τίτάν, a Titaness.

ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

Τίτᾶν-ῶδες, es, (Τίτᾶν, εἶδος) like Titans; Τίταν-ῶδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

τίτας, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμαρῶς, an avenger. [τῖ]

Τίτῆνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τίτᾶνες.

τιθήα, ἡ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From τιθεῖω, f. ωω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

ΤΙΤΘΗ, ἡ, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse.

τιθῖον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, ὁ, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast.

τίτλος, ου, ὁ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω: aor. I ἔτρωσα: Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἔτρωσθην: pf. πέτρωμαι: (formed from Root *ΤΡΩΩ):—to wound, hurt; τερῶσθαι τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιττῶβιζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

Τίτυο-κτόνος, ὁ, (Τίτυός, κτείνω) slayer of Tityos.

Τίτυός, ὁ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τίτυσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare.

II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; ἅντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i. e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

ΤΙΨΗ, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [τῖ]

τίφθ', for τίτρε, before an aspirate.

τίφος, eos, τό, a pool.

ΤΙΩ [τῖ], Ep. inf. τιμέν: impf. ἔτιον: Pass., pres. τίομαι: pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τιέσκετο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίοντιν the gods honour right.

2. to value or rate at a certain worth. II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω*, *τίνομαι*:—in Act. to pay a price, make return: in Med. to have a price paid, or return made one: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θυμος, *ον*, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαῖην, aor. 2 opt. of *τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of *τλάω.

*τλά'Ω, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut.

τλήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐτλην (formed as if from τλημί),

imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαῖην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαῖεν (for

τλαῖσαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf.

τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is

formed imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω [ᾱ]; opt. τετλαῖην;

inf. τετλάναι [ᾱ] Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ep. part.

τετληώς, τετληυῖα, gen. τετληότος:—there is also a

poët. aor. I ἐτάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep.

ἐτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ης, η:—to take upon one-

self, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship: some-

times absol., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, bear up, endure:

so in pf. part., τετληότι θυμῷ with enduring, patient

heart. II. to bear steadfastly, hold out: c. inf. to

dare to do something, whether good or bad: also c.

acc. to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it.

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τλάω.

τλή-θυμος Dor. τλά-, *ον*, (*τλάω, θυμός) of en-

during soul, stout-bearded.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *τλάω.

τλημόνος, Adv. of τλήμων, patiently.

τλημοσύνη, ἡ, that which is to be endured, misery,

distress. II. endurance, patience. From

τλήμων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, vocat. τλήμων, (*τλάω) suffering,

enduring: hence, I. patient, steadfast, stout-

bearded: also bold, daring: in bad sense, reckless,

rash, Lat. *audax*. II. full of suffering, wretched,

miserable.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of τλάω.

τλησί-κάρδιος, *ον*, (*τλάω, καρδία) of patient heart,

much-enduring, miserable. II. hard-bearded.

τλήσομαι, fut. of *τλάω.

τλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω.

τλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τλάω: I. act. suffer-

ing, patient, constant in suffering or labour. II.

pass. suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable.

τμάγεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω. [ᾱ]

τμάγον, Ep. for ἐτμάγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξα: aor. I ἐτμήξα: aor. 2 ἐτμάγον:

aor. I med. ἐτμήξαμεν: aor. 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [ᾱ] and

ἐτμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, to cut, cleave:

—Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder. Hence

τμήδην, Adv. by cutting, scratching, grazing.

τμηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, aor. I part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέμνω) cut, be cut, cut into shape. 2.

cut lengthwise, furrowed.

τμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) cut down

with iron.

τοδί, neut. of ὀδί.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ)

hence, thence. II. hence, therefore, thereupon.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. there, in that place. II.

also for relat. ὅθι, where.

τοι, enclit. Particle of inference, therefore, accord-

ingly; also strengthening an assertion, in truth, in

sincerity, verily: it is often joined with other Particles:

with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τᾶρα, with ἄν into

τάν, with μέντοι ἄν into μεντάν.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σὺ:

always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of

the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι,

so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly.

τοι-γαρ-ὦν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ὦν, strengthd. form of

τοιγάρ, therefore indeed, therefore assuredly.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the

beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῦν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δ.

τοί-νυν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle

τοι, so then, therefore. 2. in Att. often used to

continue a speech, further, moreover.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοῖος, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοίων: (from τοῖο, old. gen.

of δ, ἡ, τό):—of such kind, nature or quality, such,

such-like, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the

relat. οἷος, interrog. ποῖος, and indefin. ποῖός corres-

pond: τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something

gone before: in later authors it points to something

to come, the following. 2. τοῖος c. inf., such as

to do, i. e. fit or able to do; τοῖοι ἀμυνόμενοι able to

assist; cf. οἷος. II. with an Adj. it makes the

sense of the Adj. more prominent, so very, just; ἐπι-

εικὴς τοῖος just of moderate size; κερδαλέος τοῖος so

very crafty. III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as

Adv., so, thus, so very, so much.

τοῖσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοι-

οσδί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense,

of such kind, nature or quality; more commonly of

what follows than what has gone before, to which

τοιοῦτος properly refers; ἕτερος τοῖσδε just such

another.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτων: and

in strengthd. form Att. τοιοντοσί, like τοῖος and

τοῖσδε, of such kind, nature or quality: more com-

monly of what has gone before than what follows,

such as the foregoing: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιοῦτῳ, ἐν τοῖς

τοιούτοις in such a state of things: strengthd., τοιοῦ-

τος ἕτερος: also in neut. ἕτερον τοιοῦτων, ἕτερα

τοιαῦτα.

τοιουτὸ-τρόπος, *ον*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of such

fashion or kind, such like. Adv. -τρόπως, after such

a fashion.

τοιουτὸ-ῶδες, *ες*, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of such kind or

form.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσσι, Ep. forms

for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε,

τοίχαρχος, ὁ, (τοίχος, ἀρχω) captain of the towers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, ὁ, (τείχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τείχος, as Lat. *paries* to *moenia*: proverb., ὁ εὖ πρᾶττων τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρῶν, ἡ, ἡσσω, (τοιχωρῶς) to be a bouse-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρῶν, ἡ, bousebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρύχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a bousebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοῖσιν, τοῖσδε, Adv. of τοῖος, τοῖσδε.

τόκά, Dor. for τότε.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. *foeta*: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

τόκετός, ὁ, = τόκος.

τοκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκήες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II.

metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. *usura*: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾶ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. *audacia*: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσεις, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε Dor. for τολμάτε: f. ἡσώ: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, εἶσα, εν, Dor. —άεις, Ep. contr. τολμήεις, ἡσσα, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, atos, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. —ρᾶς, boldly; Comp. —ρότερον; Sup. —ρότατα.

τολμῆς, ἡσσα, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v. τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man. τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπὸν or divisim τὸ λοιπὸν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπέω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning.

II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΑΥΤΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. *glomus*. [ῥ] τομαῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καυσις καὶ τομὴ cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἐπρά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sbarp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sbarper: Sup. τομώτατος. τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύξω or -ίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κλισίων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. *nervi*. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξαμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. *modi*: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian.

III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νῦν, = τὸ νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. —άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκίτης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer.

τόξ-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀρχω) master of the bow, a Bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξῶται at Athens.

τόξευμα, atos, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξῶται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a Bowman, archer.

τοξεντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξέειν νῶς to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξήρης, *ες*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow. 2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ἡ τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξοδάμης, *αντος*, ὁ, and τοξοδάμνος, *ον*, (τόξον, δάμω) subduing with the bow; τοξοδάμνος Ἄρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, τό, a bow, its arrows being ὑστοί or ἰοί, the string νευρά or νεῦρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πῆχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξου ῥύμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λύγξης ἰσχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξοδάμνος. II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, *ς*, ἡσω, to make like a bow; to arch. From

τοξοποιός, ὄν, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ἡ, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξοτευχής, *ες*, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, *ον*, ὁ, (τόξον) a Bowman, archer. II.

at Athens, οἱ τοξόται were the police, also called Σκῦθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, ἰδος, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξοουλκός, ὄν, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξουλεὶν λῆμα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξοφόρος, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, ὁ, = τοξότης, an archer, Bowman.

τοπάλιον, τό, = τόπαζος.

ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ, ὁ, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, *ς*, ἄσω, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: ἔς το-πάν in general, for the mass.

το-παραντίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

το-παροῖθε, -θεν, Adv., = παροῖθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ᾶ]

τόπ-αρχος, ὁ, also ἡ, (τόπος, ἀρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, ὁ, ἡ, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, ὁ, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position. 3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus. III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

το-πρώτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρνεμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τόννευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, *εως*, ὁ, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τρώω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕΨ, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτορον, also aor. 1 ἐτόρησα, part. τορήσας, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce. II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, ὁ, a bole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, ὁ, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, *ς*, *ω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος, ὁ, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόμαι, *ς*, -ώσομαι, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σῆμα they rounded off the barrow; ἔδαφος νηὸς τορνώσεται ἄνθρωπος be will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, ὁ, ὄν, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II.

of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τοροτήξ or τοροτήξ, imitation of a bird's note.

τορύνη, ἡ, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῥ]

τορύνω, (τορύνω) to stir, stir up or about. [ῥ]

τοσάκις Ep. τοσσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσος, *ς*, *ον*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τριπλὸς τόσος thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίγην τόσον so much too much. 2. ἐκ τόσον, so long since.

τοσσό-δε Ep. τοσσό-δε, -ήδε, -ὧδε, = τόσος, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II. τοσσύνδε Ep. τοσσύνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσσουτ-ἀριθμός, *ον*, (τοσσούτος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ᾶ]

τοσσούτος Ep. τοσσούτος, -αὐτή, -οὗτο Att. -οὐτόν, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἔς τοσσούτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἔτερον τοσσούτο as great, as much or many again. II.

τοσσούτο or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσσουτοσί, τοσσαντή, τοσσουτοσί, Att. for τοσσούτος.

τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. Ep. for τοσσάκις. [ᾶ]

τόσσας, in Dor. form τόσας

of an obsol. pres., = τυγνῆ

τοσσήνος, Dor. for το

τόσσοι, *ς*, *ον*, Ep. for

τοσσούδε—ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόδε.
τοσσούτος, -αίτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for τοσσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much.
τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., *aforetime, formerly*: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time.

2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότε ἔπειτα, δὴ τότε γε. 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτέ μὲν . . , τοτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another; τότε ἢ τότε, at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπαρτον, etc.

το-τηνικά, or division τὸ τηνικά, Adv., = τηνικά. [Υ]
τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [Υ]

τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.
του, enclit. gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τούβολου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ.
τουκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τούλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλασσον.
τούλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τούλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον.
τούμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.
τούμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.

τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.
τούμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές.

τούμφυλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφυλον.
τούναντιον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντιον.

τούνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, therefore.

τούνθενδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε.
τούνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.

τούντεθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεθεν, henceforth.
τούπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.

τούπος or τούπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.
τούργον or τούργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.

τούρανου, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὔρανου.
τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II.

so many times, so often. [Α]
τουτέ, Adv., Dor. for ταύτη, in that direction, there, yonder.

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.
τουτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.
τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὅφρα.

II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.
τράγαιζω, = τρώγω.

Τράγαισος, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ὡς τραγασαῖα φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαίου πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.

τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγειος, α, ον, poet. for τράγος: τραγίη (sub dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Α]

τράγ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἐλάφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγῇ (sub. dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Α]

τράγμα, ατος, τό, (τράγεῖν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τράγματιζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγματίζομαι.

τράγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικός λῆρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κῶς, in tragic style.

τράγινος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγος, of a be-goat.

τράγισκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing be-goats.

τράγό-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.

τράγο-μάσχᾶλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-pits smelling like a be-goat.

τράγό-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, ποῦς) goat-footed.

τράγος, ὁ, (τράγεῖν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.

τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-skanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πᾶτος for πῶτος. [Α]

τράγωδω, f. ἴσω, (τραγωδῶς) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph.

to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically. Hence

τράγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδός.

τράγωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγωδός) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τράγωδο-διδασκᾶλος, ὁ, (τραγωδός, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τράγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδός, ποίεω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, ὁ, a tragic poet.

τράγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰδός contr. ᾠδός) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγωδός was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

ΤΡΑΝΗΣ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.

τράνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.

τράνώω, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

τράνωος, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [Α]

τρά-πεζα [τρᾶ], ης, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table; ξενίη τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζη καὶ κοίτη

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal.

III. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τερπ-, πεία; acc. to others from τρι-, πεία: Horace speaks of mensa stripes.) Hence

τράπεζεύς, εὖς, ὁ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπέζης dogs that were fed at mealtimes.

τράπεζιτρον, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζιτρος [τ], ου, ὁ. (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentiarius. Hence

τράπεζιτροκός, ἡ, ὁ, concerning a banker or banking. τράπεζομεν, Ep. for τραπέομεν, τραπώμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τρέπω and τρέμμα.

τράπεσσα, ἡ, Dor. for τράπεζα. τράπεσθα, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [α'] ΤΡΑΠΕΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapēes, trapēum, an oil-press.

τράπηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω. τράπητόν, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [α'] τράσι, ὅ, (from τράσις, as if τράσι) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ἵστα, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire: so of children. From

ΤΡΑΤΑΟΣ, ἡ, ὁ, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραύμα Ion. τραῦμα, ατος, τό, (τρώσκειν) a wound, hurt; ἀπὸ τοῦ τραυματος ἀποθνήσκοντες to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III.

metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence τραυματίας, ου, ὁ, Ion. τραῦ-, a wounded man.

τραυματίζω Ion. τραῦ-, ἡ ἵστα, (τρώω) to wound. τρώφειν, Ion. for τρώειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω II. 4.

τρώφειν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτρώφοντο 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [α']

τρώφους, ὁ, (α, τρέφω) like τρώφας, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τρώφῃ (sub. γῇ), as opp. to ἄγρῃ, dry land, ἐπὶ τρώφῃν τε καὶ ἄγρῃν over dry land and sea: as Subst. of τρώφου or τῶ τρώφῃ the fishes.

τρώφῃ, ἡ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. τρώφοντο, aor. 2 int. pass. of τρέφω.

τρώφα, Aeol. and Dor. for τρώφω. [α'] τρώχους Ion. τρώχους. Adv. τρώχῃ, harshly; τρώχως τρεφόμενον to be roughly handled.

τρώχλια, τα, τρώχλος scraps of meat from around the neck of a slain animal, grisaille, offal.

τρώχλιον, τρώχλος to cut the neck as a butchered horse: metaph. to be damaged, handstrung.

τρώχλιον, ἡ ἵστα, τρώχλος to take in the throat: to head, hack the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τρώχλο-δεσπότης, ου, ὁ, (τρώχλος, δεσπότης) as above. Adj., concerning the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, the throat, neck. [α']

Τράχis Ion. Τρήχis, ἴος, ἡ, Trachis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τράχis). Hence

Τράχινος, α, ὁ Ion. Τρήχινος, η, ὁ, of or from Trachis, Trachinian: αὐ Τράχινι the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τράχυναι Ion. τρήχυναι [ῥ]: f. ῥῶ: pf. τετράχυναι: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτράχυνθην: pf. τετράχυσμαι and τετράχυναι: (τράχis)—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τράχis ὁ δημος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΣ Ion. τρήχis, εἰα, ὅ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, harsh, savage.

τράχυνος, ἴος, ἡ, (τράχis) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit—metaph. roughness, harshness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [α'] τράχων, ἴος, ὁ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ἴδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, αἱ, αἱ, τρία, τρία; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεο-καί-δεκα, αἱ, αἱ, τρεο-καί-δεκα, τρία, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρέμα, poet. for τρέμω.

τρέμα, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέμω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver.

II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπτόν, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τρέπω: f. τρέπω: aor. 1 ἐτρέπα: aor. 2 ἐτρέποντο: pf. τρέπεσθαι or τρέπεσθαι: Med., aor. 2 ἐτρέποντο: Pass., aor. 1 ἐτρέφην Ion. ἐτρέφοντο: aor. 2 ἐτρέποντο, whence Ep. 1 pl. τρεπόμενοι (for τρεπόμενοι, τρεπόμενοι): pf. τρέπεσθαι, 3 pl. τρέπεσθαι: imperat. τρέπεσθαι, τρέπεσθαι: pl. τρέπεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. τρέπεσθαι: 3 pl. τρέπεσθαι:—to turn, Lat. convertere: τρέπεσθαι τὸ εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, be taken oneself, Lat. convertere: ἐπὶ ἔργῳ τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work: also of place, ἀπὸ ἡλίου τρεπόμενος turned towards the sun: τρέπεσθαι ὀπίω to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; καὶ τρέπεσθαι; which way must I turn me?

II. to turn, i. e. turn round, face about: also, valde τρέπεσθαι to turn back: to turn away, dissent: ἀπέναντι τῆς ἄγρῃ εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν to dissent anger on one one: Pass. and Med. to turn round.

2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol. τρέπονται I am changed, change my opinion: also, αὐτὸν τρέπεται the wine is turned, becomes sour.

III. to turn or put to flight, turn, defeat: hence, τρέπεσθαι εἰς οὐρανόν, Lat. convertere in caelum, to put to flight:—Pass. πὶ be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee.

IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to hinder.

V. to turn

τρέπονται, Ep. 3 pl. τρέπονται, ac.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Acol. and Dor. τράφω [α]: fut. θρέψω: aor. I ἔθρεψα: Ep. aor. 2 ἐτράφον: pf. τέτρεφα: Pass., aor. I ἔθρεφθην: aor. 2 ἐτράφην [α]: pf. τέτρεμαι and τέτρεμαι, inf. τετράφθαι:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψαι to curdle milk; τυρὸν τρέφειν to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. τέτρεφα, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: τρέφειν κόμην to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. comat alere: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. nutrire, alere: hence poet. to contain, bave.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. ἔτρεφον in intrans. or pass. sense, as, ἔτρεφε for ἐτράφη, ἐτράφην for ἐτραφέτην, inf. τραπεμέν (Att. τραπεῖν) = τραπεῖν.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Dor. τράχω [α]: fut. θρέξωμαι: aor. I ἔθρεξα: but more commonly (from Root *ΔΡΕΨΩ), fut. δρᾶμομαι Ion. δραμέομαι poet. δράμομαι: aor. 2 ἔδραμον: pf. δεδράμηκα [α] poet. δέδρομα:—to run, Lat. currere: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over. 3. c. acc. cognato, τρέχειν δρόμον to run a course; metaph., ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ εαυτοῦ to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγῶνα, to run a risk or chance, as τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς to run a race for one's life; also, παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

τρέψειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕΨΩ poet. τρέω, inf. τρεῖν: f. τρέσω: aor. I ἔτρεσα Ep. τρέσσα:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: ὁ τρέσας τὴν κοῦραν. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, atos, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

τρημάτεις, εσσα, εν, (τρήμα) with many holes, porous.

τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρέω) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (πέλεια or πελειάδες): hence later as Subst., τρήρων, ἡ, = πέλεια, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of τιτράω.

τρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιτράω, bored or pierced through: τρητὰ λέχεια bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχάλεος, η, ον, poet. for τρηχῆς, τραχύς.

τρηχῆς, εἶα, ὅ, Ion. for τραχύς: Adv. τρηχέως, Sup. τρηχύτατα.

τρι-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. ter.

τριᾶ, neut. from τρεῖς.

τριάσω, f. ἄσω, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, διὰ τριῶν ἀπολλύσθαι to be utterly undone.

τριῶν, ἡ, (τρία) Lat. tridens, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. Hence

τριαίνω, f. ὦσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; τριανούην τὴν γῆν διέκλῃ to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριάκας Ep. and Ion. τρηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς, τρία), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. τριακάδες.

III. also any division of thirty.

τριάκονθ-ἀμμάτος, ον, (τριάκοντα, δμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριάκονθ-ἡμέρος Ion. τρηκοντήμερος Dor. τριακοντάμερος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

τριάκοντα Ep. and Ion. τρηκόντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl.: (τρεῖς, τρία), Lat. TRIGINTA, thirty. II. as Subst. οἱ τριάκοντα: I. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριάκοντ-ετής Ion. τρηκ-, ἐς, (τριάκοντα, ἔτος):—thirty years old. II. of or lasting thirty years: also fem. -έτις, ἰδος:—Att. contr. τριακοντούτης, es: fem. τριακοντούτις, ἰδος, whence τριακοντούτιδες σπονδαὶ a thirty years' truce.

τριάκοντά-ζυγος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριάκοντ-αρχία, ἡ, (τριάκοντα, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. τριάκοντα II. 2.

τριάκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (τριάκοντα, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριάκοντορος Ion. τρηκόντερος, ον, with thirty oars:—as Subst. τριακόντορος (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριάκοντ-ούτης, es, see τριακονταετής.

τριάκοντ-ώργυος, ον, more correct form of τριακοντ-όργυιος.

τριάκοισι Ion. τρηκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (τρεῖς, τρία) three hundred, Lat. triceni.

τριάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (τριάκοισι, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ τριακοσιομέδιμνοι those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Ἱππεῖς.

τριάκοστός Ion. τρηκ-, ἡ, ὄν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ἡ τριακοστή (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τριάω) a conqueror: see τριάω.

τρι-ἄρμενος, ον, (τρία, ἄρμενον) with three sails.

τριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς) the number three, a triad.

τριάσω, ἄω, = τριάω.

τριβάκης, ἡ, ὄν, (τριβα) rubbed, worn, Lat. tritus: ἡ τριβακή a threadbare coat: cf. τριβαν.

Τριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τριβέλης, ἐς, (τρι-, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ἡ, (τριβήναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις ἐς τὴν τριβὴν a pleasant life in the spending. 2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.

3. *ibat* about which one is busied, the object of one's care. 4. delay, putting off, evasion; *ἐς* τριβὰς ἔλδω to seek delays; and without a Verb, *μη* τριβὰς ἔτι no more delays.

τριβῆναι, aor. 2. pass. inf. of τριβαί.

τριβολ-εκτράπελος, *ον*, (τριβολος, εκτραπελος) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτράπελα *unmanly, coarse jests*. [α]

τρι-βολος, *ον*, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) *ibree-pointed, ibree-pronged*. II. as Subst., τριβολος, *ὁ*. 1. a prickly plant, *burr*. 2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes.

2. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τριβος, *ἡ*, also *ὁ*, (τριβῆναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the big road, highway. 2. metaph. a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τριβίς.

III. metaph. practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [τ]: f. τρίψω: aor. I. ἐτριψα, inf. τρίψαι: pf. τέτριψα: Pass., fut. I. τριψθήσομαι, fut. 2. τριψήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετριψήσομαι, also fut. med. τριψομαι in pass. sense: aor. I. ἐτριψθην: aor. 2. ἐτριβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμα:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τρίψαι ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνῳ τρίβειν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with.

II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τριβειν βίον to pass away life, Lat. *terere vitam*: absol. to waste time, tarry. 3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. 4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβωμης [τ], Dor. for τριβωμεν, I pl. subj. of τριβαί.

τριβων [τ], *ωνος*, *ὁ*, (τριβῆναι) a worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. *ὁ*, *ἡ*, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τριβωνικῶς, Adv. (τριβων) in the fashion of a triβων, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβων, a small cloak, a cape.

τρι-γέρων, *ωντος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

ΤΡΙΤΑΑ, *ἡ*, a mullet, Lat. *triglia*.

τρι-γληνος, *ον*, (τρι-, γληνος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, *ον*, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, *ον*, (τρι-, γλύφω) ibree-cloven: as Subst., τριγλυφος, *ἡ*, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a ibree-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλώχης, *ιδος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, γλωχίς) ibree-barbed, ibree-forked.

τριγμός, *ὁ*, = τρισμός.

τριγονία, *ἡ*, the ibird generation. From

τρι-γονος, *ον*, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at ibree births, of children; τριγόνοι κόραι ibree daughters.

τρι-γωνος, *ον*, (τρι-, γωνία) ibree-cornered, triangular. Hence

τριγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [γ]

τρι-δουλος, *ον*, (τρι-, δοῦλος) a slave ibrough ibree generations, ibree or treble a slave.

τρι-δραχμος, *ον*, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing ibree drachms.

τρι-δύστηνος, *ον*, ibree wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, *ον*, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) ibree wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of ibree strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, *ον*, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) with or like ibree ships' beaks.

τρι-έσπερος, *ον*, (τρι-, ἐσπέρα) in ibree successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, *ιδος*, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἐορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-ετής, *ου*, *ὁ*, (τρι-, ἔτος) of ibree years, ibree years old. Adv. τριέτες, ibree years long.

τριετία, *ἡ*, (τριέτη) a space of ibree years, Lat. *triennium*.

τρι-ζυγής, *ἑς*, and τρι-ζυγος, *ον*, and τρι-ζυξ, *ἴγος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) ibree-yoked: ibree-fold, triple: also simply ibree.

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τρίζω; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τετριγώς, Ep. pl. τετριγώτες for τετριγώτες; plqpf. ἐτετριγέην Ep. τετριγέην, with sense of impf.:—of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τετριγέει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. *stridere*. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιος, Ep. and Ion. for τριακ-,

τρι-ημ-πύδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμ-, πούς) ibree half feet, i. e. a foot and half.

τριηραρχέω, f. ἥσω, to be a τριηραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νῆος to be captain of a ship. II. at Athens, to be trierarch, sit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, *ἡ*, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme.

II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν* fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριηραρχος, *ὁ*, (τριήρης, ἀρχω) the captain of a trireme.

II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to sit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αῦλης, *ου*, *ὁ*, (τριήρης, αἰτέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. eos Ion. eis; acc. eis, η; plur., nom. ees, eis; gen. τριηρέων

constituted of three ships, ἀπὸ τριῶν πλοίων (sub. τριῶν), ἡ, Lat. *triemi-*

vars, first built by the

being called *θαλάμιοι*, the middle *ζυγῖται*, and the topmost *θρανῖται*; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadrirèmes* (*τετρήρεις*), *quinquerèmes* (*πεντήρεις*), etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρήτης [ἦ], *ον, δ*, (*τριήρης*) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

τριηρο-ποιός, όν, (*τριήρης, ποιέω*) *building triremes.*

τρί-κάρηνος, ον, (*τρί-, κάρηνον*) *ibree-beaded.* [κᾶ]

τρί-κέφάλος, ον, (*τρί-, κεφαλή*) *ibree-beaded.*

τρί-κλίνος, ον, (*τρι-, κλίνη*) *with ibree beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst.,*

τρίκλινος (sc. *οἶκος*), *δ*, like the Roman *triclinium*, a dining-room *with ibree couches*; also *τρίκλινον, τό*.

τρί-κλωστός, ον, (*τρι-, κλάθω*) *ibree spun.*

τρί-κόρυθος, ον, and *τρί-κορυς, ύθος, δ*, (*τρι-, κόρυς*) *with triple plume.*

τρί-κόρωνος, ον, (*τρί-, κορώνη*) *ibree a crow's age.*

τρί-κράνός, ον, (*τρι-, κῶρον*) *ibree-beaded, with triple crest.*

τρί-κύαθος, ον, (*τρί-, κύαθος*) *holding ibree κύαθοι.*

τρί-κύμια, ή, (*τρί-, κύμα*) *the ibree wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακύμια) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., τρικυμία κακών a flood of evils.*

τρίλ-ιστος, ον, *poët.* for *τρίλιστος*, (*τρι-, λίσσομαι*) *ibree prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

τρίλογία, ή, (*τρί-, λόγος*) *a trilogy; see τετράλογία.*

τρίλοφία, ή, *a triple crest.* From

τρί-λοφος, ον, (*τρί-, λόφος*) *with ibree crests.*

τρί-μᾶκαρ, -μακαίρα, (*τρί-, μάκαρ*) *ibree-blessed.*

τρί-μετρος, ον, (*τρί-, μέτρον*) *of verses, consisting of ibree metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; τόνος τρίμετρος trimeter iambic verse.*

τρί-μήνος, ον, (*τρί-, μήν*) *of ibree months, ibree months old: ή τριμήνος a period of ibree months.*

τρίμμα, ατος, τό, (*τρίβω*) *that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβαν, a practised, backneyed knave.*

τριμμός, ό, (*τρίβω*) *a beaten road, like τρίβος.*

τρίμακρία, ή, *triple pay.* From

τρί-μοιρος, ον, (*τρί-, μοῖρα*) *ibreefold, triple.*

τρί-μορφος, ον, (*τρί-, μορφή*) *ibree-formed, triple: Μοίραι τριμορφοί the ibree fates.*

Τρίν-ακρία, ή, (*τρι-, άκρα*) *epith. of Sicily, from its ibree promontories (άκρα): also written Τρινακρία Ion. —in (from τριναξ).*

Τρίνᾱκρος, α, ον, of *Trinacria* or *Sicily, Sicilian.*

τρίν-αξ, άκος, ή, (*τρία, άκή*) *a trident.*

τρίξός, ή, όν, Ion. for *τρισσός*, *ibreefold, triple; so*

δίξός for *δισσός.*

τρί-όδος, ή, (*τρι-, όδός*) *a meeting of ibree roads, ibree cross-roads, Lat. trivium.*

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ό, ή, (*τρι-, όδούς*) *with ibree teeth: as Subst., τριόδους, ό, a trident.*

τρι-όργγος, ον, (*τρι-, όργγια*) *ibree fatboms long.*

-όργος, ον, = τριόργος.

τρι-όρχης, ον, δ, and *τρί-ορχος, ον*, (*τρι-, όρχης*) *a kind of falcon or kite.*

τριστό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρί-πάλαι, Adv. (*τρί-, πάλαι*) *ibree long since, i. e. very long ago.*

τρί-πάλαιστος, ον, (*τρι-, παλαιστή*) *ibree bands broad, long, etc.*

τρί-παλτος, ον, (*τρί-, πάλλω*) *ibree-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.*

τρί-πάνουργος, ον, (*τρι-, πάνουργος*) *trebly a rogue.*

τρί-πάχιος, ον, Dor. for *τριπᾶχις*, *q. v.*

τρί-πέτηλος, ον, (*τρι-, πέτηλον*) *ibree-leaved.*

τρί-πᾶχυς, υ, gen. eos, (*τρι-, πᾶχυς*) *ibree cubits long.*

τρί-πίθηκίνος, η, ον, (*τρι-, πίθηκος*) *ibree apish.*

τρίπλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, (*τρίς*) *triple, ibreefold, Lat. triplex. [ῥ]*

τρίπλάσιος, α, ον, (*τρι-*) *ibree as many, ibree as much, ibree as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ ibree as much as you.*

τρί-πλεθρος, ον, (*τρι-, πλέθρον*) *ibree plethra long.*

τρίπλη, υ. τριπλός.

τριπλοιστός, όν, (*τριπλός*) *made ibreefold, tripled;*

trebled.

τρίπλός, η, ον contr. *τριπλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (*τρεῖς*) *triple, ibreefold. Adv. —πλῶς, but dat. fem. τριπλῇ*

is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.

τρίπῳδεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *τρίπους.*

τρί-πόδης, ον, δ, (*τρί-, πόυς*) *ibree feet long.*

τρί-πόθητος, ον, (*τρί-, ποθέω*) *ibree longed for, much or earnestly desired.*

τρί-πόλις, εως Ion. *ισ, δ, ή*, (*τρί-, πόλις*) *with ibree cities; cf. δεκάπολις.*

τρί-πόλιστος, ον, (*τρι-, πολίω*) *ibree-built, triply or firmly founded.*

τρί-πολος, ον, (*τρί-, πολέω*) *ibree turned up or ploughed, bearing ibree crops in a year, of corn land.*

τρί-πόνητος, ον, (*τρί-, πονέω*) *ibree-worked: έπις τριπόνητος a dispute between ibree labourers.*

τρί-πορθος, ον, (*τρί-, πορθέω*) *ibree wasted.*

τρί-πος, ον, δ, *poët.* for *τρίπους.* [ῥ]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, ό, ή, -πουν, τό, (*τρί-, ποῦς*) *ibree footed, ibree-legged or with ibree feet: measuring ibree feet.*

11. going on ibree feet; proverb. of an old man who leans on a staff, τρίπους όδούς στέλχει.

2. as Subst., τρίπους, ό, a tripod, a ibree-footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.

3. the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.

τρί-πῳτος, ον, (*τρί-, πιπᾶσκω*) *ibree sold.*

τριπτήρ, ήρος, ό, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.*

τρίπτης, ον, δ, (*τρίβω*) *a rubber, shamprover.*

Τρι-πόλεμος, ό, *Triptolemos*, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πύχος, ον, (*τρι-, πύσσω*) *consisting of ibree layers or plates, ibreefold, triple; also simply ibree.*

τρί-πῳλος, ον, (*τρί-, πῳλος*) *of or with ibree horses.*

in which one pours the third libation (to Ζεὺς Σατήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τριτόσπορος, *ον*, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριττός, *ή, όν*, Att. for τρισσός.

τριττός, *ύος, ή*, also τριτύς, (τρέϊς) the number three, Lat. ternio.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ovae-taurilia*).

III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, *ανος, ό*, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitritē.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis.

II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [Ὶ] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, *άδος, ή*, like Τριτανία, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτανιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτωνίς, *ιδος, ή*, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena.

2. epith. of Minerva.

τριφάσιος, *α, ον*, (τρέϊς) threefold, Lat. triplex: also simply *three*. [ᾱ]

τρι-φίλιπτος Dor. -ατος, *ον*, (τρι-, φίλω) thrice-beloved.

τρι-φύλλον, *τό*, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τρι-φύλος, *ον*, (τρι-, φυλή) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχή, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifariam: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [Ὶ]

τρι-χάϊκες [Ὶ], *οί*, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρι-χάλεπτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χαλέπω) very angry.

τρι-χάλος, *ον*, Dor. for τρι-χηλος, (τρι-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, *αί*, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [Ὶ]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [ᾱ] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α, ον*, threefold. [ᾱ]

τρίχινος, *η, ον*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρί]

τρίχις, *ιδος, ή*, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τρίχόβρωτος, *ατος*, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. c. moths.

τρι-χοίνικος, *ον*, (τρί-, χοῖνιξ) holding three χοίνικες: τριχοίνικον ἔπος a most capacious word.

τρι-χόλωτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χολώω) thrice-detested.

τρίχό-μαλλος, *ον*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τριχορρνύω, *ή, ήσω*, to shed or lose the hair. From

τρίχορ-ρῆς, *ές*, (θρίξ, βέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τρίχου, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρι-χρωμος, *ον*, (τρί-, χρώμα) three-coloured.

τρίχωμα, *ατος, τό*, (τρίχωω) a growth of hair, shock of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, *ή, ήσω*, (τρίβω, ημέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus.

τρίψις, *εως, ή*, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction.

II. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed.

III. τρίψις, *αί*, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, *τό*, (τρι-, όβολός) a three-obel piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρι-ώροφος, *ον*, (τρι-, όροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριάροφον, *τό*, the third story.

τριάρυγος, *ον*, more correct Att. form of τριάργυιος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ηθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροίανθε Ion. -ηνθε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, *ή*, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομεόλατο, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέομαι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέομαι, 3 pl. of τρομέω.

2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, *ά, όν*, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, *ή, ήσω*, (τρέμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid.

II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, *ό*, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub πνοή), *ή*, (τροπαῖος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit.

2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, *τό*, properly neut. of τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. trophaeum, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, *α, ον*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change.

II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat; Ἐκτορος δμῆμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector.

III. turning away, averting, Lat. averruncus.

τροπαιο-φόρος, *ον*, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλῖς, *ιδος, ή*, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, *ή*, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαὶ ἡελίου the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θερμαὶ and χειμεριναί, Lat. solstitium and bruma.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινας ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; ἐν τροπῇ δορὺς in the rout of the spear.

2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*.
2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour.

τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρύπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρύπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρύπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II.

metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπῳ τοιούτῳ in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπῳ in no wise; παντὶ τρόπῳ by all means; ἐκουσὶν τρόπῳ willingly; τρόπῳ φρενὸς according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρώποις Ἰξίονος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρώπων in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρώπων in barbarous fashion.

3. ἐκ παντὸς τρώπων by all means. III. of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοιούτῳ τρώπων not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρώπων suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπίς, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leather thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φέρω, f. ἴσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπῶν, f. ὥσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπίς): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, = τροπίς, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφέα, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompense for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, εως, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ᾧ τροφῇ ἐμοὶ ye who have fed me.

τροφίω, = τρέφω, as φέρω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίον τροφήν a livelihood, living: one's means of living. II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursing, brood.

τρόφιμος, η, ου, also ος, ον, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῇ τρώφιμος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursing, foster-child.

τρόφος, ὁ, ἡ, τρώφ, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big: τρώφη κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφέας, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφέας, ὁ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse.

τροφο-φέρω, f. ἴσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφῆναις, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [α]

τροχάζω, f. ἴσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχάιος, α, ον, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχάιος (sc. ποῖς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχᾶλᾶτέω, f. ἴσω, to drive a chariot. II.

metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [α], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἑλάνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ήλατος, ον, (τροχός, ἑλάνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3.

turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχίλια, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. *trochlea*.

τροχίλος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [γ]

τροχίς, ἡ, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly. τρώχης, ιος and εως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-δίνω, f. ἴσω, (τροχός, δύνω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-εἰδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχόεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, ὅς, (τροχός, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III.

a boy's hoop, Lat. *Graecus trochus*. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΒΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρυγᾶν, f. ἴσω, (τρίγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγᾶν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. pro-

verb., ἐρήμας τρυγᾶν (sc. ἀμπελόων) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρίγη [γ], ἡ, (τρίγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

II. a gathering of

such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρυγήτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (τρύγαν) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρυγητός, ὁ, (τρυγάν) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρυγήτρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγήτηρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρυγή-φόρος, ον, (τρυγή, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρυγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρυγί) made of lees. II. = τρυγώδικος, of or for comedy.

τρυγο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρυγί, δαίμων) for τρυγώδης, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρυγ-οῖπος, ὁ, (τρυγί, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρυγώφεν, Ep. for τρυγῶφεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγάν.

ΤΡΥΓΤΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρυγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρυγώδης) = κομωδία, comedy. Hence τρυγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κομωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρυγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρυγί, ᾠδή) a must-singer or lees-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κομωδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρυγών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρυγί) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΤΖΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρυμᾶλία, ἡ, (τρυμ) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρύω) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρυγί, ἡ, gen. τρυγός, (τρυγί) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine,

dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρυπᾶνον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρυπάω, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. τετρυπῆμαι: (τρύπη):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ὅσα τετρυπημένα εἰς τρυπὰς ἐπὶ τῶν ὤτων ἐπένθησαν (which had a hole through it).

τρύπη, ἡ, (τρύω) a bole.

τρυπήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρυπῶ, contr. for τρυπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω.

τρυσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρύω, ἀνήρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, barassing. [ᾱ]

τρυσι-βίος, ον, (τρύω, βίος) wearing out life. [σ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutina. [ᾱ]

τρυ-φάλαια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρύω and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the phalos.)

τρυφάω, f. ἥσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφών, ὤσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφών as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρυφεράνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανθείς, with a fastidious air.

τρυφερός, ἁ, ὄν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρυφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφήλος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός.

τρυφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρυφός, εος, τό, (τρυφῆναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρυχηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (τρυχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρυχνος, ὁ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρυχος, εος, τό, (τρύχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, shred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence τρύχω, rare form of τρύχω.

τρύχω, f. ξω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρύχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαι τινας to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΤΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τετρυῖμαι, part. τετρυμένος, inf. τετρυῖσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυῖσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρωάς, ἁδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώς, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γᾱ]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into boles; οἱ Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwell in boles or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into boles.

τρωγίσσας, Dor. for τρωγίσσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΓΩ, f. τρώωμαι: aor. I ἐτρώφα: aor. 2 ἐτρώγον: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτρώγη [ᾱ]: pf. τέτρωγα:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: e. g. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώϊος, η, ον, Ep. for Τρωεύς, Trojan: fem. Τρωάς, ἁδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ον, ὁ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρώκται, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., τρώκται χεῖρες *greedy, grasping hands*.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, *gnawed, nibbled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*: neut. τρωκτά, τά, as Subst., = τραγάλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματῆς, Ion. for τραυμ-.

τρώμη Dor. τρώμῃ, ἡ, = τρώμα, Ion. for τραῦμα.

τρώξις, εως, ἡ, (τρώγω) *a gnawing*.

Τρώς, ὁ, ὄν, contr. for Τρώιος, (Τρώς) *Trojan*.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ὄν, (Τρώς, φθείρω) *destructive to the Trojans or to Troy*.

τρωπῶω, Ep. for τρέπω, *to turn, to change, alter*;—Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. τρωπάσκειτο φεύγειν *be turned himself to flight*.

Τρώς, ὁ, gen. Τρώος, Τρος, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρώες, οἱ, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρώσι, *Trojans*.

τρώσσειναι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκειω.

τρώσω, fut. of τιτρώσκειω.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκειω, *wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable*.

τρώμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τραῦμα.

τρωχάω, Ep. for τρέχω, *to run*.

ΤΡΩΨΩ, radic. form of τιτρώσκειω, *to wound: to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief*.

τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [ῥ]

τύβη, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύχομαι: aor. 2 ἐτύχον, Ep. subj. τύχωμαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐτύχησα [ῥ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ῥ], Ion. also τέτευχα: plqpf. ἐτέτευχεν:—*to hit, esp. to hit with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless*.

II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*: so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c. gen.

2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing*, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part., ὁ τυχών *one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever*, Lat. *quivis*; οἱ τυχόντες *every-day men, the ordinary run of men*; τὸ τυχόν *any chance thing*. 4. in bad sense, *bias τυχεῖν to meet with, suffer violence*.

III. absol. *to hit the mark, gain one's end or purpose*; καλῶς τυχεῖν *to fare well, succeed, in speaking, to hit the mark*, i. e. *to be right*.

2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*. Intr. *to happen, to be at a place*. 2. of things, *come to pass, fall out, occur by chance*; often impers., ὅπως ἐτύγχανεν, ὥσπερ ἐτύχεν, etc., *as it chanced, by mere accident*. 3. of events or undertakings, *to happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share*, c. dat. pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed*.

II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, τυγχάνω ἔχων *I happen to have*, i. e. *I have in possession*; παρὰν ἐτύγχανον *I chanced to be by*; ἐτύχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθάν *he happened to come at that nick of time*; but, τυγχάνω ὢν = εἰμι, *I am*; so also without any part., εἰ σοι χαρὰ τυγχάνει *tādē if these things are pleasant*

to thee. 2. in such phrases as ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, *we must supply a part. from the other Verb*, ὅτι ἂν τύχωσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.

Τυδεύς, εως, Ep. εὖς, ὁ, Τυδεύς.

τυῖδε, Adv. Dor. for τῆδε, *here*.

τύκτω, f. ἰσάω, (τύκος) *to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones*. Hence

ΤΥΤΗ, ἡ, (τέννυμαι) *mason's work*. [τῷ]

τύκισμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*: in plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (τέννυμαι) *a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick*. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [τῷ]

τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by τέλειον δέπνον βασιλῆιον.

τυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέννυμαι), *made, made ready*: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to natural: τυκτὴ κρήνη *a fountain made by man's hand*: esp. *well-made, well-worked, finished carefully*.

ΤΥΛΗ, ἡ, like τύλος, *any swelling or lump*: esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. *callus*: *the shoulder*. II. *a pad for carrying burdens on, a porter's knot*. III. *a cushion*. [ῥ in Att., ῥ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = τύλη, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. *anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot*; esp. *a wooden nail or bolt* used in ship-building. [ῥ]

τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. τετυλωμένος: (τύλος):—*to make hard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow hard or callous from rubbing*, as the hand from rowing or digging; *ρόπαλα σιδήρῳ τετυλωμένα clubs knobbed or knotted with iron*: cf. τυλωτός.

τύλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τυλῶ; *ρόπαλα τυλωτά clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα*.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) *a burial, grave*. II. *the corpse to be burnt or buried*.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβος) *to bury, burn or entomb a corpse*. 2. *χοῶς τυμβεῖσθαι τινι to pour libations as an offering on one's grave*. II. intr. *to be entombed*.

τυμβήτης, ες, (τύμβος, ἀρῶν) *buried, entombed, interred, sepulchred*. II. *like a grave or tomb*.

τυμβίτης [ῖ], ὄν, ὁ, fem. τυμβίτις, ἰδος, (τύμβος) *in or at the grave*.

τυμβο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύμβος, γέρον) *an old man on the verge of the grave*.

τυμβο-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (τύμβος, ὄλλυμι) *a destroyer of tombs*: fem. τυμβόλετις, ἰδος.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the place where a dead body is burnt*, Lat. *bustum*: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow*, Lat. *tumulus*: generally, *a tomb, grave*.

II. metaph., γέρον τύμβος, = τυμβο-γέρον, *a decrepit old man*: so also τύμβος, absol.

τυμβο-οῦχος, ὄν, (τύμβος, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb, sepulchral*.

τυμβο-φόνος, ὄν, (τύμβος, φένω) *tomb-destroying*.

τυμβοχοέω, *f. ἦσω*, (τυμβοχός) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow. τυμβο-χός, *ον*, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. *throw* or *poured upon the tomb*. τυμβό-χωστος, *ον*, (τύμβος, χάννυμι) *heaped up into a cairn or barrow*. τυμβωρυχέω, *f. ἦσω*, to break open graves. From τυμβωρύχος, *ον*, (τύμβος, δρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβώρυχος, *ὁ*, a grave-robber. [pū] τύμμα, *ατος, τό*, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound. τυμπάνίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. II. generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado. τυμπανισμός, *ὁ*, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybelé. τυμπανιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τυμπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybelé. τύμπανον, *τά*, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπεῖν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybelé. II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel. III. in Lat., *tympāna* were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers. Τυνδάρεος, *α, ον*, or *ος, ον*, of Tyndarus. From Τυνδάρεος Att. Τυνδάρεως, *ων, ὁ*, Tyndarēus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda. Τυνδαρίδης [τ], *ον, ὁ*, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίδαι, *οι*, Castor and Pollux: fem. Τυνδαρίς, *ἰδος*, daughter of Tyndarus. τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for *τύ, σύ*, as *ἐγώνη* for *ἐγώ*. τυννός, *ή, ὅν*, akin to *τυτθός*, so small, so little. Hence τυννοτός, *ον*, Att. τυννουτασί, *-ονί*, so small, so little, Lat. *tantillus*. τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mire: esp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From ΤΥΝΤΑΟΣ, *ὁ*, mud, mire, dirt. τύπάνον, *τό*, (τύπτω) orig. form of τύμπανον, preserved also in Latin *typanum*. τυπεῖν, *ης, η*, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω. τύπειν, aor. 2 inf. of τύπτω. τυπέις, *εἶσα, ἐν*, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω. τυπή, *ή*, (τύπτω) a blow, wound. τυπήγαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτω. ΤΥΠΗΟΣ, *ὁ*, a blow. II. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύποι στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man. 3. an outline, sketch, draught; τύπω λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence τύπω, *f. ὠσω*, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τυπήσω, Att. fut. of τύπτω. τύποντι, Dor. for τύπτουσι. ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. τύψω or τυπήσω: aor. I. ἐτύψα: aor. 2 ἐτύπον: Pass., fut. τυπήσομαι: aor. I. ἐτύφθην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [ϋ]: pf. πέτυμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at heart; ἄχος δὲ κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ἡ ἀληθινή ἐτύψε Καμβύσεα the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. In Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to hand, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. ἅλα τύπτειν ἐρετμοῖς to beat the sea with oars, i.e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. *plangor*, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τυπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for a person. III. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλὰς (sc. πληγὰς) I get many blows. τύπωμα, *ατος, τό*, (τύπω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύτωμα χαλκόπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline. τυραννεύω, *f. εἴσω* and τυραννέω, *f. ἦσω*: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):—to be a tyrannos or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννεύειν Ἀθηνῶν to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυραννεύσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant. II. Pass. τυραννέομαι or —έομαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power. τυραννικός, *ή, ὅν*, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: befitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. τυραννικώτατος. τυραννίς, *ἰδος, ή*, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty. τύραννος [ϋ], *ὁ* also *ή*, properly Dor. for κοῖρανος (from κύρος, κύριος) a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, *ή* τύραννος was the queen, princess; as *ὁ* τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, *ον*, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despot; τύραννον δῶμα the king's palace. τυραννο-φόνος, *ον*, (τύραννος, *φένω) slaying tyrants. τυρβάζω *f. ἄσω*, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. *turbare*:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From ΤΥΡΒΗ, *ή*, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. *turba*. τύρευμα, *ατος, τό*, (τυρεῖν) that which is curdled, cheese. [ϋ]

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and τυρευτήρ οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εὔσω, and τυρέω, f. ἥσω: (τυρός):—*to make cheese*. II. metaph. *to stir up, jumble, confound*. 2. *to concoct, brew a thing cunningly*.

Τύριος, α, ov, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ] .
τύρισσω, Dor. for συρίζω.

τύρις, εσσα, εν contr. τύριος, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τυρός) *like cheese*: as Subst., τυρός Dor. τυρίς, ὁ, *cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese*.

τύρις-κνηστις, ἡ, (τυρός, κνάω) *a cheese-grater*.
τύρις-ωτος, ov, (τυρός, ωτος) *with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese*.

τύριπωλέω, f. ἥσω, *to sell cheese, sell like cheese*.
From

τύρις-πώλης, ov, ὁ, (τυρός, πωλέω) *a cheesemonger*.
ΤΥΡΟΣ, ov, ὁ, *cheese*. II. *the cheese-market*.

Τύρις, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]
τυρός, contr. for τυρίος.

τύρις-φόρος, ov, (τυρός, φέρω) *bearing cheese, spread with cheese*.

Τυρρη-ολέτης, ov, ὁ, (Τυρρηός, ὄλλυμι) *destroyer of Tyrrhenians*.

Τυρρηός Ion. and old Att. Τυρρηνός, ἡ, ὅν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρρηνοί or Τυρρηνοί *the Etruscans*.—Adj. Τυρρηνικός, ἡ, ὅν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡΡΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος: acc. τύριν: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. ἑων, dat. εἰσι, Lat. TURRIS:—*a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion*.

τυρός, ὄντος, Dor. for τυρίος.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὅν, also ἡ, ὅν, *little, small, young, of children*. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., *a little, a wee bit*: hence *scarcely, hardly*: of the voice, *low, softly, gently*. 2. also in pl., τυτθα διατμήζαι *to cut into small pieces*.

Τυτθῶν, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for Τυτθῶν: hence, Τυτθάνιος, α, ov, poet. for Τυτθάνιος.

τυτθεδανός, ὁ, (τύφω) *one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard*.

τυφ-ήρης, es, (τύφος, ἀράρειν) *set on fire, burning*.
τυφλο-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τυφλός, πούς) *with blind foot, stepping in blindness*.

τυφλός, ἡ, ὅν, *blind*, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός *tyros blind to a thing*. 2. metaph., τυφλός τά τ' ὦτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὄμματα *blind in ears and mind and eyes*.

3. of things, *dark, unseen, dim, obscure*: τυφλά σπιλάδες *blind, i. e. sunken, rocks*.

τυφλῶ, (τυφλός) *to blind, make blind*:—Pass. *to be blinded or blind*. II. metaph. *to blind, dull, baffle, dim*. Hence

τυφλῶς, Adv. of τυφλός, *blindly*.
τύφλωσις, ἡ, *a making blind, blinding*.

τυφλώτω, (τυφλός) *to be blind*.
τύφο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύφω, γέρον) *a silly old man, a dotard*: cf. τυμφογέρον.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφω) *smoke, mist, cloud*. II. metaph. *conceit, vanity*, Lat. fucus.

τύφω, f. ὥσω, (τύφος) *to wrap in smoke or mist*: metaph. *to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure*: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, *to be shrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd*.

ΤΥΨΩ [ῥ], f. θύψω: aor. 1 ἐθύψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι:—*to raise a smoke*; c. acc. cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν *to make a cloud of smoke*. II. *to smoke*; καπνὸν τύφειν *to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνὸν τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke*.

III. *to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke*:—Pass. *to smoke, smoulder*.

Τυφωεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἑός, ὁ: contr. Τυφώς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφός.

Τυφῶν, ὄντος, Ep. Τυφῶν, αονος, ὁ, Typhos, Typhaon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφός, Τυφωεύς.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean *a furious storm, burricane, typhoon*. Hence

Τυφωνικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or from Typhos. II. *stormy, tempestuous*.

Τυφός, ὁ, contr. for Τυφωεύς. II. as appellat., τυφός, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῷ, acc. τυφῶ:—*like τυφῶν II, a furious storm, burricane*.

τύχη, Ep. for ἐτύχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.
τύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna*; κοινὸν τύχη *luck is a thing common to all*; τύχα θεῶν, σὺν θεοῦ τύχα *by luck from the gods*; esp. in phrase, *θεία τύχη by divine providence*; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σάτυρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, *chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck*; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. *τύχη ἀγαθῇ* was often used in public acts, by crisis *τύχ' ἀγαθῇ*, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῇ τύχῃ and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, *τύχῃ by chance, Lat. forte, forte, fortuna*:—so also ἀπὸ ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. *a chance, hap, lot, accident*: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι *your fortunes*. Hence

τύχηρός, ὁ, ὅν, *fortunate, lucky*. 2. *by chance, accidental*. Hence

τύχηρως, Adv. *luckily*.
τύχησας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.
τύχοιμι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχόν, Adv., *by chance, perhaps*; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.
τυψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., *therefore, so, in this wise*. II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς; *quis?*

τῷ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς, *aliquis*.
τάγαλμα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τῶδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτως, *in this manner, thus*.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσω: fut. -άσομαι: aor. I

ἐτῳθασα, subj. τῳθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τῳθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τῳθάζω.

τῳλῃθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῳπόβαινον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῳρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῳς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῶς; and to the Relat. ὡς = ὡς, οὕτως, so, in this wise.

II. Dor. = οὐ, where.

τῳτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τῳτό, gen. τῳτοῦ, dat. τῳτῷ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ.

Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ ψιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνυμα ὕμοιος μῦγῃς for ὄνομα ὀμοιος μύγῃς. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θένω χένω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as Μοῖσα for Μοῦσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

´άδες, ον, αἰ, (ὕς) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *Pluviae*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [´ in Hom., ´ in Eur.]

´αινᾶ, ἡ, (´ς) a Libyan wild beast, the byena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly bog's mane (whence the name).

´ακινθία (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Laedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

´ακινθίνο-βαφής, ἐς, (´ακίνθινος, βαφῆναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [´]

´ακινθίνος, η, ον, (´ακίνθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

´ακίνθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

´ακίνθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus; or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΤΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἰ αἶ; hence it is called γραπετὰ ´ακίνθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ´ακίνθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphires, a precious stone of blue colour.

´άλος, α, ον, contr. ´αλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, (´αλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

´άλινος later ´άλινος, η, ον, (´αλος) of or made of glass, glassy.

´άλοος, εσσα, εν, (´αλος) of glass: like glass, glassy.

´αλος or ´ελος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανῆς ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἅπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire.

II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ´αλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

´αλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, contr. for ´αλέος.

´αλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροῦς, ον, (´αλος, χροῶ) glass-coloured.

´αλό-χρόδης, ἐς, = ´αλόχροος.

´β-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

´ΒΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, bent outwards, bump-backed.

´βρίζω: f. ´βρίσω Att. -ῖω: aor. I ´βρισα: pf.

´βρικα: plqpf. ´βρίκειν. Med., fut. ´βριούμαι: Pass., fut. ´βρισθήσομαι: aor. I ´βρίσθην: pf. ´βρισμαι:—to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank.

II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ´βρίζειν εἰς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ´βρίζειν ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato, ´βρίζειν ´βρεις to commit outrages; so, ´βρίζειν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [υ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

´ΒΡΙΞ [´], εως Ep. ιος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness.

2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, spiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ´βρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [ε]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as mascul. Adj., ´βρις ἀνὴρ, = ´βριστής.

´βρίσσω, Dor. for ´βρίζω, 3 sing. ´βρίσσει for ´βρίξει. ´βρισμα, atos, τό, (´βρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia.

II. the object of insult.

´βριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ´βριστής.

´βριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (´βρίζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man.

II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage.

Hence ´βριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ´βριστικόν an insolent disposition.

Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

´βριστος, η, ον, (´βρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ´βριστότερος, -τατος.

ὕγιαζω, f. σω: aor. I ὕγιασα (ὕγιης) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὕγιαλω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ὕλινα: (ὕγιης):—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere: to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὕγιαλον τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3. ὕγιαυε, like χαίρει, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ὕ, but ὕ in augmented tenses.]

ὕγιαλός Ion. -έτης, ἡ, and sometimes in Att. ὕγιαλά: (ὕγιης):—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus; ὕγιαλα φρενῶν soundness of mind. [ὕ]

ὕγιαίνος, ἡ, ὕν, (ὕγιης) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ὕ] Hence

ὕγιαίνως, Adv. healthily:—Comp. ὑγιαϊνότερος and -ων; Sup. -ότατα.

ὕγιας, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὕγιης: acc. masc. ὑγι-ετρα. [ὕ]

ὕγιπρός, ἄ, ὕν, (ὕγιης) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus:—Sup. ὑγιπρότατος. ὕγις, ἔς, gen. ἑός: acc. ὕγια or -ίη Ion. -έα: plur. nom. neut. ὕγια or -ίη:—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus; οὐκ ὕγις safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise: οὐδὲν ὕγις προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, -έστατος. [ὕ]

ὕγιαίνω, f. ἄνω, (ὕγισ) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ὕγο-βάλλος, or, (ὕγρος, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὕγο-μελής, ἔς, (ὕγρος, μέλος) with pliant limbs.

ὕγοπορεύω, f. ἦσιν, to traverse water. From ὕγο-πόρος, or, (ὕγρος, πόρος) traversing water.

ὕγρος, ἄ, ὕν, (ὕν, ὕδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ὑγρὸς (siccus): ὕγρον ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat: ἀνέμου ὕγρον deers winds blowing moist or rainy: ἡ ὕγρη Ion. ὕγη, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρους the dry land; so, ὕγρα κέλευθα, or ὕγρα alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὕγρον and τὸ ὕγρῳ, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: ὕγρες ὕγροι water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, waving, Lat. mollis: αἶψα ὕγρον a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing: ὕγρος ὤφθαλμος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ὕγρῳ δειδωκὼς with languishing glances. Hence

ὕγροτης, ἡ, ὕγρος, (ὕγρος) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. weakness.

ὕγρο-φθογγος, or, (ὕγρος, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὕγρος, Adv. of ὕγρος, in liquid fashion: softly, plianly.

ὕγραίνω, poet. for ὕγιαίνω, to be wet or moist.

ὕδαρής, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ὕδωρ) watery, washy: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὕδαρτινος, ἡ, or also os, or, (ὕδωρ) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

ὕδατιον, τό, Dim. of ὕδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὕδατεις, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery, like water.

ὕδατοποσία, ἡ, water-drinking. And ὕδατοποτέω, f. ἦσιν, to drink water. From

ὕδατο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, Lat. aquas potor.

ὕδατος, gen. of ὕδωρ.

ὕδατο-τρεφής, ἔς, (ὕδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὕδατ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὕδωρ, εἶδος) like water: watery, wet, sloppy.

ὕδαρος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) the dropsy.

ὕδης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ὕω) watered, nourished.

ὕδρα, ἡ, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὕδραίνω, (ὕδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ὕδρανασθαι χροῖ to pour water over one's body.

ὕδρεα, ἡ, (ὕδρευω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὕδρειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (ὕδρευω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὕδρευω, f. σω, (ὕδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water:—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὕδρηιον, τό, Ion. for ὕδρειον.

ὕδρηλος, ἡ, ὕν, (ὕδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὕδρηματινῇ, aor. I med. part. fem. of ὕδραινα.

ὕδρια, ἡ, (ὕδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funeral urn.

ὕδριός, ἀδός, ἡ, (ὕδωρ) of or from the water.

ὕδριά-φόρος, or, (ὕδρια, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὕδρο-εἰδής, ἔς, (ὕδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὕδρους, εσσα, εν, (ὕδωρ) watery.

ὕδροποσία, ἡ, water-drinking; and ὕδροποτέω, f. ἦσιν, to drink water. From

ὕδρο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (ὕδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations: hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow. Horace's aquas potor.

ὕδρο-πόα or -πόη, ἡ, (ὕδωρ, ποῖα) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὕδρος, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) like ὕδρα, a water-serpent.

ὕδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὕδρο-φόρος, or, (ὕδωρ, φέρω) carrying water:—as Schol., ὕδροφόρος, ὁ or ἡ, a water-carrier.

ὕδρο-χέος, ὁ, ὕδωρ, χέω the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὕδροχέῳ, as ὕδωρ ὕδροχέως.

ὕδρο-χέτος, or, (ὕδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὕδρωσις, ἡ, or, (ὕδωρ) dropsical.

ὕδρωσις, εσσα, εσσα, ὁ, (ὕδωρ) dropsical. II. a dropsical person.

ὕδωρ, τό, gen. ὕδατος: Ep. dat. ὕδα:—water of any kind; or rivers, ὕδατα Κελπίων the waters of

Cephus; *ύδωρ πότιμον* fresh water; *ύδωρ πλατύ* salt water:—Proverb., *γράφειν τι εἰς ύδωρ* to write in water. 2. *rain-water*, and then *rain*, also called *ύδωρ ἐξ ούρανοῦ*. 3. in Attic law-phrase, *τὸ ύδωρ* was the *water of the water-clock* (καλεσθῆναι), and also *the time it took in running out*; *ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ύδωρ* to stop the *water* (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ῥ]

ύεικός, ἡ, ὄν, and ύειος, α, ὄν, (ύς) of or belonging to a swine. [ῥ]

ύέλινος, ύελίτης, Ion. forms of ύαλ-.

ύελος, v. sub ύαλος.

ύεσσι, dat. pl. of ύς.

ύέτιος, α, ὄν, and ύετός, εσσα, εν, (ύετός) rainy, bringing or causing rain.

ύετός, ὁ, (ύω) rain, Lat. *pluvia*: a heavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. *nimbus*; whereas *ὄμβρος*, Lat. *imber*, is a lasting rain, and *ψεκας* or *ψακάς*, a drizzling rain. II. as Adj. in Sup., *ἀνεμοι ύετώτατοι* the rainiest winds.

ύηνία, ἡ, swinishness, boggisbness. From

ύηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύς) swinish, boggisb.

ύθλέω, f. ἤσω, (ύθλος) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle, Lat. *nugari*.

ῥΘΑΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.

ύια, ύίας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of ύίος, as if from ύίς.

ύιάσι, poet. dat. pl. of ύίος. [ᾶ]

ύιδεύς, έως, ὁ, (ύίος) a son's son, grandson: fem.

ύιδέα, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

ύιδιον, τό, Dim. of ύίος, a little son. II. Dim.

of ύς, a little pig.

ύιδούς, οὔ, ὁ, (ύίος) a son's son, grandson.

ύϊ, Ep. dat. of ύίος.

ύϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύς) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggisb.

ύιο-θεσία, ἡ, (ύίος, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

ύιος, Ep. gen. of ύίος, as if from ύίς.

ΥΙΟ΄Σ, ὁ, declined regul. ύιοῦ, ύιῶ, ύιόν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. *ύιεύς,—gen. ύιέος,

dat. ύιέι, ύιέι, acc. ύιέα; Dual. ύιέε, ύιέοιν; Plur.

ύιέες or ύιέις, gen. ύιέων, ύιῶν, dat. ύιέσιν, acc. ύιέας,

ύιέις:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from

nom. ύίς,—gen. ύίος, dat. ύίι, acc. ύία; Dual. ύίε;

Plur. ύίες, dat. ύιάσι, acc. ύίας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a

son; *υῖον ποιεῖσθαι* or *τίθεσθαι τινι* to adopt as

son. 2. later, the plur. was often periphr., *ιατρῶν*

υῖεις, *ρητόρων υῖεις* sons of physicians, sons of orators:

i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, *υῖες*

Ἀχαιῶν for *Ἀχαιοί*.

ύιος, Ep. gen. of ύίος, as if from *ύίς.

ύιωνός, οὔ, ὁ, (ύίος) a child's child, a grandson.

ύλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ύλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark,

bowl, yelp: metaph. in plur. *sarling words*. [ῥ]

ύλαγμός, ὁ, (ύλάω) a barking, baying. [ῥ]

ύλαγωγέω [ῥ], f. ἤσω, to carry wood. From

ύλ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ύλη, ἄγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ύλάει, Dor. for ὀλήεις.

ύλαῖος, α, ὄν, (ύλη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [ῥ]

ύλάκη, ἡ, (ύλάω) a barking, howling. [ῥ]

ύλακό-μαρος, ὄν, (ύλακή) ever barking, howling or

yelling. Ep. word, formed like *εγχεσίματος*, *τόματος*.

ύλακτέω, f. ἤσω, (ύλλάω) to bark, bay, bowl, Lat.

latrare; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out,

yelp, bark: also, *ἀμυσσα ύλακτεῖ* he howls his uncouth

songs. II. transit. to bark or yelp at, Lat. *alatrare*. Hence

ύλακτιτήης, οὔ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ῥ]

ύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ύλακτέω) yelping.

ύλās, gen. ἀντος, contr. for ύλάεις,—ήεις.

ύλάσσω, = ύλακτέω.

ῥΛΑ΄Ω [ῥ], radic. form of ύλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. *ύλᾶοντε* in same sense. II. transit. to bark or bay at.

ῥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *SYLVA*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to *δένδρα* (fruit-trees): also of

copse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-

trees. II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel,

logs of wood. III. generally, like Lat. *materia*,

the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material

of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of,

subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. matter, as opp. to

mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ύλῆεις, εσσα or —εις, εν, (ύλη) woody, wooded.

ύλη-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (ύλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or

makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]

ύλη-τόμος Dor. ύλάτ-, ον, = ύλοτόμος.

ύλη-φόρος, ον, = ύλοφόρος.

ύλη-ωρός, ὄν, (ύλη, οἶρος) watching the wood,

forest-ranging. [ῥ]

ύλο-δρόμος, ον, (ύλη, δραμεῖν) wood-ranging.

ύλο-κομος, ον, (ύλη, κόμω) overgrown with wood.

ύλο-νόμος, ον, (ύλη, νέμωμαι) haunting the woods.

ύλοτομέω, f. ἤσω, to cut or fell wood. From

ύλο-τόμος, ον, (ύλη, τεμείν) cutting or felling

wood:—as Subst., ύλοτόμος, ὁ, a woodcutter, wood-

man. II. proparox. ύλότομος, ον, pass. cut in

the wood:—as Subst., ύλότομον, τό, a plant cut in

the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]

ύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ύλη, ἔργω) working wood:—as

Subst., ύλουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]

ύλο-φάγος, ον, (ύλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ύλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ύλο-φόρος, ον, (ύλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

ύλ-ώδης, ές, (ύλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, bushy.

ύμεῖς [ῥ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὕμμες Ion. ὕμετες

Dor. ὕμες: gen. ὕμων Ion. ὕμεων, Ep. also ὕμεων:

dat. ὕμῖν, old Aeol. ὕμμῃ, ὕμῖν: but ὕμῖν [—] or

ὕμῖν, only in Trag.: also ὕμας Ion. ὕμας: Aeol.

ὕμμε Dor. ὕμέ, in Trag. also ὕμας [—] or ὕμας.

—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σύ, γε, you.

ὕμέναιος [ῥ], ὁ, (ῥμήν) hymenaeus, a wedding-song,

sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the

bridegroom's house. II. later, = ῥμήν, *Hymen*,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ἰμήν ὦ Ὑμέναιε Dor. Ὑμᾶν ὦ Ὑμέναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence

ὑμεναῖδω, f. ὥσω, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ῥ]

ὑμενῆτος, ὁ, (Ἰμήν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ὑμενέ-πτερος, ον, (ὑμήν, πτέρον) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ῥ]

ὑμεν-δοτράκος, ον, (ὑμήν, δοτράκον) made of earthenware as ibin as a membrane. [ῥ]

ὑμεῖς, Dor. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμέτερος, α, ον, (ὑμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your house; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ῥ]

ὙΜΗΝ [ῥ], ἑνος, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ὙΜΗΝ [ῥ], ἑνος, ὁ, *Hymen*, the god of marriages, cf. Ὑμέναιος. II. like ὑμέναιος, a wedding-song.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμι, ὑμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ὑμν-ἀγῶρας, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ὑμνεῖσθαι [α], Ion. for ὑμνηνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνεομαι, Dor. for ὑμνεομεν, 1 pl. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνεῖν, Dor. 3 pl. ὑμνεῖσι, part. fem. ὑμνεῖσα; fut. ἦσω; aor. 1 ὑμνησα; pf. ὑμνηκα; (ὑμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descendant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνομενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep barping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ὑμνεῖν to recite the form of the law.

II. intr. to sing, chant.

ὑμνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ὑμνητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ὑμνίω, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ὑμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ὑμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ὑμνο-πόλος, ον, (ὑμνος, πολέω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ὙΜΝΟΣ, a song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνωδῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὑμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ὑμνωδία, ἡ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ὑμν-ωδός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ᾠδή) singing hymns or odes; ὑμνωδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ὑμός, ἁ and ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your.

ὑν, acc. of ὕς.

ὑο-μουσία, ἡ, (ὕς, Μοῦσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ὑός, gen. of ὕς.

ὑοσ-κύαμος, ὁ, (ὕς, κύαμος) bog-bean, answering to our *ben-bane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ὑπ-ἀγγελος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ὑπ-αγκάλῳ, f. ἰῶ, (ὑπό, ἀγκάλῳ) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ὑπηγκαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ὑπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ὑπ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὦ, to dictate, Lat. *praeire verbis*.

ὑπ-άγω [α]: impf. ὑπῆγον: f. ὑπάξω; aor. 2 ὑπῆγαγον:—to lead or bring under; ὑπάγειν ἵππους ζυγόν to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ὑπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce.

3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—Pass., ὑπαγομένον τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ὑπάγειν τινα ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ὑπάγειν τινα θανάτου ὑπὸ τῶν δῆμων to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ὑπάγειν τινα alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*;

to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intr. trans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ὑπάγε, like ἄγε, come! cheer up! ὑπάγωγεός, ἑας, ὁ, (ὑπάγω) a trowel or tool for shaping bricks.

ὑπάγωγῃ, ἡ, (ὑπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ὑπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ὑπό, ᾄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ὑπαί, poet. for ὑπό.

ὑπαιδεῖδουκα, Ep. for ὑποδεδοικα, pf. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπ-αἰδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ὑπαιθᾶ, Adv. (ὑπαί poet. for ὑπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ὑπ-αἰθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἰθρος, ον, = ὑπαιθριος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ὑπαιθρῳ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ὑπ-αἰθω, = ὑποκαῖω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ὑπ-αινίσσομαι Att. -τρομαι: f. -ξομαι; Dep.:—

to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αίρω, Ion. for ὑφαίρω.

ὑπ-αἶσσω, f. ἔω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αἰσχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνη) to be somewhat asbamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αἶτος, ov, (ὑπό, (alria) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τιμι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπάκοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) bearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσιν, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. I imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to listen, bearken, give ear to: to listen to and answer. II.

to bearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat.: often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2. to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers.: to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers.: absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve. II. to anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself;

ὑπαλείφεισθαι τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλέυμαι, imperat. -αλέυεο: Dep.: (ὑπό, ἀλεύω):—to avoid, sbun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc.; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλευνάμενος.

ὑπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange. II. hypallage, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. I part. of ὑπαλύσσω.

ὑπαλύξεις, εως, ἡ, an avoiding, sbunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I part. ὑπαλύξας:—like ὑπαλείνμαι, to avoid, sbun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc.; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι:—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακτινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανᾶλίσσω, f. -ανᾶλῶω: aor. I -ανᾶλῶσα:—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπαναστάτεον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up, to make room for another.

ὑπ-ανδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνήρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσσω.

ὑπ-ανίσω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἦσω:—to trouble or vex a little:—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω: aor. I -ανέστησα:—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass.,

with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην; pf. -ανέστηκα:—to rise, stand up: of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused; ὑπαναστήναι τῆς ἔδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui; ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ἔω, to open underband or furtively; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω:—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to. Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντάζω, f. ἄσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat.; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-ἀπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ἦσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen.:—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινητέον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι and -δράμωμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑφάπτω.

ἽΠΙΑΡ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὄναρ a mere dream: οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὕπαρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II. the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake: hence really, actually. [8]

ὑπαργμαί, Ion. for ὑπηργμαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργύρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath: of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver: of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver. II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb: metaphor. suckling an infant. ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence: one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another: a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ἔω: aor. I ὑπῆρξα: Pass., pf. ὑπηργμαί: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπηγκτο: (ὑπό, ἀρχω):—to begin: c. gen.: I. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιεῖν τινα he begins doing good to one. 3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one: Pass., τὰ ἐκ τινος ὑπαρχμένα (Ion. for ὑπηργμένα) the beginnings made by one; 2. τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμένα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be: ὑπάρχει impers., the case is ..; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑπόκειμαι, to be taken for granted; τοῦτον ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. his positis, this being granted, this being the case. IV. to belong to, fall to: of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages; ἐκ τῶν ὑπάρχόντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have. IV. to be sufficient: ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπιδίου, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπιδίου κόσμος the body-armour. [ῥ]

ὑπ-ασπιζω, *f. iow*, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ὑπασπιστής, οὗ, ὅ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπατος *u*) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ῥ], *η, ov*, contr. for ὑπέρατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπατοί, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάρη on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοί λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus. II. ὑπατος, ὅ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω, *f. άσω*, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, *f. ήσω*, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, *ov*, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκητῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό, αὐχήρ) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. —ἀπείστην, pf. —ἀφίστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-άφρων, *ovos, ὅ, ή*, (ὑπό, ἀφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστερος.

ὑπέαισι, Ion. for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-εγγυός, *ov*, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπεδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδουσιν, Ep. for ὑπέδδουσιν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὑποδεῖναι.

ὑπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδεῖναι.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. I of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, aor. 2 of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπέδυστο [ῥ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπεθερμάνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπ-αδόμεν, (ὑπό, αἶδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπ-εἰκάθω, inf. ὑπεκαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέκω.

ὑπ-ακτίον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From

ὑπ-εἶκω Ep. ὑποεἶκω: fut. —εἶφα or —εἶφομαι: aor.

ὑπέφα Ep. ὑπέφα: poet. aor. 2 ὑπέκαθον:—to re-

tire, withdraw; ὑπέκειν τινὶ ἔδρα to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπέκειν τινὶ λόγον to give him the first word. 2. c. acc.

to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμας ὑπέειξε he escaped my hands.

II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέασι μελάθρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie under-

neath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remain-

ing: to remain behind, after everything else. III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at com-

mand. IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπείναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour. II. to depart

gradually or secretly.

ὑπέξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπέκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπέξεαι.

ὑπέκω, (ὑπό, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to sug-

gest. 2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπέρ, poet. for ὑτέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑτέρ ἄλα. [ῥ]

ὑπερέβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-εχον, Ep. for ὑπέρεχον, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρηκα, ὑπέρημα, see ὑπερέω.

ὑπερ-οχος, *ov*, poet. and Ion. for ὑπεροχος.

ὑπέσας, Ion. for ὑπέσας, aor. I part. of ὑφέισα having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. —εἰσέδυν, pf. —εἰσδέδυνκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεμι, (εἰμί ibo) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written

divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. —εξέδυν, pf. —εκδέδυνκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun,

escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκεχύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκαίω, *f. —καύσω*, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκαλύπτω, *f. ψω*, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκαυμα, *avos, τό*, (ὑπεκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a pro-

vocative, incentive.

ὑπ-εκεμαίω, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίνω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκομίζω, *f. iow* Att. *ω*, to carry out or away

secretly:—Med., ὑπεκομίσασθαι πάντα to get all one's

goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, *f. —λήθωμαι*, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκλίνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὑπ-εκπέμω, f. ψω, to send away underhand; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ὑπ-εκπροθῶ, f. -θέσσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ὑπ-εκπρολῶ, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρύησομαι, to flow forth from under.

ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ὑπεκπροφυγῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ὑπεκρύφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.

ὑπ-εκσῶω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὑπ-εκτάνω, to stretch out under.

ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.

ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.

ὑπέκυψα, aor. 1 of ὑποκύπτω.

ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III. intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῷ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὑπέκυψε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπεκχαλῶ, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to slacken from below or slightly.

ὑπ-εχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾱ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. 1 pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφέλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαίρω.

ὑπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπελύσας [ῶ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. 1 med. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπέμεινα, aor. 1 of ὑπομένω.

ὑπεμνάσθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμεκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπήμεναι, to bang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with head utterly bung down: see ἡμύνω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ὑπ-εναντίος, α, ον, (ὑπὸ, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite. II. set against, hostile: as Subst., of ὑπενάντιος the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ὑπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίως, εως, ἡ, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ἐνδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπὸ, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.

ὑπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπὸ, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

ὑπ-ἐξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὑπεξάγαγοι [γᾱ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.

ὑπ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ὑπ-εξαίρω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. -εξήρημαι Ion. -εξαράρημαι: aor. 2 -εξεῖλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually; τούτικλημ' ὑπεξελών having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τούτων ὑπεξαρημένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

ὑπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.

ὑπ-εξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξάλασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπεξάλλομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλείομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξάλλω, f. ῥω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

ὑπ-εξανάγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμεν, to sail out and away secretly. [ᾱ]

ὑπεξαναδίδωμαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδωκ, pf. -εξαναδέδωκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξαναδύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

ὑπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.

ὑπ-εξαντλέω, f. ἦσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.

ὑπεξαρήρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαίρω.

ὑπ-εξείμι, (ὑπὸ, ἐξ, εἶμι ἰδο) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξείναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.

ὑπ-εξεῖρνω, Ion. for ὑπεξέρνω.

ὑπ-εξελαύνω, fut. -εξελάσω [ᾱ] Att. -εξελῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαίρω.

ὑπ-εξέρω Ion. -εξείρω, to draw out from under, draw away underhand.

ὑπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσαώω, = ὑπεκσῶω.

ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.

ὑπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid:

c. dat. to give place to, rise up and make way for. III. c. gen. rei, to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτᾱτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπέταμαι.

THE P Ep. ὑπέρ, in phrases ὑπέρ ἄλός and ὑπέρ ἄλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. SUPER. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that over which something is: 1. of Place, over: of rest, over, above; ὑπέρ κεφαλῆς στήναι to stand over a person's head: 2. of motion, over, across; or over, beyond.

II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) for, in defence of, in behalf of; ὑπέρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀμύνειν to fight in defence of one's country. 2. for, because of, by reason of: for the purpose of, for the sake of; ὑπέρ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν for the sake of not dying. 3. for, instead of, in the name of, acting for; ὑπέρ ἑαυτοῦ in his stead. III. like περί, on, of, concerning, respecting, Lat. de.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that over and beyond which a thing goes: I. of Place, over, beyond, past. II. of Measure, over, above, exceeding, beyond; ὑπέρ τὴν ἡλικίαν above his years. 2. beyond what is right, against, contrary to; ὑπέρ αἰσῶν contrary to right; ὑπέρ θεόν contrary to the will of the god.

III. of Number, above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over; ὑπέρ τὸ ἥμισυ above half.

POSITION: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπερ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπέρ signifies over, above, of Place, as in ὑπερβαίνειν. 2. in defence of, in behalf of, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ῥήφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἡ, (ὑπέρ) the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίρρια), by means of which the sails are shifted. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, ov, also α, ov, above measure simple or silly.

ὑπερ-ἀγάμαι, Dep. to admire above measure. [ἄγ] ὑπερ-ἀγανακτέω, f. ἴσω, to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.

ὑπερ-ἀγαπάω, f. ἴσω, to love exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ἄγωνιάω, to be in great distress of mind.

ὑπερ-ἄης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) blowing down from above or blowing very hard.

ὑπερ-αἰμώω, (ὑπέρ, αἷμα) to have overmuch blood.

ὑπερ-αίρω, to lift up over: Med. and Pass. to rise above, be lifted up. II. to rise up over, to climb over, scale, Lat. transcendere, c. acc. 2. to transcend, excel, outdo: to conquer. 3. to overshoot, go beyond, exceed, c. acc. 4. absol. of a river, to overflow.

ὑπερ-αἰσχος, ov, exceeding base or ugly.

ὑπερ-αἰσχύνομαι, Pass. to feel much ashamed.

ὑπερ-αἰσρέω, f. ἴσω, to bang up over or above. II. Pass. to be suspended over, project

over a thing:—of ships, c. gen. loci, to lie off a place.

ὑπέρ-ακμος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youth.

ὑπερ-ἄκοντιζέω, f. ἴσω, to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινὰ κλέπτων to outdo one in stealing.

ὑπερ-ἄκριβής, ἐς, exceedingly accurate or careful.

ὑπερ-ἄκρίζω, f. σῶ, to mount and climb over. II. to project or beeline over, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ἄκριος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρα) over or upon the heights: τὰ ὑπεράκρια the heights above the plain; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.

ὑπέρ-ακρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἄκρος) over the top: metaph. going to extremes; Adv. ὑπεράκρος, to excess.

ὑπερ-αλγέω, f. ἴσω, to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing: to grieve exceedingly at a thing: absol. to feel great pain of mind.

ὑπερ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) exceeding grievous or painful.

ὑπερ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερᾶλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—to spring or leap over, c. gen.; also c. acc.

ὑπέρ-ἄλλος, ov, over or above others.

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπερᾶλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπερ-αναυδεύομαι, Pass. to be surpassed in impudence.

ὑπερ-αναίσχυντος, ov, exceeding impudent.

ὑπερ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατενῶ, to stretch excessively.

ὑπερ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to stand up or project above.

ὑπερ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.

ὑπέρ-αντλος, ov, quite full of water, waterlogged: metaph. overwhelmed, borne down. II. act. overflowing, overubelming.

ὑπερ-άνω, Adv. over, above: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι to get the upper band of. [ἄ]

ὑπερ-άνωρ, opor, ὁ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπερ-ἄπατάω, f. ἴσω, to deceive or cheat excessively.

ὑπερ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθνούμαι, to die for.

ὑπερ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer for any one, vindicate. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-απολογέομαι, fut. med. ἴσομαι: Dep. to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.

ὑπερ-αρρωδέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ὑπερορρωδέω, to be exceedingly afraid, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.

ὑπερ-ἄτοπος, ov, beyond measure absurd.

ὑπερ-αττικός, ἡ, ὅν, excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess. Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπέρ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) exceedingly bright.

ὑπερ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase or enlarge

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσσι, to be over-proud. From ὑπέρ-αυχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, αὐχή) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ov, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσθαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέρεβην Ep. ὑπέρβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks. 2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend. 3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit. 4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed. II. Causal, in aor. 1 ὑπέρεβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπέρβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπείρ-έβαλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overshoot: to beat at throwing, to throw further. 2. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far. 2. to go on further and further, bid more and more: πρόβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more. 3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun. 4. to be over and above. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλον, ουσια, ov, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure: τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding big estate. III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere: of ships, to double a headland. 2. of rivers, to overflow: of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman. II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρής, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπέρβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτος, ἡ, óv, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled. II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβήκη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἡσσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω) —to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιάζω, f. -βιάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [δ]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything: οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further: εἰς or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively. 2. excessive praise, hyperbolé. II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc. 2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass. III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ov, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness: τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σσι, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, és, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρύνω, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. άσσομαι: pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere. II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχὴν ἐρωτὶ I have been subdued in my soul by love. III. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ίσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γήρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ov, = ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γηρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, γήρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δᾶσος, v, gen. έως, very bairy.

ὑπερ-δέης, és, gen. έος, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -ᾶ: (ὑπέρ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δεῖω, f. -δέσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δευαίνομαι, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ov, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπερ-δέξιος, ov, placed high above one on the right hand. 2. placed above or over: ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground: ἐξ ὑπερδέξιον from vantage-ground. II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδικέω, f. ἡσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δικος, ov, (ὑπέρ, δίκη) exceeding righteous or just. II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-εθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδων, inf. ὑπερεἶδεν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. *εἶδω.

ὑπερ-εἶδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπερ-εἶπω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπέρπιον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-ἐκείνα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκεῖνος) on your side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-ἐκθερδύνειν, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-ἐκπεριάννυμι, f. -περιάνω [ἀ], to hang out over.

ὑπερ-ἐκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπέρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-ἐκπίπτω, f. -εκπεσύναι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-ἐκπλήσσω, f. ζω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπλήγημι:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-ἐκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνων ἐαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-ἐκτίω [ῖ], f. ἰσω [ῖ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-ἐκχέω, f. -χεῖω, also ὑπερ-ἐκχύνω [ῶ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-ἐλαφρός, σκ., exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-ἐπιπληθύω, f. -ἐπιπληθύνω, to fill overfull of a thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-ἐπιφορτίω, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-ἐντυγχάνω, f. τυγχάνω, to intercede for another.

ὑπερ-ἐξηκοντα-έτης, ex. gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, έτες) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-ευναιέω, f. εἶσω and ψω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-ευνήριεα, f. ψω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέαυτα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέαυτον.

ὑπερ-ἐκείνα, f. δω, (ὑπέρ, ἐκεῖνα) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-ἐργάω, f. -ελευσθαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἔλθω, pf. -ἔλθω:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-ἐπείω, f. -ἐπείω: aor. 2 -ἐπέειπον:—to act immoderately.

ὑπερέσθω, pf. pass. of ὑπερσθαι.

ὑπερέσθω, poët. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-εὖ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπερ-εὐχία, Adv. strength. for εὖγε, ἡνω, κατὰ.

ὑπερ-εὐχία, φ. exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-εὐφραίνω, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-ἐχθαίρω, to hate exceedingly, c. acc.

ὑπερ-έχω, Ep. ὑπερέχω: Ep. imperf. ὑπερέχω: f. ὑπερέχω: aor. 2 ὑπερέχων poët. -έχεσθαι:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχων

χεῖρας τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g. γαῖης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; or ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐάν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχή if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπείνω, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-έω, f. -ζέω, to boil over.

ὑπερ-εἶδος, Adv. of ὑπέρειδος, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερεἶστα.

ὑπερ-ἔδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπερἔδοτο δαίμων he rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπερ-ἔδως, σκ., exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ἔδιστος.

ὑπερ-ἐκόντισα, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπερ-ἥλις, ἱσος, ὁ, φ. above a certain age.

ὑπερ-ἥμα, properly pf. of ὑπερέχομαι, to sit above.

ὑπερ-ἡμέρια, φ. (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraining of goods, exaction.

ὑπερ-ἡμερος, σκ. (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution leased: metaph., c. gen., ὑπερἡμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμισυς, σκ. (ὑπέρ, ἡμισυς) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, σκ., somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ἡρότης, σκ. (ὑπέρ, ἡρώτης) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overbearing.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἡρώς, σκ. (ὑπέρ, ἡρώς) overbearing.

ὑπερήστω, fut. of ὑπερήσσω.

ὑπερηφανία, f. ἡσος, ὑπερήφανος to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηφανία, overbearing, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπερηφανία, φ. (ὑπερήφανος) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερήφανος, σκ. = ὑπερ-φανός with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overbearing, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφανός, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θάλασσαν, σκ. (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. σκ.

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθαύω, f. θαύω, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω, σκ. exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθε αὐτοῦ f. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκειν, to die for or instead of.

ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

ὑπερθροῖν Ion. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.

ὑπερ-θρώσκω: fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2

ὑπερίθορον Ep. ὑπερίθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν:—to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-θύμος, ov, high-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too high-spirited, restive. Hence

ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]

ὑπέρ-θύρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ὑπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.

ὑπερ-ύχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ᾱ]

ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπεριδόν.

ὑπερ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl beyond the mark.

ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.

Ἵπεριόντης, ov, δ, patronym. from Ἵπεριων [ἱ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.

ὑπερ-ίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἵστημι):—to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.

ὑπερ-ίστωρ, opos, δ, ἡ, knowing but too well, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ίσχυρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong.

ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to build above. II. intr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, c. gen.

Ἵπερ-ἰων [ἱ], onos, δ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ἵπεριων Ἥλιος, or Ἥελιος Ἵπεριων. (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, ἰών, be that walks on high.)

ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκατέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.

ὑπερ-καλλής, es, gen. εὖς, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.

ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμωμαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen.

ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.

ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd.

ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.

ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright.

ὑπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.

ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ἥσω, to boast beyond measure.

ὑπερ-κολιδέω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.

ὑπέρ-κομπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.

ὑπέρ-κοπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόπω) like ὑπερκόμπος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence

ὑπερκόπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἥσω, to overfill or glut.

ὑπέρ-κοτος, ov, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι: f. -κρεμάω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ:—to hang up over or out of the way.

ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτῆσάμην:—to acquire over and above.

ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of

ὑπερ-κύδας, αντος, δ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.

ὑπερ-κύντω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peer over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.

ὑπέρ-λαμπρος, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to show great eagerness. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-λίαν. Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ἱ]

ὑπερ-λύπew, f. ἥσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.

ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -μάνουμαι: aor. 2 pass. ὑπερμαίνην [ᾱ]:—to be struck mad.

ὑπερ-μάκης, es, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.

ὑπερ-μάχew, f. ἥσω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.

ὑπερμαχητικός, ἡ, ov, inclined to fight for another.

ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μά], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.

ὑπέρ-μάχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, δ, a champion.

ὑπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]

ὑπερ-μέγας, μεγάλην, μεγα, enormously great.

ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγέθης [ᾱ], es, gen. εὖς, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.

ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. :—to be excessively drunk.

ὑπερ-μενέτης, ov, δ, ποῖθ. for ὑπερμενής.

ὑπερμενέων, onτος, δ, excessively mighty. From ὑπερ-μενής, es, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

ὑπέρ-μετρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τως.

ὑπερ-μήκης, es, gen. εὖς, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.

ὑπερ-μισέω, f. ἥσω, to hate exceedingly.

ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.

ὑπερ-νέφελος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.

ὑπερ-νίκας, f. ἥσω, to be more than conqueror.

ὑπερ-νόεω, f. ἥσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.

ὑπερ-νότιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.

ὑπέρ-ογκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.

ὑπερ-οιδάω or -άω, to swell, to be much swollen.

ὑπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ἥσω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell above or beyond.
ὑπερ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οικέω) dwelling above, beyond.
ὑπερ-οικλία, ἡ, (ὑπερ-οικλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [i Ep.]

ὑπερ-οικλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, οἰκλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.

ὑπερ-οικλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οἶκλος) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπερ-οικλον εἰπεῖν to speak boastfully, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.

ὑπερόπτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, disdainer: absol. disdainful, boastful.

ὑπεροπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. —κώς, disdainfully. From

ὑπερ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, boastful: neut. pl. as Adv. boastfully.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. —όψομαι: aor. 2 —είδον inf. —ιδεῖν: aor. I pass. —ώφθην: (cf. ὄραω):—to look over, survey.

II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ὑπερ-όριος poet. —ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὅρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.

ὑπερ-όρνυμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.

ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. —αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

ῥῆπος, ὁ, or ὑπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐράνιος) above the heavens.

ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preëminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.

ὑπέροχος Ep. ὑπεροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπέροχον ἔμμενα ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. —άτατος.

ὑπεροψία, ἡ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.

ὑπερ-παγής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγές extremely hard frost.

ὑπερ-παθεῖω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖω) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

ὑπερ-παύω, f. —παύσω: pf. —πέπαυα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-παύω, to stretch or scatter over. [v]

ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. —εύομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.

ὑπερ-περισσος, ἡ, ον, excessive:—Adv. —σως, beyond measure.

ὑπερ-πέτασμα, Dep. = ὑπερέτομα.

ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [d], to stretch over.

ὑπερ-πέτομαι or —πέταμαι: fut. —πήσομαι: aor. 2 —εστάμην [d], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέμεντο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπεπέτω, from ὑπερέτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέτω, Att. for ὑπερέσσω.

ὑπερ-πηδάω, f. —ήσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

ὑπερ-πίκρος, ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.

ὑπερ-πύμπλημι, f. —πλήσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ὑπερ-πίνω, f. —πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [r]

ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. —πесούμαι, to fall over or beyond. II. of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. άσω, to abound exceedingly.

ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.

ὑπερ-πληρόω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.

ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceeding rich. From

ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλούτος) exceeding rich.

ὑπέρ-πολυς, πόλλα, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολυς) overmuch, very much or many.

ὑπερ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονέσθαι τινας to take trouble on oneself for another.

ὑπερ-πόντος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.

ὑπέρπαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πυπάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύπασ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.

ὑπερ-πυρρίω, f. άσω [a] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redden or blush for another.

ὑπερ-πυτάωμαι, Ep. for ὑπερέτομαι.

ὑπερράγη, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορήγνυμι. [d]

ὑπερ-σεμνύομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνόνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

ὑπέρ-σοφος, ον, extremely wise or clever.

ὑπερ-σπουδέω, f. σω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

ὑπερ-στᾶτέω, = ὑπερίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

ὑπέρσχη, ὑπέρσχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπατος: there is also a form ὑπεράτατος. [v]

ὑπερτέλλας, aor. I part. of ὑπερέλλω.

ὑπερ-τείνω, f. —τενώ: pf. —τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιάν σειρίου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πύδα δατῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i.e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρας to outflank the enemy's wing. 2. metaph. to surpass, excel.

ὑπερτέλλω, to pass quite over, overleap. From ὑπερ-τέλλης, ἐς, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἄλλων ὑπερτέλλης one who has reached the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερέλλω, rising over or above.

ὑπερ-τίλλω, f. —τελώ: aor. I —έτελα:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτίλλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon; ὑπερέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to hang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. -ίη, *the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage.* From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of *ὑπέρ*, *over or above, upper, bigger: hence better, more excellent; γενηὶ ὑπέρτερος bigger by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα θεΐναι to turn topsy-turvy.* II. *stronger, mightier; victorious over*, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., *μαντέων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers.* III. *further, more.*

ὑπέρ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην: —to put or set over:—Med., *ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.*

ὑπέρ-τίμῶμαι, f. ἦσω, *to prize or honour above measure.*

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (*ὑπέρ, τόλμα*) *overbold.*

ὑπέρτονος, ον, (*ὑπερτείνω*) *overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.*

ὑπερτοξεύσιμος, ον, *to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone.* From

ὑπέρ-τοξεύω, f. σω, *to overshoot.*

ὑπέρ-τρέχω: f. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 *ὑπερέδραμον*: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. *to excel, surpass.* 3. *to overstep, transgress a law.*

ὑπέρ-τρούφω, f. ἦσω, *to revel extravagantly.*

ὑπ-ερυθρίω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], *to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.*

ὑπ-ερυθρός, ον, (*ὑπό, ἐρυθρός*) *somewhat red.*

ὑπέρ-ὑψηλός, ον, (*ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός*) *exceedingly high.*

ὑπέρ-υψώω, f. ὦσω, *to exalt or extol exceedingly.*

ὑπέρ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 *ὑπερέφανην* [ᾶ]: Pass. *to appear over or above.*

ὑπέρ-φάλαγγέω, f. ἦσω, (*ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ*) *to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank.*

ὑπερφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *ὑπερφαίνομαι*. Hence

ὑπερφάνης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, *appearing over or above.*

ὑπέρ-φάτος, ον, *beyond expression, ineffable.*

ὑπέρ-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. I act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -νήχθη: —to carry over or across. II. intr. *to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.*

ὑπέρ-φεν, Adv. like *ὑπερφνῶς*, *excessively, overmuch: too highly.*

ὑπέρ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 -έφθίτο: Pass. *to perish for or in behalf of one.*

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly *exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμὸς ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit.* Adv. *ὑπερφιάλως*, *exceedingly, excessively: also haughtily, arrogantly.* (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of *ὑπέρβιος*.)

ὑπέρ-φιλῶ, f. ἦσω, *to love beyond measure.*

ὑπέρ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, *to be excessively afraid.*

ὑπέρ-φοβός, ον, *exceeding timid, very fearful.*

ὑπέρ-φορέω, *to carry over.*

ὑπέρ-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔσω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to have high thoughts, to be overproud.* 2. *to look down upon, disdain.* From *ὑπέρ-φρων*, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*ὑπέρ, φρήν*) *bigbiminded, highspirited: haughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπερφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.*

ὑπέρ-φυής, ἐς, (*ὑπέρ, φύη*) *beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense.* II. of things, *extraordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφυής ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.*

ὑπέρ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έφυν pf. -πέφυκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence *to outshoot, surpass, excel.*

ὑπερφνῶς, Adv. of *ὑπερφυής*, *excessively, marvelously; ὑπερφνῶς ὥς wonderfully how, i. e. most wonderfully.*

ὑπερφύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of *ὑπερφύομαι.*

ὑπέρ-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. *to delight in doing.*

ὑπέρ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], *to let down over.*

ὑπέρ-χθόνιος, ον, (*ὑπέρ, χθών*) *above the earth.*

ὑπέρ-χλιδαίω, f. ἦσω, strengthd. for *χλιδαίω*, like *ὑπερτρύφω*, *to be over wanton or arrogant.*

ὑπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον or -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. *έρχομαι*): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc.

II. *to go into secretly, to steal or creep into: metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me.*

III. *to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive.*

IV. *to advance slowly.*

ὑπέρ-χρεως, ον, (*ὑπέρ, χρέος*) *excessively in debt.*

ὑπ-ερῶέω, f. ἦσω, (*ὑπό, ἐρῶέω*) *to shrink back, recoil.*

ὑπερώη Att. *ὑπερώα*, ἡ, *the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερώος.*

ὑπερωϊόθεν, Adv. *from the upper story.* From

ὑπερών, Ep. and Ion. *ὑπερώνων*, τό, *the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερώος (sub. οἶκημα).*

ὑπερώος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. *ὑπερώιος* (from *ὑπέρ*, as *πατρώος* from *πατήρ*), *being above or over, overbead.*

ὑπερώατος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for *ὑπέρτατος.*

ὑπεσσεύεται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of *ὑπεμι* (εἰμι *εμμι*). *ὑπέστην*, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of *ὑφίστημι*, also 2. Dor. for *ὑπέστην*, 1 sing. of same.

ὑπέστειλα, aor. I of *ὑποστέλλω*.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. I of *ὑποστρέφω*.

ὑπέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of *ὑπέχω*.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *ὑπασχέομαι*.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of *ὑπασχέομαι*.

ὑπέτρεσας, 2 sing. aor. I of *ὑποτρέω*.

ὑπέτυψα, aor. I of *ὑποτύπτω*.

ὑπ-εύθυνος, ον, (*ὑπό, εὐθύνη*) *liable to give account,*

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-ενάομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, εἰνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπ-έχω, f. ὑφέω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον ποῖτ. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath. 2. to

put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖδας, Lat. *præbere aurem*, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrases, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγον, ὑπήγαγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ov, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, bearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, ol, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημῶν, to hang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπήνευκαν, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρειω.

ὑπ-ηνέμιος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμιον ὠόν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

ὑπ-ήνεμος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπηνήτης, ov, ὁ, (ὑπὸ, ἀνέμων) a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηοῖος, η, ov, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἡ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for ol ὑπηρεταί, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, bard service, bard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρεσίον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπηρετήκα, pass. ὑπηρετήμα: (ὑπηρετής):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do bard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify: ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων εἰς ὑμέας ὑπηρετῆται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, bountour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρετήμα, atos, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ov, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρετής ἐργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavily-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑπηρετής) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρετής or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ἰδος, fem. of ὑπηρετής, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπήρπτε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπηρεῖται.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ημι, Ion. for ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ἄλλω: aor. I ὑπῖλα: (ὑπό, ἄλλω = εἰλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπῖλλεν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπιούσα, part. fem. of ὑπείμι (εἰμι ido).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ισχνέομαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπῖσχομαι: fut. ὑπῖσχησομαι: aor. 2 ὑπῖσχυον, imperat. ὑπῖσχεο: pf. ὑπῖσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἰσχω = ἔχω):—to hold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ισχομαι, Ion. for ὑπῖσχομαι.

ὑπνῶλεος, a, ov, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ἄπάτης, ov, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ἀπάτρω) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνίδιος, a, ov, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [νῆ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ov, ὁ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep:—Pass. νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ΥΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ov, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ὑπνωκα, pass. ὑπνωμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ὠδης, es, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνών, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσω Att. -τρω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ΥΠΙΟ΄, Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poet. ὑπῶ, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; μέν

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπείους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἔπουν ὑπὸ (ὑποῦ) λύνει to unharness horses from under the yoke; ὑπ' ἀρνεῖοι λύμην I loosed myself from under the ram. 2. of that under which a thing is, *under, beneath*; ὑπὸ στέρνοιο τυχήσας having hit him under the chest. II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, *by, through*, Lat. *a* or *ab*; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος to hear, i.e. be told by, one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald. 3. ὑπὸ is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέους, χαράς, etc., *by* or *from* fear, joy, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆς to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ δέους by reason of fear, etc.; δρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστιγῶν to dig by constraint of the lash. 4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσιν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway. 5. ὑπὸ is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰωῆς at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κομᾶσιν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆς θύσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is: I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσὶ under one's feet; ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ὅρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χειρὶ δαμῆναι to be subdued under, i.e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i.e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance. II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ἤλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην λέναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἀγειν to bring under the judgment-seat. 2. under an object, without signif. of motion, ὑπ' ἥῳ τ' ἡλείων τε under morning and the sun. II. of Time, like Lat. *sub*, *about*, *near upon*, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τῇν ἑω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεῖσμον about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νῆδιν κατακάεντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: ὑπὸ sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

Ἐπὶ stands absol. AS ADV., under, below, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: I. under, either of rest, as in ὑπ-εμῖ to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαῖνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπ-άργυρος, ὑπὸ-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δύω. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., *somewhat, a little, by degrees*, like Lat. *sub*, as in ὑπο-θαπνέω.

ὑπὸ-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαῖνω, f. -θήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέ-βηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base. II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πῶδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] ταῦτ'ό μέγας going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i.e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. ὑββάλλω: f. -βᾶλῶ: pf. act. -βέ-βληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. *substernere*. II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges. III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one.

ὑπόβασιν, εὼς, ἡ, (ὑποβαῖνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden. ὑπο-βένθιος, ov, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπο-βαῖνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ov, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding.

ὑποβόλιμα, α, ov, (ὑποβάλλωμαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαία (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέω, f. εῷ: pf. pass. -βέβρεγαμαι:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ov, also α, ov, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [5]

ὑπόβρυχος, ov, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or ὑπόγειος, ov, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch.

II. the lower part of a

sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, ov. = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γελᾶω, f. -άσμαι [α] :—to laugh at.

to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ὑπο-γεννᾶω, f. σαι, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: aor. 2 -εγε-
νίμην: Dep. :—to grow up by degrees or in suc-
cession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, ov. somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under,
to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκύνω, (ὑπό, γλυκύς) to sweeten a little:
metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνῶμι, f. γναι, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώσκω, 2 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ὑπογνώσκω.

ὑπόγραμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is
written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμματεὺς, ές, δ, an under clerk, under se-
cretary. Hence

ὑπογραμματεῖα, f. σαι, to be a ὑπογραμματεὺς, act
as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμῖς, δ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-table, pattern,
model.

ὑπογράφεις, ές, δ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes
under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at
Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, f. a subscription, signature: an indica-
tion. 2. an impression, mark, print.

ὑπο-γράφω, f. σαι, f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι:
to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to
write the name of one upon a thing. II. Med. to
write one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bring-
ing a charge against any one. Lat. subscribere accu-
sationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch,
draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat.
adumbrare: metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III.
to paint under the eyebrows.

ὑπο-γράφω, f. σαι, f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι: f. σαι:
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ὑποδεξιμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεξίς, pf. part. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεξίς, δ, (ὑπό, δεξιός) literally, crouching for
fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδέδωκα, poet. pf. of ὑποδέω.

ὑπο-δεῖς, ές, gen. έός, (ὑπό, δεός) somewhat defi-
cient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior
to him; esp. in Comp., ὑποδέστερος inferior; ἐκ
πολλῷ ὑποδέστερον with means much inferior.—
Comp. Adv. ὑποδέστερον, in inferior numbers.

ὑπόδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token,
mark.

II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεῖς, f. σαι: aor. 1 ἐπέδειξα Ep. ὑπέδειξα:
Ep. pf. ὑποδείξα: 3 pl. Ep. pf. ὑποδείξαν: poet.
pf. ὑπεδείξα, for ὑποδείξα:—to fear a little or
slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink
in fear from, cower before.

II. absol. to be some-
what afraid.

ὑπο-δείκνυμι and -έω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor.
1 ἐπέδειξα Ion. -έδειξα:—to show underhand or se-
cretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate,
give to understand.

II. to mark out: to show,
teach by example.

III. to show forth, make a dis-
play of, pretend to: also simply, to show.

ὑπο-δείκω, f. σαι: aor. 1 ἐπέδειξα Ep. ὑπέδειξα:
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slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink
in fear from, cower before.

II. absol. to be some-
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ὑπο-δηλώω, f. ὥσω, to show secretly, indicate.
ὑπόδημα, ατος, τό, (ὑποδῶ) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδῶ.

ὑποδῆσαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδῶ.

ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.
ὑπό-δικος, ον, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-διφθερος, ον, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.

ὑποδημητής, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω.

ὑπο-δμῶς, -ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.

ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a barbouring, as of slaves. II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.

III. a supposition, assumption.
IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακύν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα, ἰδάν, looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδρακύν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.

ὑποδραμύν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδράω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμύν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑποδρομος, ον, (ὑποδραμύν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχονος a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροςος, ον, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρώσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.

ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύνω. [ὑ]

το ποδύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύνω.

οἰπῶσις, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under. II. onuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύνω or -δύνω [ὑ]: f. -δύνω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσα: ago put on under.

2. intr. to slip in under, to slip slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip in under, c. acc.

II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύ-ναι, aor. I ὑπεδυσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, to ὑποδέδυναι:—to dive under, slip into, steal or sink

in: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. c. ὑπὲρ to creep or come forth, emerge from.

3. to under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, upon oneself, c. acc.

4. of feelings, to steal into supper, come on gradually.

5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδ-ύπτες sunken eyes.

ὑπὸ-εἰκω, f. ὑπο-εἰσμαι, Ep. for ὑπέκω, ὑπέκμαι. a re-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑποεργός, q. v.

an ὑπὸ-ἀκόρος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.

ὑπὸ-ἑγγύμην and -ύμ, f. -ἑγγύω: aor. I. ὑπέεγγα: less, 1 aor. 2 ὑπέεγγα [ὑ]: pf. ὑπέεγγαμι:—to yoke

ὑπὸ, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ἑγγον, τό, (ὑπό, ἑγγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ἑγγώ, f. ὥσω, = ὑποἑγγυμι.

ὑπόζωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ύω: f. -ζώω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωκα:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as

to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλλω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θερμάλω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, ον, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio.

2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle.

2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race.

III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice.

II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἤσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφην: Dep. —to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμάω, f. ὥσω [ᾱ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θύμις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-ιάχω [ᾱ], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπο-ιγνύνω and ὑπο-ιγνώ, f. ὑνοίξω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικέω, f. ἤσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπο-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποοικέω.

ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἤσω, to build under or beneath.

ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ἤσω, to keep house, stay at home.

II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underhand.

2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώσομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτῃμαι, (properly perf. of ὑπο-καθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 2. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καῖσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare. II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ov, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [α]

ὑπο-κείμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πειθὼν ἱερῶ ὑποκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie hidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δοῦν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑποκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὅλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κινέω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 -έκνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδεμία πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently. ὑπο-οκλάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [α], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. 1 ὑπεκλίνην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἤρω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλωπéω, f. ἤσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be hidden under.

ὑπο-κλύω, f. ὕσω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίζω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ov, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπο-κόπος, ov, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over; extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, atos, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ό, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ζω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's band: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [Υ]

ὑποκρίναιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Υ]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Υ]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [Υ], f. -κρίνομαι: aor. 1 med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίσθην [Υ]: Med.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεῖα to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσις, ἡ, = ὑποκρίσις.

ὑποκρίσις, eos, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκρίτης, ου, ό, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissimulator, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκρίτικος, ἡ, όν, befitting an actor: skill—elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harpe striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. pf. ὑπεκρούω, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 pass. ὑπεκρύφθην, bide under or beneath:—Med., c. aor. pers. 3ο to something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρύβω, f. ζω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ov, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύντω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ὑπέκυντα:—stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μηδοί Πέρσῃσι the Medes submitted to the Persi down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to stoop so as to peep into a place.

ὑποκύντειν τὰν τύλαν to stoop the shoulder let a load be put on.

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ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κύνω) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκύνουσα. ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμῶδω, f. ἦσω, to ridicule a little or underhand.

ὑπό-κωφος, ον, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβών, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπολαβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέλαβον: pf.

ὑπείληφα, pass. ὑπείλημαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., ἔφη ὑπολαβὼν he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III. to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἡ ὑπείλημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underhand: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἑσπον to bold up or check a horse.

ὑπολαμπής, ἑς, gen. ἑος, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From

ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at home; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind; one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ον, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

ὑπο-λήγω, f. ψω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; ἕξ ὑπολήψεως, in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ὑπο-ολλύων, ον, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλλύνω) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-ολλος, ον, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-ομπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-ολλος Att. -ολλος, ον, somewhat smooth; worn smooth.

ὑπό-ολλος, ον, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-ολλίζομαι, f. -ίσσομαι Att. -ισμαι: Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.

ὑπό-ολλος, ὁ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαι τινας, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ὑπο-ολλος, ον Adj. taken into account, held accountable, responsible.

ὑπό-ολλος, ον, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ὑπο-ολλός, ὁ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-ολλός, ον, (ὑπό, ὀλλω) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑποολλός a bridge of seed on which the strings rest. [ὑ]

ὑπο-ολλός, f. -ολλω [ὑ]: aor. I -ολλω: pt. -ολλω: Pass., pf. -ολλω: plqpf. -ολλω: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλλω, 3 pl. ὑπέλλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ὑπέλλω γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ὑπέλλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ἐνδοθεῖσθαι.

ὑπό-ολλος, ον, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-ολλοκίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, ὀλλοκίζω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-ολλοκίζω Att. -ολλω, f. ψω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.

ὑπό-ολλος, ον, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-ολλω Att. -ολλω, f. ψω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ὑπο-ολλω, f. ψω, to smile a little or gently.

ὑπο-ολλω, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-ολλω, ον, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑποολλοί, of, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὅμοιοι (peers).

ὑπο-ολλω, ον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endures. From

ὑπο-ολλω, fut. -ολλω: aor. I -ολλω:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 3. to uphold, support, maintain.

ὑπο-ολλω, f. -ολλω: pf. pass. -ολλω:—to mix among or up with. II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑποολλω τῇ γῇ to run close under land.

ὑπο-ολλω, f. -ολλω: aor. I ὑπέολλω:—I. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. -ολλω.

σομαι : aor. 1 -εμνησάμην : pf. -μέμνημαι :—to call to mind, remember : to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, ov, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπο-μνῶμαι contr. -μνάμαι : Dep. :—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνῶμαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνήσκω ; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, atos, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder : mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπομνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπομνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

ὑπ-όμνυμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-

μνῶμαι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι : aor. 1 ὑπομυσάμην :—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit : to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a biding out, endurance, patience : c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, ov, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νεύω, incorrect form of ὑπονοέω.

ὑπο-νεύομαι, aor. 1 -νευιμάμην : Med. :—to eat away from beneath : metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νεφέλος, ov, (ὑπό, νεφέλη) under the clouds.

ὑπο-νήος, ov, (ὑπό, Νήιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. -ήχομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [Ὶ], to snow a little :—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow :—Pass., νύξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think covertly, suspect : to conjecture, guess, guess at : ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a bidden meaning or sense : I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2.

the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομήδον, Adv. underground, by pipes. From

ὑπόνομος, ov, (ὑπονέμω) going underground, underground.

II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus : a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστήω, f. ἦσω, to go down, sink, settle down,

Lat. subsidere : of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath : to sting.

ὑπο-ξύλλω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ov, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plaited over.

ὑπο-ξύρας or έω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or

cut off some of the hair : ὑπεξυρήμερος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, α, ov, (ὑπό, ξυρόν) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὥσω, [Ὶ], to scrape a little : to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

ὑπο-παρωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. -πάσω [ᾱ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πεινάω, f. ἦσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, ov, despatched underhand, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly : to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

ὑποπεπτηγότες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπτήσσω.

ὑποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον : Dep. :—to

break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ὑπο-περκάω, f. ἄσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάω [ᾱ] : pf. pass. -πέπταμαι :—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ov, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηκιζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω : aor. 1 ὑπέπλησα, pass.

-επλήσθην :—to fill a little, fill by degrees :—Pass,

τέκνον ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [Ὶ] : f. -πίομαι : pf. -πέπωκα :—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping :

ὑποπεπτικός rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : pf. -πέπωκα : aor. 2

ὑπέπεσον :—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall

down before anyone : of a flatterer, to cringe to,

fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II.

to get in under or among. III. of things, to

fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πισσώ Att. -πτώω, f. ὥσω, to smear with

pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκιος, α, ov, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount

Placos near Troy : cf. ὑπονήιος. [ᾱ]

ὑπό-πλάτις, υ, somewhat flat or extended. II.

somewhat salt : cf. πλατὺς.

ὑπό-πλεος, ov Att. -πλεως, ov, (ὑπό, πλέω) pretty

full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, ov, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow

gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, ποῦς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to bring under :—Med. to make

subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by

secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, ov, (ὑπό, πολίος) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under : go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, ιος, ἡ, with a calf under it : of a mother,

with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πραῖνω Ep. and Ion. -πρηύνω, to appease a

little or by degrees. [Ὶ]

ὑπο-πρίμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.
 ὑπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [ἴ]
 ὑπό-πτερος, ov, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged : swift-winged, fleet : also soaring, flighty.
 ὑποπτεῦω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of, suspect that, c. inf. : also to suspect, surmise :—Pass. to be suspected, mistrusted. From
 ὑπ-όπτῃς, ov, ὁ, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑποράω) as masc. Adj., suspicious, jealous : of a horse, shy.
 ὑπο-πτήσσω, f. ξω : pf. -πῆτηχα, Ep. part. -πῆτηώς, pl. -πῆτηώτες :—to crouch or cower down from fear ; πετάλοις ὑποπῆτηώτες crouching under the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower before another : absol. to be modest, abashed.
 ὑποπτοῖς, ov, (ὑπόψομαι, f. of ὑποράω) looked at from under : looked askance at, viewed with suspicion or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fearing, Lat. suspicax : as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion, jealousy.
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.
 ὑπό-πρῆριος, ov, also, α, ov, (ὑπό, ῥῆρος) towards morning, about dawn, at break of day.
 ὑπο-ρεπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥεῖς) to fan from below or gently.
 ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρω : aor. I -ώρω :—to stir up from under, rouse gently or gradually :—Pass. ὑπόρνυμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπώρω : pf. 2 -ώρωρα :—to arise from under or gradually.
 ὑπ-όροφος, ov, = ὑπόροφος. II. sounding softly from a reed ; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.
 ὑπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up : metaph. to devise, make up.
 ὑπορ-ρέω : f. pass. -ρῃσσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρῃν (in act. sense) : pf. -ερρῃκα :—to flow away under : to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere ; to flow or fall in gradually. 2. to slip away : of the hair, to fall off : of Time, to run on.
 ὑπορ-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break underneath :—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break gradually open.
 ὑπόρ-ρηνος, ov, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαρνος, with a lamb under it.
 ὑπορ-ρεπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ὑποριπίζω.
 ὑπο-ρούσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dig under, undermine.
 ὑπο-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to music.
 ὑπό-σαθρος, ov, somewhat rotten, tainted.
 ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ἰγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.
 ὑπο-σεῖω Ep. ὑποσεῖω : f. -σεῖω :—to shake from below or gently, set in motion a little.
 ὑπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to give a hint of, intimate, indicate quietly : c. dat., σαλπικγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to make signal by sound of trumpet.
 ὑπο-σιγῶ, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.
 ὑπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.
 ὑπο-σκάω, f. ἀσω, to bait a little.
 ὑπο-σκάλευω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.
 ὑπο-σκελίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.
 ὑπό-σκιος, ov, (ὑπό, σκιά) under the shade, overshadowed : of suppliants, shaded by their olive-branches.
 ὑπο-σμήχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire :—Pass. to smoulder away. [ῶ]
 ὑπο-σπᾶνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπᾶνισμαι : Pass. :—to suffer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορᾶς ὑπεσπανισμένος stinted or in want of food.
 ὑπο-σπᾶω, f. ἀσω [ᾶ], to draw away from under, to withdraw secretly :—Med., ὑποσπᾶσθαι τὸν ἵππον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.
 ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty, secured by treaty : subject to the conditions of a truce or treaty : τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or ἀναιρεῖσθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up the bodies of the slain.
 ὑποστάθμη, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment.
 ὑποσταλῆν, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστάς, ᾧσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under, a support : metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III. subsistence, reality : substance, nature, essence.
 ὑποσταῖτός, ov, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set under. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.
 ὑπο-σταχύομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up gradually like ears of corn.
 ὑπό-στεγος, ov, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under cover of a house. 2. covered over.
 ὑπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, hide under.
 ὑπο-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I ὑπέστειλα : pf. ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to let down, lower, take in : to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear : absol. to dissemble ; οὐδὲν ὑποστεύλαμενος with no dissimulation.
 ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστενέω, to sigh or moan in an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νῆτοισι ὑποστενάξει be groans under the weight of heaven on his back.
 ὑπο-στενᾶχίζω, f. ἴσω = ὑποστενάζω.
 ὑπο-στενέω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to sigh or groan.
 ὑποστήνω, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.
 ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-στίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.
 ὑποστολή, ἡ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lowering of sails : a shrinking back. II. submission.
 ὑπο-στονᾶχίζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.
 ὑπο-στορέννυμι also -στέρνυμι and -στράννυμι :

fut. -στορέσω and -στρώσω : aor. I ὑποστόρεσα and -έστρωσα : pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι :—to spread, lay or strew under :—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself : 3 sing. pf. pass., φ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑποστράτηγός, f. ἡσω, to serve under as lieutenant. From

ὑποστράτηγος, δ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρέφειν, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑποστρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. I -εστρέφην : pf. -έστραμμαι :—to turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee : to return : so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφομαι and aor. I pass.

3, to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεψία, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστροφή, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round : a turning about, either to flee or to rally ; ἐξ ὑποστροφῆς, Lat. denuo, again, anew : also on the contrary.

ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστράννυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑποστρώννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-σφίζω or -ίτω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down : to trip up. [v]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑποσχεόμαι.

ὑποσχέαι, ἔτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποσχεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποσχεόμαι.

ὑποσχεσίη, ἡ, Ep. for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

ὑποσχεσίον, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποσχεόμαι) a promising, promise, engagement ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχομένος, aor. 2 part. of ὑποσχεόμαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑποσχεόμαι.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγη, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑποταμόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑποτάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρσσω Att. -ττω, cogn. -θράσσω : f. ξω : pf. pass. τετάραγμαi :—to stir up, trouble from below or a little :—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἡσω, to be somewhat afraid ; c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρτάριος, ον, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπὸτάσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποταίνω) a stretching or spreading out from under ; πεδίων ὑποτάσις the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : pf. pass. τέταγμαi :—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-ταίνω, f. -τενῶ : aor. I -έτεινα :—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer :—Med. to propose by way of question, sub-
mi. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-ταίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to build a wall under or across : to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτείχισις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall ; and

ὑπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τελέω, f. ἑῶω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate : absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. vectigalis, tributarius. II.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : f. -τεμῶ and -τάμωμαι :

aor. 2 ὑπέταμον : Pass., aor. I -ετμήθην : pf. -τέτμημαι :—to cut away or under : to cut unfairly. II.

to cut off, Lat. intercipere ; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to cut off all ground for hope ; so also in Med., ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῖον to cut off one's passage :—Pass., ὑποτάμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : aor. I ὑπέθηκα : aor. 2 ὑπέθην :—to place under : to put under, make sub-

ject. 2. place under as a foundation, to lay down : esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument : to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med. : c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish : c. inf. to advise one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage : hence,

2. to stake, bazaar, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τίμωμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. : as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρω, to bore through below.

*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ὑπέτλην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα :—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or -ίζω, to murmur or bum softly. ὑποτοπέω, = ὑποτοπέω.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἡσω : aor. I ὑπετόπησα : also as Dep.

ὑποτοπέομαι : aor. I ὑπετοπήθην : (ὑποπτος) :—to suspect or surmise that : also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-τρέω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession : Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι : aor. 2 ὑπέδραμον : pf. ὑποδέδρομα :—to run in under ; δ κύων ἐπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῦς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs. II. to run under or below.

III. to run in between, intercept. IV. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble a little : to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish ; cf. ὑπότριμμα. [f]

ὑπο-τρέζω, to chirp or whistle softly.
ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτρέβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑπότριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.

ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ὑποτροπή, ἥ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, repulse. II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.

ὑπο-τρογάω, ποῖτ. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρούζω, to bum in an undertone.

ὑπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.

ὑπο-τύπωω, f. ὤσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

ὑπο-τύπωω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλωνήν ἀντλῆει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδαρέετο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ἥ, (ὑποτύπωω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.

ὑπο-ουθάτιος, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὔθαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [ἄ]

ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐράνιος) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.

ὑπουργέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπούργηκα, pass. ὑπούργημαι: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστά Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence ὑπούργημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.

ὑπουργητέος, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.

ὑπουργία, ἥ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.

ὑπο-ουργός, ὄν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *έργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνυν ἐπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. III. intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.

ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἥ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφαισις, ἥ, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From

ὑπο-φάυσκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.

ὑπό-φαντις, ιος, ἥ, Aeol. for ὑπόφαισις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.

ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear.

ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑπόισω: aor. 1 ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνεκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III. to bold out under or before: to bold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφήτεω, to bold the office of ὑποφήτης. From

ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ὑπο-φθάνω [ἄ]: f. ὑποφθῆσομαι later also -φθάσω [ἄ]: aor. 1 ἐπέφθασα: aor. 2 ἐπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθῆς: pf. ἐπέφθακα:—to baste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθῆς δουρί μέσον περὶ ὤνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῖνεν he killed him beforehand.

ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to feel secret envy at.

ὑπό-φθονος, ου, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -ῶς, somewhat jealously.

ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below.

ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ἥ, suggestion: in plur. counsels. From

ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.

ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:—to shudder a little.

ὑποφύγών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.

ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie bidden under.

ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call gently to.

ὑπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκᾶδμην: Dep.:—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [νί], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἥ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.

ὑπο-χαροπός, ὄν, (ὑπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the hand: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίου ποιέσθαι to make subject.

ὑπο-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. 1 ὑπέχεα Ep. ἐπέχεα: pf. pass. -κέχυμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχυτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strewn or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass., to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστίη ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ovos*, *δ, ἡ*, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑπόκομος, *ov*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control, τινί to one: also c. gen., ὑποκοί τινας a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *av*, *gen. ov*, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, *f.* -χρίσω [*i*]: *aor. I act. ὑπέχρισα, pass. ὑπεχρίσθην*:—*to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.*

ὑπό-χρυσος, *ov*, *containing a mixture of gold.*

ὑπο-χωρέω, *f.* ἵσθωμαι, *to go back, recoil: ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain: ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one, give it up to him. 2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting. II. to go on in succession.*

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ov*, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. -ότερος, somewhat sandy.*

ὑπόψια *Ion.* -λή, *ἡ*, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy: ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατά τινας to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, *ov*, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, *serving as fut. of ὑποράω.*

ὑπο-ψωνέω, *f.* ἴσω, (ὑπό, ψωνέω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, *f.* ἄσω, (ὑπτιος) *to bend oneself back: to carry one's head high. II. transit. to bend or ibrow back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτιασμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost: ὑπτιασματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinis manibus. II. a backward fall.*

ὑπτιαστέον, *verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω, one must ibrow back.*

ὑπτιος, *a, ov*, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat. supinus, resupinus; of one falling, πέσεν ὑπτιος he fell on his back: ὑπτιος σέλμασιν ναυίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστήρ ὑπτια belly uppermost. 2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; κρᾶνος ὑπτιον a helmet with the hollow uppermost; so, ἀσπίς ὑπτια; but, κύλιξ ὑπτια a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἀψίς ὑπτια a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost. 3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence*

ὑπτιῶ, *f.* ἄσω, *to turn over, upset.*

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ὠθέω) *to push or ibrust away.*

ὑπ-ωλένιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ὠλένη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπωμοσάμην, *aor. I med. of ὑπόμνυμι.*

ὑπωμοσία, *ἡ*, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνωπωμοσία.*

ὑπωπιάζω, *f.* ἄσω, (ὑπώπιον) *to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly. Hence*

ὑπωπιασμός, *δ*, *a striking under the eye: affliction. ὑπ-ώπιον, τό*, (ὑπό, ὤψ) *the part under the eyes, the face.*

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, *a blow*

under the eye, a black eye.

ὑπ-ωπέα or ὑπ-ωπέα, *ἡ*, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a*

mountainous track: plur. ὑπωπέαι, the roots of a mountain, Lat. radices montis.

ὑπώροπε, *3 sing. pf. intrans. of ὑπόρπνυμι.*

ὑπ-ωρόφιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) *under the roof, under cover of a bouse, in a bouse: generally, under shelter.*

ὑπ-ώροφος, *ov*, = ὑπαρόφιος.

*ΤΡΧΑ, *ἡ*, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar, Lat. orca. (Aeol. word.)*

ΤΣ, *δ* and *ἡ*, *gen. ὕς [ῥ]: acc. ὅν*:—*like σὺς, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig; but ὅς ἀγριος, a wild boar.*

ΤΣΓΗ, *ἡ*, *a shrub from which comes the dye ὕσγινον.*

ὑσγινο-βαφής, *ἐς*, (ὑσγινον, βαφῆναι) *dipped or dyed in ὕσγινον, scarlet.*

ὑσγινον, *τό*, (ὑσγη) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour.*

ὑσδος, *for ὁσδος, Aeol. for ὄσος.*

ὑσθην, *aor. I pass. of ὤω.*

ΤΣΜΙΝΗ [*i*], *ἡ*, *irreg. dat. ὕσμινι, a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὕσμινι the front of the fight: ὕσμινυε to the fight. Ep. word.*

ὑσπλαγίς, *ίδος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγίς, = ὕσπλαγγίς.*

ὑσπλαγέ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγγίς.*

ὑσπλαγγέ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγγίς.*

ὑσπλαγγέ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγγίς.*

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ὑσπλαγγέ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγγίς.*

ὑσπλαγγέ, *αγγος, ἡ*, *Dor. for ὕσπλαγγίς.*

or too late.

III. metaph. *to come short of, be inferior to* : also *to be robbed of a thing*. 2. *to be in want of* :—in Pass. *to be in want*.

IV. of things, *to fail, lack, be wanting*. Hence ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, *a coming short, deficiency*.

ὑστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑστερέω) *a coming short* : want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ : aor. I ὑστερίσθ : (ὑστέρος) :—*to come after, come later or too late*.

II. c. gen. rei, *to come later than* ; ἡμέρη μῆ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν *to be one day behind the day appointed*.

III. metaph. *to come short of, be inferior to*, c. gen.

IV. *to be in want of, to lack*. ὑστερό-ποινος, ov, (ὑστέρος, ποινή) *late-avenging*.

ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, δ, ἡ, *with late foot, late-coming*.

ὑστέρος, α, ov, (Sup. ὑστατος, q. v.) :—*the latter, coming after, following*, opp. to πρότερος.

II. of Time, *after, later, too late* ; c. gen., ὑστερός τινας *later than a person* : c. gen. rei, *too late for a thing* ; with Preps., ἐς ὑστερον *afterwards* ; so, ἐν ὑστέρω, ἐξ ὑστέρου and ἐξ ὑστερῆς.

III. *standing after, inferior, weaker* ; γυναικὸς ὑστερος *under a woman's power*.

IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, *after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future* ; also ὑστερα ; c. gen., ὑστερον τουτέων *later than these events*.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ov, (ὑστέρος, φθείρω) *destroying after, late-destroying*.

ὑστερό-φωνος, ov, (ὑστέρος, φωνή) *sounding after, echoing*.

†ΥΣΤΙΡΙΞ, ἕχος, δ and ἡ, *a hedgehog, porcupine*. Hence

ὑστρίχτις, ἴδος, ἡ, *a whip for punishing slaves*.

ὑδάγει, Dor. for ὑδηγοῦ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑδηγεῖμαι.

ὑφαιμος, ov, (ὑπό, αἷμα) *suffused with blood, blood-shot*.

II. bot. blooded.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

†ΥΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑφάνω : aor. I ὑφῆνα later ὑφᾶνα : Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθην : pf. ὑφασμαι :—*to weave* ; ἰσ-τὸν ὑφαίνειν *to weave a web*.

II. absol. *to weave, ply the loom*.

III. metaph. *to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise*, Lat. *texere*, as, μήτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν. 2. *to make, construct, fabricate*.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφαίρω) *a taking away under or underband, a purloining, pilfering*.

ὑφαιρέω Ion. ὑπαιρέω : f. -αιρήσω : aor. 2 ὑφέλ-λον : pf. ὑφῆρκα : Pass., aor. I ὑφῆρην : pf. ὑφῆρμαι, part. ὑφῆρμένος Ion. ὑπαρμαιμένος :—*to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly*.

II. *to draw from under*. 2. *to take away something of*, c. gen.

3. *to draw away, seduce*. III. Med. *to take away from underband, filch away, purloin* : ὑφαίρεισθαι τινά τι or τινας *to deprive one secretly of a thing*.

2. *to make away with underband, keep out of the way*.

ὑφάλος, ov, (ὑπό, ἄλς) *under the sea* ; ὑφάλων Ἐρεβος *the darkness of the deep*.

ὑφάντης, ου, δ, (ὑφαίνω) *a weaver*. Hence ὑφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving : skilled in weaving.

ὑφαντο-δόντης, ov, (ὑφαντός, δονέω) *wung in the weaving, wouen*.

ὑφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, *wouen* : τὰ ὑφαντά *cloth woven with figures*.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω : f. ψω : aor. I ὑφῆσα Ion. ὑπῆσα : pf. pass. ὑφῆμμαι :—*to set on fire from underneath* : metaph. *to inflame secretly, excite*.

2. absol. *to light underneath* : *to light a fire under or in a place*.

ὑφ-αρπάζω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάζω : f. -άσσομαι later -άσω : aor. I ὑφῆρπασα :—*to snatch away from under, take away underband, filch away*, Lat. *surripere* : *to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt*.

ὑφαρπαζόμενος, poet. for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) *a thing woven, web, woven garment*. [ὑ]

ὑφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω : Ep. 3 pl. ὑφώσι.

ὑφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφίημι : Adv. ὑφειμένως, *slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly*, Lat. *submissè*.

ὑφ-εῖσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίζω, *I placed under or secretly* ; Ion. part., ὑφείσας ἀνδρας *having set men in ambush*.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, *one must support*.

ὑφ-ελκτίον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλκω, *one must draw away under or underband*.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκίσω [ὑ] : aor. I ὑφέλ-κῃσα : (cf. ἔλκω) :—*to draw away under, underband or gently* ; ὑφέλκειν τινά ποδοῖν *to draw one away by the two legs* :—*to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under* :—Med. *to draw along under one, trail along*, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφελόιστο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαρέω.

ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφείς, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίημι.

ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρψω or -ερπύσω [ὑ] : aor. I ὑφείρ-πῃσα : (cf. ἔρπω) :—*to creep under or secretly* ; ὑφ-είρπε πολύ *it crept far on secretly, spread abroad*.

II. c. aoc. *to steal upon, come over*.

ὑφ-έσπερος, ov, (ὑπό, ἐσπέρα) *towards evening* ; neut. pl. ὑφέσπερα as Adv., *about evening*.

ὑφή, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) *a weaving, web* ; πέπλων ὑφαί *woven garments*.

ὑφ-ηγεμῶν, ὄνος, δ, = ἡγεμῶν.

ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι : pf. ὑφῆγμαι : Dep. :—*to go just before, to guide, lead the way*.

2. *to show the way to do, instruct in a thing*.

3. *hence also to lead to, prove a thing*. Hence

ὑφῆγησις, εως, ἡ, *a leading, guiding* ; and ὑφῆγητῆρ, ἦρος, δ, and ὑφ-ηγητής, οὔ, δ, *one who leads the way, a conductor* : metaph. *a leader, adviser*.

ὑφῆνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

ὑφηνόχῳ, f. ἡσώ, *to be a charioteer* :—Pass. *to drive after or behind*. From

ὑφ-ηνόχος, δ, (ὑπό, ἡνίοχος) *the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot*.

ὑψήσσω, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (ὑπό, ἥσσω) somewhat less or younger.

ὑψιζάνω, *f.* ζήσω, = ὑψίζω.

ὑψιζώ, *f.* ζήσω, (ὑπό, ζώω) to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in.

ὑψιζήμι *Ion.* ὑπίζημι: *f.* ὑψήσω: *aor.* ἰ ὑψηκα: *pf.* ὑψεικα, *pass.* ὑψέμαι: (see ἵημι):—to send down, let down, to lower; ὑψιζέμαι *Ion.* to lower the mast; ὑψιζέμαι *Ion.* to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in *Med.*, of a woman, ὑψιζεσθαι *μαστοίς* to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, *Lat.* *submittere*: hence *pf.* *pass.* *part.* ὑψιζόμενος, secretly lurking. II. *intr.* to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; *c.* gen. *rei*, ὑψιζέμαι *τῆς* ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in *Med.*, ὑψιζεσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὑδωρ ὑπιεταί *τοῦ* ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness. 2. *absol.* to submit, give in, slacken, abate.

III. in *Pass.* *absol.*, to submit, surrender: *c.* *inf.*, to submit to do a thing: so in *pf.* *pass.* *part.*, πλεῖν ὑψιζομένην to sail with lowered sails.

ὑψιζῆτι, *Dor.* for ὑψιζήμι, 3 *sing.* of ὑψιζήμι. ὑψιζοῖμαι: (*cf.* ἵσταιμι): I. *Causal* in *pres.* and *impf.*, in *f.* ὑποστήσω and *aor.* ἰ ὑπέστησα:—to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in *fut.* and *aor.* I *med.* to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει *unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence.* II. *Pass.*, with *aor.* 2 *act.* ὑπέστην, *pf.* ὑπέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑπιστάμενον *that which is underneath*, of milk, as *opp.* to τὸ ἐπι-στάμενον *that which comes to the top*, the cream. 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: *c.* *acc.* *cognato*, ὑποστήναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: *absol.* to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also *c.* *inf.* to submit to do. 4. *c.* *acc.* *rei*, to submit to. 5. ὑποστήναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: *absol.* to stand one's ground, face the enemy, *Lat.* *subsistere*.

ὑψιζοῦμαι, or as *Dep.* ὑψορδομαι: *fut.* ὑψορδοίμαι: (ὑπό, ὀράω):—to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, *Lat.* *suspiciere*, *suspiciari*.

II. to keep in view.

ὑψορβός, *δ.* (ὑς, φέρβω) a swineherd.

ὑψορμύζω, *f.* *Ion.* *Att.* *ion.* to bring into harbour secretly:—*Pass.* to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

ὑψορμύζεις, *ἡ*, a place for ships to run into, harbour.

ὑψος, *εὐς*, τό, = ὑψή.

ὑψόωσι, *Ep.* for ὑψώσι, 3 *pl.* of ὑψάω.

ὑψοῦδρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ὑψι-ἀγόρας, *ov*, *δ.* *Ion.* -αγόρης, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) a big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ὑψαυχένω, *f.* ἥσω, and ὑψαυχενίζω, *f.* ἴσω, to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From

ὑψι-αύχην, *εὐς*, *δ.* *ἡ*, (ὑψι, αὐχὴν) carrying the neck high: hence *stately*, *towering*: *haughty*.

ὑψι-ερεφής, *εὐς*, (ὑψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted. ὑψι-ηγόρας, *Ion.* for ὑψαγ-.

ὑψι-ήγορος, *ov*, (ὑψι, ἀγορεύω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ὑψηλεις, *εὐς*, *en*, *poët.* for ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλός, *Dor.* for ὑψηλῆς, *fem.* gen. of ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, *ἡ*, (ὑψηλός, αὐχὴν) a carrying the neck high.

ὑψηλό-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψηλός, κρημνός) with high crags.

ὑψηλός, *ἡ*, *όν*, (ὑψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλή a highland country:—*metaph.* high, lofty, stately, proud.

ὑψηλοφρόνως, *f.* ἥσω, to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From

ὑψηλό-φρων, *ov*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (ὑψηλος, φρήν) highminded, high-spirited, haughty.

ὑψη-πρεφής, *εὐς*, *gen.* *εὐς*, = ὑψη-ερεφής.

ὑψη-πυλῆς, *εὐς*, *gen.* *εὐς*, (ὑψι, πύλος) sounding on high. ὙΨΗ, *Adv.* high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed *Comp.* ὑψηλως, *Sup.* ὑψιστος.

ὑψη-βάτος, *ov*, (ὑψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing high, high-placed.

ὑψη-βρεμέτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ὑψι, βρέμω) high-thundering.

ὑψη-γέννητος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γεννάω) high-grown, topmost.

ὑψη-γυος, *ov*, (ὑψι, γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [Υ]

ὑψη-ῥυγος, *ov*, (ὑψι, ρυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: *metaph.* of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὑψη-θρονος, *ov*, (ὑψι, θρόνος) high-throned.

ὑψη-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κάρηνον) with high head, high-topped. [Α]

ὑψη-κέλευθος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ὑψη-κέρατα, *irreg.* *acc.* of ὑψη-κέρας.

ὑψη-κέρας, *ov*, *gen.* *ov*, (ὑψι, κέρας) with high or lofty horns; there is also an *irreg.* *acc.* in phrase, ὑψη-κέρατα πέτρων a high-peaked rock.

ὑψη-κομος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the oak.

ὑψη-κόμπως, *Adv.* (ὑψι, κόμπος) with high boasts, arrogantly.

ὑψη-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψι, κρημνός) with high steep slopes or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ὑψη-λοφος, *ov*, (ὑψι, λόφος) high-crested. [Υ]

ὑψη-μέδων, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ὑψι, μέδω) high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ὑψη-μέλαθρος, *ov*, (ὑψι, μέλαθρον) high-built.

ὑψη-νεφής, *εὐς*, (ὑψι, νέφος) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὑψη-παγῆς, *εὐς*, (ὑψι, παγήναι) built on high.

ὑψη-πέδος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέδον) with high ground, high-placed.

ὑψη-πέτης, *εὐς*, *en*, *poët.* for ὑψηπέτης.

ὑψη-πέτῆλος, *ov*, (ὑψι, πέτῆλον) with high leaves or foliage.

ὑψι-πέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high, soaring.*

ὑψι-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, πόλις) *highest in one's city.* [Υ] ὑψι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πουν, gen. -ποδος, (ὑψι, πους) *high-footed: on high, sublime.*

ὑψι-πύλος, ου, (ὑψι, πύλη) *with high gates.*
ὑψι-πυργος, ου, (ὑψι, πύργος) *high-towering.*
ὑψιστος, η, ου, Sup. from Adv. ὑψι, *highest, loftiest; τὰ ὑψιστα the highest heavens.* 2. of persons, *most high, dwelling on high.*

ὑψίτερος, α, ου, Comp. from Adv. ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*
ὑψι-φαής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φάος) *beaming on high.*
ὑψι-φάνης, ἐς, (ὑψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high.*
ὑψι-φόρητος, ου, (ὑψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring on high.*

ὑψι-φρων [Υ], ουος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, φρήν) *high-minded, haughty.*

ὑψι-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, χαίτη) *long-haired.*
ὑψηλός, ου, gen. ουος, poet. Comp. from ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψόθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) *from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. desuper.* II. *high, aloft, on high, above, over.*

ὑψόθι, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high.*
ὑψο-ροφος, ου, (ὑψι, ὑροφή) *high-roofed, high-vaulted.*

ὑψος, εος, τό, (ὑψι) *height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. ὑψος, in height.*

ὑψόσθι, Adv. (ὑψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up.*
ὑψοῦ, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high, up.*
ὑψώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὑψάω: Pass., fut. ὑψάσθωμαι: aor. I ὑψάσθην: (ὑψος):—*to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence*

ὑψωμα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation.*
"ΥΩ, f. ὦσω [Υ]: aor. I ὦσα: Pass., fut. med. ὦσμαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὦσθην: pf. ὦσμαι:—*to wet, water: to rain, Ζεὺς ὤει Jove sent rain; so, ὁ θεὸς ὤει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὤει used impers., like Lat. pluit, it rains; ei ὤει if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὄντος πολλῶ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ δ' ἐτέων οὐκ ὤει τὴν Θῆβην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, ὤει χρυσὸν it rained gold.* II. Pass., of places, *to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὀνυμένος a lion drenched with rain; ὤσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὤεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.*

Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ = 500, but ϕ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπόγγος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σφόγγος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φάνος φάτρα for πανός πάτρα.

II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ὄφει, quasi ὄφεις.

Φά, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φάαντατος, η, ου, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, *most brilliant, brightest.*

φάαντερος, α, ου, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, *more brilliant, brighter.*

ΦΑΓΕΙΝ Ion. φαγεῖν Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἐφαγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour*, c. acc.: c. gen. *to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.*

φάγες, Ep. for ἐπάγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγεῖν.

φάγησι, Ep. for φάγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν.

φάγος, ὁ, (φαγεῖν) *a glutton.* [ᾱ]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν. [ᾱ]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαέθοντις, ἴδος, poet. for φαέθουσα, fem. of φαέθων, *shining.*

φαέθω, (φάος) *to shine; only found in part. φαέθων, beaming, radiant: hence φαέθων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχτα καὶ φαέθοντα whole nights and days.*

Φαέθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φαέθω) *Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.* 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαεινός, ἡ, ὅν poet. φαεινός, (φάος) *shining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαεινότερος.* 2. also like λαμπρός, of the voice, *clear, distinct.* 3. generally, *splendid, brilliant.*

φαεῖνω, poet. form of φαίνω, *to shine, give light.*

φαεινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. form of φαεινός.

φαισίου-βροτος, ου, (φάος, βροτός) *bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.*

φαιο-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ου, (φάος, φέρω) *light-bringing.*

φάν, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.

φάθι, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίης, ἦκος, ὁ, a Phaeacian: *the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.*

φαιδιμύεις, εσσα, εν, poet. form of φαιδιμος.

φαιδιμος, ου, also η, ου, (φαίνω) *shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. c'.*

φαιδρό-νους, ουν, (φαιδρός, ν' τε χρῆμα) *beerful, joyous mind.*

φαιδρός, ἁ, ὅν, (φάω, παύω) *were shining, radiant:*

metaph. *beaming* or *radiant with joy, jocund, gay*.
Adv. —*δῶς, joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. *φαιδρά*
as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, brightness, lustre. II. metaph. *joyousness*.

φαιδρῶς, f. ὤσω, (φαιδρός) to make bright. II. metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous*.

φαιδρύντρια, ή, a washer, cleanser. From *φαιδρύνω* [v]: f. ἔνω: aor. I *ἐφαιδρύνα*: (*φαιδρός*): —*to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to cheer, please*: —Pass. *to brighten up with joy*.

φαιδρ-ωπός, ὢν, (φαιδρός, ὦψ) with a bright, joyous look.

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.
φαίκα, ἄδος, ή, (φάος) a kind of white shoe.

φαίμεν, for φαίμεν, 1 pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.
φαίνεμεν, Ep. for φαίνεμεν, inf. of φαίνω.

φανέσκειτο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.
φανόλης, ου, ὅ, formed from the Lat. paenula, a thick upper garment or cloak.

φανοῤῥις, ἰδος, ή, (φαίνω) light-bringing.
φαινομένης, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.

φαίνω, f. φάνῳ: Att. also φάνῳ: aor. I ἐφηνά, inf. φῆναι Dor. ἐφάνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf. 2. (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med. φαίνομαι: fut. φάνομαι Ion. φάνεομαι; also φάνησομαι: also poet. paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. I ἐφάνην, Ep. 3 sing. φάνθη, 3 pl. φάνθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep. inf. φάνημεναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω). I. *to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as, γόνον Ἑλένη φαίνειν to grant Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν to proclaim a levy, call out the array.* 2. *of sound, to make distinct, make ring clear.* 3. *to bring to light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound.* 4. *in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles informed against as contraband.* 5. *aor. I med. φήνασθαι to shew or display as one's own.* II. intr. *to give light, shine forth.* 2. *to appear, like the Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα.* III. Pass. *to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or manifest.* 2. *of the rising of heavenly bodies, to appear: ἄμα ἡοὶ φαινομένην at break of day.* 3. *generally, to appear to be, c. part. or c. inf., which are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting what appears or is likely; φαίνεται c. part. what is apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται εἶναι be appears or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι be manifestly is.* 4. *often in dialogue, φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα; does this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται it does appear so, yes.* 5. *the phrase φανῆναι ὀδόν, to appear at the door, is shortd. for λέναι ὀδὸν ὥστε φανῆναι of ἵσתר, ὅ. φον φαίεσθαι.* 6. *in Att., esp. in 3rd ἵσθαι, and ἰσθ-unced, informed against; see φαίνομαι) beam put proudly.*

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὢν, dusky, dun, gray, Lat. fuscus. II. also like Lat. fuscus, of the voice, *deep, hollow*.

φαιο-χίτων, ὤσος, ὅ, ή, (φάος, χίτων) dark-robed.
ΦΑΚΕΛΟΣ, ὅ, a bundle, Lat. fasciculus.

φάκῃ, ής, ή, (φάκος) a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-porridge.

ΦΑΚΟΣ, ὅ, the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals.

φάλαγγδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in phalanxes.
φάλαγγον, τό, (φάλαγξ) a venomous kind of spider.

φάλαγγομαχέω, f. ήσω, to fight with or in a phalanx: to fight in the ranks. From

φάλαγγο-μάχης, ου, ὅ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) one that fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.

ΦΑΛΑΓΓΕ, αγγος, ή, in Homer, a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an army in battle. 2. *later, the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἀγειν to lead in phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine.* 3. *generally, the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα).* 4. *also a camp.* II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk or log: φάλαγγες ἐβένου logs of ebony.* III. *a spider: see φαλαγγιον.*

φάλαγξ, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.
ΦΑΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, a whale, Lat. balæna: hence of a devouring monster. [φά]

φάλακρα, ή, (φαλακρός) baldness, a bald head.
φάλακρος, ἄ, ὢν, (φάλος) bald-headed, bald-pated.

φάλακρῶ, f. ὤσω, (φαλακρός) to make bald: Pass. to become bald.

φάλανθας, ου, ὅ, a bald man. From

φάλανθος, ου, (φάλος) = φαλακρός. [φά]
φάλαρα, τά, (φάλος) the cheek-pieces of the helmet. II. *the cheek-pieces of horses: generally, trappings. [φά]*

φάλαρις Ion. φαληρίς, ἰδος, ή, (φαλῆρος) a cool, Lat. sulca, so called from its bald white head.

φάλαρος, ἄ, ὢν, Dor. for Ion. φαληρός, (φάλος) having a patch of white, white-crested.

Φάληρεϋς, ἑως, ὅ, a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.
φάληριώς, (φαληρός) to be or become white: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριώοντα waves crested with white foam.

Φάληρον, τό, Phalærum, the western harbour of Athens: Φαληρόθεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε to Phalerum. [ά]

φάληρος, ἄ, ὢν, Ion. for φαλαρός.
φάλης or φάλης, ητος, ὅ, = φάλλος.

φάλλαυα, ή, = φάλαυα.
ΦΑΛΛΟΣ, ὅ, membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature.

ΦΑΛΟΣ f. a helmet worn by the

Homeric heroes: either the *peak* or *fore-piece*, or perh. a *metal ridge on the crown in which the plume* (λόφος) was fixed. [α]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἐφάμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2. poet. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [α]

φάμεν (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμενα, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [α]

φάμι, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for ἐφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [α]

φάναι, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [α]

φάναι, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φάνειης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Aeol. and poet. for ἐφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω; but φανέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [α]

φανερός, ὁ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (φαίνω) *open to sight, visible: manifest, evident*: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπεύδων φανερός ἦν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανεῶς, *plainly, clearly*: so, ἐν φανεῶ, ἐν τῷ φανεῶ, κατὰ τὸ φανεῶν. 2. of persons, *known, famous, conspicuous*. 3. of property, *tangible, real*, opp. to money.

φάνερος, f. ὥσα, (φανερός) *to make visible or manifest*. II. *to make known or famous*:—Pass. with aor. I—ᾠθην:—*to become known or famous*. Hence φανερῶς, Adv. of φανερός, *openly, manifestly*: Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερότατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, *a making visible: a manifestation*.

φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [α]

φάνη, ἡ, (φαίνω) *a torch*: in plur. φανά, *torch-processions*.

φάνηη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.

φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [α]

φάνημεναι, for φανήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.

φάνησομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), *a small torch, taper*.

φάνοιην, for φανοῖμι, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίνω) *light, bright; τὸ φανόν brightness*:—of garments, *washed clean*. 2. *bright, joyous*, like φαίδρος. Comp. and Sup. φανώτερος, -ότατος. [α]

φάνος, also πάνος, ὁ, (φαίνω) *a lamp, lantern, torch*. φανούμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ὥσα, (φαίνω) *to make visible, clear or manifest*. II. Pass., fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐφαντάσθην:—*to become visible, appear, shew oneself*.

2. *to make a show or parade*, Lat. se ostentare. 3. φαντάζεσθαι τινι *to be like, assume a likeness to some one*. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοφαντεῖσθαι, *to be informed against*. Hence φαντάστια, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying*. 2.

display, parade, Lat. ostentatio. II. as a term

of philosophy, *the power of the mind*, by which it places objects before itself, *presentative power*.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) *an appearance, image, phantom*, like φάσμα; also *a vision, dream*. 2. *an image presented to the mind by an object*, Lat. visum: *a mere image, unreal appearance*.

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φαντί, Dor. for φᾶσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φᾶος, φάεος, εος contr. φᾶους, τό contr. φᾶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶας: (φᾶω)—*light, daylight*; ἐν φάει by daylight; ἐτι φᾶους ὄντος while there was still daylight; often in phrases ὄραν φᾶος ἡελιοιο, or φᾶος βλέπειν, *to see the light of the sun*, i. e. to be alive; so also, φᾶος λείπειν ἡελιοιο, i. e. to be dead; εἰς φᾶς λέναι to come into the light, i. e. into public. 2. *the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light*. II. metaph. *light*, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ὦ μέγιστον Ἑλλησιν φᾶος O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. III.

plur. φᾶεα, *the eyes*, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΨΑΓΓΕ [φᾶ], αγγος, ἡ, *a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully*. (Akin to φάρυγς.)

φᾶρώ, to plough.

φᾶρέτρα Ion. -τρη, ἡ, (φέρω) *a quiver for carrying arrows*, Lat. pbaretra. Hence

φᾶρετρών, ὄνος, ὁ, = φαρέτρα.

φᾶρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φαρέτρα, *a small quiver*.

φᾶρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) *quiver-bearing*. Φαρισαῖος, ον, ὁ, *a Pharisee*: pl. of Φαρισαῖοι, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φάρμακῶν, (φάρμακον) *to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison*. II. *to require medicine*, as τομάω to require cutting.

φάρμακεια, ἡ, (φάρμακεύω) *the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery*. φαρμάκλια, ἡ, poet. for φαρμακία.

φάρμακεύς, εως, ὁ, (φάρμακον) *one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner*: fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φάρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) *to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι ἐς τὸν ποταμὸν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to drug, purge*.

φάρμακίς, ἴδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, *a sorceress, witch*. φαρμακῶς, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) *drugged, poisonous*.

ΦΑΨΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, *a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσον a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπη, a remedy against grief*. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστρα or καταπαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

ills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or potions. II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III.

an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV.

also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίας an expedient to procure safety. V. a means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμάκο-ποσία, ἡ, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμάκο-πώλης, ον, δ, (φάρμακον, πωλέω) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμάκος, δ, ἡ, (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύς. II.

one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. homo piacularis.

φαρμάκο-τριβής [Υ], δ, (φάρμακον, τριβῆναι) one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours.

φαρμάκω, f. ὥσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with healing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμα: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres: φαρμάσσειν χαλκόν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [α] or φάρος [α], εος, τό, a cloth, sheet, web: sail-cloth. II. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύματον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ἡ, Pbaros, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. φάρος, δ, a lighthouse.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φάραω.

φάρσος, εος, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσέα πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ἡ or δ, gen. ὕγος, (φάρω) the throat. II. a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [α]

ΦΑΡΩ, f. φάρω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part.

φάς, φάσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim of φάσγανον, a knife.

φασγάνον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to cut with, a sword.

φασγάν-ουργός, ὄν, (φάσγανον, *ἐργω) forging swords.

φάση, Dor. and poet. for ἐφησε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of φημί.

φάσηλος [α], δ, a sort of bean, Lat. pbasēlus. II. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φασί, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φασιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, from the river Pbasis, but with a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like.

Φασιανός, ὄν, (Φάσις) from the river Pbasis: hence δ φασιανός (sub. ὄντις) the Pbasian bird, pheasant,

Lat. pbasianus: but Φασιανός ὄνῃρ with a play on συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.

φάσις, εως, ἡ, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [α]

φάσις, εως, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. II. affirmation, assertion. [α]

Φάσις, ιος, δ, the river Pbasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. ἐφασκον Ep. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of φημί):=φημί, to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. prae se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do.

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα ἀνδρός the phantom of a man. 2. a sign from heaven, a portent, omen. 3. a monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull.

ΦΑΣΣΑ Att. φάττα, ἡ, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbus.

φάσσο-φόνος, ον, (φάσσα, *φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk; as Subst., φασσοφόνος, ὁ, name of a kind of hawk.

φάσω, φάσεις, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί.

φάτῃ, 2 plur. of φημί.

φάταις, ἄ, ὄν, (φημί) poet. for φατός, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φάτεον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φάτῃ, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres. of φημί.

φάτίζω, f. ἴω Dor. ἴω, aor. 1 ἐφάτισα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφάτισθην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):—to say, speak, report: τὸ φατίζομενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. III. to call, name.

φάτις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ἡ φάτις ἐχει μιν the report goes of him. II. one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. III. the saying, answer of an oracle. [α]

φάτνη, ἡ, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτο, Ep. for ἐφάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; ἵνατ may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φάτος, unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ἡ, Att. for φάσσα.

φαυλ-ἐπί-φαυλος, (φαύλος, ἐπί, φαύλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἴω, (φαύλος) to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΤ' ΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, like φλαύρος, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad. II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; οἱ φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or undisciplined, as opp. to οἱ σοφοί. 2. of outward appearance, ugly, mean-looking. 3. careless, thoughtless.

φαυλότης, ἡ, meanness, paltriness. 2. want of accomplishments; ἡ ἐμὴ φαυλότης my lack of judgment.

φαύλως. f. ἴω if φαύλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. *at a rough guess*; φάυλως λογίσασθαι to estimate *roughly*; φάυλως εἰπεῖν to speak *loosely*.

φασσίμβροτος, *ov.* = φασσίμβροτος.

ΦΑ'Ω, Root of φαῖνω, to give *light*, *shine*, *beam*, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦΕ'ΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΓΟΣ, eos, τό, *light*, *splendour*, *lustre*: *sunlight*, *daylight*; δεκάτῃ φέγγει ἔτους, periph. for in the tenth year. II. poet. *light*, *gladness*, *joy*. Hence φέγγω, to make bright:—Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φείδο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, *sparc* *thrifty* meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same *frugal* meal. 2. also the common *ball*, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙ'ΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφιδόσομαι: aor. I ἐφείσαμην Ep. φείσαμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφιδόιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. *parcere*, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly, thriftily, charily.

φειδῶ, dos contr. οὖς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, refraining. II. *thrif*t, *stinginess*.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ἡ, = φειδῶ. From φειδωλός, ἡ, ὅν, (φειδῶ) sparing, thrifty, chary of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλὸς χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv. -λῶς, sparingly, thriftily.

φείσασθαι, aor. I iuf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.

φειστήον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.

φελλεύς, έως, ὁ, stony ground or soil: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλινος, η, ον, (φελλός) made of cork.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύς.

φέλλδ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. -πουν, (φελλός, πούς) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, the cork-tree, Lat. *quercus suber*. 2. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. *cortex*.

φενάκιζω, f. ίω, (φέναι) to play the impostor, cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:—Pass. to be cheated. Hence

φενάκισμός, ὁ, quackery, imposture, trickery.

ΦΕ'ΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a cheat, quack, impostor.

*ΦΕ'ΝΩ, to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. ἐπέφνον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part.

πέφνων (not πεφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσεται.

φέρ-ανθήs, έs, (φέρω, ἄνθος) bringing flowers.

φέρ-ασπς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρω, ἄσπις) shield-bearing.

φέρ-αυήs, έs, (φέρω, αὐγή) bringing light, shining.

ΦΕ'ΡΒΩ, plqpf. ἐφεύρβειν:—to feed, nourish: to preserve. II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: hence to eat, consume, Lat. *depasci*: metaph. to feed on.

III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to feed one's mind.

φέρ-έγγυος, ον, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. inf., λιμὴν φερέγγυος διασώσαι τὰς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:—cf. ἐχέγγυος.

φέρεμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελής, poet. for φερεμελής, ον, ὁ, (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φέρε-νίκος, ον, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory, victorious.

φέρε-οικος, ον, (φέρω, οἶκος) carrying one's house with one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ὁ, the house-carrier, i. e. snail: cf. πονυλίκος, ἀνίστατος.

φέρε-πόνος, ον, (φέρω, πόνος) bringing trouble or sorrow.

φέρεσ-βιος, ον, (φέρω, βίος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φέρεσ-σάκης, έs, gen. έος, (φέρω, σάκος) shield-bearing, heavy-armed.

φερε-στάφυλος, ον, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. *feretrum*.

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.

φέριστος, η, ον, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best; mostly in addresses, ὦ φέριστε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.

φέρνή, ἡ, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. *dos*; φερνὰ πολέμου the dowry of war, i. e. a wife won in battle.

φέροιςα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a temple or sanctuary of Persephoné. From

Φερσεφάσσα Att. -ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ἡ, = Περσεφασσα, -ττα, Περσεφόνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφόνη, ἡ, = Περσεφόνη.

φέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From φέρω, as Lat. *fortis* from *fero*.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. *stouter*, *braver*, *better*, *mightier*, *more powerful*. See φέρτατος.

φέρτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne, *endurable*.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΡΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρετε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root *ΟΓΩ comes the fut. οἶσω, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσμέν, οἶσέμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝ-ΕΤΚΩ come aor. I ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεικα Ep. ἐνεικα, subj. ἐνέικω, inf. ἐνέικαι: aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεικέμεν: Ion. aor. I pass. ἤνεύχην: 3 pl. aor. I med. ἤνεύκοντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut. pass. ἐνεύχθησομαι, aor. I pass. ἤνεύχην. I. like Lat. FERO, to bear or carry a load.

II. to bear along, with an idea of motion added, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. to bear, endure, suffer, esp. with an Adv., βαρεῶς, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it; opp. to κούφως φέρειν τι, Lat. leviter ferre, to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily.

IV. to fetch: to bring, present, give; δῶρα φέρειν to bring presents; and Med. bring with one or for one's own use:—χάριν τινὶ φέρειν to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness; but later, to shew gratitude to one.

2. to occasion, cause, work; as, κακὸν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. to bring in, pay, discharge; φέρον or δασμὸν φέρειν to pay tribute; τιμὴν φέρειν to pay a fine.

4. ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffragium.

V. to bear, bring forth, produce: absol. of the earth or of trees, to bear fruit, be fruitful: metaph. to bring in, yield, produce; ἀγὼν δὲ τὸ πᾶν φέρον the contest that bestows everything.

VI. to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ ἀγειν, Lat. agere et ferre, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἀγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρειν to rob.

2. to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain: also to receive one's due, e. g. to receive pay:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀθλον φέρεσθαι to carry off a prize; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι to win and bold the first, the second rank: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, to lead to a place; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρεῖ, like Lat. via fert or ducit.

2. of a tract of country, to stretch, extend, verge to or towards: metaph. to lead or tend to an end or object; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, to contribute or conduce to or towards.

3. to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing; ἔς ἀγῶνας ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνῶμη φέρε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἐφερέ of ἡ γνῶμη, c. inf., his opinion inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμ-φέρει, it tends [to one's interest], is expedient. VIII. to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι to be well or ill spoken of. 2. to be carried about, to be in circulation.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., bear, carry, bring: but, like ἄγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the I sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσα, come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily: to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along, Lat. ferri; ἰθὺς φέρεσθαι to rush right upon; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινήτας bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρονσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φίλῃ bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, to hasten, run, fly, speed.

3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., to turn out, prosper well or ill; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥΓ, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woe! like Lat. vab, vae, our fye!: c. gen., φεὺ τῆς Ἑλλάδος woe for Hellas! II. of astonishment or admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, —έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω.

φεύγεσκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat., let them flee: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῖμαι: aor. ἀφεύγον: pf. act. πέφυγα, pass. (inact. sense) πέφυγμα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυζότες, as if from φύω:—to flee, take flight: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγὴν to flee in flight: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] to flee [the way] by the sea.

2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour to flee, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ὡς φεύγων προφυγὴ κακὸν ἢ ἐλπίς it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν.

3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινα to flee before any one. 4. c. inf. to shrink from doing: absol. to fear, shinch.

II. c. acc. to flee, shun, avoid: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πόλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἦνια the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer.

2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένους μοῖραν, ἑλθρον having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων escaped from toils.

III. to flee one's country for a crime; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινα to be banished by one: hence to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished, Lat. exulare.

IV. as Att. law-term, to be accused or prosecuted at law, opp. to δικάω: hence, ὁ φεύγων ἔως ἀδικῶν, defend-

ant, Lat. *reus*, δ δικάων the accuser, prosecutor; c. acc., φεύγειν γραφὴν or δίκην, to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνου (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e. to be charged with murder.

φεύζω, f. φεύ: aor. 1 ἐφευξα:—to cry φεύ, cry away, wail. (From φεύ, as ολμύζω from οίμοι, αλάζω from αλ αλ.)
φευκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, one must flee.
φευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.

φευξέω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, to wish or desire to flee.
φεύξῃς, εἰς, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φύξῃς.

φεύρομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι, fut. of φεύγω.
φεύω, fut. of φεύω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ov, δ, and φεψάλυξ, ὄνος, δ, a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes. Hence φεψάλλω, f. ὥσω, to reduce to ashes, to burn up.
φεψάλυξ, ὄνος, δ, = φεψάλλω. [α]

φή, Ion. for ἐφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.
φή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγινέος, α, ov, and φηγινός, η, ov, (φηγός) oaken, of oak, Lat. *faginus*.
φηγινοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φηγινέος.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. the esculent fruit of the same tree.

φήη, Ep. for φῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί
φήληξ, ηκος, δ, (φηλός) deceiver, name of a wild-fish, which seems ripe when it is not really so.
φηλητεύω, f. σω, to cheat, deceive, trick. From φηλητής, ov, or φηληττής, οὐ, δ, (φηλός) a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, deceitful, knavisb. Hence φηλόω, f. ὥσω, to deceive, cheat, trick. Hence φήλωμα, ατος, τό, a deceit, deception, cheat.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ἡ, Lat. *fama*, (φημί) a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury.

II. any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song. 2. a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage. 3. like Lat. *fama*, a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character. 4. a message.

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φησί: aor. 2 ἐφην (the impf. being ἐφασκον, see φάσκω), ἐφησθα Ep. φῆσθα, ἐφη; imperat. φάθι; inf. φάναι; part. φάς, φάσα, φάν: fut. φήσω: aor. 1 ἐφήσα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [α], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος. impf. or aor. 2 ἐφάμην: also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms 1 pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίμεν; 3 sing. subj. φῆη for φῆ; aor. 2 φῆν, φῆς, φῆ, for ἐφην, ἐφης, ἐφη, and 3 pl. ἐφον, φάν for ἐφασαν; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:—Ἡμί is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσσω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φῆς. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; ἴσων ἐμοὶ φάσθαι to fancy himself equal to

me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its pronoun, as, ἐφην ἐγὼ said I; ἐφη δ Σωκράτης said Socrates: φημί is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, ἐφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάς, etc.

II. φημί often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to οὐ φημι or φημί οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.
φημιζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰω Dor. ἰζω: aor. 1 ἐφήμισα: (φήμη):—to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words.

φήμις, ιος, ἡ, poet. for φήμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δῆμοιο φήμις the voice or judgment of the people.

φήν, Ep. for ἐφην, aor. 2 of φημί.
φήναι, aor. 1 inf. of φάινω.

φήναι, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of φάινω.
ΦΗΝΗ, ἡ, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, δ, gen. φηρός, Aeol. for θήρ, esp. in plur. Φήρες, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνης, ἐς, gen. έος, (φήρ, μανῆναι) madly fond of wild animals or hunting.

φῆς, 2 sing. of φημί: but 2. φῆς, Ep. for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαῖν, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of φθάνω. [α]

φθάν, Ep. for ἐφθασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

ΦΘΑΨΝΩ: fut. φθήσονται, later also φθάσω [α]:

aor. 1 ἐφθασα: aor. 2 ἐφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἐφθασαν, subj. φθῶ, Ep. 3 sing. φθῆη and φθῆσιν, Ep. 1 pl. φθῶμεν, 3 pl. φθέσιν, opt. φθαῖν, inf. φθῆναι, part. φθάς: pf. ἐφθάκα: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. φθάμενος [α]: Dor. fut. φθαζῶ; aor. 1 ἐφθαξα. To come before, to, reach before; δ φθάσας the first comer; φθάνειν εἰς τὴν πόλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. *praevenire*; and sometimes simply to arrive; ἐφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, ἐφθῃ βαλὼν αὐτόν he was beforehand in striking him; ἡ κε πολὺν φθαῖν πόλιν ἀλοῦσα the city would be beforehand in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first. II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; ἐφθην ἀπικύμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλος φθὰς ἐμεῦ καθήγορος ἔσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσπεσούμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσας with imperat., λέγε φθάσας speak quickly.

III. φθάνειν with οὐ and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, οὐ φθάνει εξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς θυμὸς ἔσται no sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὐκ ἐφθῃ μοι συμβάσας ἢ ἀντιχάει καὶ εὐθὺς πεχεύεισαν scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they attempted. IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω de-

notes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθεῖρω.
φθαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθεῖρω, corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.

φθᾶς, φθᾶσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.
ΦΘΕΓΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. 1 ἐφθεγγάμην: pf. ἐφθεγγαί: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, that which uttered the sound, the voice. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἕως to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.
φθέλομεν, Ep. for φθέμεν, φθώμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.
φθειρώω, f. ἄσω, (φθεῖρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τράγελος, f. ἡσω, (φθεῖρ, τραγέιν) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθεῖρ.

φθεῖρω: fut. φθεῖρω Ep. φθέρω: aor. 1 ἐφθεῖρα: pf. ἐφθάρκα, pf. 2 ἐφθαρα: Pass. pf. ἐφθαρημαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάρηται: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [ᾱ]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθέρειν was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερεῖ-γενής, ἐς, (φθεῖρω, γένος) destroying the race or family.

φθέμεν, φθώσω, Ep. for φθώμεν, φθώσω, 1 and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἐφθῆ, 3 sing aor. 2 of φθάνω.
φθῆη, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.
φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.
φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.
φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, ας, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Pthia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [Ὶ]

Φθιάς, ἁδω, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Pthibian woman.
φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.
Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Pthia. [Ὶ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Pthia. [Ὶ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [Ὶ]

φθίνάς, ἁδω, ἡ, (φθίω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [Ὶ]

φθινάω and φθίνω, (φθίω) to waste or pine.
φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.
φθινόπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινόπωρον) autumnal.

φθινόπωρλις, ἰδος, fem. of φθινόπωρινός.
φθινό-ἔσπωρον, τό, (φθίω, ἔσπωρα) the last part of ἔσπωρα or the time after ἔσπωρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθινύσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [Ὶ]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II. trans. to consume, waste. [Ὶ]

ΦΘΙΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [Ὶ]

φθίωμαι, Ep. for φθιάμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.
Φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Pthian; οἱ Φθίοι, the Pthibians.
φθίσασθαι [Ὶ], fut. med. inf. of φθίω.

φθισ-ήνωρ, ορας, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίω, ἀνήρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίω.

φθισίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίω, βρότος) man-destroying.
φθίσω, εως, ἡ, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [Ὶ]

φθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: but, 2. φθίτο [Ὶ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; οἱ φθιτοὶ the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. ἐφθίων, more common in form ΦΘΙΩΝ [Ὶ Hom., Ὶ Att.]: fut. φθίσομαι [Ὶ]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμην: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [Ὶ]:—but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίω: subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), 1 pl. φθίμεσθαι (for φθίμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτο; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθίμενος [Ὶ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; οἱ φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν νῦν φθίτο first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἱσταμένους and μὴν φθίνων; in phrase, τοῦ μὴν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decades, μὴν ἱσταμένους, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die.

II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [Ὶ], aor. 1 act. ἐφθίσα (like βήσω, βήσα):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ου, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Pthia:—fem. Φθιώτις, ἰδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Pthia.

φθογγή, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of men: also the voice of animals.

φθογγός, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.*

ΦΘΟΥΣ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοῖς, *a kind of cake.*

φθονερός, ἄ, ὄν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πᾶν ἔστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous.* Adv. φθονερώς *ἐχέειν to be enviously disposed.*

φθονέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήσην: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσῃς bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οὐ τοι ἡμῶν φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy.* 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἕνα τῆς τε Ἀσίης καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεύσαι *they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe.* 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invidetur (in Horace). Hence φθόνῃσις, εὖς, ἡ, an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.*

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυσον, intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.*

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθορα) *corruption, decay: destruction, ruin: also a mortality, perdition, death.* 2. *seduction of a woman.* II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness.*

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἀπεί]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i. e. go bang.* II. like δλεθρος, *a pestilent fellow.*

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, Ἄρεος φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaphor for ἀσπίς a shield.*

φιάλλω, f. φιάλῳ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

φισρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. φισρός, ἡ, ὄν (πισρ) *sleek, plump.*

φιβάλεσι Att. φισάλεφ, αἰ, with or without ἰσχάδες, *a kind of early figs, so called from Φισαλῖς, a district of Attica or Megaris.*

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward.*

φιλ-ἀγάθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness.*

φιλ-ἀγάδος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγάδος) *loving splendour.*

φιλ-ἀγραυλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραυλος) *fond of a country life.* [ἀγρ]

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀγρᾱ) *a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἰδος, a huntress.*

φιλ-ἀγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life.*

φιλ-ἀγρυνπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρυνπος) *fond of waking or watching, wakeful.* [ἀγρ]

φιλ-ἀγων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests.* [ἀ]

φιλ-ἀδελφία, ἡ, *brotherly or sisterly love.* From

φιλ-ἀδελφος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) *fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly.* [ἀ]

φιλ-ἀεθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀεθλον) *fond of the games.*

φιλ-ἀθηναῖος, ὄν (φίλος, Ἀθηναῖος) *fond of the Athenians.*

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αἰακτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάω) *fond of wailing: lamentable.*

φιλ-αἰδῶμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (φίλος, αἰδῶς) *loving modesty.*

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty.*

φιλαίτερος, α, ὄν and φιλαίτατος, η, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest.*

φιλ-αἰτιος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious.* II. *liable to blame.*

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following.*

φιλ-ἀκράτος Ion -ἀκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine.* [ἀκρ]

φιλᾶμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλᾶμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἀμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀμπελος) *friend of the vine.*

φιλανδρία, ἡ, *love for a husband: love for men.* From

φιλ-ἀνδρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνῆρ) *loving one's husband, conjugal.* II. *loving men.* [r]

φιλ-ανθήs, ἐs, (φίλος, ἄνθος) *fond of flowers.*

φιλ-ανθράκευς, ἐως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers.*

φιλανθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπεύομαι, to act humanely or kindly.*

φιλανθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.*

φιλ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind.* Hence

φιλανθρώπως, Adv. *humanely, kindly: Sup. -ύτατα, most humanely.*

φιλ-ἀνωρ [ᾱ], ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φίληνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνῆρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate.*

φιλ-αοιδός, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰδοῖς) *fond of singing or singers.*

φίλαοιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φίλαοιδός.

φιλ-ἀπεχθημοσύνη, ἡ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts.* From

φιλο-κυνδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, κῦδος) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant*.

φιλο-κυνήγετης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, κυνήγετης) *a lover of hunting or the chase*.

φιλό-κωμος, ου, (φίλος, κῶμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry*.

φιλο-λάκων, ανος, ὁ, (φίλος, δάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians*. [ἀ]

φιλο-λήπρος, ου, ποэт. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήη, λεία) *loving booty*.

φιλό-λινθος, ου, (φίλος, λίνθος) *loving dainties*.

φιλολογία, ἡ, *love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history*. From

φιλό-λογος, ου, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy*. II. *fond of dissertation: fond of learning and literature*, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, ὁ, *a student of language and history, a learned man*.

φιλο-λοιδορος, ου, (φίλος, λοιδορος) *fond of railing, abusive*.

φιλομάθεια, ἡ, *love of knowledge*. [μα] From φιλο-μαθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, μαθεῖν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge*. Adv. -θως.

φιλό-μαντις, εας, ὁ, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying*.

φιλό-μαστός, ου, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast*.

φιλομάχη, ἡ, ἡσιν, *to be fond of fighting, eager to fight*. From

φιλό-μαχος, ου, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike*.

φιλό-ομβριος and φιλο-ομβρος, ου, (φίλος, ὄμβρος) *rain-loving*.

φιλομήλη Ion. -λη, ἡ, *the nightingale*, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ου, of, *belonging to the nightingale*.

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother*.

φιλο-μεδής, ἐς, ποэт. for φιλομεδής, (φίλος, μεδῶν) *laughter-loving, epith. of Venus*.

φιλό-μολπος, ου, (φίλος, μόλη) *loving the dance and song*.

φιλομουσία, ἡ, ἡσιν, (φιλομουσος) *to love the Muses*.

φιλομουσία, ἡ, : φιλομουσία *love of the Muses*.

φιλό-μουσος, ου, (φίλος, Μούσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: reigned, learned*.

φιλο-μῦθος, ου, (φίλος, μῦθος) *fond of fables*.

φιλό-μυμος, ου, (φίλος, μῦμος) *given to find fault, censorious*.

φιλό-μυθος, Dor. for φιλόμυθος.

φιλο-ναῦτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ναῦτης) *loving sailors*.

φιλονεικία, ἡ, ἡσιν, (φιλονεικος) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρην φιλονεικεῖν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy*. Hence

φιλονεικία, ἡ, *love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy*.

φιλό-νεκος, ου, (φίλος, νεκος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate*.

φιλονικία, ἡ, ἡσιν, (φιλονικος) *to strive for victory*. Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory*.

φιλό-νικος, ου, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory*.

φιλο-νύμφιος, ου, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride*.

φιλό-ξενος, ου, ποэт. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος ποэт. -ξενος, ου, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable*. Adv. -ως, *hospitably*.

φιλό-οινος, ου, ποэт. for φίλος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παῖγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive*.

φιλό-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, παῖς) *loving one's children, loving boys*.

φιλο-πατρία, (φίλος, πατρίς) *love of one's country*.

2. (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father*.

φιλό-πατρις, ιδος, ἡ, acc. -πατρην, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country*.

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father*.

φιλό-πλεκτος, ου, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly twined*.

φιλό-πλοος, ου, contr. -πλους, ου, (φίλος, πλοος) *fond of sailing*.

φιλό-πλος, ου, (φίλος, πλος) *loving arms or war*.

φιλοπλουτία, ἡ, *love of riches*. From

φιλό-πλουτος, ου, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches; φιλοπλουτος ἔμυλλα the race for wealth*.

φιλο-ποιήμιος, ου, (φίλος, ποιήμι) *loving the poet*.

φιλο-πόλεμος ποэт. φιλοπτόλεμος, ου, (φίλος, πολέμος) *fond of war, warlike*. Adv. -μως.

φιλό-πολις, εας and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ; acc. -ον; ποэт. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις:—*loving one's city, state or country*: as Subst., φιλόπολις, ὁ, α, γαίτης: φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολις ρατσισμός:—2: Athens, φιλοπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονία, ἡ, ἡσιν, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονεῖν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry*.

φιλοπονία, ἡ, *love of bad men*. From

φιλο-πόνηρος, ου, (φίλος, πονηρία) *fond of bad men*.

φιλοπονία, ἡ, (φιλοπονία) *love of labour, industry*.

φιλό-ποντος, ου, (φίλος, πόντος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious*. II. *of things, troublesome, laborious*.

Adv. -ως, *laboriously*: Comp. -ωτερον: Sup. -ωτατα.

φιλοποσία, ἡ, *love of drinking, drunkenness*, Lat. vinolentia. From

φιλο-πόσις, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a drunkard*. Lat. vinolentus.

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, *readiness, readiness, officious interference, meddlingness*. From

φιλο-πράγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πρᾶγμα) *fond*

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπράγμων, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv.—μόνον.

φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From

φιλο-προσῆγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσῆγορος) easy of address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σαι, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πυλάμιος, ον, poet. for φιλοπύλαμος.

φιλό-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλο-σπυριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (φίλος, σπύρα) a lover of autumn fruits.

φιλό-όργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλό-ὀρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὀρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλό-ορμιστέρα, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves the harbour.

φιλό-ορνιθία, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλό-ορνις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds: sheltering, harbouring birds.

φιλο-ὀρέξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥάξ) loving or bearing grapes.

φιλό-ὀρνυξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΑΟΣ, η, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear, Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ, Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kinsmen, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing; φίλον ἔστι μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. cordi est. 4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ Ἀλθαίῃ χυόμενος κῆρ enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour. II.

In Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλος, loving, friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness. φίλος has several forms of Comparison: I. Comp. φιλιώω, ον: Sup. φιλιώτος, η, ον. 2. Comp. φιλτερος: Sup. φιλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος, Sup. φιλαίτατος. φιλό-σιτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agricultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating. φιλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered. φιλο-σκήπτων, ἄνωος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκῆπτω) loving or carrying a staff. φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or haunting the rocks. φιλο-σκώμμων, ον, gen. ἄνωος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving a jest.

φιλοσοφῆω, f. ἦσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλόσοφος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge; study hard, Lat. philosophari. II. c. aoc. rei, to discuss or examine a subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφῆσαι to seek out a philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτιον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom. φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφῶ) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar (οἱ πολλοί) 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philosophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπηλυξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπηλυξ) fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal, zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns, wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv.—ῥως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From

φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv.—ῥως.

φιλο-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving, indulging the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος [ᾱ], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τεκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children or offspring.

φιλοτεχνῶ, f. ἦσω, to love art, practise an art. From

φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φιλέτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendship, love, affection: also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φιλότης) of friendship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτήσια κύλιξ, or absol. ἡ φιλοτήσια (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτήσιον λαβεῖν to have one's health drunk; φιλοτήσιον προτίθεναι to drink a health.

φιλοτιμέομαι: fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. i med. ἐφιλοτιμήσῃ, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθῃ: pf. πεφιλοτιμήμαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinction; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat. i.

φιλοτιμεῖσθαι τι or πρὸς τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμεῖσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάντων ἀν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλων σοι χρηθῆναι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φιλοτιμία Ion. -λη, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φίλο-τιμος, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φίλο-φθογγος, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

φίλο-φίλος, ον, loving one's friends.

φίλο-φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμυξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φίλο-φρονέομαι: f. med. ἡσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσαμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φίλο-φρων):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθημι, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, ον, Comp. of φίλοφρων.

φιλοφροσύνη, ἡ, (φίλοφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυνος, η, ον, = φίλοφρων.

φίλο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρόνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φίλο-χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

φίλο-χορος, ον, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φιλοχρημδέω, f. ἥσω, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρημδία, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

φίλο-χρήματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φίλο-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φίλο-χριστος, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

φίλο-χρῦσος, ον, (φίλος, χρῦσός) greedy of gold.

φιλοχωρέω, f. ἥσω, (φίλοχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot. Hence

φιλοχωρία, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.

φίλο-χωρος, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

φίλο-ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐως, (φίλος, ψεύδης) fond of

lies or lying.

φίλο-ψογος, ον, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φίλοψυχέω, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

φίλοψυχία Ion. -λη, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φίλο-ψύχος, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χος.

φίλτατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

φίλ-υβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύδρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ὑδρής) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [Υ]

φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [Υ]

ΦΙΛΑΤΡΑ Ion. φίλῦρη, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat.

philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [Υ]

φιλῦρνος, η, ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [Υ]

φίλο-ψδός, ὄν, (φίλος, ψῆς) fond of singing or song.

φίλο-ωρείτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλως, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [Υ]

ΦΙΜΟΨ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φίμα, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. capistrum, fiscella. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached.

III. a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. fritillus. Hence

φίμω, f. ὤσω: aor. I pass. ἐφίμωθην: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle;

φίμωσιν τῷ ξύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillow: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass. φίμωσθαι to be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟΨ, ὁ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτν, τό, poet. contr. for φίτνμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

φίτνμα, ατος, τό, (φίτν) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φίτν-ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (φίτν, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φίτνσσαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φιτνῶ.

φίτνῶ, f. ὤσω [Υ]: aor. I ἐφίτνσα: (φίτν) = φν-τεῖν, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἐφλάθον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόρατ and φλαττοβραττοφλαττόρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαύρος, α, ον, collat. form of φαῖλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, ἡ, = φαυλότης.

φλαυρ-ούργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly: φλαυρούργος, ὁ, a sorry workman.

φλαύρως, Adv. of φλαῦρος, badly, meanly; φλαύρως ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρως ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΨΩ, 3 sing. impf. φλα: f. φλάσω [α] Dor. φλάσσω: aor. I ἐφλάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφλάσθην: pf. πέφλασμαι:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, heat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, heat. 2. pblegm, Lat. pituita.

φλεγμαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐφλέγμανα and ἐφλέγμην: (φλέγμα):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Pblegra; Φλέγρας πεδῖον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγγραῖος, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Pblegra, Pblegraeon.

φλεγυρός, α, ὄν, (φλέγω) like φλογυρός, burning, scorching: metaph. bot, ardent.

φλεγυάς, ον, ὁ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

ΦΛΕΪΤΩ, fut. φλέω: aor. I ἐφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, ονος, and φλεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babler.

ΦΛΕΨΙΣ, εως, ἡ, name of an unknown bird.

φλέψ, ἡ, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water.

ΦΛΕΨΩ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, ω, ὁ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνᾶφος, f. ἡσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνᾶφος, ὁ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ΦΛΙΓΑ΄, ἡ, in plur. φλιαί, the doorposts, jambs.

φλίβω, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [Γ]

φλόγεις, α, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογυρός, α, ὄν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming. φλογίζω, f. ἴσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγιος, η, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.

φλογιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, ὁ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation.

φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing.

φλογ-ώδης, ες, (φλόξ, εἶδος) like flame, fiery bot.

φλογ-ώπός, ὄν, (φλόξ, ὄψ) fiery-looking, flaming.

φλόγωσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογώω) burning heat.

φλογ-ώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, ἡ, = φλογωπός.

φλόβινος, η, ον, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the water-pliant φλοῦς or φλέως; ἐσθῆτες φλόβιναι garments made of φλοῦς, mat-garments.

φλοιός, ὁ, (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοῖστος, ὁ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ἡ, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα ἐγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine: pl. φλώγεις, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, ὁ, Ion. for φλέω.

φλυᾶρέω Ion. φλυγρ-: f. ἡσω: (φλυᾶρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυᾶρία, ἡ, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλυᾶρος, ὁ, (φλίω) silly talk, foolery. II. a

silly talker, prater.

φλύκταινα, ἡ, (φλίω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυᾶρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [ψ]: aor. I ἐφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματα' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνέι, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβᾶσθης, Dor. for φοβηθῆς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκες, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, α, ὄν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλῆθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὄρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἐστι] μή there is reason to dread that ... II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid. 2. caused by fear, panic: anxious.

φοβερός, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβέσι-στράτη, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατ'ς) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβούμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians.

III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, *ikos*, δ, ἡ, also fem. φοῖνισσα, Adj. *purple-red, purple or crimson, red*; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοινίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοῖνιος, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (φοινός) *blood-red*: hence *blood-stained, bloody*, Lat. *cruentus*: also *warlike*.

Φοῖνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman.

II. φοῖνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Adj.) φοῖνίσσω, f. ζω: aor. I pass. ἐφοίνισθην: (φοινός): —to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, blush.

φοινός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) *blood-red*: *blood-stained, bloody*.

φοιτάλλεος, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (φοιτάω) *straying, ranging, roaming about*: metaph. *distraught, raving, frenzied*. II. act. driving madly about, maddening.

φοιτάλιωτης, ου, δ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes.

II. as Adj. mad or maddening; φοιτὰς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροῖς on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. έω: f. ἡωα: (φοῖτος): —to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖταν ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another.

2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times.

II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεια τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδας φοιτούντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτης σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day.

2. φοιτᾶν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινός. to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again.

3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτης, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτης, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω.

φοιτητήρ, ἦρος, δ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, δ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτῶ, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, δ, a going to and fro.

ness, frenzy.

φολκός, δ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὀλκός) bandy-legged, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλις, εως, ἡ, also δ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *follicis*.

φονάω, f. ἡσω, (φόνος) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, δ; acc. φονέα or φονέα: nom. pl. φονέες, φονεῖς, acc. φονέας: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς, in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to tend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody.

II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνος, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody.

II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λίβης, ές, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, δ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders. 2. blood shed in murder, gore; blood, Lat. *cruur*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χελος, δ, (φοξίς, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὅν, (όξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξός ἔην κεφαλὴν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φερά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment. 3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορά ἀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load; freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*.

3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φοράδην [ᾶ], Adv. (φέρωμαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἀδός, δ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding.

II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, ἡ, (φέρβω) the balter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fiers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

3 sing. Ion. impf. *φράζεσθετο*: fut. *φράσομαι*: aor. I med. *ἐφράσαμην*, pass. *ἐφράσθην*: pf. pass. *πέφραδμαι* and *πέφρασμαι*: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶς *φράζεσθαι* to think differently. 2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him. 3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that. 4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. *φράνός*, Dor. for *φρήν*.
φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of *φράσσω*.
φράξας, ασα, av, aor. I part. of *φράσσω*.
φράσδω, Dor. for *φράζω*.
φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of *φράζω*.
φρασθείς, εἶσα, εν, aor. I pass. part. of *φράζω*.
ΦΡΑ'ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ζω: aor. I *ἐφραφα*: Pass., fut. *φράγήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐφράχθην*: aor. 2 *ἐφράγην* [ᾶ]: pf. *πέφραγμα*:—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as *φάρξασθαι* for *φράξασθαι*, *πέφαγμα* for *πέφραγμα*, *φαρκύς* for *φρακύς*:—to fence in, bedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; *φράζει* δέμας ὅπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., *ἐφράξαντο τὸ τεῖχος* they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass: to be fenced in, fortified; *πραχθέντες* σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. *πεφραγμένους*, fenced, secured.

II. to put up as a fence; *φράξαντες* δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); *φράξαντες* τὰ γέφυρα having put up the shields as a fence. III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, δ, (*φράζω*) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; *φραστήρ* ὁδῶν a man who tells one the way, a guide:—*φραστήρες* ὀδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, δ, (*φράζω*) = *φραστήρ*.

φράττηρ, ερος, or *φράτωρ*, ορος, δ, (*φράτρα*) a member of a *φράτρα*: pl. *φράτερες* or *φράτορες* those of the same *φράτρα* or ward, Lat. *curiales*; *εἰσάγειν τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας* to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφυσε *φράτερας* he has not yet got his *φράτερες*, i. e. he has been entered in no *φρατρία*, is no true citizen, with allusion to *φραστήρες* ὀδόντες (see *φραστήρ*). [ᾶ]

φρατορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (*φράτωρ*) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or *φράτρη* Ion. *φρήτρη* Dor. *πάτρα*, ἡ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; *κρίν' ἀνδρας κατὰ φρήτρας*, *ὡς φρήτρη φρήτρησιν ἀρίστη* choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but, II. at Athens, the subdivision of the *φυλὴ*, as at Rome the *curia* was the subdivision of the *tribus*; every *φυλὴ* consisted of three *φράτραι* or *φρατρίαί*, whose

members were called *φράτερες* or *φράτορες*, as those of a *φυλὴ* were called *φυλῆται*, and at Rome the members of a *tribus*, *tribules*, those of a *curia*, *curiales*. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. *frater*, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φρατρία, ἡ, = *φράτρα*.

φρατριάζω, f. *άσω*, to be in the same *φρατρία*.

φρατρι-άρχης, ου, δ and *φρατρί-αρχος*, δ, (*φρατρία, ἄρχω*) president of a *φρατρία*, Lat. *magister curiae*.

φράτριος, α, ov, (*φράτρα*) of or concerning a *φράτρα*: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary deities of the *phratritiae*. [ᾶ]

φράττω, Att. for *φράσσω*.

φράτωρ, ορος, δ, see *φράττηρ*.

ΦΡΕ'Α'Ρ', τό, gen. *φρείατος*: Ion. *φρείαρ*, gen. *φρείατος*:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat. *puteus*: an oil-jar. Hence *φρεᾶτις*, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεᾶτίας, ου, δ, (*φρέαρ*) of a tank or reservoir.

φρείαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for *φρέαρ*.

φρεν-ᾤπτῶ, f. ἡσω, (*φρήν*, *ἀπατάω*) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρενᾤπατης, ου, δ, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, es, gen. *εος*, (*φρήν*, *ἀρρεῖν*) master of his mind, sound of mind, Lat. *compos mentis*.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding. From

φρενο-βλάβης, es, (*φρήν*, *βλαβῆναι*) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γῆθης, es, (*φρήν*, *γῆθος*) of glad heart, delighting the heart.

φρενο-δύλης, es, (*φρήν*, *δηλέομαι*) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (*φρήν*) = *ἐκ φρενός*, from the heart, heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ov, (*φρήν*, *κλέπτω*) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, ού, δ, (*φρήν*, *ληστές*) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνης, es, (*φρήν*, *μανῆναι*) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρος, Adv. (*φρήν*, *μῶρος*) only found in phrase *φρενομόροι νοσείν* to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγῆς, es, (*φρήν*, *πληγῆναι*) giving a stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ov, (*φρήν*, *πλήσσω*) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἦρος, δ, ἡ, = *φρενοπληκτος*.

φρενο-τέκτων, ov, gen. *ονος*, (*φρήν*, *τέκταν*) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώ, f. *ώσω*, (*φρήν*) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; *φρενοῖν οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων* to teach no longer by riddles; *κλαίω φρενώσεις* *ἔβου* *ἐβαλ* teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ώλης, es, (*φρήν*, *ὀλλυμι*) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕ'Ω, f. *φρήσω*, a root, which is found only in the compds. *ἐκ-φρέω*, *εἰς-φρέω*, *δια-φρέω*.

φρε-αρυχέω, f. φῶω, (φρέω, ἀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, f. gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασίς:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα.

2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστήναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπιβολὴς possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἀπαρς φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly.

3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχὴ (the departed soul).

φρήνη, f. Ion. for φράνη, a clan.

φρήνηρ, Ep. dat. of φρήνη.

φρήνιος, γ. ον, Ion. for φράνιος.

φρίξ [ξ], f. = φρίξ, the rustling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill.

2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.

φρίξ-ώδης, es, (φρίξ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φριξώδης as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. -φριμα: f. -φομαι: Dep.:—to snort, neigh, of horses, to show their mien: to move bristly or wantonly.

φρίξ, f. gen. φρίξος, (φρίσσω) the rustling of a smooth surface, the rustling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φρίξ-όμοις, ου, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίξω, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From

ΦΡΙΞΩ Att. -φρω: f. φρίξω: aor. I φριξα: pf. φέριξα: poet. part. φεφρισμένος formed as if from a redupl. pres. φεφριξω:—to be rough or rustled, to bristle, Lat. borreare, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc. φρισσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; φρεσίν νύττα φεφρισσέντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be rustled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere.

II. often of a feeling of chill, which we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold.

2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to thrill or quiver with delight; ἐφρίξ' ἔπαυ' I thrilled with love.

φροναίεσθαι, f. -άσσω, Dep. (φροίμων) contr. for προνομαίεσθαι, to make a proude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φρομαίεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροίμων, τό, contr. for προφίμων (cp. φρούδος) a proude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέει, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνουν: f. φῶω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστος μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν re best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονόωτες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding.

2. to be in one's sound senses; ἐξω εἰλαίνειν τινὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits.

3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φροῦν ἔπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἰδὲ φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγαθὴ ψυχή this is what your bringing us means.

2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὰ or φίλα φρονεῖν τινι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τινι to be evil minded towards him; τὸ ἀμείνω φρονεῖν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; σωτὴρ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν, to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; στυμφαῖν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπων φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλῃ φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing. IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, αὐτο, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονήμων, ου, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εὐς, f. (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονήτριον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρονήμιος, ου, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady.

III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄνευ φρόνιμου without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, wisely.

φρόνως, εὐς, f. (φρονέω) with understanding.

φρονόωτες, Adv. pres. act prudently.

φροντίζω: f. λω.

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γερήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τίνος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίσης heed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντισκὸς βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind. φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention. φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίω) a place for hard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes. φροντιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (φροντίω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστῆς τῶν μετέωρων or φροντιστῆς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence φροντιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for thinking, thoughtfully, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φρούδος, η, ὄν, also ος, ὄν: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροῖμον from προῖμον):—gone away: I. of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοί [εἰσι] διακονῶντες σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φρούδος εἰ θανάων thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἡ, (φρούρος) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ᾄδειν (sub. ἕνεκά) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαίνω.

φρουραρχία, ἡ, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἄρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρούρησα: Pass., f. med. —ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρουρήθην: (φρουρός):—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρουροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρουρήμα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βοσκύλων φρουρήματα the herdsman's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρουρήμα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship. φρουρο-δῶμος, ὄν, (φρουρός, δῶμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προρός from προοράω, as φρούδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ): a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμεν, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω. φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρυάσσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-σέμνακος, ὄν, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and baughty.

φρυάσσομαι Att. —πτομαι, f. ζομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρυγάνίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. (φρύγα-νον) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρυγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγανον[ον], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta. φρύγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΓΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [r]

Φρύγιος, α, ὄν, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [v] Hence

Φρύγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΓΙΩ [v], also ΦΡΥΓΓΙΩ Att. —ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. ξω: aor. I ἐφρύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγην [v]: pf. πέφρυγμα:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰρῶνται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρυκτωρός) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκταρήθησαν νῆες προσπλέουσai the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἡ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, ὁρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΓΓΗ, ἡ, a toad. [v]

ΦΡΥΓΓΕ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, a Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. —ξάω, fut. of φρύγω.

φρύσσω Att. —ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω.

φῦ, fough! an exclamation of disgust.

φύ, Ep. for φύ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φύα, Dor. for φύη.

φύγαιε, Adv. (φύγῃ) like φύβονδε, to flight; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππους he turned his horse to flight.

φύγαδεύω, f. σω, (φύγας) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φύγαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φύγας) fit for an exile or refugee; φυγαδικὴ προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμης, ον, ὄ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὄ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; κατάγειν φυγάδας to recall the exiles; κατιέναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδα, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for ἐφύγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγέειν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγῃ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγῇ, in busy flight, hastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμνηχανών φυγάς συμπεφρασται he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγὴν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, = φυγάδες, a body of exiles or refugees. φύγησι, Ep. for φύγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω. φύγο-δέμιος, ον, (φυγεῖν, δέμιον) sbunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δικέω, f. ἡσω, (φυγεῖν, δικη) to sbun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation. φύγῶ-ξενος, ον, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) sbunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable. φύγο-πτόλεμος, ον, poet. for φυγοπύλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πτόλεμος) sbunning war, cowardly.

φύγῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν. φυεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) poet. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence φυζακτινός, ἡ, ὄν, flying, shy, scared.

φυζαλέος, α, ον, = φυζακτινός.

φύη Dor. φύά, ἡ, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φύῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω. φύῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φύην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκιος, εσσα, ἐν, (φύκος) full of sea-weed, weedy. φύκιον or φύκιον, τό, (φύκος) sea-weed.

φύκο-γείτων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (φύκος, γείτων) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φύκος, Lat. fucus.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, = φυεκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be sbunned or escaped, that can be escaped. II. sbunned, avoided.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακῃ, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακὰς ἔχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακὰς φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τὰς φυλακὰς καταστήσασθαι to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security.

II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τινα ἐν φυλακῇ to keep in custody:—also φυλακὴν ἔχειν, = φυλάττεσθαι to take heed or care, be cautious; δεινῶς ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῇσι to be straitly on one's guard.

φύλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (φυλακή) to throw into prison.

φύλακος, ὄ, poet. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φυλακτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, = φύλαξ, a guard. Hence φυλακτήριον, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φυλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυλάσσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. II. cautious:—Adv. —κῶς.

φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακες the garrison; also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδὸς a protector of the lad.

φύλαξις, Dor. for φυλάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φύλαρχεω, f. ἡσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From φύλ-αρχος, ὄ, (φύλῃ, ἄρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσεμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΨΣΩ Att.—τω: fut. φυλάξω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχθην: pf. πεφύλαγαμαι. I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard: νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τινα ἀπὸ τινος to guard one from a person or thing. 2. to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν ὅρκια to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν ἔπος to observe a command. III. Med. to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.

πεφυλαγμένοι εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, οὐ, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribulid.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree. φυλλός, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἦδη κατακαρφομένης upon his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; βαφανίδαν φυλλεῖα, radish-tops. φυλλίνος, ἡ, οὐ, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves. φυλλοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves. From φυλλο-βόλος, οὐ, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves. φυλλό-κομος, οὐ, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΑΔΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἷππρ φύλλον γενεή, τοιῆδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers. φυλλόρ-ροος, οὐ, (φύλλον, βέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλαροεῖω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, οὐ, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, οὐ, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἁγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χόεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φύλο-κρίνέω, f. ἦσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds. 3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. III. a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλον, ὁ, (φύω) acc. φύλων or φυλοπιδά:—(φύλον, δῆ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle. φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φυε-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνὴρ) fleeing men. [ᾱ] φύξις, ιος and ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύξιμος, οὐ, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύρμα, ατος, τό, (φύρω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύρώ: f. ᾶω [ᾱ]: aor. 1 ἐφύρᾱσα Ion. -ῆσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐφύράσθην [ᾱ] Ion. -ῆσθην: pf. πεφύρηναι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστὰς φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρω: aor. 1 ἐφύρσα: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφύρθην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [ῶ]: pf. πέφυρμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ῶ]

φύς [ῦ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φύσα, ης, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσήθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσᾶλις and φυσᾶλλις, ιδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustilla. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φυσᾶλος, ὁ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [ῶ]

φύσας, aor. 1 part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [ῦ]

φυσᾶτήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον.

φυσάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δεινὰ φυσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown out, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεῶμενος, Ion. for φυσάμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φύσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a snorting, *snuffing* : αἵματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητέον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.

φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσάμα, atos, τό, a blowing, snorting. From

φυσάω, Ep. part. φύσιων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φύσιγγομαι, Pass. (φύσιγγε) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Megarians, ὀδύναις πεφυσιγγαμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara : cf. φύσιγγε.

φύσι-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, = φυσιογνώμων.

φύσιγγε, ιγγός, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζοος, ov, (φύω, ζωή) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσικός, ἡ, ὅν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φυσιογνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks. φύσιονγνωμονία, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσι-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look. φύσιόω, f. ὤσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud. φύσιόων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

φύσις [ῥ], εως, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing ; φύσις ἀνθρώπων the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis ; φύσις ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature ; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φύς.

4. natural order, nature ; φύσις or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally) ; ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικείται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws ; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature ; so, προδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth ; φύσει by birth. III. a creature ; θνητὴ φύσις mankind ; πόντου εἰνάλια φύσις the creatures of the sea ; θηλεία φύσις woman-kind.

φύσιωσις, εως, ἡ, (φυσιάω) a being puffed up, vanity. φύσκη, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage or black pudding.

φυστήρ or φύστη, ἡ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly. φύστις, εως, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φύτᾶλιά, ἡ, (φυτὸν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρά). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλμιος, ov, (φυτὸς) producing, nourishing, fostering ; fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth ; ἀρα καὶ ἡθὰ φυτάλμιος δυσάλω ; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth ?

φύτεία, ἡ, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a plantation ; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω : but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, atos, τό, (φυτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φυτεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐφύτευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφύτευθην : pf. πεφύτευμαι : (φυτὸν) :—to plant trees or plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρῶ (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget ; ὁ φυτεύσας πατὴρ or ὁ φυτεύσας alone, the father ; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents :—Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees ; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees :—Pass., γῇ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, ὅν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φυτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature : of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φυτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, ov, (φυτὸν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants ; φυτοσκάφος ἄνθρωπος a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ov, (φυτὸν, σπείρω) planting trees :—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπóρος, ὁ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, ὅν, (φυτὸν, *έργω) cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [ῥ] : aor. I ἐφύσα : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow ; τριχας φύειν to make hair grow ; φέειν πτερά to put forth, grow wings ; of a country, φέειν καρπὸν τε θουμαστὸν καὶ ἄνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας, the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρένας φέειν to get understanding ; δόξας φέειν to get or gain reputation.

II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύομαι : the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφύην, inf. φύειν, part. φύς, φύσα, φύν ; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φύνηναι, φύνεις : perf. πέφυκα, plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύκασι for πέφυκάσι, part. πεφυνός, πεφυνός, πεφυνώτος, for πεφυνώης, -κύναι, -κότος : there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφυκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκω ; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφυν for ἐφύσαν: aor. 2 opt. φύην for φύην:—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκῶτα trees growing there. 2. of men, to be begotten or born, μή φύναι νικῆ not to have been born were best:—φύναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφυν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἀνθρώπος πεφυκῶς man according to his nature, as he is.

φῶις, ἰδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φωδός: pl. φάιδες, φῶδες: (φῶς)—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φώκαια Ion. —αἰη, ἦ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαῖεύς Att. —εύς, εως, and Φωκαῖτης, ὁ, a Phocaean: fem. Φωκαῖς, ἰδος, a Phocaean woman. Φωκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian.

ΦΩΚΗ, ἦ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. pboca. Φωκυδός, ἦ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian. Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἰδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλός, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. Adj. (φωλεύς) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear.

φωλεύς, ὁ, Ep. for φωλέος. ΦΩΛΕΟΨ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλέω, f. ἥσω, (φωλεύς) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole.

φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωνᾶσαι, Dor. for φωνῆσαι, aor. I inf. of φωνέω.

φωνασκέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἦ, practice of the voice.

φωνασκός, ὄν, (φωνή, ἀσκέω) practising the voice.

φωνεύντες, φωνεύντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήεντα. II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, address, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ, ἦ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνὴν ῥηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνᾶντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνᾶντα συνεροῖσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἀφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φῶνῃ) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφώνησα, aor. I of φωνέω.

ΦΩΡ, ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωράσι, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρῶν λιμήν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἦς, ἦ, (φώρ) a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά)—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a thief: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωρᾶσθαι κλέπτης ὢν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη εξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φώρη, Ion. for φώρα.

φωριδμός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, ὄν, poet. for φώριος, stolen.

φώριος, ὄν, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτᾶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνὴρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φῶος.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ὄν, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2.

φωσφόροι κύρια, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἀγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἀγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἦ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light.

φωτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

X, χ, χῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but .X = ^a

600,000: also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of χ, esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as ὀρνίχος for ὀρνίθος. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κίθων κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών χύτρα. III. put before λ, as χλαῖνα for λαῖνα, χλιαρός for λιαρός.

Like φ, χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in φαῖδχίτων.

χάδε, Ep. for ἐχάδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδειν Ep. χᾶδειν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

ΧΑ'ΖΩ, Ep. fut. κεκάδῃσω: Ep. aor. 2 κέκαδον, for κέκαδον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσσομαι: aor. I ἐχάσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσαστο, Ep. part. χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκαδύμεντο for κεκαδύοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκαδύμην:—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., ὥσπερ χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from: πύλας χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι ἐτάροις εἰς ἔθνος to retire into the troop of his companions. 3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

ΧΑΪΝΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., ΧΑ'ΣΚΩ, ἐχασκον being used instead: fut. χᾶνούμαι: aor. 2 ἐχᾶνον: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:—to yawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χᾶνοι εὐρεία χθών then may earth yawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, yawn.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or yawn from weariness or in eager expectation; ἄνω κερχίνεαι to look gaping up; οἱ κερχινύτες gapers, starers: χάσκειν πρὸς τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρὸς τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. bescere, c. acc.; δεινὰ ῥήματα κατὰ τινος χανεῖν to speak fowl words against any one.

ΧΑΤΟΣ, a, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαίρετις, f. σω, (χαίρε) to greet. Hence

χαίρετισμός, ου, ὁ, a greeting.

χαίρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like ἀλγηδών.

χαίρη, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίρουσα, Dor. for χαίρουσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω.

ΧΑΪΡΩ: f. χαίρησθαι Ep. κεχάρησθαι: pf. κεχάρηκα, Ep. part. κεχάρῃς:—Med., fut. χάρουμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐχάρημην, 3 sing. χήρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχάρῃμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχάροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κεχάρηιτο, κεχαροῖατο: Pass., in same sense as

Act., fut. χάρησομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχάρησομαι: aor. 2 ἐχάρην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. χάρη, opt. χάρειν, inf.

χάρημαι, part. χάρεις: pf. κεχάρημαι, later ἐχόρημαι: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. κεχάρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; χαίρειν νόῳ to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., χαίρω ἀκούσας I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; χαίρεις ὧν φῶς thou rejoicest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., χαίρω is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., οὐ χαίρησεις thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρων with impunity; οὐ χαίροντες ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. χαῖρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, hail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., χαίρων τί fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. χαίρειν, in phrase χαίρειν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαίρε; προσειπὼν τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Κύρος Κνωζάρη χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, saluitem dicit.

2. in bad sense, χαίρειν εἶν or κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλὰ χαίρειν εἰπὼν τι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαίρετω, like ἐπρέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

ΧΑΪΤΗ, ἡ, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. juba.

II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαϊτήεις Dor. -αῖς, εσσα, εν, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαίτη, hair, the plume of a helmet.

χαλά, ἡ, Dor. for χηλή.

ΧΑ'ΛΑΖΑ, ἡς, ἡ, bail: a hail-shower, hail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle.

Hence

χάλαζω, to hail. II. to have pimples or tubercles. χαλαζ-επίης, ἐς, (χάλαζα, ἐπος) burling abuse as thick as hail.

χάλαζ-ῆεις Dor. -αῖς, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like hail, thick as hail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βολέω, f. ἦσα, (χάλαζα, βαλεῖν), to strike with hail.

χάλαίνω, poet. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (χαλάω) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρὰ κοτυληδών a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χάλαρότης, ἡ, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑ'ΛΛ'Ω: f. ᾶω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐχάλασα Ep. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάσας; pf. ἐχάλασσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχάλασθην: pf. κεχάλασμαι: I. transit.

to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλᾶν τόξα to unstring the bow; ἥντας χαλᾶν to slack the reins; χαλᾶν πύδα to slack the sheet of the sail.

2. to let down, let fall or droop; μέτοπον χαλᾶν to

the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλᾶν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol., like εἶκειν, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖστί, Adv. in the Chaldaean tongue.

χαλ-ειμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάμην: (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τινί to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπήναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.

χαλεπήρης, ἑς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟΨ [ᾱ], ἡ, ὡν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπὰ hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep. II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry: οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitter enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ητος, ἡ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπῶ, Dor. for χαλεποῦ, gen. of χαλεπός.

χαλεπῶς, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegré. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegré, graver ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπός.

χαλί-κρᾶτος Ion. χαλί-κρητος, ον, (χάλις, κερᾶν-νυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιν-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινός, ἄγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χαλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλᾶω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδοκεῖν to chomp the bit; χαλινὸς δίδοναι to give a horse the rein. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινὸς the curb imposed by Jove.

χαλινῶω, f. ὥσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χαλινώσις, εως, ἡ, a bridling. [Γ]

χαλινωτήρια, τά, (χαλινῶω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΪΣΤΗ, ἱκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ᾱ]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλᾶω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, fligbty, silly. Hence

χαλιφροσύνη, ἡ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χαλί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, φρῆν) light-minded, fligbty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-άρματος, ον, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, ες, gen. εως, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεύω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, ον Ion. χαλκήσις, η, ον, poet. for χάλκεος, (χαλκός) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἐλάτος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) poet. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολός, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-ἐμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἑς, (χαλκός, ἐντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεό-πεζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκεό-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, ὅπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἐη, εον, also εως, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὖν: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ήιος, η, ον: (χαλκός):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεύς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἱστάναι τινά to raise a brassen statue to one. 2. metaph., like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i.e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἑς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i.e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) a worker in copper, α

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a *worker in metal, smith*, even of a *goldsmith*; esp. a *blacksmith*.

χαλκευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a *forger*.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὡν, of or for the *brasier* or his art: *skilled in metal-working*: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the *smith's art* or *trade*.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὡν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of *copper* or *metal*.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to *make of copper* or of *metal*, to *forge*:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a *smith*, work as a *smith*, ply the *hammer* or *forge*; τὸ χαλκεύειν the *smith's art*.

χαλκεῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a *forge, smithy*.

χαλκιδών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χαλκός) *chalcedony*, name of a gem like an *onyx*.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκεῖον.

χαλκήιος, ἡ, ὡν, Ion. for χαλκεῖος.

χαλκ-ῆλατος also χαλκ-ἔλατος, ὡν, (χαλκός, ἔλαυνω) forged out of *brass*, of *beaten brass*.

χαλκήρης, ἐς, gen. εως, (χαλκός, ἀρκεῖν) furnished with *brass*: of *spears* and *arrows*, tipped with *brass*.

χαλκί-οικος, ὡν, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a *brass house* or *shrine*.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a *copper utensil, vessel, implement*. 2. *copper money, copper coin*.

χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a *bird of prey*.

Χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *Chalcis*, a city in *Euboea*, said to have its name from neighbouring *copper-mines*.

χαλκοάρης, ἐς, gen. εως, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [α]

χαλκο-βάρης, ἐς, gen. εως, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with *brass*.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βάτης, ἐς, gen. εως, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on *brass*, with *foundation of brass*, with *brass base*.

χαλκο-βόας, ὡν, ὁ, (χαλκός, βοή) with *voice of brass*.

χαλκο-γένειος, ὡν, (χαλκός, γένειον), and χαλκο-γένυς, υ, gen. υος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with *teeth of brass*.

χαλκο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλῶχis) with *point* or *barbs of brass*.

χαλκο-δαϊδάλλω, ὡν, (χαλκός, δαϊδάλλω) inlaid with *brass*. II. act. working in *brass*.

χαλκο-δάμῃς, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. *sharpening brass*.

χαλκο-δέτος, ὡν, (χαλκός, δέω) *brass-bound*.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκο-θώραξ, with *brass breastplate*.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνήμις) with *greaves of brass*.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in *brass armour*.

χαλκό-κροτος, ὡν, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with *brass*: of *horses, brass-boofed*. II. *beaten* or *forged of brass*.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing *brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, οὐ, ὁ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with *girdle of brass*.

χαλκό-νωτος, ὡν, (χαλκός, νῶτος) *brass-backed*.

χαλκο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (χαλκός, παγγῆναι) compacted of *brass*.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. —πάρηος, ὡν, (χαλκός, παρεία) with *cheeks* or *sides of brass*, epith. of *helmets*.

χαλκό-πέδος, ὡν, (χαλκός, πέδον) with *floor of brass*.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ὡν, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with *sides of brass*, of an *urn*.

χαλκο-πληθής, ἐς, gen. εως, (χαλκός, πληθος) filled with *brass*, armed all in *brass*.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. —πλακτος, ὡν, (χαλκός, πλῆσσω) forged or welded of *brass*.

χαλκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό; gen. —ποδος (χαλκός, ποῦς):—*brass-footed*, with *brass tramp*. II.

with *steps of brass*, *brassen*.

χαλκό-πύλος, ὡν, (χαλκός, πύλη) with *gates of brass* or *bronze*.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, *brass*, or rather *copper*, Lat. *aes*, called from its colour ἐρυθρός and αἰθωψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκός was used as a name for *metal* in general; and afterwards, when *iron* began to be worked, the word χαλκός was used for σίδηρος. Later, χαλκός was applied to *bronze*, a mixture of *copper* with *tin*, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts.

II. in the Poets, anything made of *brass* or *metal*, esp. of *brass arms*: also a *brass vessel, urn*. χαλκο-σκελής, ἐς, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with *legs of brass*.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ὡν, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with *brass*.

χαλκό-στομος, ὡν, (χαλκός, στόμα) with *brass mouth*. II. with *edge* or *point of brass*.

χαλκό-τεκτος, ὡν, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of *brass*.

χαλκο-τευχής, ἐς, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in *brass armour*.

χαλκό-τοξος, ὡν, (χαλκός, τόξον) with *brass bow*.

χαλκοτορέω, f. ἤσω, to *form* or *mould* of *brass*. From

χαλκό-τορος, ὡν, (χαλκός, τέρω) wrought of *brass*.

χαλκο-τύπος, ὡν, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working *copper*:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὁ, a *worker in copper, coppersmith*; generally, a *smith*.

2. striking *brass* together, beating the *cymbals*, of the priests of *Cybele*.

II. χαλκοτύπος, ὡν, pass., struck with *brass*, inflicted with *brass arms*.

χαλκο-ούργος, ὁ, (χαλκός, *έργω) a *coppersmith*.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. from χαλκεος. II.

as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὁ, a *copper coin*, somewhat less than a *farthing*.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ὡν, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with *brass* or *copper*. [φα]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ὡν, ὁ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in *brass armour*.

χαλκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) *brass-coated, brass-clad*.

χαλκό-χυτος, *ον*, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκῶω, *φ. ὤσω*, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:—*aor. I. pass. part. χαλκωθείς*, clad in brass. II. to make in brass or bronze.

χαλκῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (χαλκῶω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χαλυβδικός, *ή, ὄν*, (χάλυψ) of steel; τό χαλυβδικόν steel.

χάλυβος, *ὁ*, poet. for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, ὕβος, *ὁ*, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as

appellat., χάλυψ, ὕβος, *ὁ*, bardened iron, steel.

χαμάδης [μά], *Adv. (χαμαί)* poet. for χαμᾶζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμᾶζε, *Adv. (χαμαί)* to the ground, on the ground, Lat. *bumi*.

χαμᾶθεν, *Adv. (χαμαί)* from the ground.

ΧΑΜΑΙ, *Adv. on the earth, on the ground.* 2. like χαμᾶζε, Lat. *bumi*, to the ground, to earth.

χαμαί-γενής, *ἐς, gen. ἐος*, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.

χαμαί-ευνάς, *ἀδος, poet. fem. of sq. [αἶ metri grat.]*

χαμαί-εύνης, *ον, ὁ*, (χαμαί, εἶνῃ) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [αἶ metri grat.]

χαμαίζηλος, *ον*, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground; generally, low: ὁ χαμαίζηλος (sub. δίφρος), a low stool.

II. metaph. fond of mean things, humble; τό χαμαίζηλον humility.

χαμαικοιτέω, *φ. ἤσω*, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χαμαί-κοίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χαμαίλεχής, *ἐς, gen. ἐος*, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαί-κοίτης.

χαμαί-λέων, *οντος, ὁ*, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαίπετέω, *φ. ἤσω*, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαίπετοῖσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χαμαί-πετής, *ἐς*, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαίπετής πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleeping on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.

χαμαίπετοῖσα, *Dor. for χαμαίπετοῖσα*, part. fem. of χαμαίπετέω.

χαμαί-τυπεῖον, *τό*, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brotbel.

χαμ-ερπής, *ἐς*, (χαμαί, ἔρπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χαμ-εὐνή, *ή, for χαμαίεὐνή*, (χαμαί, εἶνῃ) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead.

χαμ-εὐνίς, *ιδος, ή*, (χαμαί, εἶνῃ) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χαμηλός, *ή, ὄν*, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμῶθεν, *Adv. (χαμαί)* later form for χαμᾶθεν, from the ground.

χαμψαί, *ον*, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.

χάν, *ή*, *Dor. for χήν*, a goose.

Χανααῖος, *α, ον*, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—as Subst., Χανααῖος, *ὁ*, a Canaanite; Χανααῖα, *ή*, a Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτης.

χανδάνω, *fut. χείσομαι*: *aor. 2* ἐχάδον *Ep. χάδον*: *pf. with pres. sense κέχανθα*: *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχάνθει*:—to bold, take in, comprise, contain, ἐξ μέτρα χανδανε κρητήρ the bowl held six measures: οὐκ ἐδυνήσατο πάσας αλγυαλδς νήας χανδέειν the beach could not bold all the ships.

χανδόν, *Adv. (χαῖνω)* gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χάνειν, *aor. 2 inf. of χαῖνω*.

χάνοι [ᾶ], *3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαῖνω*.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [ᾶ], *εος, τό*, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χᾶος, *ὄν*, like χᾷος, genuine, true, good.

χᾶρά, *ή*, (χαρήναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρᾶ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χᾶράδρα *lon. χαράδρη, ή*, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρρος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. *torrens*.

II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

χᾶραδραῖος, *α, ον*, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χᾶραδριός, *ὁ*, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χᾶραδρόω, *φ. ὤσω*: *Pass., aor. I* ἐχαράδρῶθην: *pf. κεχαράδρωμαι*: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—*Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρα κεχαράδρωμένη* a country intersected with ravines.

χᾶράκω, *φ. ὤσω*, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χᾶρακτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a thing. 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ἀνδρῶν οὐδεὶς χαρακτήρ ἐμπεφυκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χᾶρακτός, *ή, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw.

χᾶράκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (χαράκω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. *vallum*.

χᾶράκωσις, *εος, ή*, (χαράκω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, *ἄκος, ὁ*, also ή, (χαράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. *vallus*: hence 2.

collectively, a place *paled in*, a *fortified camp*, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑΡΑΨΣΩ Att. —*πτω*: f. *ω*: aor. I *ἐχάραξα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχαράχθην*: pf. *κεχόραγμα*:—to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρηται, aor. I inf. pass. of *χαίρω*.

χάρησσομαι, later fut of *χαίρω*.

χάρϊ-δότης, *ὁ*, *ὅ*, (*χάρις*, *δίδωμι*) *he that gives joy or grace*.

χάρις, *χαρίεσσα*, *χαρίεν*, gen. *εντος*: (*χάρις*):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant.

II. in Att., *χαρίεις* was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; *οἱ χαρίεντες* men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written *χάριεν*. Hence

χαριεντίζομαι, f. —*ίζομαι* Att. —*ιούμαι*: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest: *σπουδῇ χαριεντίζεσθαι* to jest in earnest.

χαρίεντως, Adv. of *χαρίεις*, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χαρί-εργός, *ὁ*, (*χαίρω*, *ἔργον*) *delighting in the arts*, epith. of Minerva.

χαρίζομαι: fut. med. —*ίζομαι* Att. —*ιούμαι*, also f. pass. —*ισθήσομαι*: aor. I *ἐχαρισάμην* and *ἐχαρίστην*: pf. *κεχάρισμαι* both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (*χάρις*):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; *χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι* to indulge one's body.

II. c. acc. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; *χαρίζεσθαι ἄλλοιων* to give freely of what does not belong to one; *ταμίη χαριζομένη παρεόντων* the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; *τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχάριστο* it was done to please the Euboeans.

2. pf. part. *κεχαρισμένος*, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; *ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένῃ θυμῷ* most welcome to my heart; *κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν* he came welcomed for, was welcome.

χαρίη, Dor. for *χαρίσει*, 2 sing. fut. of *χαρίζομαι*.

χάρις [α], ἡ, gen. *χάριτος*: acc. *χάριν* or *χάριτα*: plur. *χάριτες*, dat. pl. *χάρμι* Ep. *χαρίτεσσι* poet. also *χάρισσι*: (*χαίρω*):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*: 1.

outward grace, grace, loveliness; *χάριν καταχευαί τι* to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm.

II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases *χάριν εἰδέναι* to feel gratitude; *χάριν ὀφείλειν* to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; *χάριν* or *χάρμιτα καταθεσθαι* *τινὶ* to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i. e. earn his thanks; *χάριν λαμβάνειν* to receive thanks.

3. influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; *χάριτι πλεῖον ἢ φόβῳ* more by favour than fear.

III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; *χάριν φέρειν* *τινὶ* to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, *χάριν θέσθαι*, *νέμειν*, *δρᾶσαι* to confer a grace, favour, kindness.

IV. a gratification, delight; *φορμυγος* from the harp. 2. *δαίμονων χάρις* *δομαί* or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; *εὐταΐα χάρις* a gift in consequence of a vow.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. *χάριν*, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, *χάριν Ἑκτορος* for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., *τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάριν* for the sake of the Athenians:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., —*ἐνεκα*, Lat. *gratia*, *causa*, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, *ἐμὴν χάριν*, *σὴν χάριν* for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea*, *tua gratia*.

2. *εἰς χάριν* *τινὸς* to do one a pleasure; *πρὸς χάριν* *λέγειν* *τινὶ* to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, *πρὸς χάριν* *ἐμᾶς σαρκὸς* for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it. 3. *ἐν χάριτι* *κρίνειν* *τινὰ* to decide from partiality to one.

4. *διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι* or *γίγνεσθαι* *τινα* to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one.

VI. in Mythology, αἱ *Χαρίτες* the *Charitēs* or *Graces*, were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, *Αἰδία*, *Εὐφροσύνη*, *Θάλια*.

χάρισμα, *ατος*, τό, (*χαρίζομαι*) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χαρίσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of *χαρίζομαι*. *χαριστήριος*, *ὁ*, (*χαρίζομαι*) in token of thanksgiving.

II. as Subst., *χαριστήριον*, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ *χαριστήρια* (sub. *λερά*), *thank-offerings*.

χαρίτια, ἡ, (*χάρις*) a jest, joke.

χαρίτο-βλέφαρος, *ὁ*, (*Χάρις*, *βλέφαρον*) *with eyelids like the Graces*.

χαρίτο-γλωσσέω Att. —*πτέω*, f. ἡ *σω*, (*χάρις*, *γλῶσσα*) to speak to please, glose with the tongue.

χαρίτῳ, f. ὥσα, (*χάρις*) to shew favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be highly favoured.

χαρίτ-ώπης, *ες*, (*χάρις*, *ὥψ*) *graceful of aspect*: fem. *χαριτώπης*, *ἰδος*.

χάρμα, *ατος*, τό, (*χαίρω*) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (*χαίρω*) = *χάρμα*, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (*χάρμα*) joy, delight: in pl. *joys*, *delights*. *χαρμόστινος*, *η*, *ὁ*, (*χάρμη*) *joyful*, *glad*; *χαρμόστινα* *ποιεῖν* to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, (*χάρμα*, *φρῆν*) *gladdening the heart* or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιός, *ὁ*, *ν*, (*χαρά*, *ποιέω*) *causing joy*, *gladdening*.

χάρ-οπός, ἡ, *ὁ*, *ν*, also *ὅς*, *ὁ*, *ν*, (*χαρά*, *ὥψ*) *glad-eyed*, *bright-eyed*: properly it only implied *brightheadness* and *fierceness*: later, it came to mean *light blue* or *grey*, much like *γλαυκός*.

ριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

ς, ου, ὁ, (χαρτᾶσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of papyrus made from the separated layers of the papyrus. *ς, ἡ, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, *delightful, glad-cheerful*.

ιδίς, εως Ion. *ios*, ἡ, Charybdis, a dangerous whirl on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian strait: then generally a whirlpool, gulf: metaph. *eddy rapacious person*, like Lat. *baratrum*.

ἄλ[α], ὄνος, ὁ, Charon, the ferryman of the Styx, from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. χάρωνος.

ζω, f. ἄσσω, Frequentat. of χάσσω, c. acc., to *opening or gaping at or for a thing*.

ἔχασκον, to *gape, yawn*, used as pres. and χαίνω: see χαίνω.

αι, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning hollow, a gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat.

III. any wide space or expanse.

ομαι, f. -ήσονται, Dep. (χαίνω) to *yawn, gape* the mouth.

ομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

ύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

μα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, *ais*.

μενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

το, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

Εἶν, f. ἦσω, to *long, desire, wish much* to do c. inf.: absol. to *wish, desire*. II. c. *crave, want, have need of a thing*.

ι, f. ἴω, like χατέω, to *long for, desire, crave: have need of*: χαρίζειν ἔργοιο to *want or be work*: absol. in part., *one who is in want, a poor person*.

ἡ, and χάτος, εος, τό, *want, need*, = χητίς,

όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with *ling or projecting teeth*. II. χαυλίοδοντες of the crocodile's teeth, *outstanding*, absol., χαυλίοδοντες *sharp, jagged teeth*.

πολίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαῖνος, πολίτης) an open citizen, a *gaping cit.* [I]

πρωκτος, ου, (χαῖνος, πρωκτός) *wide-breeched*.

ι, η, ου, and ος, ου, (χαίτω) *gaping: flaccid, rous*. II. metaph. *loose, foolish, silly*, hence

ης, ητος, ἡ, *looseness, porousness*. II. *folly, vanity*.

σις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνός) a *making loose* or II. metaph. *making a thing light*, *ig its force*.

ειν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

άω, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέω, to *wish* *myself*.

λ: f. χεσούμαι: pf. κέχουδα: aor. I ἔχεσα: χεσον: pf. pass. κέχασμαι:—to *ease oneself: σπέλεθος ὀπίσσω κεχεσμένους* dung just *dropt*.

ἴ Ion. χεή, ἡ, a *bole*, esp. of serpents.

ς, Dor. for χεῖλος, gen. of χεῖλος.

χαλο-ποτέω, f. ἦσω, (χεῖλος, πίνω) to *drink with the lips only*, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΟΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χεῖλων contr. ὦν; dat. χεῖλεσι Ep. -εσσι:—a *lip*: proverb., χεῖλεσι γελᾶν to *laugh with the lips* (only); χεῖλεα μὲν τ' ἐδίην', ὑπερέην δ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it *wetted the lips*, but the palate it *wetted not*. 2. of *beasts, the snout, muzzle*: of birds, a *bill, beak*. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χεῖμα, ατος, τό, *winter-weather, cold, frost*, Lat. *hiems*: *winter*, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χεῖμα absol. in acc., in *winter*. II. a *storm*: metaph. a *storm of passion*.

χειμάδιον [ἄ], τό, a *winter-dwelling, winter-quarters*; χειμάδιον χρησθαι Δήμῳ to *fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters*. From

χειμάζω, f. ἄσω: (χεῖμα): I. transit. to *expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold*: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: *live through the winter*. II. intr. to *pass the winter*: to *go into winter quarters, to winter*, Lat. *hiemare*. III. to *raise a storm or tempest*: metaph. to *trouble, afflict*. 2. absol. χεῖμαζει (sc. ὁ θεός), *there is a storm*, like *ῥέει, νίφει*, etc.; ἐχεῖμαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the *storm lasted three days*. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, *suffer from it*: metaph. to be *tempest-tost, distressed*, esp. of the state: to be *distracted, overwhelmed by suffering*.

χεῖμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χεῖμα) *distress by a storm or tempest*:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, *be tempest-tost*. II. intr. to *be stormy*.

χεῖμαρος, ὁ, (χεῖμα) a *plug in a ship's bottom*, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ροος, ου, Att. contr. -ρους, ουν: (χεῖμα, βέω):—*winter-flowing, swollen in winter*; χειμάρροος ποταμός a *mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow*. 2. as Subst., χειμάρρους, ὅ, a *water-drain, conduit*. II. wintry, stormy.

χειμάρρος or χειμάρρος, ου, poet. for χειμάρρους.

χειμάσια Ion. -λή, ἡ, (χεῖμας) a *passing the winter, wintering*: *winter-quarters*.

χειμερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (χεῖμα) to *pass the winter, winter*.

χειμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (χεῖμα) of or in *winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy*; χειμερινὸν χωρίον a *wintry, bleak place*. See χειμέριος.

χειμέριος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου: (χεῖμα):—in, of, belonging to *winter, wintry*; ὥρη χειμερὶνῆ the *winter-season*; μήνες χειμεριώτατοι the *most wintry*, i.e. *most stormy, months*; ἀπὸ χειμερία κυματοπλήξ a *shore lashed by the waves of winter*: metaph., χειμερία λύπη *raging pain*.—Generally, χειμέριος and χειμερινός are distinguished thus:—χειμέριος *wintry, like winter, stormy*; χειμερινός *wintry, in winter-time*.

χειμο-θνής, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (χεῖμα, θνήσκω) *frozen to death*.

χειμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χεῖμα) *winter, the season of winter*; τὸν χειμῶνα *during winter*; χειμῶνος in *winter-*

time.

II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμών νοτερός a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, *ον*, (χειμών, τύπτω) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡ, *η*, gen. χειρός: plur. χείρες, χειρῶν, χερσὶ: Ion. decl., χεῖρ, χερύς, χερί, χέρα, χίρες, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χερῶν (rarely χερῶν) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χείρεσι and χείρεσσι:—the band, or rather the band and arm, the arm; ἀκρα χεῖρ the band; χεῖρ σιδηρᾶ an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapple.

2. χεῖρ is often joined with δεξιός and ἀριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see ἀριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; ἔπεισαν καὶ χερσὶν ὑπὸν ἵκεν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χείρας to apply force; of deeds of violence, χειρῶν ἀρχεῖν to begin the fray.

4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his handywork.

II. special usages: χειρὸς ἔχειν τινα to have, hold one by the band; χείρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; χείρας ὀρέξαι to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty.

2. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χείρας to take a thing in band; ἐν χερσὶ, μετὰ or διὰ χείρας ἔχειν τι to have a thing in band, be engaged in it.

3. ἐν χερσὶ, ἐν χερσὶ, in one's band or bands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, ἐν χερσὶ in the fray, in close fight, Lat. cominus.

4. εἰς χείρας ἐλθεῖν to fall into anyone's bands or power, but also to come to blows.

3. ἐκ χείρας or χερῶν, under the bands, under the power; cp. υποχείριος.

χειρ-άγρα, *η*, (χεῖρ, ἀγρα) goul in the band; as ποδ-άγρα in the feet.

χειρᾶγωγός, *φ*, ἦσω, to lead by the band. From χειρ-ἀγωγός, *ον*, (χεῖρ, ἀγω) leading by the band: as Subst., χειραγωγός, *ος*, one that leads by the band.

χειρ-απτῶν, *φ*, ἄσω, (χεῖρ, ἄπτω) to touch with the band, take in band, handle.

χέρεσι, χέρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of χεῖρ.

χαριδωτός, *ον*, (χεῖρ) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτῶν or tunic: the χιτῶν without sleeves was called ἐξωμῖς.

χείριος, *α*, *ον*, (χεῖρ) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

χείρις, ἴδος, *η*, (χεῖρ) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χείριστος, *η*, *ον*, irreg. Sup. of χείρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: οἱ χείριστοι men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βόλει, *φ*, ἦσω, (χεῖρ, βαλεῖν) to throw with the band.

χειρο-γράφος, *ον*, (χεῖρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting:—as Subst., χειρογράφον, τό, a bandwriting, written decree.

χειρο-δαίκτης, *ον*, (χεῖρ, δαίω) slain by the band.

χειρό-δεκτος, *ον*, (δεῖκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκης, *ον*, *ος*, (χεῖρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of bands, who uses the right of might. [?] χειρο-δράκων, *οντος*, *ος*, (χεῖρ, δράκων) with serpent-bands or arms. [δ]

χειρο-ήθης, *ες*, (χεῖρ, ἥθος) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρό-μακτρον, τό, (χεῖρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. mantile: the Scythians used scalp as χειρόμακτρα.

χειρομάχη, *φ*, ἦσω, to fight with the bands. From χειρο-μάχος, *ον*, (χεῖρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, *η*, (χεῖρ, μύλη) a band-mill. [υ] χειρονομέω, *φ*, ἦσω, (χειρονόμος) to move the bands to a certain time or order; στείλει χειρονομεῖν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

χειρονομία, *η*, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

χειρο-νόμος, *ον*, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, *ος*, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνως, Adv. of χείρων, worse.

χειρο-πληθής, *ες*, (χεῖρ, πληθύνω) filling the band, as large as can be held in the band.

χειρο-ποιέωμαι, *φ*, ἦσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητος, *ον*, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

χειρό-σοφος, *ον*, (χεῖρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence = χειρονόμος.

χειρο-τένων, *οντος*, *ος*, *η*, (χεῖρ, τείνω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

χειρότερος, *α*, *ον*, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, *ον*, *ος*, (χεῖρ, τέχνη) a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης ιατροπία a cibururgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, *η*, bandicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, *ος*, *ον*, (χειροτέχνης) of or for bandicraft or a bandicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -κώς.

χειροτονέω, *φ*, ἦσω, (χειροτόνιος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν ελπίων to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονήτεω, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονήτός, *ος*, *ον*, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of bands; ἀρχή χειροτονητή an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, *η*, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of bands: χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people: τὸ εἶναι τὴν ψήφον, Lat. suffragium: also colloq. τὸ εἶναι τὴν ψήφον.

χερῆνις, *idos*, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χέρ-νίβειον and χέρ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίβω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. φομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water: to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. *lustrare*. From

χέρ-νυψ, ἴβος, ἡ, (χείρ, νίβω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur.

χέρνιβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργεσθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίφαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

χέρο-μύσσης, ἑς, (χείρ, μύσος) band-defiling.

χέρο-πληκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the band.

χέρος, Ion. and poet. gen. of χείρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἡ, Att. for χερσύνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ-.

χέρπος, Att. for χέρσος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl: also of landmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χέρσονδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονσίτης Att. χερρον-, ου, ὁ, (Χερσύνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσοννησο-ειδής Att. χερρον-, ἑς, (Χερσύνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρόν-, ἡ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσοννησ-ώδης Att. χερρον-, ες, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρπος, ἡ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἵκεσθαι to reach the land.

II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώνα the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, barren: χέρσα waste places.

3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερῦδριον, τό, Dim. of χείρ, a little hand or arm.

χεσεῖω, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself.

χεῖαι, χεῖαν, χεῖε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεῦμα, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream.

II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χέω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕ'Ω, fut. χεῶ Ep. χέω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχεα cr χεῖα; imperat. χέον Ep. χέον; subj. χέω Ep. χέω, Ep. I pl. χεύομεν; inf. χέαι Ep. χέαι, part. χέας Ep. χέας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχενάμην: Pass., f. χυθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχύθη [ῥ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῥ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχυτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχύτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἐχύντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth.

2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χόην χεῖσθαι νεκύεσσι to pour forth a libation to the dead.

II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χύω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χεῖν to raise a mound.

2. χεῖν δοῦρα to pour or shower spears.

3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass.

III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow.

2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χέαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χεῖν ἥερα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished.

3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χάλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἄμιλλα the racing of fleet horses.

χηλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ', ἡ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws.

II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗ'Ν, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαῖνω, κέχηνα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἄλώπηξ, εκος, ὁ, (χην, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake.

χηνεῖος, α, ον, (χην) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χηνεος, η, ον, Ion. for χηνεῖος.

χηνίσκος, ὁ, (χην) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, see χήρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, a kind of muscle.

χηρᾶμο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (χηραμός, δίω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χήρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χήρω.

χήρεια, ἡ, (χηρῆω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χήρειος, α, ον, (χῆρος) widowed.

χηρεύω, f. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χρηρῖος, η, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.
χήρος, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst.,

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence χηρώω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἐχήρωσα Ep. χήρωσα, pass. ἀχηρώσθην:—to bereave, make desolate or desert.

2. c. gen. to bereave of.: Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχηρώθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr.,

like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence χηρωστίς, οὐ, ὁ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law. χηρεῖτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἥετε, fut. of ἔημι.

χήρις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, = χήτος.
χήτος, εος, τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χῆται τοιοῦτο ἄνδρος from want or loss of such a man; χῆτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution.
χηφθα, Dor. for καὶ ἥφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
χθαμᾶλος, ἡ, ὅν, (χαμαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕΣ, Adv., lengthd. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶν τε καὶ χθές or χθές καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσινός, ἡ, ὅν, = χθιός, of yesterday; τὸ σκίροδον τοῦ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθιζύς.
χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὅν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὅν, (χθές) = χθεσινός, of yesterday; ὁ χθιζός πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζὺς ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., = χθές, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶζα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθὲς καὶ πρῶν.

χθόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. Inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στιβής, ἐς, (χθών, στιβεῖν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρέφής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩΝ, ἡ, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονός κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried.

2. οἱ ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II. Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΙΓΑΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χιῖρα, τά, a dish of unripe wheaten groats toasted:—as ἀλφίτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [ἀ] χιλι-ανδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ἀνὴρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλι-άρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ον, ὁ, (χίλιοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ἡ, the office or post of χιλιαρχος, command of 1000 men.
χιλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χιλι-έτης, ον, ὁ, or χυλι-ετής, ἐος, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.
ΧΙΛΙΟΙ, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χιλιο-ναῦτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, (χίλιοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἀρωγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστῆς, ἡ, ὅν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.
χιλιοστῆς, ὅς, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙΛΟΨ, οὐ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ἐγρῖς day. Hence χιλῶ, f. ὦσω, to turn out to graze.

χιμαῖρα [τ], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος. II. as prop. n., Χίμαρα, ἡ, Cbimaera, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χιμαίρο-βάτης [ἀ], ον, ὁ, (χίμαρα, βαῖνω) epith. of Pan, be who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χιμαίρο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χιμαίρο-φόνος, ον, (χίμαρα, *φένω) slaying goats.
χιμάρ-αρχος, ὁ, (χίμαρος, ἄρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙΜΑΡΟΣ [τ], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.
χιμαρο-σφάκτης, ον, ὁ, (χίμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρως, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.
χιμετλον [τ], τό, (χείμα) a chiblain, kibe.

ΧΙΟ-γενής, ἐς, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χιον, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ χούς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, α, ον, (χιάν) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ἴσω, (χιάν) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιάν, βλέφαρον) with eyes of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιάν, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χιονο-βοσκός, ὄν, (χιών, βόσκω) *fostering snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-θρέμμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-κτύπος, ὄν, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten.*

χιονο-τρέφος, ὄν, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-χρως, ὄν, ὅς, ἡ, (χιών, χρώς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.*

Χιον-ώδης, ἐς, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white.*

Χίος, ἡ, Cbios, an island in the Aegean sea, now Scio. Hence

Χίος, α, ὄν, Chian, of or from Cbios: οἱ Χίοι *the Chians.*

II. ὁ χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χίος ἀστυγάλος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called κῶος, Lat. *unio*; cp. κῶος. The proverb οὐ Χίος ἀλλὰ Κείος referred to the contrast between the dishonest Chians and the honest Ceians.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, ἄνους, ὁ, in Ion. Prose *κιδών*, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. *tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάρος, χλαῖνα, or ἱμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδήρης: with sleeves it was called χιτών χειρῶν-τός. II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνες λεπίδος σιδηρῆς coats of iron scales.

III. in plur. *the pieces of a shoe.* IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λαῖνος χιτών a coat or covering of stones, i. e. a tomb; τεῖχεων κιδῶνες coats, lines of walls: also in plur. *the coats of an onion.*

χιτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, a little tunic, short coat.

χιτώνισκος, ὁ, = χιτώνιον.

ΧΙΩΝ, ὄνους, ἡ, snow; properly fallen snow, opp. to νιφάς or νιφετός, falling snow; χιών τηκομένη melting snow. II. snow-water.

ΧΛΑΪΖΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλαδώς, and plur. κεχλαδόντες (for κεχλαδότες):—to sound, ring, shout: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

ΧΛΑΙΝΑ Ion. χλαῖνη, ἡς, ἡ, Lat. *laena*, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρος and ἱμάτιον.

χλαῖνιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνα, a small cloak.

χλαῖνώω, f. ὤσω, (χλαῖνα) to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe. Hence

χλαῖνωμα, ἄτος, τό, a clothing, covering.

χλαμυδῆ-φόρος, ὄν, (χλαμύς, φέρω) wearing a χλαμύς or horseman's cloak: as Subst., χλαμυδῆφόρος, ὁ, a horseman, cavalier.

χλαμυδο-ουργία, ἡ, (χλαμύς, *ἐργω) the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker.

χλαμύς, ἴδος [ῥ], ἡ, a short cloak or mantle, worn by horsemen: generally, a military cloak, the general's cloak, Lat. *paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαῖνα.)

χλαῖνιδιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖς, a small cloak or coverlet. [νῖ]

χλαῖνιδο-ποιία, ἡ, (χλαῖς, ποιέω) the art or trade of cloak-making.

χλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (χλαῖνα) an upper garment of wool, like the χλαῖνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλαῖνιδα φορεῖν, to wear the χλαῖς, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλαῖνισκίδιον [κί], or χλαῖνίσκιον, τό, and χλαῖνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of χλαῖς, a small cloak.

χλευάζω, f. ἄσω, (χλεύη) to joke, jest, scoff. II. trans. to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully. Hence χλευασία, ἡ, and χλευασμός, ὁ, mockery, scoffing.

ΧΛΕΪΤ'Η, ἡ, a joke, jest; χλεύην ποιεῖν or ποιέσθαι τινα to make one a jest.

ΧΛΗΤΑΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud: the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood; also rubbish swept out of a bouse, Lat. *quisquiliae*.

χλαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχλίνα: (χλίω):—to make warm:—Pass. to warm oneself: to grow warm. II. to soften by warmth, melt.

χλιαρός, ὁ, ὄν Ion. χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλίω) warm, lukewarm, Lat. *tepidus*.

χλιδαίνω, (χλιδή) to make soft or delicate:—Pass. to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury.

χλιδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (χλιδάω) delicate, voluptuous, luxurious.

χλιδάω, f. ἥσω, (χλιδή) to be soft or delicate: in bad sense, to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate; χλιδαν ἐπὶ τινι to pride oneself upon a thing: hence to be insolent or arrogant.

χλιδή, ἡ, (χλίω) delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness. 2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. 3.

any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. *fine raiment, costly ornaments*, Lat. *deliciae*: also charms, beauty.

χλιδημα, ἄτος, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ῥ]

χλιερός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for χλιαρός.

χλιδώ, Ep. for χλιδάω.

ΧΛΙΩ, only used in pres. and impf., to become warm or soft, melt: metaph. to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate. [ῥ]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, ἐς, (χλόη, αὐγή) with a greenish lustre.

χλοερός, ὁ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερο-τρόφος, ὄν, (χλοερός, τρέφω) producing green herbs, grass-growing.

χλοερό-ωπτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (χλοερός, ὤψ) greenish looking.

ΧΛΟΪΗ, ἡς, and χλόα, ας, also Ion. χλοΐη, ἡ, the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass: poet. the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves.

χλοη-κομέω, f. ἥσω, (χλόη, κόμη) to be green as a young leaf.

χλο-ήρης, ἐς, (χλόη, ἀρεῖν) = χλοερός, χλωρίς.

χλοη-τόκος, ὄν, (χλόη, τεκῶν) producing young shoots.

χλοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χλόη, φέρω) *putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.*

χλοάω, (χλόη) *Ion. for χλοάω.*

χλόη, *ή*, *Ion. for χλόη.*

χλούνης, *ου, ή*, *Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean feeding or living alone: later as Subst. = κάπρος, the wild boar itself. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

χλούνις, *ή*, a doubtful word in Aesch. *Eum. r89*, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean *green age, i. e. youth, freshness.*

χλωρ-αύχην, *ενος, ο, ή*, (χλωρός, αύχην) *with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale: see χλωρηίς.*

χλωρηίς, *ιδος, ποët. fem. of χλωρός, for χλωρά, pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.*

χλωρό-κομος, *ον*, (χλωρός, κόμη) *green-leaved.*

χλωρός *ποët. χλοερός, ά, ύν*, (χλόη) *pale green, light green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass: also of the colour of honey and sand, yellow.*

II. generally, pale, pallid.

III. without regard to colour, green, fresh, as opp. to dry; τυρός χλωρός fresh cheese: metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful: tender, delicate.

χναύω, = κνάω, *to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.*

χνοάζω, *f. άσω*, (χνόος) *properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων άρτι λευκανθής κάρα having his head just sprinkled with white.*

χνοάω, = χνοάζω.

ΧΝΟΉ *Ion. χνοίη, ή*, *the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.*

2. metaph., χνούα ποδών the joints on which the feet are set.

χνότις, *α, ον*, (χνόος) *downy.*

ΧΝΟΪΣ *Att. contr. χνούς, γεν. χνού, δ, any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like άχνή.*

χόα, *acc. of χύος, χούς.*

χοάνεω *contr. χουνεύω, to cast metal.* From χούνη *contr. χώνη, ή*, *a funnel.* *II. = χά-νος. [ά]*

χόανος, *ο*, (χέω) *the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.*

χόες, *οι, nom. pl. of χύος, χούς.*

χοή, *ή*, (χέω) *a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.*

χο-ήτης, *ες, gen. εος*, (χοή, άρδρεΐν) *furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; άγγος χοήτης a vessel filled with them.*

χοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χοή, φέρω) *bearing drink-offerings.*

χοικός, *ή, ύν*, (χούς) *of rubbish, of earib or clay.*

χοινίκις, *ιδος, ή*, (χοΐνις) *an iron ring.*

χοΐνις, *ικος, ή*, a *choenix*, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the *choenix* of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; *ός κεν έμψ γε χοίνικος άππηται* whoever tastes of my rations. *II. from the shape, the box or nave of a wheel.*

2. a kind of sbackle or stocks for fastening the legs in.

χοϊράς, *άδος, ή*, (χοΐρος) *a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοϊρά άμυδρά a sunken rock; χοϊράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.* *II.*

χοϊράδες, *αι*, *glandular swellings.*

χοϊρεος, *α, ον*, (χοΐρος) *of a swine or bog.*

χοϊρεος, *α, ον*, *ποët. for χοϊρειος: χοϊρεα (sub. κρέ-ατα), τά*, *bog's-flesh.*

χοϊρίδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of χοΐρος, a little pig. [p]*

ΧΟΙΡΙΨΗ, *ή*, *a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting. [i]*

χοϊρίον, *τό*, *Dim. of χοΐρος, a little pig, porker.*

χοϊρίσκος, *ο*, *Dim. of χοΐρος, = χοϊρίον.*

χοϊρο-κομείον, *τό*, (χοΐρος, κομείω) *a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.*

χοϊρο-κτένος, *ον*, (χοΐρος, κτείνω) *slaying swine.* *II.*

χοϊρόκτονος, *pass. of or belonging to a slain swine; αίμα χοϊρόκτονον blood of a slain swine.*

χοϊρο-πώλης, *ον, δ*, *Dor. -πώλας: (χοΐρος, πω-λέω):—a dealer in swine.*

ΧΟΪΡΟΣ, *ο*, *a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus: generally, a pig.*

χολάς, *άδος, ή*, (χολή) *in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.*

χολάω, (χολή) *like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad.* *II. = χολόσμαι, to be angry, rage.*

ΧΟΛΗ, *ή*, = χόλος, *gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis; χολή μέλαινα black, i. e. diseased bile: pl. χολαί, the gall-bladder.*

II. metaph. like Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.

ΧΟΛΙΞ, *ικος, ή*, *mostly in plur. χολίκες, like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.*

χόλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (χόλος) *enraged, angry.*

ΧΟΛΟΣ, *ο*, *like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή.* *II. bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παύσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χύλος τινός either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself. Hence*

χολόω, *f. άσω, to stir one's gall or bile: hence to make angry, embitter.* *II. Med. and Pass., f.*

χολώσμαι, *paullo-post fut. κεχολώσμαι: aor. I med. έχολωσάμην, pass. έχολώθην: pf. pass. κεχόλωμαι:—to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered; κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with a person.*

χολωθείς, *είσα, έν*, *aor. I pass. part. of χολόω.*

χολώθην, *Ep. aor. I pass. of χολόω.*

χολωσέμεν, *Ep. fut. inf. of χολόω.*

χολωτός, *ή, ύν*, *verb. Adj. of χολόω, angry, wrathful, passionate.*

χόνδρος, *ο*, *a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica; άλός χόνδροι lumps of salt.* *2. wheat-groats.* *3.*

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείχειν* to sip gruel.

χονδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*χόνδρος*) like groats; *χονδροί ἄλες* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοί ἄλες*, fine salt.

χός, see *χούς*.

χορ-άγιον, *χορ-ᾄγός*, Dor. and Att. for *χορηγ-*.

χορδεύμα, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-budding. From

χορδεύω, f. σω, (*χορδή*) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (*χορεύω*) a dancing: the choral dance.

χορεύμα, ατος, τό, (*χορεύω*) a choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of *χορεύω*, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οὔ, δ, (*χορεύω*) a choral dancer; θεοῦ *χορευτής* the votary of a god.

χορεύω; fut. -εύσω: aor. I *ἐχόρευσα*: Med., fut. -εύσομαι: aor. I *ἐχορευσάμην*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχορεύθην*: pf. *κεχόρευμαι*: (*χορός*):—to join in the dance,

to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognato, *χορείας χορεύειν* to ply the dance; *φροῖμον χορεύσομαι* I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., *κεχόρευμαι ἡμῖν* our dance has been danced. II. trans. to celebrate with choral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. *χορᾱγέω*: f. ἡσσι: (*χορηγός*):—to lead a chorus.

II. in Att. of the *χορηγός*, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; *χορηγεῖν ταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖς* to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; *χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος* the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them.

III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of *χορηγός*: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian λειτουργίαι.

II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορηγός*) of or for a *χορηγός*; *χορηγικοί ἀγῶνες* rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορηγίον Dor. and Att. *χορᾱγίον*, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. *χορᾱγός*, δ, (*χορός*, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = *κορυφαῖος*: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus.

II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ιαμβος, δ, (*χόριος*, *ιαμβος*) in metre, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorius* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἱπποῦ μέδων*.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορός*) of or for a choral dance; τὸ *χορικόν* the choral song.

ΧΟΡΙΟΝ, τό, skin, leather, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb., *χαλεπὸν χορίω κῖνα γεῦσαι* 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto*.

χόριος, δ, (*χορός*) a metrical foot, = *τροχαῖος* or *trochee*, e. g. *ἱππός*.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (*χορός*, *διδάσκαλος*) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = *χοραγός* or *κορυφαῖος*, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, es, gen. eos, (*χορός*, ἥθος) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλής, es, gen. eos, (*χορός*, *θαλεῖν*) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μάνια, ἡ, (*χορός*, *μανία*) a rage for dancing.

χοροῦ-τύπια, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, ov, (*χορός*, *τυπείν*) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. *χοροῦ-τυπος*, ov, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μάνης, es, gen. eos, (*χορός*, *μανῆναι*) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (*χορός*) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ov, gen. onos, and *χορο-παίκτης*, ov, δ, (*χορός*, *παίω*) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χορός*, *ποιέω*) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, δ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances.

3. generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, *χορός ἀστρων* the company of the stars; *χορός καλάμων* a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the *χορός κυκλικός* performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the *χóρος τραγικός* consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the *κωμικός* of twenty-four, and the *σατυρικός*. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (*χορὸν ἔδωκε*) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called *χορηγός*: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called *χοροδιδάσκαλος*.

χορτάζω, f. ἄνω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσια, ἡ, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a feeding-place; ἀλλῃς ἐν χόρτῳ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντος the baunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σῖτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφέλητης, ου, ὁ, (χορός, ὠφέλειω) helping or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χῶν: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χῶν: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χούς; dat. χοῖ; acc. χόα: plur.

χῶες, χῶων, χούσι, χόας: but also, gen. χούας, acc. χόα [α] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. οἱ Χῶες the feast of Püchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοῦς, ὁ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound. χῶς, see χώννυμι.

χραίνω, f. χράνῳ: aor. I ἐχράνα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραίσμησα: aor. 2 χραίσμων, 3 sing. subj. χραίσμη and -ῃσι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like αἰνέω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo: ὀλεθρὸν τινι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήτιον, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράομαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑ'Ω (A), Aeol. χράωω, f. σω: to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑ'Ω (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερὸς οἱ ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρῆς, χρήσθα = χρήσεις.

ΧΡΑ'Ω (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χραίω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἐχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I ἐχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. I ἐχρήσθην: pf. κέχρησμαι and κέχρημαι.—χράω contracts αε into η, as χρῆς, χρῆ, inf. χρῆν, etc., but Ion. into α, as χράς, χρῆ, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρεόμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρῆσαι βουλὴν Διὶς ἀνθρώποισιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2. Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεκρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περὶ τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θεβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρήσθαι μαντήνῳ, χρηστηρίῳ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράομαι to use; see below. II. in

aor. I ἐχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, aor. 2 ἐχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὀμματα χρησάμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθῶν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὀργῇ or θυμῷ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμολογία χρήσθαι to come to an agreement: ὠνὴ καὶ πράξει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μὲν χρῆσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνῃ to follow a trade; χρήσθαι ἀνομία to practise lawlessness. 3. χρήσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορέων ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it. 4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ἐς φίλῳ, ὡς πολεμίῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχων ἐαυτὸν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., οἱ χρώμενοι friends. 5. absol. or with an Adv., οὕτω χρώνται οἱ Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεκρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεκρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορῇ κεκρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθησαν the ships were not used.

χρέεα, Ep. shortened for χρέεα, acc. pl. of χρέος. χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρεία, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, Lat. *usus*: *advantage, service*: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρείαν things of no use or service: in plur. *services*.

2. *using, usance, use*; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις *having and using*. 3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*.

II. like Lat. *opus*, *need, necessity*; ἐν χρείᾳ εἶναι or γίνεσθαι *to be in need, want* of a thing. 2. *want, poverty, lack*: c. gen. *want, lack* of a thing. 3. *need* of a person's *help*, hence *a request on the score of necessity*: generally, *a request*.

4. *a needful matter, business*; ἐν πάσαις ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρείαις in all functions of the body.

χρεῖη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of **χρή**.

χρέος, τό, Ep. for **χρέος**.

χρεῖος, ov, (χρή) *useful: needful, fitting*. II.

act. *needing, being in want* of, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.

χρεῶ, Ep. for **χρεώ**, χράω, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεῶ, dos contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ep. for **χρεώ**.

χρεμετίζω, f. ἴσω, *to neigh, snort*, Lat. *binnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμετισμός, τό, and **χρεμετισμός**, ὁ, *a neighing*.

χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for **ἐχρεμέτισαν**, 3 pl. aor. I of **χρεμετίζω**.

ΧΡΕΜΙΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. *to hawk and spit, expectorate*.

χρέομαι, Ion. for **χράομαι**: part. **χρεύμενος**.

χρεόν, Ion. for **χρεών**.

χρέος, τό, gen. **χρέεος** contr. **χρέους**: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. **χρεᾶ** Att. **χρεᾶ**: Ep. nom. sing. **χρεῖος** Att. **χρέος**: (χράομαι, **χρή**): I. like **χρεία**, *want, need*.

II. *a needful matter, business, affair*; κατὰ χρέος τινὸς ἐλθεῖν *to come for need* of a person or thing; ἐφ' ὃ τι χρέος ἐμύλερε; *for what need* came ye?—also, like **χρήμα**, *a thing*.

III. *a debt*; χρέος δφείλεται μοι *a debt* is due to me; χρέος ἀποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν *to pay and recover debts*; τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρεὰ κατέλιπε *he left all property in outstanding debts*.

2. metaph. *a debt, trespass, sin*. 3. *a debt, due, duty*; κατὰ χρέος according to what is due: hence *a promise due*, ὁρᾶς τίνα χρέος *to pay the debt*, i. e. *to do the work*, of a curse.

χρεώ, Ion. for **χράω**, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεώ Ep. **χρεῶ**, gen. **ὄος** contr. **οὖς**, ἡ: (**χρέος**, **χρεία**):—*want, need*, hence *desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., **χρεῶ** ἐμείω *want, need* of me; ἴν' οὐ χρεῶ πείσματος ἔστιν *where there is no need* of a cable.

2. in phrase, **χρεῶ** ἰκάνεται *want* or *necessity* arises, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῶ τόσον ἴκει; *to whom doth necessity* come so much? so also with **γίγνομαι** and **εἶμι**, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῶ γίγνεται *need* of a ship comes upon me; οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῶ ἔσται τυμβοχόης *nor will need* of a grave come upon him. 3. hence **χρεῶ** is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίποτε δὲ σε χρεῶ [sc. ἰκάνει] *wherefore does need* [come to] thee, i. e. *why must* thou do so? so also c. gen., οὔτι με ταύτης χρεῶ τιμῆς *no need* of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῶ νεῶν ἐπιβανέμεν *nor does need* at all

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [**χρεῶ** in Homer is used as a monosyllable, **χρεῶ**.]

χρεῶμενος, Ion. for **χράμενος**, part. of **χράομαι**.

χρεών, τό, Ion. **χρεόν**, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from **χρεῶ** (Ion. for **χράω**), = τὸ χρεῶν γίγνεσθαι, *that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity*; **χρεῶν** or **χρεόν** ἔστι *it is fated or necessary, it must be*:—absol. **χρεῶν**, *it being necessary, since it was necessary*. 2. *that which is expedient or right*: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῶν ἄρχετε *ye rule not rightfully*. [υ -, but sometimes poet. **χρεῶν** as one long syllable.]

χρέωνται, Ion. for **χρῶνται**, 3 pl. of **χράομαι**.

χρεῶς, τό, Att. for **χρέος**, *a debt*.

χρεώστης, ου, ὁ, (**χρεῶς**) *a debtor*.

χρε-ωφειλῆτης, ου, ὁ, (**χρεῶς**, **ὀφείλω**) *a debtor*.

χρή or **χρή**, ἡ, = **χρεία** II, *need, necessity*.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. **χρή**: optat. **χρή**: inf. **χρήναι**, poet. also **χρήν**: impf. **ἐχρήν** and **χρήν**: fut. **χρήσει**: (for part., see **χρεῶν**):—*it is fated, necessary*: c. inf. *it must, must needs be, it is good, fit, meet*.

2. like **δεῖ**, Lat. *oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs* do a thing, *it beboves* or *de-fits*, *it is right and proper* that one should do.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε **χρή**, as τίποτε μάχης ἀποπαύεαι; οὐδέ τί σε **χρή** why retest thou from the battle? *it beboves* thee not (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε **χρή** ἄπροσόντης *thou hast no need* of impudence, i. e. *it does not befit* thee; οὐ σε **χρή** ἔρ' αἰδοῦς *thou hast no longer need* of shame.

II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can*; πῶς **χρή** τοῦτο περᾶσαι; *how is one to get through this?* III. τὸ **χρήν** *fate, destiny*.

χρή, shortened for **χρήζει**.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion. **χρηίζω**: Dor. **χρήσδω** and **χρηῖδω**: (**χρεία**):—*to need, want, lack, have need of*: absol. in part. **χρηίζω**, *needy, poor*.

2. *to desire, long for*: *to ask, crave, desire*, Lat. *solicitare*:—c. gen. rei, *to ask or demand* a thing. 3. **μή** **ἐχρηξες** **θανεῖν**, like **μή** **ὠφέλες**, *thou oughtest* not to have died, oh that thou hadst not...! 4. the part. **χρηίζων** is used absol. for **εἰ** **χρήξει**, *if one will, if one chooses*: hence **wish-ing well, well-inclined**.

χρήξω, like **χράω** I, *to deliver an oracle, foretell*.

χρηία, ἡ, Ion. for **χρεία**, *use, need*.

χρηίζω, Ep. and Ion. for **χρήζω**.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of **χράομαι**, *to use, make use of*.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (**χράομαι**) *a thing that one uses or needs*: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., **κρείσσω** **χρημάτων** superior to *money*, i. e. *inaccessible to bribes*.

II. *a thing, matter, business, affair, event*; κενεῖν πᾶν **χρήμα** *to set everything in motion*, 'to leave no stone unturned': *a dealing, business*,

transaction, like Lat. *res*. 2. *χρῆμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί *χρῆμα*; for τί; *what?* 3. *χρῆμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα σὺδὲ *χρῆμα* a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος *χρῆμα* ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χρῆμα* πολλῶν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; ὅσον τὸ *χρῆμα* παρόντων what a lot of locusts; μέγα *χρῆμα* Λακωνῶν a great host of Laconian women.

χρηματίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: pf. *κεχρημάτικα*: (*χρημα*):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. *χρηματίζομαι*, f. -ιούμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another.

III. in late Greek, the Act. *χρηματίζω* means to bear a title or name; *χρηματίζει* βασιλεὺς he takes the title of king; οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐχρημάτισαν πρώτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρηματικός, ἡ, ὅν, (*χρήμα*) of or for money. *χρηματίστος*, εὖς, ἡ, and *χρηματισμός*, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρηματιστέον, verb. Adj. of *χρηματίζω*, one must make money.

χρηματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, fitted for money-making; *χρηματιστικὸς οἰωνός* an omen portending gain.

χρηματο-δαίτης, οὐ, ὁ, (*χρήμα*, *δατέομαι*) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρηματο-ποιός, ὅν, (*χρήματα*, *ποιέω*) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) = *χρεία*, need, want, lack. *χρήναι*, inf. of *χρή*.

χρήσθω, Dor. for *χρήξω*.

χρήξ, *χρήστα*, short. for *χρήξεις*, see *χράω* (B) II. *χρήσιμος*, η, ον, also os, ov: (*χράομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ *χρήσιμον* use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρησίμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for *χρησίμως*, acc. pl. of *χρήσιμος*.

χρήσις, εὖς, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. *usus*. II. (*χράω* c) an oracle.

χρησμολογέω, f. ἥσω, to utter oracles, divine. From *χρησμο-λόγος*, ον, (*χρησμός*, *λέγω*) uttering oracles, divining; *χρησμολόγος* ἄνθρωπος a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός, ὅν, (*χρησμός*, *ποιέω*) making oracles in verse.

χρησμός, ὁ, (*χράω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) like *χρημοσύνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*χρησμός*, *φύλαξ*) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμοφδέω, f. ἥσω, (*χρησμοφδός*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμοφδία, ἡ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophesy.

χρησμοφδικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. -κῶς. From

χρησμο-φδός, ὅν, (*χρησμός*, *φδῆ*) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χρησμοφδός*, ὁ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *κίχρημι*, to lend.

χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, one must use.

χρηστεύομαι, Dep. (*χρηστός*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάω, f. ἄσω, like *χράω*, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like *χράομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χρηστηριάζεσθαι* θεῷ to consult a god; ἰσοῖσι *χρηστηριάζεσθαι* to consult victims. From

χρηστήριον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response.

II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χρηστήριος*.

χρηστήριος, α, ον, also os, ov, (*χράω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστις, ον, ὁ: gen. pl. *χρήστων* (to distinguish it from *χρηστῶν*, gen. pl. of *χρηστός*): (*χράω*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χράομαι*) a debtor.

χρηστολογέω, f. ἥσω, (*χρηστολόγος*) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ἡ, fair-speaking: a kind address.

χρηστο-λόγος, ον, (*χρηστός*, *λέγω*) speaking fairly.

χρηστός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, like *χρήσιμος*, useful, serviceable: *χρηστά*, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; *τελευτῇ χρηστῇ* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χρηστὸς εἰ* you are a nice fellow.

2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ἡ, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like *εὐθδεια*.

χρῆμα, ατος, τό, = *χρῖσμα*.

χρίμπτω, f. ψῶ: also as Dep. *χρίμπτομαι*, f. *χρίμφομαι*; aor. I med. *ἐχρίμψαμην*, pass. *ἐχρίμψην*, part. *χρίμψεις*:—poët. for *χρίω*, to touch the surface

of a body, to *graze, scratch, wound, Lat. radere, stringere*; *χρῖμθῃς πέλας grazing close*:—more generally, to *come nigh, draw near, approach*, c. dat.; *δόμοις χρῖματθεσθαι to draw near the house*. 2. also intr. in Act., to *come or keep near*: also with *πόδα* added, *πόδας χρίπτουσα βαχχίαισι keeping her feet close to the shore*; so, *ὕπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἐχρίμπτ' αἰεὶ σύριγγα he kept the axle close upon the post*.

χρίσαν, Ep. for *ἐχρίσαν*, 3 pl. aor. 1 of *χρίω*.
χρίσμα, atos, τό, (*χρίω*) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.
Χριστιανός, ὁ, (*Χριστός*) a Christian.

χριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χρίω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά salves*. II. anointed; τὸ χριστὸν anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός*, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST, as a transl. of the Hebrew Messiah.

ΧΡΙΨΩ, f. *χρίσω* [ῖ]. aor. 1 *ἐχρίσα* Ep. *χρίσα*: Pass., aor. 1 *ἐχρίσθην*: pf. *κέχρισμαι*:—to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρίομαι*, aor. 1 *ἐχρίσάμην*, to anoint oneself; *χρίεσθαι ἰοῦς to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows*. 2. to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; *χρίεσθαι τὰ σώματα μίλτω to dye their bodies with vermilion*. 3. to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting.

χρόα, *χροῖ*, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρός*.
χροῦά, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροῖη*, Att. also *χρόα*: (*χρός*):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; *χροιδὴν ἀλλάσσειν to change colour: also the colour of a thing*.

χροῖζω, f. *ῖσω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (*χρόα*):—to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch:—Med. *χροῖζομαι*, to touch another person, to lie with.
χρόμαδος, ὁ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gasping, crushing. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ῖσω* Att. *ῖω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, hold out: c. part. to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do: absol. to linger, delay, be slow. II. to prolong, put off:—Pass. to be prolonged or protracted: absol. to grow up.

χρόνος, α, ον, and Att. os, ον: (*χρόνος*):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time; *χρόνιός εἰμι ἀπὸ βορᾶς I have been for a long time apart from food*. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι πύλεμοι lasting wars: lingering, delaying*:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον for a while*; *πολὺν χρόνον for a long time*; *τὸν αἰὲν χρόνον for ever*; *ὀλίγον χρόνον in a short time*; *πόσον χρόνον; for how long? χρόνῳ in time, at last*. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον in course of time*; *διὰ χρόνον after an interval*; *ἐκ πολλοῦ χρόνου long ago*; *ἐν χρόνῳ in time, at length*; *ἐντὸς χρόνου within a certain time*; *ἐπὶ*

χρόνον for a time: *ἐς χρόνον till aftertime*. II. *time of life*; *χρόνῳ βραδύς slow from his time of life*. *χρονο-τριβέω*, (*χρόνος*, *τριβω*) to waste time, loiter.

χρός, gen. of *χρός*.
χρυσ-ὑλάκατος, ον, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.
χρυσ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμείβω*) changing gold or gold money: metaph., *Ἄρης σωμαίων χρυσαμοιβός Mars who buys men's bodies with gold*.
χρυσ-ἄμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀμπυξ*) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.
χρυσ-ανθή, ἑς, gen. ἑός, (*χρυσός*, *ἄνθος*) with flower of gold.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.
χρυσ-ανταυγής, ἑς, (*χρυσός*, *ἀνταυγής*) reflecting a golden light.

χρυσ-ἄσπος, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄσπ*) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρυσ-ἄρματός, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἄρμα*) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρυσ-ασπίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἀσπίς*) with shield of gold. [ῦ]

χρυσ-αυγής, ἑς, gen. ἑός, (*χρυσός*, *αὐγή*) gold-gleaming.

χρυσ-ἄωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός*, *ἄωρ*) = *χρυσάωρος*.
χρυσείον, τό, (*χρυσός*) mostly in plur. *χρυσεία*, τά, gold mines, in full *χρυσεία μέταλλα*.

χρυσείος, ἡ, ον, poet. for *χρυσέος*.

χρυσ-ελεφαν-ηλεκτρος, ον, (*χρυσός*, *ἐλέφας*, *ἤλεκτρον*) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

χρυσ-εο-βόστρυχος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *βόστρυχος*) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρυσ-εό-δηκτος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *δέμω*) built or formed of gold.

χρυσ-εό-κμητος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *κάμνω*) wrought of gold.

χρυσ-εό-κύκλος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *κύκλος*) with disk of gold.

χρυσ-εό-μαλλος, ον, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

χρυσ-εό-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, = *χρυσομίτρης*.

χρυσ-εό-νωτος, ον, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

χρυσ-εο-πήληξ, ἡκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσέος*, *πήληξ*) with belt or casque of gold.

χρυσ-εο-πήνητος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *πήνη*) with woof of gold, inwrought with gold.

χρυσέος, ἡ, ον, and os, ον; Att. contr. *χρυσοῦς*, ἡ, οῦν; Ep. *χρυσέος*, ἡ, ον, (*χρυσός*):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσοῦν τινα ἱστάναι to raise a statue of gold to one*. 2. *χρυσεία μέταλλα gold mines*; see *χρυσείον*. II. *gold-coloured, of golden hue*.

III. metaph. *golden, happy, blessed*: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, *χρυσήν*, *χρυσήν*, *χρυσέου*, *χρυσέη*, etc. must be pronounced as spondee.

χρυσ-εο-σάνδαλος, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *σάνδαλον*) with sandals of gold; *ἔχων χρυσεοσάνδαλον the step of golden sandals*.

χρυσ-εο-στέφανος, ον, = *χρυσοστέφανος*.

χρυσ-εό-στολμος, ον, or *χρυσέ-στολμος*, ον, (*χρυσέος*, *στέλλω*) decked or digbt with gold.

χρυσέο-τευκτος, *ον*, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρυσέο-φάλαρος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) *with trappings of gold.*

Χρύσηις, *ιδος, ή*, patronym. of Χρύσης, *ον, δ*, daughter of Chryses.

χρυσ-ηλακτός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ηλακτή) *with spindle or arrow of gold.*

χρυσ-ηλατός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ελαύνω) *beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.*

χρυσ-ήνιος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ήνία) *with reins of gold.*

χρυσ-ήρης, *ες*, gen. *εος*, (χρυσός, άρρεΐν) *furnished or decked with gold, golden.*

χρυσίδιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρύσιος, *a small piece of gold.*

χρυσίον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσός, *a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; άργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was άργύριον, as in Lat. argentum.* II. as a term of endearment, *my little treasure!*

χρυσίς, *ιδος, ή*, (χρυσός) *a vessel of gold.* 2. *a golden dress.*

χρυσίτης [ἷ], *ον, δ*, fem. χρυσίτις, *ιδος*, (χρυσός) *like gold, containing a proportion of gold.*

χρυσο-βάφης, *ές*, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) *gilded, gold-embroidered.*

χρυσό-βωλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, βώλος) *with soil containing gold.*

χρυσό-γονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) *born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaë.*

χρυσο-δαίδαλτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) *richly wrought with gold.*

χρυσο-δακτύλιος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) *with a gold ring.* [κτύ]

χρυσό-δετος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (χρυσός, δέω) *bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.*

χρυσο-έθειρ, *ειρος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, έθειρα) *with golden hair.*

χρυσο-ειδής, *ές*, (χρυσός, είδος) *like gold.*

χρυσό-ζυγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ζυγόν) *with yoke of gold.*

χρυσό-θριξ, -τριχος, *ό, ή*, (χρυσός, θρίξ) *golden-haired.*

χρυσό-θρονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, θρόνος) *on throne of gold, gold-enibroned.*

χρυσο-κάρηνος Dor. -άνος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) *with head of gold.* [κᾶ]

χρυσό-κερως, *ωτος, δ, ή*, and χρυσό-κερως, *ον*, gen. *ω: (χρυσός, κέρας):—with horns of gold.* II. *with gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice.*

χρυσο-κόλλητος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden.*

χρυσό-κολλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) *welded or inlaid with gold.*

χρυσο-κόμη, *δ*, Dor. -μας, *α, δ*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *be of the golden hair: ο Χρυσοκόμης the golden-haired, for Apollo.*

χρυσό-κομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κόμη) *golden-haired: with golden plumage.*

χρυσο-κρόταλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κρόταλον) *ratling or ringing with gold.*

χρυσό-λίθος, *ή*, (χρυσός, λίθος) *the chrysolite or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz.*

χρυσολογέω, *f. ήσω*, *to talk of gold.* II. *to collect gold, i. e. money.* From

χρυσο-λόγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λέγω) *speaking of gold.*

χρυσό-λογχος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λόγχη) *with golden spear.*

χρυσό-λοφος, *α, ον*, (χρυσός, λόφος) *with golden crest.*

χρυσο-λύρης, *ον, δ*, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) *with golden lyre.* [λύ]

χρυσό-μαλλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μαλλός) *with golden fleece.*

χρυσό-μανής, *ές*, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) *mad after gold.*

χρυσο-μηλολόνη, *ή*, (χρυσός, μηλολόνη) *the gold-beetle or cockchafer.* Hence

χρυσο-μηλολόνηιον or -όντιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσομηλολόνη, *a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment.*

χρυσο-μίτρης, *ον, δ*, (χρυσός, μίτρα) *with girdle or bead-band of gold.* [μί]

χρυσό-μορφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μορφή) *in the shape or likeness of gold.*

χρυσό-νωτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, νώτος) *with golden back: covered with gold; χρυσώνωτος ήνία a rein studded with gold.*

χρυσό-παστος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πάσσω) *sprinkled or shot with gold; χρυσόπαστος τιτήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours.*

χρυσο-πέδιλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) *with sandals of gold.*

χρυσό-πεπλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πέπλον) *with robe of gold.*

χρυσο-πήληξ, *ήκος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, πήληξ) *with helmet or casque of gold.*

χρυσο-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) *with tresses of gold.*

χρυσο-ποιός, *όν*, (χρυσός, ποιέω) *working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιός, δ, a goldsmith.*

χρυσό-πρᾶσος, *δ*, (χρυσός, πράσων) *the chrysoptase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.*

χρυσό-περος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πτερόν) *with wings of gold.*

χρυσό-ρᾶπισ, *δ*, poet. for χρυσόρραπισ.

χρυσό-ροος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ρέω) *streaming with gold.*

χρυσό-ροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ροφή) *with golden roof or ceiling.*

χρυσόρ-ρᾶπισ, *ιδος, ό, ή*, (χρυσός, ρᾶπισ) *with wand of gold.*

χρυσόρ-ρῦτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ρέω) *flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.*

ΧΡΥΤΞΟΞ, *ού, δ*, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσὸς κοίλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσὸς ἀπέθοος refined gold; λευκὸς χρυσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver.

χρυσο-στέφανος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στέφανος) *gold-crowned.*

χρυσό-στομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσό-τέκτων, *ονος*, *δ*, a worker in gold, goldsmith. χρυσότερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρυσό-τευχής, *ές*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold. χρυσό-τρίαινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [7]

χρυσ-οὔατος, *ον*, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσός, *ῆ*, *οὖν*, Att. contr. for χρύσεος. χρυσό-φάνενος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φαίνωμαι) = χρυσοφαής. χρυσό-φαής, *ές*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light. χρυσό-φειγής, *ές*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving. χρυσοφορέω, *ῆ*, *ῶμαι*, to wear gold or golden apparel. From

χρυσό-φόρος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φύ]

χρυσό-χαίτης, *ον*, *δ*, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσοχάιτης, *ιδος*.

χρυσό-χαλίνος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [α]

χρυσό-χερ, -χευρος, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, χεῖρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χίτων, *ανος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold. [χ]

χρυσόχοειον, τό, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρυσόχοεω, *ῆ*, *ῶμαι*, (χρυσόχοος) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσόχοϊκός, *ῆ*, *ον*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner: χρυσόχοϊκὴν τέχνην ἐργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσό-χόος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσόχοος, *δ*, one who gilds the horns of a victim: a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χροος, *ον* contr. -χρουσ, *ον*, (χρυσός, χρώα) gold-coloured.

χρυσός, *ῆ*, *ῶμαι*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild. χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσός.

χρυσώμα, *ατος*, τό, (χρυσῶν) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ῶ]

χρυσ-ανέω, (χρυσός, ἀνέωμαι) to buy or change gold. χρυσ-ώπης, *ον*, *δ*, fem. -ώπις, *ιδος*, = χρυσοπός.

χρυσ-ωπός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ὄψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρυσώσις, *εως*, *δ*, (χρυσῶν) a gilding. [ῶ]

χρυσ-ῶψ, *ωπος*, *δ*, *ῆ*, (χρυσός, ὄψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χράων, pres. imperat. of χράωμαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρώς.

χρῶω, *ῆ*, χρώω: aor. I ἐχρῶσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρώσθην: pf. ἐέχρῶσμαι: (χρώς):—like χρῶξω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp. 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρῶμα, *ατος*, τό, (χρῶννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; μεθιστάναι τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III.

metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. IV. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ῆ*, *όν*, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρωματικὴ (sc. μουσικὴ) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, τό, (χρῶμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α] χρώννυμι, = χρώω.

χρῶς, *δ*, χρωτός, χρωτί, χρώα: Ion. χρούς, χροί, χροά: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χροῖα and χρῶμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame. 2. ἐν χρῶ, Att. ἐν χροί, close to the skin; ἐν χρῶ κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶ it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's *radere litus*.

II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρώς τρέπεται his colour changes. χρωστήρ, ἦρος, *δ*, (χρῶω) one who colours or dyes: χρωστήρ μάλινος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, *ῆ*, ἴσω, (χρῶς) like χρώω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τὴν φύσιν τινὶ to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [ῶ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III. abundantly, utterly.

χυθεῖν, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω. χυλός, *ου*, *δ*, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction. 2. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῶ] χυμίζω, *ῆ*, ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, *ου*, *δ*, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flavour. χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χύσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (χέω) a pouring, shedding. II. a flood, stream, gush. 2. of dry things, a heap: a quantity. [ῶ]

χυτλάω, *ῆ*, ἴσω, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χυτλον, τό, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., 1. in plur. χύτλα, τά, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ῶ] Hence

χυτλόω, *ῆ*, ἴσω, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χυτλώσασαι, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χυτλόω. χύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῶ]

χυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 2. as Subst., χυτοί, ol, mounds, dykes, dams.

II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i.e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing. χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτρας ἰδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, α, ὄν, = χυτρεοῦς, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεα earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, ἡ, οἶν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρεῦς, ἑως, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χύτρινος, τό, Dim. of χύτρεα, a small pot. [ῥ]

χύτρινω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρινος, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χύτρεῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χύτρεός-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, ποῦς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: ol χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae.

II. ol χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χῶο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶομαι.

χῶαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (χῶός) to be or go lame.

χῶλεύω, (χῶλός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

χῶλ-ἱαμβος, ὁ, (χῶλός, ἱαμβος) a lame or halting iambic, i.e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax: also called σκάζαν.

χῶλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χῶλός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed.

II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χῶμα, ατος, τό, (χώννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χών, part. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χώνη, ἡ, contr. from χοάνη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι: f. χῶσω: aor. I ἐχῶσα: Pass. fut. χωσθήσονται: aor. I ἐχῶσθην: pf. κέχωσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χοῦν, part. χών: (χέω):—to throw or heap up; χῶματα χοῦν to heap up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to black up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury: χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be heaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

ΧΩΛΟΜΑΙ, f. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶόμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶεσθαι φρέσιν ᾗσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing; and c. neut. acc., μὴ μοι τόδε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

χώρα Ion. χώρα, ἡ, = χῶρος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χώραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χώραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; εἰς κατὰ χώραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χώραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; εἰς ἂν χώραν λάβῃ τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραπόδων χώρα εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χώρα εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi.

II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χώρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager.

3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κέχωρηκα: (χῶρος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν πορτοῖ Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him.

II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἥπαρ to go to one's heart.

2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χωρεῖ τούργον the work advances not.

3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανδάνω; ὁ κρητὴρ χωρεῖ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [π]

χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κέχωρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κέχωριδᾶται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—ol χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κέχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶρος and χώρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. III. landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίς ὁ νεκρός the corpse lies apart. 2. separately, one by one. 3. χωρίς μὲν . . , χωρίς δέ . . , on one side . . , on the other, by themselves . . , by themselves . . 4. χωρίς ἢ ὅσσοι except so many as . . ; χωρίς ἢ except; χωρίς ἢ ὅτι except that. II. of different or distinct kind; χωρίς τό τ' εἰπεῖν πολλά καὶ τὰ καίρια it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., without: without the help or will of; χωρίς θεοῦ, Lat. sine diis, without the favour of the gods. 2. separate from, apart from; χωρίς ὁμμάτων ἐμῶν far from my eyes. 3. independent of, without reckoning, besides.

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης [ῆ], ου, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, (χώρα, χώρα) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὡν, beseming a countryman, rustic, rural. Adv. -κώς, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot. II. a place, a land, country, Lat. regio:

c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χώρος τῆς Ἀραβίης the tract of Arabia. 2. landed property, an estate. (Akin to χανδάνω, χά-ζομαι.)

Χάρος, ου, ὁ, Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ἦσαι, (χώρος, φιλέω) to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὤς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χῶσαι.

χωσθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χῶσις, εὖς, ἡ, (χῶσις) a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσις, crasis for καὶ ὄσους.

χωστός, ἡ, ὡν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, heaped up made of earth thrown up.

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral ψ' = 700, but ψ = 700,000.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = πσ, βσ, or φσ. The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ξ: see Η, η.

Changes of ψ, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older πσ was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλορς for Πέλοψ. II. ψ was resolved into σπ, as, ἀσπίνθιον for ἀψίνθιον, ψιν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ. III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

ψιττακός for σιττακός, κῆμχος for κόσσυφος. IV. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄμαθος, ψάμμος ψάμαθος.

ψᾶθῆρες, ὧν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροῖς οἶμον αἰθέρος to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil radere iter liquidum. II. intrans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστόιον, τό, Dim. of ψαιστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ἡ, ὡν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τὸ

ψαιστόν (sub. πέμματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, masc. Adj. ἔβαί which wipes off.

ψαίω, f. σῶ, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound.

ψακάζω later ψεκάζω, f. ἄσσω, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὑεῖ, etc., ψακάει it drizzles.

ψακάς later ψεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; ἀργυρίου μηδὲ ψακάς not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμον ψακάς grains of sand. 2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to ὄμβρος; ὑσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph. φοίνισσα ψεκάς a shower of blood.

ψάλλω-στομος, ὧν, (ψάλλω, στόμα) having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψάλλω: fut. ἴσω and ἴξω Att. ὦν: (ψάλλω):—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλλια, τὰ, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. forfex.

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthd. from ψάω: f. ψάλλω: aor. I ἐψηλα: pf. ἐψαλκα:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck. 2. to pull and let go again,

to pull, twang with the fingers; τίσου νεῦραν ψάλλειν to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp. 3. Pass., of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence

ψάλλμα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delighting in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ἦρος, also τῆς, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper. ψαλτρία, ἡ, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμαθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, ὅσα ψάμαθός τε κύνες τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψά]

ψαμαθώδης, ες, (ψάμαθος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψαμαθών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-pits, Lat. *sabuletum*.

ψαμμακόσιοι-γάργυροι, αἱ, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάργυρα) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as heaps of sand : cf. sq.

ψαμμαῦκοι, αἱ, α, sand-hundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατον, as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from δις ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.

ψάμμινος, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.

ψάμμιος, α, ὄν, = ψάμμινος, on the sand.

ψαμμίτης [ῆ], ὄν, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἰδος, (ψάμμος) of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμοῦδης, ες, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψᾶνός, Dor. for ψήνός.

ψάρ, ψᾶρός, ἰον. ψήρ, ψήρως, ὁ, a starling, Lat. *sturnus*.

ψᾶρός, ὁ, ἄν, (ψάρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or speckled; ψαρός ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψάω, f. ψάσω: aor. I ἔψαυσα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass. ἔψαυσμαι : (ψάω)—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψάων κύρυντες φάλοιαν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψαυσας ἀλγεινοτάτας ἐμοὶ μερίμνας, πατὴρς τριπόλοιτον ὅτ' οὐκ ἐβαστ' ἐπὶ τοῖς ὤμοις themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-told fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπὶ γὰρ ψάων τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομίοις γλώσσας he knew too late that he had attacked the god with abusive speech.

II. to touch as an enemy, lay hands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψᾶφᾶρίτης, ὄν, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψᾶφᾶρός, ὁ, ἄν ἰον. ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency.

II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρὰ the shore, opp. to ἄλς.

ψᾶφᾶρό-τρίχως, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy hair or coat.

ψᾶφᾶρό-χροός, ὄν contr. -χρως, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, χρώα) rough on the surface.

ψᾶφιγέ, ψᾶφος, Dor. for ψήφιγέ, ψήφος.

ΨΑΩ [ᾶ], ψῖς, ψῖ, inf. ψῖν (for the regular forms ψᾶς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψῖσω: Pass., aor. I ἐψῖστην: pf. ἐψῖμαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψῖν for σφῖν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. I ἐψέξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινα περὶ τινος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair; of a person, bald-headed.

ψεδύρος or ψευρύς, ὁ, ἄν, = ψιθύρος.

ψέω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάζω, ψεκᾶς, see ψακάω, ψακᾶς.

ψέκτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censorer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τῶς.

ΨΕΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. *armilla*: in pl. ψέλια, τὰ, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ὄν, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets, ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wear.

ψᾶλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, ες, gen. εὖς, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence ψευδαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [ᾶ]

ψευδ-ἀμάμαξος, vos, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξος) a false, barren vine. [μῦμ]

ψευδ-ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false apostle.

Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-measure: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ατράφαξ, vos, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξ) false orchid, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἀττικός) false Attic, sbat Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbat deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sbat ambushade.

ψεύδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδ-ηγορέω, f. ἥσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ες, gen. εὖς, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. *mendax, falsus*, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεται to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τὰ, falsehoods:—ψευδεὶς λόγος fallacies.

II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att. irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, ἡ, ὄν, most lying: as Subst., ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδεις, ios, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητή, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεύω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδο-λίτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδόνιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδο-λογέω, f. ἦσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδο-λογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὅρος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νίτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόνιτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-παρθένος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἦσω, (ψευδορκος) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδο-ορκίος, ον, (ψευδής, ορκίζω) perjured, forsworn.

ψευδο-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, ορκος) = ψευδορκίος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομείω, f. ἦσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδο-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-φήμις, ον, (ψευδής, φήμι) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδο-χριστός, ὁ, (ψευδής, χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΤ'ΑΔ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἐψεύσα: Pass., aor. I ἐψεύσθην: pf. ἐψεύσμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἐψεύσας με ἐλατίδος ἔβου δεφραυδῶν me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευδοῦμαι δέκνται to be cheated of a supper; ἐψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν μάλιστα ἐψεύσται the third mode of explanation is most untrue. II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευδοῦσθαι ἐπὶ τοῦ λόγου the promise broken.

Dep. ψευδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἐψεύσομαι: pf. pass. ἐψεύσμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn. II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλὰς they did not belie, i.e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἐψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money.

III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνυμα Acol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδῶς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψευσι-στυξ, ὅρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) bating falsehood and fraud.

ψεύσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ἦσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ου, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕ'ΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

Ψῆ, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψῆ, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψήγμα, ατος, τό, (ψήγω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψήγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψήγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψηκτρα, ἡ, (ψήγω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ἦσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερεὶ ψηλαφάω (Ep. for -άω) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after. II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, a touch: a caress. [ἀδ]

ψηλαφάων, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗ'Ν, ψηρίς, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence

ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (δλυνθοὶ) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψηρίς) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter.

II. to write a play called the Ψῆρες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηρός Dor. ψανός, ὁ, like ψεδός or ψιλός, = φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψῆξις, εως, ἡ, (ψήγω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψῆρ, gen. ψήρις, ὁ, Ion. for ψῆρ (q. r.), a starling.

ψῆσσα Att. ψῆττα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rématis.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. εἰς, to count or reckon. II. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ίσομαι: aor. I ἐψηφίσαμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφίσμαι:—to give one's vote with a ballot.

ψηφισμός, ὁ, (ψηφίζω) the act of voting, the voting-urn; ψηφισμός, ὁ, the act of voting.

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ψηφίζεσθαι τινα to vote for any one. 2. c. acc. to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τινα τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρὸν τινα ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote: τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἴ του προσδεδίοντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψῆφος) a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree: ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote: ψήφισμα καθαιρεῖν to rescind a vote. ψηφισματό-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψῆφος, ποίεω) a making or tampering with votes.

ψῆφος Dor. ψᾶφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. II. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus: —in plur. accounts, καθαρὰ ψῆφοι an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ἰδρία), the vote itself: ψῆφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre: ψῆφω κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly: ψῆφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψῆφος Ἀθηνᾶς, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even: because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψῆφος, ballot, was different from that by κύματος, lot: the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψῆφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετραπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρεις). 3. the place of voting (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).

ψήχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), to rub down, curry a horse. II. to rub down, wear away.

ΨΙΑ'Ω Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἡ, a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἡ, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΙ'Ω, f. ψίσω: pf. pass. ἐψισμαι: —to feed on rap.

ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ᾠ: (ψιθύρεω): —to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to

mutter, mumble.

2. of any whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.

ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθύρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

ψιθύρισμός, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. 2. a whispering of slander, slander.

ψιθύριστής, ου, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. 2. a tale-bearer, slanderer.

ψιθύρός, όν, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

ψιλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλος, μέτρον) heroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ'Σ, ἡ, όν, bare, naked: c. gen. strip bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλὴ ἀροῖα a bare corn-field (without trees): πεδῖον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and without trees: in full, γῇ ψιλῇ δενδρέων land bare of trees. II. of animals, strip of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus: ἴβις ψιλῇ κεφαλῇν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλῇ σώματος οὕσα ἡ ψυχὴ the soul being divested of the body: ψιλῇ τρώϊς the bare keel with the planks torn from it: ψιλῇ θρίδα a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off. III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, of ψιλοί (sc. τῶν ὅπλων) soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλίται: ψιλὸς ἵππος a horse without housings: generally, unarmed, defenceless.

IV. ψιλὸς λόγος language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence. 2. ψιλῇ ποιήσῃς mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric: cf. ψιλομετρία.

ψιλώω, f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλός): —to strip bare, to make bald: —Pass. to become bald. II. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing: ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆς δυνάμειος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless. 2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stripped from the bones.

ψιλῶς, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only. ψιμίθιον, ψιμίθος, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc. ψιμίθιον or ψιμιμίθιον, later also ψιμιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμίθος): —white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence ψιμιθιῶω, f. ὠσω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμιθιοῦσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙΜΤ'ΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, white lead. ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ. ΨΙ'Ξ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ψιττά, = σίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.'

ψιττάκος, ὁ, or ψιττάκη, ἡ, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

ψιχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

ψίω, aor. I ἐψίσα, = ψίζω.

ψόγερος, ἄ, ὢν, (ψύγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ψόγιος, α, ον, blaming, fond of blaming. From

ψόγος, ὁ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

πολύεις, εσσα, εν, (πολύς) sooty, smoky: of the thunderbolt, smouldering.

πολο-κομπία, ἡ, (πολός, κομπέω) talk that ends in smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΠΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοίεν if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si crepuissent fores.

ψοφο-δέης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at every noise. Adv. —εως, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ἐς, gen. εός, (ψόφος, μήδος) caring for noise, noi-y, uproarious.

ΠΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφείην I would not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting.

ψυγῖναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγῖσθαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδρός, ἡ, ὢν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ἄ, ὢν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form ψυδρῖς, lying untrue.

ψυδής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, εός, τό, collat. form for ψευδός, a lie. [ῥ]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in plur. οἱ ψυκτῆρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ον, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pulex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-word.

ψύλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-archer, flea-knight, formed like ἱπποτοξότης, Comic word in Lucian.

ψύσσα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττω = ψίττω, σίττω.

ψυχ-αγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a conductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or conjure up the dead by sacrifice.

2. metaph. to win or attract the souls of the living, to win over, persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce, delude. Hence

ψυχᾶγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, persuasion.

ψυχ-ᾶγωγός, ὢν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχοπομπς.

II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὁ, a necromancer.

ψυχ-ᾰπάτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, ᾰπάτῳ) deluding the soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-dening.

ψυχεῖνός, ἡ, ὢν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχή, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.; ποιῶν τῆς Αἰσώπου ψυχῆς ἀνελέσθαι to take revenge for the life of Aesop; ψυχὴν παρθέμενος staking or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περὶ ψυχῆς to fight, run for one's life.

II. the soul of man, as opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its living owner.

2. generally, the soul or spirit of man, Lat. animus; ἀνθρώπου ψυχῆ ἀθάνατός ἐστι the soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχῆ τιμος is used for the man himself, e. g. ψυχῇ Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης: ψυχῇ absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχῇ πολλοὶ ἔθανον many souls perished: so in addressing persons, ὦ μελέα ψυχῇ O wretched being.

3. also as the seat of the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: desire, appetite.

III. the soul, mind, reason, un-

derstanding. Hence

ψυχήτιος, ἡ, ον, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχῖδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χῖ]

ψυχικός, ἡ, ὢν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II. mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαύτης, ου, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίω) destroying or killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπής, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπῶν) left by the soul, lifeless.

ψυχο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who conjures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχῳ, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανῶ) perplexing or misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὢν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury: cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχορραγίω, f. ἦσω, to let the soul break loose, to lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. animam agere. From

ψυχορ-ραγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) letting the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, εός, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold, frost, in pl. ψύχει, extreme colds: also winter-time, ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσ-σός, ὢν, (ψυχή, σώω) saving the soul.

ψυχο-τάτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τατῆναι) melting the soul.

ψυχῳ, f. ὤσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψυχο-βαφής, ἐς, (ψυχή, βαφῆναι) dyeing the soul, like red-hot iron.

ψυχρο-δόχος, *ον*, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) receiving what is cold; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος the cold-bath room.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ή*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ου, ὁ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a cold-water drinker.

ψυχρός, *ά, ὁν*, (ψύχω) cold, chill, Lat. *frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρόν (sc. ὕδωρ) cold water; Lat. *gelida* (sc. aqua); ψυχρῷ λούνται they bathe in cold water:—τὸ ψυχρὸν also = ψύχος, cold.

II. metaph. cold, vain, fruitless, unreal; ψυχρὰ νίκη a delusive victory; also chilling, horrible. 2. of persons, cold-hearted, heartless, spiritless, indifferent. 3. of exaggerated phrases, cold, frigid. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος, ή*, coldness, chill. II. metaph. of persons, coldness of heart, indifference. 2. of phrases, frigidity.

ψυχρῶ, *f. ὥσω*, (ψεχρός) to make cold:—Pass. to grow cold or cool.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. cf ψυχρός, coldly, frigidly.

ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *f. ψύω*: aor. 1 ἐψυξα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐψύχθην: aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύχην [ψ]:—to breathe, blow; ἦκα μάλα ψύξασα breathing very faintly. II. to make cool or cold: to cause to refresh, recruit. 2. Pass. to grow cool or cold.

ψυαλός, (ψάω) *ὁ*, one circumcised. 2. a lewd fellow.

ψωμίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*: (ψωμός):—to feed by putting little bits into the mouth, as nurses do children: hence to pamper, feed, fatten.

ψωμίον, *τό*, Dim. of ψωμός, a morsel, crumb.

ψωμός, *ου, ὁ*, (ψάω) a bit, morsel, scrap, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοὶ ἀνδρομέοι gobbets of man's flesh.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρα, *ή*, (ψάω) a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. *scabies*.

ψωρᾶλέος, *α, ὄν*, (ψάω) scabby, mangy.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) to rub in pieces, rub.

*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, to rub, rub in pieces.

Ω

Ω, *ω, ὦ* μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral *ω* = 800, but *ω* = 800,000. The name of *ὦ μέγα*, great or long *o*, was given to distinguish it from the *ὀ μικρόν* little or short *o*. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H, η.

Changes of *ω* in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for *α*, as ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος for ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος.

II. Ion. also for *αυ*, as θάμα τῶμα for θάμα τραῦμα.

III. Aeol. and Dor., *ω* is often put for *ου*, as ἄρανός Μῶσα κῶρος λιπῶσα for οὐρανός Μοῦσα κούρος λιπούσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βροτοῦ βροτῶς.

IV. Dor. *ω* into *α*, as πρώτος πρώτιστος θεός; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes *αν*, as Μουσῶν for Μουσῶν.

Ω and ὦ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! ob!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written *ὦ*, as an address *ω*.

ῶα or ὠά ή, (ὦς) a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it. 2. the edge or skirt of a garment.

Ἰδρίων [Υ], *ανος, ὁ*, poet. for Ἰδριαν. Hence Ἰδριάνειος, *α, ὄν*, of Orion.

ῶας, *ατος, τό*, Dor. for οὔας, οὖς, the ear.

ῶγαθέ, with apostroph. ῶγάθ', demonstr. Adv., ὠγμός, *ου, ὁ*, (ὠζω) a crying ob!

Ἰγυγία, *ή*, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

Ἰγυγιος, *α, ὄν*, Att. also *ος, ὄν*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence primeval, primal. [ψ]

ῶδης, Dor. for ῶδης, gen. of ῶδης.

ῶδε Att. ὦδε, from ὦδε, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ὦδ' ἡμείψατο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ὦδε γέ- νους thus off for family. II. of Place, hither, here.

ῶδες, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδῶ.

ῶδειον, *τό*, (ῶδης) the Odæum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ῶδης, *ή*, contr. for ὠδῆς, (ἀείδω, ᾄδω) a song, lay, ode, strain: in plur. lyric poetry.

ῶδῆκαντι, Dor. for ῶδῆκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδῆ, Att. strengthd. form of ὠδε. [Υ]

ῶδικός, *ή, ὄν*, (ῶδης) fond of singing, musical. Adv. -κῶς, musically, in good time or harmony.

ῶδῖνας, acc. pl. of ὠδῖς.

ῶδῖνω [Υ], *f. ἴνω*: aor. I ὠδῖνα: (ὠδῖς):—to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour: c. acc. to be in travail of a child: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ὠδῖναι to be in labour with honey. 2. of any great pain, to be in travail, be in pangs or pains. 3. to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, to be in the throes or agonies of thought.

Ἰδῖς, *ή*, the pain of childbirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. the pangs or throes of labour. 2. in sing. also the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child. II. generally, travail, pain, distress. (Akin to δύνῃ.)

ῶδο-ποιός, *όν*, (ῶδης, ποίεω) making songs or odes.

ῶδος, *ὁ*, contr. for ὠδῖς, a singer, minstrel.

ῶδῶδαι, poet. for δῶδαι, 3 sing. plpf. of ὠζω.

ῶων, *τό*, = ὠόν, an egg.

ῶζω, aor. I of ὠζω.

ῶζω, to cry ob! hence ὠγμός. (From ὦ or ὠ, as οἶζω from οἶ, ολμῶζω from οἶμοι.)

ὠή, a call to another, *ho! bolla!* Lat. *obe! beus!*
 ὠήθη, aor. I pass. of οἰομαι.

ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ὠθέω.

ὠθεύοντο, Dor. for ὠθύνοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of

ἴσθαι, impf. ἔσθον: fut. ὠθήσω and ὠσω: aor. I

ἔωσα Ion. and Ep. ὠσα: pf. ἔωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔω-

σθη: pf. ἔωσμαι Ion. ὠσμαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf.

ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ὠσασκε:—to thrust, push, shove,

force away or from a place; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὠσε *be*

forced the spear from the thigh; ξίφος ἀπ' ἐς κοιλὴν ὠσε *be*

thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push

or force back in battle; ὠσαι ἐκτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush

into the fire; ὠσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also

to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry,

push on; ὠθεῖν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—

absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or

pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust

or push from oneself, push or force back.

ὠθίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὠθέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass.

and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph.

to be in hot dispute, Lat. *altercari*. Hence

ὠθισμός, ὁ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling,

wrestling: metaph., ὠθισμός λόγων a struggle of

words, a hot debate.

ὠγγυντο, Ep. for ὠγγυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οἶνυμι.

ὠλετο, Ep. for ὤλετο, 3 sing. impf. of οἰομαι. [Ὶ]

ὠλεται, Ep. for ὤλεται, inf. of οἶνυμι.

ὠλεξαι, Ep. for ὤλεξαι, 3 sing. and 3 pl.

aor. I act. of οἶνυμι.

ὠλήθη, Ep. aor. I of οἰομαι.

ὠλα, poet. Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly, fast.

ὠκάλιος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ὠκός.

ὠκία, Ep. and Ion. for ὠκεία, fem. from ὠκός.

Ἰκεανίνη, ἡ, (Ἰκεανός) daughter of Ocean, an

Ocean-nymph. [Ὶ]

Ἰκεανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἰκεανός) daughter of Ocean

Ἰκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From

Ἰκεανός, οὔ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of

Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:

according to Homer, Ocean was a river which en-

compassed the whole earth, hence often called

ὠκεανὸς ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained

as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the

Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα.

(From ὠκός and πᾶν.)

ὠκεάων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ὠκός.

ὠκέως, Adv. of ὠκός, quickly, swiftly.

ὠκίη, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὠκός, swift.

ὠκιστα, neut. plur. of ὠκός used as Adv., most

swiftly, very swiftly.

ὠκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὠκός.

ὠκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ὠκός.

ὠκνεον, impf. of ὠκνέω.

ὠκτεира, aor. I of ὠκτείρω.

ὠκύ-αλος, ον, (ὠκός, ἄλς) sea-swift, speeding over

the sea, epith. of a ship. [Ὶ]

ὠκύ-βελος, ον, (ὠκός, βαλεῖν) quick-biting or quick-
 shot: quick-darting.

ὠκύ-δότητω, ορος, ὁ, (ὠκός, δάκνω) biting swiftly.

ὠκύ-διδάκτος, ον, (ὠκός, διδάσκω) quickly taught.

ὠκύ-δίνητος Dor. -δινάτος, ον, (ὠκός, δινέω) quick-

whirling. [Ὶ]

ὠκύ-δρομάς, ον, ὁ, = ὠκυδρόμος.

ὠκύ-δρόμος, ον, (ὠκός, δραμεῖν) swift-running.

ὠκύ-επής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὠκός, ἐπος) quick-speaking.

ὠκύ-θοος, ον, also η, ον, (ὠκός, θέω) swift-running.

ὠκύ-μάχος [ᾱ], ον, (ὠκός, μάχομαι) quick to fight.

ὠκύ-μορος, ον, (ὠκός, μορος) short-lived, dying

early: Sup., ὠκυμρότατος. II. act. bringing

a quick or early death.

ὠκύ-πέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὠκός, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)

quick-flying.

ὠκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ὠκός, πλάνη) quick-wandering.

ὠκύ-πλοος, ον, (ὠκός, πλέω) fast-sailing.

ὠκύ-πόδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ὠκύπους, swift-footed.

ὠκύ-ποινος, ον, (ὠκός, ποιή) quickly-avenged.

ὠκύ-πομπος, ον, (ὠκός, πέμποι) swift-conveying.

ὠκύ-πορος, ον, (ὠκός, πόρος) swift-passing.

ὠκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ὠκύπους. [Ὶ]

ὠκύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πους, τό, gen. -ποδός (ὠκός, ποῖς),

swift-footed, fleet of foot.

ὠκύ-πτερος, ον, (ὠκός, πτερόν) swift-winged, swift-

flying: τὰ ὠκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a

wing.

ὠκύ-ρότης, ον, ὁ Dor. -ρόας, = ὠκυροός.

ὠκύ-ροος, ον, (ὠκός, ρέω) swift-flowing.

ὠκός [Ὶ], ὠκεία, ὠκύ, gen. ὠκέος, εἰας, ἐος, Ep. fem.

ὠκέα:—quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ὠκέως, but

more commonly ὠκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup.

ὠκύτερος, ὠκύτατος: irreg. ὠκίαν, ον, gen. ονος (like

Lat. *oculus*, *oculus*), ὠκιστος. (Akin to δέξω.)

ὠκύ-σκοπος, ον, (ὠκός, σκοπέω) quick-aiming.

ὠκύτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὠκός) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,

speed. [Ὶ]

ὠκυτόκειος or -τόκιος, ον, belonging to or pro-

moting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ὠκυτόκιον (sc. φάρ-

μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From

ὠκύ-τόκος, ον, (ὠκός, τεκείν) causing quick and

easy birth: of a river, fertilising: τὸ ὠκυτόκειον a quick

and easy birth.

ὠλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for ὠλαξ.

ὠλάφιον, contr. for ὠ ἐλάφιον.

ὠλέκρᾶνον, τό, properly ὠλενύ-κρᾶνον, = ὠλένης

κρᾶνον, the point of the elbow: also ὠλέκρᾶνον.

ἸΛΕΤΝΗ, ἡ, the elbow, or rather the arm from the

elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. *ulna*: gene-

ally, an arm; περὶ ὠλένης δέρεα βάλλειν to throw

one's arms round a person's neck.

ὠλεσα, aor. I of ὠλλυμι.

ὠλεσι-βῶλος, ον, (ὠλλυμι, βῶλος) crushing clods of

earth.

ὠλεσι-καρπος, ον, (ὠλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing

its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.

ὠλεσι-οικος, ον, (ὠλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruin-

ing the house.

ὠλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὠλλυμι.

ἄλισθον, aor. 2 of ἄλισθάνω.
 ἄλισθηκα, pf. of ἄλισθάνω.
 ἄλλος, ἄλλοι, Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.
 ἄλλε, ἦ, poet. contr. for ἄλας, αὐλας, a furrow :
 mostly used in acc. ἄλλα.
 ἄλλομη, aor. 2 med. of ἄλλωμι.
 ὤμο-αχθής, ἑς, (ὤμος, ἀχθος) heavy to the shoulders.
 ὤμες, Dor. for ὤμεν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.
 ὤμο-στῆς, οὐ, ὁ, (ὤμος, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating
 raw flesh; also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ὤμο-
 στῆς. II. generally, *savage, brutal*.
 ὤμμαι, pf. pass. of ὀράω, formed from *ὄπτομαι.
 ὤμο-βοέος or -βόειος, α, ον, (ὤμος, βοῦς) of raw,
 untanned ox-hide :—as Subst., ὤμοβοέη (sc. δορά), ἦ,
 a raw ox-hide, like λεοντή, etc. : but, ὤμοβόειον
 (sc. κρέας), τό, raw ox-flesh.
 ὤμο-βοεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ὤμος, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw
 ox-hide : acc. pl. ὤμοβοεῖς.
 ὤμο-βύδων, ἦ, ον, like ὤμοβοέος, of raw ox-hide.
 ὤμο-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὤμος, βιβρώσκω) eating raw
 flesh.
 ὤμο-βρωτος, ον, (ὤμος, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.
 ὤμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὤμος, γέρων) a fresh, active
 old man, a man in a green old age; cp. Virgil's *cruda*
viridisque senectus.
 ὤμο-δικῆς, ἑς, (ὤμος, δακεῖν) fiercely stung or fiercely
 stinging.
 ὤμο-δροπος, ον, (ὤμος, δρέπω) plucked unripe; νό-
 μμα ὤμοδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.
 ὤμο-θετός, f. ἦσω, (ὤμος, τιθῆμι)—in sacrificing,
 to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the
 thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (θημός) : also
 in Med.
 ὤμο-θυμός, ον, (ὤμος, θυμός) savage-hearted.
 ὤμοι, not ὠμοι, = ὦ μοι, ab me, woe's me, Lat. *bei*
mihi.
 ὤμο-κράτης, ἑς, gen. ἑος, (ὤμος, κράτος) strong-
 shouldered, or (ὤμος, κράτος) of savage strength.
 ὤμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ὀμολογέω,
 confessedly, without contradiction.
 ὤμο-πλάτη, ἦ, (ὤμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade,
 mostly in plur. ὤμοπλάται, al. Lat. *scapulae*. [ᾱ]
 ὀΜΟΞ, ὁ, the shoulder with the upper part of the
 arm, the shoulder, Lat. *humerus*; φέρειν ὀμοῖς to bear
 on one's shoulders; ὀμοῖσι τοῖς ἑμοῖσι by the strength
 of mine arms : also of animals, as of a lion : of a horse,
 like Lat. *armus*.
 ὀΜΟΞ, ἦ, ὄν, raw, undressed, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of
 flesh; ὀμὸν καταφαγεῖν τινα to eat one raw : of
 food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly
 of fruits : also of a man, ὀμὸν γήρας an untimely old
 age. II. metaph. *savage, rude, cruel*. 2.
 rough, hardy.
 ὀμοσα, aor. I of ὀμνυμι.
 ὤμό-σitos, ον, (ὤμος, σιτέομαι) eating men raw :
 hence *savage, ferocious*.
 ὀμο-σπάραιστος, ον, (ὤμος, σπάραισσω) torn in pieces
 raw.

ὠμότης, ητος, ἦ, (ὠμός) rawness, unripeness. II.
 metaph. *savageness, cruelty*.
 ὠμο-φάγος, ον, (ὠμός, φάγειν) eating raw flesh. II.
 ὠμόφαγος, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.
 ὠμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἦ, (ὠμός, φρήν) savage-minded.
 Adv. -φρόνως.
 ὠμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω.
 ὠμῶς, Adv. of ὠμός, *savagely*.
 ὦν, Ion. for ὦν, now, therefore.—Herodotus often
 places this particle between a verb and its preposition,
 as, ἀπ' ὦν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὦν.
 ὦνα, ὦναξ, poet. contr. for ὦ ἄνα, ὦ ἄναξ.
 ὠνάθην, Dor. for ὠνήθην, aor. I pass. of ὠνήναι.
 ὠνάμην, ὠνάτο, 1 and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὠνήναι.
 ὠνάσα, Dor. aor. I of ὠνήναι.
 ὠνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.
 ὠνεῖμαι contr. ὠνούμαι : fut. ὠνήσομαι : impf. ὠ-
 νούμην Ion. ὠνέμην : aor. I ὠνήσαμην, pf. ὠνήναι ;
 (but pf. part. ὠνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also
 used in a pass. sense) :—ἐπιόμην [ᾱ] is used as aor. 2,
 Ep. 3 sing. πρίατο ; imperat. πρίασο, πρίω ; subj. πρί-
 ωμαι ; opt. πριαίμην ; inf. πριασθαι ; part. πριάμενος :
 (ἄνος) : Dep. :—to buy, purchase, opp. to πωλέω, πω-
 πράσσω, as Lat. *emere* to *vendere* ; ἄνεισθαί τι παρὰ
 τινος to buy a thing from a person : c. gen. preti, for
 so much, ἄνεισθαί δραχμῆς to buy for a drachma. 2.
 to farm public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf.
 to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a
 thing, Lat. *liceri* : hence to buy off, effect a compro-
 mise by money : hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to
 be bought. Hence
 ὠνή, ἦ, (ἄνος) a buying, Lat. *emptio*, ὠνή καὶ πρᾶσις
 buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain : esp.
 a contract for the farming of taxes.
 ὠνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὠνήναι.
 ὠνησα, aor. I of ὠνήναι.
 ὠνητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὠνέομαι) a buyer.
 ὠνητός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὠνέομαι,
 bought. II. to be bought, that may be bought.
 ὠνθρωπε, crasis for ὦ ἄνθρωπε.
 ὠνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.
 ὠνος, α, ον, (ἄνος) to be bought for sale, Lat. *venalis* ;
 πῶς ὁ σίτος ὠνος ; how is corn selling ? what is the
 market price ? τὰ ὠνια goods for sale, market-wares.
 ὠνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὠνομα.
 ὠνομάδεται, Ion. for ὠνομασμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf.
 pass. of ὠνομάζω.
 ὀΝΟΞ, ὁ, a price, value, payment for a thing. II.
 a buying, like ὠνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum*
 from *olnos*, *vicus* from *olkos*.)
 ὠνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὠνομαι.
 ὠνοχόει, 3 sing. impf. of ὠνοχοέω.
 ὠνωμαι, pf. pass. of ὠνώω.
 ὦξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἔξ.
 ὠξε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὠίγγνυμι.
 ὀΝ'ΟΝ, τό, an egg, Lat. *OVUM*.
 ὠόπ, a cry of the κελυσστής to make the rowers
 stop pulling. *avast !*

ὥπασα, aor. I of ὀπάω.

ὤπερ, Dor. for οὐπερ, Adv. *where*.

ὀπῶλλον, poet. crasis for ὁ Ἀπῶλλον.

ὀπῶλλον, by crasis for ὁ Ἀπῶλλον.

ὀπῶλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπῶλοι.

ὀπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ὀπάω.

ὀπτησα, ὀπτων, aor. I and impf. of ὀπάω.

ὀπυσσα, pf. 2 of ὀπάω.

ᾠΠΑ Ion. ὤρη, ἡ, Lat. *CURA*, care, concern, heed, regard for a person or thing; ὤραν τινὸς ἔχειν or ποιῶσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

ᾠΠΑ Ion. ὥρη, ἡ, Lat. *HORA*, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full εἶσος ὥρη or ὥρη εἰσότης; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπῶρα or autumn, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. later, the whole year, ἐν τῇ πέρσῳ ὥρᾳ last year, (as we say) last season. II. the time of day: also, ὥρα νυκτός night-time.

III. generally, the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ὥρῃ in good time, early: c. gen. rei, ὥρη ὕπνου the time for sleep, bed-time.

IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the heavens. V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manhood. VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ὥραια, the fruits or produce of the year.

VII. as pr. n., ᾠραι, αἱ, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Χάρμεις or Graces. ὥραιος, α, ω, (ὥρα) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; ὥραιον καρπὸν or τὰ ὥραια, the fruits of the season. 2. as Subst., ὥραια, ἡ, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations.

II. happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable. III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμον ὥραια a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death. IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence ὥραιότης, ἡρος, ἡ, the bloom of youth, beauty. ὥραια, f. ἄνω [ᾠ], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὥρῆνός, δ, Dor. for οὐρανός. ὥρῃσι, ὥρῃσιν, Adv. (ὥρα) in season, in good time. ὥρει-τροφος, ων, poet. for ὥρειτροφος, (ὥρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὥρέατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὥρέω. ὥρει-δουπος, ων, (ὥρος, δουνέω) making a din on the mountains. ὥρει-δότης, ων, δ, (ὥρα, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

ὥρεσσιν, Ep. for ὥρεσσιν, dat. of ὥρα. ὥρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ὥρεω.

ὥρεύω, (ὥρα) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

ὥρη, ἡ, Ion. for ὥρα.

ὥρη, ἡ, Ion. for ὥρα.

ὥρη-φόρος, ων, (ὥρα, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ὥρῃσι, pf. pass. inf. of ὥρεω.

ὥρίεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὥρίζω.

ὥρίεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὥρα) ripe, in one's prime or bloom. II. in season, seasonable: Adv. -ως, ὥρειως συνθῆναι you ask seasonably.

ὥριμος, ων, (ὥρα) ripe, timely, in season.

ὥρίσθην, aor. I pass. of ὥριμι.

ὥριος, ων, (ὥρα) happening or returning in due season; ὥρια πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. II. timely, seasonable, ripe. III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ὥρισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὥρίζω.

ὥριστος, Ion. crasis for ὁ ὥριστος.

ᾠρίων, ὠος, ὁ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [i Ep. i Att.]

ὥρημῶν [ᾠ], Dor. for ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, ὥρημῶν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὥρημῶν.

ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, f. ὥρη, (ὥρα, τίθημι) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour. II. to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

ὥροπε, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ὥρεω.

ὥρος, εος, τό, Dor. for ὥρος Ion. οὐρος, a mountain.

ὥρορα, aor. I of ὥρεω.

ὥρο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὥρεω.

ὥρημῶν, δ, a bawling, bellowing, roaring.

ὥρημῶν, aor. I of ὥρημῶν.

ὥρημῶν, fut. ὥρημῶν [ᾠ]: aor. I ὥρημῶν: Dep.: —to bawl, bellow, roar, Lat. rugire: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. II. transit. to bawl over, bewail.

ὥρημῶν, Ion. crasis for ὁ ὥρημῶν. ὥρημῶν, 3 dual impf. of ὥρημῶν. ὥρημῶν, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ὥρημῶν. ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὥρημῶν.

ὥρημῶν, Ion. for ὥρημῶν εἶσιν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὥρέω.

ὥρημῶν, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὥρημῶν.

ᾠΣ, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, ᾠς. 2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ᾠς.

II. as Conj. when it is also without accent, ᾠς.

II. as Conj. when it is also without accent, ᾠς.

II. as Conj. when it is also without accent, ᾠς.

II. as Conj. when it is also without accent, ᾠς.

I. *ὥς*, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, *thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὥς*, even so, nevertheless: with a negat., οὐδ' *ὥς*, μηδ' *ὥς*, not even so, in no way soever.

3. in Comparisons, *ὥς* is answered by *ὥς*, so as, Lat. *sic ut*: also, ὥστε .. *ὥς*, as .. *thus*. II. *ὥς*, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. *ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—*ὥς* in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, θεὸς *ὥς* for *ὡς* θεός.

2. with Elliptical Phrases, *ὥς* ἐμοί or *ὥς* γ' ἐμοί (sc. δοκεῖ); *ὥς* ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. εἰκάσαι) to judge by eyesight; *ὥς* Λακεδαιμόνιος (sc. εἶναι) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπεμφας αὐτὸν *ὥς* φύλακα (sc. εἶναι) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; ἀγανακτοῦσιν *ὥς* ἀδικούμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, *ὥς* τί δὴ θέλῃ; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; εἰργουσιν αὐτὸν *ὥς* ἀδικούντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., *ὥς* οὕτως ἐχόντων, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so.

4. so also with Prepositions; *ὥς* ἐπὶ ναυμαχίας as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; *ὥς* ἐπὶ φρυγανισμὸν as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps. ἐπὶ, eis, πρὸς, but also with others; *ὥς* ἐκ κακῶν ἐχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and *ὥς* itself is used like a Prep., = *as*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, *ὥς* τὸν Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, *ὥς* αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς *ὥς* τὸν ὅμοιον how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs:—

with the Positive, *ὥς* ἀληθῶς, *ὥς* ἑτέρας *ὥς* truly! *ὥς* follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θανυμαστῶς *ὥς*, ὑπεφρυνῶς *ὥς*, etc. 7. *ὥς* strengthens the Superlative, like *ὅτι* and *ὅπως*, Lat. *quam*, *ὥς* μάλαστα, Lat. *quam maxime*, as much as possible; *ὥς* ῥᾶστα, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; *ὥς* τάχιστα, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases *ὥς* τὸ πολὺ, *ὥς* ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ, *ὥς* ἐπὶ τὸ πλεῖστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque*, *ut plurimum*. 8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, *ὥς* ἀριστος, *ὥς* βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. *ὥς* as CONJUNCTION I. expressing a fact, *ὅτι*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = *ὥστε*, so *ὅτι*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. *ὥς*, *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἶπον *ὥς* τοῦτο εἶη, or εἶπον τοῦτο εἶναι. 4. *ὥς*, marking an end, like *ὅτι* or *ὅπως*, *ὅτι*, in order *ὅτι*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like *ὅστε*, c. inf., so *ὅτι*, Lat. *adeo ut*, *ita ut*; εἶπος *ὥς* δύο τριήρεις πλεῖν ὁμοῦ in breadth *ὥς* *ὅτι* two triremes could sail abreast. 6. *ὥς* is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, as, *since*, Lat. *quippe*,

quandoquidem: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = *ὅπως*, Lat. *quomodo*, *quemadmodum*.

IV. *ὥς* is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase *ὥς* αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς *ὥς* τὸν ὅμοιον *ὥς* God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., *ὥς* ἡλίδιος εἰ *ὥς* silly thou art; *ὥς* σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς *ὥς* pompous the rascal is; *ὥς* ὀξεῖα κλάζει *ὥς* shrilly it screams. 2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, *ὥς* ἴδεν, *ὥς* μιν Ἔρως πυκινὰς φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν *ὥς* he saw, *ὥς* did Love encompass his soul; so, *ὥς* ἴδον, *ὥς* ἐμάνην, *ὥς* μεν περὶ θυμὸς ἰάφθη, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*.

3. *ὥς* to express a wish, *ὅτι* *ὅτι* like *εἴθε*, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., *ὥς* ἀπόλοιο καὶ ἄλλος *ὅτι* *ὅτι* another also might perish: also negatively, *ὥς* μὴ θάνοι *ὅτι* *ὅτι* he might not die! V. *ὥς* with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, *about*, *nearly*; ἀπέθανον *ὥς* πεντακόσιοι about 500 fell.

VI. *ὥς* in some Elliptical Phrases: I. *ὥς* τί (sc. γένηται); in order *ὅτι* *ὅτι* may happen? for *ὅτι* *ὅτι* end? *ὅτι* *ὅτι*? 2. *ὥς* ἑαστοῖ ἦσαν or ἐτυχον ὄντες, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*. (*ὥς* is an old pl. acc. of *ὅς*, as *τῶς* pl. acc. of *ὅς*: οὕτως from οὗτος, etc.: so *ὅτε* is used Adv.)

ὥς or *ὡς*, Dor. for *ὅ*, *where*. *ὡς*, τό, gen. *ὡτός*, Dor. for *ὅς*, *the ear*. *ὡσα*, Ion. and Ep. for *ἕσα*, aor. I of *ὠθέω*. *ὡσαιμεν*, I pl. aor. I opt. of *ὠθέω*. *ὡς* ἂν, Ep. *ὡς* *κε* or *ὡς* *κεν*, = *as* with a conditional force added. *ὡς*-*αν*-*εἰ* or *ὡς* ἂν *εἰ*, like *as if*, *as if*. *ὡσαννά*, Hebr. word meaning *save now! save we pray!*

ὡσαυκα, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of *ὠθέω*. *ὡς*-*αὐτως*, Adv. of *ὅ* *αὐτός* (*the same*), strengthd. for *ὡς*, in like manner, just so; *ὡσαύτως* καὶ .. in like manner as .. *ὡς*δε, Dor. for *ὡς*δε, 3 sing. impf. of *ὠζω*. *ὡς*-*εἰ* or *ὡς* *εἰ*, Adv. as *if*, as *though*: in Comparisons, as *if*, like, just as: so also *ὡς*-*εἰ*-*τε*. II. with Numerals, *about*.

ὡσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of *ὠθέω*. *ὡσίν*, dat. plur. of *ὡς*. *ὡσμαι*, pf. pass. of *ὠθέω*: part. *ὡσμένος*. *ὡς*-*περ*, Adv. (*ὡς*, *περ*) even as, just as; in Homer there is often a word interposed between *ὡς* and *περ*, as, *ὡς* τοπᾶρος *περ*, *ὡς* ἕσεται *περ*, etc. 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as *if*, as *it were*: and so with Participles used absolutely, *ὡς*περ ἐξόν as *if* it were in our power.

ὡς-*περ*-*εἰ* or *ὡς*-*περ*-*εἰ*, just as *if*, even as, Lat. *tanquam*. *ὡς*-*περ*-*οὖν*, Adv. even as, just as: as really, *εἰ* δ' ἔστιν *ὡς*περὸν *ἔστι* θεός but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ὡς-*τε*, as Adv. (*ὡς*, *τε*) being to *ὡς*, as *ὅστε* to *ὅς*, D d 2

used to introduce a comparison, *as, like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, *as, as being*, like ἄτε, Lat. *ut*; τὸν δ' ἐξήρπας Ἀφροδίτῃ βεῖα μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodité bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. *as* Conjunction, to express a result or effect: εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσσεται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, so as to return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like *as* with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν *as or since* the ways were guarded. 3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with ἤ; μέζω κατὰ ἡ ὥστε ἀνακλαίειν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, *as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν* too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρὸν ὥστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in.

III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει so *that, or therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὠστίζω, f. ὠσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. *trudo*.

II. in Med., Att. fut. ὠστιοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὠστιζέσθαι *eis tēn proedriān* to jostle for the first seat.

ᾠστοργος, crasis for ὁ ᾠστοργος.

ᾠσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ᾠσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ὠτ-ἀκουστέω, f. ἦσω, (οἶς, ἀκούω) to *hearken* or *listen covertly* or *anxiously*.

ὦ τῶν or ὦ τάν, see τῶν.

ὠτάριον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a *little ear*. [ᾗ]

ὠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτελή, ἡ, (οὐτάω) a *wound*: later also a *scar*, Lat. *cicatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a *little ear*.

ὠτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οἶς) a *bustard with long ear-feathers*.

ᾠτος, ὁ, Otos, son of Alôeus, brother of Ephialtes.

ὠτρήνη, aor. I of ὠτρίνω.

ὠτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οἶς) *with ears* or *bangles*.

ὠττός, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also αὐτός or *ωττός*.

ὠφέλα, aor. I of ὠφέλλω.

ὠφέλας Ion. ὠφέλη also in Att. ὠφέλη, ἡ, (ὠφέλω) *help, aid, assistance, succour*, esp. in war. 2. *profit, advantage, gain*: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλω.

ὠφέλω, f. ἦσω: (ὠφέλος):—to *help, aid, assist*,

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ὠφελεί *it does no good*: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελὲν to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδὲς ἔρατος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνει ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*. II.

Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφελήσῃμαι:—to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρὸς τινος from a person or thing: so, ἐκ or ἀπὸ τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελείσθαι τινι to be profited by a thing: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδῶν to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

ὠφέλημα, atos, τό, *that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing*. II. generally = ὠφέλεια, use, advantage, benefit.

ὠφελήσιμος, ov, (ὠφέλω) *useful, serviceable*.

ὠφελήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφέλω) a *helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφελήτεος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ὠφέλω, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελήτεον, one must assist.

ὠφέλλια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφέλλιος, ov, sometimes also η, ov, (ὠφέλω) *helping, aiding*: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous. Adv. —ως: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφέλων.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλω.

ὠφθην, aor. I of ὠφάω, in pass. sense.

ὠφληκα, pf. of ὠφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ὠχα, pf. of ὠγγνυμι.

ὠχάτο, Ion. for ὠγμένον ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of ὠγγνυμι.

ὠχετο, ὠχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἰχομαι.

ὠχηκα, Ep. for ὠχηκα, pl. of οἰχομαι.

ὠχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὠχθεῖω.

ὠχρᾶω, f. ἦσω, (ὠχρός) to *turn pale, be pale, wax*, etc.

ὠχρίαια, f. ἄσω [ᾗ], (ὠχρός) to be or *turn pale*.

ᾠχροῦς, ᾗ, ὠν, pale, wax, sallow. Hence

ὠχρος, ov, ὁ, or eos, τό, like ὠχρότης, *paleeness, waxiness*, esp. *the paleness of fear*.

ὠχηκα, Ion. pf. of οἰχομαι.

ὠψ, ἡ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὠφμαι, fut. of ὠφάω) *the eye, face, countenance*; eis ὠπα ἰδέσθαι τινί to look one full in the face: so absol., eis ὠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῶς eis ὠπα ἔοικεν *as to the face*, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.

APPENDIX

OF

PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES,

PREPARED BY

REV. JAMES M. WHITON, PH. D.

NOTE.

THE following pages contain those proper and geographical names — not contained in the body of the work — which occur in the Greek usually read in American schools in preparation for college, especially those found in Xenophon's *Anabasis*, in Goodwin's *Greek Reader*, and in the first six books of the *Iliad* and the first two of the *Odyssey*.

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APPENDIX.

*Αβαντες—Αἶαντε

A

*Αβαντες, *oi, the Abantes*, the earliest inhabitants of Eubœa.

*Αβαρβαρέη, *ή, Abarbarēa*, a Naiad.

*Αβας, *-αυτος, ό, Abas*, a Trojan.

*Αβδηρίτης, *-ου, ό, an Abderite*, inhabitant of Abdera, in Thrace, near the Nestus.

*Αβληρος, *-ου, ό, Ablērus*, a Trojan.

*Αβροζέλμης, *-ου, ό, Abrozēlmes*, a Thracian.

*Αβροκόμας, *-α, ό, Abrocōmas*, a Persian satrap.

*Αβροκόμης, *-εω, ό (Ionic form of the foregoing word), Abrocomes*, a son of Darius and half-brother of Xerxes.

*Αβρώνυχος, *-ου, ό, Abronīchus*, an Athenian.

*Αβρόνυχος, *see Αβρώνυχος.*

*Αβυδηνός, *-ή, -όν, belonging to Abūdus ; οι*

*Αβυδηνοί, *the people of Abydus, the Abydenes.*

*Αβυδόθεν, *from Abydus.*

*Αβύδος, *-ου, ή, Abūdus*, in Troas, on the Hellespont.

*Αγαμεμνονίδης, *-ου, ό, son of Agamemnon.*

*Αγαμέμνων, *-ωνος, ό, Agamemnon*, king of Mycenæ, and commander-in-chief of the Greek army before Troy.

*Αγαπήνωρ, *-οπος, ό, Agapēnor*, an Arcadian chief.

*Αγασθένης, *-εος, contr. -ους, ό, Agasthēnes*, son of Augæas, king in Elis.

*Αγασίας, *-ου, ό, Agasias*, of Arcadia, a captain.

*Αγήνωρ, *-οπος, ό, Agēnor*, a Trojan. (See *αγήνωρ*, p. 4.)

*Αγησίλαος, *-ου, ό, Agesilāus*, the name of several kings of Sparta, especially of (1) the son of Doryssus ; and (2) the son of Archidamus, and a celebrated general. Ionic forms *Ηγησίλεως and *Ηγησίλαος.

*Αγίας, *-ου, ό, Agias*, of Arcadia, a general.

*Αγίς, *-ιδος, ό (Ionic *Ηγίς), Agis*, the name of several kings of Sparta.

*Αγκάτος, *-ου, ό, Ancæus*, an Arcadian.

*Αγλατή, *-ης, ή, Aglaia*, mother of Nireus. (See *άγλατα*, p. 5.)

*Αγλαυρος, *-ου, ή, Aglaurus*, daughter of Cecrops, worshipped at Athens.

*Αγνων, *-ωνος, ό, Hagnon*, an Athenian, father of Theramenes.

*Αγχιάλος, *-ου, ό, Anchiālus*, father of Menetes, king of the Taphians. Also the name of a Greek warrior at Troy. (See *αγχιάλος*, p. 8.)

*Αγχίσις, *-ου, ό, Anchises*, father of Æneas.

*Αδείμαντος, *-ου, ό, Adimantus*, a Corinthian commander. (See *αδείμαντος*, p. 11.)

*Αδμητος, *-ου, ό, Admētus*, king of Phæræ in Thessaly. (See *αδμητος*, p. 12.)

*Αδρήστεια, Ionic for *Αδράστεια, *-ας, ή, Adrastēa*, a city of Asia Minor on the Propontis.

*Αδρηστήνη, Ionic for *Αδραστήνη, *-ης, ή, daughter of Adrastus.*

*Αδρηστος, Ionic for *Αδραστος, *-ου, ό, Adrastus*, (1) a king of Argos and of Sicyon ; (2) a son of Merops, and confederate of the Trojans. (See *αδραστος*, p. 12.)

*Ατρείδης, *-ου, ό, son of Azeus*, i. e. Actor.

*Αθηνάδης, Ionic for *Αθηνάδας, *-ου, ό, Athenādas*, a citizen of Trachis.

Αἶα, *-ης, ή, Eea*, a district of Colchis on the E. coast of the Euxine.

Αἰακίδης, *-ου, ό, son of Eæcus*. Peleus, the son, and Achilles, the grandson of Eæcus are each thus termed. *οι Αἰακίδαι, the Eæcids*, including, at the widest, Eæcus and his immediate posterity, Peleus, Telamon, Achilles, and Ajax.

Αἰακός, *-ού, ό, Eæcus*, son of Zeus and king of Egina, made after death one of the three judges of departed souls.

Αἶαντε, *τώ, the two Ajaxes*, sons respectively of Telamon and Oileus. The plural is also formed regularly.

Αἰγαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ægeon*, the name given by men to one of the hundred-armed giants, whom the gods called Briareus.

Αἰγάλεος, -ω, ὁ, *Ægaleus*, a mountain in Attica, over against the island Salamis.

Αἰγεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Ægeus*, i. e. Theseus.

Αἰγάλεια (poetic form of **Αἰγάλη**), -ας, ἡ, *Ægialea* or *Ægiale*, daughter of Adrastus and wife of Diomeles.

Αἰγαλός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Ægiālus*; (1) an ancient name of Achaia; (2) a city in Paphlagonia. (See **αἰγαλός**, p. 17.)

Αἰγίαια, -ας, ἡ, *Ægila*, a small island near Eubœa.

Αἰγίλιψ, -ιος, ἡ, *Ægilips*, a district of Ithaca. Others say, an island near Epirus, or a city on the peninsula Leucas. (See **αἰγίλιψ**, p. 17.)

Αἰγίνα, -ης, ἡ, *Ægina*, an island in the Saronic Gulf, S. W. from Athens.

Αἰγινάιος, -α, -ον, *belonging to Ægina, Æginetan*.

Αἰγινήτης, -ου, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Ægina, an Æginetan*.

Αἰγιον, -ου, τό, *Ægium*, a city of Achaia.

Αἰγισθος, -ου, ὁ, *Ægisthus*, son of Thyestes.

Αἰγύπτιος, -α, -ον, *Egyptian*.

Αἰγύπτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Ægyptius*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Αἰήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æëtes*, the name of several kings of Colchis.

Αἰθίκες, -ων, οἱ, *the Æthices*, a Thessalian or Epirotic tribe, dwelling, according to Homer, on Mount Pindus.

Αἰθρα, -ης, ἡ, *Æthra*, mother of Theseus. (See **αἰθρα**, p. 19.)

Αἰμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hæmon*, i. e. Mæon.

Αἰμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Hæmon*, a warrior of Pylus. (See **αἰμων**, p. 20.)

Αἰνῆες or **Αἰνίγες**, Ionic form **Ἐνίγες**, -ων, οἱ, *the Eniænes*, a tribe inhabiting Northern Thessaly in the Homeric period; subsequently found dwelling in Southern Thessaly.

Αἰνός, from *Enus*.

Αἶνος, -ου, ἡ, *Enus*, a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Hebrus.

Αἰωνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a resident of the Attic deme Æzōne*.

Αἰολίδης, -ου, ὁ, *a son or descendant of Æolus*; οἱ **Αἰολίδαι**, *the descendants of Æolus, the Æolids*.

Αἰολίς, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Æolian*; **γῆν τὴν Αἰολίδα**, *the Æolian land*, an ancient name of Thessaly. As a substantive (**χώρα** understood), *Æolis*, a district on the W. coast of Asia Minor.

Αἶψα, -εος, τό, *Æpy*, a city in Elia. (See **αἶψα**, p. 21.)

Αἰκόνιος τύμβος, *the sepulchral mound of Ægion*, an ancient Arcadian chief.

Αἰσῆπος, -ου, ὁ, *Æsēpus*; (1) a river of Northern Mysia, flowing into the Propontis; (2) a son of Bucolion.

Αἰονήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æsyētes*, a Trojan.

Αἰσχίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Æschines*; (1) a commander of Greek light-armed troops; (2) a friend of Socrates.

Αἰσχροίος, also written **Αἰσχροίας**, -ου, ὁ, *Æschroēas*, an Athenian.

Αἰσώπος, -ου, ὁ, *Æsōpus* or *Æsop*, the fabulist.

Αἰτώλιος, collateral form of **Αἰτωλός**, which see.

Αἰτωλός, -οῦ, ὁ, *an Ætolian*; also as adj., *Ætolian*. οἱ **Αἰτωλοί**, *the Ætolians*.

Ἀκάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Acāmas*; (1) a son of Antenor; (2) a Thracian leader. (See **ἀκάμας**, p. 24.)

Ἀκάνθιος, -α, -ον, *Acanthian, belonging to Acanthus*; in the plural, *the Acanthians*.

Ἀκανθος, -ου, ἡ, *Acanthus*, a city of Chalcidice, in Southern Macedonia, on the Strymonian Gulf.

Ἀκαρνάν, -ᾶνος (in Herodotus **Ἀκαρνάν**, -ῆνος), ὁ, *an Acarnanian*.

Ἀκαρνανία, -ας, ἡ, *Acarnania*, a country on the W. coast of Greece, between Epirus and Ætolia.

Ἀκέραιος, -ου, ὁ, *Acerātus*, a prophet-priest at Delphi. (See **ἀκέραιος**, p. 25.)

Ἀκτορίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *son of Actor*, i. e. Eurytus.

Ἀκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Actor*, son of Azeus, of Orchomenus. (See **ἄκτωρ**, p. 30.)

Ἀλαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Halæ*, the name of two Attic demes; also the name of "the marshy district at the junction of Piræus with the mainland." — GOODWIN.

Ἀλαλκομένης, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Alalcomēnēan*, epithet of Athene, from Alalcomēnæ, a city in Boeotia, where she had a temple.

Ἀλδστωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Alastor*; (1) a Greek warrior, son of Neleus; (2) a Lycian hero. (See **ἀλδστωρ**, p. 31.)

Ἀλίσιον, -ου, τό, *Alisium*, a place in Elia.

Ἀλῆιον πεδῖον, τό, *the Aleian plain*, the land of wandering (δῶλη), located by Homer in Lycia, by Herodotus in Cilicia.

Ἀλιάρτος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Haliartus*, a city of Boeotia.

Ἀλιζώνες or **Ἀλίζωνοι**, -ων, οἱ, *the Halizōnes* or *Halizōni*, a Bithynian tribe.

Ἀλιθήρης, -ου, ὁ, *Halitheres*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Ἀλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Halius*, a Lycian.

Ἀλίσαρνα, -ης, ἡ, *Halisarna*, a city of Mysia.

Ἀλκαμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Alcamēnēs*, son of Teleclus, king of Sparta.

* Ἀλκανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Alexander*, a Lycian.
 * Ἀλκή, -ης, ἡ, *Force, Might*, personified.
 * Ἀλκίστis, -ίδος and -ιος, ἡ, *Alcestis*, daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus.
 * Ἀλκιβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Alcibiades*, a celebrated Athenian leader.
 * Ἀλκμαιωνίδαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the descendants of Alcmaeon*, the *Alcmaeonidae*, an illustrious family at Athens.
 * Ἀλκμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Alcmene*, mother of Hercules.
 * Ἀλόπη, -ης, ἡ, *Alöpe*, a town in the southern part of Phthiotis in S. Thessaly, near the Malian Gulf.
 * Ἄλος, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Alus*, a town in the eastern part of Phthiotis, in S. Thessaly, near the Pagasæan Gulf.
 * Ἀλπηνός, -οῦ, ἡ (also Ἀλπηνοί), *Alpēnus* (or *Alpēni*), a city at the E. entrance of the pass of Thermopylæ.
 * Ἀλυάττης, -ου, ὁ, *Alyattes*, king of Lydia, father of Croesus.
 * Ἀλύβη, -ης, ἡ, *Alýbe*, a city in Bithynia on the Euxine.
 * Ἄλυσ, -ου, ὁ, *the Halys*, the principal river of Asia Minor, flowing N. into the Euxine.
 * Ἀλφειός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Alpheus*, a river of Elis.
 * Ἀλφειός, -οῦ, ὁ (Doric form of Ἀλφειός), *Alpheus*, a Lacedæmonian, who fought bravely at Thermopylæ.
 * Ἀλκυός, -έως, ὁ, *Alcyon*, son of Poseidon. (See ἀλκυών, p. 37.)
 * Ἀμαρυγκείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Amarynceus*, i. e. Diöres.
 * Ἀμβρακιώτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Ambraciote*, inhabitant of Ambracia in S. Epirus.
 * Ἀμάνιας, -ου and -α, ὁ, *Amīnias*, an Athenian naval captain.
 * Ἀμεινοκλής, -έους, ὁ, *Amīnoklēs*, a citizen of Magnesia in Thessaly.
 * Ἀμυδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Amýdon*, a city of the Præonians, on the Axios, in Macedonia.
 * Ἀμύκλαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Amýclæ*, a city of Laconia, on the Eurotas.
 * Ἀμφιγένεια, -ας, ἡ, *Amphigenēa*, a city of Triphylia, in S. Elis.
 * Ἀμφιδέμος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphidēmus*, father of Amphicrates.
 * Ἀμφικράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Amphicrātes*, an Athenian captain.
 * Ἀμφίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphimāchus*; (1) leader of the Epēi at Troy; (2) leader of the Carians.
 * Ἀμφίος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphius*; (1) son of Merops; (2) son of Selagus.
 * Ἀμφιπολίτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Amphipolite*, inhabitant of Amphipolis in S. E. Macedonia, on the Strymon. (See ἀμφιπόλις, p. 45.)

* Ἀμφίσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Amphissa*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ.
 * Ἀμφιτρίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Amphitryon*, king of Tiryns, and subsequently of Thebes; husband of Hercules's mother, Alcmena.
 * Ἀναγυράσιος, -ου, ὁ, *a resident of the Attic deme Anagyrus*.
 * Ἀναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Anatius*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See ἀναίτιος, p. 40.)
 * Ἀναξανδρίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxandrides*, a king of Sparta, and father of the celebrated Leonidas.
 * Ἀνάξανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxander*, a king of Sparta, and ancestor of Leonidas.
 * Ἀναξίβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxibius*, a Spartan naval commander.
 * Ἀνδραίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Andraemon*, father of Thoas, and king of Calydon in Ætolia.
 * Ἀνδρόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Androbulus*, a Delphian, the father of Timon.
 * Ἀνδροδάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Androdāmas*, a Samian, father of Theomestor.
 * Ἀνδρομάχη, -ης, ἡ, *Andromache*, wife of Hector. (See ἀνδρομάχος, p. 58.)
 * Ἄνδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Andrus*, one of the Cyclades Islands, with a city of the same name.
 * Ἀνεμώρεια, -ας, ἡ, afterwards called Ἀνεμώλεια, *Anemoria*, an elevated town of Phocis. (See ἀνεμώλιος, p. 59.)
 * Ἀνθερίδης (for Ἀνθεμνίδης), *son of Anthemion*, i. e. Simoisius.
 * Ἀνθεμίον, -ωνος, ὁ, *Anthemion*, a Trojan. (See ἀνθέμιον, p. 62.)
 * Ἀνθηδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Anthēdon*, a city on the E. coast of Boeotia.
 * Ἀνθήλη, -ης, ἡ, *Anthēle*, a town in Phocis, in the immediate vicinity of Thermopylæ.
 * Ἀνόπαια, -ας, ἡ, *Anopea*, a name given both to a part of Mt. Ceta, and to a path leading over the same.
 * Ἀντανδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Antandrus*, a city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.
 * Ἀντεα, -ας, ἡ, *Antea*, wife of Prætus, king of Tiryns.
 * Ἀντηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Antenor*.
 * Ἀντήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Antenor*, a Trojan prince.
 * Ἀντίδαμος, -ου, ὁ, *Antidōrus*, a Lemnian ship-captain.
 * Ἀντίκυρα, -ας, ἡ, *Anticyra*, a town at the entrance of the Spercheus into the Malian Gulf. The earlier form of the name is Ἀντικύρα.
 * Ἀντικυρεῖς, -έως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Anticyra*, an *Anticyræan*.
 * Ἀντίλεων, -οντος, ὁ, *Antileon*, of Thurii in S. Italy.
 * Ἀντίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Antilochus*, son of Nestor.

Ἀντίνοος, -ου, ὁ, *Antinoüs*, a suitor of Penelope.

Ἀντίπατρος, -ου, ὁ, *Antipater*, a Thasian, son of Orgeas.

Ἀντισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Antisthēnes*, a friend and pupil of Socrates, founder of the cynic school of philosophy.

Ἀντίφος, -ου, ὁ, *Antiphus*; (1) a son of Ægyptius of Ithaca; (2) a leader of the Greeks from Nisyros; (3) a leader of the Mæonians confederate with the Trojans; (4) a son of Priam.

Ἀντιφών, -ώντος, ὁ, *Antiphon*, an Athenian.

Ἀντράν, -ώνος, ὁ and ἡ, *Antron*, a city of Phthiotis in S. E. Thessaly, at the entrance of the Malian Gulf.

Ἀνυτός, -ου, ὁ, *Anytus*, an Athenian, one of the accusers of Socrates.

Ἀξιός, -οῦ, ὁ (also accented Ἄξιος), *the Axios*, the principal river of Macedonia, flowing into the Thermoic Gulf.

Ἀζύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Azylus*, a Thracian prince. (See ἀζύλος, p. 75.)

Ἀπαισός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Apasus*, a city in N. W. Mysia, at the entrance of the Propontis. The same as Pæsus, Παισός.

Ἀπιδανός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Apidānus*, a river of Thessaly. Ionic form Ἠπιδανός.

Ἀπολλόδομος, -ου, ὁ, *Apollodorus*, a frequent name among the Greeks; specially, a friend of Socrates.

Ἀπολλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Apollonia*, the name of several cities, specially of a city of Mysia, near the Lydian border.

Ἀπολλωνίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Apollonides*, a Lydian.

Ἀραβία, -ας, ἡ, *Arabia*. The name is extended (Xen. *Anab.*, I. 5. 1) to the southern part of Mesopotamia.

Ἀραθυρέα, -ας, ἡ, *Arathyrea*, an ancient city in Peloponnesus, near whose site Phlius stood.

Ἀράξης, -ου, ὁ, *the Araxes*, a river of Mesopotamia flowing into the Euphrates.

Ἀρβάκης, -ου, ὁ, *Arbaces*, satrap of Media.

Ἀργεῖος, -α, -ων, of or belonging to Argos, Argive. Ἀργεῖοι, -ων, ὁλ, a frequent Homeric designation of the Greeks.

Ἀργισσα, -ης, ἡ, *Argissa*, later named Argūra, a town of Thessaly on the Peneus near Larissa.

Ἀργος, *to Argos*.

Ἀρκεσίας, -ου, ὁ, *Arcesias*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἀρεταῖον, -ωνος, ὁ, *Aretæon*, a Trojan warrior.

Ἀρήϊος, Ionic for Ἀραός, see p. 100.

Ἀρήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arēne*, a city in S. Elis.

Ἀρξίλειον, -ωνος, ὁ, *Arxilion*, an Arcadian soothsayer.

Ἀριαβίγνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariabignes*, a Persian

naval commander, son of Darius, and half-brother of Xerxes.

Ἀριαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Ariæus*, a Persian general in the service of the younger Cyrus.

Ἀριαράμνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariaramnes*, a Persian.

Ἄριμα, -ων, τό, *Arima*, a mountain district in Asia Minor, locality uncertain, under which it was fabled that the giant Typhon lay.

Ἀρίσβη, -ης, ἡ, *Arisbe*, a city of Troas, not far from Abydus.

Ἀρίσβηθεν, *from Arisbe*.

Ἀρίσταρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristarchus*; (1) a Lacedæmonian, governor of Byzantium; (2) an Athenian commander.

Ἀριστεύς, -ου, ὁ, *Aristeus*, a Chian.

Ἀριστείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Aristides*, son of Lysimachus, a distinguished Athenian magistrate and leader.

Ἀριστίππος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristippus*; (1) a Thesalian; (2) a native of Cyrene, disciple of Socrates, and founder of the Cyrenaic school of philosophy.

Ἀριστογείτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Aristogiton*, an Athenian, who, in conjunction with Harmodius, murdered Hipparchus.

Ἀριστόδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristodemus*, a Spartan.

Ἀριστόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristomachus*, a king of Sparta.

Ἀριστονίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Aristonice*, priestess at Delphi.

Ἀριστοτέλης, -ους, ὁ, *Aristotle*, one of the Thirty at Athens, not to be confounded with the philosopher of Stagira.

Ἀρίστων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ariston*; (1) an Athenian in the service of the younger Cyrus; (2) a king of Sparta.

Ἀριστάνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristonymus*, an Arcadian.

Ἀρκαδία, -ας, ἡ, *Arcadia*, the central district of Peloponnesus.

Ἀρκαδικός, -ή, -ον, *Arcadian*.

Ἀρκάς, -άδος, ὁ, an Arcadian. *οἱ Ἀρκάδες*, the Arcadians.

Ἀρκεσίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Arcesilaus*, a leader of the Bæotians at Troy.

Ἄρμα, -ατος, τό, *Harma*, a town in E. Bæotia.

Ἀρματίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Harmatides*, a Thespian, father of Dithyrambus.

Ἀρμενία, -ας, ἡ, *Armenia*, a highland region of Asia, S. E. of the Euxine.

Ἀρμένιος, -α, -ων, *Armenian*. *οἱ Ἀρμένιοι*, the Armenians.

Ἀρμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Harmēne*, a town of Paphlagonia, near Sinope. Also called Ἀρμένη, *Armenē*.

Ἀρμόδιος, the accomplice of

him, an Athenian, *in the assassination*, p. 103.)

Ἀρμονίδης, -ov, ὁ, *Harmonides*, a Trojan artificer.

Ἀρνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arne*, an ancient town in Boeotia, of uncertain site.

Ἀρπασος, -ov, ὁ, the *Harpāsus*, a river of Armenia.

Ἀρσάμης, -ov, ὁ, *Arsāmes*, grandfather of King Darius.

Ἀρτάβανος, -ov, ὁ, *Artabānus*, brother of Darius, and uncle to Xerxes.

Ἀρταγέρσης, -ovs, ὁ, *Artagereses*, a cavalry officer of King Artaxerxes.

Ἀρτακάμας, -α, ὁ, *Artacāmas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἀρτάνης, -ov, ὁ, *Artanes*, a brother of Darius.

Ἀρταξέρξης, -ov, ὁ, the name of three Persian kings, specially of *Artaxerxes*, surnamed Mnemon, the brother of the younger Cyrus.

Ἀρτάοζος, -ov, ὁ, *Artaozus*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἀρταπάτας, -α, or Ἀρταπάτης, -ov, ὁ, *Artapātes*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἀρταφέρνης, -ovs, ὁ, *Artaphernes*; (1) brother of Darius; (2) son of the foregoing, and associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Ἀρτεμισία, -ας, ἡ, *Artemisia*, sovereign of a few Carian cities, and ally of Xerxes.

Ἀρτεμισιον, -ov, τό, *Artemisium*, the name of the northern coast and N. E. promontory of Euboea.

Ἀρτίμας, -α, ὁ, *Artimas*, Persian satrap of Lydia.

Ἀρτούχης, -ov, or Ἀρτούχας, -α, ὁ, *Artūchas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἀρύστας, -α, ὁ, *Arystas*, an Arcadian.

Ἀρχαγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Archagōras*, an Argive.

Ἀρχάλαος, -ov, Ionic form Ἀρχάλαος, -εω, ὁ, *Archelāus*, a king of Sparta, son of Agesilaus.

Ἀρχέλοχος, -ov, ὁ, *Archelōchus*, a Trojan.

Ἀρχεστράτος, -ov, ὁ, *Archestrātus*, an Athenian commander.

Ἀρχιδάμος, Ionic form Ἀρχιδήμος, -ov, ὁ, *Archidāmus*, king of Sparta.

Ἀσία, -ας, ἡ, *Asia*, at first the name of a district in Lydia, between Mt. Tmolus and the river Caÿster, then applied more widely to the E. coast of the Aegean, and extending N. E. along the Propontis and the Euxine.

Ἀσιδάτης, -ov, ὁ, *Asidātes*, a Persian.

Ἀσινάιος, -α, -ov, of *Asine*, *Asinæan*.

Ἀσίνη, -ης, ἡ, *Asine*; (1) a city on the S. coast of Messenia; (2) a city on the S. coast of Argolis.

Ἀσιος, -α, -ov, *Asian*; Ἀσιος λεῖμῶν, the *Asian meadow*, so called either from Ἀσία, which see, or, according to others, from Ἀσίας, as the meadow of the hero *Asias*.

Ἄσιος, -ov, ὁ, *Asius*, from Arisbe, ally of the Trojans.

Ἀσκάλαφος, -ov, ὁ, *Ascalāphus*, king of the Minya.

Ἀσκανία, -ας, ἡ, *Ascania*, a district in the W. part of Bithynia.

Ἀσκάnios, -ov, ὁ, *Ascanius*, of Ascania, an ally of the Trojans.

Ἀσκληπιάδης, -ov, ὁ, son of *Æsculapius*.

Ἀσπένδιος, -ov, ὁ, an *Aspendian*, from Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia.

Ἀσπληδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Asplēdon*, an ancient city in N. W. Boeotia.

Ἀσσυρία, -ας, ἡ, *Assyria*, a name somewhat vaguely applied, but strictly belonging to the district bounded W. by the Tigris and N. and E. by the mountains of Armenia and Media.

Ἀσσύριος, -α, -ov, *Assyrian*; οἱ Ἀσσύριοι, the *Assyrians*.

Ἀστέριον, -ov, τό, *Asterium*, a town of uncertain site in the central part of Thessaly.

Ἀστιάλος, -ov, ὁ, *Astýlus*, a Trojan.

Ἀστυάναξ, -ακτος, ὁ, *Astýanax*, son of Hector. (See δαστυάναξ, p. 110.)

Ἀστυνόος, -ov, ὁ, *Astynous*, a Trojan.

Ἀστυόχεια, the same as the following.

Ἀστυόχη, -ης, ἡ, *Astýōche*; (1) daughter of Actor; (2) daughter of Phylas. (See δαστύχος, p. 110.)

Ἀσωπός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Asōpus*; (1) a river flowing E. through the S. part of Boeotia; (2) a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near the Pass of Thermopylae.

Ἀταρνέως, -έως, ὁ, *Alarnesus*, a city of Æolis, opposite Mitylene in Lesbos.

Ἀτραμύτιον, -ov, τό, *Atramyttium*, a coast city in W. Mysia, on the Caicus. Also written Ἀδραμύτιον, &c.

Ἀτρείδης, -ov, ὁ, son of *Atræus*; οἱ Ἀτρεῖδαι, or τὰ Ἀτρεῖδα, the *Atridae*, Agamemnon and Menelaus.

Ἀτρεῖων, -ωνος, ὁ, the same as the preceding.

Ἀτρεΰς, -έως, ὁ, *Atræus*, son of Pelops.

Ἀτυμνιάδης, -ov, ὁ, son of *Alymnus*, i. e. Mydon.

Ἀύγαια, -ῶν, αἱ, *Augææ*; (1) a Locrian city, near the S. coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in S. Laconia.

Ἀγγητιάδης, -ov, ὁ, son of *Augæas*, king of Elis, i. e. Agasthenes.

Αὔλις, -ίδος, ἡ, *Aulis*, the city and harbor of Boeotia whence the Greek armament sailed for Troy.

Ἀυτόνοος, -ov, ὁ, *Autonous*, a Delphian hero.

Ἀυτόφονος, -ov, ὁ, *Autophōnus*, a Theban.

Ἀφεται, -ῶν, αἱ, *Aphæta*, a port of Magnesia in S. E. Thessaly, not far from Artemisium.

Ἀφιδναῖος, -ου, ὁ, a resident of the Attic deme *Aphidna*.

Ἀχρουσιᾶς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Acherusian*; Ἀχρουσιᾶς Χερρόνησος, the *Acherusian peninsula*, near Heraclea in Bithynia, with a cavern through which Hercules was said to have descended to the lower world.

B

Βαβυλῶν, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Babylon*, on the Euphrates, the chief city of the Persian empire.

Βαβυλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Babylonia*, the district of which Babylon was the capital; extending, in the widest sense, from Mesopotamia to the Persian Gulf.

Βάκς, -ίδος, ὁ, *Bacis*, a soothsayer of Boeotia. (See βακίω, p. 125.)

Βάκτριος, -α, -ου, *Bactrian*; οἱ Βάκτριοι, the *Bactrians*, inhabitants of Bactria or Bactriana, now S. E. Turkestan and N. E. Afghanistan.

Βασίς, -ου, ὁ, *Basias*; (1) an Arcadian; (2) a soothsayer of Elis.

Βατία, -ας, ἡ, *Batiæa*, a hill near Troy.

Βελβιντίας, -ου, ὁ, a *Belbinites*, an inhabitant of *Belbina*, a small island S. W. of the Attic promontory Sunium.

Βέλσος, -νος, ὁ, *Belëssys*, a satrap of Syria.

Βελλεροφόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Bellerophon*, son of Glaucon.

Βήσσα or Βήσα, -ης, ἡ, *Bessa*, a Locrian city, of uncertain site, near Augææ. See Ἀδγυαί.

Βίας, -αντος, ὁ, *Bias*, a warrior from Pylus.

Βιθυνιοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Bithynians*, whose country bordered the Propontis and Euxine, on the Asiatic side.

Βισάνθη, -ης, ἡ, *Bisanthe*, a coast city of Thrace, on the Propontis.

Βίων, -ωτος, ὁ, *Bion*, an officer of the Spartan general Thibron.

Βοάγριος, -ου, ὁ, the *Boagrius*, a rapid stream in Locris, flowing into the Malian Gulf. (See βοάγριος, p. 131.)

Βοβή, -ης, ἡ, *Bebe*, a town of Magnesia in E. Thessaly on the E. side of the Boëbean Lake.

Βοιβηίς, -ίδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Boëbean*; ἡ Βοιβηίς λίμνη, the *Boëbean Lake*.

Βοίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Boiscus*, a Thessalian.

Βοιώτιος, same as Βοιωτός, see p. 132.

Βουκόλιον, -ωτος, ὁ, *Bucolion*, son of Laomedon. (See βουκόλιον, p. 133.)

Βουπράσιον, -ου, τό, *Buprasium*, a city in N. Elis, the ancient capital of the Epei.

Βρασιδης, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Brasidas*, a Spartan general.

Βρισηίς, -ίδος, ἡ, daughter of *Briacus*, i. e. Hippodamia.

Βρυσηαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Bryseæ*, an ancient town of Laconia, a little S. W. of Sparta.

Βυζάντιον, -ου, τό, *Byzantium*, a city of Thrace, on the Bosphorus, the modern Constantinople.

Βυζάντιος, -α, -ου, of *Byzantium*; οἱ Βυζάντιοι, the *Byzantians*.

Βόρος, -ου, ὁ, *Borus*, a Mæonian.

Γ

Γαῖα, see Γῆ.

Γάνος, -ου, ἡ, *Ganus*, a small fortified place in Thrace, on the coast of the Propontia.

Γαυλίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Gaulites*, a Samian.

Γέλων, -ωτος, ὁ, *Gelon*, tyrant of Syracuse.

Γεραστός, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Gerastus*, a promontory, town, and port at the S. W. extremity of Euboea.

Γερήνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Gerenian*, applied to Nestor, as is said, from Gerenia, a Messenian city, where he was said to have been reared.

Γῆ, -ῆς, ἡ, poetic form *Γαῖα*, *Earth*, personified as a goddess. (See γῆ, p. 141.)

Γλαῦκος, -ου, ὁ, *Glaucus*; (1) father of Bellerophon; (2) grandson of Bellerophon, and leader of the Lycians before Troy. (See γλαυκός, p. 142.)

Γλαύκων, -ωτος, ὁ, *Glaucon*, an Athenian, grandfather to Plato.

Γλαφυραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Glaphyra*, a town of uncertain site in S. E. Thessaly, not far from Boëbe.

Γλίσας, -αντος, ἡ, *Glisas*, a city of Boeotia, not far E. from Thebes.

Γλοῦς, -οῦ, ὁ, *Glus*, an Egyptian, whose father, Tamus, was admiral of Cyrus the younger.

Γνήσιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Gnesippus*, an Athenian.

Γογγύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Gongylus*, an Eretrian.

Γονόεσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Gonoëssa*, a promontory on the Corinthian Gulf, near Pallene, in N. E. Achaia.

Γόργας, -α, -ου, belonging to the *Gorgon*. (See Γοργώ, p. 144.)

Γοργίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgias*, a sophist and orator of Leontini in Sicily.

Γοργίαν, -ωτος, ὁ, *Gorgion*, son of Hellas.

Γόργος, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgus*, king of Salamis in Cyprus.

Γόρτυν, -ῶτος, ἡ, *Gortyn*, a principal city of Crete. Also written Γόρτυνα, *Gortyna*.

Γουνεύς, -εως, ὁ, *Guneus*, leader of the *Ænians* in the *Ἰάνης* war.

Γραῖα, -ας, notion town, site uncertain.

Γυγαίη λίμνη, ἡ, *the Gygaean Lake*, near Sardis in Lydia, and *the nymph of the lake*.

Γυμνίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gymnias*, a city in N. Armenia.

Γυρτόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Gyrtonē*, a town in the central part of Thessaly. Also written **Γυρτόν**, *Gyrton*.

Γοβρύας, -ου, ὁ, *Gobryas*, a Persian general.

Δ

Δαμάρατος, Doric form of **Δημάρατος**, which see.

Δαμασίθυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Damasithymus*, king of Calynda.

Δάνα, -ης, ἡ, *Dana*, a city of Cappadocia, generally known as Tyana, *Τάνα*.

Δαράδαξ, -ᾶκος, ὁ, *the Darādax*, a river of Syria, flowing into the Euphrates.

Δαρδανεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Dardanian*, from Dardanus, a city of Troas on the Hellespont.

Δάρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Dares*, a Trojan, priest of Hephæstus.

Δάτις, -ιδος, ὁ, *Datis*, a Mede, associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Δαύλιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Daulians*, inhabitants of Daulis in Phocis.

Δαυλῖς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Daulis*, a town of Phocis, E. of Mt. Parnassus.

Δαφναγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Daphnagōras*, a Mysian.

Δέμος, -ου, ὁ, *Fear*, personified. (See *δεμῶς*, p. 152.)

Δεινομένης, -ους, ὁ, *Dinomēnes*, father of Gelon.

Δεκεία, -ας, ἡ, *Decelēa*, an Attic deme, occupied as a stronghold by the Spartans.

Δέλτα, τό, *the Delta*, a region of Thrace, near Byzantium.

Δέξιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Dexippus*, a Laconian.

Δερκυλίδας, also written **Δερκυλλίδας**, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Dercylidas*, a Spartan general.

Δέρνης, -ου, ὁ, *Dernes*, a Persian satrap.

Δηϊκόων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Deicoön*, a Trojan.

Δηϊπύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Deipylos*, a Greek, comrade of Sthenelus.

Δημάρατος, Ionic **Δημάρητος**, -ου, ὁ, *Demarátus*, an exiled king of Sparta, who accompanied Xerxes marching against Greece.

Δημοκόων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Democoön*, son of Priam.

Δημοκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Democrātes*, of Temenium in Argolis.

Δημοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Demosthēnes*, an Athenian general prominent in the Peloponnesian war.

Δημόφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Demophilus*, a leader of the Thespians at Thermopylæ.

Διαδρόμη, -ου, ὁ, *Diadromēs*, a Thespian.

Διηνέκης, -ους, ὁ, *Dienēces*, a Spartan of distinguished courage. (See *διηνεκής*, p. 172.)

Διθύραμβος, -ου, ὁ, *Dithyrambus*, a Thespian who distinguished himself at Thermopylæ.

Δίκαιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dicæus*, an Athenian. (See *δικαίος*, p. 173.)

Διοκλῆς, -έωντος, ὁ, *Diocles*; (1) king of Phere in Messenia; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Διομήδης, -εος, ὁ, *Diomēdes*, next to Achilles the bravest of the Greeks before Troy.

Δίον, -ου, τό, *Dium*, a town in the N. W. angle of Eubœa.

Διώρης, -ους, ὁ, *Diōres*, a chief of the Epēi before Troy.

Δόλοπες, -ων, οἱ, *the Dolōpes*, a Thessalian tribe, dwelling about Mt. Pindus in S. E. Epirus.

Δολοπτεῖον, -ωντος, ὁ, *Dolopion*, a Trojan, priest of the river-god Scamander.

Δορίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Doriscus*, a plain at the mouth of the Hebrus on the coast of Thrace, containing a city of the same name, ἡ *Δορίσκος*.

Δόρυστος, -ου, ὁ, *Dorystus*, son of Leobōtes.

Δουλίχιον, -ου, τό, *Dulichium*, an uncertain locality, but probably the largest of the Echinades Islands off the S. W. coast of Acarnania, or a city on the Acarnanian coast in that vicinity.

Δουλιχιδέες, *to Dulichium*.

Δρακοντίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontides*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Δρακόντιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontius*, a Spartan.

Δρήσος, -ου, ὁ, *Dresus*, a Trojan.

Δρύλαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Drilæ*, a warlike people in Pontus, near Trapezus.

Δρύας, -αντος, ὁ, *Dryas*; (1) one of the Thessalian Lapithæ; (2) a Thracian prince, father of Lycurgus.

Δρυοπίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Dryōpis*, the country of the Dryopes, which was, originally, Mt. Œta and the adjacent valleys.

Δύρας, -ου, ὁ, *the Dyras*, flowing into the Mælian Gulf a little W. of Thermopylæ.

Δωριεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Dorieus*, son of Anaxandrides, king of Sparta.

Ε

Ἑβρος, -ου, ὁ, *the Hebrus*, the principal river of Thrace, flowing into the Ægean Sea.

Εἰλείσιον, -ου, τό, *Ilesium*, a town of uncertain site in Bœotia.

Εἰσέτριά, poetic form for **Ἑσέτριά**, which see. **Ἑκάβη**, -ης, ἡ, *Hecuba*, wife of Priam.

Ἑκατόννυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hecatonymus*, a citizen of Sinope.

Ἐκβάτανα, -ων, τό, *Ecbatāna*, the chief city of Media, where the Persian kings resided during a part of the year.

Ἐκτορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hector*, i. e. *Astyanax*.

Ἑκτωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Hector*, eldest son of Priam, and chief hero of the Trojans.

Ἐλαιούς, -οῦντος, ὁ, *Elæus*, the southernmost town of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἐλατος, -ου, ὁ, *Elātus*, a confederate of the Trojans.

Ἑλένη, -ης, ἡ, *Helen*, daughter of Zeus and Leda, and wife of Menelaus.

Ἑλένος, -ου, ὁ, *Helēnus*, son of Priam, both a warrior and a prophet.

Ἐλεφήνωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Elephēnor*, chief of the Eubœan Abantes.

Ἑλεών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Eleon*, a town of uncertain site, in E. Boeotia.

Ἑλικῶν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Helicōon*, a Trojan noble, son of Antenor.

Ἑλική, -ης, ἡ, *Helice*, on the Corinthian Gulf, most ancient of the cities of Achaia, swallowed up by an earthquake, B. C. 373.

Ἑλλησποντιακός, -ή, -ῶν, *Hellespontiac*, equivalent to the following.

Ἑλλησπόντιος, -α, -ον, *on or of the Hellespont, Hellespontic*.

Ἑλος, -ους, τό, *Helos*; (1) a town of Laconia, on the S. coast, whose name survives in the word *Helot*. (See *Ἑλος*, p. 197.) — (2) a town or district of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Ἐνετοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Enēti*, a people of Paphlagonia.

Ἐνήγες, see *Αἰνῆες*.

Ἐνίσπη, -ης, ἡ, *Enispē*, an Arcadian town, site unknown.

Ἐννομος, -ου, ὁ, *Ennomus*, an ally of the Trojans, from Mysia. (See *Ἐννομος*, p. 227.)

Ἐράδιος, -ου, ὁ, *Eradius*, one of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Ἐραμινώνδας, -ου, ὁ, *Epaminondas*, the greatest general of Thēbes.

Ἐρεοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Epoi*, the ancient inhabitants of Elis, and extending thence some distance northward.

Ἐριάλτης, Doric form for Ἐφιάλης, which see.

Ἐριγῆνης, -ους, ὁ, *Erigēnes*, son of Antiphon, and friend of Socrates.

Ἐριδαιῖος, -α, -ον, *Epidaurian*; οἱ Ἐριδαιῖοι, *the Epidaurians*.

Ἐριδαυρος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Epidaurus*, an important town in Argolis, on the coast of ionic Gulf.

Ἐπίζηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Epizēlus*, an Athenian.

Ἐπισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Episthēnes*; (1) of Amphipolis, commander of the light-armed Greek troops in Cyrus's expedition; (2) an Olynthian, serving in the same expedition.

Ἐπίστροφος, -ου, ὁ, *Epistrophus*; (1) a leader of the Phocians before Troy; (2) an ally of the Trojans from Alybe; (3) son of Euenus, king of Lyrnessus. (See *Ἐπίστροφος*, p. 261.)

Ἐπιτάδας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Epitādas*, commander of the Lacedæmonians at Sphacteria.

Ἐπίταφα, -ης, ἡ, *Epytaza*, wife of Syennesis, the king of Cilicia.

Ἐρασινίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Erasinides*, one of the Athenian commanders in the naval battle off the Arginusæ, unjustly put to death for his conduct after the victory.

Ἐρασίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Erasistratus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρατοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eratosthēnes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρέτρια, -ας, ἡ, *Eretria*, on the W. coast of Eubœa, and next in rank to Chalcis among the cities of that island.

Ἐρετριεύς, -εως, ὁ, *an Eretrian*; οἱ Ἐρετριεῖς, *or Ionic Ἐρετριεῖς, the Eretrians*.

Ἐρευθαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ereuthalion*, an Arcadian.

Ἐρεχθεύς, -εως, ὁ, *Erechtheus*, an ancient king of Athens.

Ἐρμιόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Hermiōne*, a town and port at the S. extremity of Argolis.

Ἐρμογῆνης, -ους, ὁ, *Hermogēnes*, an Athenian, friend of Socrates.

Ἐρυθῖνοι, -ων, οἱ, *Erythini*, a place on the coast of Paphlagonia.

Ἐρυθραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Erythræ*, an ancient city in S. Boeotia, at the foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ἑσπερίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Hesperitæ*, a tribe in W. Armenia.

Ἑρεοκλήσεος, poetic form of Ἑρεοκλῆος, -α, -ον, *of or belonging to Eleicles*, a king of Thēbes.

Ἑρεόντικος, -ου, ὁ, *Eleonicus*, a Spartan.

Ἑρεωνός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Eleōnus*, a town of S. Boeotia, later called Scarphe.

Ἐυαίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Euaemon*, a Thessalian chief.

Ἐυαμινίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Euaemon*, i. e. *Euryptylus*.

Εὐβοιεύς, -εως, ὁ, *a Eubœan*; οἱ Εὐβοῖαι, *or Ionic Εὐβοῖαι, the Eubœans*. (See *Εὐβοῖα*, p. 279.)

ἔμβα, -ή, -ῶν, *of Eubœa, Eubœan*.

ἔμβα, correctly Ἐμβας, -ου, ὁ, *Eua*, a Spartan ephor.

ἔμ, ὁ, *son of Eubæus*, i. e. *Liocris*.

Εὐήνης, -οῦ, ὁ, *Euēnus*; (1) the name of two poets of Paros, one of whom is said to have instructed Socrates in poetry; (2) a king of Lynessus.

Εὐκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euclides*; (1) a soothsayer of Phlius; (2) an officer of the Spartan general Thibron; (3) one of the Thirty at Athens; (4) of Megara, a pupil of Socrates, and founder of the Megarian school of philosophy.

Εὐμάθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumāthes*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See *εὐμαθής*, p. 284.)

Εὐμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumēnes*, a brave Athenian at Salamis. (See *εὐμενής*, p. 284.)

Εὐμηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Eumēlus*, a Thessalian leader at Troy. (See *εὐμηλος*, p. 284.)

Εὐοδείης, -εως, ὁ, an uncertain designation, in Xen. *Anab.* VII. 4. 18, of Hieronymus, elsewhere called an Elean. Probably, says Hertlein, a corrupted form denoting an inhabitant of some place in Elis.

Εὐπίθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurūthes*, an Ithacan noble. (See *εὐπειθής*, p. 286.)

Εὐρύαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryālus*, lieutenant commander of the Mycenaeans before Troy.

Εὐρυβάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybātes*; (1) a herald of Agamemnon; (2) a herald of Ulysses.

Εὐρυβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybiādes*, the Spartan admiral of the Greek fleet at Artemisium and Salamis.

Εὐρυδάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Eurydāmas*, a Trojan prince.

Εὐρύδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurydēmus*, father of the traitor Ephialtes.

Εὐρύκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Euryclia*, Ulysses's nurse.

Εὐρυκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euryclides*, a Spartan.

Εὐρυκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurycrātes*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρυκρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurycratides*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρύλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurylōchus*, an Arcadian.

Εὐρύμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurymāchus*; (1) a suitor of Penelope; (2) a Dardanian; (3) a Theban, father of Leontiades; (4) the grandson of the preceding.

Εὐρυμέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Eurymēdon*, charioteer of Agamemnon. (See *εὐρυμέδων*, p. 288.)

Εὐρύνομος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurynōmus*, a suitor of Penelope.

Εὐρύπυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurypylus*; (1) a Thessalian chief; (2) a king of Cos. (See *εὐρυπυλός*, p. 288.)

Εὐρυσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurysthēnes*, a king of Sparta, twin-son of Aristodemus, and progenitor of one of the two royal families.

Εὐρύτης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurētus*; (1) a chief of the *Epēi*; (2) a brave Spartan at Thermopylae.

Εὐσωρος, poet. for *Εἰσωρος*, -ου, ὁ, *Eusōrus*, a Thracian.

Εὐτρήσις, -ιος, ἡ, *Eutrēsis*, a Boeotian town, near Thespiæ.

Εὐφῆμος, -ου, ὁ, *Euphēmus*, an ally of the Trojans. (See *εὐφῆμος*, p. 290.)

Εὐφορίων, -ανος, ὁ, *Euphorion*, an Athenian, father of Cynægirus and the poet *Æschylus*.

Εὐφράτης, -ου, ὁ, *the Euphrātes*, in W. Asia, rising in Armenia, and flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Ἐφέσιος, -α, -ον, *Ephesian*; οἱ *Ἐφέσιοι*, *the Ephesians*.

Ἐφέσος, -ου, ἡ, *Ephēsus*, on the coast of Ionia, at the mouth of the Cayster.

Ἐφιάλτης, -ου ὁ, Doric form *Ἐπιάλτης*, *Ephialtes*; (1) a giant, the son of Poseidon; (2) a Trachinian, who betrayed the Greeks at Thermopylae.

Ἐφύρα, -ας, ἡ, *Ephūra*; (1) a town of Elis; (2) a town of Thesprotia in Epirus. (See *Ἐφύρα*, p. 295.)

Ἐχεκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Echecrātes*, of Phlius, a friend of Socrates.

Ἐχέμων, poet. *Ἐχέμμων*, -ονος, ὁ, *Echēmon* or *Echemmon*, son of Priam.

Ἐχέπωλος, -ου, ὁ, *Echepōlus*, a Trojan.

Ἐχέστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Echestrātus*, a king of Sparta.

Z

Ζάκυνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Zacynthus*, now Zante, an island containing a city of the same name, in the Ionian Sea, W. of Elis.

Ζαπάτας, -α, ὁ, *the Zapātas*, a river flowing from Armenia into the Tigris. Commonly written *Ζάβατος*, the Zabatus.

Ζέλεα, -ας, ἡ, *Zelēa*, a town of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.

Ζήλαρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Zelarchus*, a market overseer.

Ζωστήρ, -ῆπος, ὁ, *Zoster*; Mt. Hymettus, which bounds the Athenian plain on the south, terminates in the promontory of Zoster, this terminates in three capes.

H

Ἡγήσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Hegesander*, an officer in the army of the 10,000 Greeks.

Ἡγησίλαος and **Ἡγησίλαος**, Ionic for *Ἀγησίλαος*, which see.

Ἥγης, Ionic for **Ἄγης**, which see.
Ἠρίβουα, -ας, ἡ, poetic form of **Ἐρίβουα**, *Eriboua*, the second wife of Alcæus, and step-mother of the giants Otus and Ephialtes.
Ἠέριον, -ωνος, ὁ, *Elion*, king of Thebe in Mysia.
Ἠϊόνες, -ων, αἱ, *Eñnes*, literally, *the Banks*, a town in S. E. Argolis. (See *ἡϊών*, p. 303.)
Ἠϊόν, -ονος, ἡ, *Eion*, literally, *the Beach*, in S. E. Macedonia, the port of Amphipolis, at the mouth of the Strymon. (See *ἡϊών*, p. 303.)
Ἠλεός, -α, -ον, of *Elis*, *Elean*; or **Ἠλεοί**, *the Eleans*.
Ἠλīs, -ιδος, ἡ, *Elis*, a district in W. Peloponnesus.
Ἠλόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Elone*, an old town of N. E. Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Olympus.
Ἠπιδανός, Ionic for **Ἀπιδανός**, which see.
Ἡράκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Heraclea*, a city of Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.
Ἡρακλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Hercules*, as Thessalus and Tlepolemus; also as a proper name, *Heraclides*, of Maronæa in Thrace.
Ἡρακλεώτης, -ου, ὁ, a *Heracleian*; or **Ἡρακλεῶται**, *the Heracleans*.
Ἡρακλεῶτις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *χώρα* understood, *the Heracleian (territory)*.
Ἡσιόδος, -ου, ὁ, *Hesiod*, a celebrated Grecian poet.

Θ

Θάλπιος, -ου, ὁ, *Thalpius*, a chief of the *Epēi*, at Troy.
Θαλυσιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thalysius*, i. e. *Echepolus*.
Θάμυρις, -ιδος and -ιος, ὁ, *Thamyris*, an ancient bard of Thrace.
Θαρύπας, -ου, ὁ, *Tharýpas*, a favorite of the Thessalian Menon.
Θάσιος, -α, -ον, *Thasian*, of Thasus, an island in the N. *Ægean*, off the Thracian coast.
Θαυμακία, -ας, ἡ, *Thaumacia*, a town of Magnesia in N. E. Thessaly.
Θαψακηνοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Thapsacenes*, inhabitants of Thapsacus.
Θάψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Thapsacus*, a city on the Euphrates, where was the most important of its northern fords.
Θεανώ, -οῦς, ἡ, *Theano*, sister of Queen Hecuba, and wife of Antenor.
Θεμιστοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Themistocles*, the great statesman and leader of the Athenians.
Θεογένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theogènes*; (1 one of the Thirty at Athens; (2) a Locrian captain. (See *θεογενής*, p. 314.)

Θεογνῆς, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, *Theognis*, one of the Thirty at Athens.
Θεοκύδης, -ου, ὁ, *Theocýdes*, an Athenian.
Θεομήτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Theomestor*, tyrant of Samos. (See *θεομήτωρ*, p. 314.)
Θεόπομπος, -ου, ὁ, *Theopompus*, an Athenian in the army of the 10,000 Greeks. (See *θεόπομπος*, p. 215.)
Θερμαῖος κόλπος, -ου, ὁ, *the Thermæan Gulf*, the northwestern arm of the *Ægean Sea*.
Θέρμη, -ης, ἡ, *Thermæ*, a city in S. Macedonia, at the head of the Thermæan Gulf; in later times called Thessalonica.
Θερμάδων, -οντος, ὁ, *the Thermædon*, a rivet of Cappadocia, flowing into the Euxine.
Θερσίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thersites*, the most ugly and scurrilous of the Greeks before Troy.
Θέσπια, -ας, ἡ, — also **Θέσπια**, -ας, ἡ, — but usually **Θεσπία**, -ῶν, αἱ, *Thespiæ*, a noted city of Boeotia, at the foot of Mt. Helicon.
Θεσπιάς, -έως, ὁ, a *Thespian*; or **Θεσπιάς**, or Ionic **Θεσπίης**, *the Thespians*.
Θεσπρωτοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Thesprotians*, an ancient race dwelling on the coast of Epirus.
Θεσσαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Thessaly*, the N. E. district of Greece, mostly a plain, noted for its fertility and fine horses.
Θεσσαλός, adj., see p. 317. As a proper name, *Thessalus*, a son of Hercules.
Θεστορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thestor*, i. e. Calchas.
Θετταλία, **Θετταλός**, Attic for **Θεσσαλία**, &c., which see.
Θηραμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theramènes*, one of the Thirty at Athens, a noted general and politician, who from his frequent changes in politics was nicknamed *κόθορνος*, which see, p. 383.
Θήχης, ὁ, *Theches*, a mountain in Pontus, to the S. E. of Trapezus, from which the 10,000 Greeks desried the sea.
Θιβραχός, -ου, ὁ, *Thibrachus*, an Athenian polemarch.
Θιβρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thibron*, a Spartan general.
Θίσβη, -ης, ἡ, *Thisbe*, a city of Boeotia, at the base of Helicon. It abounds now, as in Homer's time, with wild pigeons.
Θόας, -αντος, ὁ, *Thoas*, a leader of the *Ætoli-ans*, at Troy.
Θούριος, -α, -ον, of *Thurii*, in S. Italy, *Thurian*.
Θόων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thoön*, a Trojan.
Θόωσα, -ης, ἡ, *Thoösa*, a nymph, mother of Polyphēmus.
Θράκιον, *ian square*, a spot in Byzantium.
Θράκις, *Thracian gate*. (See *Θράκις*.)
Θάλις, an Athe-

nian, son of Lycus, who expelled from Athens the Thirty Tyrants.

Θρασύλεως, -ω, Ionic form for **Θρασύλαος**, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasylāus*, an Athenian.

Θράσυλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasyllus*, one of the victorious Athenian generals at Arginusæ, afterwards shamefully put to death.

Θρασυμηλίδας, -α, ὁ, *Thrasymelidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Θριάσιος, -α, -ον, of *Thria*, an Attic deme; τὸ **Θριάσιον πεδῖον**, the *Thriasian plain*, a fertile plain between Thria and Eleusis.

Θρόνιον, -ου, τό, *Thronium*, a chief town of the Locrians, on the Boagrius, near the Malian Gulf.

Θρύον, -ου, τό, *Thryum*, a city of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Θυσστής, -ου, ὁ, *Thyestes*, son of Pelops, brother of Atreus.

Θύμβριον, -ου, τό, *Thymbrium*, a city in E. Phrygia.

Θυμοίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thymœtes*, a Trojan, one of the city fathers.

Θυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Thyni*, a warlike people in the S. E. of Thrace, part of whom, at a very early period, crossed into Asia, and occupied parts of Bithynia.

Θώραξ, -ακος, ὁ, *Thorax*, a Spartan commander. (See *θώραξ*, p. 324.)

I

Ἰάλμενος, -ου, ὁ, *Ialmēnus*, son of Ares, a chief of the Minyæ.

Ἰασόνιος, -α, -ον, belonging to *Jason* (*Ἰάσων*); ἡ **Ἰασονία ἀκτὴ**, the *Jasonian promontory*, on the coast of Pontus, where Jason with the Argonauts is said to have landed.

Ἰαωλκός, poetic form of **Ἰωλκός**, -οῦ, ἡ, *Iolcus*, where Jason dwelt, the rendezvous of the Argonauts, a town of Magnesia, in E. Thessaly.

Ἰδαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Idæus*; (1) a Trojan herald; (2) a Trojan, son of Dares.

Ἰδηθεν, from *Ida*. (See *Ἰδα*, p. 326.)

Ἰδομενεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Idomēneus*, son of Deucalion, and grandson of Minos, leader of the Cretans before Troy.

Ἰέρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hiëro*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἱερώνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hieronȳmus*, of Elis, a captain.

Ἰηλυσός, Ionic form for **Ἰαλυσός**, -ου, ἡ, *Ialyseus*, a city in the island Rhodes.

Ἰάσων, Ionic form for **Ἰάσων**, -ωνος, ὁ, *Jason*,

son of Æson, leader of the Argonautic expedition to obtain the Golden Fleece.

Ἰθάμη, -ης, ἡ, *Ithōme*, a fortress in S. W. Thessaly.

Ἰκάριος, -ου, ὁ, *Icarius*, father of Penelope.

Ἰκετάων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hicetāon*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Ἰκόνιον, -ου, τό, *Iconium*, in Xenophon's time, the easternmost city of Phrygia, but, subsequently, the chief city of Lycaonia.

Ἰλιάς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Trojan*; applied as an epithet to the goddess Athēne. (See *Ἰλιάς*, p. 330.)

Ἰλισσός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Ilissus*, a river of Attica, flowing S. W. from Mt. Hymettus, through the southern part of Athens.

Ἴλος, -ου, ὁ, *Ilus*, son of Mermērus, in the Thesprotian Ephyra.

Ἰμβρασιδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Imbrāsus*, i. e. Pirous.

Ἰμβριος, -α, -ον, of *Imbrus*; οἱ **Ἰμβριοι**, the *Imbrians*.

Ἰμβρος, -ου, ἡ, *Imbrus*, an island in the N. Ægean, W. of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἰνδοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Indians*.

Ἰπνοί, -ων, οἱ, *Ipni*, literally, the *Ovens*, a rugged place on the E. coast of Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Pelium. (See *ἱπνός*, p. 331.)

Ἰππαγρέτας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Hippagrētus*, a Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

Ἰππίας, -ου, Ionic **Ἰππίης**, -εω, ὁ, *Hippias*, tyrant of Athens, who, being exiled, joined the Persians in their first expedition against Greece.

Ἰπποδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hippodamīa*, daughter of Adrastus.

Ἰπποδάμεος ἀγορά, ἡ, *Hippodāmeus marketplace*, or, as we say, "*square*"; the marketplace, or great square, of Piræus, so named from Hippodamus of Miletus, who was employed to lay out the new town of Piræus. (See *ἱππόδαμος*, p. 332.)

Ἰππόθους, -ου, ὁ, *Hippothous*, of Larissa in Troas.

Ἱπποκράτης, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hippocrātes*, an Athenian, father of Pisistratus.

Ἰππόλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippolōchus*; (1) a son of Bellerophon; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἰππομάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippomāchus*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See *ἱππομάχος*, p. 332.)

Ἰρίς, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, the *Iris*, a river of Pontus, flowing N. W. into the Euxine, to the E. of the Halys. (For *Ἰρίς*, the goddess *Iris*, see p. 333.)

Ἰσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Isander*, son of Bellerophon.

Ἰσσοί, -ῶν, οἱ, also written **Ἰσσός**, -οῦ, ἡ, *Issi* or *Issus*, a town at the S. E. extremity of Cilicia.

Ἰστίαια, -ας, ἡ, *Histiāia*, an ancient and

important town at the N. extremity of Eubœa, after the Athenian conquest, B. C. 445, called Oreus. (Ἰστία and its derivatives are Ionic forms for Ἰστία, &c.)

Ἰστιαεὺς, -εύς, ὁ, a Histiazan; οἱ Ἰστιαεῖς, Ionic Ἰστιαῖες, the Histiazans.

Ἰστιαίητις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj.; γῆ ἡ Ἰστιαίητις, the Histiazan territory.

Ἰστιαῖος, -ου, ὁ, Histiazus, a Samian.

Ἰσχένος, -ου, ὁ, Ischenus, of Egina.

Ἰταβέλιος, -ου, ὁ, Itabelius, a Persian commander.

Ἴων, -ωνος, ἡ, Ionia, a city in S. E. Thessaly.

Ἴφικλος, -ου, ὁ, Iphiclus, of Thessaly, son of Phylacus.

Ἰφίτος, -ου, ὁ, Iphitus, of Phocia, son of Naubolus.

Ἰουή, -ης, ἡ, the Battle-Dia, personified.

Ἰωνία, -ας, ἡ, Ionia, in the W. of Asia Minor, the strip of coast with adjacent islands, inhabited by Ionian Greeks, from Phocæa in the north to Miletus in the south. (See Ἴων, p. 337.)

K

Καῖκος, -ου, ὁ, the Caicus, a river of Mysia, falling into the Ægean Sea nearly opposite Lesbos.

Καιναί, -ῶν, αἱ, Cænæ, a town of Mesopotamia, on the Tigris.

Καινεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, son of Cænus, i. e. Coronus.

Καινεύς, -εύς, ὁ, Cænus, king of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Καλήσιος, -ου, ὁ, Calesius, charioteer of Arylus.

Καλλιᾶδης, -ου, ὁ, Calliades, an Athenian archon.

Καλλιάρως, -ου, ἡ, Calliærus, an E. Locrian town, site uncertain.

Καλλιβίος, -ου, ὁ, Callibius, the Spartan harmost of Athens, in the time of the Thirty Tyrants.

Καλλίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, Callimæchus; (1) an Athenian polemarch at Marathon; (2) an Arcadian captain.

Καλλίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, Callistratus, an Athenian.

Κάλπη, -ης, ἡ, Calpe, a port in Bithynia, about half-way between Byzantium and Heraclea.

Καλύδναι νῆσοι, αἱ, the Calydnæ Islands, off the coast of Caria.

Καλυδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, Calydon, an ancient city in S. Ætolia.

Καλυδνεύς, -εύς, ὁ, an inhabitant of Calynda, in S. E. Caria; οἱ Καλυδνεῖς, the Calyndians.

Καλυδνεῖος, -ῆς, -ῶς, Calyndian.

Καλχηδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, Calchedon, a city of Bithynia, opposite Byzantium.

Καλχηδονία, -ας, ἡ (χώρα understood), the territory of Calchedon.

Καμβίσιος, -ου, ὁ, Cambyses, son and successor of the elder Cyrus on the Persian throne.

Κάμαρος, -ου, ὁ, Camirus, a city on the W. coast of the island Rhodes.

Κατανέες, -εύς, ἡ, Capaneus, father of Sthenelus.

Κατανηϊάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of Capaneus, i. e. Sthenelus.

Κατανηΐος, -α, -ω, of or belonging to Capaneus.

Καππαδοκία, -ας, ἡ, Cappadocia, an inland district of Asia, W. of the Euphrates, and N. of Cilicia.

Καρδοόχαιος, -α, -ω, of the Carduchi, Carduchian.

Καρδοῦχοι, -ω, οἱ, the Carduchi, a race of warlike mountaineers on the upper waters of the Tigris.

Κάρσος, -ου, ὁ, the Carsus, a river of Cilicia.

Καρύστιος, -α, -ω, of Carystus, Carystian.

Κάρυστος, -ου, ἡ, Carystus, a town at the S. extremity of Eubœa.

Κασθαναία, -ας, ἡ, Casthanæa, at the foot of Mt. Pelium, on the Magnesian coast of Thessaly. (Also written Κασταναία.)

Κάσος, -ου, ἡ, Casus, one of the Cyclades Islands.

Κασταλία, -ας, ἡ, Castalia, a fountain on Mt. Parnassus.

Καστωλός, -ου, ὁ, Castolus, a city of Lydia, site uncertain.

Καύστριος, -ου, ὁ, the Caystrius or Cayster, a river of Lydia, flowing into the sea near Ephesus.

Καύστρου πεδῖον, τό, Caystrupedium or Cayster-plain, a Phrygian city, site uncertain.

Καφηρέας, -εύς, ὁ, Caphærus, the S. E. promontory of Eubœa, where the Greek fleet was wrecked on its return from Troy.

Κεάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of Ceas, i. e. Trezenus.

Κέβης, -ητος, ὁ, Cebes, a Theban, friend of Socrates.

Κέως, -ω, αἱ, the Ceos, inhabiting the island Ceos.

Κελαυναί, -ῶν, αἱ, Celænæ, a city in S. Phrygia.

Κετρίτης, -ω, ὁ, the Catricus, an eastern affluent of the Tigris, the boundary between the Carduchi and Armenians.

Κεραμῶν ἀγρός, ὁ, Ceramæon-agros, a town of uncertain site.

Κερασούντιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Cerasuntians*, inhabiting *Ceräsus*.

Κερασούς, -ούριος, ἡ, *Ceräsus*, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus.

Κέρκωπες, -ων, οἱ, the *Cercöpes*, droll and thievish dwarfs, who play a part in the legends of Hercules, haunting the pass at Thermopylae.

Κερτόνιον, -ου, τό, *Certonium*, a town in S. W. Mysia.

Κέως, -ω, Ionic **Κέος**, -ου, ἡ, *Ceos*, one of the Cyclades, about 13 miles S. E. of Attica. The name is also given on uncertain authority to the southern cape of the island Salamis.

Κήρινθος, -ου, ἡ, *Cerinthus*, a small coast town in N. E. Euboea.

Κηφισόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cephisodorus*, an Athenian captain.

Κηφισοφάν, -ώτης, ὁ, *Cephisophon*, father of Cephisodorus, also, perhaps the same, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Κιθαράν, -ώνος, ὁ, *Cithæron*, a range of mountains separating Boeotia from Megaris and Attica.

Κικόνες, -ων, οἱ, the *Cicönes*, dwelling near the coast of Thrace on Mt. Ismarus.

Κιλικία, -ας, ἡ, *Cilicia*, a region in S. E. Asia Minor.

Κίλλα, -ης, ἡ, *Cilla*, a city of Troas, sacred to Apollo.

Κίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Cimon*, the name of two Athenians; (1) the father of Miltiades; (2) the son of Miltiades, distinguished as a general and statesman.

Κισσηίς, -ίδος, ἡ, the daughter of *Cisseus* or *Cisses*, king of Thrace.

Κίσσιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Cissians*, inhabiting the district in which Susa, one of the Persian capitals, was situated.

Κλεαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Cleagöras*, a painter, of Phlius.

Κλεάνερος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleänërus*, a captain among the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάνδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleander*, Spartan harmost at Byzantium.

Κλεάνωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Cleänor*, from Orchomënus in Arcadia, a general of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάρτος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleärthus*, a captain of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Clearchus*, a Lacedæmonian, commander of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition.

Κλεόδαιος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleodæus*, grandson of Hercules.

Κλεόκριτος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleocritus*, herald of the Eleusinian mysteries.

Κλεόμβροτος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleomëbrötus*; (1) a Spartan, brother of Leonidas; (2) a pupil of Socrates.

Κλεομένης, -ους, ὁ, *Cleomënes*, a Spartan king, half-brother of Leonidas.

Κλεομήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Cleomëdes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Κλέων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Cleon*, an Athenian politician and commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Κλεωναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Cleönæ*; (1) a town of N. E. Peloponnesus, near Corinth, in whose territory the Nemean games were celebrated; (2) a town of Macedonia, on the peninsula of Athos.

Κλεόνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleonÿmus*, a brave Spartan.

Κλονίος, -ου, ὁ, *Clonius*, a leader of the Boeotians at Troy.

Κλυμένη, -ης, ἡ, *Clymëne*, an attendant of Helen. (See κλύμενος, -ης, p. 381.)

Κλυταιμνήστρα, -ας, ἡ, *Clytemnestra*, Agamemnon's wife.

Κλυτίος, -ου, ὁ, *Clytiüs*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Κνωσός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Cnosus*, an ancient royal city of Crete, on the N. side of the island.

Κοῖλα, -ων, τὰ, *Cæla*, literally, the *Hollows*, a dangerous part of the coast of Euboea, on the S. W. side. (See κοῖλος, p. 383.)

Κοίρανος, -ου, ὁ, *Cæränius*, a Lycian.

Κοιρατάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Cæratädes*, a Theban.

Κοῖται, -ων, οἱ, the *Cætæ*, a tribe, otherwise unknown, whom the 10,000 Greeks passed on their retreat.

Κολοσσαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Colossæ*, a city in S. W. Phrygia.

Κομανία, -ας, ἡ, *Comania*, a locality, perhaps a castle, near Pergamus in Mysia.

Κορσωτή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Corsöte*, a desolate city of Mesopotamia, near the junction of the Mæscas with the Euphrates.

Κορύδαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Corydalus*, of Anticyra.

Κορύλλας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Coryllas*, satrap of Paphlagonia.

Κορυφάσιον, -ου, τό, *Coryphasium*, a promontory of the Messenian coast, on or near which Pylus, the city of Nestor, once stood.

Κορώνεια, -ας, ἡ, *Coronëa*, a city in W. Boeotia.

Κόρωνος, -ου, ὁ, *Corönus*, son of Cæneus. (See κορωνός, p. 389.)

Κοτύωρα, -ων, τὰ, *Cotyöra*, a Greek city, on the coast of Pontus.

Κοτυωρίται, -ῶν, οἱ, the people of *Cotyöra*, the *Cotyorites*.

Κουφαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Cuphagöras*, an Athenian.

Κρανάη, -ης, ἡ, *Cranæë*, a little island in the Laconian Gulf, whither Paris first betook himself when absconding with Helen from Sparta. (See κραναός, p. 391.)

Κράπαθος, see **Κάρπαθος**, p. 349.

Κρατησικλής, -έους, ὁ, *Cratesicles*, a Spartan.
Κρήθων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crethon*, of Phere in Mesenia.

Κρητίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Cretines*, father of Aminocles the Thessalian.

Κρίος, -ου, ὁ, *Crius*, one of the chief men of Aegina.

Κρίταλλα, -ων, τό, *Critalla*, a place in Cappadocia where the army of Xerxes was mustered.

Κριτίας, -ου, ὁ, *Critias*, cousin of Plato, and one of the Thirty at Athens.

Κριτόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Critobulus*, an Athenian, pupil of Socrates.

Κρίτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crito*, the intimate friend of Socrates.

Κροίσος, -ου, ὁ, *Cresus*, the last king of Lydia.

Κροκίνας, -ου, ὁ, *Crocinas*, a Thessalian, a victor in the Olympic games.

Κροκύλαια, -ων, τό, *Crocylæa*, a district of Ithaca.

Κρώμνα, -ης, ἡ, *Cromna*, a stronghold in Paphlagonia.

Κτέατος, -ου, ὁ, *Cleatus*, a chief of the Epēi.

Κτησίας, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesias*, of Cnidus, physician of Artaxerxes Mnemon, and a distinguished historian.

Κτήσιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesippus*, of Athens, a friend of Socrates.

Κύδνος, -ου, ὁ, *the Cydnus*, a river of Cilicia.

Κυδοίμος, -ού, ὁ, *Uproar*, personified. (See *κυδοίμος*, p. 397.)

Κυζικηνός, -ου, ὁ, a gold coin of Cyzicus, equal to about \$ 4.48, a *Cyzicene*. Strictly an adjective with *στατήρ* understood.

Κύζικος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyzicus*, an important city of Mysia, on the southern coast of the Propontis.

Κύμη, -ης, ἡ, *Cyme*, a principal city of Æolis in Asia Minor.

Κυνέγαρος or **Κυναίγαρος**, -ου, ὁ, *Cynegirus*, an Athenian, who fought bravely at Marathon.

Κυνίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyniscus*, a Spartan. (See *κυνίσκος*, p. 399.)

Κύνος, -ου, ἡ, *Cynus*, a port of Locris, on the Malian Gulf.

Κυνόσουρα, -ας, ἡ, *Cynosūra*, a promontory on the E. coast of Attica, sheltering the bay of Marathon. The same name is assigned, on dubious grounds, to the S. E. cape of the island Salamis, opposite Psytallæa. (See *κυνόσουρα*, p. 400.)

Κυπαρισσίδης, -εγος, ἡ, *Cyparissēis*, a city on the coast of Messenia, later called **Κυπαρισσία**, Cyparissia.

Κυπαρίσσης, -ου, ἡ, *Cyparissus*, a little Pho-

cian city, on Mt. Parnassus. (See *κυνάρισσος*, p. 400.)

Κυρείος, -α, -ας, of *Cyrus*, *Cyrian*.

Κύρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyrus*; (1) grandson of Astyages, king of Media, and founder of the Persian empire, surnamed "the Great," or "the Elder"; (2) surnamed "the Younger," son of Darius II., and brother of Artaxerxes II., in an expedition to dethrone whom he perished.

Κύτωρος, -ου, ἡ, *Cytōrus*, a coast city of Paphlagonia.

Κύφος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyphus*, a city in N. E. Thessaly.

Κώπαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Copæ*, a town of Boeotia at the N. extremity of the Lake Copais.

Κωρύκιον ἄντρον, τό, *the Corycian cave*, in Mt. Parnassus, sacred to Pan and the nymphs. (See *κώρυκος*, p. 403.)

Λ

Λᾶας, poetic form for **Λᾶς** (see *lâas*, p. 403), ἡ, *Las*, an ancient city on the W. coast of the Laconian Gulf.

Λαέρτης, ου, ὁ, *Laërtes*, father of Ulysses.

Λαερτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Laërtes*, i. e. Ulysses.

Λακεδαιμόνιος, -α, -ον, *Lacedæmonian*. (See *Λακεδαιμῶν*, p. 405.)

Λακράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Lacrâtes*, a Spartan, Olympic victor.

Λάμπρος, -ου, ὁ, *Lampus*, a son of Laomedon.

Λαμψακηνός, -ῆ, -ον, of *Lampsacus*, *Lampsacene*.

Λάμψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Lampsâcus*, a flourishing city of Mysia, on the Hellespont.

Λαοδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Laodamia*, daughter of Bellerophon, and mother of Sarpedon.

Λαοδίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Laodice*, daughter of Priam.

Λαόδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Laodîcus*, a Trojan, son of Antenor.

Λαομεδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Laomedon*, i. e. Priam.

Λαομέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Laomêdon*, son of Ilus, father of Priam, and king of Troy.

Λαύραον, -ου, τό, *Laurium*, a range of hills in the S. of Attica, celebrated for silver mines.

Λιόκριτος, ου, ὁ, *Liocrîtus*, a suitor of Penelope.

Λεοντείς, -έως, ὁ, *Leonteus*, son of Coronus.

Λεοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Leontiâdes*, leader of the Thebans at Thermopylae.

Λεοντίνος, -η, -ων, of *Leontîni*, in E. Sicily.

Λεοντίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Leontis*, an Attic phyle.

Λευκάδιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Leucadians*, inhabiting the coast of Acarnania,

originally a promontory of the coast. The chief city of the island was also called Leucas.

Λεύκος, -ου, ὁ, *Leucus*, a comrade of Ulysses at Troy.

Λεωβότης, -eu, ὁ, *Leobotes*. Ionic form of **Λαβότας**, -α, ὁ, *Labotas*, a king of Sparta.

Λέων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Leon*; (1) a king of Sparta, grandfather of Leonidas; (2) an Athenian, native of Salamis.

Λεωνίδας, -α and -ου, Ionic **Λεωνίδης**, ὁ, *Leonidas*, king of Sparta, celebrated by his defence of Thermopylae.

Λεωπρέπης, -ους, ὁ, *Leoprepes*, father of the poet Simonides of Ceos.

Λήθος, -ου, ὁ, *Lethus*, a Pelasgian prince, allied with Troy.

Λήϊτος, -ου, ὁ, *Leitus*, a leader of the Boeotians at Troy. (See *λήϊρος*, p. 412.)

Λίβυς, -ους, ὁ, *Libys*, a Spartan naval commander.

Λικύμνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Licymnius*, half-brother of Alcmena, the mother of Hercules.

Λίλαια, -ας, ἡ, *Lilaea*, a town of Phocis, at the base of Mt. Parnassus, and the sources of the Cephissus.

Λίνδος, -ου, ἡ, *Lindus*, a city on the E. coast of Rhodes.

Λουσιάτης, -ου, ὁ, and **Λουσιεύς**, -ews, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Lusi*, in N. Arcadia, a *Lusian*.

Λυκαονία, -ας, ἡ, *Lycaonia*, a region of Asia Minor, E. of Phrygia and N. of Cilicia.

Λύκαστος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycastus*, a town of Crete, site uncertain.

Λυκάων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Lycæon*; (1) father of Pandarus, of Zelea; (2) son of Priam.

Λύκιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Lycians*, inhabiting Lycia, in S. W. Asia Minor.

Λύκιος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycius*; (1) a Syracusan; (2) an Athenian, a cavalry leader.

Λυκομήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Lycomedes*, an Athenian ship-captain.

Λύκος, -ου, ὁ, *the Lycus*, a river of Bithynia, flowing into the Euxine near Heraclea. (See *λύκος*, p. 419.)

Λυκούργος, poetic form **Λυκόδοργος**, -ου, ὁ, *Lycurgus*, a king of the Edönes, a Thracian tribe, who was punished by the gods for his hostility to Bacchus.

Λύκτος, -ου, ἡ, *Lycetus*, an ancient city of Crete, a little to the S. E. of Cnossus.

Λύκων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Lycön*, an Achæan.

Λυρνησσός, -ου, ἡ, *Lyrnessus*, a city of Troas.

Λύσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysander*, the celebrated Spartan general, conqueror of Athens.

Λυσικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Lysicles*, an Athenian, father of Abronichus.

Λυσίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysimachus*; (1) father

of the celebrated Athenian, Aristides; (2) commander of cavalry in the service of the Thirty at Athens.

Λυσίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysistratus*, an Athenian soothsayer.

M

Μαγνησία, -ας, ἡ, *Magnesia*, a long and narrow district of Thessaly, between Mts. Ossa and Pelium on the W. and the Aegean on the E.

Μάδντος, -ου, ἡ, *Madytus*, an important port-town of the Thracian Chersonesus, nearly opposite Abydus.

Μαίανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *the Mæander*, a river of Phrygia and Caria, famed for its windings, and flowing into the Icarian Sea near Miletus.

Μαιονία, -ας, ἡ, poetic form **Μηονία**, *Mæonia*, the country, or part of the country, afterwards called Lydia, in Asia Minor.

Μαιονίς, -ίδος, ἡ, poetic form **Μηονίς**, fem. adj., *Mæonian*.

Μαυσάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mæsædes*, father of the Thracian Seuthes.

Μαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, poetic form **Μήων**, a *Mæonian*; or **Μήωνες**, *the Mæonians*.

Μαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mæon*, son of Hæmon of Thebes.

Μακεδονία, -ας, ἡ, *Macedonia*, a country north of Greece proper, and extending along the coast of the Aegean Sea from Thessaly to Thrace.

Μακίστιος or **Μακίστιος**, -α, -ου, of *Macestus* or *Macistus*, in S. Elis.

Μακρόνες, -ων, οἱ, *the Macrônes*, a people in E. Pontus.

Μαντινεία, -ας, ἡ, Ionic form **Μαντινῆ**, *Mantinea*, a place of great military importance in E. Arcadia, noted for the victory and death of Epaminondas, B. C. 362.

Μαντινεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Mantinea*, a *Mantinean*.

Μάρδοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mardi*, mountaineers dwelling to the S. of the Caspian Sea.

Μαρδόνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Mardonius*, son-in-law of Darius I., and lieutenant of Xerxes, defeated and slain at Plataea, September, B. C. 479.

Μαριανδυνόι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mariandyni*, a Thracian tribe in Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.

Μαρσύας, -ου, ὁ, *Marsyas*; (1) a celebrated flute-player in Phrygia; (2) a Phrygian river, named from the foregoing, tributary of the Mæander.

Μάρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Maron*, a Spartan who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Μαρωνείτης, -ου, ὁ, *a Maronite*, belonging to Maronēa, a Grecian colony on the coast of Thrace to the E. of Abdera.

Μάσσης, -ηρος, ὁ, *Mases*, an ancient coast-city in S. Argolis.

Μασκάς, -ᾶ, ὁ, *the Mascas*, a tributary of the Euphrates in Mesopotamia. Also accented **Μάσκος**.

Μαστορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mastor*, i. e. Halitherses.

Μεγάβυζος, -ου, ὁ, *Megabýzus*, a common Persian name, also the official name of the priest or keeper of the temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Μεγακρέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Megacreon*, a citizen of Abdera.

Μεγαφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Megaphernes*, a Persian noble.

Μέγης, -ηρος, ὁ, *Meges*, leader of the Dulichians at Troy.

Μεγιστίας, -ου, ὁ, *Megistias*, of Acarnania, a soothsayer.

Μεδεών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Medeon*, an old Boeotian city, near Lake Copais.

Μέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Medon*, half-brother of Ajax son of Oileus, and commander of the troops of Philoctetes at Troy during the latter's sickness.

Μεθύδριεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Methydrían*, belonging to Methydrum in Arcadia. (See *Μεθύδριον*, p. 430.)

Μεθώνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form *Μηθώνη*, *Me-thome*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, on the E. coast of the Pagasean Gulf.

Μελάμπους, -οδος, ὁ, *Melampus*, supposed by the ancients to have been the first mortal possessing prophetic powers and practising the healing art.

Μελάμπυγος, -ον, *black-bottomed*, an epithet of Hercules, implying manly vigor; hence, perhaps from some fancied resemblance to the hero, ὁ *Μελάμπυγος λίθος*, a rock or cliff on Mt. Anopæa, near Thermopylae.

Μελανδίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Melanditæ*, a Thracian tribe.

Μελάνθιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melanthius*, an Athenian commander.

Μέλας, -ανος, ὁ, *the Melas*, a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylae. (See *μέλας*, p. 431.)

Μελάγρος, -ου, ὁ, *Melæger*, of Calydon, an Ætolian hero and hunter.

Μελήτος, -ου, ὁ, *Melchus*, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Μελίβεια, -ας, ἡ, *Melibeia*, a town on the coast of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Μενεχένος, -ου, ὁ, *Menechænus*, an Athenian pupil of Socrates.

Μενίσθος, -ους, ὁ, *Menesthes*, a Greek, slain by Hector.

Μενουτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Menæti-us*, i. e. Patroclus.

Μέντης, -ου, ὁ, *Mentes*, king of the Taphians, friend of Ulysses.

Μέντωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Mentor*, a friend of Ulysses, intrusted by him, on his departure from Ithaca, with the care of his affairs.

Μένων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Menon*, a Thessalian commander in the expedition of Cyrus the younger.

Μερμερίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mermerus*, i. e. Ius.

Μέρωψ, -οπος, ὁ, *Merops*, a prince of Percôte on the Hellespont, and a celebrated soothsayer. (See *μέρωψ*, p. 435.)

Μεσθλης, -ους, ὁ, *Mesthles*, a leader of the Mæonians at Troy.

Μεσπίλα, -ης, ἡ, *Mespila*, an ancient deserted city of Mesopotamia, probably the ruins of Nineveh, on the E. bank of the Tigris, opposite the modern Mosul.

Μέσση, -ης, ἡ, *Messa*, a city and haven on the S. W. coast of Laconia.

Μεσσηϊς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Messëis*, a fountain of Phœræ in Thessaly.

Μεσσηνία, -ας, ἡ, *Messenia*, the S. W. district of Peloponnesus.

Μεσσηνίαι, -ων, οἱ, *the Messenians*.

Μήδαια, -ας, ἡ, *Medæa*, a queen of Media. (*Xen. Anab.*, III. 4. 11.)

Μηδία, -ας, ἡ, *Media*, a country of Asia, lying between the Caspian Sea and the Tigris valley. *Μηδίας τεῖχος*, *the wall of Media*, extending from the Tigris to the Euphrates, the northern boundary of Babylonia, as a defence to which against the Medes it was originally erected.

Μήδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Medicus*, a prince of the Odrææ in Thrace.

Μήδος, -ου, ὁ, *a Mede*; οἱ *Μῆδοι*, *the Medes*. *Μηδοσάδης*, -ου, ὁ, *Medosades*, an ambassador of the Thracian prince Seuthes.

Μηθώνη, see *Μεθώνη*.

Μηκιστεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Meceius*, father of Eurvalus.

Μηκιστιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Meceius*, i. e. Eurvalus.

Μηλόβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melobius*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μηρόνη, *Μηρονίς*, &c., see *Μαυονία*, &c.

Μηρώνης, -ου, ὁ, *Merônes*, a Cretan hero, friend of Idomeneus.

Μίδας, -ου, ὁ, *Midas*, an ancient king of Phrygia, famed for his wealth and covetousness.

Μίδαια, poetic form of *Μίβεια*, *as, ἡ, Midea*, an ancient Boeotian city of disputed site.

Μιθριδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Mithridates*, a Persian noble, friend of the younger Cyrus. Also written **Μιθραδάτης**.

Μιλήσιος, -α, -ον, *Milesian*, of *Miletus*.

Μίλητος, -ου, ἡ, *Miletus*; (1) a flourishing city, the southernmost in Ionia; (2) an ancient town on the N. coast of Crete.

Μιλτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltiades*, an Athenian, son of Cimon, victor at Marathon.

Μιλτοκύθης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltocýthes*, a Thracian.

Μιτυλήνη, -ης, ἡ, more correctly **Μυτιλήνη**, *Mytilene*, a flourishing commercial city on the E. side of the island Lesbos.

Μνησιθείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesithides*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησιλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesilochus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησιφίλος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesiphílus*, an Athenian, whose good counsel contributed to the victory at Salamis.

Μοσσύνοικοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mossynæci*, a barbarian tribe on the coast of Pontus.

Μουσαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Musæus*, a famous Greek poet of the legendary period.

Μύδων, -ονος, ὁ, *Mydon*, a king of Phrygia.

Μύδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mydon*, charioteer of Pyktemenes.

Μυκάλη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycæle*, a mountain and promontory on the Ionian coast, opposite Samos.

Μυκαλησσός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Mycælessus*, a city in E. Boeotia, near the Euripus.

Μυκήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycæne*, a daughter of Inachus the founder of Argos. See also *Μυκήνη*, p. 454.

Μύνης, -ητος, ὁ, *Mynes*, husband of Briseïs.

Μυριάνδος, -ου, ἡ, later form **Μυριάνδρος**, *Myriandus*, a coast city of Syria, on the borders of Cilicia.

Μυρίνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form of **Μυρίνα** or **Μύρινα**, *Myrina*, daughter of Teucer, and wife of Dardanus.

Μύρσινος, -ου, ἡ, *Myrsinus*, probably in N. W. Elis.

Μύσιος, -α, -ον, *Mysian*; οἱ **Μύσιοι**, *the Mysians*, inhabiting Mysia, the N. W. district of Asia Minor.

N

Νάστης, -ου, ὁ, *Nastes*, leader of the Carians at Troy.

Ναυβόλδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Naubolus*, i. e. Iphitus.

Ναυκλείδας, -α, ὁ, *Nauclicidas*, a Spartan ephor.

Ναύπακτος, -ου, ἡ, *Naupactus*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ, just inside the entrance of the Corinthian Gulf, once the best harbor on its northern coast.

Νεοκλής, -έου, ὁ, *Neocles*, an Athenian, father of Themistocles.

Νέον τείχος, τό, *Neontichus* (as it were, New-castle), a fortress of Thrace on the coast of the Propontis.

Νεστορίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Nestor*, i. e. Antilochus.

Νέστωρ, -οπος, ὁ, *Nestor*, king of Pylus, in Messenia, distinguished for bravery, wisdom, and eloquence.

Νέων, -ωνος, ἡ, also τὰ **Νέωνα**, *Neon*, a town of Phocis, at the foot of Tithorea, one of the peaks of Mt. Parnassus.

Νέων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Neon*, a Spartan commander of the 10,000 Greeks.

Νήϊον, -ου, τό, *Neïum*, a mountain of Ithaca, a spur of Mt. Neritum; see *Νήριον*.

Νηληΐος, -ον, of *Neleus*; **Νηληΐος υἱός**, *the son of Neleus*, i. e. Nestor.

Νήριον, -ου, τό, *Neritum*, a mountain in the northern part of Ithaca.

Νικάνδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicander*, a Spartan.

Νικάρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicarchus*, an Arcadian.

Νικήρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicerätus*, an Athenian, son of the noted general Nicias.

Νικίας, -ου, ὁ, *Nicias*, an Athenian, distinguished as a military commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Νικόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicomachus*, an Ceteæan.

Νικόστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicosträtus*, an Athenian in the cavalry force of the Thirty Tyrants.

Νιρέυς, -έως, ὁ, *Nireus*, of Syme, next to Achilles the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy, but feeble.

Νίσα, -ης, ἡ, *Nisa*, mentioned by Homer, in connection with Boeotian localities, but of unknown site.

Νίσαια, -ας, ἡ, *Nisæa*, the port of Megara, on the Saronic Gulf.

Νισαῖος, -ον, *Nisæan*. The Nisæan horses, so called, were bred on the Nisæan plain, a district in the highlands of Media.

Νίσυρος, -ου, ἡ, *Nisyros*, a small island among the Sporades, S. E. of Cos, and S. W. of Cnidus in Caria.

Νοήμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Noëmon*; (1) a Lycian; (2) an Ithacan. (See *νοήμων*, p. 466.)

Νομίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Nomion*, a Carian chief.

Νυσήϊον (*δρος* understood), -ου, τό, poetic form for **Νυσαῖον**, *Nysæum*, a mountain in Thrace, where Bacchus was worshipped.

Ξ

Ξανθικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Xanthicles*, an Achæan, a commander of the 10,000 Greeks on their retreat.

Ξανθίππη, -ης, ἡ, *Xanthippe*, wife of Socrates.

Ξάνθος, -ου, ὁ, *Xanthus*; (1) a Trojan; (2) a river of Lycia; (3) a stream in the Troad. (See *Ξανθός*, p. 470.)

Ξενίας, -ου, ὁ, *Xenias*, an Arcadian commander in the expedition of the younger Cyrus.

Ξενοφῶν, -ῶντος, ὁ, *Xenophon*, son of Gryllus, the celebrated Greek author.

Ξέρξης, -ου, ὁ, *Xerxes*, son of Darius I., king of Persia.

Ο

Ὀγχιστός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Onchestus*, a Bœotian city, near Lake Copais.

Ὀδῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Odius*, a chief of the Halizones, and ally of Priam.

Ὀδρύσις, -ου, ὁ, *an Odrysian*; οἱ **Ὀδρύσαι**, the *Odrysians*, a people of Thrace, on the river Hebrus.

Ὀϊλεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Oileus*, a Locrian king, father of Ajax the Less.

Οἰνεύς, -ου, ὁ, son of *Æneus*, i. e. Tydeus.

Οἰνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Æneus*, king of Calydon in Ætolia.

Οἰνομάος, -ου, ὁ, *Enomæus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Οἰνοπίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Enopion*, i. e. Helenus.

Οἰταῖος, -α, -ον, *Ætæan*; οἱ **Οἰταῖοι**, the *Ætæans* (same as the *Αἰνῆες*, which see), inhabiting Ætæa, a name applied to that part of Thessaly which contains Mt. Ōta (Ὀττῆ, a famous mountain ridge dividing Locris, Doris, and Ætolia, on the south, from Thessaly on the north).

Οἶτυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Etijlus*, a Laconian town on the E. side of the Messenian Gulf.

Οἰχάλειος, -έως, ὁ, *an Æchalian*.

Οἰχαλίθην, from *Æchalia*, a city in W. Thessaly on the Peneus. (Iliad, II. 596 and 730, refer to the same city.)

Ὀλιζάν, -ῶντος, ἡ, *Olizon*, a city on the S. coast of Magnesia in Thessaly, opposite Artemisium in Eubœa.

Ὀλοοσσάν, -ῶντος, ἡ, *Oloösson*, a city of Perrhæbia in N. Thessaly.

Ὀλύνθιος, -α, -ον, of *Olynthus*, a Macedonian city at the head of the Toronaic Gulf; οἱ **Ὀλύνθιοι**, the *Olynthians*.

Ὀμηρος, -ου, ὁ, *Homer*, the great poet. (See *δμηρος*, p. 486.)

Ὀνήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Onætes*, a Carystian.

Ὀνόχωνος, -ου, ὁ, the *Onochônus*, a river of Thessaly.

Ὀπείας, -εντος, ἡ, contr. form **Ὀποῦς**, -οῦντος, *Opus*, the chief town of the Eastern (Opuntian) Locrians.

Ὀπούντιος, -α, -ον, of *Opus*, *Opuntian*. (See *Λοκροί*, p. 417.)

Ὀργης, -εος, ὁ, *Orges*, a Thasian.

Ὀρέσβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Oresbius*, a Bœotian, of Hyle.

Ὀρέστης, -ου, ὁ, *Orestes*: (1) son of Agamemnon, and the slayer of his mother Clytæmnestra; (2) a Greek, slain at Troy.

Ὀρθή, -ης, ἡ, *Orthe*, a town of the Perrhæbi in N. Thessaly.

Ὀρμένιον, -ου, τό, *Ormenium*, an old Thessalian town, of uncertain site.

Ὀρνεαί, -ῶν, αἱ, poetic form for **Ὀρνεαί**, *Orneeæ*, a city in the western part of Argolis.

Ὀρόντας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Orontas*, satrap of Armenia.

Ὀρόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Orontes*, a Persian noble, executed by Cyrus the younger. The same name as the preceding.

Ὀρσίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsilochus*, the name both of the father and the son of Diocles, king of Phere in Messenia.

Ὀρσίφαντος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsiphantus*, a Spartan.

Ὀρχομένιος, -α, -ον, of *Orchomenus*; οἱ **Ὀρχομένιοι**, the *Orchomenians*.

Ὀρχομένος, -οῦ, ὁ, *Orchoménus*; (1) a city of the Minyæ in N. W. Bœotia; (2) a city in E. Arcadia.

Ὀσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Ossa*, the home of the Centaurs, a mountain in Thessaly, on the coast of Magnesia, with Mt. Pelium on the south and Mt. Olympus on the north, from which last the river Peneus separates it by the vale of Tempe.

Ὀτάνης, -ου, ὁ, *Olānes*, a Persian.

Ὀτρεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Otreus*, a Phrygian prince.

Οἰκαλέγων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Ucalëgon*, one of the elders of Troy.

Ὀφελτίος, -ου, ὁ, *Opheltius*, a Trojan.

Ὀφρύνιον, -ου, τό, *Ophrynium*, a small town in the north of Troas. Otherwise written **Ὀφρύωνιον**.

Ὀχέσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Ochesius*, an Ætolian.

Π

Παγασαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pagææ*, a port of Magnesia in Thessaly, at the head of the Pagæan Gulf, where Jason built the Argo.

Παιανιεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Pæanian*, a resident of the Attic deme Pæania, on the E. side of Mt. Hymettus.

Παιόνες, -ων, οἱ, the *Pæonians*.

Παιονία, -ας, ἡ, *Pæonia*, the country inhabited by the Pæonians, on the rivers Axios and Strymon, included in the later boundaries of Macedonia and Thrace.

Παισός, see 'Απαισός.

Παλαμήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Palamēdes*, of Eubœa, famed for his ingenious inventions.

Παλληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Pallenian*, a resident of Pallēne, a celebrated Attic deme.

Πάμμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Pammon*, a Scyrian.

Παναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Panætius*, a Tenian ship-captain. (See *παναίτιος*, p. 516.)

Πάνδαρος, -ου, ὁ, *Pandārus*, commander of the Zeleans, in alliance with Troy.

Πάνθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Panthous*, one of the elders of Troy.

Πανοπεῖς, -έων, ὁ, the *Panopeans*, inhabiting Panopeus.

Πανοπεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Panopeus*, a city of Phocis near the Boeotian frontier.

Παντίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Pantites*, a Spartan, mentioned with Aristodemus as surviving Thermopylæ.

Παρθένιον, -ου, τό, *Parthenium*; (1) a mountain between Arcadia and Argolis; (2) a city in S. W. Mysia.

Παρθένιος, -ου, ὁ, the *Parthenius*, a river in W. Paphlagonia. (See *παρθένιος*, p. 533.)

Παριανοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the inhabitants of *Parium*.

Πάριον, -ου, τό, *Parium*, a city of Mysia, on the Propontis, near the mouth of the Hellespont.

Πάρις, -ιδος and -ιος, *Paris*, son of Priam, whose seduction of Helen led to the Trojan war. (See 'Αλέξανδρος, p. 32.)

Παρρασία, -ας, ἡ, *Parrhasia*, a district and town, in S. W. Arcadia.

Παρράσιος, -α, -ου, a *Parrhasian*.

Παρυσάτις, -ιδος, ἡ, *Parysatis*, wife of Darius II., and mother of Artaxerxes II. and Cyrus the younger.

Πασών, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pasion*, a Megarean, a general in Cyrus's expedition against Artaxerxes.

Πατιγγύας, -ου, ὁ, *Pategyas*, a Persian, attached to Cyrus the younger.

Πατιράμφης, -ου, ὁ, *Patiramphes*, charioteer of Xerxes.

Παυσανίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pausanias*, a king of Sparta.

Παφλαγονία, -ας, ἡ, *Paphlagonia*, a country of Asia Minor, on the Euxine, between Pontus and Bithynia.

Παφλαγονικός, -ή, -ον, *Paphlagonian*.

Πηρεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Piræus*, i. e. Ptolemaeus.

Πηριόσος, -ου, ὁ, *Pirithous*, of Larissa in Thessaly, one of the Lapithæ.

Πηροός, -ου, ὁ, *Piræus*, a leader of the Thracians in alliance with Troy.

Πισσηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pisēnor*, i. e. Ops.

Πισσηγορ, -ορος, ὁ, *Pisēnor*, a herald, of Ithaca.

Πισιστρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, a son of *Pisistrātus*; οἱ *Πισιστρατίδαι*, the *Pisistratidæ*, strictly, only Hippias and Hipparchus, but in a wider sense, Hippias and his party.

Πισιστρατός, -ου, ὁ, *Pisistrātus*, tyrant of Athens.

Πίσων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pison*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Πελάγων, -οντος, ὁ, *Pelāgon*; (1) a Pylian, follower of Nestor; (2) a Lycian, friend of Sarpedon.

Πελάς, -ου, ὁ, *Pelias*, half-uncle to Jason, whom he compelled to undertake the Argonautic expedition.

Πελληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Pellene*, a *Pellenian*.

Πελλήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Pellēne*, near the Corinthian Gulf in N. E. Achaia.

Πέλται, -ῶν, αἱ, *Peltæ*, a city of Phrygia.

Περαιβοί, poetic form for *Περραιβοί*, which see.

Πέργαμον, -ου, τό, *Pergāmun*; (1) the acropolis of Troy, on a hill to the S. E. of the city, a branch of Mt. Ida; (2) also called *Πέργαμος*, ἡ, a city in S. W. Mysia.

Περγασίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pergasus*, i. e. Deiceon.

Περίνθιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Perinthians*.

Περίνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Perinthus*, a flourishing town of Thrace, on the Propontis.

Περίφας, -αρος, ὁ, *Pertiphas*, an Ætolian.

Περκώσιος, -α, -ου, of *Percote*, *Percosian*.

Περκώτη, -ης, ἡ, *Percôte*, a city of Mysia, on the Hellespont.

Περραιβοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Perrhæbians*, inhabiting Perrhæbia, the northern district of Thessaly.

Περσεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Perseus*. The Greeks represented Perseus, son of Perseus, as founder of the Persian nation, and so applied to the latter the epithet *Περσεΐδαι*.

Περεών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Pelcon*, a town in Boeotia of uncertain site.

Περεός, -ῶ and -ῶο, ὁ, *Peteus*, father of Menestheus.

Πηγαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pegæ*, literally, the *Springs*, a town of Megaris on the Corinthian Gulf.

Πηδαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedæus*, son of Antenor.

Πηδασος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedāsus*, son of Bucolion.

Πηδασος, -ου, ἡ, *Pedāsus*, a city of Troas.

Πηνειός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Penæus*, the chief river of Thessaly, through the center of which it flows,

along the coast from Megara to Corinth, so called, says tradition, from a dreaded bandit, Sciron. (See Σκείρων, p. 638.)

Σκιωναῖος, -α, -ον, *Sciōnean*, of *Sciōne*, the chief city on the peninsula Pallēne in S. Macedonia.

Σκυθινόι, -ων, οἱ, *the Scythini*, a barbarian tribe on the frontiers of Pontus and Armenia.

Σκυλλίας, -ον, ὁ, *Scyllias*, a diver of Sciōne.

Σκύριος, -α, -ον, *Scyrian*, of *Scyros*. (See Σκύρος, p. 642.)

Σκῶλος, -ον, ὁ, *Scolus*, a town of S. Boeotia, not far from Thebes. (See σκῶλος, p. 642.)

Σμίκρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Smicres*, an Arcadian commander.

Σόλοι, -ων, οἱ, *Soli*, an important coast-town of Cilicia. (See σόλοικος, p. 643.)

Σόλυμοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Solymi*, ancient inhabitants of Lycia.

Σοφαίνερος, -ον, ὁ, *Sophænēus*, an Arcadian, one of the Greek generals of Cyrus the younger.

Σοφοκλῆς, contracted from **Σοφοκλέης** (see p. 643), ὁ, *Sophocles*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Σπιθριδάτης, -ον, ὁ, *Spithridātes*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Στησαγόρας, -ον, ὁ, *Stesagōras*, grandfather of Miltiades.

Στησιλαος, -ον, ὁ, Ionic form **Στησιλαεύς**, *Stesilaus*, a commander of the Athenians at Marathon.

Στρατίη, -ης, ἡ, Ionic form for **Στρατία**, *Stratia*, an old Arcadian town of unknown site.

Στρατοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Stratōcles*, commander of the corps of slingers in the retreat of the 10,000.

Στρόφιος, -ον, ὁ, *Strophius*, a Trojan.

Στυμφάλιος, -α, -ον, of *Stymphālus*, *Stymphalian*.

Στύμφαλος, Ionic form **Στύμφηλος**, -ον, ὁ and ἡ, *Stymphālus*, the name of a town, district, mountain, lake, and river in N. E. Arcadia.

Στύρα, -ων, ῥά, *Styra*, a city on the S. W. coast of Eubœa, nearly opposite the bay of Marathon in Attica.

Στυρεῖς, -έως, ὁ, a *Styrian*, inhabiting Styra.

Στύφων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Styphon*, a Spartan commander, son of Pharax (or Charax).

Συέννεσις, -εως or -ιος, ὁ, *Syennēsis*, a common name of the kings of Cilicia.

Συμηθεν, from *Syme*, a small island situated between Rhodes and the Carian peninsula of Cnidus.

Σφακτηρία, -ας, ἡ, *Sphacteria*, a long narrow island enclosing the bay of Pylus on the W. coast of Messenia.

Σχεδῖος, -ον, ὁ, *Schedius*, a chief of the Phocians at Troy.

Σχοῖνος, -ον, ἡ, *Schœnus*, a Boeotian city, near Thebes. (See σχοῖνος, p. 687.)

Σωσίας, -ον, ὁ, *Sosias*, of Syracuse, commanding a division of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition against his brother.

Σωσιμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Sosimēnes*, a Tenian.

Σωτηρίδης (or -ας), -ον, ὁ, *Soterides*, of Sicyon, one of the 10,000 Greeks.

T

Ταλαμῆνης, -ους, ὁ, *Talamēnes*, a Mæonian prince.

Ταλαϊονίδης, -ον, ὁ, an irregularly formed patronymic for **Ταλαῖδης**, son of *Talaus*, i. e. Adrastus.

Ταλθύβιος, -ον, ὁ, *Talthybius*, herald of Agamemnon.

Ταμῶς, -ῶ, ὁ, *Tamos*, of Memphis in Egypt, governor of Ionia, and subsequently commander of the fleet of Cyrus.

Τάσχοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Tašchi*, a tribe in N. Armenia.

Τάρνη, -ης, ἡ, *Tarne*, a Mæonian town, site unknown.

Ταρσοί, -ῶν, οἱ, oftener **Ταρσός**, -οῦ, ἡ, *Tarsus*, on the Cydnus, the ancient capital of Cilicia, and later noted for commerce and learning, and as the birthplace of St. Paul.

Τάρφη, -ης, ἡ, *Tarphe*, an old town of Locris.

Τάφιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Taphians*, a race of seamen and pirates anciently inhabiting a group of small islands, lying between Acarnania and Leucas, the largest of which was *Táφος*.

Τελαμών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Telāmon*, son of *Æacus*, father of Ajax, and king of Salamis. (See τελαμών, p. 696.)

Τελαμώνιος, -α, -ον, *Telamonian*.

Τεμενίτης (Xen. *Anab.*, IV. 4. 15) for **Τημενίτης**, which see.

Τεμέση, -ης, ἡ, *Temēse*, probably a place in Cyprus, whither the Taphians went for copper.

Τένεδος, -ον, ἡ, *Tenēdus*, an island off the coast of Troas.

Τενθρηδών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Tenthredōn*, a chief in Magnesian Thessaly.

Τερψίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Terpsion*, of Megara, a pupil of Socrates.

Τευθρανία, -ας, ἡ, *Teuthrania*, a city and district in W. Mysia, about the river Caicus.

Τευθρανίδης, -ον, ὁ, son of *Teuthraï*, i. e. Axylus.

Τεύθρας — Τρτακίδης

Teuthras, -ας, ὁ, *Teuthras*, a Greek from Asia, slain at Troy.

Teutāmus, -ου, ὁ, son of *Teutāmus*, i. e. of Teuthras.

Telebōas, -ου, ὁ, the *Telebōas*, a river of Argolis tributary to the Euphrates. (See *τηλεβόας*, p. 707.)

Telēclus, -ου, ὁ, *Telēclus*, a king of Sparta.

Temenite, -ου, ὁ, a *Temenite*, belonging to the Argolis, at the upper end of the Peloponnese.

Tenus, -ου, ὁ, of *Tenus*, one of the Cyclades, N. E. of Andrus; οἱ *Τήνιοι*, the *Tenians*.

Terēa, -ας, ἡ, *Terēa*, a mountain in N. W. near Zalea.

Teres, -ας and -ου, ὁ, *Teres*, king of the Thracians, and father of Sitalces.

Tibarenī, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Tibarenī*, a people of the coast of the Euxine.

Tigris, -ου, ὁ, and *Tigrys*, -ιδος, ὁ, the *Tigris*, a river of Armenia, and, after uniting with the Euphrates, flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Tithorēa, -ας, ἡ, *Tithorēa*, one of the summits of the Taurus; also a fortress lower down the Taurus.

Timasion, -ωνος, ὁ, *Timasion*, a Dardanian, one of the generals who directed the retreat of Xerxes.

Timesitheus, -ου, ὁ, *Timesitheus*, a citizen of Athens.

Timodēmus, -ου, ὁ, *Timodēmus*, of Athens, an Athenian of the Periclean age.

Timon, -ωνος, ὁ, *Timon*, a citizen of Delphi.

Tiribāzus, -ας, ὁ, *Tiribāzus*, a Persian satrap.

Tiryns, -ου, ἡ, *Tiryns*, in Argolis, near the mouth of the Argolic Gulf, one of the oldest Greek cities, and celebrated for its massive ruins.

Tissaphernes, -ους, ὁ, *Tissaphernes*, a distinguished Persian satrap of Lydia.

Titānus, -ου, ὁ, *Titānus*, a mountain of Thessaly, on the junction of the Peneus and the Arcton. (See *Τίτανος*, p. 707.)

Tītaresius, -ου, ὁ, the *Tītaresius*, a river of Thessaly, and flowing into the Peneus.

Tlepolēmus, -ου, ὁ, *Tlepolēmus*, son of Heracles, one of the forces of Rhodes to Troy.

Tmolus, -ου, ὁ, *Tmolus*, a mountain range of the Taurus, south of Sardis.

Tolmides, -ου, ὁ, *Tolmides*, a herald in the army of Cyrus the younger.

Torone, -ας, -ου, of *Torone*, *Toronean*.

Torōne, -ας, ἡ, *Torōne*, a city of Macedonia, on the Thracian Gulf, on the S. W. coast of the Thracian Gulf.

Trallis, -ας, αἱ, *Trallis*, a wealthy city in the Lycian Taurus.

Τράνιψαι, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Tranipsai*, a Thracian tribe, northward from Byzantium.

Τραπεζοῦντιος, -ας, -ου, of *Trapezuntion*, a Thracian tribe, northward from Byzantium.

Τραπεζοῦντιοι, the *Trapezuntians*.

Τραπεζοῦς, -οὔτος, ὁ and ἡ, *Trapezus*, an important city on the coast of Pontus, near Trebizond.

Τρήχος, -ου, ὁ, *Trechus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Τρίκκη, -ας, ἡ, *Tricca*, an ancient city of Thessaly.

Τροίξην, -ήνος, ἡ, *Troezen*, in the extremity of Argolis, one of the oldest and most important Greek cities.

Τροίξηνιος, -ας, -ου, *Troezanian*.

Τυδείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Tydeus*, a hero of the Trojan War.

Τυριάειον, -ου, τό, *Tyriaeum*, a city of Phrygia, near the frontier of Lycia.

Τυρώ, -οὔς, ἡ, *Tyro*, daughter of Salmoneus, and wife of Cretheus.

Υ

Ύαμπεα, -ας, ἡ, *Hyampēa*, a locality on the E. of Delphi.

Ύαμπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Hyampolis*, a city of Phocis, near the borders of Locria.

Ύδαρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Hydarnes*, a general of the division of Xerxes' army called "the 1000 mortals."

Ύλη, -ας, ἡ, *Hyle*, a little town of Boeotia, on Lake Hylcia. (See *δλη*, p. 71.)

Ύλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Hyllus*, son of Heracles, whom the Spartan kings traced their lineage to.

Ύπείρων, -ονος, ὁ, *Hypirion*, a Thracian king.

Ύπερανδης, -ους, ὁ, *Hyperandēs*, a son of Darius I.

Ύπερεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hyperēa*, a town with the surrounding district, in Thessaly.

Ύπερησία, -ας, ἡ, *Hyperesia*, a city of Achaia, near the coast of the Corinthian Gulf, the home of the *Agēra*.

Ύποθῆβαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Hypothēbai*, a city of Boeotia, either the later Potniae, or the city north of Thebes, or Lower Thebes in distinction from the citadel.

Ύρεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hyria*, a Boeotian town near Aulis.

Ύρκανιος, -ας, -ου, of *Hyrcania*, a country bordering the Caspian Sea on the N. E.

Ύρκανιοι, the *Hyrcanians*.

Ύρμινη, -ας, ἡ, *Hyrmīne*, a town on the W. coast of Elis.

Ύρτακίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Hyrtacus*.

Ῥοιαί, -αι, *al*, *Hysia*, a town of Boeotia, at the N. foot of Mt. Cithaeron.

Ῥυσπας, -εος and -ου, *o*, *Hystaspes*, father of Xerxes.

Ῥυπηνός, -ος, *o*, *Hypsēnos*, a Trojan.

Φ

Φαιδρία, -ου, *o*, *Phædrias*, one of the Thirty Tyrants at Athens.

Φαίδων, -ος, *o*, *Phædon*, of Elis, a disciple of Socrates, and the founder of a school of philosophy.

Φαίδωνος, -ος, or Φαίδωνδας, -ου, *o*, *Phædonides* or *Phædonidas*, a friend of Socrates.

Φαινοπός, -ος, *o*, *Phænops*, son of Asius of Argos, a friend of Hector.

Φαίστος, -ου, *o*, *Phæstus*, of Tarne in Mæonia, an ally of the Trojans.

Φαίστος, -ου, *h*, *Phæstus*, a city near the S. coast of Greece.

Φαίλιος, -ου, *o*, *Phalinius*, a Greek of Zacynthus in the service of Tissaphernes.

Φαναγόρας, -ου, *o*, *Phanagōras*, of Carystus.

Φάρας, -ος, *o*, *Pharax*, a Spartan.

Φάρης, -ος, *h*, *Pharis*, an old city in central Asia.

Φαρνάβας, -ος, -ου, *o*, *Pharnabāzus*, a Persian officer, satrap of Bithynia.

Φασανίτης, -ου, *o*, the *Phasiāni*, dwelling near the river Phasis. (See Φάσις, p. 752.)

Φαιδипπιδης, -ος, -ου, *o*, *Phidippides*, an Athenian hero.

Φιδίππος, -ου, *o*, *Phidippus*, grandson of Pheidippides, a leader in the Trojan war of Greeks from N. E. and other islands S. W. of Caria.

Φιδών, -εος, *o*, *Phidon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Φινεύς, -ου, *o* and *h*, *Pheneus*, a town of N. Argolis.

Φεραιά, -αι, *al*, *Phera*, a town of E. Thessaly, near the port of Pagasæ on the Pagasæan Gulf.

Φερειός, -ου, *o*, *Phereclus*, said to have built the ship in which Paris carried off Helen.

Φηγεύς, -εος, *o*, *Phageus*, a Trojan warrior.

Φημίος, -ος, *o*, *Phemius*, a famous minstrel at Ithaca.

Φηρες, -ες, *al*, *Phere*, anciently the chief town of the Argive Messenian plain, on the coast of the Argæan Gulf. Also written Φηρά.

Φηγεύς, -εος, *o*, *Phageus*, a Trojan warrior.

Φημίος, -ος, *o*, *Phemius*, a famous minstrel at Ithaca.

perhaps the mount of *pine-cones*. (See Ἰλ. p. 756.)

Φθίηται, -ῶν, *ai*, the inhabitants of (or Φθιώτης) in S. Thessaly.

Ἀχαιοί, *ai*, the Achæans of Phthiētis, so called in distinction from the Achæans of the Peloponnese.

Φιλάων, -ωνος, or Φιλέων, -ωνος, *o*, brother of King Gorgus of Salamis in C.

Φιλήσιος, -ου, *o*, *Philesius*, one of the generals of the 10,000 Greeks on their return from Troy.

Φιλοκτήτης, -ου, *o*, *Philoctetes*, a Thracian chief, pupil of Hercules and a renowned warrior.

Φιλόλαος, -ου, *o*, *Philolaus*, a distinguished teacher of the Pythagorean philosophy, of Italy.

Φιλίσιος, -α, -ων, of *Phlius*, *Phliasia* or *Phlious*, *o*, *Phlius*, an inland city in N. E. Peloponnesus, whose territory was between Sicynia on the north and Argolis on the south.

Φοίνιξ, -ικος, *o*, the *Phœnix*, a tributary of the Asopus, 15 stadia from Thermopylae.

Φοινίξ, -ος, *o*, *Phoenix*, a city in the Peloponnese, pp. 764, 765.)

Φρασίτας, -ου, *o*, *Phrasias*, an Athenian general.

Φραταγούνη, -ης, *h*, *Phratagone*, a city in the Peloponnese.

Φρόνιος, -ου, *o*, *Phronius*, an Ithacan, a friend of Neömon.

Φρυγία, -ας, *h*, *Phrygia*, the region of the Minor inhabited by the *Phryges* (see Φρύγες).

In Homer this was about the Ascanian the W. of the later Bithynia, and on the S. of the Sangarius. The Phrygia of after times was distinguished into *Phrygia Major* and *Minor*, including Troas, with the coast of the Propontis.

Φρυγίσκος, -ου, *o*, *Phrygius*, an Athenian, with a command in the army of the Greeks.

Φυλακή, -ης, *h*, *Phylace*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, at the N. foot of Mt. Othrys.

Φυλακίδης, -ου, *o*, son of *Phylacus*, i. e. I.

Φύλακος, -ου, *o*, *Phylacus*; (1) the founder of Phylace; (2) a Trojan warrior, a Delphian hero.

Φυλείδης, -ου, *o*, son of *Phyleus*, i. e. I.

Φυλεύς, -εος, *o*, *Phyleus*, son of Augeas, king of Elis.

Φυλή, -ης, *h*, *Phyle*, an Attic deme, a suburb of Athens on the S. E. coast, commanding the pass between the Ilissus and the Cephissus.

Φύσκος, -ος, *o*, *Physcus*, a river flowing into the Tiber.

X

Χαιρέλεως, -ω, ὁ, *Chærelæus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χαίρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Chæron*, an Athenian pole-march.

Χαλκιδεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Chalcidian*, inhabiting Chalcis in Eubœa. (See *Χαλκίς*, p. 776.)

Χαλκίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Chalcis*; (1) the chief town of Eubœa, separated from the opposite shore of Bœotia by the Euripus, here only 40 yards wide; (2) a coast-town in S. Ætolia.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Chalcōdon*, i. e. Elephēnor.

Ἰλος, -ου, ὁ, the *Chalus*, a river of Syria.

αρικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Charicles*, one of the ty at Athens.

Χαρμάνδη, -ης, ἡ, *Charmande*, a city of Mesopotamia, on the Euphrates.

Χαρμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Charmīdes*, an Athenian, uncle to Plato.

Χαρμίνος, -ου, ὁ, *Charminus*, a Spartan officer serving under Thibron.

Χάρωπος, -ου, ὁ, *Charōpus*, chief of Syme. (See *χαροπός*, p. 773.)

Χαρίσσοφος, -ου, ὁ, *Chirisōphus*, a Spartan, successor to Clearchus in command of the 10,000 Greeks.

Χέρσις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chersis*, of Salamis in Cyprus.

Χρέμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Chremon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χρομῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Chromius*; (1) a son of Priam; (2) a son of Neleus; (3) a Lycian warrior.

Χρόμις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chromis*, a leader of the My-sians in alliance with Troy.

Χρύσα, poetic form *Χρύση*, -ης, ἡ, *Chrysa*, a city probably of Troas, but of unknown site.

Χρύσης, -ου, ὁ, *Chryses*, priest of Apollo at Chrysa, and father of Astynōme (*Chryseis*, *Χρυσήϊς*, p. 791.)

Χρυσόπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Chrysopolis*, the modern Scutari, a city of Bithvnia on the Bosporus, opposite Byzantium.

Ψ

Ψάρος, -ου, ὁ, the *Psarus*, a river of Cilicia. Also written *Σάρος*.

Ψυττάλας, -ας, ἡ, *Psytalæa*, a little island close to the E. cape of the island Salamis.

Ω

Ὠκαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Ocalæa*, an old city of Bœotia just S. of Lake Copais.

Ὠκυντος, -ου, ὁ, *Ocyltus*, a Corinthian.

Ὠλενία, -ας, ἡ, in Homer *πέτρῃ Ὠλενίῃ*, the *Olenian crag*, probably the summit of Mt. Scolis, in Elis on the border of Achaia.

Ὠλένος, -ου, ἡ, also ὁ, *Olenus*, an old town of S. Ætolia at the N. foot of Mt. Aracynthus.

Ὠπίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Opis*, a city of Assyria, at the junction of the Physcus and the Tigris.

Ὠρείθυια, -ας, ἡ, *Orithyia*, daughter of Erechtheus, carried off by Boreas.

Ὠψ, **Ὠπός**, ὁ, *Ops*, father of Ulysses' nurse, Euryclia.



